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EMI TEST REPORT for CERTIFICATION of FCC PART 15.225 & FCC PART 15.207 TRANSMITTER

FCC ID: Q47-MCR200
Manufacturer: ERG Transit Systems
Test Sample: Contactless Smart Card Reader
Model: MCR200
Serial No: 0318111546

Date: 29th July 2004

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**EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION
FOR
CERTIFICATION OF FCC Part 15.225 & FCC PART 15.207 TRANSMITTER**

**FCC ID: Q47-MCR200
EMC Technologies Report No. T40452F
Date: 29th July 2004**

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**EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION
OF
FCC PART 15.225 & FCC PART 15.207 TRANSMITTER**

Report Number: T40452F

Test Sample Name: Contactless Smart Card Reader

Model Number: MCR2000

Serial Number: 0318111546

FCC ID: Q47-MCR200

Manufacturer: ERG Transit Systems

Tested For: ERG Transit Systems
Address: 247 Balcatta Road
BALCATT A WA 6021

Phone: 08 9273-1100
Fax: 08 9273-1570
Responsible Party: Dan Zorde/Gino Bertino

Test Standards: **FCC Part 15.225 Intentional Radiators**
FCC Part 15.207 Conducted Limits
ANSI C63.4:1992
OET Bulletin No. 63

Test Dates: 30/04/2005, 03/05/2004, 05/05/2004, 29/7/04

Testing Officers:



Bruce Holdsworth



Gerald Gidah

Attestation:

I hereby certify that the device(s) described herein were tested as described in this report and that the data included is that which was obtained during such testing.

Authorised Signature:



Les Dickenson
Branch Manager
EMC Technologies Pty Ltd

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**EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION
of
FCC PART 15.225 & FCC PART 15.207 TRANSMITTER
on the Contactless Smart Card Reader**

1. SUMMARY of RESULTS

This report details the results of EMI tests and measurements performed on the Contactless Smart Card Reader, Model: MCR200, in accordance with the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) regulations as detailed in Title 47 CFR, Part 15 Rules for intentional radiators. All results are detailed in this report.

Part 15.31e	
Amplitude stability with supply variation:	Complied
Part 15.207	
Conducted Emissions:	Complied
Part 15.225 a, b & c	
Carrier Signal Field Strength 13.110 – 14.010MHz:	Complied
Part 15.225 d (15.209)	
Field Strength Outside 13.110 – 14.010MHz:	Complied
Part 15.225 e	
Frequency Tolerance:	Complied

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 General Description of Test Sample

Manufacturer	:	ERG Transit System
Test Sample	:	Contactless Smart Card Reader
Model	:	MCR200
Serial No	:	0318111546
FCC ID	:	Q47-MCR200
Equipment Type	:	Intentional Radiator

2.2 Test Sample Functional Description

The MCR200 is a multiprotocol card reader that is used to read and write data to type A and type B contactless smart cards.

The MCR200 is used in a range of ERG ticketing equipment in the transport industry.

2.3 Technical Specifications and System Overview

Clock Circuit Speed:	7.3728 MHz
Crystal frequency:	7.3728 MHz, 13.56 MHz
Data Cable:	RS-232
Microprocessor:	MITSUBISHI M16C

2.4 EUT Configurations

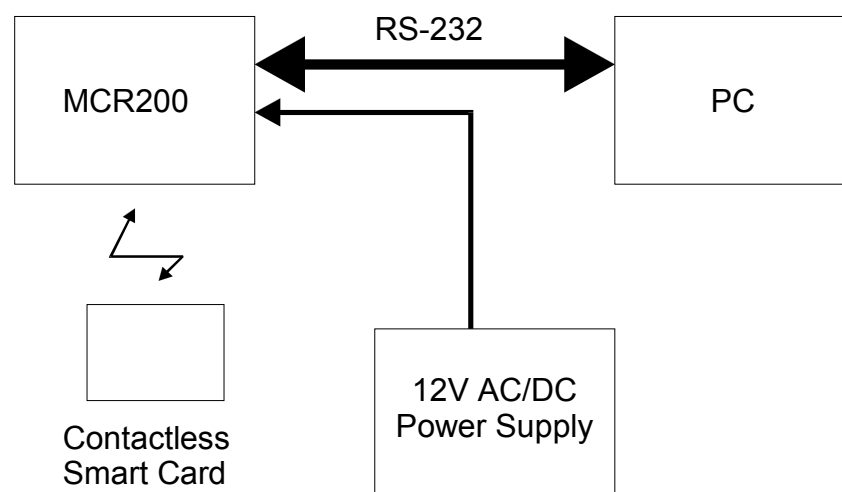
The EUT was tested as a table top unit in accordance with the guidelines contained in the relevant standard.

