

SAR Test Report

Product Name	:	Wi-Fi Phone
Model No.	:	FX28, SS28, SS58

Applicant	:	Fi Win, Inc
Address	:	8F, NO.10, Prosperity Rd.1, Science Park, HsinChu,
		Taiwan 300

Date of Receipt	:	2006/03/30
Issued Date	:	2006/04/13
Report No.	:	064L030-HP-US-P09V01

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of QuieTek Corporation. SAR test report is for production unit.

Test Report Certification

Issued Date: 2006/04/13 Report No. :064L030-HP-US-P09V01



Product Name	: Wi-Fi Phone
Applicant	: Fi Win, Inc
Address	8F, NO.10, Prosperity Rd.1, Science Park, HsinChu, Taiwan 300
Manufacturer	: Fi Win, Inc
Model No.	: FX28, SS28, SS58
Applicable Standard	: FCC Oet65 Supplement C June 2001
	IEEE Std. 1528-2003
	47CFR § 2.1093
	RSS-102 Issue 2
Test Result	: Max. SAR Measurement (1g)
	Head 802.11b: 0.272 W/kg Body 802.11b: 0.141 W/kg
Application Type	Certification
The test results relate only The test report shall not be	v to the samples tested. e reproduced except in full without the written approval of QuieTek Corporation.
	. The second secon
Documented B	: Rita Huang
Documented By	y : <u>Rita Huang</u> (Rita Huang)
Documented By	y : <u>Rita Huang</u> (Rita Huang) : <u>Shine Hsu</u>
	(Rita Huang)
	(Rita Huang) : <u>Shine Hsu</u>
Tested By	(Rita Huang) : <u>Shine Hsu</u> (Shine Hsu)



TABLE OF CONTENTS

-	cription Pag	
1.	General Information	
	1.1 EUT Description	
•	1.2 Test Environment	4
2.	SAR Measurement System	
	2.1 ALSAS-10U System Description	
	2.1.1 Applications	
	2.1.2 Area Scans.	
	2.1.3 Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)	
	2.1.4 ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty	
	2.2 Isotropic E-Field Probe	
	2.2.1 Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification	
	2.3 Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device	
	2.4 Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)	
	2.5 Axis Articulated Robot	
	2.6 ALSAS Universal Workstation	
	2.7 Universal Device Positioner.	
	2.8 Phantom Types	
	2.8.1 APREL SAM Phantoms2.8.2 APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom	
3.	Tissue Simulating Liquid	
J.	3.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid	
	3.2 Tissue Calibration Result	
	3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms	
4.	SAR Measurement Procedure	
	4.1 SAR System Validation	
	4.1.1 Validation Dipoles	
	4.1.2 Validation Result	
	4.2 Arrangement Assessment Setup	
	4.2.1 Test Positions of Device Relative to Head	
	4.2.1.1 Definition of the "Cheek" Position	
	4.2.1.2 Definition of the "Tilted" Position	
	4.2.2 Test Positions for body-worn	
	4.3 SAR Measurement Procedure	
5.	SAR Exposure Limits	
6.	Test Equipment List	
7.	Measurement Uncertainty	21
8.	Test Results	
	8.1 SAR Test Results Summary	
	Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data	
	Appendix B. SAR measurement Data	24
	Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs	24
	Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data	24
	Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data	24



1. General Information

1.1 EUT Description

Product Name	Wi-Fi Phone
Model No.	FX28, SS28, SS58
FCC ID	Q5S-SS28
TX Frequency	2412MHz ~2462MHz
Type of Modulation	DSSS
Antenna Type	Internal
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Transfer Rate	802.11b: 11Mbps
Max. Output Power	802.11b: 21.83dBm
(Conducted)	

1.2 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.5
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55



2. SAR Measurement System

2.1 ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller.

ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies and FDTD odeling to provide aplatform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

2.1.1 Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR



maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

2.1.2 Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.



2.1.3 Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4 ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + {x'}^2 + {y'}^2} \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

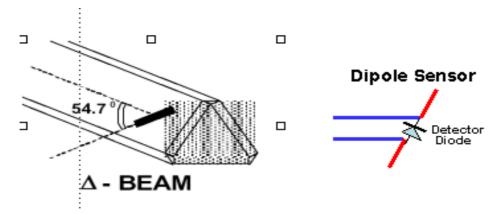
2.2 Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change. A number of methods is used for calibrating probes, and these are outlined in the table below:

Calibration Frequency	Air Calibration	Tissue Calibration	
2450MHz	Waveguide	Temperature	



The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$



2.2.1 Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Calibration in Air	Frequency Dependent	
	Below 2GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell	
	Above 2GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide	
Sensitivity	0.70 μV/(V/m) ² to 0.85 μV/(V/m) ²	
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100W/kg	
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.2dB	
Diode Compression point	Calibration for Specific Frequency	
(DCP)		
Probe Tip Radius	< 5mm	
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02mm)	
Probe Length	290mm	
Video Bandwidth	@ 500 Hz: 1dB	
	@1.02 KHz: 3dB	
Boundary Effect	Less than 2% for distance greater than 2.4mm	
Spatial Resolution	Diameter less than 5mm Compliant with Standards	

2.3 Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq



2.4 Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from 5μ V to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20mV to 200mV and 150mV to 800mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration
	algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

2.5 Axis Articulated Robot



ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.

Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS	
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis	
Positioning Repeatability	0.05mm	
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C	
Robot Reach	710mm	
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible	

QuieTek

2.6 ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

2.7 Universal Device Positioner

The universal device positioner allow complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.



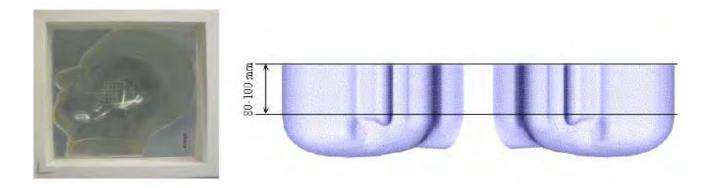
2.8 Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.



2.8.1 APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



2.8.2 APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software. The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.



The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of

handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

	2450MHz	2450MHz		
(% Weight)	Head	Body	-	-
Water	46.7	73.2	-	-
Salt	0.00	0.04	-	-
Sugar	0.00	0.00	-	-
HEC	0.00	0.00	-	-
Preventol	0.00	0.00	-	-
DGBE	53.3	26.7	-	-

3.2 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using APREL Dielectric Probe Kit and Anritsu MS4623B Vector Network Analyzer

Head Tissue	Simulant Measurem	nent		
Frequency	Description	Dielectric F	Parameters	Tissue Temp.
[MHz]	Description	ε _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]
	Reference result	39.2	1.8	N/A
2450MHz	± 5% window	37.24 to 41.16	1.71 to 1.89	IN/A
	12-Apr-06	38.16	1.847	21.1
2412 MHz	Low channel	38.50	1.863	21.1
2437 MHz	Mid channel	38.27	1.853	21.1
2462 MHz	High channel	38.06	1.842	21.1

Body Tissue	Simulant Measurem	nent			
Frequency	Dielectric Parameters			Tissue Temp.	
[MHz]	Description	ε _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]	
	Reference result	52.7	1.95	N/A	
2450MHz	± 5% window	50.065 to 55.335	1.8525 to 2.0475		
	12-Apr-06	51.28	1.988	21.1	
2412 MHz	Low channel	51.59	2.016	21.1	
2437 MHz	Mid channel	51.39	1.997	21.1	
2462 MHz	High channel	51.17	1.980	21.1	



3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency	Не	ad	Bo	dy
(MHz)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	٤r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

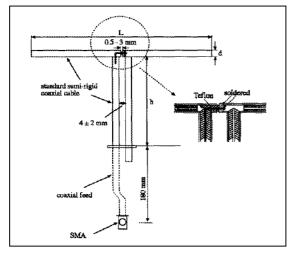
(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)



4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1 SAR System Validation

4.1.1 Validation Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	53.5	30.4	3.6

4.1.2 Validation Result

System Perfo	rmance Check at 24	450MHz		
Validation Kit	: ASL-D-2450-S-2			
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	52.4 49.78 to 55.02	24 22.8 to 25.2	N/A
	12-Apr-06	52.628	23.868	21.1
Note: All SAR	values are normalize	ed to 1W forward po	wer.	

4.2 Arrangement Assessment Setup

4.2.1 Test Positions of Device Relative to Head

This specifies exactly two test positions for the handset against the head phantom, the "cheek" position and the "tilted" position. The handset should be tested in both positions on the left and right sides of the SAM phantom. If the handset construction is such that it cannot be positioned using the handset positioning procedures described in 4.2.2.1 and 4.2.2.2 to represent normal use conditions (e.g., asymmetric handset), alternative alignment procedures should be considered with details provided in the test



report.

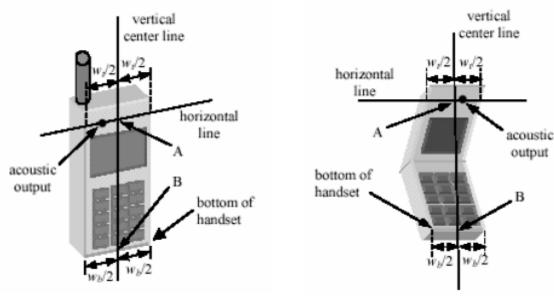
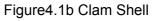


Figure 4.1a Fixed Case



4.2.1.1 Definition of the "Cheek" Position

The "cheek" position is defined as follows:

- a. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece, open the cover. (If the handset can also be used with the cover closed both configurations must be tested.)
- b. Define two imaginary lines on the handset: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width *wt* of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A on Figures 4.1a and 4.1b), and the midpoint of the width *wb* of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 4.1a). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 4.1b), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip pieces, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- c. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 4.2), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- d. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the handset touches the pinna.
- e. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the



vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).

- f. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- g. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna (cheek). See Figure 4.2 the physical angles of rotation should be noted.

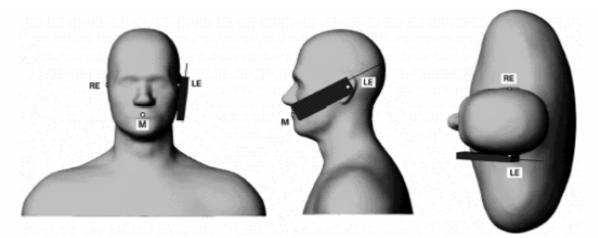


Figure 4.2 – Phone position 1, "cheek" or "touch" position.

4.2.1.2 Definition of the "Tilted" Position

The "tilted" position is defined as follows:

- a. Repeat steps (a) (g) of 4.2.1.1 to place the device in the "cheek position."
- b. While maintaining the orientation of the handset move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE in order to enable a rotation of the handset by 15 degrees.
- c. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
- d. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on a line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna (e.g., the antenna with the back of the phantom head), the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilted position is obtained if any part of the handset is in contact with the pinna as well as a second part of the handset is contact with the phantom (e.g., the antenna with the back of the head).



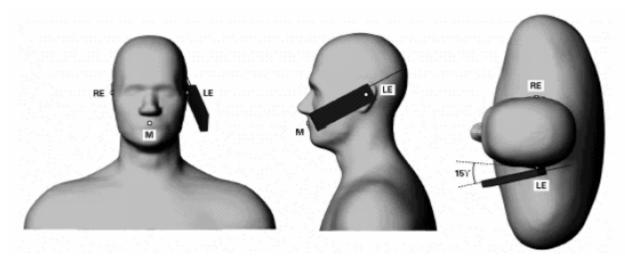


Figure 4.3 – Phone position 2, "tilted" position.

4.2.2 Test Positions for body-worn

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distance may be use, but not exceed 2.5 cm.

4.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

The ALSAS-10U calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |\mathbf{E}|^2}{\rho}$$

 $\boldsymbol{\sigma}\!\!:$ represents the simulated tissue conductivity

 $\boldsymbol{\rho}:$ represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined



area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm^2) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm^3).

