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TEST REPORT

Report No....:: CHTEW19030220 Report verification

Project No....:: SHT1901068505EW

FCC ID: Q5EDP58001

Applicant's name: Kirisun Communication Co.,Ltd.

3rd Floor, Building A, Tongfang Information Habour, No.11 Langshan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen 518057, P.R.China Address:

Manufacturer....: Kirisun Communication Co.,Ltd.

3rd Floor, Building A, Tongfang Information Habour, No.11 Address....:

Langshan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen 518057, P.R.China

Test item description....:: **DMR Two Way Radio**

Trade Mark....: KIRISUN

Model/Type reference: DP580-01

Listed Model(s): DP585-01

FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093

IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition Standard::

IEEE 1528: 2013

Date of receipt of test sample.....: Jan. 31, 2019

Date of testing....: Feb. 01, 2019- Feb. 25, 2019

Date of issue....: Mar. 25, 2019

Result **PASS**

Compiled by

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Supervised by

(position+printed name+signature) . : Test Engineer: Xiaodong Zhao Xiaodong Zheo

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Testing Laboratory Name: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd

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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

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1. Test Standards and Report version

1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999 Edition:</u> IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013:</u> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

<u>KDB 643646 D01:SAR Test for PTT Radios v01r03:</u> SAR Test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios

1.2. Report version

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2019-03-25	Original

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2. Summary

2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	Kirisun Communication Co.,Ltd.
Address:	3rd Floor, Building A, Tongfang Information Habour, No.11 Langshan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen 518057, P.R.China
Manufacturer:	Kirisun Communication Co.,Ltd.
Address:	3rd Floor, Building A, Tongfang Information Habour, No.11 Langshan Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen 518057, P.R.China

2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT:	DMR Two Way R	adio					
Trade mark:	KIRISUN						
Model/Type reference:	DP580-01	DP580-01					
Listed model(s):	DP585-01						
Accessories	Belt Clip						
Device Category:	Portable						
Product stage:	Production unit						
RF Exposure Environment:	Occupational/Cor	ntrolled					
Power supply:	DC 7.4V						
Hardware version:	V1.0						
Software version:	V1.2.0.9						
Device Dimension:	` `	Width x Thickness) 158mm(136~151Mh MHz)		2MHz),			
Maximum SAR Value							
Separation Distance:	Front-of-face:	25mm					
Separation distance.	Body:	0mm					
Maximun SAR Value (1g):	Front-of-face:	1.215 W/kg					
Maximum SAR Value (19).	Body:	4.468 W/kg					
PMR							
Operation Frequency Range:	136~174MHz						
Rated Output Power:		5W(36.99dBm)	□ Low Power:	1W(30.00dBm)			
Modulation Type:	Analog:	FM					
	Digital:	4FSK					
Channel Separation:	Analog:		☐ 20kHz	25kHz			
	Digital:	☐ 6.25kHz	⊠ 12.5kHz				
Digital Type:	DMR						
Antenna type:	External						

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Bluetooth	
Version:	Supported BT4.2+EDR
Modulation:	GFSK,π/4QPSK,8DPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	FPC
Bluetooth	
Version:	Supported BT4.2+BLE
Modulation:	GFSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	40
Channel separation:	2MHz
Antenna type:	FPC
Remark:	
The EUT battery must be t	fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power.

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2.3. Test frequency list

When the frequency channels required for SAR testing are not specified, the following should be applied to determine the number of required test channels. The test channels should be evenly spread across the transmission frequency band of each wireless mode.

$$N_c = Round \{ [100(f_{high} - f_{low})/f_c]^{0.5} \times (f_c/100)^{0.2} \},$$

 N_c is the number of test channels, rounded to the nearest integer, $f_{\rm high}$ and $f_{\rm low}$ are the highest and lowest channel frequencies within the transmission band, $f_{\rm c}$ is the mid-band channel frequency, all frequencies are in MHz.