For testing the MCR200 connects to a test PC running an application reading and writing to the card. The interface is standard RS-232. Testing with a PC connection allows test personnel to monitor the operation of the reader.

2.5 Test Sample Support Equipment

PC with RS-232 communication port. Connection should be via a shielded cable. Power should be from a 12V AC/DC power supply.

2.6 Test Sample Block Diagram



2.7 EUT Operation Conditions

Refer to User Manual Appendix K.

2.8 Modifications

No modifications were performed.

2.9 Test Procedure

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in accordance with the procedures of ANSI C63.4:1992. The measurement distance for radiated emissions was 3 metres from the EUT for ranges: 30-1000MHz and 3 metres from the EUT for the range: 9kHz – 30MHz.

2.10 Test Facility

2.10.1 General

Conducted Emission measurements of fundamental frequency 13.56 MHz were performed at EMC Technologies Laboratory in Castle Hill, New South Wales, Australia. Radiated Emission measurements in the ranges 9kHz – 30MHz and 30-1000MHz were performed at EMC Technologies' open area test site (OATS) situated at Upper Colo, NSW, Australia.

The above sites have been fully described in a report submitted to the FCC office, and accepted in a letter dated November 27th 2002, **FCC Registration number is 90561.**

2.10.2 NATA Accreditation

EMC Technologies is accredited in Australia to test to the following standards by the National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA).

“FCC Part 15 unintentional and intentional emitters in the frequency range 9kHz to 18GHz excluding TV receivers (15.117 and 15.119), TV interface devices (15.115), cable ready consumer electronic equipment (15.118), cable locating equipment (15.213) and unlicensed national information infrastructure devices (Sub part E).”

The current full scope of accreditation can be found on the NATA website:

www.nata.asn.au

It also includes a large number of emission, immunity, SAR, EMR and Safety standards.

NATA is the Australian national laboratory accreditation body and has accredited EMC Technologies to operate to the IEC/ISO17025 requirements. A major requirement for accreditation is the assessment of the company and its personnel as being technically competent in testing to the standards. This requires fully documented test procedures, continued calibration of all equipment to the National Standard at the National Measurements Laboratory (NML) and an internal quality system to ISO 9002. NATA has mutual recognition agreements with the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) and the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A²LA).

2.11 Units of Measurements

2.11.1 Conducted Emissions

Measurements are reported in units of dB relative to one microvolt (dB μ V).

2.11.2 Radiated Emissions

Measurements are reported in units of dB relative to one microvolt per metre (dB μ V/m). The measurement distance was 3 metres from the EUT for ranges: 30-1000MHz and 3 metres from the EUT for ranges: 9kHz-30MHz.

2.12 Test Equipment Calibration

All measurement instrumentation and transducers were calibrated in accordance with the applicable standards by an independent NATA registered laboratory such as Agilent Technologies (Australia) Pty Ltd or the National Measurement Laboratory (NML). All equipment calibration is traceable to Australia national standards at the National Measurement Laboratory. The reference antenna calibration was performed by NML and the working antennas (biconical and log-periodic) calibrated by the NATA approved procedures. The complete list of test equipment used for the measurements, including calibration dates and traceability is contained in Appendix A of this report.

2.13 Ambients at OATS

The Open Area Test Site (OATS) is an area of low background ambient signals. No significant broadband ambients are present however commercial radio and TV signals exceed the limit in the FM radio, VHF and UHF television bands. Radiated prescan measurements were performed in the shielded enclosure to check for possible radiated emissions at the frequencies where the OATS ambient signals exceeded the test limit.

3. CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENTS

3.1 Test Procedure

The arrangement specified in ANSI C63.4-1992 was adhered to for the conducted EMI measurements. The EUT was placed in the RF screened enclosure and a CISPR EMI Receiver as defined in ANSI C63.2-1987 was used to perform the measurements.