5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)



6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Calibration
Data Acquisition Package	Aprel	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-2	QTK-337	Mar. 2006
Aprel Laboratories Probe	Aprel	ALS-E020	264	Mar. 2006
Aprel Reference Dipole 2450Mhz	Aprel	ALS-D-2450-S-2	QTK-319	Jun. 2004
Boundary Detection Sensor System	Aprel	ALS-PMDPS-2	QTK-336	N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	Aprel	ALS-PR-DIEL	QTK-296	N/A
Universal Work Station	Aprel	ALS-UWS	QTK-326	N/A
Device Holder 2.0	Aprel	ALS-H-E-SET-2	QTK-294	N/A
Left Ear SAM Phantom	Aprel	ALS-P-SAM-L	QTK-292	N/A
Right Ear SAM Phantom	Aprel	ALS-P-SAM-R	QTK-288	N/A
Universal Phantom	Aprel	ALS-P-UP-1	QTK-246	N/A
Aprel Dipole Spacer	Aprel	ALS-DS-U	QTK-295	N/A
SAR Software	Aprel	ALSAS-10	Ver. 2.2.0	N/A
CRS C500C Controller	Thermo	ALS-C500	RCF0404433	N/A
CRF F3 Robot	Thermo	ALS-F3	RAF0412222	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-42	D051404-20	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50550	N/A
Universal Radio	Rohde &	CMU 200	104846	Mar. 2006
Communication Tester	Schwarz			
Radio Communication	Anritsu	MT8820A	6200323183	Jun. 2005
Analyzer				
Vector Network	Anritsu	MS4623B	992801	Mar 2006
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3692A	042319	Jun. 2005
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00001447	Jan. 2006
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2491	030677	Jan. 2006



7. Measurement Uncertainty

Exposure Assessment Measurement Uncertainty

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c,` (1-g)	ci (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
Measurement System							
measurement system							
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	√3	(1- cp) ^{1/2}	(1- cp) ^{1/2}	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	√3	√cp	√cp	4.4	4.4
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition	3.0	rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech.	0.4	rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2
Restriction							
Probe Positioning			6			1.7	1.7
with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	ЛЗ	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and	3.7	rectangular	√3	1	1	2.1	2.1
Integration		recoungatur	v -	-	-		
Test Sample Positioning	4.0	normal	1	1	1	4.0	4.D
Device Holder	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Uncertainty	2.0	normai	1	1	+	2.0	2.0
Drift of Output	4.7	rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Power							
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty(shape & thickness tolerance)	3.4	rectangular	√3	1	1	2.0	2.0
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	√3	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	0.1	normal	1	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	2.0	rectangular	ЛЗ	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.6
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	2.6	normal	1	0.6	0.5	1.6	1.3
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.6	9.5
Combined Uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				19.3	18.9



8. Test Results

8.1 SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEAS	UREMENT					
Ambient Tem	perature (°C)	: 21.5 ±2		Relative Humidity (%): 55		
Liquid Tempe	erature (°C) : 2	20.1 ±2		Depth of Liqu	uid (cm):>15	
Product: Wi-F	i Phone					
Test Mode: 80	02.11b			1 1		
Test Position	Antenna	Frequ	uency	Conducted Power	SAR 1g	Limit
Head	Position	Channel	MHz	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Right-Cheek	Internal	1	2412	21.82	0.199	1.6
Right-Cheek	Internal	6	2437	21.83	0.172	1.6
Right-Cheek	Internal	11	2462	20.28	0.14	1.6
Left-Cheek	Internal	1	2412	21.82	0.272	1.6
Left-Cheek	Internal	6	2412	21.83	0.221	1.6
Left-Cheek	Internal	11	2462	20.28	0.17	1.6
Right-Tilted	Internal	1	2412	21.82	0.204	1.6
Right-Tilted	Internal	6	2437	21.83	0.153	1.6
Right-Tilted	Internal	11	2462	20.28	0.129	1.6
Left-Tilted	Internal	1	2412	21.82	0.319	1.6
Left-Tilted	Internal	6	2437	21.83	0.166	1.6
Left-Tilted	Internal	11	2462	20.28	0.134	1.6

Note: The EUT test position is touch & tilted 15 degrees.

The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower than SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is option.

SAR MEAS	UREMENT					
Ambient Temperature (°C) :21.5 ±2 Relative Humidity					nidity (%): 55	
Liquid Tempe	erature (°C) : 2	20.1 ±2		Depth of Liqu	ıid (cm):>15	
Product: Wi-F	-i Phone					
Test Mode: 8	02.11b EUT F	ront				
Test Position	Antenna	Frequ	lency	Conducted Power	SAR 1g	Limit
Body	Position	Channel	MHz	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Body-wore	Internal	1	2412	21.82	0.087	1.6
Body-wore	Internal	6	2437	21.83	0.078	1.6
Body-wore	Internal	11	2462	20.28	0.072	1.6
Test Mode: 8	02.11b EUT E	Back				
Body-wore	Internal	6	2437	21.83	0.072	1.6

The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower than SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is option.



- Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data
- Appendix B. SAR measurement Data
- Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs
- Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data
- Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data



SAR System Validation Data

ALSAS-10U VER 2.3.0APREL Laboratories

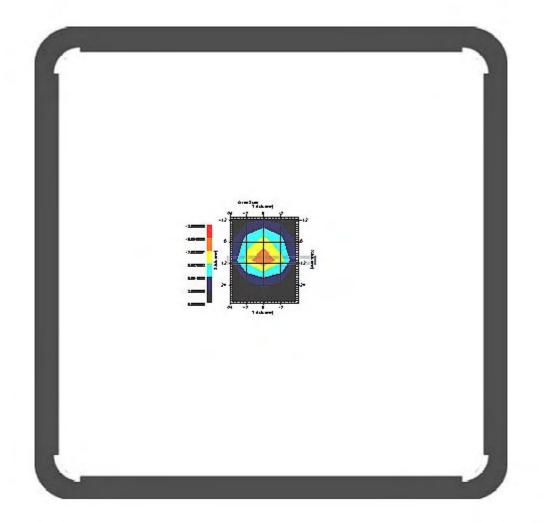
SAR Test Report

Validation Date : 12-Apr-2006 Measurement Date : 12-Apr-2006 Product Data : Dipole-2450 Device Name Type : Dipole Frequency : 2450.00 MHz Max. Transmit Pwr : 0.25 W Drift Time : 0 min(s) Length : 51.5 mm
 Width
 : 3.6 mm

 Depth
 : 30.4 mm
 Power Drift-Start : 11.196 W/kg Power Drift-Finish: 11.430 W/kg Power Drift (%) : 2.094 Phantom Data Name Type : APREL-Uni : Uni-Phantom TypeSize (mm): 280 x 280 x 200Location: Center Tissue Data Type : HEAD Serial No. : 325-H Frequency : 2450.00 MHz Last Calib. Date : 12-Apr-2006 Last callb. Date12-Apr-2006Temperature: 21.10 °CAmbient Temp.: 21.50 °CHumidity: 55.00 RH%Epsilon: 38.16 F/mSigma: 1.847 S/mDensity: 1000.00 kg/cu. m Probe Data Name : Probe 264 Model : E020 Model Type Type : E-Field Triangle Serial No. : 264 Last Calib. Date : 21-Mar-2006 Frequency : 2450.00 MHz Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 5 Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ Compression Point: 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm



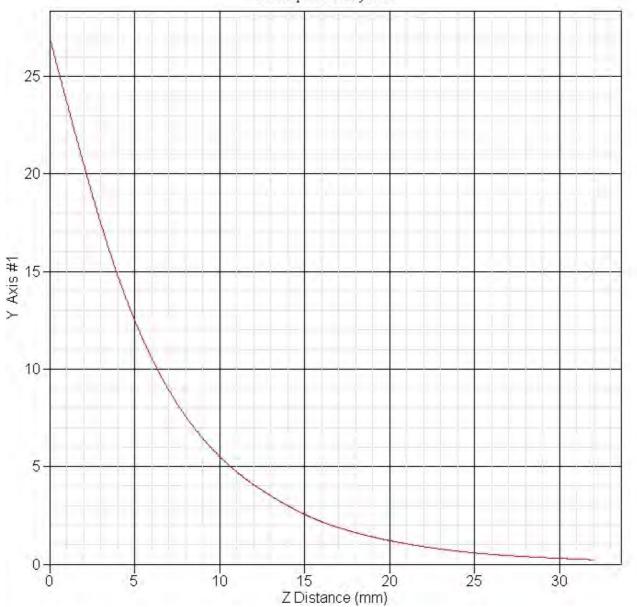
Measurement Data	a	
Crest Factor	:	1
Tissue Temp.	:	21.10 °C
Ambient Temp.	:	21.50 °C
Area Scan	:	5x5x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan	:	7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Frequency	:	2450



1 gram SAR value : 13.157 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 5.967 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 15.007 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 27.023 W/kg

Page: 2 of 3





SAR-Z Axis at Hotspot x:10.20 y:-2.00



SAR 2.45GHz Measurement Data

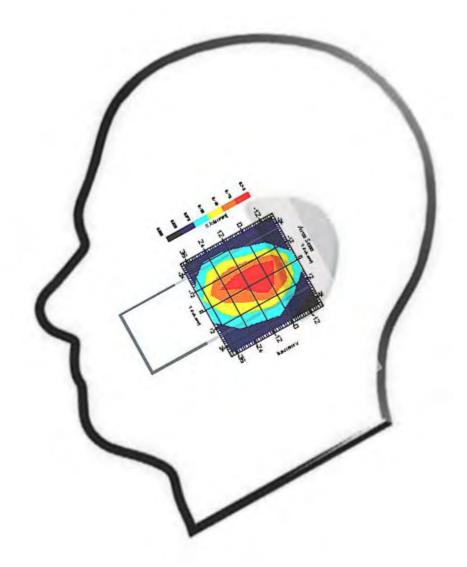
ALSAS-10U VER 2.3.0APREL Laboratories

SAR Test Report

Vaildation Date : 12-Apr-2006 Measurement Date : 12-Apr-2006 Product Data Device Name : Fi Win Device NameIII NIIIType: Std Form Cell PModel: FX28,SS28,SS58Frequency: 2450.00 MHzDrift Time: 0 min(s)Length: 108 mmWidth: 42 mmDepth: 18.7 mmAntenna Type: Internal : Std Form Cell Phone Phantom Data Type : SAM-Right Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 280 Location : Right Tissue Data Type : HEAD Serial No. : 325-H Frequency : 2450.00 MHz Last Calib. Date : 12-Apr-2006 Last callb. Date12-Apr-2Temperature: 21.10 °CAmbient Temp.: 21.50 °CHumidity: 55.00 RH%Epsilon: 38.16 F/mSigma: 1.847 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m Density Probe Data Name : Probe 264 Model : E020 Model Type Type : E-Field Triangle Serial No. : 264 Last Calib. Date : 21-Mar-2006 Frequency : 2450.00 MHz Duty Cycle Factor: 1 Conversion Factor: 5 Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ Compression Point: 95.00 mV Offset : 1.56 mm



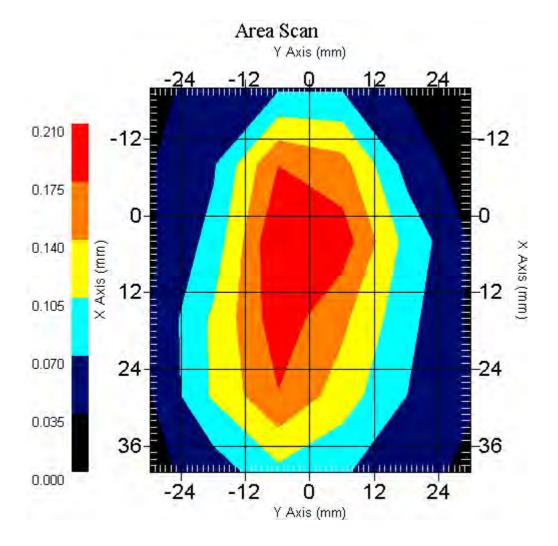
Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Tissue Temp. : 21.10 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.50 °C
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.230 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish: 0.232 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 0.967
Channel : 1 (Cheek)



1 gram SAR value : 0.199 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.104 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.210 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.400 W/kg