Operation	Test Frequency	
Start Frequency	number	
136	174	5

MadulationTuna	Channel	Test Channel	Test Frequency (MHz)			
ModulationType	Separation	rest Channel	TX	RX		
		CH₁	136.0250	136.0250		
		CH ₂	145.5000	145.5000		
Analog	12.5kHz	CH₃	155.0000 155.0000	155.0000		
		CH ₄ 164.5000 16	164.5000			
		CH ₅	173.9750	173.9750		
		CH₁	136.0250	136.0250		
		CH ₂	145.5000	145.5000		
Digital	12.5kHz	CH₃	164.5000 164.5000 173.9750 173.9750 136.0250 136.0250	155.0000		
		CH₄	164.5000	164.5000		
		CH ₅	173.9750	173.9750		

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3. Test Environment

3.1. Test laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

3.2. Test Facility

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No.: 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

FCC-Registration No.: 762235

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 762235.

IC-Registration No.: 5377B-1

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377B-1.

ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Ambient temperature	18 °C to 25 °C
Ambient humidity	30%RH to 70%RH
Air Pressure	950-1050mbar

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4. Equipments Used during the Test

Used	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. date (YY-MM-DD)	Due date (YY-MM-DD)
•	Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1549	2018/04/25	2019/04/24
•	E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7494	2018/02/26	2019/02/25
0	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	137681	2018/07/11	2019/07/10
● Ti	ssue-equivalent liquids Va	llidation				
0	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1267	N/A	N/A
•	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-12	1130	N/A	N/A
•	Network analyzer	Keysight	E5071C	MY46733048	2018/09/19	2019/09/18
0 S	ystem Validation					
•	System Validation Antenna	SPEAG	CLA-150	4024	2018/02/21	2021/02/20
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D450V3	1102	2018/02/23	2021/02/22
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1180	2018/02/07	2021/02/06
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d238	2018/02/19	2021/02/18
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1164	2018/02/06	2021/02/05
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d226	2018/02/22	2021/02/21
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1009	2018/02/05	2021/02/04
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	1150	2018/02/05	2021/02/04
0	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1273	2018/02/21	2021/02/20
•	Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	114360	2018/08/21	2019/08/20
•	Power Viewer for Windows	R&S	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
•	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101010	2018/08/21	2019/08/20
•	Power sensor	R&S	NRP18A	101011	2018/08/21	2019/08/20
•	Power Amplifier	BONN	BLWA 0160-2M	1811887	2018/11/15	2019/11/14
•	Dual Directional Coupler	Mini-Circuits	ZHDC-10-62-S+	F975001814	2018/11/15	2019/11/14
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-3W2+	1819	2018/11/15	2019/11/14
•	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	VAT-10W2+	1741	2018/11/15	2019/11/14

Note:

^{1.} The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix B and C.

^{2.} Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justificatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

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5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) should be applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be \leq 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

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6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

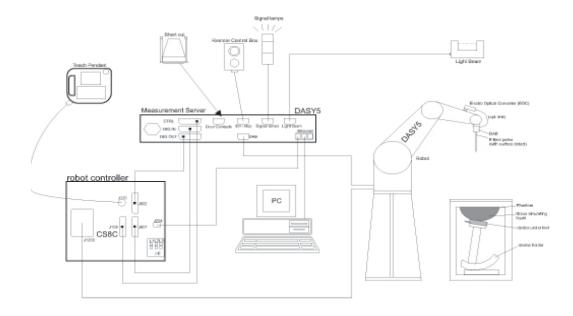
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core

Interleaved sensors

Built-in shielding against static charges

PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

Frequency 10 MHz to 10 GHz;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 10 GHz)

Directivity ± 0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)

 ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g;

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)

Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm

Application General dosimetry up to 10 GHz

Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones

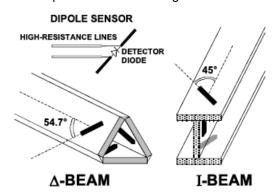
Compatibility DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



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6.3. Phantoms

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI isfully compatible with standard and all known tissuesimulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.



ELI Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

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7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above $\pm 0.1 \text{mm}$). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^{\circ}$.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- · boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space.

They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

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Table 1: Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

able 1: Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01V04						
			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz		
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the i			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°		
			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.			
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}		\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$			
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface graded		Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$		
	grid \[\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1): \] between subsequent \[points \]		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$			
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \ge 22 \text{ mm}$		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: Sensitivity: Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

Conversion factor: ConvFi
Diode compression point: Dcpi

Device parameters: Frequency: f

Crest factor: cf
Conductivity: σ

Media parameters: Conductivity: σ
Density: ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – field
probes :
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$\mbox{H} - \mbox{fieldprobes}: \qquad \ \mbox{H_i} = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2}{f}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z) Normi: sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z),

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF: sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij: sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f: carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi: magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

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The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.
$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

local specific absorption rate in mW/g SAR:

Etot: total field strength in V/m

conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] σ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3 ρ:

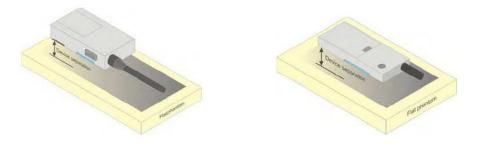
Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

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8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

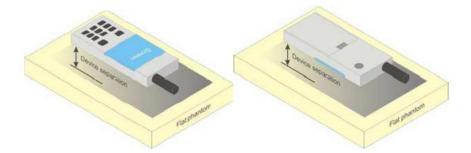
8.1. Front-of-face

A typical example of a front-of-face device is a two-way radio that is held at a distance from the face of the user when transmitting. In these cases the device under test shall be positioned at the distance to the phantom surface that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. If the intended use is not specified, a separation distance of 25 mm between the phantom surface and the device shall be used.



8.2. Body Position

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.



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9. System Check

9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664 D01.

Targets for tissue simulating liquid

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body							
Target Frequency	Target Frequency Head Body						
(MHz)	ε r $\sigma(s/m)$ ε r $\sigma(s/m)$						
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80			

CheckResult:

Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid									
Frequency (MHz)	Target	εr Measured	σ(Target	s/m) Measured	Delta (εr)	Delta (σ)	Limit	Temp (°C)	Date
150	52.30	53.22	0.76	0.75	1.76%	-0.92%	±5%	22.5	2019-02-19

	Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid											
Frequency	εr		σ(s/m)		Delta	Delta		Temp	Б.,			
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(er)	(σ)	Limit	(℃)	Date			
150	61.90	61.45	0.80	0.81	-0.72%	1.13%	±5%	22.5	2019-02-20			

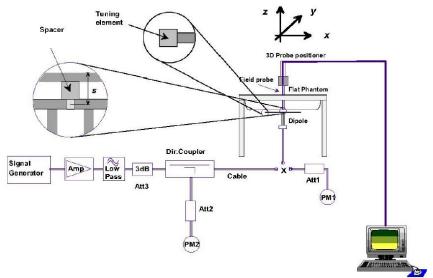
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9.2. SAR System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (±10%).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



System Performance Check Setup

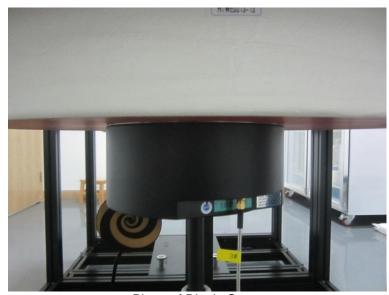


Photo of Dipole Setup

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Check Result:

	Head											
Frequency	1g SAR				10g SAR			Delta		Temp		
(MHz)	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 1W	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 1W	Delta (1g)	(10g)	Limit	(℃)	Date	
150	3.68	3.86	3.86	2.45	2.56	2.56	4.89%	4.49%	±10%	22.5	2019-02-19	

	Body											
Frequency	1g SAR			10g SAR			- Delta	Delta		Temp		
(MHz)	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 1W	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 1W	(1g)	(10g)	Limit	(℃)	Date	
150	3.75	3.98	3.98	2.50	2.59	2.59	6.13%	3.60%	±10%	22.5	2019-02-20	

Note:

^{1.} the graph results see follow.

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Plots of System Performance Check

SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 150MHz

DUT: Antenna 150 MHz; Type: CLA150; Serial: 4024

Date: 2019-02-19

Communication System: UID 0, A-CW (0); Frequency: 150 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz; $\sigma = 0.753$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.218$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(13.63, 13.63, 13.63) @ 150 MHz; Calibrated: 2/26/2018

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018
- Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Head/d=0mm, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.50 W/kg

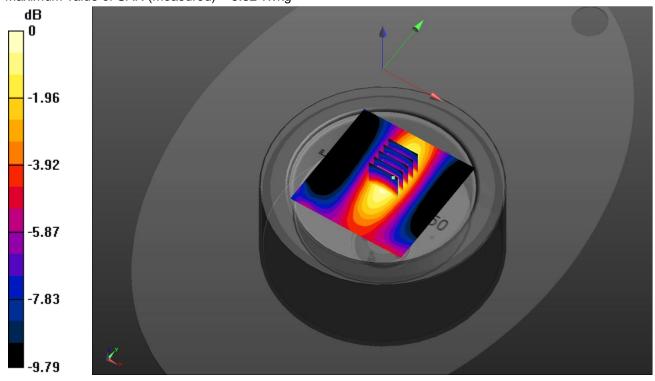
Head/d=0mm, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.87 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.56 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.52 W/kg



0 dB = 5.52 W/kg = 7.42 dBW/kg

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SystemPerformanceCheck-Body 150MHz

DUT: Antenna 150 MHz; Type: CLA150; Serial: 4024

Date: 2019-02-20

Communication System: UID 0, A-CW (0); Frequency: 150 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz; $\sigma = 0.809$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 61.453$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(12.81, 12.81, 12.81) @ 150 MHz; Calibrated: 2/26/2018

• Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 4/25/2018

Phantom: ELI V8.0; Type: QD OVA 004 AA; Serial: 2078

DASY52 52.10.1(1476); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7450)

Body/d=0mm, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500

mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.89 W/kg

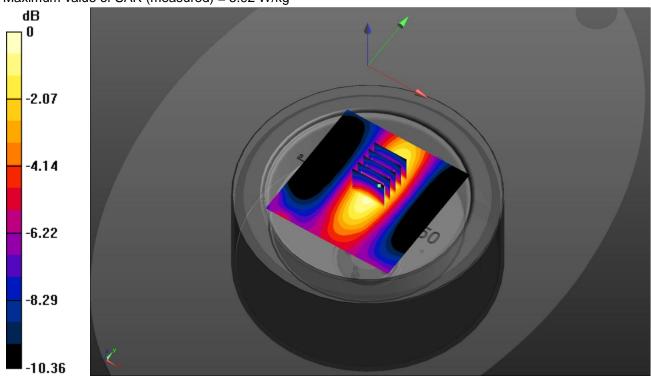
Body/d=0mm, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.76 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.59 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.92 W/kg



0 dB = 5.92 W/kg = 7.72 dBW/kg

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10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

	Limit (W/kg)					
Type Exposure	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment				
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4				
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.6	8.0				
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0				

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

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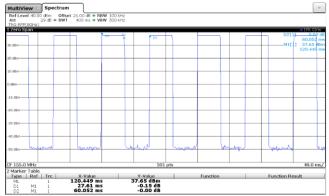
11. Conducted Power Measurement Results