The EMI Receiver was operated under program control using the Max-Hold function and automatic frequency scanning, measurement and data logging techniques. The specified 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz frequency range was sub-divided into sub-ranges to ensure that all duration peaks were captured.

3.2 Peak Maximizing Procedure

For each of the sub-ranges, the EMI receiver was set to continuous scan with the Peak detector set to Max-Hold mode. The Quasi-Peak detector was then invoked to measure the actual Quasi-Peak level of the most significant peaks which were detected.

3.3 Calculation of Voltage Levels

The voltage levels were automatically measured in software and compared to the test limit. The method of calculation was as follows:

$$V_{EMI} = V_{Rx} + L_{BPF}$$

Where:

V_{EMI} = The Measured EMI voltage in dB μ V to be compared to the limit.
 V_{Rx} = The Voltage in dB μ V read directly at the EMI receiver.
 L_{BPF} = The insertion loss in dB of the cables and the Limiter and Pass Filter.

3.4 Plotting of Conducted Emission Measurement Data

The measurement data pertaining to each frequency sub-range were then concatenated to form a single graph of (peak) amplitude versus frequency. This was performed for both Active and Neutral lines and the composite graph was subsequently plotted. A list of the highest relevant peaks and the respective Quasi-Peak and Average values were also plotted on the graphs.

3.5 Conducted EMI Results – Antenna Connected

Frequency MHz	Line	Measured QP Value dB μ V	QP Limit dB μ V	Δ QP \pm dB	Measured Av. Value dB μ V	AV Limit dB μ V	Δ AV \pm dB
13.56 *	Neutral	55.8	60.0	-4.2	55.8	50.0	5.8
13.56 *	Active	55.1	60.0	-4.9	55.0	50.0	5.0
27.13	Active	42.2	60.0	-17.8	34.7	50.0	-15.3
27.13	Neutral	40.0	60.0	-20.0	31.3	50.0	-18.7

* Fundamental Frequency of Transmitter

Note: The transmit carrier was excluded from the test with the antenna connected. The highest emission was 27.13MHz on the active line, which were measured 17.8db below the Quasi-peak, and 15.3dB below the Average limits.

The measurement uncertainty for conducted emissions is ± 1.8 dB.

Refer to Appendix I, Graphs 1 and 2.

3.6 Conducted EMI Results – Antenna Terminated into 1k Ω

Frequency MHz	Line	Measured QP Value dB μ V	QP Limit dB μ V	Δ QP \pm dB	Measured Av. Value dB μ V	AV Limit dB μ V	Δ AV \pm dB
13.56 *	Neutral	42.8	60.0	-17.2	42.8	50.0	-7.2
13.56 *	Active	41.8	60.0	-17.7	42.3	50.0	-7.7

Note: The highest emission was 13.56MHz on the Neutral line, which were measured 17.2db below the Quasi-peak, and 7.2dB below the Average limits.

The measurement uncertainty for conducted emissions is ± 1.8 dB.

Refer to Appendix I, Graphs 7 and 8.

3.7 Results of Conducted Emission Measurement

The EUT complied with the limits of FCC Rule Part 15 Subpart C – Intentional Radiators. Emissions at the fundamental frequency of 13.56 MHz are excluded from the results with the antenna loop connected.

4. RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENTS – 30 MHz to 1 GHz

4.1 Test Procedure

Radiated emissions measurements were performed in accordance with the procedures of ANSI C63.4:1992 Radiated emission tests from 9 kHz to 30 MHz were performed at the Open Area Test Site (OATS) an EUT distance of 3 metres. Tests in the range 30-1000MHz were performed at an EUT distance of 3m at the Open Area Test Site (OATS). OET Bulletin 63 was used for reference.

The EUT was set up on the turntable above the ground plane and operated in accordance with section 2 of this report. The EMI Receiver was operated under software control via the PC Controller.