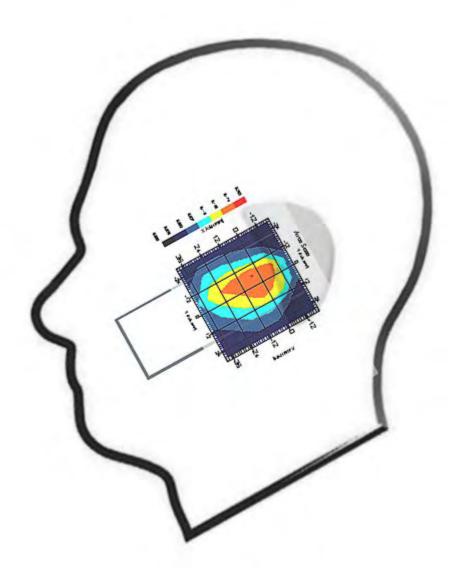


This is previous page plot (zoom in)



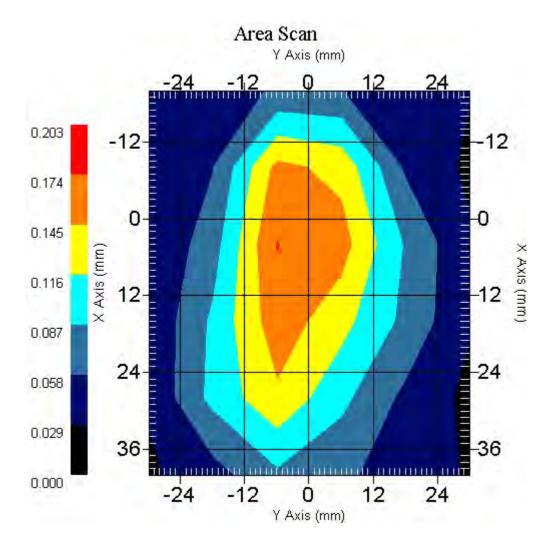


Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Tissue Temp. : 21.10 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.50 °C
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.206 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish: 0.201 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -2.178
Channel : 6 (Cheek)



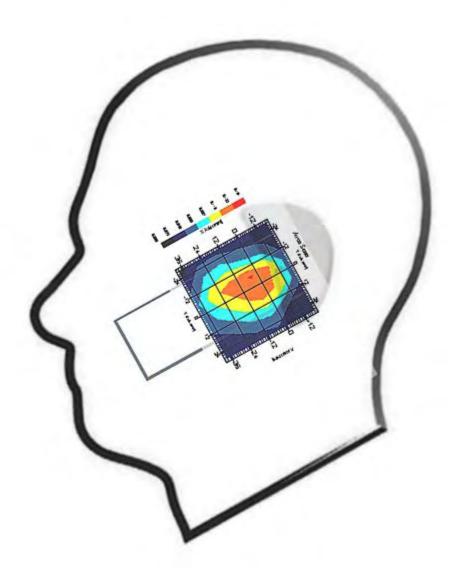
1 gram SAR value : 0.172 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.091 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.175 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.340 W/kg This is previous page plot (zoom in)

QuieTek





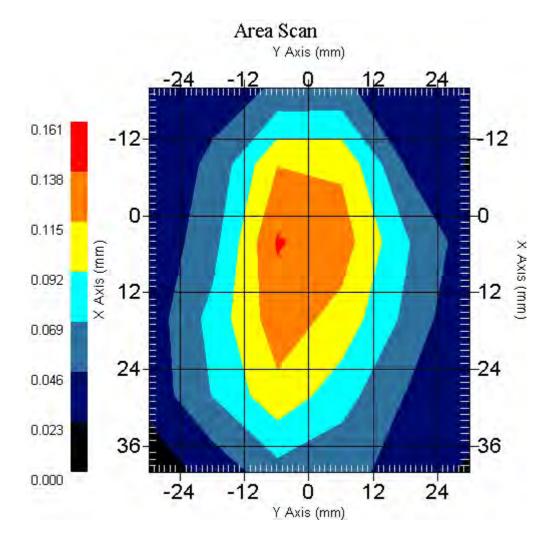
Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Tissue Temp. : 21.10 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.50 °C
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.148 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish: 0.152 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 2.755
Channel : 11(Cheek)



1 gram SAR value	:	0.140 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	:	0.076 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	:	0.140 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	:	0.280 W/kg

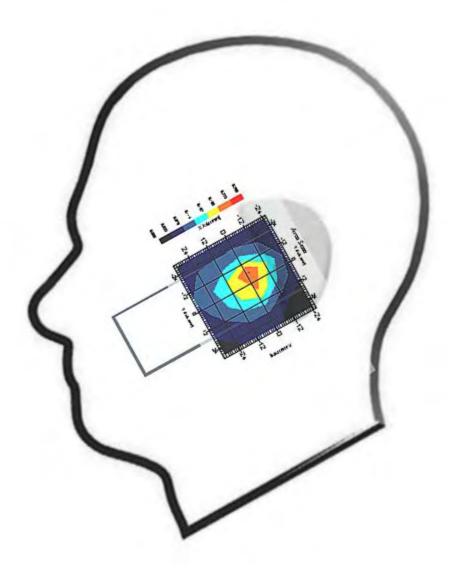


This is previous page plot (zoom in)





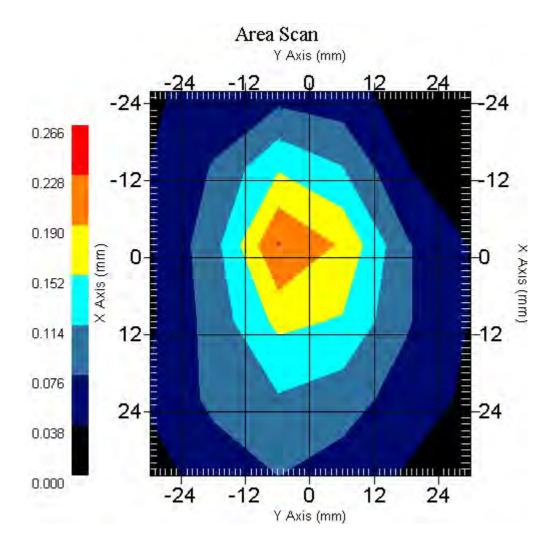
Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Tissue Temp. : 21.10 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.50 °C
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.220 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish: 0.217 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -1.284
Channel : 1 (Tilted)



1 gram SAR value : 0.204 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.107 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.230 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.410 W/kg

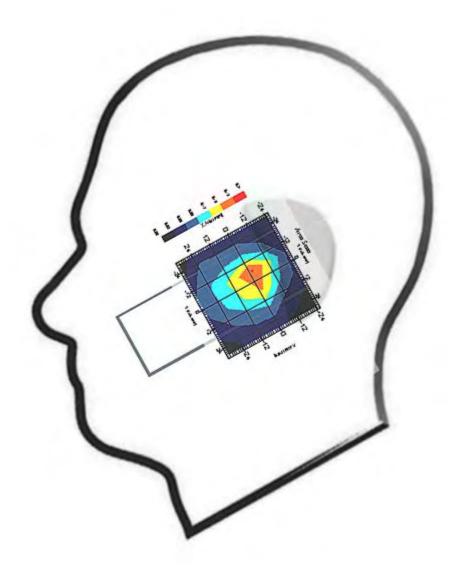


This is previous page plot (zoom in)



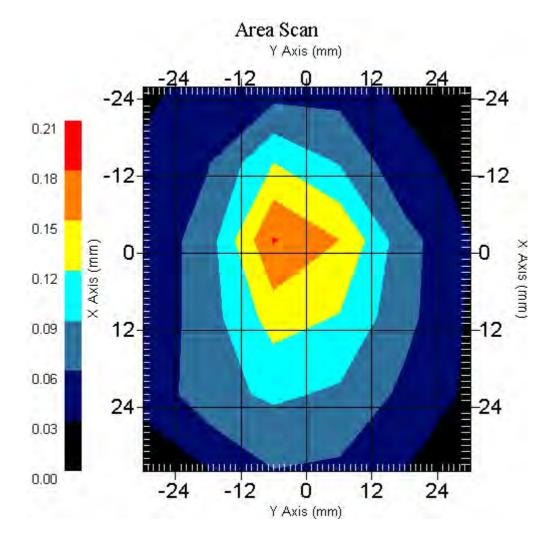


Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Tissue Temp. : 21.10 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.50 °C
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4m
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.173 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish: 0.174 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 1.043
Channel : 6 (Tilted)



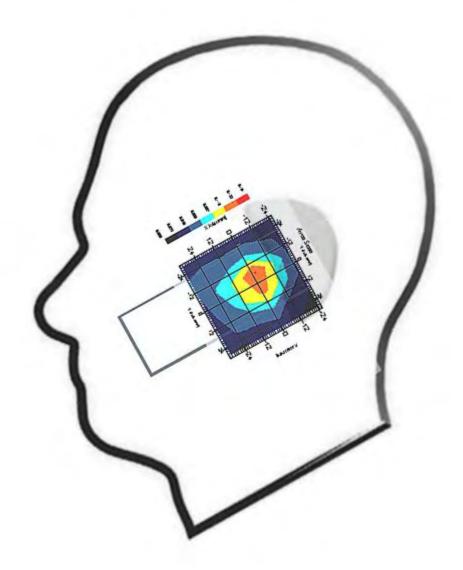
1 gram SAR value : 0.153 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.086 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.182 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.280 W/kg





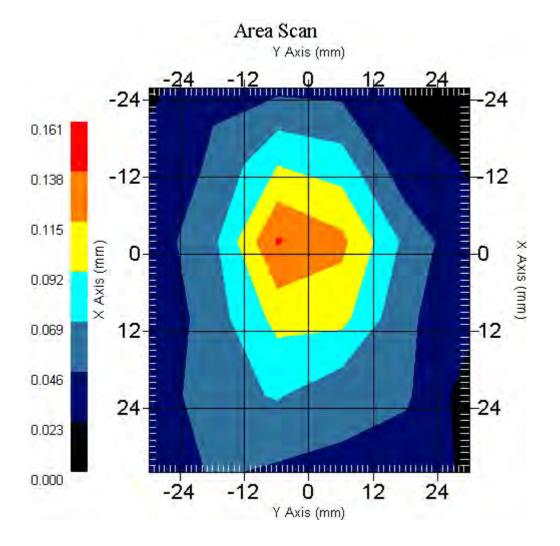


m
J



1 gram SAR value : 0.129 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.073 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.140 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.220 W/kg





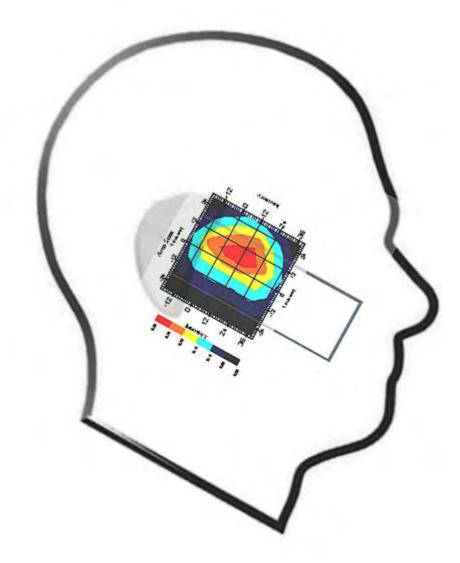
ALSAS-10U VER 2.3.0 APREL Laboratories

SAR Test Report

```
Validation Date : 12-Apr-2006
Measurement Date : 12-Apr-2006
Product Data
Device Name : Fi Win
Type
Model
                     : Std Form Cell Phone
Model : FX28, SS28,SS58
Frequency : 2450.00 MHz
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time : 0 min(s)
Length : 108 mm
Length : 108 mm
Width : 42 mm
Depth : 18.7 mm
Antenna Type : Internal
Phantom Data
Type : SAM-Left
Size (mm) : 280 x 280 x 280
Location : Left
Tissue Data
Type: HEADSerial No.: 325-HFrequency: 2450.00 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 12-Apr-2006
Lust curls. bate12 Apr 2000Temperature: 21.10 °CAmbient Temp.: 21.50 °CHumidity: 55.00 RH%Epsilon: 38.16 F/mSigma: 1.847 S/mDensity: 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data
Name : Probe 264
Model : E020
Model : E020
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 264
Last Calib. Date : 21-Mar-2006
Frequency : 2450.00 MHz
Duty Cycle Factor: 1
Conversion Factor: 5
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 \mu V/(V/m)^{2}
Compression Point: 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm
```

