



TEST REPORT

Report No. : **CHTEW20090045** Report verification: 

Project No..... : **SHT2008039602EW**

FCC ID..... : **Q5ET330**

Applicant's name..... : **Kirisun Communication Co.,Ltd.**

Address..... : 3rd Floor, Building A, Tongfang Information Harbour, No.11
Langshan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen 518057, P.R.China

Test item description : **PoC Radio**

Trade Mark : KIRISUN

Model/Type reference..... : T330

Listed Model(s) : -


Standard : **FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093**
IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition
IEEE 1528: 2013


Date of receipt of test sample..... : Aug.25, 2020


Date of testing..... : Aug.26, 2020- Sep.08, 2020

Date of issue..... : Sep.09, 2020

Result..... : **PASS**

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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

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1. Statement of Compliance

Maximum Reported SAR (W/kg @1g)	
RF Exposure Conditions	PCF
Head(Dist.= 25mm)	0.403
Body-worn(Dist.= 10mm)	0.743

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2 . Test Standards and Report version

2.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC 47 Part 2.1093](#): Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.

[IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition](#): IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz

[IEEE Std 1528™-2013](#): IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

FCC published RF exposure KDB procedures:

[865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04](#): SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

[865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02](#): RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

[447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06](#): Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

[248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02](#): SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters

[941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01](#): SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

[941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05](#): SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices

[TCB workshop](#) April, 2019; Page 19, Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL)

2.2. Report version

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2020-09-09	Original

3. Summary

3.1. Client Information

Applicant:	Kirisun Communication Co.,Ltd.
Address:	3rd Floor, Building A, Tongfang Information Harbour, No.11 Langshan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen 518057, P.R.China
Manufacturer:	Kirisun Communication Co.,Ltd.
Address:	3rd Floor, Building A, Tongfang Information Harbour, No.11 Langshan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen 518057, P.R.China

3.2. Product Description

Main unit	
Name of EUT:	PoC Radio
Trade Mark:	KIRISUN
Model No.:	T330
Listed Model(s):	-
Power supply:	DC 3.7V
Device Category:	Portable
Product stage:	Production unit
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population/Uncontrolled
HTW test sample No.:	YPHT20080396025
Hardware version:	V1.0
Software version:	T330_KRS_V1.0
Device Dimension:	Overall (Length x Width x Thickness): 100x60x35mm Antenna length: 45mm

3.3. RF Specification Description

WCDMA	
Operation Band:	FDD Band II FDD Band IV FDD Band V
Power Class:	Class 3
Operating Mode:	UMTS Rel. 99 (Voice & Data) HSDPA HSUPA
Antenna Type:	PIFA

LTE	
Operation Band:	FDD Band 2 FDD Band 4 FDD Band 5 FDD Band 12 FDD Band 13 FDD Band 14
Power Class:	Class 3
Operating Mode:	QPSK 16QAM
Antenna Type:	PIFA
Does this device support Carrier Aggregation (CA)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
Does this device support SV-LTE (1xRTT-LTE)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
<i>Remark:</i> 1. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power. 2. The Test EUT support two SIM card(SIM1,SIM2),so all the tests are performed at each SIM card (SIM1,SIM2) mode, the datum recorded is the worst case for all the mode at SIM1 Card mode.	

3.4. Testing Laboratory Information

Laboratory Name	Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.	
Laboratory Location	1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China	
Qualifications	Type	Accreditation Number
	CNAS	L1225
	A2LA	3902.01
	FCC	762235
	Canada	5377A

3.5. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Ambient temperature	18 °C to 25 °C
Ambient humidity	30%RH to 70%RH
Air Pressure	950-1050mbar

4. Equipments Used during the Test

Used	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. date (YY-MM-DD)	Due date (YY-MM-DD)
●	Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1549	2020/04/04	2021/04/03
●	E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7494	2020/04/01	2021/03/31
●	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	137681	2020/06/18	2021/06/17
● Tissue-equivalent liquids Validation						
●	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1267	N/A	N/A
○	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-12	1130	N/A	N/A
●	Network analyzer	Keysight	E5071C	MY46733048	2019/10/19	2020/10/18
● System Validation						
○	System Validation Antenna	SPEAG	CLA-150	4024	2018/02/21	2021/02/20
○	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D450V3	1102	2018/02/23	2021/02/22
●	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1180	2018/02/07	2021/02/06
●	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d238	2018/02/19	2021/02/18
●	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1164	2018/02/06	2021/02/05
●	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d226	2018/02/22	2021/02/21
○	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1009	2018/02/05	2021/02/04
○	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	1150	2018/02/05	2021/02/04
○	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1273	2018/02/21	2021/02/20
●	Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	114360	2020/08/11	2021/08/10
●	Power Viewer for Windows	R&S	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
●	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101010	2020/08/11	2021/08/10
●	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101386	2020/06/08	2021/06/07
●	Power Amplifier	BONN	BLWA 0160-2M	1811887	2019/11/14	2020/11/13
●	Dual Directional Coupler	Mini-Circuits	ZHDC-10-62-S+	F975001814	2019/11/14	2020/11/13
●	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-3W2+	1819	2019/11/14	2020/11/13
●	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-10W2+	1741	2019/11/14	2020/11/13

Note:

1. The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix B and C.
2. Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\leq 30\%$, for a confidence interval of $k = 2$. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

Therefore, the measurement uncertainty is not required.

6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

● Probe Specification

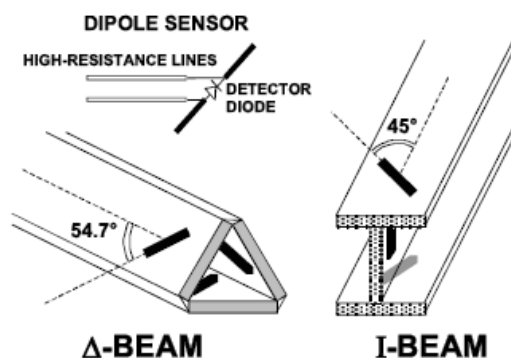
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	4 MHz to 10 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 W/kg; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 6 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



◆ Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



6.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM-Twin Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Measure the local SAR at a test point within 8 mm of the phantom inner surface that is closest to the DUT. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1g and 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	
<p>Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.</p> <p>* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.</p>				

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1. The SAR drift shall be kept within ± 5 %.

7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors),s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension “.DA4”. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [W/kg], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	Sensitivity:	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	Conversion factor:	ConvFi
	Diode compression point:	Dcpi
Device parameters:	Frequency:	f
	Crest factor:	cf
Media parameters:	Conductivity:	σ
	Density:	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Vi:	compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)
Ui:	input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)
cf:	crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
dcp_i:	diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$E - \text{fieldprobes} : \quad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$H - \text{fieldprobes} : \quad H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

Vi:	compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)
Normi:	sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z), [mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes
ConvF:	sensitivity enhancement in solution
aij:	sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f:	carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei:	electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi:	magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

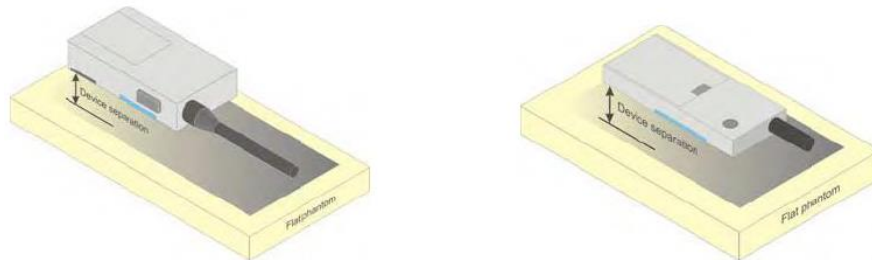
SAR: local specific absorption rate in W/kg
Etot: total field strength in V/m
 σ : conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ : equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

8.1. Front-of-face

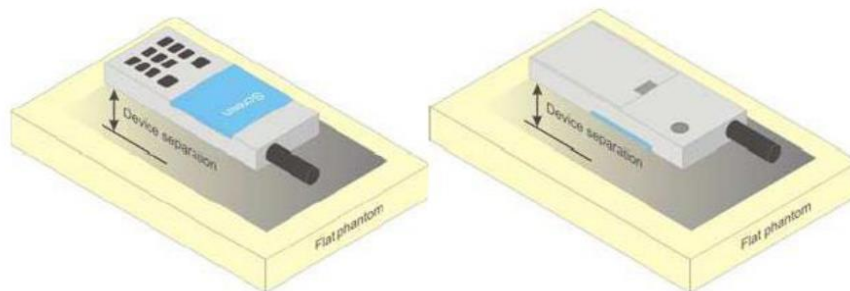
A typical example of a front-of-face device is a two-way radio that is held at a distance from the face of the user when transmitting. In these cases the device under test shall be positioned at the distance to the phantom surface that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. If the intended use is not specified, a separation distance of 25 mm between the phantom surface and the device shall be used.



Test positions for Front-of-face devices

8.2. Body Position

Devices that support transmission while used with body-worn accessories must be tested for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps or without requiring additional body-worn accessories must be tested for SAR compliance using a conservative minimum test separation distance $\leq 5\text{mm}$ to support compliance.



Picture 4 Test positions for body-worn devices

9. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

The dielectric constant (ϵ_r) and conductivity (σ) of typical tissue-equivalent media recipes are expected to be within $\pm 5\%$ of the required target values; but for SAR measurement systems that have implemented the SAR error compensation algorithms documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013, to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters, the tolerance for ϵ_r and σ may be relaxed to $\pm 10\%$. This is limited to frequencies ≤ 3 GHz.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Tissue dielectric parameters for Head and Body				
Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ϵ_r	$\sigma(\text{S/m})$	ϵ_r	$\sigma(\text{S/m})$
750	41.9	0.89	55.5	0.96
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
1750	40.1	1.37	53.4	1.49
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

Dielectric Property Measurements Results:

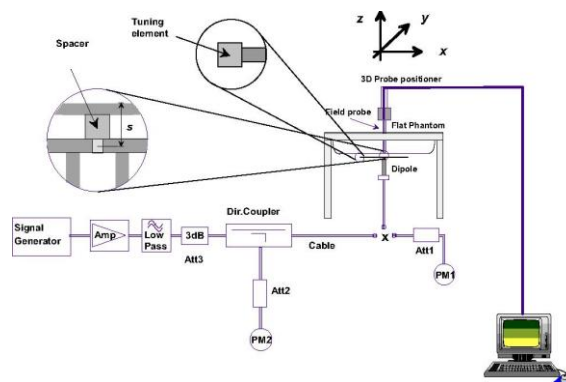
Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid									
Frequency (MHz)	ϵ_r		$\sigma(\text{S/m})$		Delta (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ)	Limit	Temp ($^\circ\text{C}$)	Date
	Target	Measured	Target	Measured					
750	41.90	40.35	0.890	0.860	-3.70%	-3.40%	$\pm 5\%$	21.9	2020-09-03
835	41.50	40.08	0.900	0.889	-3.42%	-1.26%	$\pm 5\%$	22.2	2020-09-04
1750	40.10	38.17	1.370	1.320	-4.81%	-3.65%	$\pm 5\%$	22.0	2020-09-07
1900	40.00	38.00	1.400	1.367	-5.00%	-2.36%	$\pm 5\%$	21.8	2020-09-08

9.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- ◆ The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- ◆ The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- ◆ The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- ◆ The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- ◆ The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- ◆ For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- ◆ Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- ◆ The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



System Performance Check Setup

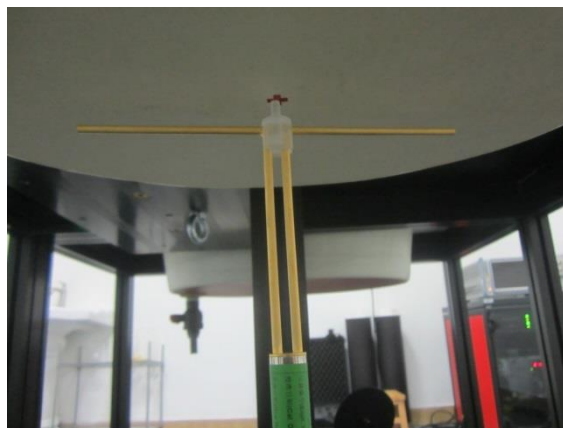


Photo of Dipole Setup

System Check Result:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within $\pm 10\%$ of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

Head											
Frequency (MHz)	1g SAR			10g SAR			Delta (1g)	Delta (10g)	Limit	Temp (°C)	Date
	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW					
750	8.22	8.40	2.10	5.39	5.56	1.39	2.19%	3.15%	$\pm 10\%$	21.9	2020-09-03
835	9.51	9.72	2.43	6.15	6.40	1.60	2.21%	4.07%	$\pm 10\%$	22.2	2020-09-04
1750	36.60	37.68	9.42	19.40	20.20	5.05	2.95%	4.12%	$\pm 10\%$	22.0	2020-09-07
1900	40.30	42.80	10.70	21.10	22.12	5.53	6.20%	4.83%	$\pm 10\%$	21.8	2020-09-08

Plots of System Performance Check

System Performance Check-Head 750MHz

DUT: D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: 1180

Date: 2020-09-03

Communication System: UID 0, A-CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.86$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.349$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.5°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3°C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(10.76, 10.76, 10.76) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 4/1/2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/4/2020
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW, dist=1.4mm/Area Scan (51x121x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.81 W/kg

Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW, dist=1.4mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

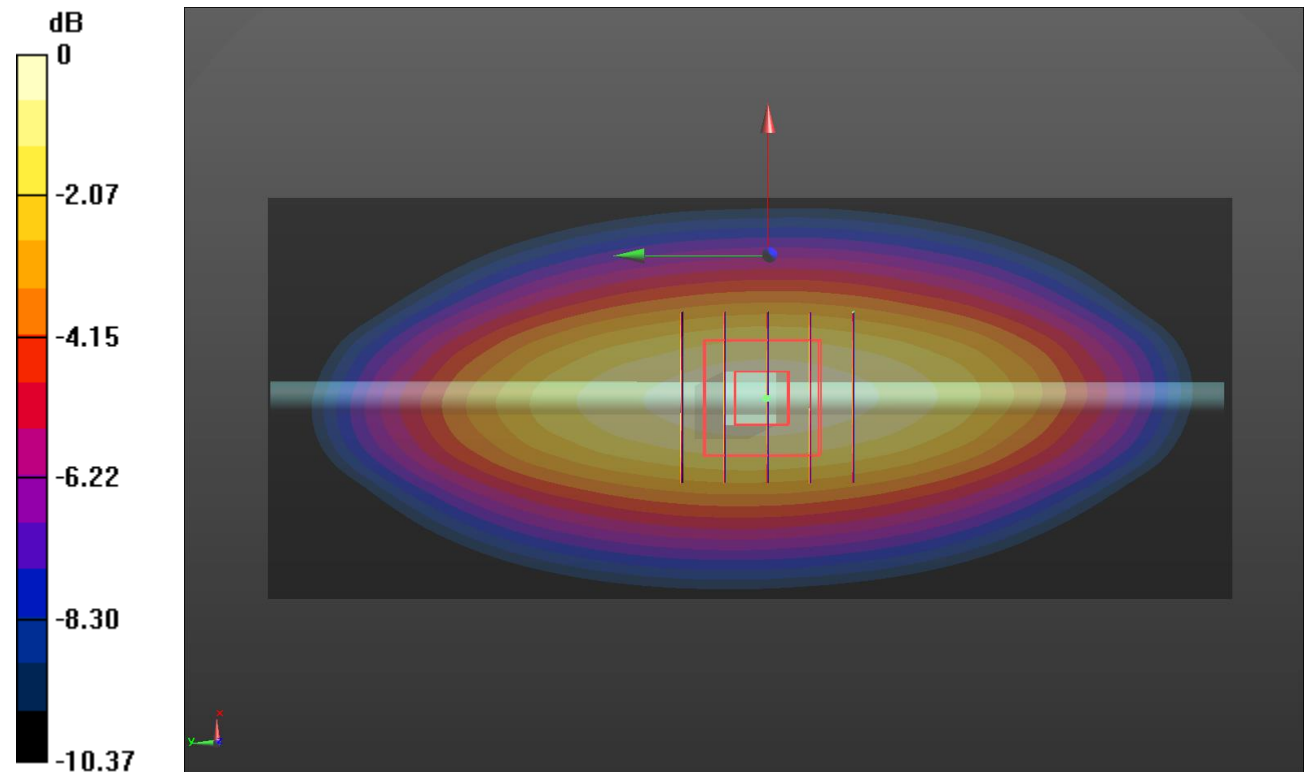
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 59.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.39 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.88 W/kg



0 dB = 2.88 W/kg = 4.59 dBW/kg

System Performance Check-Head 835MHz

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d238

Date: 2020-09-04

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.889$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.084$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(10.46, 10.46, 10.46) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 4/1/2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/4/2020
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.31 W/kg

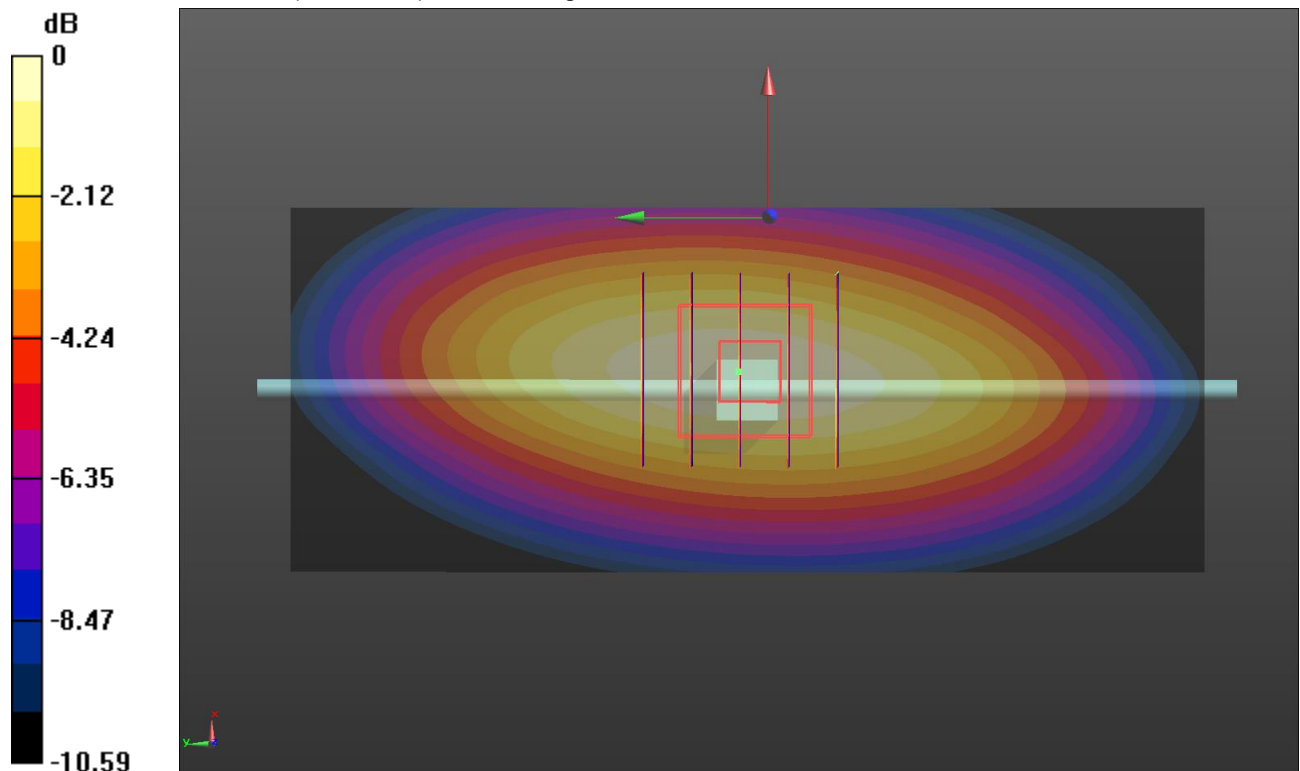
Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 62.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.29 W/kg



0 dB = 3.29 W/kg = 5.17 dBW/kg

System Performance Check-Head 1750MHz

DUT: D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1164

Date: 2020-09-07

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.32$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.166$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.3°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.1°C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.92, 8.92, 8.92) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 4/1/2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/4/2020
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.6 W/kg

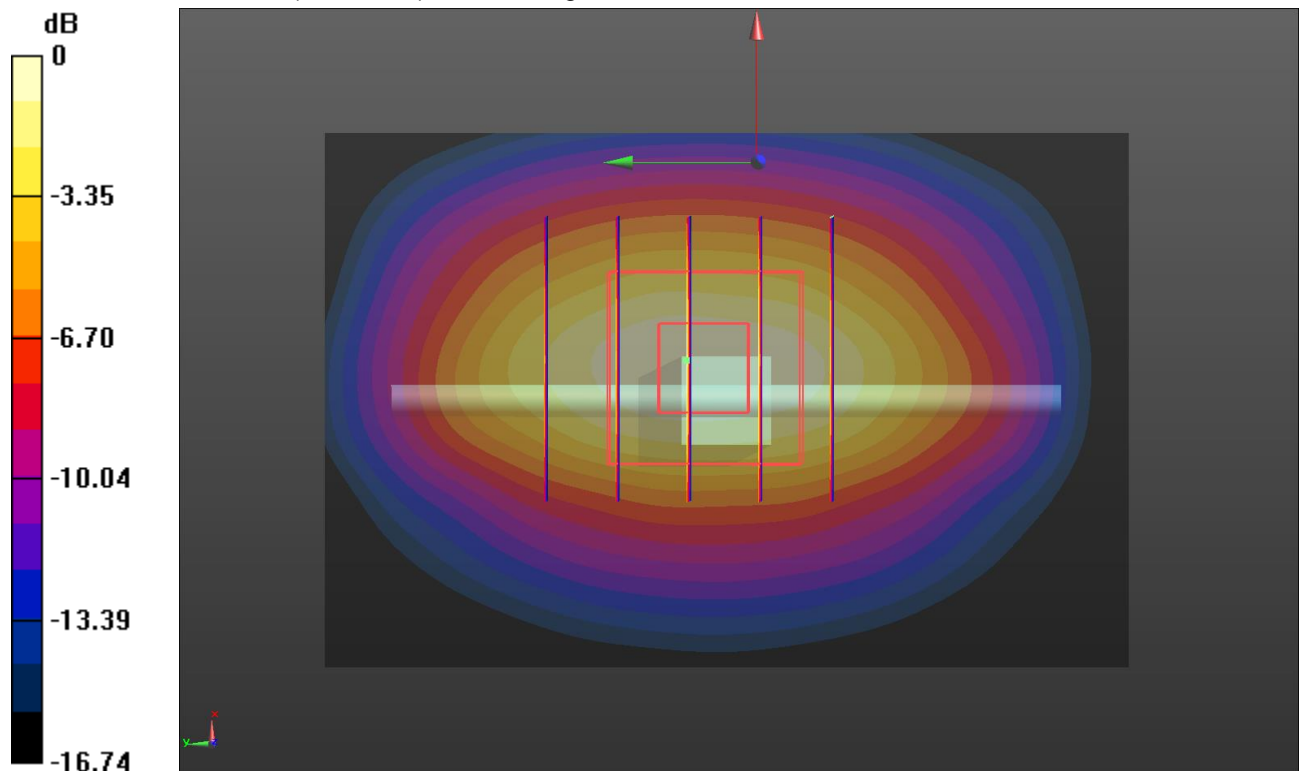
Head/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 101.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.05 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



0 dB = 14.5 W/kg = 11.61 dBW/kg

System Performance Check-Head 1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d226

Date: 2020-09-08

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.367$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.004$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature: 22.2°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C;

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.6, 8.6, 8.6) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 4/1/2020
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/4/2020
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0 ; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1974
- DASY52 52.10.2(1495); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.0 W/kg

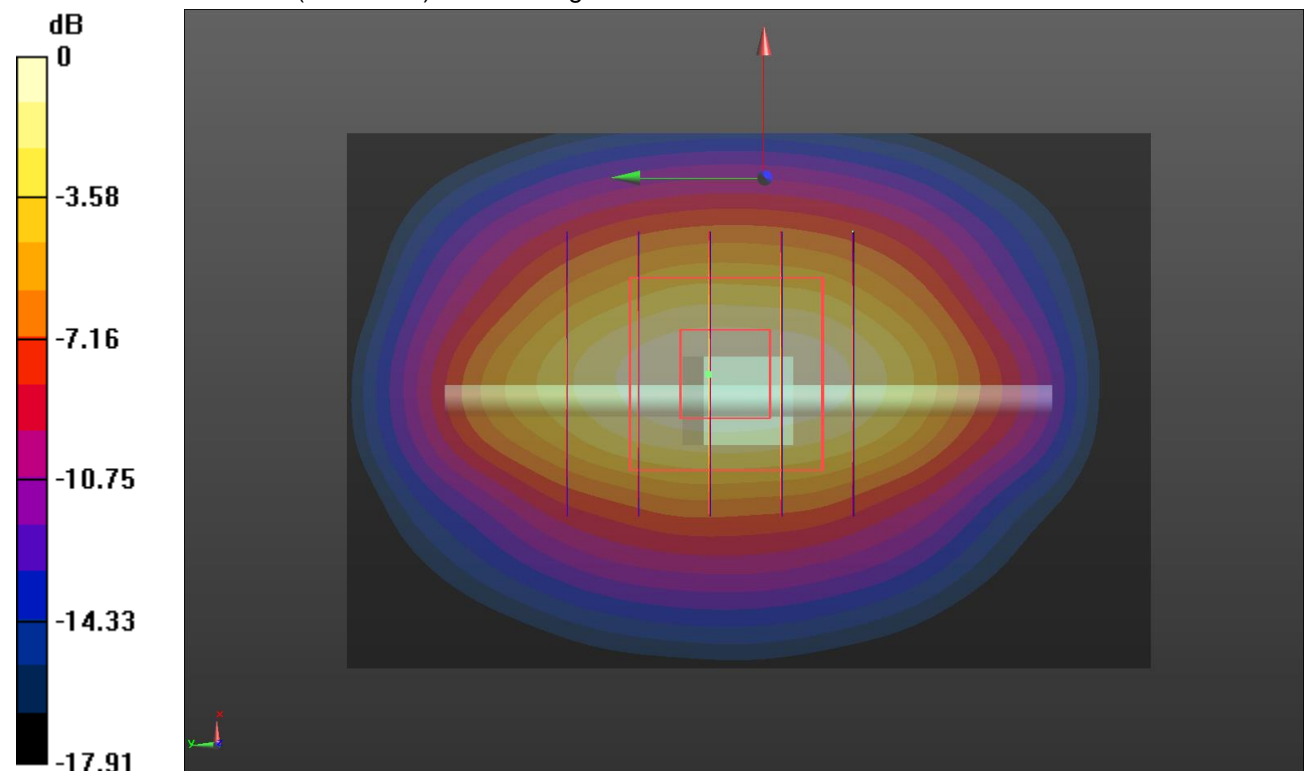
Head/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 109.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.53 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg



0 dB = 16.7 W/kg = 12.23 dBW/kg

10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

Type Exposure	Limit (W/kg)	
	General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational/ Controlled Exposure Environment
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

11. Conducted Power Measurement Results

11.1. WCDMA

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode to determine SAR test exclusion

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a) The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, Quoted from the TS 34.121
 - ii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode
 - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
 - iv. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - v. Select HSDPA uplink parameters
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI=8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (K) to 4ms
 - ix. Set CQI repetition factor to 2
 - x. Power ctrl mode= all up bits
- d) The transmitter maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPCCH, DPDCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a) The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
 - i. Call configs = 5.2b, 5.9b, 5.10b, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, Quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
 - iv. Set channel type= 12.2Kbps + HSPA mode
 - v. Set UE Target power
 - vi. Set Ctrl mode=Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal the target E-TFCI of 75 for Sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d) The transmitter maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.
- Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

General Note:

- Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn Exposure is measured using a 12.2Kbps RMC with TPC bit configured to all 1s
- Per KDB 941225 D01 RMC 12.2Kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and Tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA/HSUPA is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC 12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC 12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

Mode		WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band IV		
		Conducted Power (dBm)			Conducted Power (dBm)		
		CH9262 1852.4MHz	CH9400 1880MHz	CH9538 1907.6MHz	CH1312 1712.4MHz	CH1413 1732.6MHz	CH1513 1752.6MHz
AMR 12.2K		23.96	24.09	24.11	24.04	24.30	24.36
RMC 12.2K		24.00	24.13	24.15	24.08	24.34	24.40
HSDPA	Subtest-1	22.62	22.71	22.74	23.16	23.35	23.35
	Subtest-2	22.17	22.44	22.45	22.69	22.91	22.93
	Subtest-3	22.17	22.28	22.35	22.70	22.93	22.92
	Subtest-4	22.23	22.34	22.41	22.71	22.93	22.93
HSUPA	Subtest-1	22.35	22.67	22.39	22.47	22.74	22.73
	Subtest-2	21.47	22.01	21.91	21.61	22.22	22.20
	Subtest-3	21.17	20.99	21.85	21.32	22.11	22.11
	Subtest-4	21.89	21.91	22.32	21.99	22.62	22.60
	Subtest-5	22.71	22.78	22.82	22.83	22.94	23.03

Mode		WCDMA Band V		
		Conducted Power (dBm)		
		CH4132	CH4183	CH4233
		826.4MHz	836.6MHz	846.6MHz
AMR 12.2K		23.53	23.46	23.66
RMC 12.2K		23.57	23.50	23.70
HSDPA	Subtest-1	22.65	22.63	22.86
	Subtest-2	22.24	22.26	22.38
	Subtest-3	22.23	22.27	22.37
	Subtest-4	22.21	22.24	22.35
HSUPA	Subtest-1	22.13	21.87	22.40
	Subtest-2	21.27	21.29	21.29
	Subtest-3	20.98	20.99	21.17
	Subtest-4	21.73	21.75	21.77
	Subtest-5	22.47	22.42	22.96

11.2. LTE

General Note:

1. CMW500 base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel, bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, for QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.

According to April 2015 TCB workshop, SAR test exclusion can be applied for testing overlapping LTE bands as follows:

- a) The maximum output power, including tolerance, for the smaller band must be \leq the larger band to qualify for the SAR test exclusion.
- b) The channel bandwidth and other operating parameters for the smaller band must be fully supported by the larger band.
 - LTE Band 2 (1850-1910 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 25 (1850-1915 MHz)
 - LTE Band 4 (1710-1755 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 66 (1710-1780 MHz)
 - LTE Band 5 (824-849 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 26 (814-849 MHz)
 - LTE Band 17 (704-716 MHz) is covered by LTE Band 12 (699-716 MHz)

LTE-FDD Band 2				Conducted Power(dBm)		
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	18607	18900	19193
				1850.7MHz	1880MHz	1909.3MHz
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.70	23.78	23.59
			2	23.81	23.97	23.95
			5	23.78	23.88	23.48
		3	0	23.59	23.66	23.56
			1	23.57	23.56	23.56
			3	23.55	23.52	23.45
	6	0	22.58	22.63	22.61	
	16QAM	1	0	22.86	22.84	22.80
			2	23.05	23.33	22.79
			5	22.96	23.07	22.44
		3	0	22.48	22.58	22.54
			1	22.46	22.53	22.53
			3	22.52	22.52	22.51
	6	0	21.68	21.58	21.61	
	Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	18615	18900
1851.5MHz					1880MHz	1908.5MHz
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.25	23.61	23.51
			8	23.31	23.63	23.31
			14	23.35	23.69	23.53
		8	0	22.30	22.35	22.36
			4	22.18	22.26	22.39
			7	22.30	22.28	22.33
	15	0	22.31	22.23	22.34	
	16QAM	1	0	22.49	22.61	22.92
			8	22.37	22.50	22.35
			14	22.40	22.67	22.38
		8	0	21.38	21.28	21.54
			4	21.45	21.26	21.57
			7	21.39	21.30	21.63
	15	0	21.30	21.15	21.43	

LTE-FDD Band 2				Conducted Power(dBm)		
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	18625	18900	19175
				1852.5MHz	1880MHz	1907.5MHz
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.22	23.31	23.38
			12	23.40	23.48	23.41
			24	23.55	23.53	23.46
		12	0	22.12	22.26	22.37
			7	22.22	22.26	22.31
			13	22.21	22.30	22.33
	25	0	22.22	22.19	22.32	
	16QAM	1	0	22.12	22.43	22.51
			12	22.68	22.35	22.62
			24	22.16	22.52	22.18
		12	0	21.19	21.28	21.48
			7	21.34	21.30	21.40
			13	21.34	21.39	21.22
		25	0	21.16	21.29	21.65
Band-width		Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	18650	18900
	1855MHz				1880MHz	1905MHz
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.26	23.49	23.26
			24	23.64	23.65	23.31
			49	23.39	23.52	23.62
		25	0	22.34	22.23	22.52
			24	22.24	22.37	22.38
			49	22.39	22.45	22.31
	50	0	22.29	22.28	22.39	
	16QAM	1	0	22.61	22.61	22.42
			24	22.99	22.60	22.60
			49	22.54	22.69	22.40
		25	0	21.43	21.34	21.45
			24	21.32	21.48	21.46
			49	21.39	21.43	21.48
		50	0	21.29	21.39	21.47

LTE-FDD Band 2				Conducted Power(dBm)		
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	18675	18900	19125
				1857.5MHz	1880MHz	1902.5MHz
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.26	23.57	23.30
			38	23.24	23.49	23.26
			74	23.02	23.60	23.50
		38	0	22.33	22.61	22.48
			18	22.24	22.65	21.79
			37	21.95	22.73	21.78
	75	0	22.22	22.33	22.48	
	16QAM	1	0	22.26	22.50	22.30
			38	22.22	22.43	22.49
			74	22.31	22.54	22.39
		38	0	22.23	22.57	22.00
			18	22.17	22.61	21.79
			37	22.03	22.73	21.78
	75	0	21.49	21.31	21.56	
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	18700	18900	19100
				1860MHz	1880MHz	1900MHz
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.17	23.23	23.23
			49	23.74	23.64	23.71
			99	23.13	23.54	23.42
		50	0	22.39	22.16	22.38
			25	22.27	22.29	22.34
			50	22.21	22.48	22.31
	100	0	22.33	22.27	22.43	
	16QAM	1	0	22.58	22.27	22.48
			49	23.06	22.35	22.74
			99	22.63	22.25	22.67
		50	0	21.47	21.42	21.40
			25	21.46	21.41	21.49
			50	21.31	21.57	21.47
	100	0	21.40	21.45	21.32	

LTE-FDD Band 4				Conducted Power(dBm)		
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	19957	20175	20393
				1710.7MHz	1732.5MHz	1754.3MHz
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.80	22.86	23.31
			2	23.07	23.30	23.13
			5	22.83	22.86	23.16
		3	0	22.74	22.96	23.06
			1	22.75	22.87	23.07
			3	22.71	23.08	22.98
	6	0	21.92	21.85	22.02	
	16QAM	1	0	21.68	21.79	22.43
			2	21.89	22.16	22.46
			5	21.70	22.06	22.46
		3	0	21.77	21.82	21.90
			1	21.77	22.09	21.98
			3	21.94	21.93	21.90
	6	0	20.64	20.88	21.16	
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	19965	20175	20385
				1711.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1753.5MHz
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.89	23.26	23.07
			8	22.85	23.13	23.04
			14	23.05	23.10	23.18
		8	0	21.97	22.06	22.09
			4	21.96	21.98	22.09
			7	22.01	22.08	22.12
	15	0	21.87	21.98	22.07	
	16QAM	1	0	21.80	22.42	22.17
			8	22.00	22.08	22.23
			14	21.90	22.04	22.21
		8	0	21.04	21.02	21.21
			4	21.04	21.06	21.21
			7	21.03	21.06	21.20
	15	0	20.92	20.99	21.16	

LTE-FDD Band 4				Conducted Power(dBm)		
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	19975	20175	20375
				1712.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1752.5MHz
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.06	23.05	23.26
			12	23.10	23.03	23.12
			24	23.10	23.22	23.36
		12	0	21.94	22.02	22.18
			7	21.94	22.03	22.19
			13	22.07	22.13	22.26
	25	0	21.93	22.02	22.22	
	16QAM	1	0	22.31	22.18	22.31
			12	22.35	22.18	22.39
			24	21.94	22.34	22.48
		12	0	21.15	20.92	21.26
			7	21.06	21.04	21.36
			13	21.20	21.13	21.35
		25	0	21.07	21.14	21.41
Band-width		Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	20000	20175
	1715MHz				1732.5MHz	1750MHz
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.05	23.21	22.92
			24	23.26	23.00	23.17
			49	22.97	23.21	23.23
		25	0	21.89	22.03	22.06
			24	21.97	21.95	22.05
			49	22.10	22.04	22.25
	50	0	21.94	21.96	22.16	
	16QAM	1	0	22.17	22.17	22.52
			24	22.05	22.42	22.34
			49	22.21	22.17	22.13
		25	0	20.97	21.05	21.07
			24	21.16	21.05	21.25
			49	21.01	21.18	21.13
		50	0	21.03	21.05	21.33

LTE-FDD Band 4				Conducted Power(dBm)		
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	20025	20175	20325
				1717.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1747.5MHz
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.73	23.09	23.12
			38	22.97	23.17	23.17
			74	22.85	23.28	23.19
		38	0	21.85	22.27	21.37
			18	22.11	22.19	22.06
			37	21.54	22.26	22.10
	75	0	22.02	21.99	22.12	
	16QAM	1	0	21.98	22.32	22.08
			38	22.04	22.40	22.01
			74	22.18	22.28	22.19
		38	0	21.88	22.29	21.80
			18	22.05	22.19	21.85
			37	21.55	22.18	22.11
	75	0	21.15	21.08	21.16	
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	20050	20175	20300
				1720MHz	1732.5MHz	1745MHz
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.86	23.00	23.14
			49	23.43	23.03	23.40
			99	22.95	23.04	23.51
		50	0	22.05	22.13	22.03
			25	22.02	22.10	22.07
			50	22.08	22.10	22.26
	100	0	22.18	22.15	22.15	
	16QAM	1	0	22.15	22.15	22.34
			49	22.71	22.05	22.33
			99	22.42	21.93	22.38
		50	0	21.11	21.31	21.22
			25	21.10	21.31	21.13
			50	21.18	21.23	21.29
	100	0	21.25	21.25	21.24	

LTE-FDD Band 5				Conducted Power(dBm)		
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	20407	20525	20643
				8.4.7MHz	836.5MHz	848.3MHz
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.16	23.07	23.38
			2	23.29	23.06	23.63
			5	23.16	23.03	23.49
		3	0	23.32	23.25	23.44
			1	23.23	23.15	23.35
			3	23.21	23.19	23.30
	6	0	22.23	22.33	22.39	
	16QAM	1	0	22.43	22.03	22.72
			2	22.55	22.27	22.88
			5	22.56	22.10	22.75
		3	0	22.17	22.18	22.31
			1	22.16	22.19	22.23
			3	22.20	22.21	22.26
	6	0	21.24	21.38	21.45	
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	20415	20525	20635
				825.5MHz	836.5MHz	847.5MHz
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.16	22.95	22.41
			8	22.98	22.89	22.63
			14	22.64	22.14	22.74
		8	0	22.22	22.21	22.30
			4	22.12	22.20	22.29
			7	22.18	22.18	22.39
	15	0	22.09	22.25	22.35	
	16QAM	1	0	22.41	22.11	22.21
			8	22.18	22.20	22.22
			14	22.06	22.23	22.16
		8	0	21.21	21.23	21.52
			4	21.03	21.25	21.51
			7	21.25	21.17	21.33
	15	0	21.07	21.11	21.41	

LTE-FDD Band 5				Conducted Power(dBm)		
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	20425	20525	20625
				826.5MHz	836.5MHz	846.5MHz
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.09	23.14	23.22
			12	23.06	23.08	23.40
			24	23.27	23.16	23.26
		12	0	22.20	22.26	22.39
			7	22.20	22.18	22.32
			13	22.18	22.16	22.38
	25	0	22.27	22.17	22.30	
	16QAM	1	0	21.89	21.97	22.02
			12	21.86	22.12	22.07
			24	22.34	22.38	22.05
		12	0	21.16	21.28	21.36
			7	21.16	21.28	21.26
			13	21.34	21.27	21.33
	25	0	21.23	21.19	21.44	
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	20450	20525	20600
				829MHz	836.5MHz	844MHz
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.25	22.89	22.89
			24	23.02	23.06	23.23
			49	23.12	22.97	23.30
		25	0	22.10	22.19	22.29
			24	22.13	22.20	22.22
			49	22.20	22.20	22.35
	50	0	22.22	22.15	22.21	
	16QAM	1	0	22.10	22.09	22.13
			24	22.35	22.16	22.53
			49	21.96	22.26	22.32
		25	0	21.09	21.26	21.26
			24	21.08	21.27	21.27
			49	21.15	21.19	21.20
	50	0	21.26	21.14	21.25	

LTE-FDD Band 12				Conducted Power(dBm)		
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	23017	23095	23173
				699.7MHz	707.5MHz	715.3MHz
1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.65	23.38	23.34
			2	23.63	23.60	23.80
			5	23.54	23.49	23.72
		3	0	23.30	23.25	23.34
			1	23.22	23.34	23.23
			3	23.27	23.37	23.32
	6	0	22.32	22.42	22.35	
	16QAM	1	0	22.86	22.78	22.52
			2	22.91	22.87	22.80
			5	22.84	22.62	22.75
		3	0	22.31	22.19	22.53
			1	22.11	22.15	22.44
			3	21.99	22.37	22.52
	6	0	21.35	21.55	21.34	
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	23025	23095	23165
				700.5MHz	707.5MHz	714.5MHz
3MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.39	23.75	23.26
			8	23.53	23.78	23.36
			14	23.31	23.29	23.50
		8	0	22.45	22.46	22.30
			4	22.30	22.45	22.41
			7	22.38	22.58	22.53
	15	0	22.36	22.47	22.45	
	16QAM	1	0	22.58	22.82	22.32
			8	22.37	22.54	22.26
			14	22.36	22.34	22.84
		8	0	21.31	21.41	21.55
			4	21.59	21.49	21.50
			7	21.28	21.73	21.77
	15	0	21.33	21.46	21.52	

LTE-FDD Band 12				Conducted Power(dBm)			
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	23035	23095	23155	
				701.5MHz	707.5MHz	713.5MHz	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.45	23.26	23.25	
			12	23.72	23.64	23.39	
			24	23.43	23.36	23.31	
		12	0	22.40	22.41	22.31	
			7	22.39	22.44	22.33	
			13	22.43	22.44	22.61	
	25	0	22.35	22.44	22.41		
	16QAM	1	0	22.41	22.53	22.15	
			12	22.58	22.65	22.62	
			24	22.43	22.39	22.04	
		12	0	21.53	21.39	21.40	
			7	21.47	21.46	21.32	
			13	21.59	21.39	21.32	
		25	0	21.31	21.57	21.33	
Band-width		Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	23060	23095	23130
	704MHz				707.5MHz	711MHz	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.25	23.25	23.25	
			24	23.86	23.53	23.46	
			49	23.28	23.26	23.26	
		25	0	22.41	22.27	22.35	
			24	22.39	22.38	22.36	
			49	22.52	22.47	22.32	
		50	0	22.43	22.32	22.33	
		16QAM	1	0	22.27	22.67	22.31
				24	22.50	22.69	22.52
	49			22.60	22.62	22.23	
	25		0	21.52	21.41	21.36	
			24	21.51	21.40	21.47	
			49	21.37	21.42	21.41	
	50		0	21.55	21.52	21.39	

LTE-FDD Band 13				Conducted Power(dBm)		
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	23205	23230	23255
				779.5MHz	782MHz	784.5MHz
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.19	23.15	23.13
			12	23.29	23.24	23.28
			24	23.06	23.29	23.17
		12	0	22.41	22.33	22.25
			7	22.31	22.26	22.26
			13	22.27	22.24	22.27
	25	0	22.31	22.26	22.17	
	16QAM	1	0	22.23	22.22	21.92
			12	22.27	22.40	22.38
			24	22.28	22.34	21.95
		12	0	21.43	21.44	21.22
			7	21.34	21.36	21.22
			13	21.31	21.35	21.34
		25	0	21.36	21.37	21.43
Band-width		Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset		23230
					782MHz	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0		22.94	
			24		23.34	
			49		23.08	
		25	0		22.36	
			24		22.28	
			49		22.21	
	50	0		22.23		
	16QAM	1	0		22.18	
			24		22.20	
			49		22.41	
		25	0		21.25	
			24		21.45	
			49		21.31	
		50	0		21.37	

LTE-FDD Band 14				Conducted Power(dBm)		
Band-width	Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset	23305	23330	23355
				790.5MHz	793MHz	795.5MHz
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.83	23.80	23.82
			12	23.79	23.92	24.00
			24	23.87	23.84	24.15
		12	0	23.00	23.01	22.97
			7	23.00	23.00	22.90
			13	22.95	22.92	22.89
	25	0	22.99	22.94	22.97	
	16QAM	1	0	22.67	22.86	23.02
			12	22.59	22.82	23.01
			24	22.71	23.11	23.40
		12	0	21.95	22.03	21.91
			7	22.06	22.13	22.10
			13	21.94	22.07	21.82
		25	0	22.00	21.99	22.08
Band-width		Modulation	RB allocation	RB offset		23330
					793MHz	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0		22.74	
			24		22.36	
			49		22.14	
		25	0		22.41	
			24		22.06	
			49		22.98	
	50	0		22.98		
	16QAM	1	0		22.14	
			24		22.97	
			49		22.92	
		25	0		22.14	
			24		22.03	
			49		22.20	
		50	0		22.01	

12. Maximum Tune-up Limit

WCDMA			
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)		
	FDD Band II	FDD Band IV	FDD Band V
AMR 12.2Kbps	24.50	24.50	24.00
RMC 12.2Kbps	24.50	24.50	24.00
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.00	23.50	23.00
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.50	23.00	22.50
HSDPA Subtest-3	22.50	23.00	22.50
HSDPA Subtest-4	22.50	23.00	22.50
HSUPA Subtest-1	23.00	23.00	22.50
HSUPA Subtest-2	22.50	22.50	21.50
HSUPA Subtest-3	22.00	22.50	21.50
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.50	23.00	22.00
HSUPA Subtest-5	23.00	23.50	23.00

LTE				
Fequency Band	Band-width(MHz)	Modulation	RB allocation	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)
FDD Band 2	1.4	QPSK	1	24.00
			3	24.00
			6	23.00
		16QAM	1	23.50
			3	23.00
			6	22.00
	3	QPSK	1	24.00
			8	22.50
			15	22.50
		16QAM	1	23.00
			8	22.00
			15	21.50
	5	QPSK	1	24.00
			12	22.50
			25	22.50
		16QAM	1	23.00
			12	21.50
			25	22.00
	10	QPSK	1	24.00
			25	23.00
			50	22.50
		16QAM	1	23.00
			25	21.50
			50	21.50
	15	QPSK	1	24.00
			38	23.00
			75	22.50
		16QAM	1	23.00
			38	23.00
			75	22.00
20	QPSK	1	24.00	
		50	22.50	
		100	22.50	
	16QAM	1	23.50	
		50	22.00	
		100	21.50	

LTE				
Fequency Band	Band-width(MHz)	Modulation	RB allocation	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)
FDD Band 4	1.4	QPSK	1	23.50
			3	23.50
			6	22.50
		16QAM	1	22.50
			3	22.50
			6	21.50
	3	QPSK	1	23.50
			8	22.50
			15	22.50
		16QAM	1	22.50
			8	21.50
			15	21.50
	5	QPSK	1	23.50
			12	22.50
			25	22.50
		16QAM	1	22.50
			12	21.50
			25	21.50
	10	QPSK	1	23.50
			25	22.50
			50	22.50
		16QAM	1	23.00
			25	21.50
			50	21.50
	15	QPSK	1	23.50
			38	22.50
			75	22.50
		16QAM	1	22.50
			38	22.50
			75	21.50
20	QPSK	1	24.00	
		50	22.50	
		100	22.50	
	16QAM	1	23.00	
		50	21.50	
		100	21.50	

LTE				
Fequency Band	Band-width(MHz)	Modulation	RB allocation	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)
FDD Band 5	1.4	QPSK	1	24.00
			3	23.50
			6	22.50
		16QAM	1	23.00
			3	22.50
			6	21.50
	3	QPSK	1	23.00
			8	22.50
			15	22.50
		16QAM	1	22.50
			8	22.00
			15	21.50
	5	QPSK	1	23.50
			12	22.50
			25	22.50
		16QAM	1	22.50
			12	21.50
			25	21.50
	10	QPSK	1	23.50
			25	22.50
			50	22.50
16QAM		1	23.00	
		25	21.50	
		50	21.50	

LTE				
Fequency Band	Band-width(MHz)	Modulation	RB allocation	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)
FDD Band 12	1.4	QPSK	1	24.00
			3	23.50
			6	22.50
		16QAM	1	23.00
			3	23.00
			6	22.00
	3	QPSK	1	24.00
			8	23.00
			15	22.50
		16QAM	1	23.00
			8	22.00
			15	22.00
	5	QPSK	1	24.00
			12	23.00
			25	22.50
		16QAM	1	23.00
			12	22.00
			25	22.00
	10	QPSK	1	24.00
			25	23.00
			50	22.50
16QAM		1	23.00	
		25	22.00	
		50	22.00	

LTE				
Fequency Band	Band-width(MHz)	Modulation	RB allocation	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)
FDD Band 13	5	QPSK	1	23.50
			12	22.50
			25	22.50
		16QAM	1	22.50
			12	21.50
			25	21.50
	10	QPSK	1	23.50
			25	22.50
			50	22.50
		16QAM	1	22.50
			25	21.50
			50	21.50

LTE				
Fequency Band	Band-width(MHz)	Modulation	RB allocation	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)
FDD Band 14	5	QPSK	1	24.50
			12	23.50
			25	23.00
		16QAM	1	23.50
			12	22.50
			25	22.50
	10	QPSK	1	23.00
			25	23.00
			50	23.00
		16QAM	1	23.00
			25	22.50
			50	22.50

13. Measured and Reported SAR Results

SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

- Reported SAR(W/kg) for WWAN = Measured SAR *Tune-up Scaling Factor
- Duty Cycle scaling factor = 1 / Duty cycle (%)

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure:

When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

W-CDMA Guidance

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC (Head) and other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC (Body-Worn Accessory) as the primary mode.

SAR measurement is not required for the HSDPA, HSUPA, DC-HSDPA and HSPA+. When primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg and secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode

KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices:

SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria:

- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, testing for other Channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel.
- Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High Channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are > 0.8 W/kg. Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation < 1.45 W/kg.
- Testing for 16-QAM and 64-QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is < 1.45 W/Kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of QPSK.
- Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is < 1.45 W/Kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of the highest channel bandwidth.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

13.1. Head SAR

WCDMA Band II										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
RMC 12.2K	Front	9262	1852.4	24.00	24.50	1.122	-	-	-	-
		9400	1880	24.13	24.50	1.089	-	-	-	-
		9538	1907.6	24.15	24.50	1.084	-0.15	0.127	0.138	1

WCDMA Band IV										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
RMC 12.2K	Front	1312	1712.4	24.08	24.50	1.102	-	-	-	-
		1413	1732.6	24.34	24.50	1.038	-	-	-	-
		1513	1752.6	24.40	24.50	1.023	0.19	0.145	0.148	3

WCDMA Band V										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
RMC 12.2K	Front	4132	826.4	23.57	24.00	1.104	-	-	-	-
		4183	836.6	23.50	24.00	1.122	-	-	-	-
		4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	0.11	0.221	0.237	5

LTE Band 2										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
20M QPSK 1RB	Front	18700	1860	23.74	24.00	1.062	-0.01	0.183	0.194	7
		18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	-	-	-	-
		19100	1900	23.71	24.00	1.069	-	-	-	-
20M QPSK 50RB	Front	18700	1860	22.21	22.50	1.069	-	-	-	-
		18900	1880	22.48	22.50	1.005	-0.13	0.178	0.179	-
		19100	1900	22.31	22.50	1.045	-	-	-	-

LTE Band 4										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
20M QPSK 1RB	Front	20050	1720	22.95	24.00	1.274	-	-	-	-
		20175	1732.5	23.04	24.00	1.247	-	-	-	-
		20300	1745	23.51	24.00	1.119	0.16	0.180	0.201	9
20M QPSK 50RB	Front	20050	1720	22.08	22.50	1.102	-	-	-	-
		20175	1732.5	22.10	22.50	1.096	-	-	-	-
		20300	1745	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.03	0.176	0.186	-

LTE Band 5										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
10M QPSK 1RB	Front	20450	829	23.12	23.50	1.091	-	-	-	-
		20525	836.5	22.97	23.50	1.130	-	-	-	-
		20600	844	23.30	23.50	1.047	0.01	0.317	0.332	11
10M QPSK 25RB	Front	20450	829	22.20	22.50	1.072	-	-	-	-
		20525	836.5	22.20	22.50	1.072	-	-	-	-
		20600	844	22.35	22.50	1.035	-0.06	0.308	0.319	-

LTE Band 12										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
10M QPSK 1RB	Front	23060	704	23.86	24.00	1.033	-0.08	0.054	0.056	13
		23095	707.5	23.53	24.00	1.114	-	-	-	-
		23130	711	23.46	24.00	1.132	-	-	-	-
10M QPSK 25RB	Front	23060	704	22.52	23.00	1.117	0.12	0.048	0.054	-
		23095	707.5	22.47	23.00	1.130	-	-	-	-
		23130	711	22.32	23.00	1.169	-	-	-	-

LTE Band 13										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
10M QPSK 1RB	Front	23230	782	23.34	23.50	1.038	0.18	0.337	0.350	15
10M QPSK 25RB	Front	23230	782	22.36	22.50	1.033	0.06	0.318	0.328	-

LTE Band 14										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
10M QPSK 1RB	Front	23330	793	22.74	23.00	1.062	-0.01	0.380	0.403	17
10M QPSK 25RB	Front	23330	793	22.98	23.00	1.005	-0.06	0.369	0.371	-

13.2. Body SAR

WCDMA Band II										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	9262	1852.4	24.00	24.50	1.122	-	-	-	-
		9400	1880	24.13	24.50	1.089	-	-	-	-
		9538	1907.6	24.15	24.50	1.084	0.12	0.320	0.347	2
	Rear	9262	1852.4	24.00	24.50	1.122	-	-	-	-
		9400	1880	24.13	24.50	1.089	-	-	-	-
		9538	1907.6	24.15	24.50	1.084	0.10	0.291	0.315	-
	Rear (With Belt clip)	9262	1852.4	24.00	24.50	1.122	-	-	-	-
		9400	1880	24.13	24.50	1.089	-	-	-	-
		9538	1907.6	24.15	24.50	1.084	-0.16	0.183	0.198	-

WCDMA Band IV										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1312	1712.4	24.08	24.50	1.102	-	-	-	-
		1413	1732.6	24.34	24.50	1.038	-	-	-	-
		1513	1752.6	24.40	24.50	1.023	-0.17	0.369	0.378	4
	Rear	1312	1712.4	24.08	24.50	1.102	-	-	-	-
		1413	1732.6	24.34	24.50	1.038	-	-	-	-
		1513	1752.6	24.40	24.50	1.023	0.08	0.328	0.336	-
	Rear (With Belt clip)	1312	1712.4	24.08	24.50	1.102	-	-	-	-
		1413	1732.6	24.34	24.50	1.038	-	-	-	-
		1513	1752.6	24.40	24.50	1.023	-0.11	0.206	0.211	-

WCDMA Band V										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	4132	826.4	23.57	24.00	1.104	-	-	-	-
		4183	836.6	23.50	24.00	1.122	-	-	-	-
		4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	-0.04	0.432	0.463	-
	Rear	4132	826.4	23.57	24.00	1.104	-	-	-	-
		4183	836.6	23.50	24.00	1.122	-	-	-	-
		4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	0.11	0.475	0.509	6
	Rear (With Belt clip)	4132	826.4	23.57	24.00	1.104	-	-	-	-
		4183	836.6	23.50	24.00	1.122	-	-	-	-
		4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	0.11	0.316	0.339	-

LTE Band 2										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
20M QPSK 1RB	Front	18700	1860	23.74	24.00	1.062	0.08	0.477	0.506	8
		18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	-	-	-	-
		19100	1900	23.71	24.00	1.069	-	-	-	-
	Rear	18700	1860	23.74	24.00	1.062	0.02	0.458	0.486	-
		18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	-	-	-	-
		19100	1900	23.71	24.00	1.069	-	-	-	-
	Rear (With Belt clip)	18700	1860	23.74	24.00	1.062	-0.09	0.267	0.283	-
		18900	1880	23.64	24.00	1.086	-	-	-	-
		19100	1900	23.71	24.00	1.069	-	-	-	-
20M QPSK 50RB	Front	18700	1860	22.21	22.50	1.069	-	-	-	-
		18900	1880	22.48	22.50	1.005	0.14	0.462	0.464	-
		19100	1900	22.31	22.50	1.045	-	-	-	-
	Rear	18700	1860	22.21	22.50	1.069	-	-	-	-
		18900	1880	22.48	22.50	1.005	0.05	0.447	0.449	-
		19100	1900	22.31	22.50	1.045	-	-	-	-
	Rear (With Belt clip)	18700	1860	22.21	22.50	1.069	-	-	-	-
		18900	1880	22.48	22.50	1.005	-0.07	0.251	0.252	-
		19100	1900	22.31	22.50	1.045	-	-	-	-

LTE Band 4										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
20M QPSK 1RB	Front	20050	1720	22.95	24.00	1.274	-	-	-	-
		20175	1732.5	23.04	24.00	1.247	-	-	-	-
		20300	1745	23.51	24.00	1.119	-0.12	0.477	0.534	10
	Rear	20050	1720	22.95	24.00	1.274	-	-	-	-
		20175	1732.5	23.04	24.00	1.247	-	-	-	-
		20300	1745	23.51	24.00	1.119	-0.07	0.454	0.508	-
	Rear (With Belt clip)	20050	1720	22.95	24.00	1.274	-	-	-	-
		20175	1732.5	23.04	24.00	1.247	-	-	-	-
		20300	1745	23.51	24.00	1.119	0.11	0.223	0.250	-
20M QPSK 50RB	Front	20050	1720	22.08	22.50	1.102	-	-	-	-
		20175	1732.5	22.10	22.50	1.096	-	-	-	-
		20300	1745	22.26	22.50	1.057	-0.18	0.468	0.495	-
	Rear	20050	1720	22.08	22.50	1.102	-	-	-	-
		20175	1732.5	22.10	22.50	1.096	-	-	-	-
		20300	1745	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.13	0.441	0.466	-
	Rear (With Belt clip)	20050	1720	22.08	22.50	1.102	-	-	-	-
		20175	1732.5	22.10	22.50	1.096	-	-	-	-
		20300	1745	22.26	22.50	1.057	0.05	0.215	0.227	-

LTE Band 5										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
10M QPSK 1RB	Front	20450	829	23.12	23.50	1.091	-	-	-	-
		20525	836.5	22.97	23.50	1.130	-	-	-	-
		20600	844	23.30	23.50	1.047	0.08	0.644	0.674	-
	Rear	20450	829	23.12	23.50	1.091	-	-	-	-
		20525	836.5	22.97	23.50	1.130	-	-	-	-
		20600	844	23.30	23.50	1.047	0.14	0.666	0.697	12
	Rear (With Belt clip)	20450	829	23.12	23.50	1.091	-	-	-	-
		20525	836.5	22.97	23.50	1.130	-	-	-	-
		20600	844	23.30	23.50	1.047	-0.12	0.426	0.446	-
10M QPSK 25RB	Front	20450	829	22.20	22.50	1.072	-	-	-	-
		20525	836.5	22.20	22.50	1.072	-	-	-	-
		20600	844	22.35	22.50	1.035	0.13	0.628	0.650	-
	Rear	20450	829	22.20	22.50	1.072	-	-	-	-
		20525	836.5	22.20	22.50	1.072	-	-	-	-
		20600	844	22.35	22.50	1.035	-0.05	0.643	0.666	-
	Rear (With Belt clip)	20450	829	22.20	22.50	1.072	-	-	-	-
		20525	836.5	22.20	22.50	1.072	-	-	-	-
		20600	844	22.35	22.50	1.035	-0.10	0.403	0.417	-

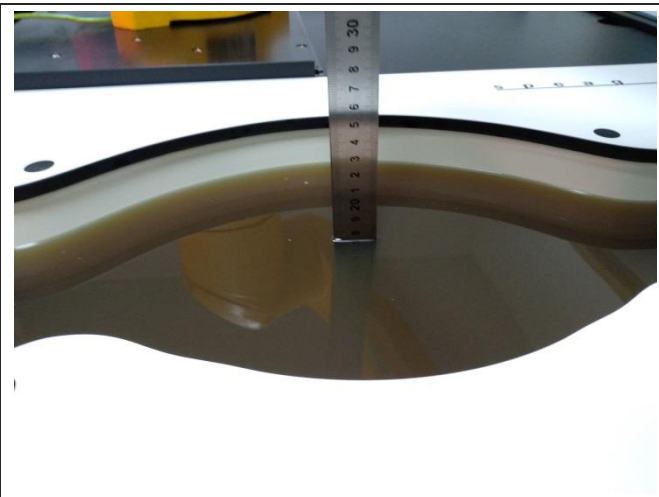
LTE Band 12										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
10M QPSK 1RB	Front	23060	704	23.86	24.00	1.033	-0.11	0.109	0.113	-
		23095	707.5	23.53	24.00	1.114	-	-	-	-
		23130	711	23.46	24.00	1.132	-	-	-	-
	Rear	23060	704	23.86	24.00	1.033	-0.08	0.111	0.115	14
		23095	707.5	23.53	24.00	1.114	-	-	-	-
		23130	711	23.46	24.00	1.132	-	-	-	-
	Rear (With Belt clip)	23060	704	23.86	24.00	1.033	0.14	0.082	0.085	-
		23095	707.5	23.53	24.00	1.114	-	-	-	-
		23130	711	23.46	24.00	1.132	-	-	-	-
10M QPSK 25RB	Front	23060	704	22.52	23.00	1.117	-0.09	0.100	0.112	-
		23095	707.5	22.47	23.00	1.130	-	-	-	-
		23130	711	22.32	23.00	1.169	-	-	-	-
	Rear	23060	704	22.52	23.00	1.117	0.02	0.102	0.114	-
		23095	707.5	22.47	23.00	1.130	-	-	-	-
		23130	711	22.32	23.00	1.169	-	-	-	-
	Rear (With Belt clip)	23060	704	22.52	23.00	1.117	0.19	0.074	0.083	-
		23095	707.5	22.47	23.00	1.130	-	-	-	-
		23130	711	22.32	23.00	1.169	-	-	-	-

LTE Band 13										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
10M QPSK 1RB	Front	23230	782	23.34	23.50	1.038	-0.07	0.594	0.616	-
	Rear	23230	782	23.34	23.50	1.038	0.09	0.605	0.628	16
	Rear (With Belt clip)	23230	782	23.34	23.50	1.038	0.16	0.426	0.442	-
10M QPSK 25RB	Front	23230	782	22.36	22.50	1.033	-0.14	0.577	0.596	-
	Rear	23230	782	22.36	22.50	1.033	-0.05	0.582	0.601	-
	Rear (With Belt clip)	23230	782	22.36	22.50	1.033	-0.11	0.404	0.417	-

LTE Band 14										
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
		CH	MHz							
10M QPSK 1RB	Front	23330	793	22.74	23.00	1.062	-0.04	0.685	0.727	-
	Rear	23330	793	22.74	23.00	1.062	-0.15	0.700	0.743	18
	Rear (With Belt clip)	23330	793	22.74	23.00	1.062	0.17	0.520	0.552	-
10M QPSK 25RB	Front	23330	793	22.98	23.00	1.005	-0.10	0.663	0.666	-
	Rear	23330	793	22.98	23.00	1.005	-0.02	0.680	0.683	-
	Rear (With Belt clip)	23330	793	22.98	23.00	1.005	0.08	0.500	0.502	-

SAR Test Data Plots to the Appendix A.

14. TestSetup Photos



Liquid depth in the Body phantom



Front-of-face(25mm)



Body Front(10mm)



Body Rear(10mm)



Body Rear(0mm)- With Belt clip

15. External and Internal Photos of the EUT

Please reference to the report No.: CHTEW20090091

-----*End of Report*-----