4.1.1 30 – 1000 MHz Range

The 30 MHz to 1000 MHz test frequency range was sub-divided into smaller bands with sufficient frequency resolution to permit reliable display and identification of possible EMI peaks while also permitting fast frequency scan times. The EUT was slowly rotated with the Peak Detector set to Max-Hold. The EUT was further rotated through three orthogonal directions to ensure worst case emissions are measured. This was performed for two receiver antenna heights. Each significant peak was then investigated and maximised by rotating the turntable and scanning the height of the receiver antenna between 1 to 4 metres with the Quasi-Peak detector ON. The measurement data for each frequency range was automatically corrected by the software for cable losses, antenna factors and preamplifier gain and all data was then stored on disk in sequential data files. This process was performed for both horizontal and vertical receive antenna polarisation.

4.1.2 0.009 – 30 MHz Range

The 0.009 MHz to 30 MHz test frequency range was sub-divided into smaller bands with sufficient frequency resolution to permit reliable display and identification of possible EMI peaks while also permitting fast frequency scan times. The EUT was slowly rotated with the Peak Detector set to Max-Hold. The receive loop antenna was set to 1m above the ground plane with the Quasi-Peak detector ON. The measurement data for each frequency range was automatically corrected by the software for cable losses, antenna factors and preamplifier gain and all data was then stored on disk in sequential data files. The orientation of the receive loop antenna was varied to ensure that the emissions were maximised. The EUT was further rotated through three orthogonal directions to ensure worst case emissions are measured. The carrier test was performed at the worst-case operation voltage.

4.2 Plotting of Measurement Data for Radiated Emissions

4.2.1 30 – 1000 MHz

The stored measurement data was combined to form a single graph which comprised of all the frequency sub-ranges over the range 30 – 1000 MHz. The accumulated EMI (EUT ON) was plotted as the Red trace while the Ambient signals (AMBIENT) were plotted as Green trace. The worst case radiated EMI peak measurements (as recorded using the Max-Hold data are presented as the upper or **RED** trace while the respective ambient signals are presented as the lower or **GREEN** trace. Occasionally, an intermittent ambient arose during the EUT ON measurement (RED trace) and could not be captured when the Ambient trace was being stored. The ambient peaks of significant amplitude with respect to the limit are tagged with the “#” symbol while EMI peaks are identified with a numeral. Ambient peaks that were present during the EUT ON measurement (RED trace) and not captured during the AMBIENT measurement were also tagged with “#” symbol.

The highest recorded EMI signals are shown on the Peaks List on the bottom right hand side of the graph. For radiated EMI, each numbered peak is listed as a frequency, peak field strength, Quasi-peak field strength, limit, antenna height and the margin relative to the limit in dB. A negative margin is the deviation of the recorded value below the limit. At times, the quasi-peak level may appear to be higher than the peak level. This happens because the individual peak is further maximised with the QP detector AFTER the MAX-HOLD trace has been stored. This will be apparent when the peaks list at the foot of the graphs shows the quasi peak level higher than the peak level.

4.2.2 0.009 – 30 MHz Range

The stored measurement data was combined to form a single graph which comprised of all the frequency sub-ranges over the range 0.009 – 30 MHz. The fundamental frequency was measured at the OATS. The worst case radiated EMI peak measurements as recorded using the Max-Hold data are presented as the **RED** trace.

4.3 Calculation of Field Strength

The field strength was calculated automatically by the software using all the pre-stored calibration data. The method of calculation is shown below:

Where:

$$E = V + AF - G + L$$

E = Radiated Field Strength in dB μ V/m.
V = EMI Receiver Voltage in dB μ V. (measured value)
AF = Antenna Factor in dB/m (stored as a data array)
G = Preamplifier Gain in dB. (stored as a data array)
L = Cable insertion loss in dB. (stored as a data array)

Example Field Strength Calculation

Assuming a receiver reading of 34.0 dB μ V is obtained at 90 MHz, the Antenna Factor at that frequency is 9.2 dB. The cable loss is 1.9dB while the preamplifier gain is 20dB.

$$34.0 + 9.2 + 1.9 - 20 = 25.1 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$$

4.4 Radiated Field Strength Measurement Results – Section 15.225

4.4.1 13.56 MHz Carrier Field Strength Measurement

Frequency MHz	Peak Level dB μ V/m	Limit @ 3m dB μ V/m	Result \pm dB
13.56	73.8	124.0	-50.2

The mains supply was varied as per Section 15.31e between 100V 60 Hz to 138V 60Hz to determine if the carrier amplitude varies with supply voltage. No variation was recorded. The test was performed at 120V 60Hz.