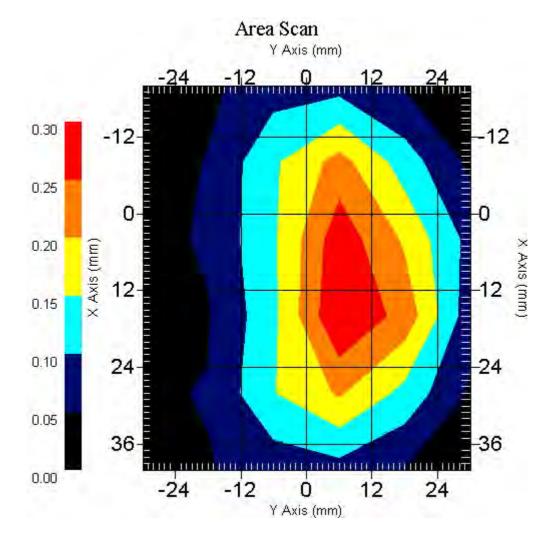


Measurement Data	a
Crest Factor	: 1
Tissue Temp.	: 21.10 °C
Ambient Temp.	: 21.50 °C
Area Scan	: 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan	: 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Star	rt : 0.204 W/kg
Power Drift-Fini	lsh: 0.210 W/kg
Power Drift (%)	: 2.882
Channel	: 1 (Cheek)



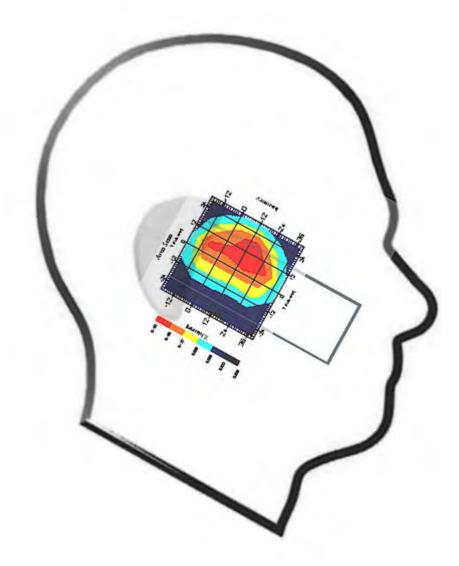
1 gram SAR value : 0.272 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.141 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.298 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.540 W/kg





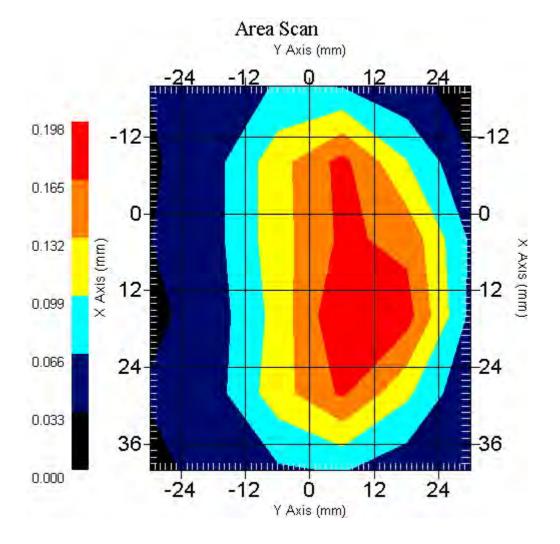


Measurement Data	
Crest Factor : 1	
Tissue Temp. : 21.10 °C	
Ambient Temp. : 21.50 °C	
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4mm	m
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm	
Power Drift-Start : 0.172 W/kg	
Power Drift-Finish: 0.177 W/kg	
Power Drift (%) : 3.094	
Channel : 6(Cheek)	



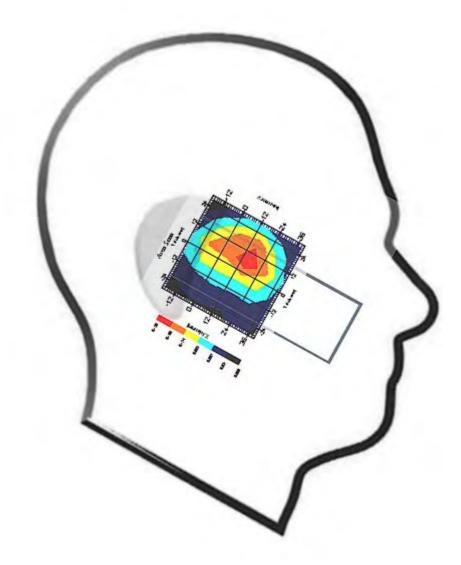
1 gram SAR value : 0.221 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.116 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.196 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.430 W/kg





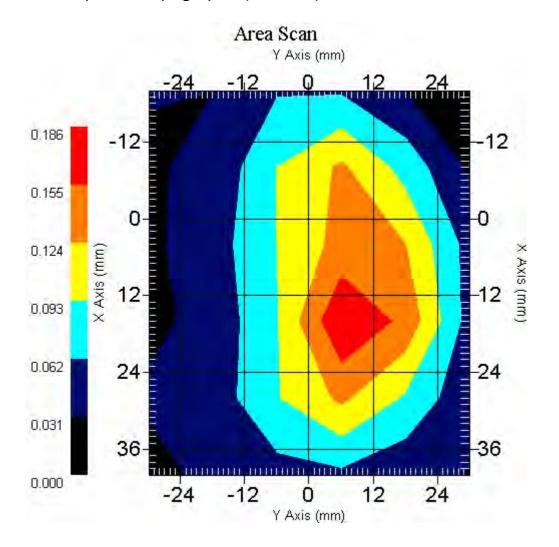


Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Tissue Temp. : 21.10 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.50 °C
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.130 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish: 0.131 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 0.743
Channel : 11 (Cheek)



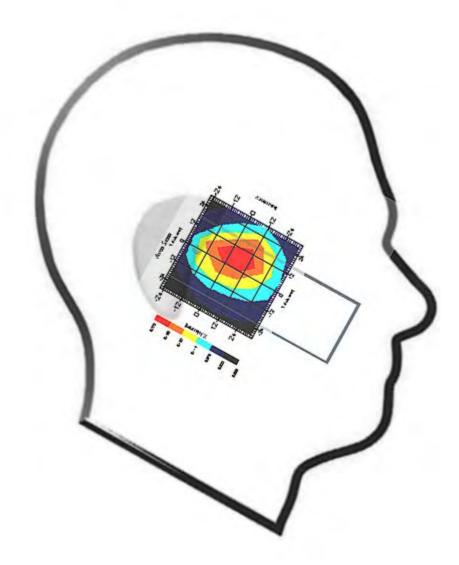
1 gram SAR value : 0.170 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.094 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.184 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.320 W/kg

QuieTek



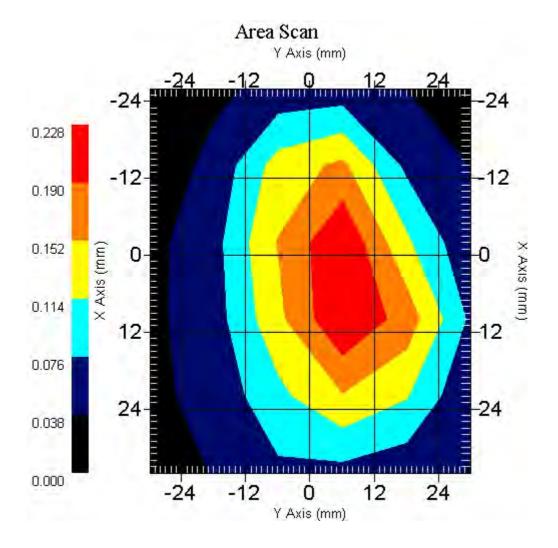


Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Tissue Temp. : 21.10 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.50 °C
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.196 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish: 0.205 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 4.308
Channel : 1 (Tilted)



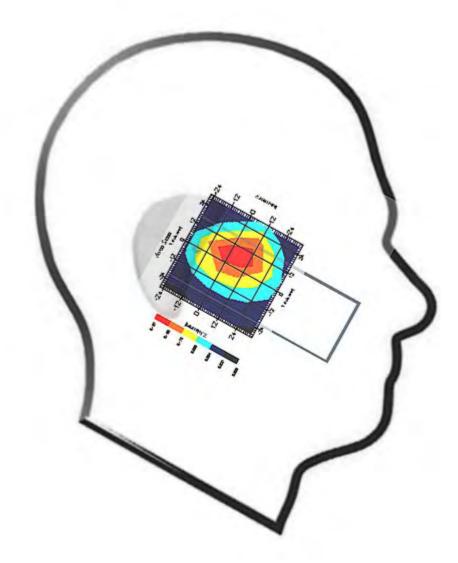
1 gram SAR value : 0.219 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.122 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.227 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.400 W/kg





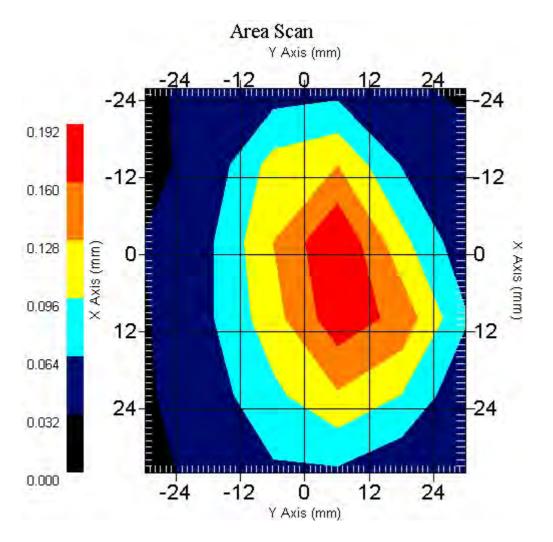


Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Tissue Temp. : 21.10 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.50 °C
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.151 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish: 0.156 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 3.784
Channel : 6 (Tilted)

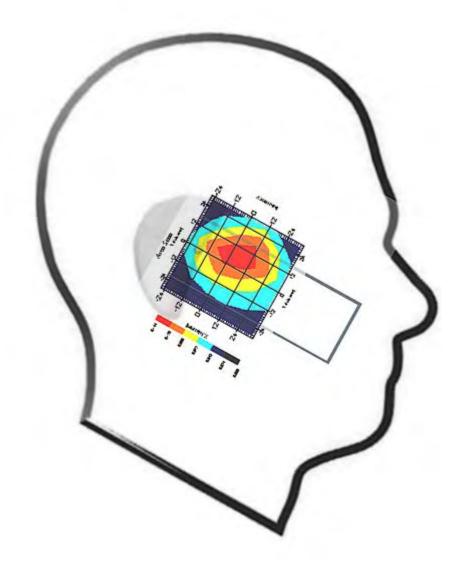


1 gram SAR value : 0.166 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.095 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.192 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.290 W/kg

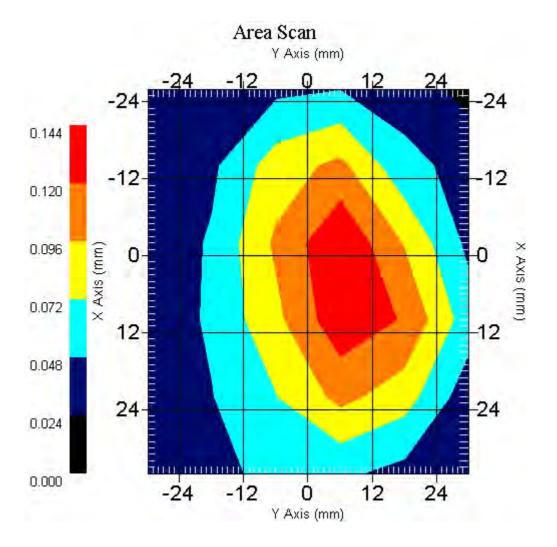
QuieTek







1 gram SAR value : 0.134 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.077 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.142 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.240 W/kg QuieTek





