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TEST REPORT

Report Reference No.....:: TRE18100027 R/C..... 42055

FCC ID.....: Q5EDSJH9

Applicant's name.....: Shenzhen Kirisun Communications Co.,Ltd.

Address.....: 3rd Floor, Building A, Tongfang Information Habour, No.11

Langshan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen 518057, P.R.China

Manufacturer....: Shenzhen Kirisun Communications Co.,Ltd.

Address....: 3rd Floor, Building A, Tongfang Information Habour, No.11

Langshan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen 518057, P.R.China

Test item description: **Body Worn Camera**

KIRISUN Trade Mark:

Model/Type reference....: DSJ-H9

Listed Model(s): DSJ-H9s,DSJ-H9x,DSJ-E9,DSJ-G9,DSJ-I9,DSJ-J9,DSJ-K9,DSJ-

FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093 Standard::

IEEE 1528: 2013

Date of receipt of test sample..... Oct.09,2018

Date of testing.....: Oct.10,2018-Oct.18,2018

Date of issue..... Oct.22,2018

Result....: **PASS**

Compiled by Xiaodong Zheo

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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

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1. Test Standards and Report version

1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

<u>KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02:</u> RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

<u>KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06:</u> Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02: SAR Measurement Proceduresfor802.11 a/b/g Transmitters

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

1.2. Report version

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2018-10-22	Original

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2. Summary

2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	Shenzhen Kirisun Communications Co.,Ltd.
Address:	3rd Floor, Building A, Tongfang Information Habour, No.11 Langshan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen 518057, P.R.China
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Kirisun Communications Co.,Ltd.
Address:	3rd Floor, Building A, Tongfang Information Habour, No.11 Langshan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen 518057, P.R.China

2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT:	Body Worn Camera								
Trade Mark:	KIRISUN								
Model No.:	DSJ-H9								
Listed Model(s):	DSJ-H9s,DSJ-H9x,I	DSJ-E9,DSJ-G9,D	SJ-19,DSJ-J9,DSJ-	K9,DSJ-M9					
Power supply:	DC 3.7V								
Device Category:	Portable								
Product stage:	Production unit								
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population/	Uncontrolled							
Hardware version:	V4.0								
Software version:	V67								
Device Dimension:	Overall (Length x W	idth x Thickness):	100 x 64 x 25mm						
Maximum SAR Value									
Separation Distance:	Front-of-face:	25mm							
	Body:	5mm							
	Body(back splint):	0mm							
Max Report SAR Value (1g):	Test location:	PCB	DTS	Simultaneous Tx					
	Front-of-face:	0.109 W/kg	0.099 W/kg	0.208 W/kg					
	Body:	0.759 W/kg	0.097 W/kg	0.856 W/kg					
GSM									
Support Network:	GSM,GPRS								
Support Band:	GSM850,PCS1900								
Modulation Type:	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS	S:GMSK							
	EGPRS:8PSK								
GPRS Multislot Class:	12								
EGPRS Multislot Class:	12								
Antenna type:	PIFA								
WCDMA									
Operation Band:	WCDMA Band II,W	CDMA Band V							
Power Class:	Power Class 3								
Modulation Type:	QPSK								
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported								
Antenna type: PIFA									

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WIFI 2.4G	
Supported type:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20)/802.11n(HT40)
Modulation Type:	DSSS for 802.11b
	OFDM for 802.11g/802.11n(HT20)/802.11n(HT40)
Operation frequency:	2412MHz~2462MHz
Channel number:	11
Channel separation:	5MHz
Antenna type:	Ceramic
Bluetooth	
Version:	Supported BT4.1+EDR
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	Ceramic
Bluetooth-BLE	
Version:	Supported BT4.1+BLE
Modulation:	GFSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	40
Channel separation:	2MHz
Antenna type:	Ceramic
Remark:	•

^{1.} The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform

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3. Test Environment

3.1. Test laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

3.2. Test Facility

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No.: 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

FCC-Registration No.: 762235

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 762235.

IC-Registration No.: 5377B-1

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377B-1.

ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Ambient temperature	18 °C to 25 °C
Ambient humidity	30%RH to 70%RH
Air Pressure	950-1050mbar

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4. Equipments Used during the Test

T .F .			0 : 11	Calibration			
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Last Cal.		
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1549	2018/04/25	2019/04/24		
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7494	2018/02/26	2019/02/25		
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d238	2018/02/19	2021/02/18		
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d226	2018/02/22	2021/02/21		
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1009	2018/02/05	2021/02/04		
Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1267	2018/03/01	2019/02/28		
Network analyzer	Keysight	E5071C	MY46733048	2018/09/19	2019/09/18		
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMW500	137681	2018/07/11	2019/07/10		
Signal Generator	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	SMB100A	175248	2018/08/31	2019/08/30		
Power meter	Agilent	N1914A	MY52090010	2018/03/22	2019/03/21		
Power sensor	Agilent	E9304A	MY52140008	2018/03/22	2019/03/21		
Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY54470001	2018/03/22	2019/03/21		
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZHL-42W	QA1202003	2017/11/27	2018/11/26		
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	772D	MY46151257	2018/03/22	2019/03/21		
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	MY48220612	2018/03/22	2019/03/21		
Attenuator	MCL	BW-S10W5+	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Attenuator	MCL	BW-S10W5+	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Attenuator	MCL	BW-S10W5+	N/A	N/A	N/A		

Note:

^{1.} The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix B and C.

^{2.} Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justificatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

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5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be \leq 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

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6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

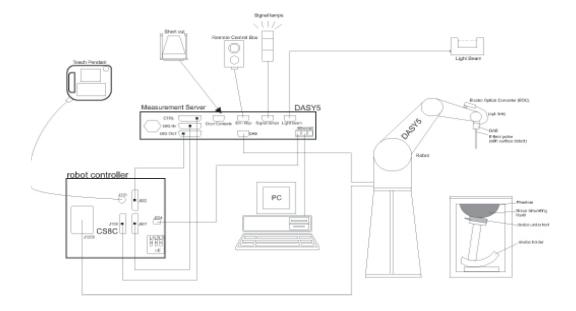
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 4 MHz to 10 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 10 μ W/g to > 100 W/kg;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

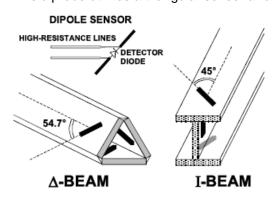
Compatibility DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



• Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



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6.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

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7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. \pm 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above \pm 0.1mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within \pm 30°.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- · boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space.

They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

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Table 1: Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

		•	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of p		measurement point rs) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \hat{\delta} \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the i			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum area scan s	patial resol	ution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [W/kg], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: Sensitivity: Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

> Conversion factor: ConvFi

Diode compression point: Dcpi

Device parameters: Frequency:

Crest factor: cf Conductivity: σ

Media parameters: Density: ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) cf: dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:
$$E-\mathrm{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – field
probes :
$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z) Vi: Normi: sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z),

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF: sensitivity enhancement in solution

sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes aij:

f: carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m Hi: magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m Report No: TRE18100027 Page: 15 of 44 Issued: 2018-10-22

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.
$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR: local specific absorption rate in W/kg

Etot: total field strength in V/m

conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3 ρ:

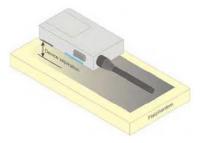
Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

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8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

8.1. Ftont-of-face

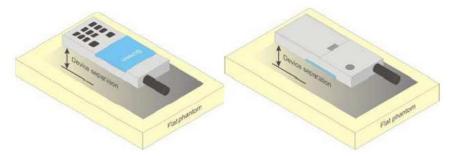
A typical example of a front-of-face device is a two-way radio that is held at a distance from the face of the user when transmitting. In these cases the device under test shall be positioned at the distance to the phantom surface that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. If the intended use is not specified, a separation distance of 25 mm between the phantom surface and the device shall be used.





8.2. Body Position

Devices that support transmission while used with body-worn accessories must be tested for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps or without requiring additional body-worn accessories must be tested for SAR compliance using a conservative minimum test separation distance ≤ 5 mm to support compliance.



Picture 4 Test positions for body-worn devices

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9. System Check

9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case. It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms									
Target Frequency Head Body									
(MHz)	εr	σ(s/m)	εr	σ(s/m)					
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97					
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52					
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95					

Check Result:

Oncor recour.												
	Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid											
Frequency	ει		σ(s/m)		Delta	Delta		Temp				
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(ɛr)	(σ)	Limit	(℃)	Date			
835	41.50	42.50	0.90	0.93	2.41%	3.56%	±5%	21.5	2018-10-11			
1900	40.00	41.67	1.40	1.47	4.16%	4.71%	±5%	21.5	2018-10-15			
2450	39.20	40.96	1.80	1.84	4.48%	2.11%	±5%	21.5	2018-10-12			

Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid											
Frequency	εr		σ(s/m)		Delta	Delta	129	Temp	_		
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(ɛr)	(σ)	Limit	(℃)	Date		
835	55.20	55.40	0.97	0.97	0.36%	-0.41%	±5%	21.5	2018-10-12		
1900	53.30	53.72	1.52	1.55	0.79%	1.97%	±5%	21.5	2018-10-16		
2450	52.70	53.03	1.95	2.00	0.63%	2.56%	±5%	21.5	2018-10-12		

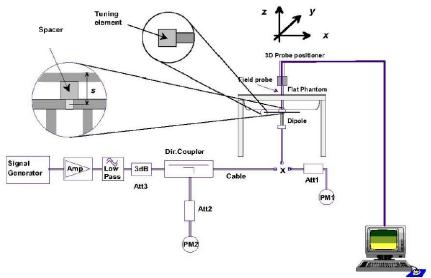
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9.2. SAR System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10%).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



System Performance Check Setup



Photo of Dipole Setup

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Check Result:

Head												
Frequency	1g SAR			10g SAR			Delta	Delta		Temp		
(MHz)	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	(1g)	(10g)	Limit	(℃)	Date	
835	9.51	9.92	2.48	6.15	6.52	1.63	4.31%	6.02%	±10%	21.5	2018-10-11	
1900	40.30	41.60	10.40	21.10	21.68	5.42	3.23%	2.75%	±10%	21.5	2018-10-15	
2450	51.50	50.40	12.60	24.10	23.44	5.86	-2.14%	-2.74%	±10%	21.5	2018-10-12	

	Body										
Frequency	1g SAR			10g SAR		Delta	Delta		Temp		
(MHz)	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	(1g)		Limit	(℃)	Date
835	9.64	10.08	2.52	6.32	6.64	1.66	4.56%	5.06%	±10%	21.5	2018-10-12
1900	39.80	41.60	10.40	20.90	21.68	5.42	4.52%	3.73%	±10%	21.5	2018-10-16
2450	49.40	50.00	12.50	23.30	23.32	5.83	1.21%	0.09%	±10%	21.5	2018-10-12

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Plots of System Performance Check

System Performance Check-Head 835MHz

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d238

Date: 2018-10-11

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.932 S/m; ϵ_r = 42.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7494; ConvF(10.73, 10.73, 10.73); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1947
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.51 W/kg

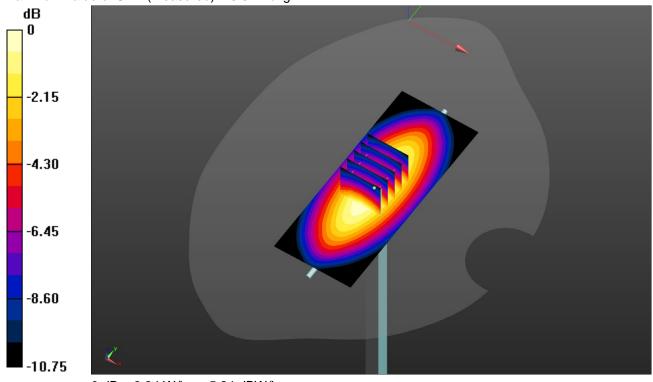
Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 66.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.78 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.34 W/kg



0 dB = 3.34 W/kg = 5.24 dBW/kg

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System Performance Check-Body 835MHz

DUT: D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d238

Date: 2018-10-12

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.966 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.403$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(10.5, 10.5, 10.5); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Body/d=15mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.40 W/kg

Body/d=15mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

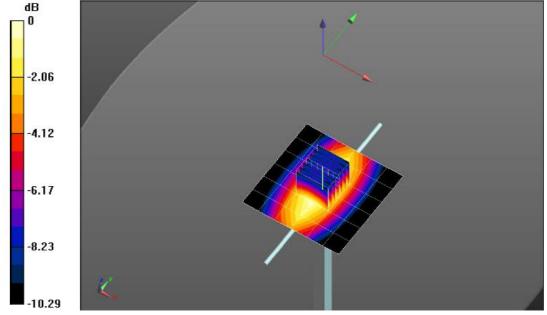
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 61.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.66 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.44 W/kg



0 dB = 1.27 W/kg = 1.04 dBW/kg

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System Performance Check-Head 1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d226

Date:2018-10-15

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.466 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.665$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.83, 8.83, 8.83); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018

Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1947

DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 17.1 W/kg

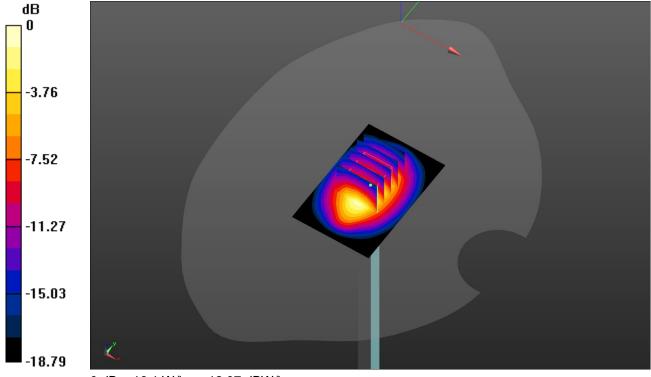
Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 112.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.1 W/kg



0 dB = 16.1 W/kg = 12.07 dBW/kg

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System Performance Check-Body 1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d226

Date:2018-10-16

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.553 S/m; ε_r = 53.719; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.42, 8.42, 8.42); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018

Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2078

DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Body/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm,

dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.4 W/kg

Body/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

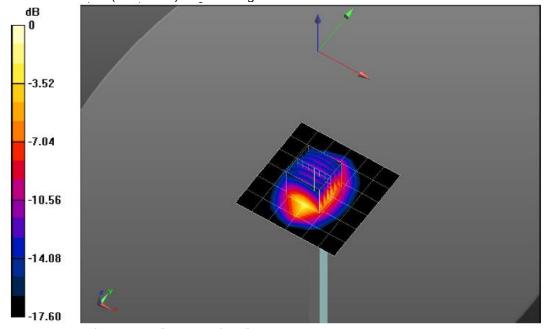
dv=8mm. dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



0 dB = 5.54 W/kg = 7.44 dBW/kg

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SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 1009

Date:2018-10-12

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.838 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 40.956$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.27, 8.27, 8.27); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0; Type: QD 000 P41 AA; Serial: 1947
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (41x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm,

dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.1 W/kg

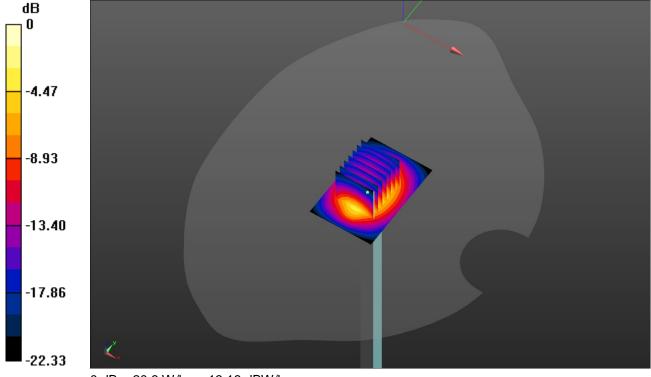
Head/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 110.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.86 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



0 dB = 20.8 W/kg = 13.18 dBW/kg

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SystemPerformanceCheck-Body 2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 1009

Date:2018-10-12

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53.03$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08); Calibrated: 2/26/2018;

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018

Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2078

DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Body/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm,

dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.1 W/kg

Body/d=10mm,Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

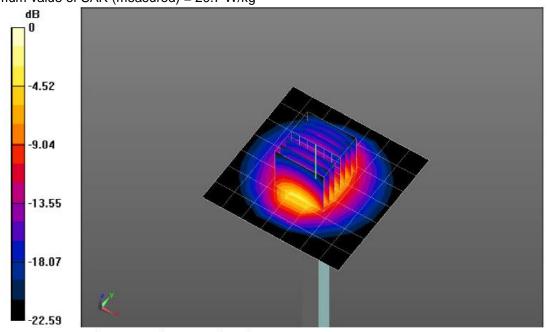
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.83 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg



0 dB = 7.47 W/kg = 8.73 dBW/kg

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10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

	Limit (W/kg)				
Type Exposure	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment			
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6	8.0			
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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11. Conducted Power Measurement Results

GSM Conducted Power

1. Per KDB 447498 D01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and further SAR test reduction

- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and Bodyworn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS modes is determined by the source-base time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (3Tx slots) for PCS1900.
- Per KDB941225 D01, for hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS modes is determined by the sourcebased time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (3Tx slots) for PCS1900.

		Burst A	verage Powe	er (dBm)		Frame-A	verage Pow	er (dBm)
Mode: GSM850		CH128	CH190	CH251	Division Factors	CH128	CH190	CH251
			836.6MHz	848.8MHz	1 401013	824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz
G:	SM	32.43	32.41	32.41	-9.03	23.40	23.38	23.38
	1TXslot	32.28	32.27	32.27	-9.03	23.25	23.24	23.24
GPRS	2TXslots	31.85	31.87	31.92	-6.02	25.83	25.85	25.90
(GMSK)	3TXslots	30.39	30.62	30.81	-4.26	26.13	26.36	26.55
	4TXslots	29.07	29.15	29.22	-3.01	26.06	26.14	26.21
	1TXslot	25.11	25.78	25.62	-9.03	16.08	16.75	16.59
EGPRS	2TXslots	23.33	24.96	23.96	-6.02	17.31	18.94	17.94
(8PSK)	3TXslots	22.84	22.81	22.25	-4.26	18.58	18.55	17.99
	4TXslots	21.56	21.74	21.72	-3.01	18.55	18.73	18.71
		Burst A	verage Powe	er (dBm)	5	Frame-Average Power (dBm)		
Mode: F	PCS1900	CH512	CH661	CH810	Division Factors	CH512	CH661	CH810
		1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz	1 401013	1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz
G:	SM	27.81	28.08	27.95	-9.03	18.78	19.05	18.92
	1TXslot	27.83	28.10	27.97	-9.03	18.80	19.07	18.94
GPRS	2TXslots	27.28	27.54	27.42	-6.02	21.26	21.52	21.40
(GMSK)	3TXslots	25.79	26.04	25.92	-4.26	21.53	21.78	21.66
	4TXslots	24.36	24.59	24.48	-3.01	21.35	21.58	21.47
	1TXslot	23.19	23.41	23.31	-9.03	14.16	14.38	14.28
EGPRS	2TXslots	21.94	22.15	22.05	-6.02	15.92	16.13	16.03
(8PSK)	3TXslots	20.08	20.27	20.18	-4.26	15.82	16.01	15.92
	4TXslots	19.42	19.61	19.52	-3.01	16.41	16.60	16.51