Complied with a margin of greater than 20dB with Section 15.225 Subpart a, b & c. The measurement uncertainty was ± 4.6 dB. **Refer to Appendix I, Graph 3 and 4.**

4.4.2 9 kHz to 30 MHz Field Strength Spurious Emissions

Complied with a margin of greater than 20dB with Section 15.225 Supart d (15.209). The measurement uncertainty was ± 4.6 dB. **Refer to Appendix I, Graph 3.**

4.4.3 30 - 1000MHz Field Strength Spurious Emissions –Section 15.225 d (15.209)

Frequency (MHz)	Rx Antenna Polarisation	Quasi Peak Level (dB μ V/m)	Limit @ 3m (dB μ V/m)	Δ Result (dB)
67.78	Vertical	39.0	40.0	-1.0
94.90	Vertical	42.0	43.5	-1.5
301.18	Horizontal	43.7	46.0	-2.3
301.19	Horizontal	43.6	46.0	-2.4
66.76	Vertical	36.1	40.0	-3.9
66.72	Vertical	36.0	40.0	-4.0
40.68	Vertical	35.3	40.0	-4.7
54.23	Vertical	35.1	40.0	-4.9
165.32	Vertical	37.1	43.5	-6.4
79.98	Vertical	33.1	40.0	-6.9
32.02	Vertical	32.5	40.0	-7.5
203.39	Horizontal	35.8	43.5	-7.7
368.14	Horizontal	38.3	46.0	-7.7
48.00	Vertical	31.6	40.0	-8.4
203.40	Vertical	34.6	43.5	-8.9
189.88	Horizontal	34.0	43.5	-9.5

Summary of Results

The highest radiated spurious emission was 1.0dB below the limit at 67.78MHz for Vertical Polarisation. The highest 16 point on both Vertical and Horizontal are reported on the graphs Appendix I. The measurement uncertainty was ± 4.6 dB.

Refer to Appendix I, Graphs 5 and 6.

5.0 FREQUENCY TOLERANCE (FCC Part 15 Sections 15.225e)

The frequency stability of the unit was verified under abnormal operating supply voltage and temperature

FCC Sub Part C Section 15.225 e

The mains supply was lowered from 120V 60Hz to 100V (85% of nominal supply) and maintained until the frequency was stable. No change in frequency was recorded.

The mains supply was then increased from 120V 60Hz to 138V (115% of nominal supply) and maintained until the frequency was stable. No change in frequency was recorded.

The ambient temperature with a supply voltage of 120V 60Hz was taken for 20°C to -20° and maintained until the EUT temperature had stabilised. The frequency of the carrier was observed during the test. No change in operating frequency was recorded.

The ambient temperature with a supply voltage of 120V 60Hz was taken for 20°C to 50° and maintained until the EUT temperature had stabilised. The frequency of the carrier was observed during the test. No change in operating frequency was recorded.

6. CONCLUSION

The Contactless Smart Card Reader, Model: MCR200, FCC ID: Q47-MCR200, complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15 Rules for internal radiator when tested in accordance with FCC Part 15.31e, 15.207 and 15.225.

Part 15.31e	
Amplitude stability with supply variation:	Complied
Part 15.207	
Conducted Emissions:	Complied
Part 15.225 a, b & c	
Carrier Signal Field Strength 13.110 – 14.010MHz:	Complied
Part 15.225 d (15.209)	
Field Strength Outside 13.110 – 14.010MHz:	Complied
Part 15.225 e	
Frequency Tolerance:	Complied

APPENDIX A
MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION DETAILS

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX B
PHOTOGRAPHS of TEST SETUP

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX C
PHOTOGRAPHS of TEST SAMPLE (EXTERIOR)

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX D
PHOTOGRAPHS of TEST SAMPLE (INTERIOR)

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX E
TEST SAMPLE SCHEMATICS

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX F
TEST SAMPLE PCB LAYOUTS

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX G

**TEST SAMPLE BLOCK DIAGRAM
(OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION)**

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX H
FCC ID LABELLING - LOCATION

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX I
GRAPHS OF EMI MEASUREMENTS

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT

APPENDIX K
USER MANUAL

SUBMITTED AS ATTACHMENT