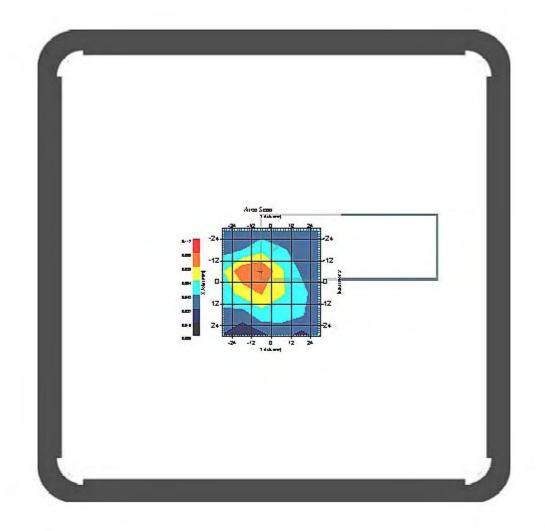
ALSAS-10U VER 2.3.0APREL Laboratories

SAR Test Report

```
Validation Date : 12-Apr-2006
Measurement Date : 12-Apr-2006
Product Data
Device Name : Fi Win
Type: Std Form Cell PlModel: FX28, SS28,SS58Frequency: 2450.00 MHz
                     : Std Form Cell Phone
Type
Max. Transmit Pwr : 1 W
Drift Time<th::0</th>Length<td:108</td>Width<td:42</td>Depth<td:18.7</td>Antenna Type<td:Internal</td>
Phantom Data
Type
                  : Uni-Phantom
TypeOnl-PhantomSize (mm): 280 x 280 x 200Location: Center
Tissue Data
Type : BODY
Serial No. : 325-B
Frequency : 2450.00 MHz
Last Calib. Date : 12-Apr-2006
Last callb. Date12-Apr-2Temperature: 21.10 °CAmbient Temp.: 21.50 °CHumidity: 55.00 RH%Epsilon: 51.28 F/mSigma: 1.988 S/m
                : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Density
Probe Data
        : Probe 264
: E020
Name
Model
Type
Type : E-Field Triangle
Serial No. : 264
Last Calib. Date : 21-Mar-2006
Frequency : 2450.00 MHz
Duty Cycle Factor: 1
Conversion Factor: 5.2
Probe Sensitivity: 1.20 1.20 1.20 \mu V/(V/m)^{2}
Compression Point: 95.00 mV
Offset : 1.56 mm
```

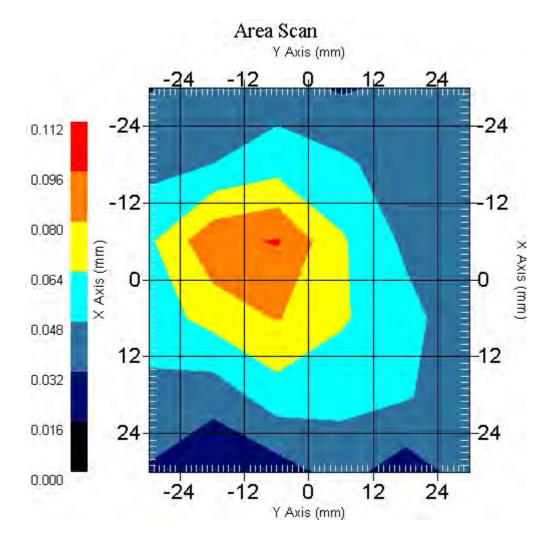


Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Tissue Temp. : 21.10 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.50 °C
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.082 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish: 0.084 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : 2.481
Channel : 1 (Front)



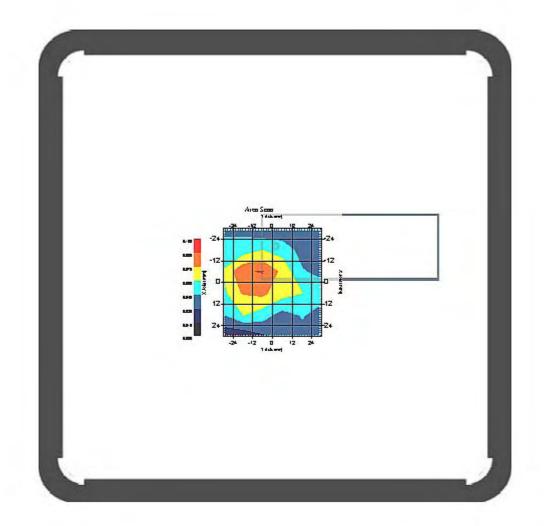
1 gram SA	R value	:	0.087	W/kg
10 gram S	AR value	:	0.057	W/kg
Area Scan	Peak SAR	:	0.097	W/kg
Zoom Scan	Peak SAR	:	0.140	W/kg







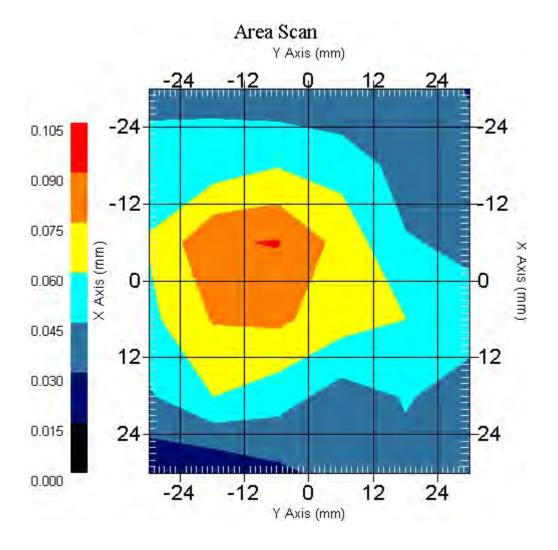
Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Tissue Temp. : 21.10 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.50 °C
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.078 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish: 0.076 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -2.573
Channel : 6 (Front)



1 gram SAR value	:	0.078 W/kg	
10 gram SAR value	:	0.052 W/kg	ſ
Area Scan Peak SAR	:	0.091 W/kg	3
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	:	0.120 W/kg	3

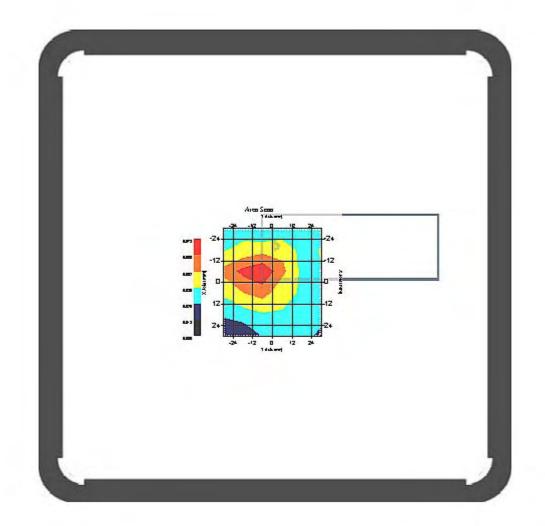
Page: 30 of 37





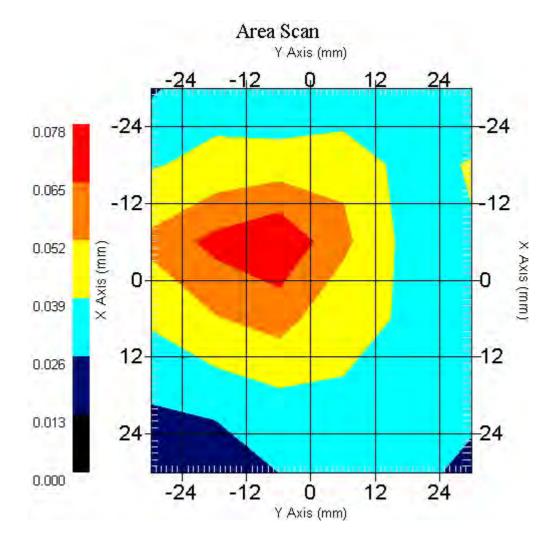


Measurement Data	
Crest Factor : 1	
Tissue Temp. : 21.10 °C	
Ambient Temp. : 21.50 °C	
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4m	m
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm	
Power Drift-Start : 0.060 W/kg	
Power Drift-Finish: 0.060 W/kg	
Power Drift (%) : -1.209	
Channel : 11 (Front)	



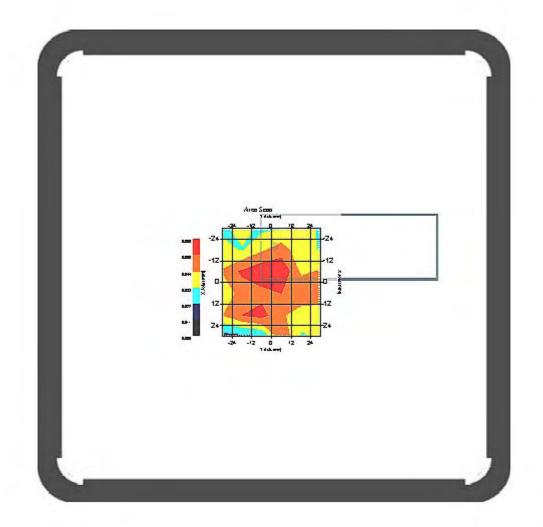
1 gram SAR value : 0.072 W/kg 10 gram SAR value : 0.048 W/kg Area Scan Peak SAR : 0.077 W/kg Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 0.090 W/kg

QuieTek





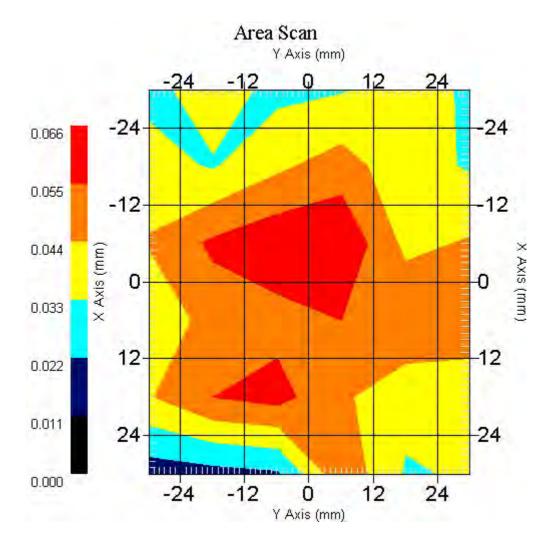
Measurement Data
Crest Factor : 1
Tissue Temp. : 21.10 °C
Ambient Temp. : 21.50 °C
Area Scan : 6x6x1 : Measurement x=12mm, y=12mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start : 0.061 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish: 0.061 W/kg
Power Drift (%) : -1.273
Channel : 6 (Back)



1 gram SAR value	:	0.042	W/kg
10 gram SAR value	:	0.042	W/kg
Area Scan Peak SA	R :	0.065	W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SA	R :	0.060	W/kg

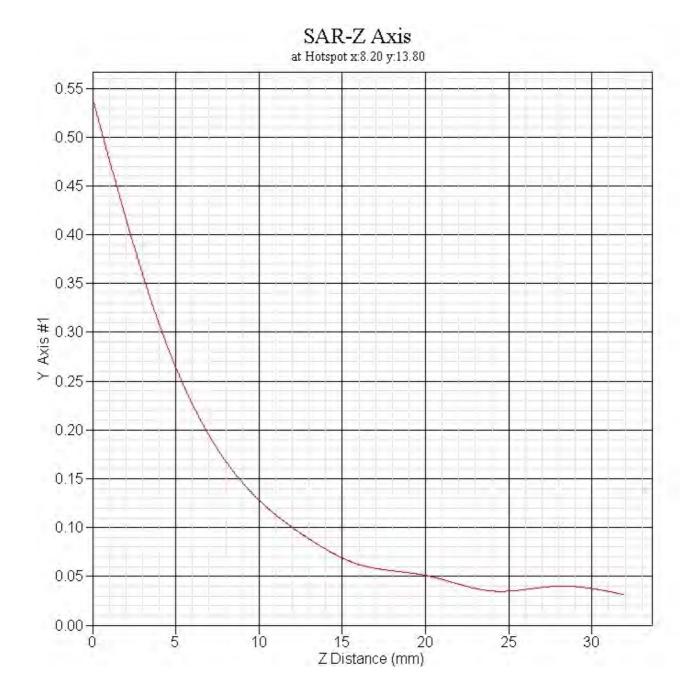
Page: 34 of 37







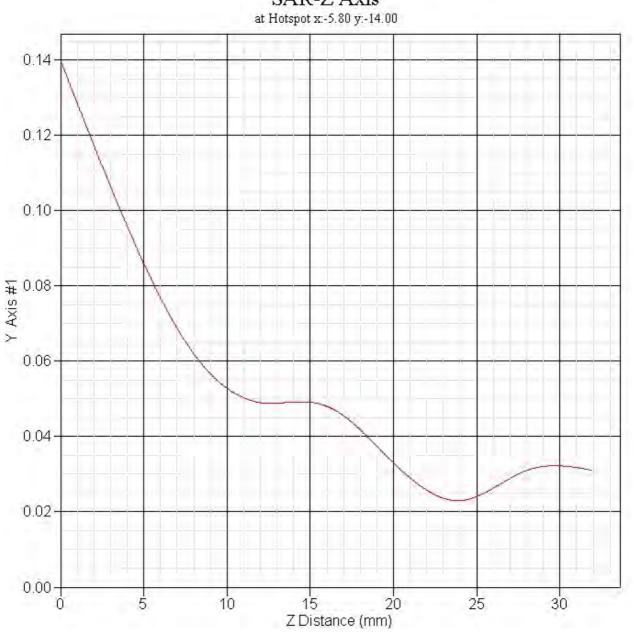
EUT 802.11b SAR test Z-Axis plot (Left Head, Cheek, Channel 1)