Note:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

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WCDMA Conducted Power

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode to determine SAR test exclusion

A summary of thest setting are illustrated belowe:

HSDPA Setup Configureation:

- The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
 - Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, Quoted from the TS 34.121
 - ii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode
 - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
 - iv. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - v. Select HSDPA uplink parameters
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI=8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (K) to 4ms
 - ix. Set CQI repetition factor to 2
 - x. Power ctrl mode= all up bits
- d) The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βc	βd	βd (SF)	β₀/βd	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.
- Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .
- Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HSDPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configureation:

- a) The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
 - i. Call configs = 5.2b, 5.9b, 5.10b, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set Gain Factors (βc and βd) and parameters (AG index) were set according to each specific subtest in the following table, C11.1.3, Quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
 - iv. Set channel type= 12.2Kbps + HSPA mode
 - v. Set UE Target power
 - vi. Set Ctrl mode=Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal the target E-TFCI of 75 for Sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d) The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

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Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βε	βd	β _d (SF)	β _c /β _d	β _H s (Note1)	βες	β _{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{ks} = 30/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_{\text{c}}/\beta_{\text{d}}$ =12/15, $\beta_{\text{hs}}/\beta_{\text{c}}$ =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_d/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: βed can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

General Note:

- Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotsport / Body-worn Exposure is measured using a 12.2Kbps RMC with TPC bit ocnfigured to all 1s
- Per KDB 941225 D01 RMC12.2Kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and Tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA/HSUPA is ≤ 1/4dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio fo specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC 12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

			/CDMA Band	II	WCDMA Band V			
			ucted Power	(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)			
Mo	de	CH9262	CH9400	CH9538	CH4132	CH4183	CH4233	
		1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	826.4	836.6	846.6	
AMR 1	12.2K	22.11	22.28	21.93	23.10	22.93	23.02	
RMC 1	RMC 12.2K		22.31	21.94	23.13	22.96	23.03	
	Subtest-1	20.94	21.10	20.76	21.99	21.80	21.91	
HSDPA	Subtest-2	20.44	20.59	20.27	21.48	21.26	21.42	
ПООРА	Subtest-3	20.45	20.60	20.28	21.50	21.30	21.44	
	Subtest-4	20.43	20.58	20.26	21.45	21.27	21.42	
	Subtest-1	18.98	19.12	18.82	20.04	19.91	20.00	
	Subtest-2	19.40	19.55	19.24	20.43	20.41	20.37	
HSUPA	Subtest-3	20.00	20.15	19.83	20.95	20.93	20.88	
	Subtest-4	19.00	19.14	18.84	19.97	19.97	19.90	
	Subtest-5	20.95	21.11	20.77	21.93	21.92	21.90	

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WLAN Conducted Power

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n were not investigated since the average putput powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

	WIFI 2.4G							
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)				
000 441	1	2412	16.36	13.96				
802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	16.98	14.49				
TWOPS	11	2462	16.94	14.44				
	1	2412	17.52	13.73				
802.11g 6Mbps	6	2437	18.14	14.17				
Olvibps	11	2462	17.81	13.93				
802.11n	1	2412	17.53	13.37				
(HT20)	6	2437	18.16	13.82				
MCS0	11	2462	17.87	13.60				
802.11n	3	2422	12.64	9.64				
(HT40)	6	2437	12.59	9.58				
MCS0	9	2462	12.62	9.61				

Note: The output power was test all data rate and recorded worst case at recorded data rate.

Bluetooth Conducted Power

	Bluetooth						
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)				
	0	2402	3.92				
GFSK	39	2441	4.13				
	78	2480	2.32				
	0	2402	3.11				
π/4QPSK	39	2441	3.41				
	78	2480	1.66				
	0	2402	3.20				
8DPSK	39	2441	3.50				
	78	2480	1.69				
	0	2402	-4.02				
BLE	19	2440	-3.57				
	39	2480	-4.89				

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12. Maximum Tune-up Limit

	GSM						
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)						
Mode	GSM850	PCS1900					
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	33.00	28.50					
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	33.00	28.50					
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx Slot)	32.00	28.00					
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx Slot)	31.00	26.50					
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx Slot)	29.50	25.00					
EGPRS (8PSK, 1Tx Slot)	26.00	23.50					
EGPRS (8PSK, 2Tx Slot)	25.00	22.50					
EGPRS (8PSK, 3Tx Slot)	23.00	20.50					
EGPRS (8PSK, 4Tx Slot)	22.00	20.00					

	WCDMA						
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)						
iviode	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band V					
AMR 12.2Kbps	22.50	23.50					
RMC 12.2Kbps	22.50	23.50					
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.50	22.00					
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.00	21.50					
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.00	21.50					
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.00	21.50					
HSUPA Subtest-1	19.50	20.50					
HSUPA Subtest-2	20.00	20.50					
HSUPA Subtest-3	20.50	21.00					
HSUPA Subtest-4	19.50	20.00					
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.50	22.00					

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WIFI 2.4G					
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm) Burst Average Power				
802.11b	14.50				
802.11g	14.50				
802.11n(HT20)	14.00				
802.11n(HT40)	10.00				

Bluetooth					
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)				
GFSK	4.20				
π/4QPSK	3.50				
8DPSK	3.50				
BLE	-3.50				

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances ≦50mm are determined by:

[(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR

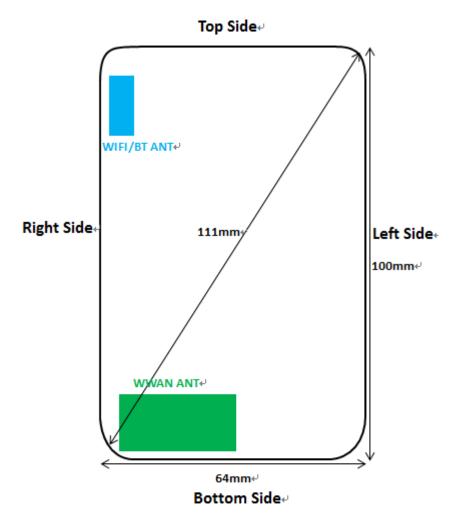
Band/Mode	F(GHz)	Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Exclusion Thresholds
		Front-of-face	25	0.2
Bluetooth	2.45	Body	5	0.8
		Body(back splint)	0	0.8

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is <5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

The test exclusion thereshold is \leq 3, SAR testing is not required.

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13. Antenna Location



Rear View-

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14. SAR Measurement Results

Front-of-face SAR

					GSM850					
Toot	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune	_	Measured	Report	Dist	
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
GPRS		128	824.2	30.39	31.00	1.15	-	-	-	-
(3Tx	Front	190	836.6	30.62	31.00	1.09	-0.19	0.039	0.043	1
slot)		251	848.8	30.81	31.00	1.04	-	-	-	-

					PCS1900)				
Toot	- .	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune	1	Measured	Report	Dist
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
GPRS		512	1850.2	25.79	26.50	1.18	•	•	-	ı
(ЗТх	Front	661	1880.0	26.04	26.50	1.11	0.19	0.074	0.082	3
slot)		810	1909.8	25.92	26.50	1.14	-	-	-	-

	WCDMA Band II											
Test	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune	D	Measured	Report	Plot			
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.		
RMC		9262	1852.4	22.13	22.50	1.09	-	-	-	ı		
12.2K	Front	9400	1880.0	22.31	22.50	1.05	-0.13	0.104	0.109	5		
bps		9538	1907.6	21.94	22.50	1.14	-	-	-	-		

	WCDMA Band V												
Test	T4	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune	D	Measured	Report	Plot			
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.			
RMC		4132	826.4	23.13	23.50	1.09	-	-	-	ı			
12.2K	Front	4183	836.6	22.96	23.50	1.13	-0.06	0.039	0.044	7			
bps		4233	846.6	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	-	-			

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

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					WIFI 2.40	3				
	+ .	Fre	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	1	Measured	Report	Diet
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
802.11		01	2412	13.96	14.50	1.13	ı	ı	ı	ı
b	Front	06	2437	14.49	14.50	1.00	-0.19	0.099	0.099	9
1Mbps		11	2462	14.44	14.50	1.01	-	-	-	-

Note:

- According to the above table, the initial test position for head is "LeftCheek", and its reported SAR is≤
 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because
 the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration
 is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.
- When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
 - a) When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - b) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg,the 802.11g/n is not required.

			WIFI 2.4G- Sca	aled Reported S	AR		
Mode	Test Position	Fre	equency	Actual duty	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled
Mode	Test Position	CH	MHz	factor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)
802.11b 1Mbps	Front	6	2437	100%	100%	0.099	0.099

Note:

1. According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 100% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

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Body SAR

					GSM850					
	Test	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune up	Tune	Dower	Measured	Report	Plot
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.
		128	824.2	30.39	31.00	1.15	-	-	-	1
	Front	190	836.6	30.62	31.00	1.09	0.14	0.226	0.247	•
		251	848.8	30.81	31.00	1.04	-	•	-	•
		128	824.2	30.39	31.00	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Rear	190	836.6	30.62	31.00	1.09	-0.06	0.303	0.331	2
GPRS		251	848.8	30.81	31.00	1.04	-	-	-	-
(3Tx slot)	Front	128	824.2	30.39	31.00	1.15	-	-	-	-
,	(back	190	836.6	30.62	31.00	1.09	0.08	0.047	0.051	-
	splint)	251	848.8	30.81	31.00	1.04	-	-	-	-
	Rear	128	824.2	30.39	31.00	1.15	-	-	-	-
	(back	190	836.6	30.62	31.00	1.09	0.02	0.062	0.068	-
	splint)	251	848.8	30.81	31.00	1.04	-	-	-	-

					PCS1900					
	Test	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune up	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Plot
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.
		512	1850.2	25.79	26.50	1.18	•	•	-	-
	Front	661	1880.0	26.04	26.50	1.11	-0.09	0.446	0.496	-
		810	1909.8	25.92	26.50	1.14	-	-	-	-
		512	1850.2	25.79	26.50	1.18	•	•	-	-
	Rear	661	1880.0	26.04	26.50	1.11	-0.11	0.597	0.664	4
GPRS		810	1909.8	25.92	26.50	1.14	-	1	-	-
(3Tx slot)	Front	512	1850.2	25.79	26.50	1.18	•	•	-	-
,	(back	661	1880.0	26.04	26.50	1.11	0.12	0.092	0.102	-
	splint)	810	1909.8	25.92	26.50	1.14	-	-	-	-
	Rear	512	1850.2	25.79	26.50	1.18	-	-	-	-
	(back	661	1880.0	26.04	26.50	1.11	-0.01	0.121	0.135	
	splint)	810	1909.8	25.92	26.50	1.14	-	-	-	

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

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				WCD	MA Band	d II k				
	Test	Freq	luency	Conducted	Tune	Tune up	Power	Measured	Report	Plot
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.
		9262	1852.4	22.13	22.50	1.09	-	ı	-	ı
	Front	9400	1880.0	22.31	22.50	1.05	-0.15	0.276	0.289	-
		9538	1907.6	21.94	22.50	1.14	-	-	-	-
		9262	1852.4	22.13	22.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
	Rear	9400	1880.0	22.31	22.50	1.05	0.00	0.726	0.759	6
RMC		9538	1907.6	21.94	22.50	1.14	-	-	-	-
12.2Kbps	Front	9262	1852.4	22.13	22.50	1.09	-	ı	-	ı
	(back	9400	1880.0	22.31	22.50	1.05	-0.15	0.107	0.112	ı
	splint)	9538	1907.6	21.94	22.50	1.14	-	ı	-	1
	Rear	9262	1852.4	22.13	22.50	1.09	-	•	-	1
	(back	9400	1880.0	22.31	22.50	1.05	0.14	0.165	0.172	
	splint)	9538	1907.6	21.94	22.50	1.14	-	-	-	

				WCD	MA Band	V E				
	Tool	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Dawar	Measured	Report	Plot
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.
		4132	826.4	23.13	23.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
	Front	4183	836.6	22.96	23.50	1.13	0.14	0.225	0.255	-
		4233	846.6	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	1	
		4132	826.4	23.13	23.50	1.09	-	•	ı	ı
	Rear	4183	836.6	22.96	23.50	1.13	-0.11	0.300	0.340	8
RMC		4233	846.6	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	1	
12.2Kbps	Front	4132	826.4	23.13	23.50	1.09	-	•	ı	ı
	(back	4183	836.6	22.96	23.50	1.13	0.07	0.047	0.053	ı
	splint)	4233	846.6	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	-	
	Rear	4132	826.4	23.13	23.50	1.09	-	-	1	1
	(back	4183	836.6	22.96	23.50	1.13	-0.15	0.061	0.069	
	splint)	4233	846.6	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	-	

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

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				V	VIFI 2.4G					
	T4	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	D	Measured	Report	Plot
F SO2.11b SI	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	No.
		1	2412	13.96	14.50	1.13	-	-	-	-
	Front	6	2437	14.49	14.50	1.00	-0.14	0.075	0.075	-
		11	2462	14.44	14.50	1.01	-	-	-	-
		1	2412	13.96	14.50	1.13	-	-	-	-
	Rear	6	2437	14.49	14.50	1.00	-0.08	0.097	0.097	10
802.11b		11	2462	14.44	14.50	1.01	-	-	-	-
1Mbps	Front	1	2412	13.96	14.50	1.13	-	-	-	-
	(back	6	2437	14.49	14.50	1.00	0.16	0.028	0.028	-
	splint)	11	2462	14.44	14.50	1.01	-	-	-	-
	Rear	1	2412	13.96	14.50	1.13	-	-	-	-
	(back	6	2437	14.49	14.50	1.00	-0.17	0.028	0.028	
Nata	splint)	11	2462	14.44	14.50	1.01	-	-	-	

Note:

According to the above table, the initial test position for body is "Rear", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg.
Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the
reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤
0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.

WIFI 2.4G- Scaled Reported SAR								
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		A atual duty factor	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled SAR	
		CH	MHz	Actual duty factor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)	
	Front	6	2437	100%	100%	0.075	0.075	
	Rear	6	2437	100%	100%	0.097	0.097	
802.11b 1Mbps	Front (back splint)	6	2437	100%	100%	0.028	0.028	
	Rear (back splint)	6	2437	100%	100%	0.028	0.028	

Note:

According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 100% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

SAR Test Data Plots to the Appendix A.

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15. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Note
1	GSM(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	
2	GSM(voice) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes	
3	WCDMA(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	
4	WCDMA(voice) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes	
5	GPRS (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	
6	GPRS (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes	
7	WCDMA (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	
8	WCDMA (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes	

General note:

- 1. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 2. EUT will choose either GSM or WCDMA according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 3. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position
- 4. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below
 - a) [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]W/kg$ for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion
 - c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure position	Front-of-face	Body-worn	Body-worn (back splint)
Max power	Test separation	25mm	5mm	0mm
4.20 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.022	0.110	0.110

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Maximum reported SAR value for Front-of-face

naximam reported extit value for Frence of face							
WWAN PCB + WLAN DTS							
10/10/0	N Dand	Exposure	Max SAF	Summed SAR			
WWAN Band		Position	WWAN PCB	WLAN DTS	(W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.043	0.099	0.142		
	PCS1900	Front	0.082	0.099	0.182		
WCDMA	Band II	Front	0.109	0.099	0.208		
	Band V	Front	0.044	0.099	0.143		

WWAN PCB + Bluetooth							
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAF	Summed SAR			
			WWAN PCB	Bluetooth	(W/kg)		
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.043	0.022	0.065		
GSIVI	PCS1900	Front	0.082	0.022	0.104		
WCDMA	Band II	Front	0.109	0.022	0.131		
	Band V	Front	0.044	0.022	0.066		

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Maximum reported SAR value for Body

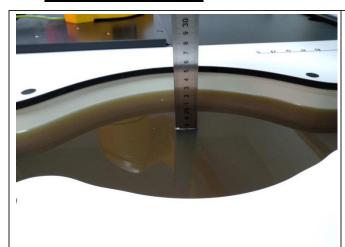
axiiiiaiii i	Maximum reported SAR value for Body WWAN PCB + WLAN DTS							
240444		Exposure	Max SAI	Summed SAR				
VVVA	WWAN Band		WWAN PCB	WLAN DTS	(W/kg)			
		Front	0.247	0.075	0.322			
		Rear	0.331	0.097	0.428			
	GSM850	Front(back splint)	0.051	0.028	0.079			
GSM		Rear(back splint)	0.068	0.028	0.096			
GSIVI	PCS1900	Front	0.496	0.075	0.571			
		Rear	0.664	0.097	0.761			
		Front(back splint)	0.102	0.028	0.130			
		Rear(back splint)	0.135	0.028	0.163			
	Band II	Front	0.289	0.075	0.364			
		Rear	0.759	0.097	0.856			
		Front(back splint)	0.112	0.028	0.140			
WCDMA		Rear(back splint)	0.172	0.028	0.201			
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.255	0.075	0.330			
		Rear	0.340	0.097	0.437			
		Front(back splint)	0.053	0.028	0.081			
		Rear(back splint)	0.069	0.028	0.097			

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	WWAN PCB + Bluetooth							
WWAN Band		Exposure	Max SAI	Summed SAR				
		Position	WWAN PCB	Bluetooth	(W/kg)			
		Front	0.247	0.110	0.357			
		Rear	0.331	0.110	0.441			
	GSM850	Front(back splint)	0.051	0.110	0.161			
		Rear(back splint)	0.068	0.110	0.178			
GSM	PCS1900	Front	0.496	0.110	0.606			
		Rear	0.664	0.110	0.774			
		Front(back splint)	0.102	0.110	0.212			
		Rear(back splint)	0.135	0.110	0.245			
	Band II	Front	0.289	0.110	0.399			
		Rear	0.759	0.110	0.869			
		Front(back splint)	0.112	0.110	0.222			
MODMA		Rear(back splint)	0.172	0.110	0.282			
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.255	0.110	0.365			
		Rear	0.340	0.110	0.450			
		Front(back splint)	0.053	0.110	0.163			
		Rear(back splint)	0.069	0.110	0.179			

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16. TestSetup Photos





Liquid depth in the SAM-Flat phantom

Liquid depth in the ELI phantom



Front-of-face(25mm)



Body-worn Front (5mm)

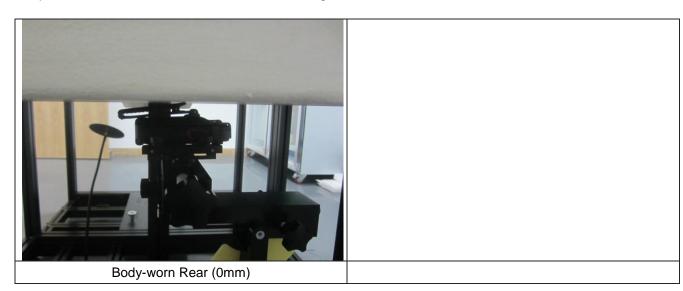


Body-worn Rear (5mm)



Body-worn Front (0mm)

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17. External and Internal Photos of the EUT

Please reference to the report No.: TRE1810002601

-----End of Report-----