		PMR		
Mode	Channel	Frequ	uency	Conducted Power
Mode	Separation	Channel	MHz	(dBm)
		CH₁	136.0250	36.90
		CH ₂	145.5000	36.70
Analog	12.5KHz	CH ₃	155.0000	36.50
		CH₄	164.5000	36.70
		CH₅	173.9750	36.80
		CH₁	136.0250	36.50
		CH ₂	145.5000	36.30
Digtal	12.5KHz	CH ₃	155.0000	36.30
		CH₄	164.5000	36.40
		CH ₅	173.9750	36.50

Duty Factor Measured Results

Mode	Type	T on (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty Cycle	Crest Factor (1/duty cycle)	
Digtal	4FSK	27.61	60.502	45.64%	2.1913	





Bluetooth Conducted Power

		Bluetooth	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)
	0	2402	7.97
GFSK	39	2441	8.72
	78	2480	8.76
	0	2402	6.51
π/4QPSK	39	2441	7.47
	78	2480	7.52
	0	2402	6.86
8DPSK	39	2441	7.78
	78	2480	7.84
	0	2402	-1.34
BLE	19	2440	0.15
	39	2480	-0.02

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12. Maximum Tune-up Limit

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D01.

	PMR										
Mode	Channel Separation (KHz)	Operation Frequency Range (MHz)	Maximum tune-up power (dBm)								
Analog	12.5	136~174	36.99								
Digtial	12.5	130~174	36.99								

	Bluetooth
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)
GFSK	9.00
π/4QPSK	8.00
8DPSK	8.00
GFSK(BLE)	0.50

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances ≤50mm are determined by:

[(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR

	Band/Mode	Frequency	Danitian	Tune-up	Power	Separation Distance	Exclusion
		(GHz)	Position	dBm	mW	(mm)	Thresholds
	Bluetooth	2.45	Front-of-face	0.00	7.94	25	0.5
		2.45	Body-worn	9.00	7.94	0	2.5

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is <5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

The test exclusion thereshold is ≤ 3 , SAR testing is not required.

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13. SAR Measurement Results

					Front-o	f-face					
Mode	Channel	Frequency		Conducted Power	Tune-	Tune- up	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	50% Duty factor SAR	Test
Mode	Separation	СН	MHz	(dBm)	up limit (dBm)	scaling factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Plot
	12.5KHz	CH₁	136.0250	36.90	36.99	1.02	0.11	0.500	0.510	0.255	-
		CH ₂	145.5000	36.70	36.99	1.07	-	-	-	-	
Analog		CH ₃	155.0000	36.50	36.99	1.12	-0.15	2.170	2.430	1.215	1
		CH ₄	164.5000	36.70	36.99	1.07	-	-	-	-	-
		CH ₅	173.9750	36.80	36.99	1.04	-0.15	2.190	2.278	1.139	-
		CH₁	136.0250	36.50	36.99	1.12	0.18	0.181	0.203	0.101	-
		CH ₂	145.5000	36.30	36.99	1.17	-	-	-	-	-
Digtial	12.5KHz	CH ₃	155.0000	36.30	36.99	1.17	0.05	1.140	1.334	0.667	3
		CH ₄	164.5000	36.40	36.99	1.15	-	-	=	-	-
		CH ₅	173.9750	36.50	36.99	1.12	0.03	1.087	1.217	0.609	-
Worse ca	se mode(DP58	5-01)									
Analog	12.5KHz	CH₃	155.0000	36.50	36.99	1.12	0.14	2.090	2.341	1.170	

Note:

- 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements.
- 3. When the SAR for all antennas tested using the default battery is ≤ 3.5 W/kg (50% PTT duty factor), testing of all other required channels is not necessary.
- 4. When the SAR of an antenna tested on the highest output power using the default battery is > 3.5 W/Kg and ≤ 4.0 W/Kg (50% PTT duty factor), testing of the immediately adjacent channel(s) is not necessary, but testing of other required channels may still be required.

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				В	ody-wor	n (Rear)				
Mode	Channel	Frequency		Conducted Power	Tune- up limit	Tune- up	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	50% Duty factor SAR	Test
Wiode	Separation	СН	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	scaling factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Plot
		CH₁	136.0250	36.90	36.99	1.02	-0.12	8.760	8.935	4.468	2
	12.5KHz	CH ₂	145.5000	36.70	36.99	1.07	-0.03	2.327	2.490	1.245	-
Analog		CH ₃	155.0000	36.50	36.99	1.12	0.01	2.410	2.699	1.350	-
		CH ₄	164.5000	36.70	36.99	1.07	0.05	1.972	2.110	1.055	ı
		CH ₅	173.9750	36.80	36.99	1.04	0.14	1.890	1.966	0.983	ı
		CH₁	136.0250	36.50	36.99	1.12	-0.12	4.490	5.029	2.514	4
		CH ₂	145.5000	36.30	36.99	1.17	-	-	1	-	-
Digtial	12.5KHz	CH ₃	155.0000	36.30	36.99	1.17	0.14	1.100	1.287	0.644	-
		CH ₄	164.5000	36.40	36.99	1.15	-	-	-	-	-
		CH ₅	173.9750	36.50	36.99	1.12	0.11	1.123	1.258	0.629	-

Note:

- 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.
- 2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements.
- 3. The Body-worn SAR evaluation was performed with the Leather Case body-worn accessory attached to the DUT and touching the outer surface of the planar phantom.
- 4. When the SAR for all antennas tested using the default battery is ≤ 3.5 W/kg (50% PTT duty factor), testing of all other required channels is not necessary.
- 5. When the SAR of an antenna tested on the highest output power using the default battery is > 3.5 W/Kg and ≤ 4.0 W/Kg (50% PTT duty factor), testing of the immediately adjacent channel(s) is not necessary, but testing of other required channels may still be required.

SAR Test Data Plots to the Appendix A.

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14. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Front-of-face	Body-worn	Note
1	PMR + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	

General note:

- 1. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 2. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below
 - a) [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] * $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]W/kg$ for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion
 - c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure position	Front-of-face	Body-worn
Max power	Test separation	25mm	0mm
9.00 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.066	0.332

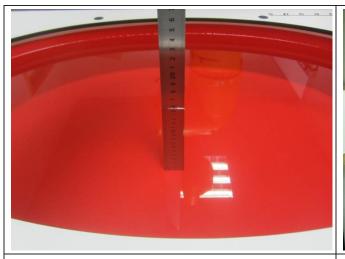
According to KDB 447498 Section 7.2,

The [Σ of (the highest measured or estimated SAR for each standalone antenna configuration, adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance) / 1.6 W/kg] + [Σ of MPE ratios] is \leq 1.0.

Exposure	Max SA	Dation	
Position	PMR	Bleutooth	Ratios
Front of Face	1.215	0.066	0.2
Body-worn	4.468	0.332	0.8

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15. Test Setup Photos



Liquid depth in the ELI phantom

Front-of-face(25mm) DP580-01_136~151MHz



Body-worn(0mm) DP580-01_136~151MHz



Front-of-face(25mm) DP580-01_151~162MHz

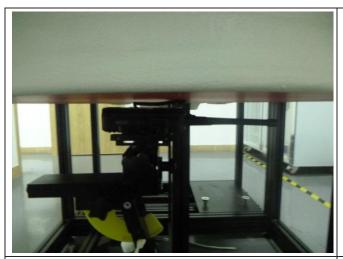


Body-worn(0mm) DP580-01_151~162MHz



Front-of-face(25mm) DP580-01_162~174MHz

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Body-worn(0mm) DP580-01_162~174MHz

Front-of-face(25mm) DP585-01_151~162MHz

16. External and Internal Photos of the EUT

Please refer to the test report No.: CHTEW19030201

-----End of Report-----