Page: 36 of 37



EUT 802.11b SAR test Z-Axis plot (Body, Channel 11)

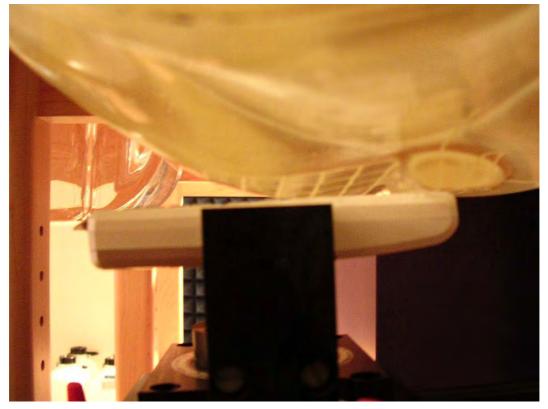


SAR-Z Axis

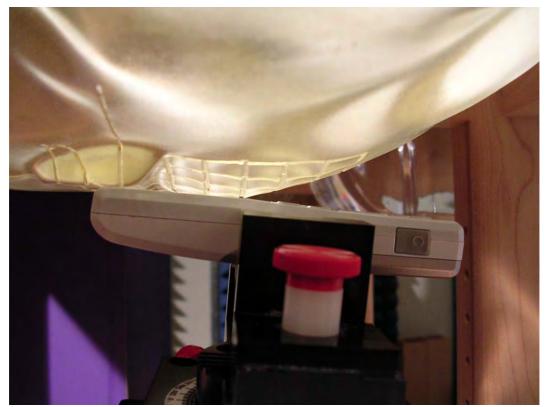


Test Setup Photographs

Right Head (EUT Cheek)



Left Head (EUT Cheek)



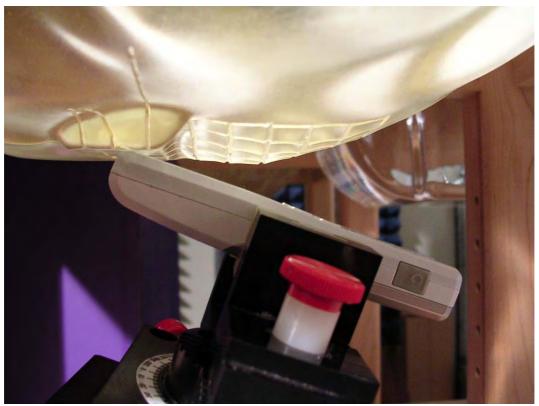
Page: 1 of 4



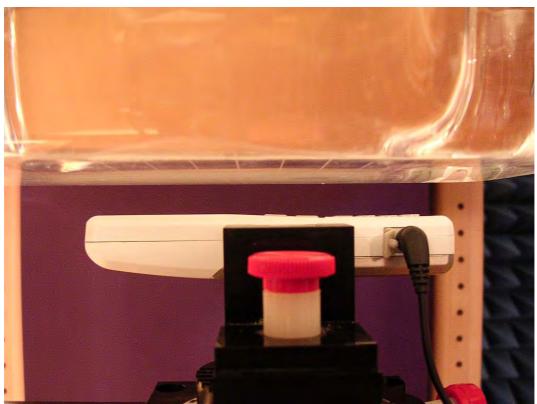
Right Head (EUT Tilted)



Left Head (EUT Tilted)





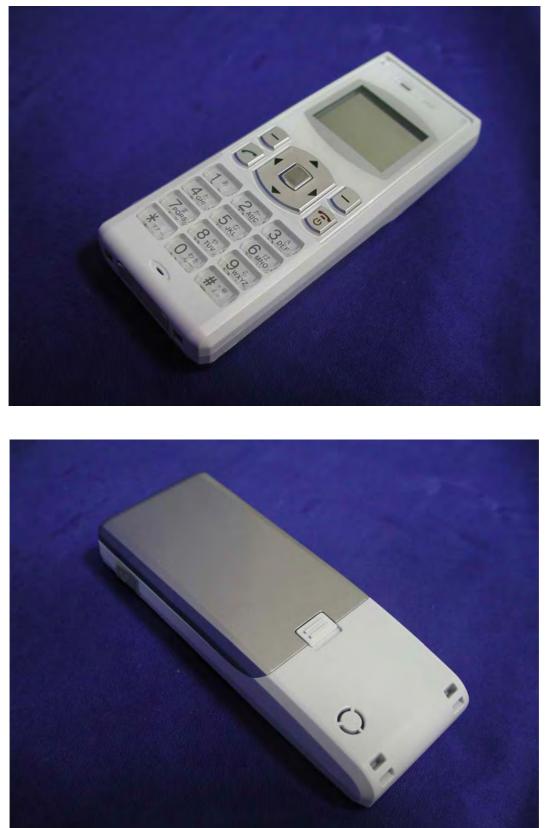


Body worn bottom (EUT Front) distance 15mm

Note: The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528-2003.



EUT Photographs





Appendix - Probe Calibration

Miniature Isotropic RF Probe M/N: ALS-E-020 S/N: 264

2450MHz Head Calibration page 2~11 2450MHz Body Calibration page 12~21



NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: CP-634

Client: QUIETEK

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe 2450 MHz

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Model No.: ALS-E-020 Serial No.: 264

HEAD Calibration

Calibration Procedure: SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 Project No: QUIB-Probe-Cal-5210

Calibrated: 21st March 2006 Released on: 21st March 2006

his Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unloss Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summa	his Calibration	Certificate is	Incomplete	Unlass	Ascompanied	with the	Calibration	Results Summa
---	-----------------	----------------	------------	--------	-------------	----------	-------------	---------------

Released By:

CALIBRATION LABORATORIES ECTRUM WAY NEDEAN ONTARY

1510

CANADA K2R

Division of APREL Lab TEL (613) 820-4988 FAOC (613) 820-4161

Temperature of the Tissue:

21 °C +/- 0.5°C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this prohe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained



NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure. The results contained within this report are for APREL E-Field Probe E-020 264.

References

SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques" SSI-TP-011 Tissue Calibration Procedure

Conditions

Probe 264 was a new probe taken from stock prior to calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 0.5°C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this probe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

Yi Pan

Page 2 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

QuieTek

NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.	
Calibration Results Summary	
Probe Type:	E-Field Probe E-020
Serial Number:	264
Frequency:	2450 MHz
Sensor Offset:	1.56 mm
Sensor Length:	2.5 mm
Tip Enclosure:	Ertalyte*
Tip Diameter:	<5 mm
Tip Length:	60 mm
Total Length:	290 mm
*Resistive to recommended tissue re	cipes per IEEE-1528
Sensitivity in Air	
Channel X: Channel Y: Channel Z:	1.2 μV/(V/m) ² 1.2 μV/(V/m) ² 1.2 μV/(V/m) ²
Diode Compression Point:	95 mV
Page 3 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attes	ted to on Page 2 of this document
the page not real to reave its content and alle	non to out a uge 2 of mills document.

Division of APR	EL Laboratories.		
Sensitivity	in Head Tissue		
Frequency	r:	2450 MHz	
Epsilon:	39.2 (+/-5%)	Sigma:	1.80 S/m (+/-5%)
ConvF			
Channel X:	5.0		
Channel Y:	5.0		
Channel Z:	5.0		

Boundary Effect:

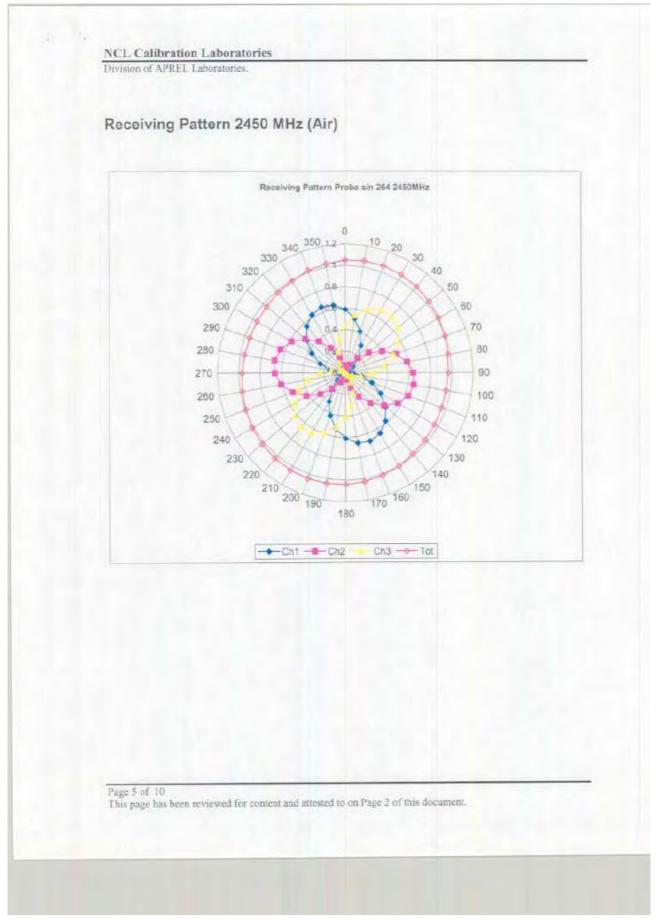
Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 2,44mm.

Spatial Resolution:

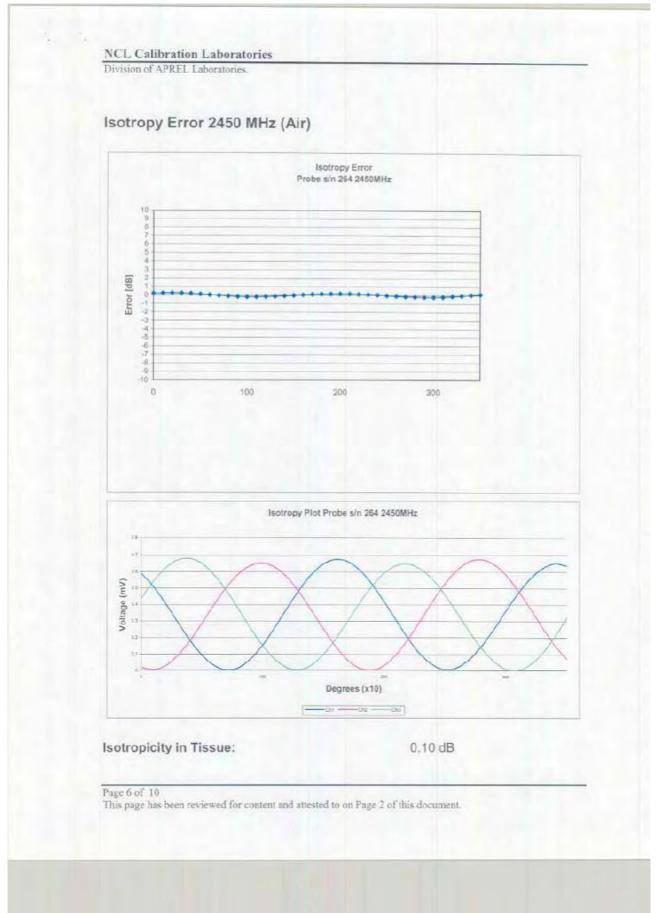
The measured probe tip diameter is 5 mm (+/- 0.01 mm) and therefore meets the requirements of SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032 for spatial resolution.

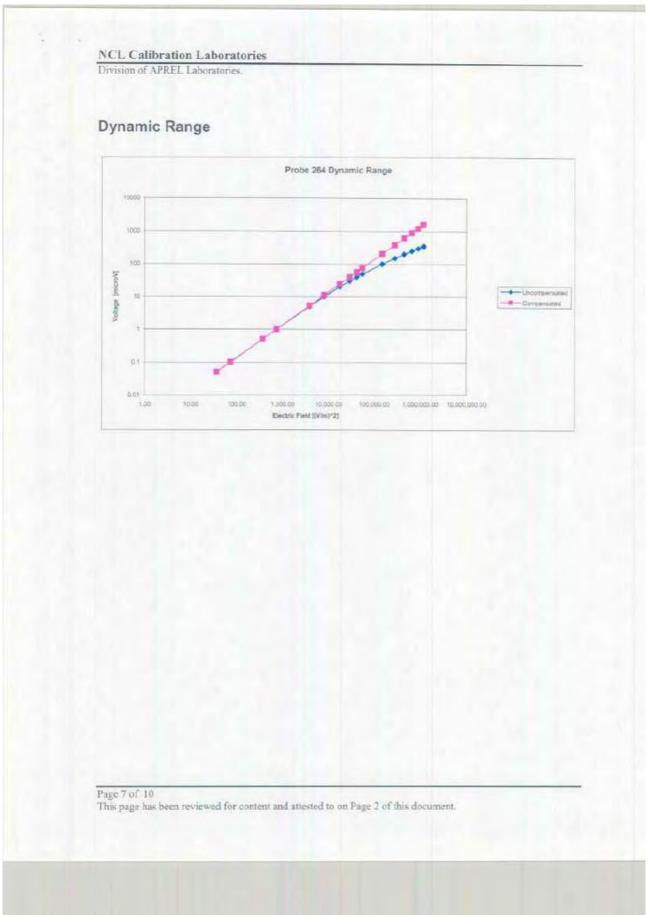
Page 4 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

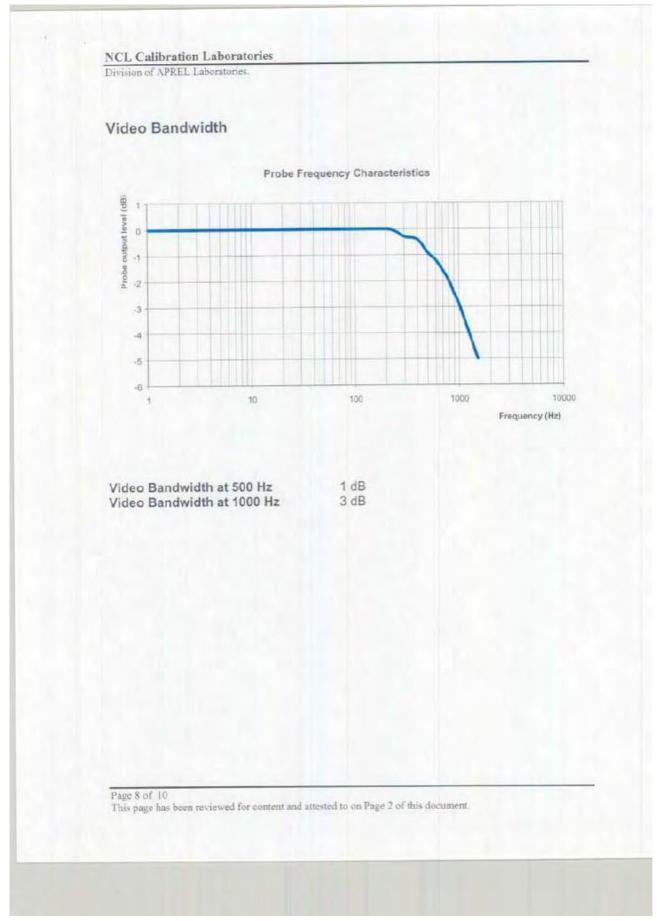












Division of APF	REL Laboratories.		
Conversio	on Factor Uncertain	ty Assessment	
Frequency:		2450MHz	
Epsilon:	39.2 (+/-5%)	Sigma:	1.80 S/m (+/-5%)
ConvF			
Channel X:	5.0	7%(K=2)	
Channel Y:	5.0	7%(K=2)	
Channel Z:	5.0	7%(K=2)	

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 $\mbox{M}\Omega.$

Boundary Effect:

For a distance of 2.4mm the evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2%.

Page 9 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.



NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List.

Page 10 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.



NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: CP-641

Client: QUIETEK

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe 2450 MHz

Monufacturer: APREL Laboratories Model No.: ALS-E-020 Serial No.: 264

BODY Calibration

Calibration Procedure: SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 Project No: QUIB-Probe-Cal-5210

> Calibrated: 21st March 2006 Released on: 21st March 2006

This Calibration Certificate is incomplete Unless Accompagied with the Calibration Results Summary Released By; n. NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES Division of APREL Lab. TEL (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 820-4161 RIM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA K2R 166



NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure. The results contained within this report are for APREL E-Field Probe E-020 264.

References

SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field Probe Calibration Procedure IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques" SSI-TP-011 Tissue Calibration Procedure

Conditions

Probe 264 was a new probe taken from stock prior to calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 0 5°C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this probe has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within this report has been reviewed for accuracy.

Stuart Nicol

Yi Pan

Page 2 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

NCL Calibration I Division of APREL Lat			-
Calibration Re	sults Summary		
Probe Type:		E-Field Probe E-020	
Serial Number:		264	
Frequency:		2450 MHz	
Sensor Offset:		1.56 mm	
Sensor Length:		2.5 mm	
Tip Enclosure:		Ertalyte*	
Tip Diameter:		<5 mm	
Tip Length:		60 mm	
Total Length:		290 mm	
*Resistive to recor	mmended tissue re	cipes per IEEE-1528	
Sensitivity in A	Air		
Channel X: Channel Y: Channel Z:		1.2 μV/(V/m) ² 1.2 μV/(V/m) ² 1.2 μV/(V/m) ²	
Diode Compress	ion Point:	95 mV	
Page 3 of 10 This page has been revie	ewed for content and atte	sted to on Page 2 of this document.	

Division of APRI	EL Laboratories.		
Sensitivity	in Body Tissue		
Frequency	:	2450 MHz	
Epsilon:	52.7 (+/-5%)	Sigma:	1.95 S/m (+/-5%)
ConvF			
Channel X:	5.2		
Channel Y:	5.2		
Channel Z:	5.2		

Boundary Effect:

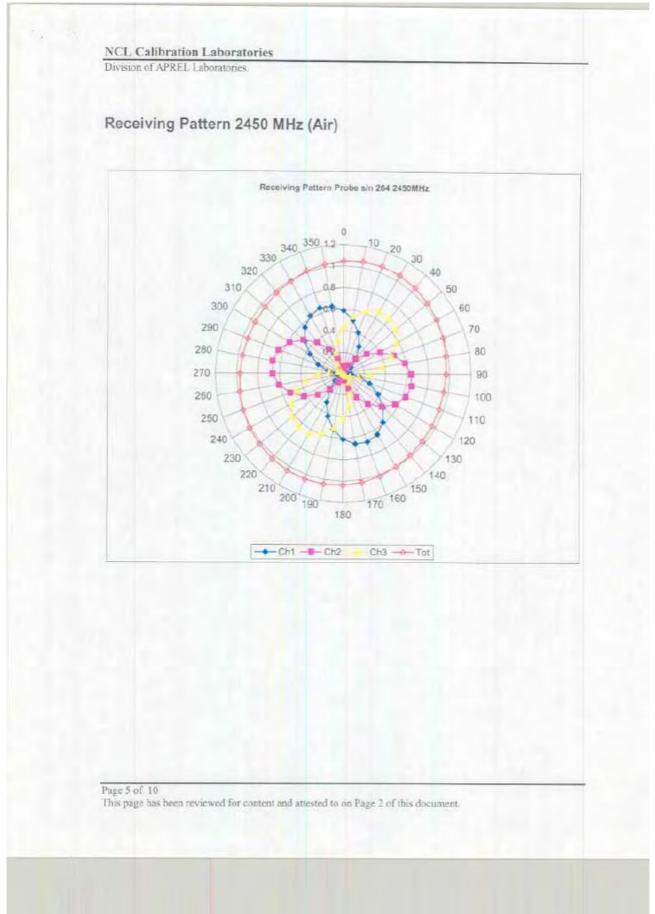
Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 2.44mm.

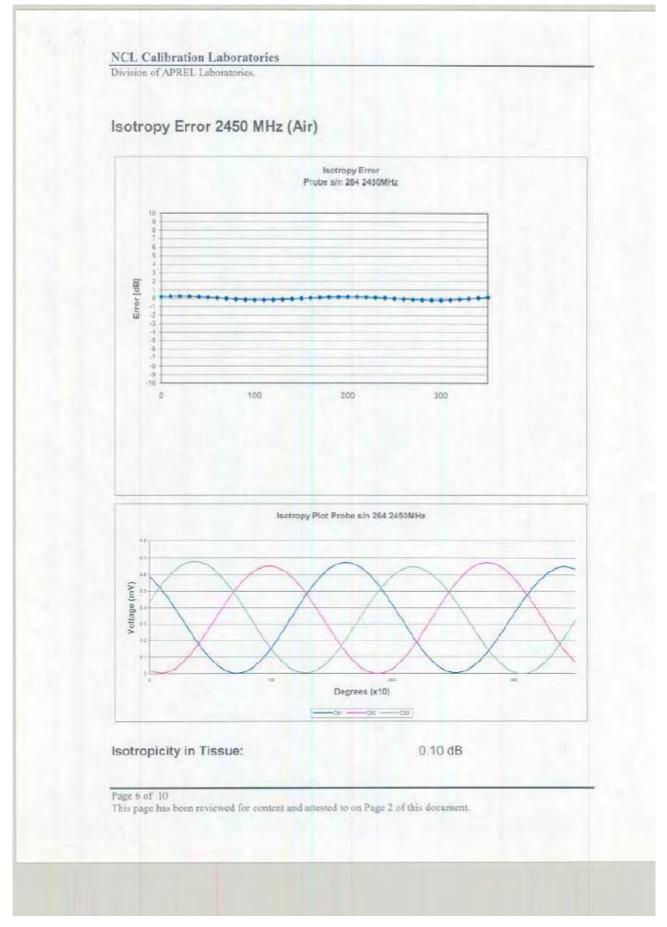
Spatial Resolution:

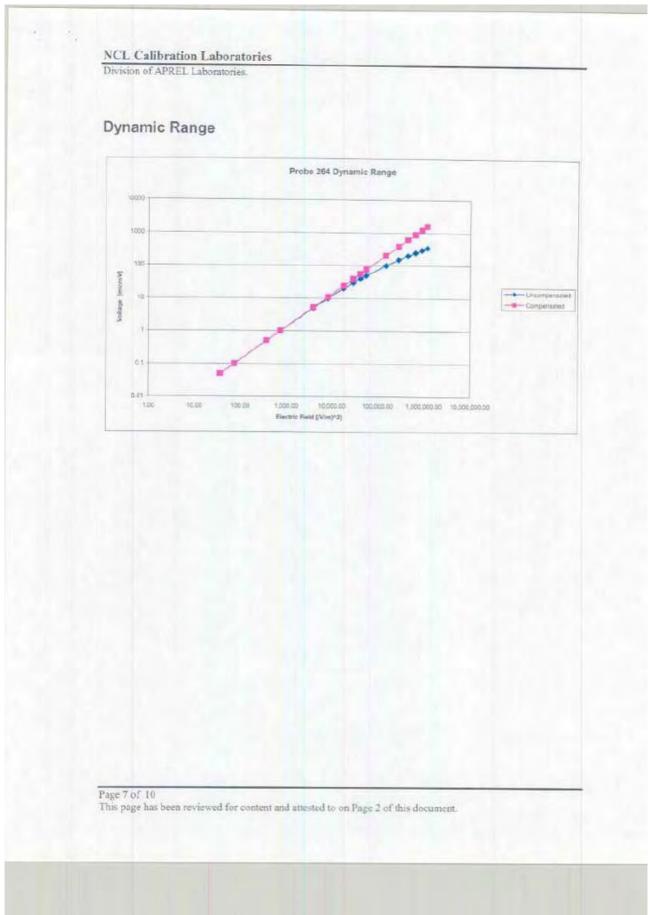
The measured probe tip diameter is 5 mm (+/- 0.01 mm) and therefore meets the requirements of SSI/DRB-TP-D01-032 for spatial resolution.

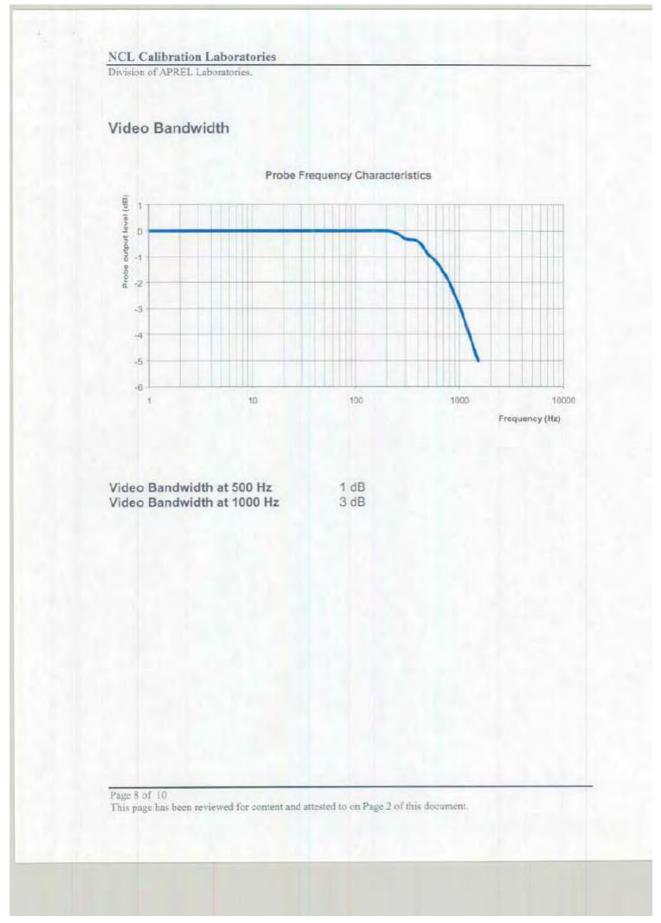
Page 4 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.











Division of APR	tion Laboratories EL Laboratories.		
Conversio	n Factor Uncertain	ty Assessment	
Frequency:		2450MHz	
Epsilon:	52.7 (+/-5%)	Sigma:	1.95 S/m (+/-5%)
ConvF			
Channel X:	5.2	7%(K=2)	
Channel Y:	5.2	7%(K=2)	
Channel Z:	5.2	7%(K=2)	

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 $M\Omega_{\rm c}$

Boundary Effect:

For a distance of 2.4mm the evaluated uncertainty (increase in the probe sensitivity) is less than 2%.

Page 9 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

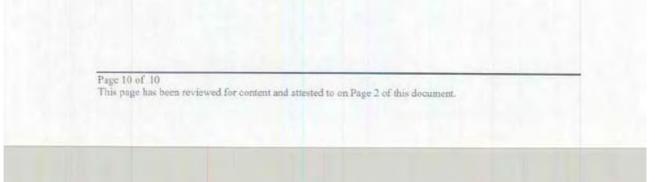


NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories,

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List.





Appendix - Dipole Calibration

Validation Dipole 2450MHz P/N: ALS-D-2450-S-2 S/N: QTK-319



NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-409 Project Number: QTKB-ALSAS-10U-5050

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Quietek Validation Dipole

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-2450-S-2 Frequency: 2.45 GHz Serial No: QTK-319

Customer: Quietek

Calibrated: 23 June 2004 Released on: 23 June 2004

Released By:

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

51 SPECTRUM WAY NEPEAN, ONTARIO CANADA K2R 1E6 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 820-4988 FAX: (613) 820-4161

NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

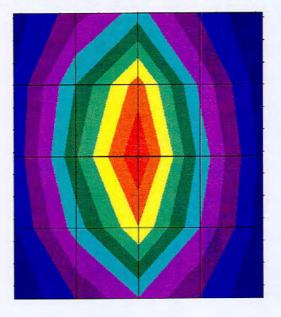
Length:	53.5 mm	
Height:	30.4 mm	

Electrical Specification

SWR:	1.19 U
Return Loss:	-20.8 dB
Impedance:	49.4 Ω

System Validation Results

Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
2.45 GHz	48.07	25.65	95.6



Page 2 of 9



Approved by



NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole QTK-319. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the IEEE/APREL mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with QTK E-020 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 212.

References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

Conditions

Dipole QTK-319 was new taken from stock.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dece	2	off	
rage	2	019	

Calfbrated by

Approved by:

NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

IEEE Length	IEEE Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
51.5 mm	30.4 mm	53.5 mm	30.4 mm

Tissue Validation

Body Tissue 2450 MHz	Measured	
Dielectric constant, sr	52.5	
Conductivity, o [S/m]	1.78	

Page 4 of 9		
D 1 CO	Calibrated by	Approved by:

NCL Calibration Laboratories

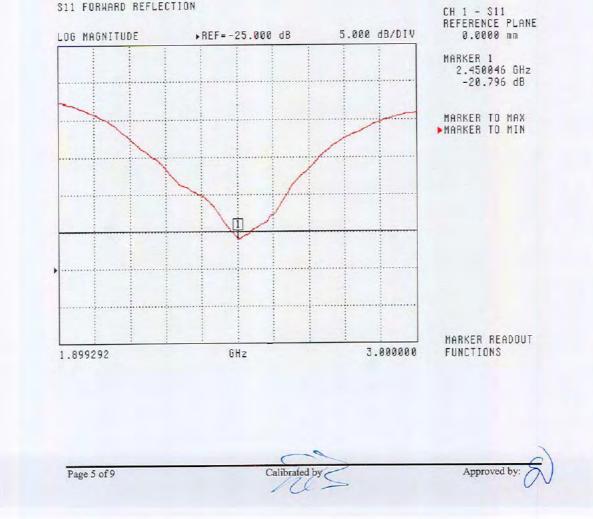
Division of APREL Laboratories.

Electrical Calibration

Test	Result
S11 R/L	-20.8 dB
SWR	1.2 U
Impedance	49.4 Ω

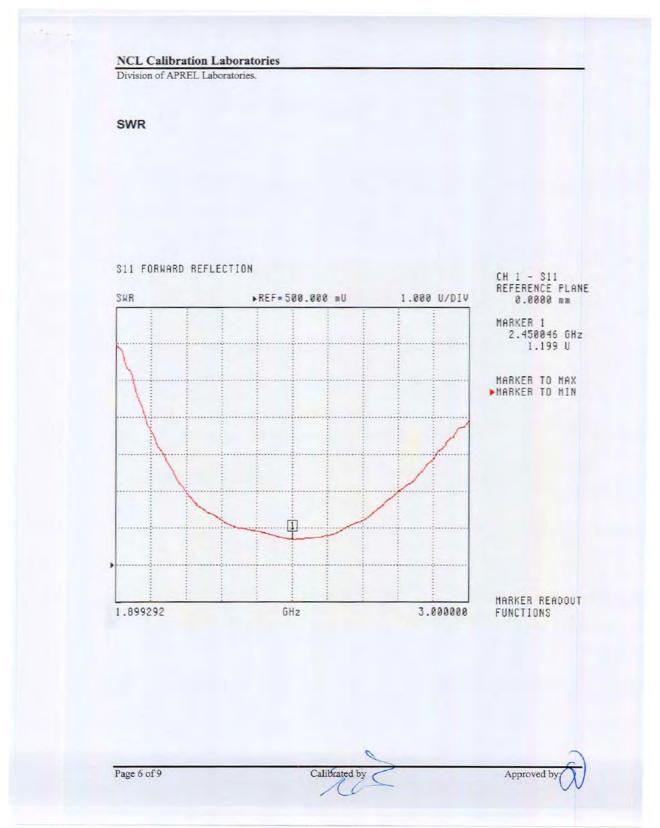
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

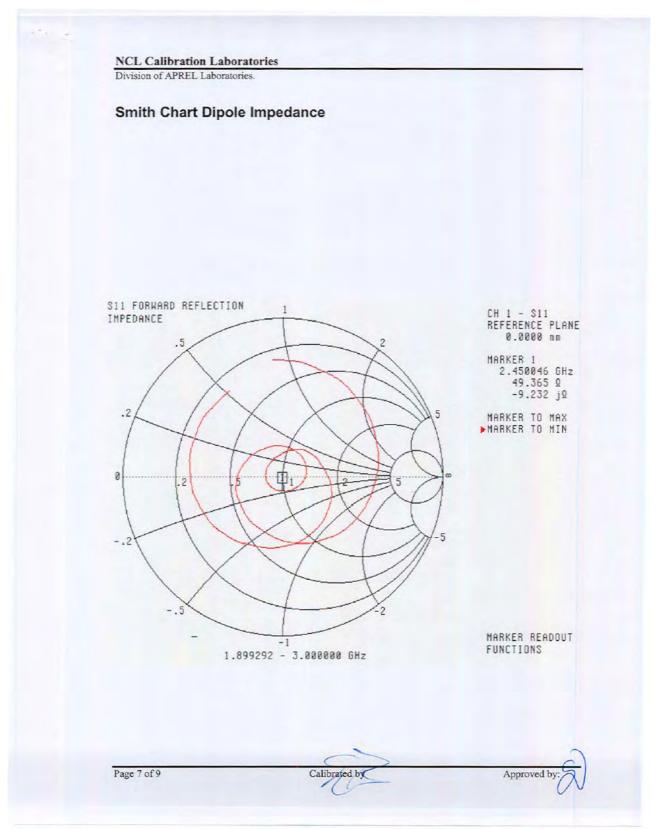


S11 FORWARD REFLECTION

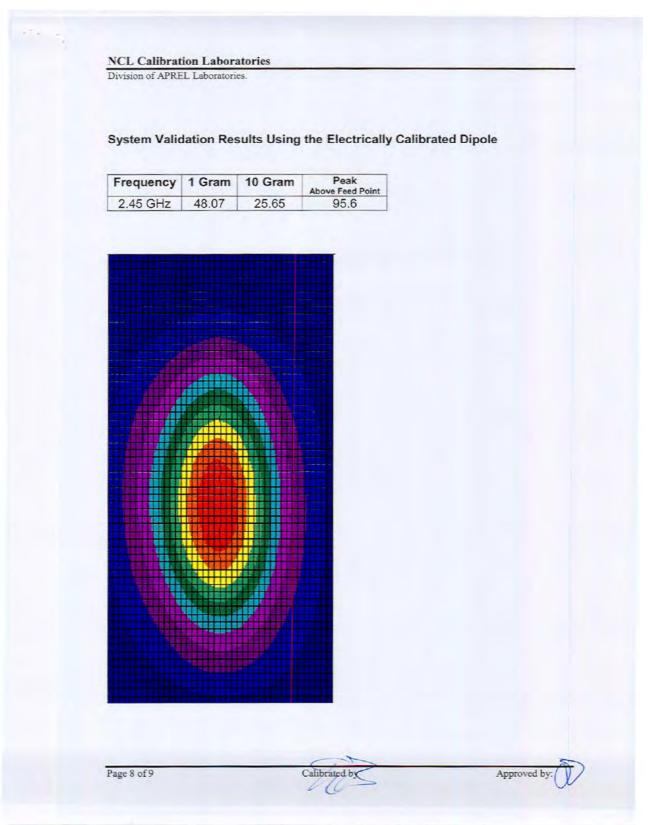














NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2003

Page 9 of 9	Calibrated by	Approved by: