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# FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

Report No. : SA130307C04C-1  
Applicant : CIPHERLAB CO., LTD  
Address : 12F, 333 Dunhua S. Rd., Sec.2 Taipei, Taiwan 106  
Product : Mobile Computer  
FCC ID : Q3N-9200C  
Brand : CIPHERLAB  
Model No. : 9200C  
Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 20.19  
ANSI C63.19-2007  
Date of Testing : Sep. 04, 2013 ~ Sep. 06, 2013  
Summary M-Rating : M3

**CERTIFICATION:** The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch - Taiwan HwaYa Lab**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's HAC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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Roy Wu / Manager



Testing Laboratory  
2021

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## Release Control Record

Issue No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
R01	Initial release	Sep. 12, 2013



### 1. Summary of Maximum M-Rating

Mode / Band	Maximum Field		M-Rating
GSM850	E-Field (V/m)	120.6	M4
	H-Field (A/m)	0.279	M4
GSM1900	E-Field (V/m)	50.11	M4
	H-Field (A/m)	0.191	M3
WCDMA Band V	E-Field (V/m)	51.44	M4
	H-Field (A/m)	0.110	M4
Summary			M3

**Note:**

1. The HAC RF emission limit (**M-rating Category M3**) is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 20.19 and ANSI C63.19.
2. The device RF emission rating is determined by the minimum rating.



# FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

## 2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	Mobile Computer
FCC ID	Q3N-9200C
Brand Name	CIPHERLAB
Model Name	9200C
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	GSM850 : 824 ~ 849 GSM1900 : 1850 ~ 1910 WCDMA Band V : 824 ~ 849
Uplink Modulations	GSM : GMSK WCDMA : QPSK
Maximum AVG Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	GSM850 : 32.49 GSM1900 : 29.28 WCDMA Band V : 23.79
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

**Note:**

- The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

**List of Accessory:**

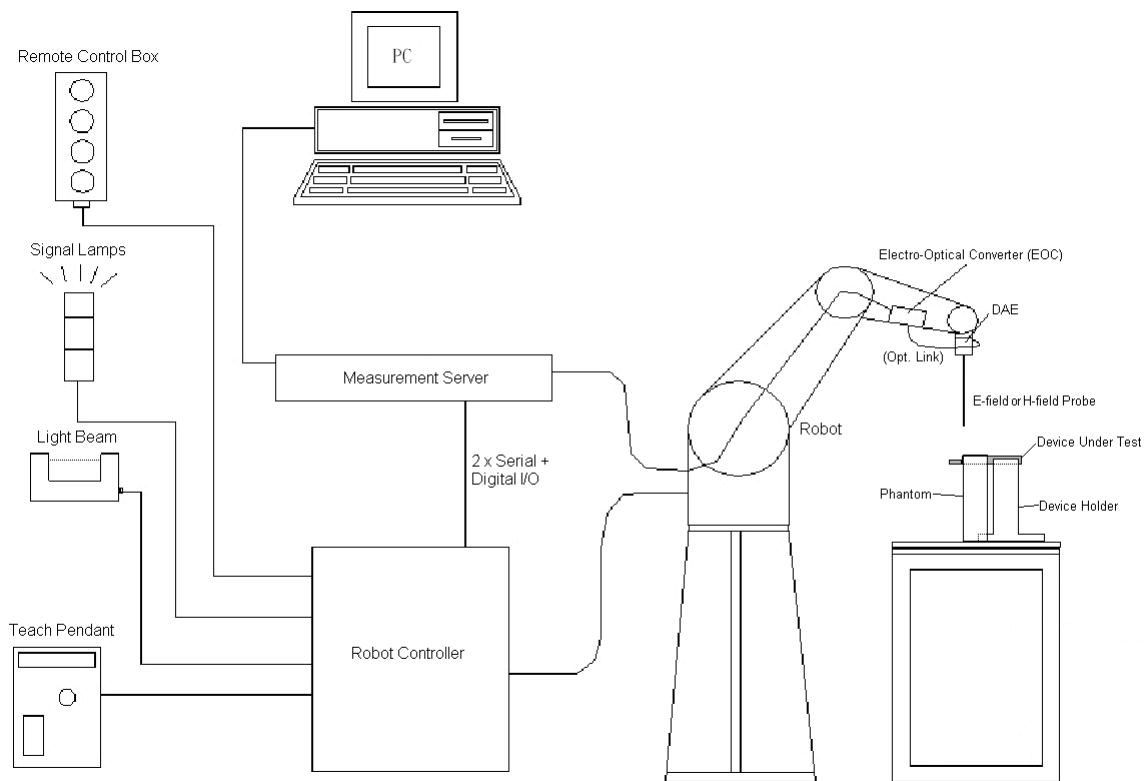
Battery	Brand Name	Cipherlab
	Model Name	BA-0053A3
	Power Rating	3.7Vdc, 3300mAh
	Type	Li-ion

Air Interface and Operational Mode								
Air Interface	Bands	Type Transport	HAC Tested	Simultaneous But Not Tested	Concurrent HAC Tested or Not Tested	Voice Over Digital Transport OTT Capability	WiFi Low Power	Additional GSM Power Reduction
GSM	850	VO	YES	WLAN or BT	Not Tested <sup>1</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A
	1900							
	GPRS/EDGE	DT	N/A	WLAN or BT	N/A	YES		
WCDMA	V	VO	YES	WLAN or BT	Not Tested <sup>1</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A
	HSDPA	DT	N/A	WLAN or BT	N/A	YES		
WLAN	2.4G	DT	N/A	WWAN or BT	N/A	YES	N/A	N/A
	5G							
Bluetooth	2.4G	DT	N/A	WWAN or WLAN	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Type Transport</b> VO = Voice only DT = Digital Data – Not Indented for CMRS Service VD = CMRS and Data transport				<b>Note</b> 1. Non-concurrent mode was found to be the Worst Case mode				

### **3. HAC RF Emission Measurement System**

#### **3.1 SPEAG DASY System**

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4/5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.



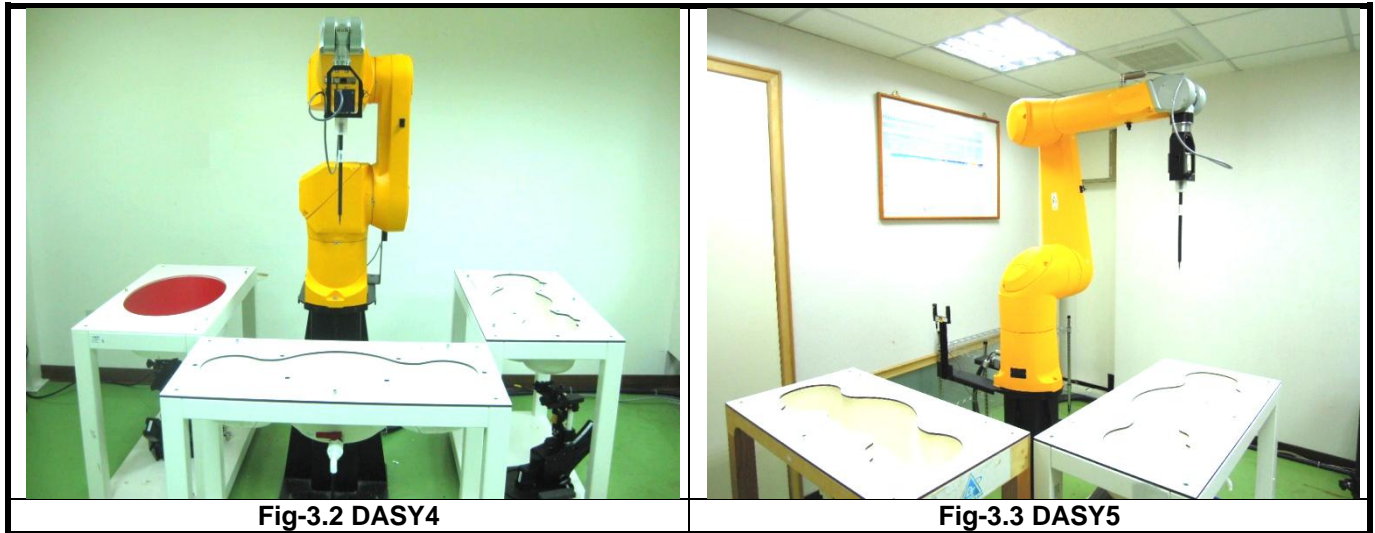
**Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup**

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## 3.1.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY4: CS7MB; DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:


- High precision (repeatability  $\pm 0.035$  mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)




**Fig-3.2 DASY4**

**Fig-3.3 DASY5**


## 3.1.2 Probes

<b>Model</b>	ER3DV6	
<b>Construction</b>	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges	
<b>Frequency</b>	40 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.2$ dB in air (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.4$ dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	2 V/m to 1000 V/m Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm	

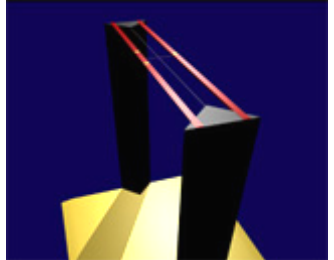
<b>Model</b>	H3DV6	
<b>Construction</b>	Three concentric loop sensors with 3.8 mm loop diameters Resistively loaded detector diodes for linear response Built-in shielding against static charges	
<b>Frequency</b>	200 MHz to 3 GHz Output Linearized	
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.2$ dB (spherical isotropy error)	
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 mA/m to 2 A/m at 1GHz	
<b>E-Field Interference</b>	< 10 % at 3 GHz (for plane wave)	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 40 mm) Tip diameter: 6 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3 mm	

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## 3.1.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

<b>Model</b>	DAE3, DAE4	
<b>Construction</b>	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
<b>Measurement Range</b>	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
<b>Input Offset Voltage</b>	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
<b>Input Bias Current</b>	< 50 fA	
<b>Dimensions</b>	60 x 60 x 68 mm	


## 3.1.4 Phantoms

<b>Model</b>	Test Arch	
<b>Construction</b>	Enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot.	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Length : 370 mm Width : 370 mm Height : 370 mm	

## 3.1.5 Device Holder

<b>Model</b>	Mounting Device	
<b>Construction</b>	The Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to ANSI C63.19.	
<b>Material</b>	POM	

## 3.1.6 RF Emission Calibration Dipoles

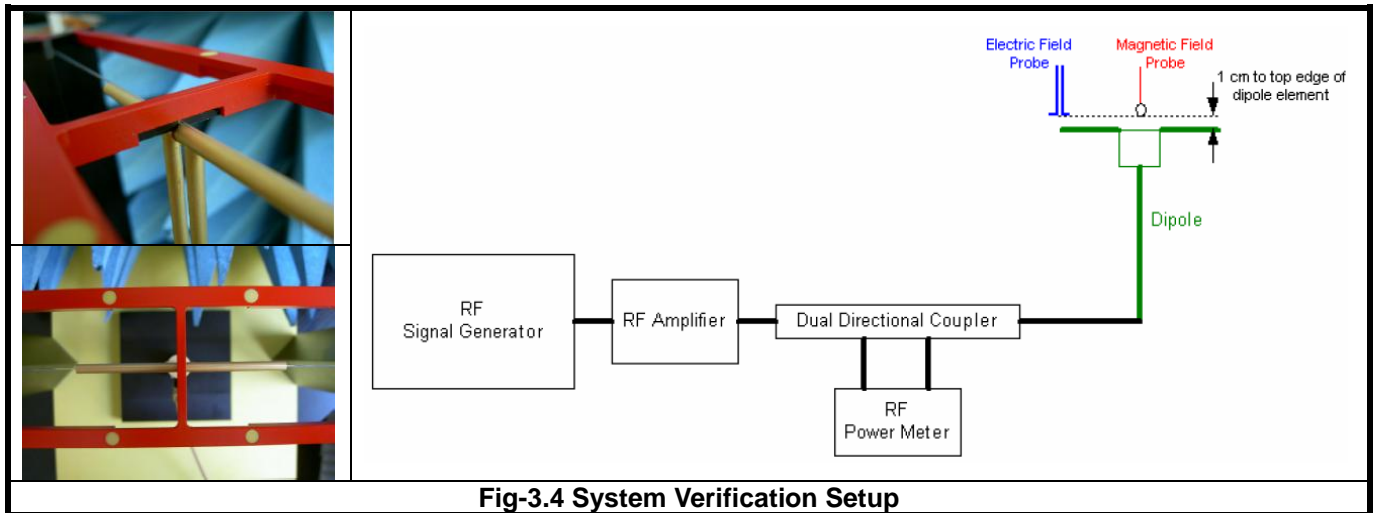
<b>Model</b>	CD-Serial	
<b>Construction</b>	Free space antenna Hearing Aid susceptibility measurements according to ANSI C63.19. Validation of Hearing Aid RF setup for wireless device emission measurements according to ANSI C63.19	
<b>Frequency</b>	CD835V3 : 800 ~ 960 MHz CD1880V3 : 1710 ~ 2000 MHz CD2450 : 2250 ~ 2650 MHz	
<b>Return Loss</b>	CD835V3 : > 15 dB (835 MHz > 25 dB) CD1880V3 : > 18 dB (1880 MHz > 20 dB) CD2450V3 : > 18 dB (2450 MHz > 25 dB)	
<b>Power Capability</b>	> 40 W continuous	



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## 3.2 DASYS System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed before every E-field or H-field measurement. The system check uses normal measurements in the center section of the arch phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the center of arch phantom. The power meter measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power, 100 mW (20 dBm) at the dipole connector and the RF power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at RF power meter.

After system check testing, the E-field or H-field result will be compared with the reference value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 25 %.

The result of system verification is shown in section 4.3 of this report.

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## 3.3 EUT Measurements Reference and Plane

The EUT is mounted in the device holder. The acoustic output of the EUT will coincide with the center point of the area formed by the dielectric wire and the middle bar of the arch's top frame. Then EUT will be moved vertically upwards until it touches the frame.

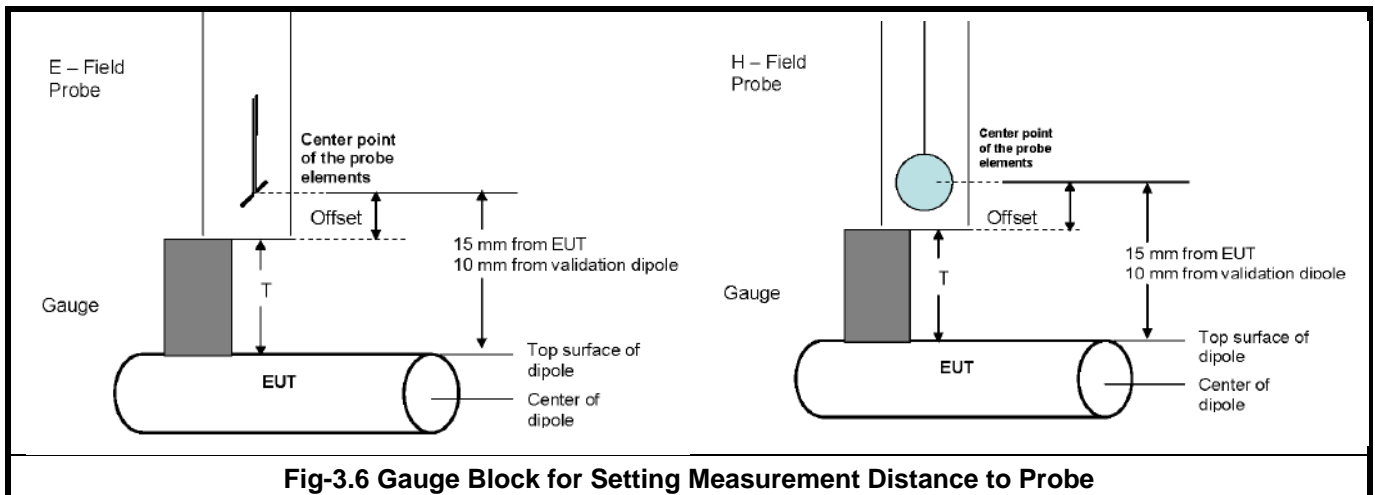
Fig-3.5 and Fig-3.6 illustrate the references and reference plane that is used in the RF emissions measurement.

- (a) The grid is 50 mm by 50 mm area that is divided into nine evenly sized blocks or sub-grids.
- (b) The grid is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- (c) The grid is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which in normal handset use rest against the ear.
- (d) The measurement plane is parallel to and 15 mm in front of the reference plane.



**Fig-3.5 EUT Reference and Plane**

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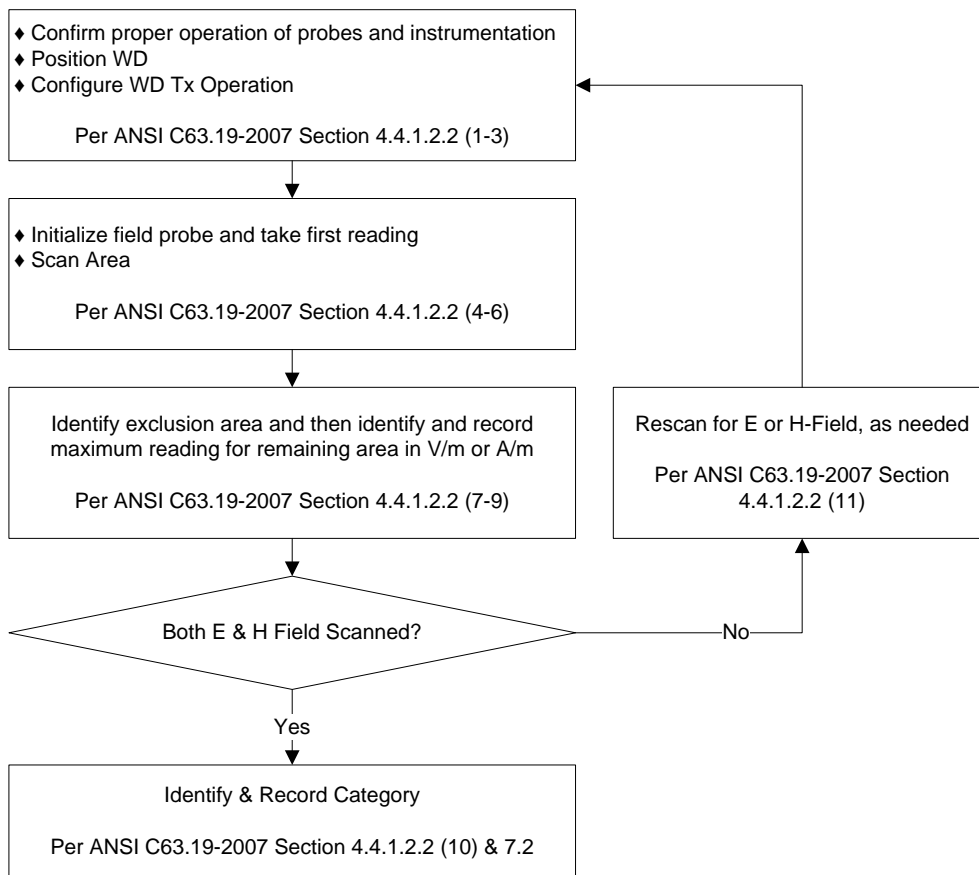


## 3.4 HAC RF Emission Measurement Procedure

The RF emissions test procedure for wireless communications device is as below.

1. Position the EUT in its intended test position.
2. Configure the EUT normal operation for maximum rated RF output power, at the desired channel and other operating parameters as intended for the test.
3. The center sub-grid shall center on the center of the acoustic output. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane.
4. Record the reading.
5. Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equally spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point. The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
6. Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid with the lowest maximum field strength readings. Thus the six areas to be used to determine the EUT's highest emissions are identified and outlined for the final manual scan. Please note that a maximum of five blocks can be excluded for both E-field and H-field measurements for the EUT output being measured. Stated another way, the center sub-grid and three others must be common to both the E-field and H-field measurements.
7. Identify the maximum field reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in Step 6.
8. Convert the maximum field strength reading identified in Step 7 to V/m or A/m as appropriate. For probes which require a probe modulation factor, this conversion shall be done using the appropriate probe modulation factor.
9. Repeat step 1 through step 9 for both the E-field and H-field measurements.
10. Compare this reading to the categories and record the resulting category.

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**Fig-3.7 WD Near-Field Emission Test Flowchart**

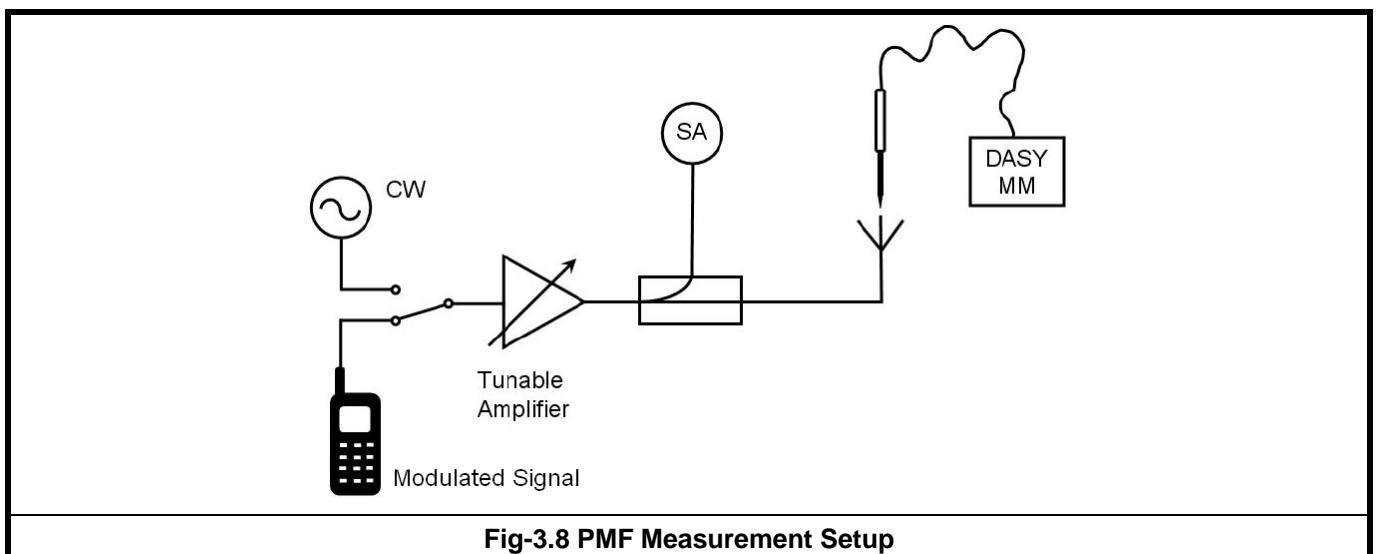
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## 3.5 Probe Modulation Factor

The HAC standard ANSI C63.19-2007 requires measurement of the peak envelope E-field and H-field of the wireless device. Paragraph 4.2.2.1 and C.3.1 of that standard describes the probe modulation factor that shall be applied to convert the probe reading to peak envelope field.

The PMF measurement procedure is as follows.

1. Install a validation dipole for the appropriate frequency band under the Test Arch Phantom and select the proper phantom section according to the probe type installed (E-field or H-field). Move the probe to the point with the highest field, with very similar field contributions from all channels. Switch the arm power off and do not move the probe between the subsequent CW and modulated measurement.
2. The modulated signal to the dipole must be monitored to record peak amplitude and compared to a CW signal with the same peak envelope level.
3. Do not move the setup after the coupler between the modulated and the CW measurement.
4. For modulated signal measurement, connect the modulated signal using the appropriate frequency via the cable to the dipole.
5. Run the multi-meter in the procedure with the corresponding modulation setting in continuous mode.
6. Adjust the signal amplitude to achieve the same field level display in the multi-meter as during the WD field scan. Read the multi-meter display and note it together with the probe ID, modulation type and frequency.
7. Read the envelope peak on the monitor in order to adjust the CW signal later to the same level.
8. Switch the signal source off and verify that the ambient and instrumentation noise level is at least 10 dB lower.
9. For CW measurement, change the signal to CW at the same center frequency, without touching or moving the dipole or probe in the setup.
10. Adjust the CW signal amplitude to the same peak level on the spectrum analyzer.
11. Run the multi-meter in the CW procedure in continuous mode.
12. Read the multi-meter total field display and note it together with the probe ID, modulation type and frequency.
13. Calculate the PMF as the ratio between the CW multi-meter field reading and the reading for the applicable modulation.



**Fig-3.8 PMF Measurement Setup**



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The probe modulation factor has been calibrated by DASY manufacturer (SPEAG) in annual probe calibration and the test result will be calculated with the PMF parameter automatically. The detailed parameter can be found in the probe calibration report in appendix C.

Modulation Type	PMF
GSM	2.948
WCDMA	1.002



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## 4. HAC Measurement Evaluation

### 4.1 M-Rating Category

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2007 represents performance requirements for acceptable interoperability of hearing aids with wireless communications devices. When these parameters are met, a hearing aid operates acceptably in close proximity to a wireless communications device.

The following AWF (Articulation Weighting Factor) factors shall be used for the standard transmission protocols.

Standard	Technology	AWF (dB)
TIA/EIA/IS-2000	CDMA	0
TIA/EIA-136	TDMA (50 Hz)	0
J-STD-007	GSM	-5
T1/T1P1/3GPP	UMTS (WCDMA)	0
iDEN	TDMA (22 and 11 Hz)	0

Category		Telephone RF Parameters < 960 MHz	
Near Field	AWF	E-Field Emissions (V/m)	H-Field Emissions (A/m)
Category M1	0	631.0 – 1122.0	1.91 – 3.39
	-5	473.2 – 841.4	1.43 – 2.54
Category M2	0	354.8 – 631.0	1.07 – 1.91
	-5	266.1 – 473.2	0.80 – 1.43
Category M3	0	199.5 – 354.8	0.60 – 1.07
	-5	149.6 – 266.1	0.45 – 0.80
Category M4	0	< 199.5	< 0.60
	-5	< 149.6	< 0.45

Category		Telephone RF Parameters > 960 MHz	
Near Field	AWF	E-Field Emissions (V/m)	H-Field Emissions (A/m)
Category M1	0	199.5 – 354.8	0.60 – 1.07
	-5	149.6 – 266.1	0.45 – 0.80
Category M2	0	112.2 – 199.5	0.34 – 0.60
	-5	84.1 – 149.6	0.25 – 0.45
Category M3	0	63.1 – 112.2	0.19 – 0.34
	-5	47.3 – 84.1	0.14 – 0.25
Category M4	0	< 63.1	< 0.19
	-5	< 47.3	< 0.14

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## 4.2 EUT Configuration and Setting

For HAC RF emission testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator. Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during HAC testing.

## 4.3 System Verification

The measuring results for system check are shown as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	E-Field 1 (V/m)	E-Field 2 (V/m)	Average E-Field (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Test Date
835	20	165.8	177.0	176.7	176.85	6.66	Sep. 04, 2013
835	20	165.8	169.4	167.5	168.45	1.60	Sep. 06, 2013
1880	20	141.7	151.0	145.6	148.3	4.66	Sep. 04, 2013
Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (A/m)	H-Field (A/m)		Deviation (%)	Test Date	
835	20	0.466	0.438		-6.01	Sep. 04, 2013	
835	20	0.466	0.459		-1.50	Sep. 06, 2013	
1880	20	0.464	0.458		-1.29	Sep. 04, 2013	

### Note:

1. Comparing to the reference target value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 25 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.
2. For E-Field, the deviation is  $[(E\text{-Field 1} + E\text{-Field 2}) / 2 - \text{Target Value}] / \text{Target Value} \times 100\%$
3. For H-Field, the deviation is  $(H\text{-Field} - \text{Target Value}) / \text{Target Value} \times 100\%$

## 4.4 Conducted Power Results

The measuring conducted power (Unit: dBm) are shown as below.

Band	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Uplink)	32.49	32.47	32.35	29.23	29.28	29.10

Band	WCDMA Band V		
Channel	4132	4182	4233
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6
RMC 12.2K	23.79	23.65	22.72





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## 4.5 HAC RF Emission Testing Results

### 4.5.1 E-Field Emissions

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Channel	Peak E-Field (V/m)	M-Rating
1	GSM850	GSM	128	120.6	M4
2	GSM850	GSM	189	116.9	M4
3	GSM850	GSM	251	119.0	M4
5	GSM1900	GSM	512	50.11	M4
6	GSM1900	GSM	661	47.31	M4
7	GSM1900	GSM	810	42.38	M4
9	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	4132	48.12	M4
10	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	4182	45.82	M4
11	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	4233	51.44	M4

### 4.5.2 H-Field Emissions

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Channel	Peak H-Field (A/m)	M-Rating
13	GSM850	GSM	128	0.279	M4
14	GSM850	GSM	189	0.267	M4
15	GSM850	GSM	251	0.275	M4
17	GSM1900	GSM	512	0.191	M3
18	GSM1900	GSM	661	0.182	M4
19	GSM1900	GSM	810	0.154	M4
21	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	4132	0.110	M4
22	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	4182	0.100	M4
23	WCDMA V	RMC12.2K	4233	0.110	M4

Test Engineer : Ulysses Liu, and Isaac Liao



## 5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
835MHz Calibration Dipole	SPEAG	CD835V3	1041	Mar. 15, 2013	Annual
1880MHz Calibration Dipole	SPEAG	CD1880V3	1032	Apr. 23, 2013	Annual
Isotropic E-Field Probe	SPEAG	ER3DV6	2445	Feb. 18, 2013	Annual
Isotropic H-Field Probe	SPEAG	H3DV6	6274	Feb. 15, 2013	Annual
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	861	Mar. 19, 2013	Annual
Test Arch Phantom	SPEAG	Arch	N/A	N/A	N/A
universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	104484	Jan. 24, 2013	Annual
MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50143868	Jun. 06, 2013	Annual
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1218009	Jun. 11, 2013	Annual
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1207252	Jun. 11, 2013	Annual
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY52100136	Jun. 26, 2013	Annual
Directional Coupler	Woken	0110A056020-10	11122702	Apr. 18, 2013	Annual
Power Amplifier	AR	5S1G4	0339656	Apr. 18, 2013	Annual
Attenuator	Woken	00800A1G01L-03	N/A	Apr. 18, 2013	Annual



## 6. Measurement Uncertainty

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (E)	Ci (H)	Standard Uncertainty (E)	Standard Uncertainty (H)
<b>Measurement System</b>							
Probe Calibration	5.1	Normal	1	1	1	± 5.1 %	± 5.1 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
Sensor Displacement	16.5	Rectangular	√3	1	0.145	± 9.5 %	± 1.4 %
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %
Phantom Boundary Effect	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	0	± 4.1 %	± 0.0 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
Scaling with PMR Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 5.8 %	± 5.8 %
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 6.9 %	± 6.9 %
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	√3	1	0.67	± 0.7 %	± 0.5 %
Probe Positioning	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	0.67	± 2.7 %	± 1.8 %
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
<b>Test Sample Related</b>							
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	0.67	± 2.7 %	± 1.8 %
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
<b>Phantom and Setup Related</b>							
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1	0.67	± 1.4 %	± 0.9 %
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>						± 16.3 %	± 12.3 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K = 2	
<b>Expanded Uncertainty</b>						<b>± 32.6 %</b>	<b>± 24.6 %</b>

### Uncertainty budget for HAC RF Emission



## FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

### 7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

**Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:**

Add: No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil., Kwei Shan Hsiang, Taoyuan Hsien 333, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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**Taiwan LinKo EMC/RF Lab:**

Add: No. 47, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 244, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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**Taiwan HsinChu EMC/RF Lab:**

Add: No. 81-1, Lu Liao Keng, 9<sup>th</sup> Ling, Wu Lung Vil., Chiung Lin Township, Hsinchu County 307, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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**Web Site:** [www.adt.com.tw](http://www.adt.com.tw)

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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## Appendix A. Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification are shown as follows.

### System Check\_E-Field\_835\_130904

**DUT: HAC Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; SN: 1041**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2013/02/18;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (41x361x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

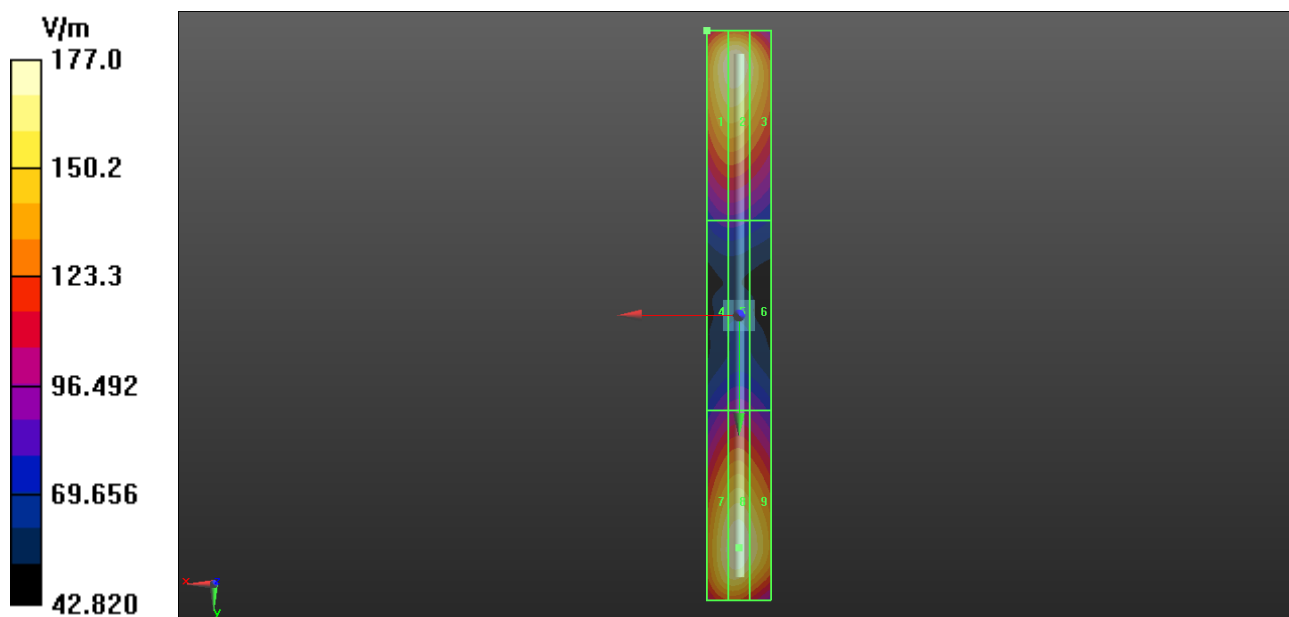
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 133.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 177.0 V/m

Grid 1 M4 <b>174.5 V/m</b>	Grid 2 M4 <b>177.0 V/m</b>	Grid 3 M4 <b>164.9 V/m</b>
Grid 4 M4 <b>92.62 V/m</b>	Grid 5 M4 <b>96.05 V/m</b>	Grid 6 M4 <b>92.23 V/m</b>
Grid 7 M4 <b>170.6 V/m</b>	Grid 8 M4 <b>176.7 V/m</b>	Grid 9 M4 <b>168.6 V/m</b>



### System Check\_E-Field\_835\_130906

**DUT: HAC Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; SN: 1041**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2013/02/18;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (41x361x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

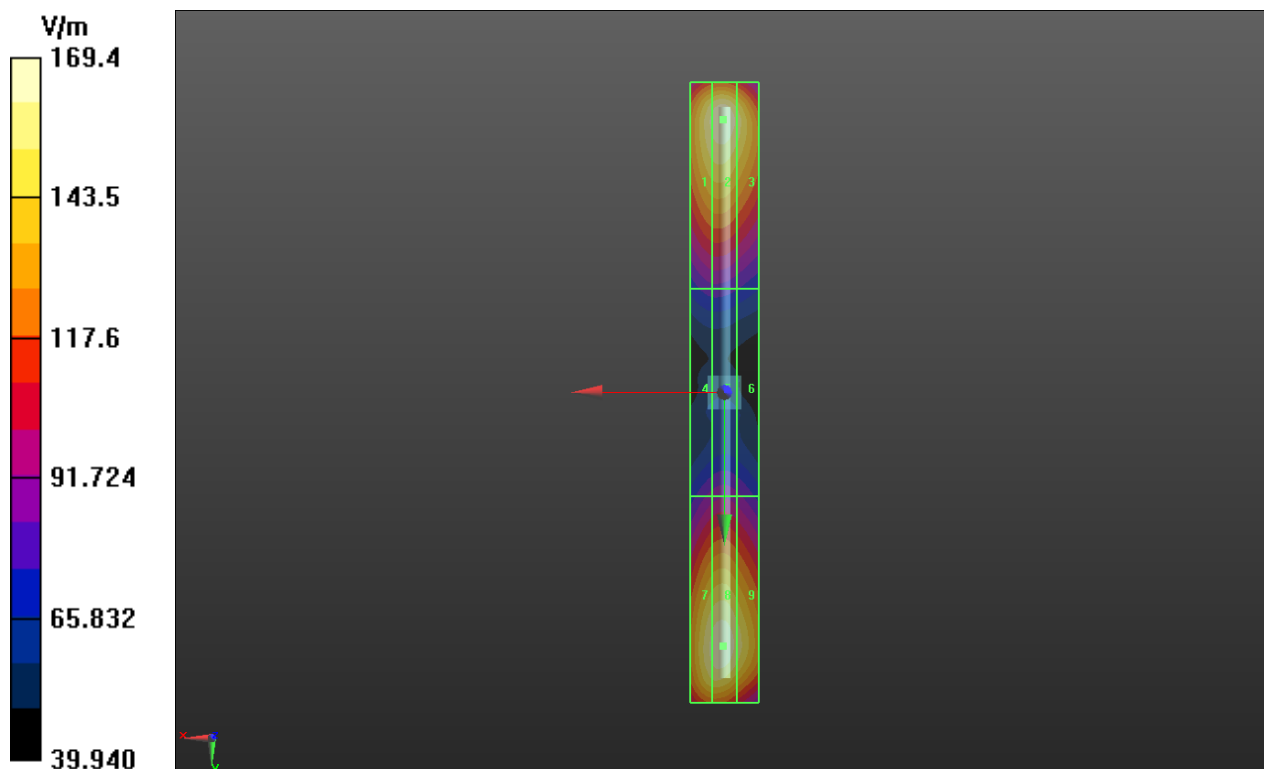
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 126.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 169.4 V/m

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>163.9 V/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>169.4 V/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>159.2 V/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>87.62 V/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>90.39 V/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>86.34 V/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>164.2 V/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>167.5 V/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>158.3 V/m</b>



### System Check\_E-Field\_1880\_130904

**DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; SN: 1032**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2013/02/18;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (41x181x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

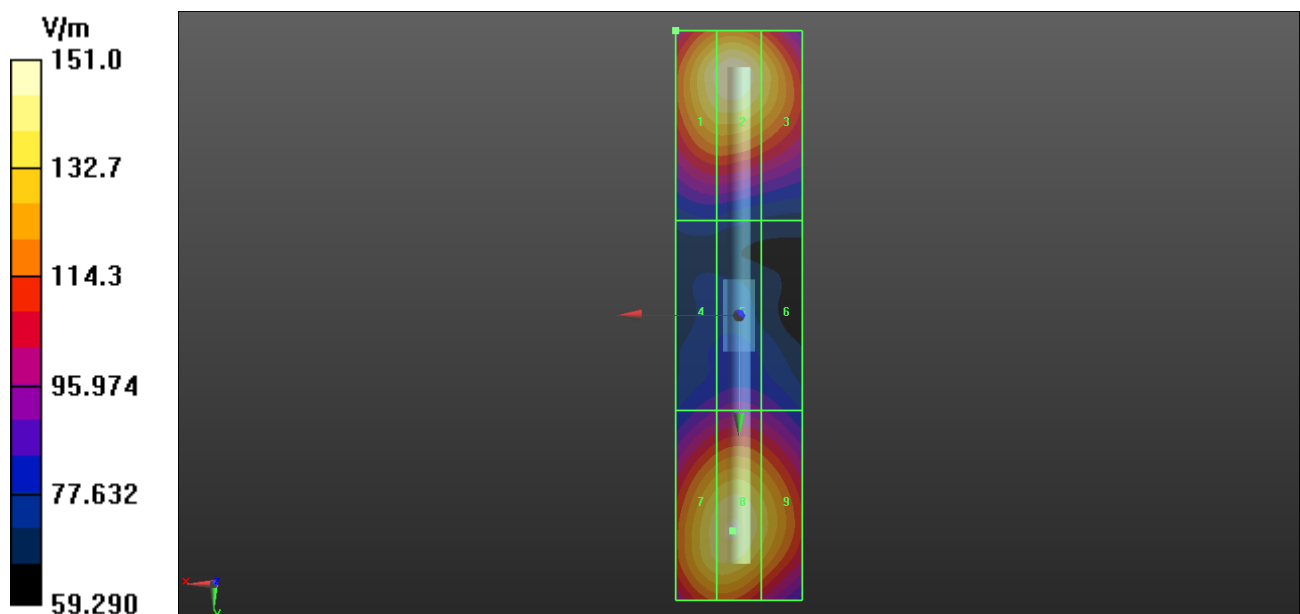
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 152.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 151.0 V/m

Grid 1 M2 <b>146.9 V/m</b>	Grid 2 M2 <b>151.0 V/m</b>	Grid 3 M2 <b>140.1 V/m</b>
Grid 4 M3 <b>90.47 V/m</b>	Grid 5 M3 <b>94.18 V/m</b>	Grid 6 M3 <b>91.08 V/m</b>
Grid 7 M2 <b>142.8 V/m</b>	Grid 8 M2 <b>145.6 V/m</b>	Grid 9 M2 <b>136.7 V/m</b>





### System Check\_H-Field\_835\_130904

**DUT: HAC Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; SN: 1041**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6274; ; Calibrated: 2013/02/15
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (41x361x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

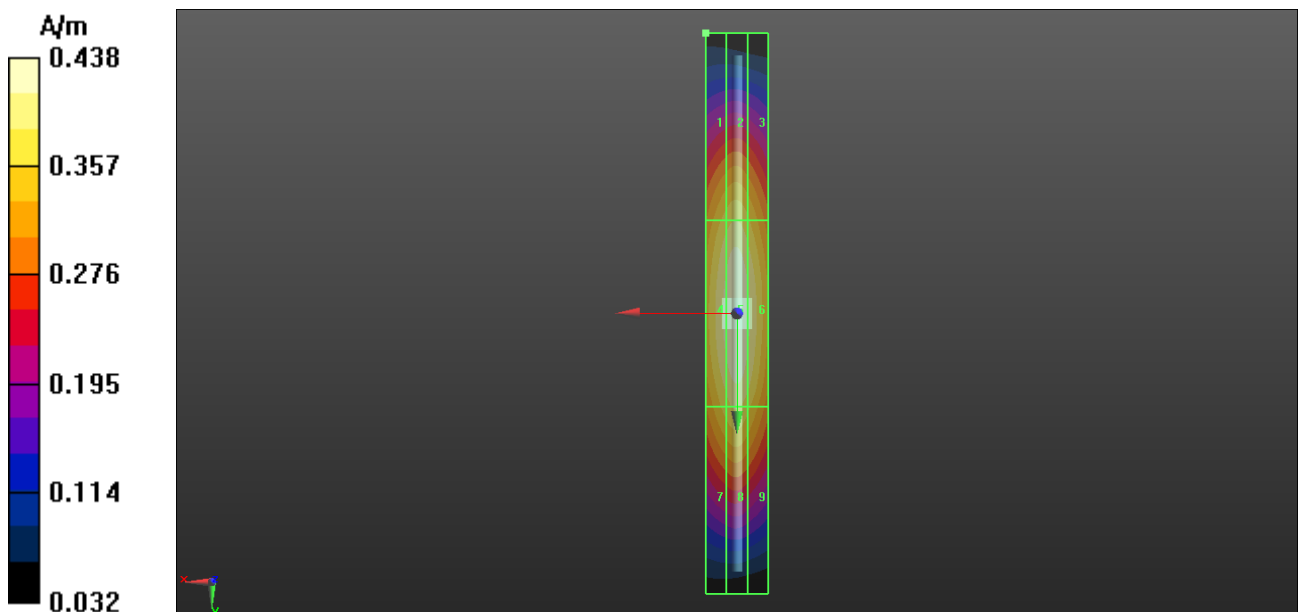
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4660 A/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4383 A/m

Grid 1 M4 <b>0.370 A/m</b>	Grid 2 M4 <b>0.384 A/m</b>	Grid 3 M4 <b>0.362 A/m</b>
Grid 4 M4 <b>0.421 A/m</b>	Grid 5 M4 <b>0.438 A/m</b>	Grid 6 M4 <b>0.417 A/m</b>
Grid 7 M4 <b>0.371 A/m</b>	Grid 8 M4 <b>0.387 A/m</b>	Grid 9 M4 <b>0.364 A/m</b>



### System Check\_H-Field\_835\_130906

**DUT: HAC Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; SN: 1041**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$   
 Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6274; ; Calibrated: 2013/02/15
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (41x361x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

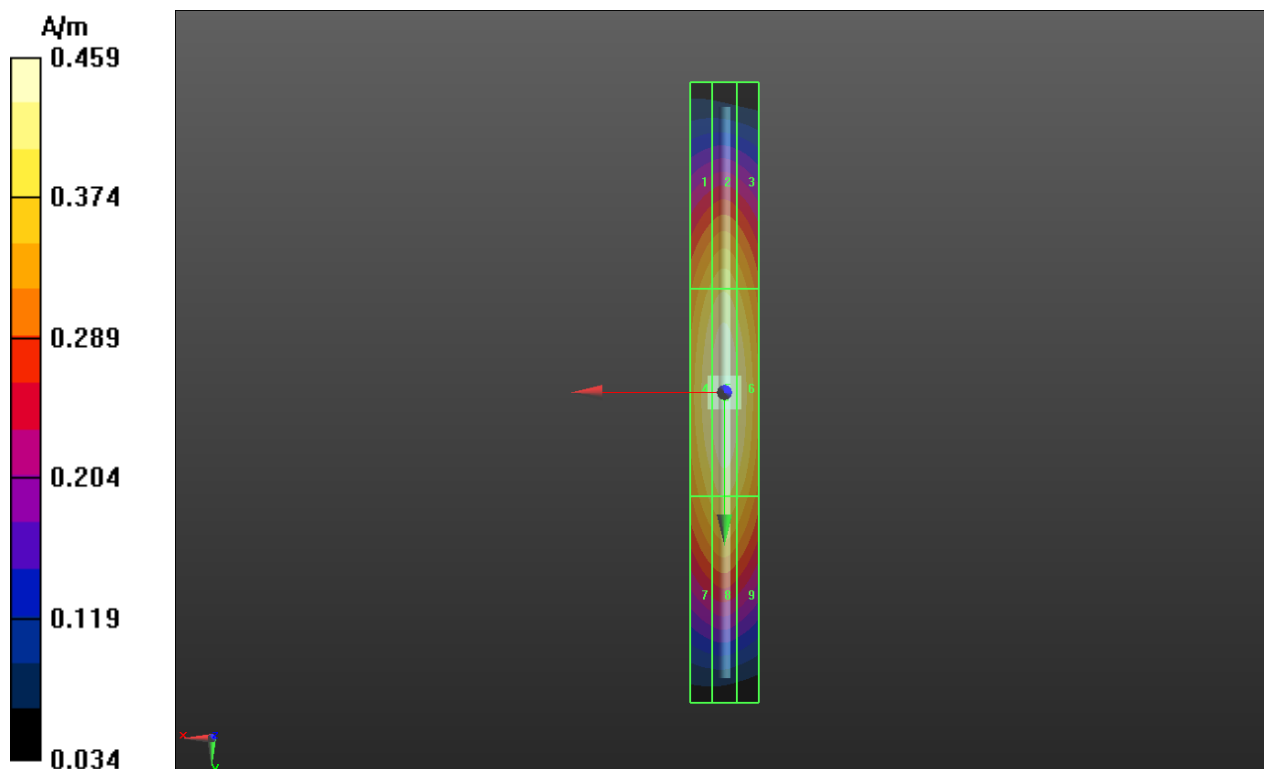
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4870 A/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4593 A/m

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>0.385 A/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>0.400 A/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>0.380 A/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>0.438 A/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>0.459 A/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>0.438 A/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>0.387 A/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>0.405 A/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>0.383 A/m</b>



### System Check\_H-Field\_1880\_130904

**DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; SN: 1032**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6274; ; Calibrated: 2013/02/15
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (41x181x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

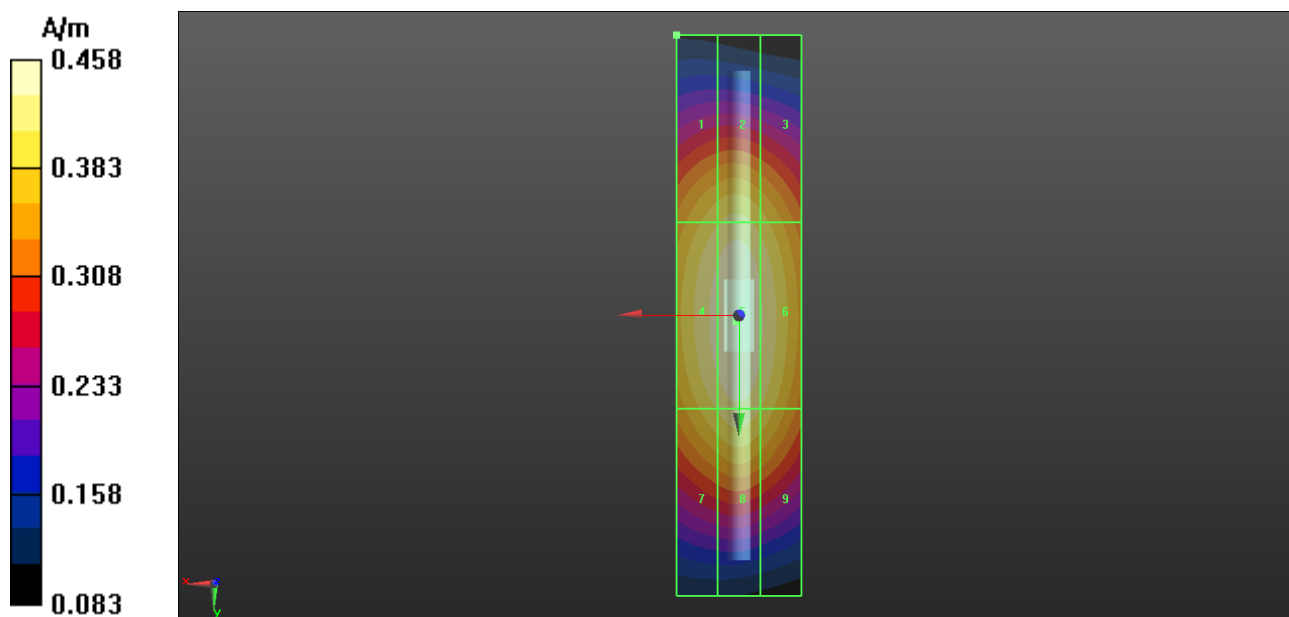
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4850 A/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4578 A/m

Grid 1 M2 <b>0.404 A/m</b>	Grid 2 M2 <b>0.417 A/m</b>	Grid 3 M2 <b>0.396 A/m</b>
Grid 4 M2 <b>0.443 A/m</b>	Grid 5 M2 <b>0.458 A/m</b>	Grid 6 M2 <b>0.437 A/m</b>
Grid 7 M2 <b>0.409 A/m</b>	Grid 8 M2 <b>0.427 A/m</b>	Grid 9 M2 <b>0.407 A/m</b>





## FCC HAC (RF Emission) Test Report

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### Appendix B. Plots of HAC RF Emission Measurement

The plots for HAC measurement are shown as follows.

### P01 E-Field\_GSM850\_GSM\_Ch128

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.68

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2013/02/18;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

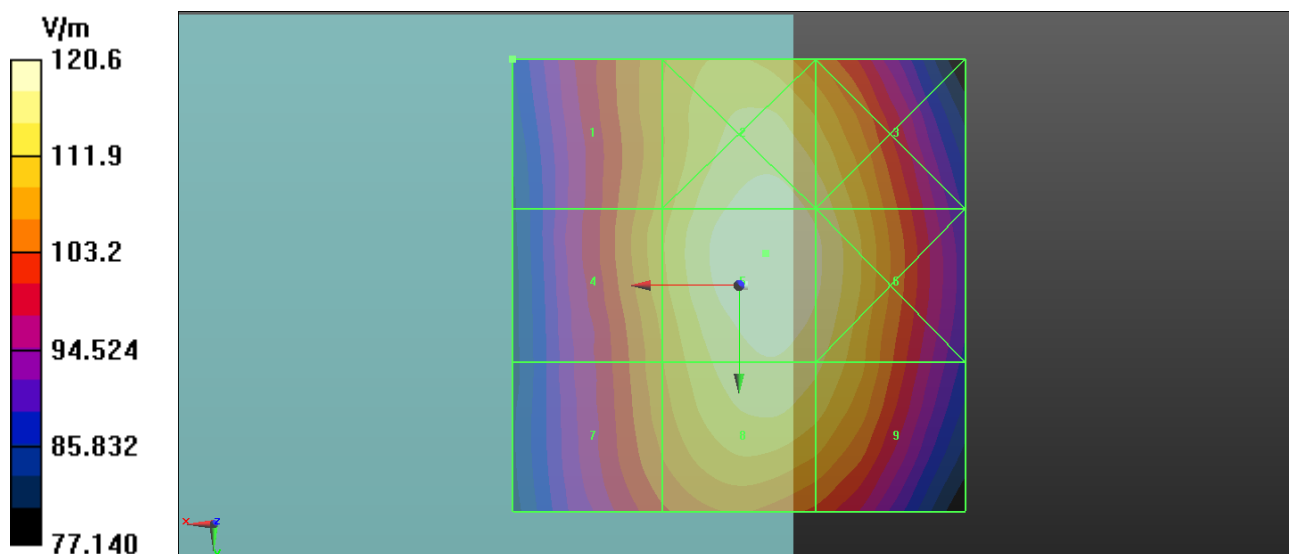
Reference Value = 50.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

PMF = 2.948 is applied.

E-field emissions = 120.6 V/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>110.3 V/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>119.2 V/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>116.9 V/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>111.6 V/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>120.6 V/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>118.4 V/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>108.8 V/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>117.5 V/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>115.5 V/m</b>



## P02 E-Field\_GSM850\_GSM\_Ch189

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.68

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2013/02/18;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

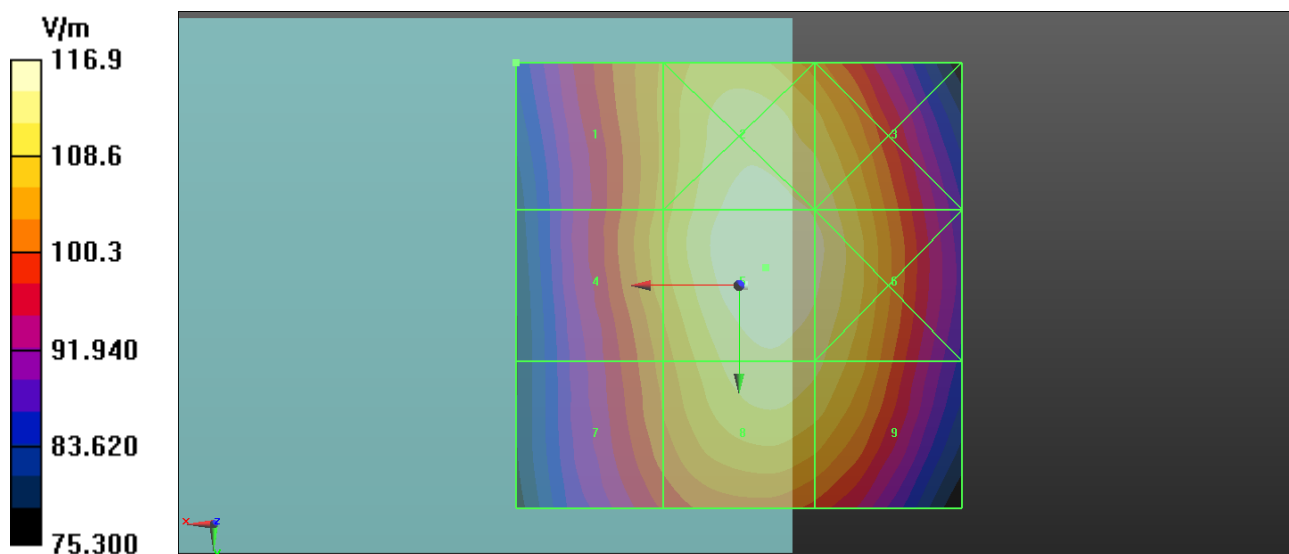
Reference Value = 49.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

PMF = 2.948 is applied.

E-field emissions = 116.9 V/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>107.3 V/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>115.6 V/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>113.8 V/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>108.2 V/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>116.9 V/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>115.0 V/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>104.4 V/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>113.8 V/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>112.1 V/m</b>



### P03 E-Field\_GSM850\_GSM\_Ch251

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.68

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2013/02/18;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

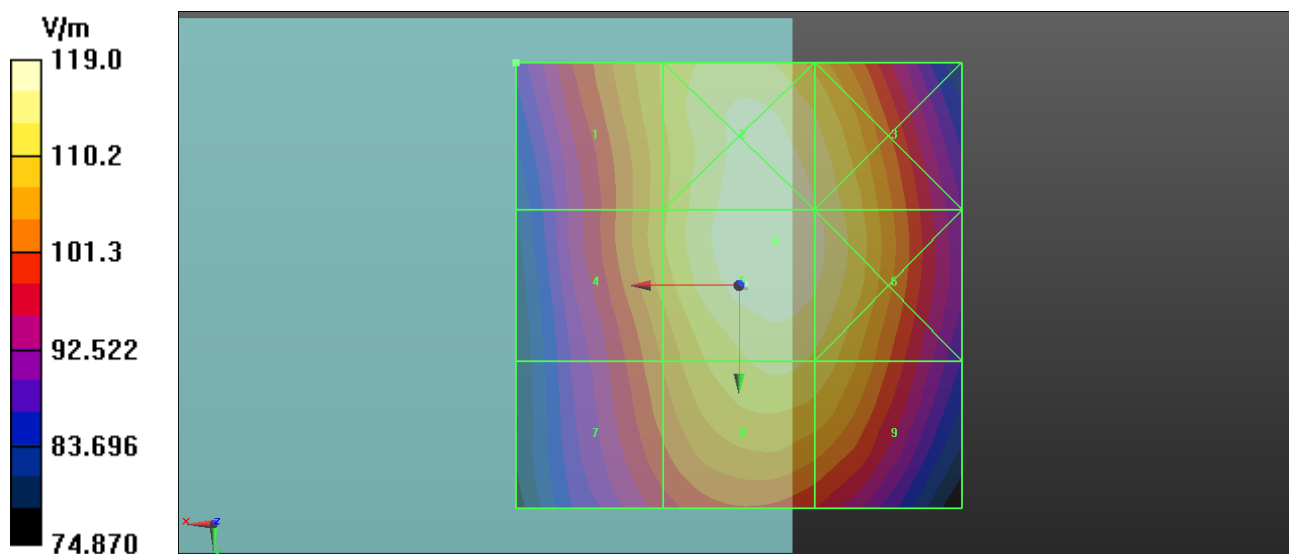
Reference Value = 49.10 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

PMF = 2.948 is applied.

E-field emissions = 119.0 V/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 M4 <b>110.6 V/m</b>	Grid 2 M4 <b>118.3 V/m</b>	Grid 3 M4 <b>116.4 V/m</b>
Grid 4 M4 <b>109.9 V/m</b>	Grid 5 M4 <b>119.0 V/m</b>	Grid 6 M4 <b>117.1 V/m</b>
Grid 7 M4 <b>104.6 V/m</b>	Grid 8 M4 <b>114.0 V/m</b>	Grid 9 M4 <b>112.5 V/m</b>



## P05 E-Field\_GSM1900\_GSM\_Ch512

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.68

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2013/02/18;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

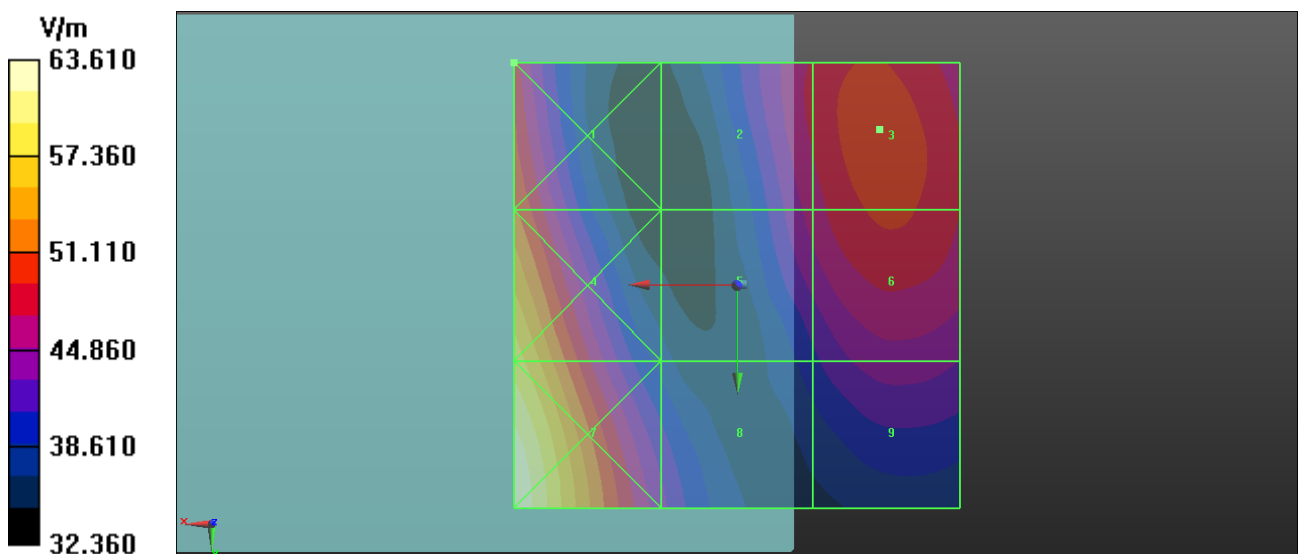
Reference Value = 13.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

PMF = 2.948 is applied.

E-field emissions = 50.11 V/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>51.54 V/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>47.57 V/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>50.11 V/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>58.65 V/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>45.86 V/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>49.48 V/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M3</b> <b>63.61 V/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>43.60 V/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>43.99 V/m</b>





### P06 E-Field\_GSM1900\_GSM\_Ch661

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.68

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2013/02/18;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

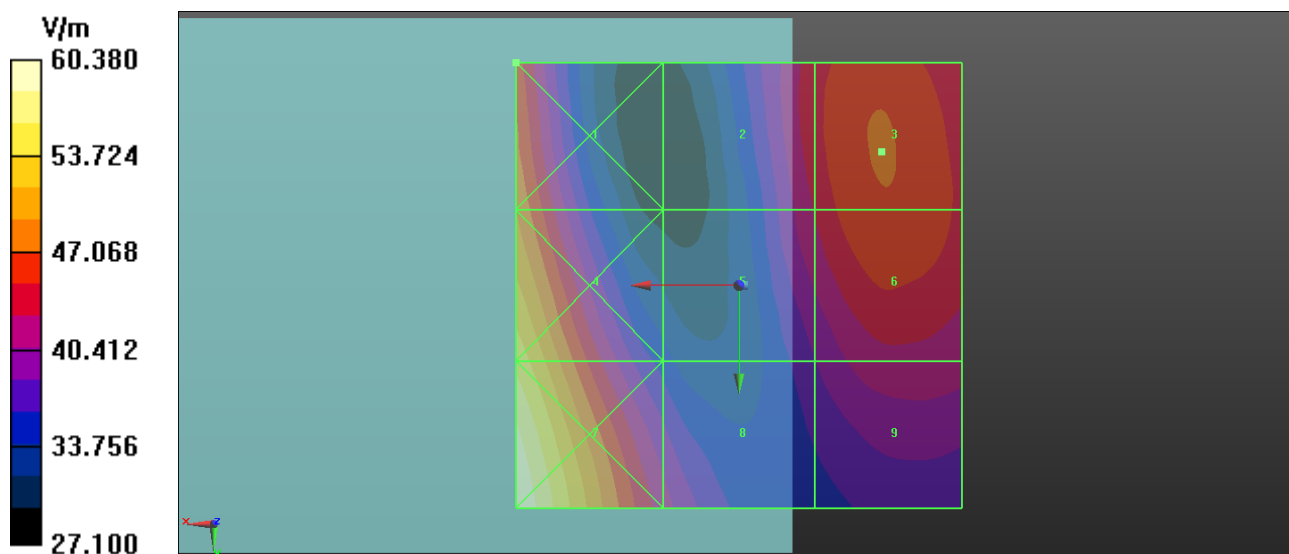
Reference Value = 11.80 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

PMF = 2.948 is applied.

E-field emissions = 47.31 V/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 M4 <b>49.30 V/m</b>	Grid 2 M4 <b>44.17 V/m</b>	Grid 3 M4 <b>47.31 V/m</b>
Grid 4 M4 <b>55.38 V/m</b>	Grid 5 M4 <b>42.86 V/m</b>	Grid 6 M4 <b>46.87 V/m</b>
Grid 7 M4 <b>60.38 V/m</b>	Grid 8 M4 <b>41.65 V/m</b>	Grid 9 M4 <b>42.03 V/m</b>



### P07 E-Field\_GSM1900\_GSM\_Ch810

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.68

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2013/02/18;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

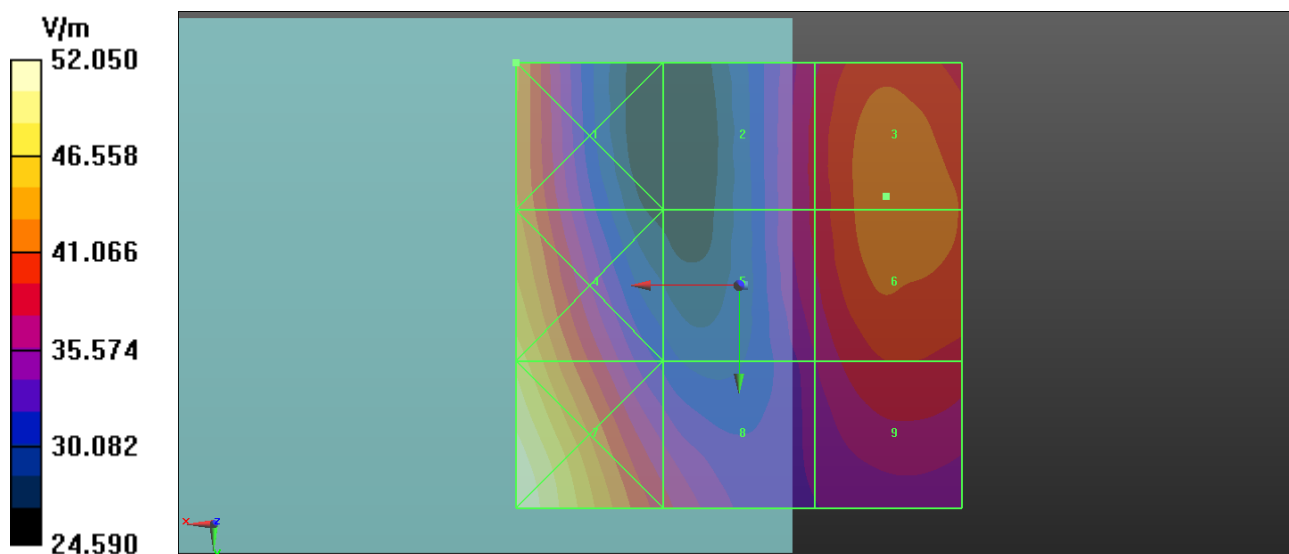
Reference Value = 10.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMF = 2.948 is applied.

E-field emissions = 42.38 V/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 M4 43.33 V/m	Grid 2 M4 38.09 V/m	Grid 3 M4 42.38 V/m
Grid 4 M4 47.82 V/m	Grid 5 M4 37.92 V/m	Grid 6 M4 42.31 V/m
Grid 7 M4 52.05 V/m	Grid 8 M4 38.27 V/m	Grid 9 M4 39.32 V/m



### P09 E-Field\_WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Ch4132

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.95

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2013/02/18;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**- Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

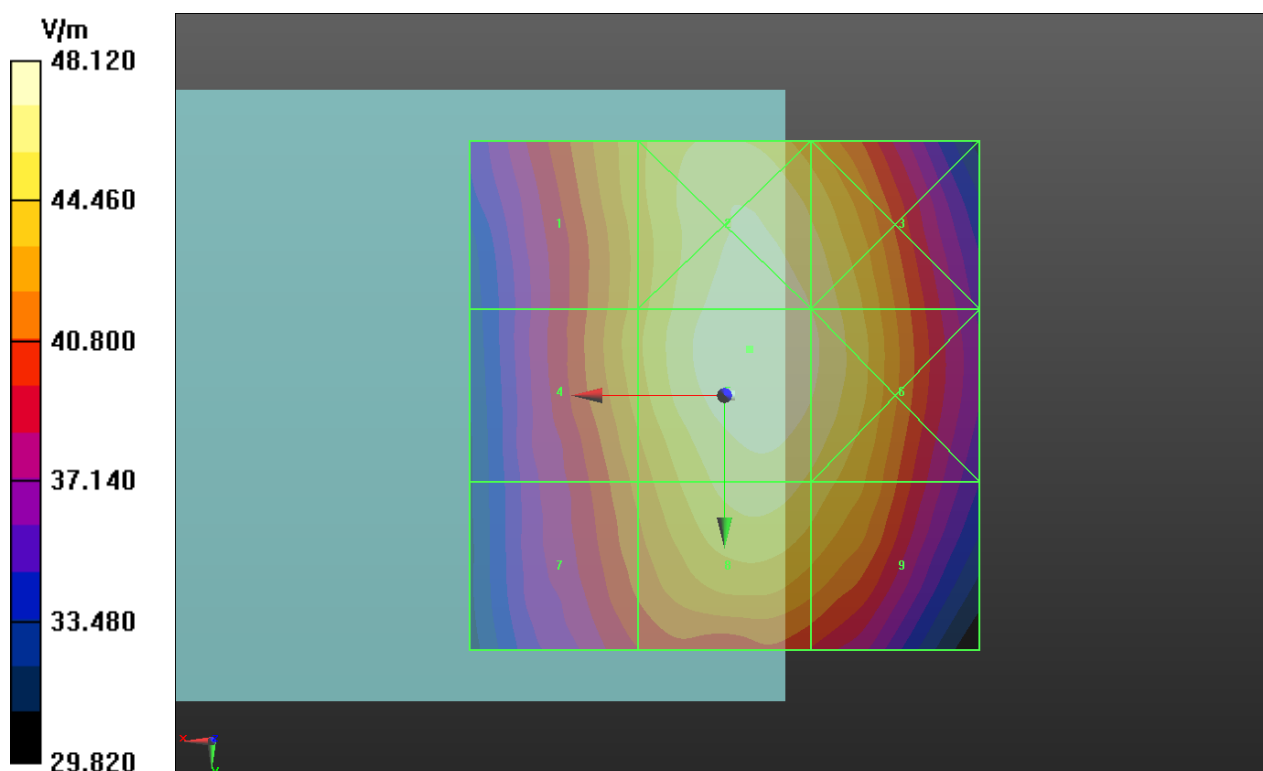
Reference Value = 60.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

PMF = 1.002 is applied.

E-field emissions = 48.12 V/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>44.15 V/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>47.75 V/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>46.90 V/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>44.22 V/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>48.12 V/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>47.21 V/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>42.45 V/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>46.40 V/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>45.41 V/m</b>



### P10 E-Field\_WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Ch4182

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.95

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2013/02/18;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**- Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

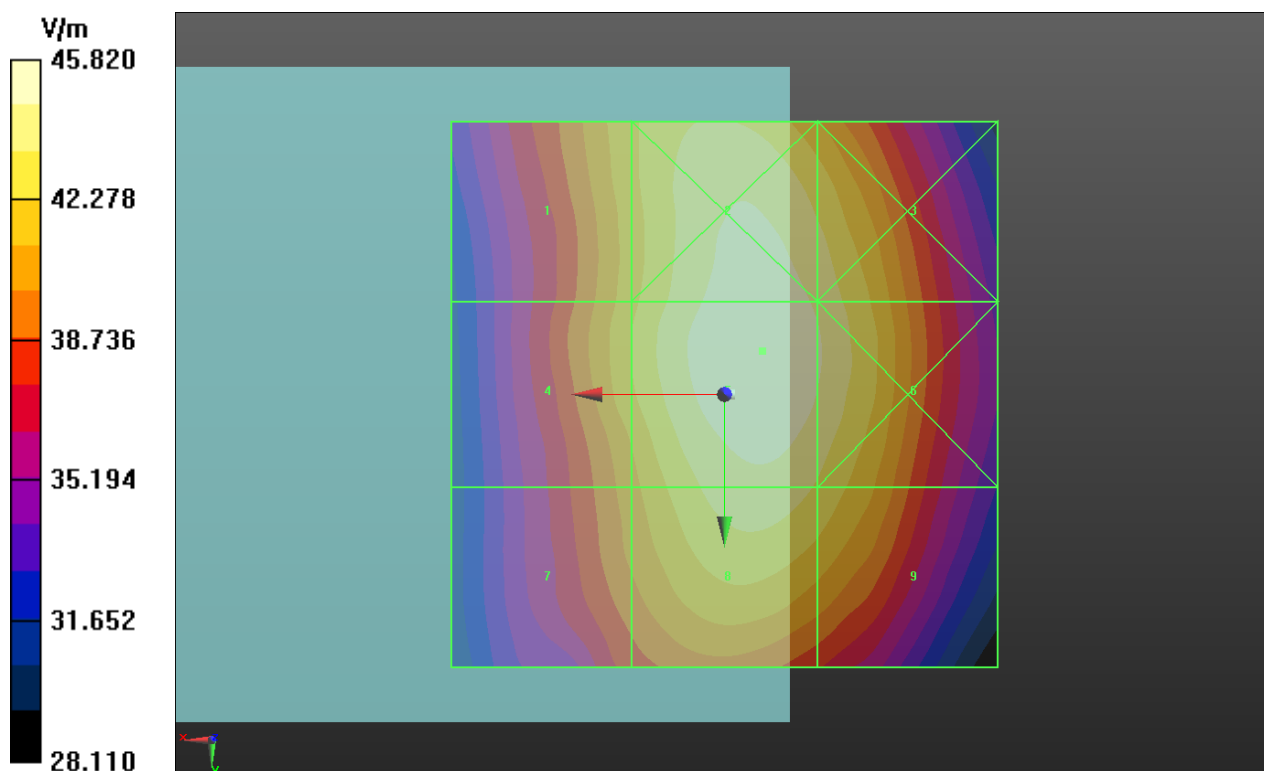
Reference Value = 57.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

PMF = 1.002 is applied.

E-field emissions = 45.82 V/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>42.06 V/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>45.40 V/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>44.43 V/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>42.33 V/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>45.82 V/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>44.80 V/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>40.70 V/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>44.27 V/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>43.34 V/m</b>



### P11 E-Field\_WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Ch4233

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.95

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2445; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2013/02/18;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**- Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

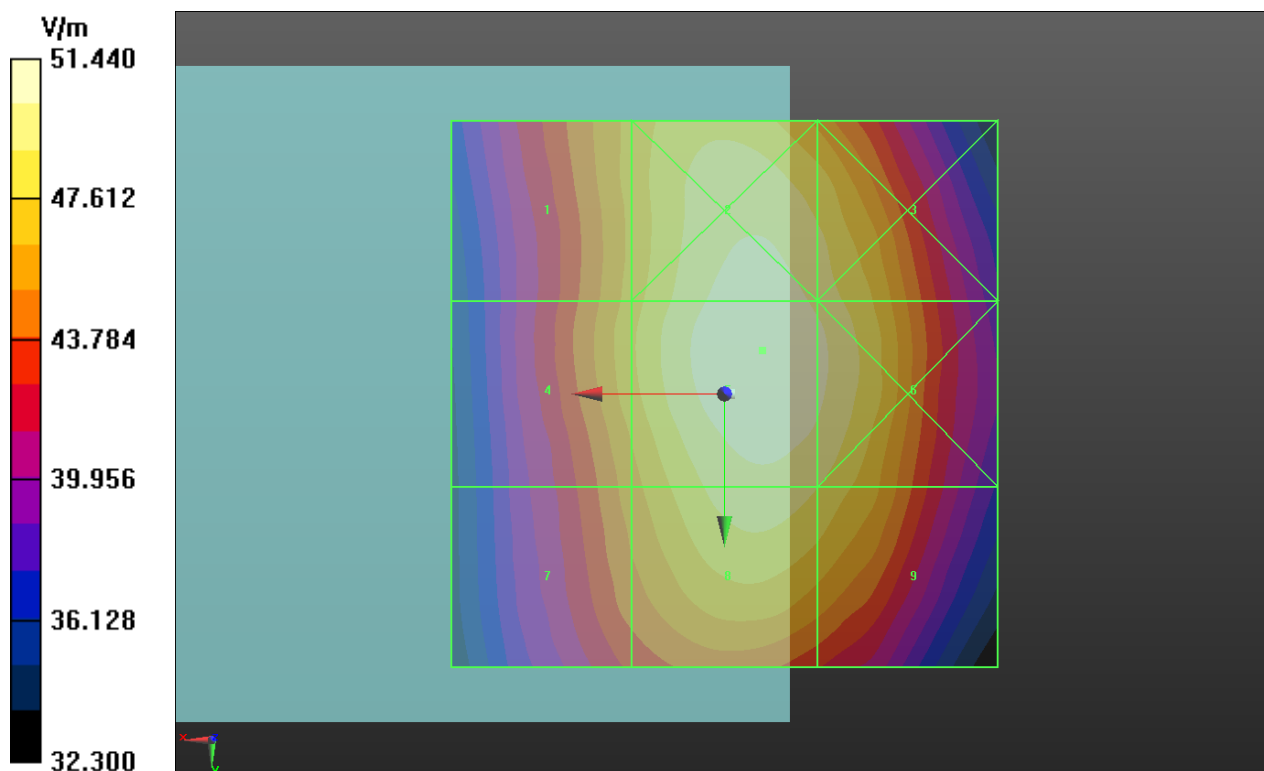
Reference Value = 64.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

PMF = 1.002 is applied.

E-field emissions = 51.44 V/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>46.98 V/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>50.92 V/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>49.89 V/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>47.40 V/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>51.44 V/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>50.55 V/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>45.81 V/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>49.79 V/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>48.92 V/m</b>



### P13 H-Field\_GSM850\_GSM\_Ch128

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.68

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6274; ; Calibrated: 2013/02/15
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

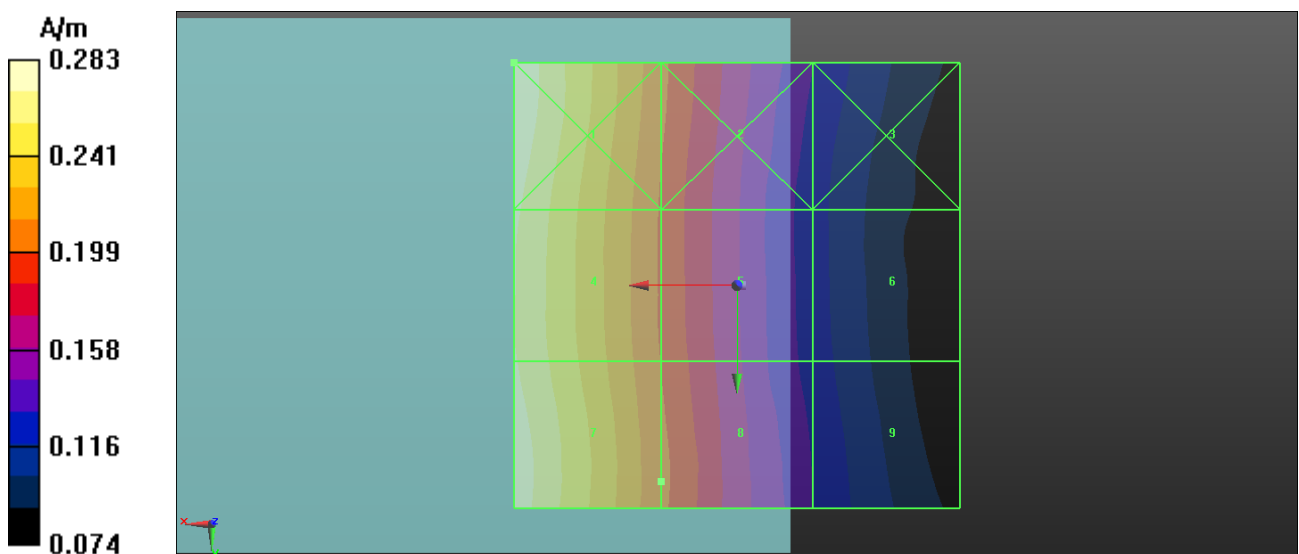
Reference Value = 0.05700 A/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

PMF = 2.948 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.279 A/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>0.283 A/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>0.204 A/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>0.130 A/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>0.272 A/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>0.199 A/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>0.125 A/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>0.279 A/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>0.204 A/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>0.130 A/m</b>



### P14 H-Field\_GSM850\_GSM\_Ch189

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.68

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6274; ; Calibrated: 2013/02/15
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

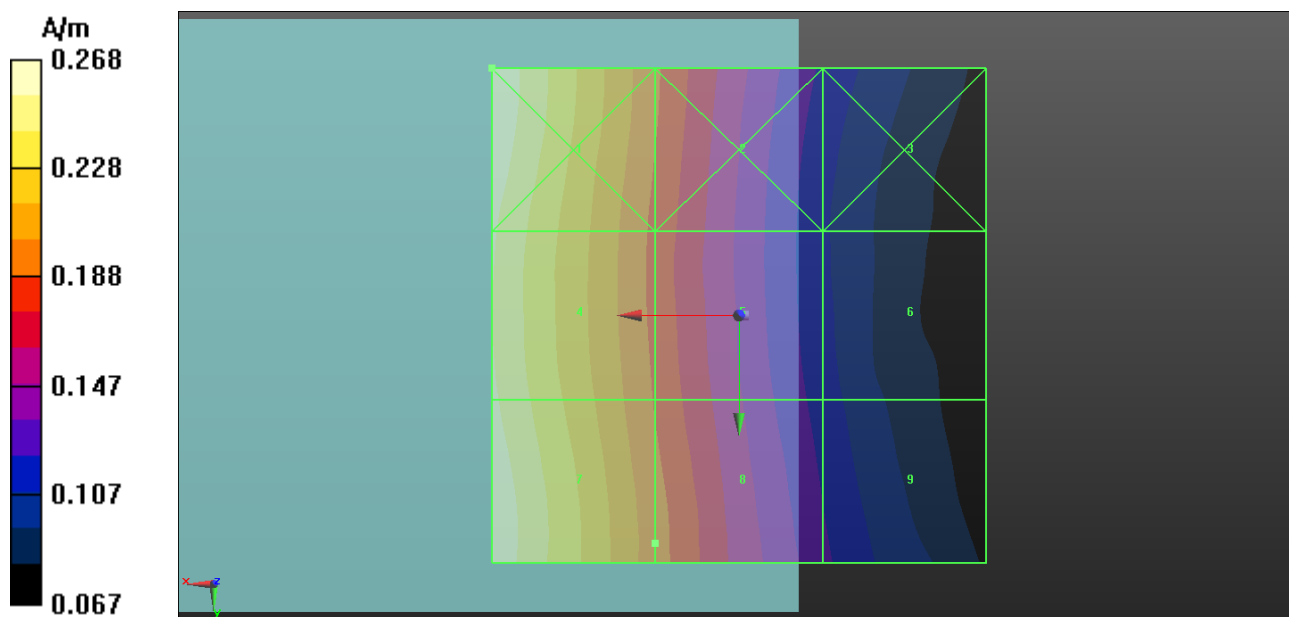
Reference Value = 0.05200 A/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

PMF = 2.948 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.267 A/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>0.268 A/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>0.191 A/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>0.119 A/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>0.258 A/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>0.187 A/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>0.115 A/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>0.267 A/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>0.194 A/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>0.125 A/m</b>



## P15 H-Field\_GSM850\_GSM\_Ch251

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.68

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6274; ; Calibrated: 2013/02/15
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

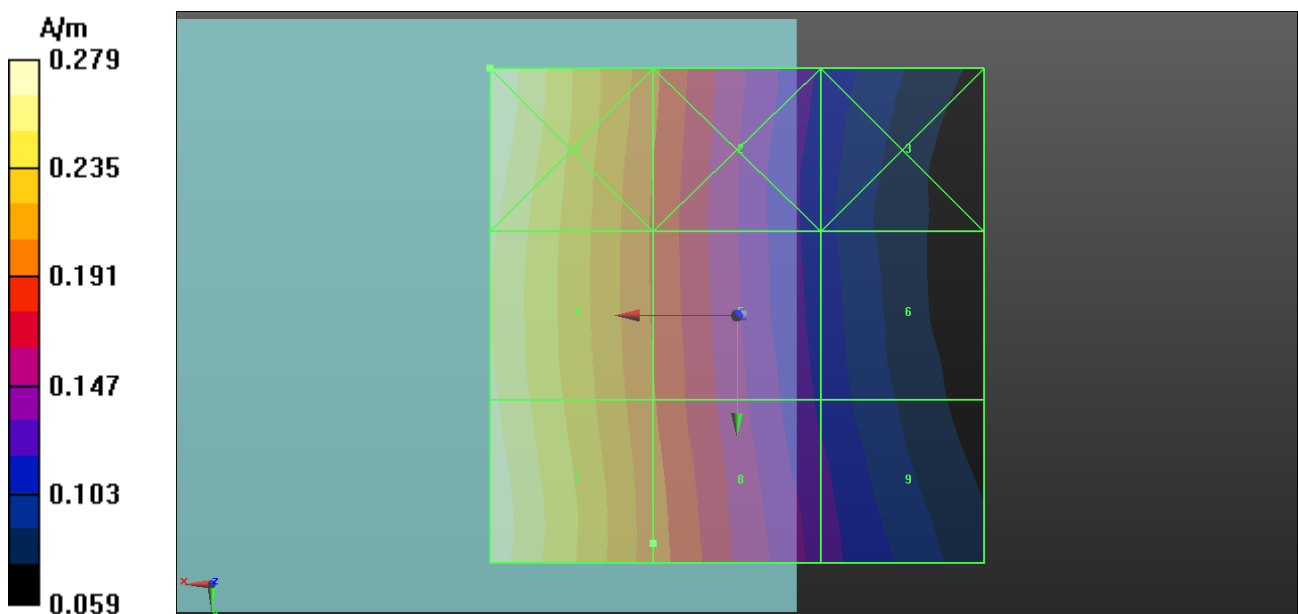
Reference Value = 0.05300 A/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

PMF = 2.948 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.275 A/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>0.279 A/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>0.195 A/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>0.116 A/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>0.268 A/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>0.192 A/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>0.115 A/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>0.275 A/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>0.198 A/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>0.126 A/m</b>





## P17 H-Field\_GSM1900\_GSM\_Ch512

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.68

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6274; ; Calibrated: 2013/02/15
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

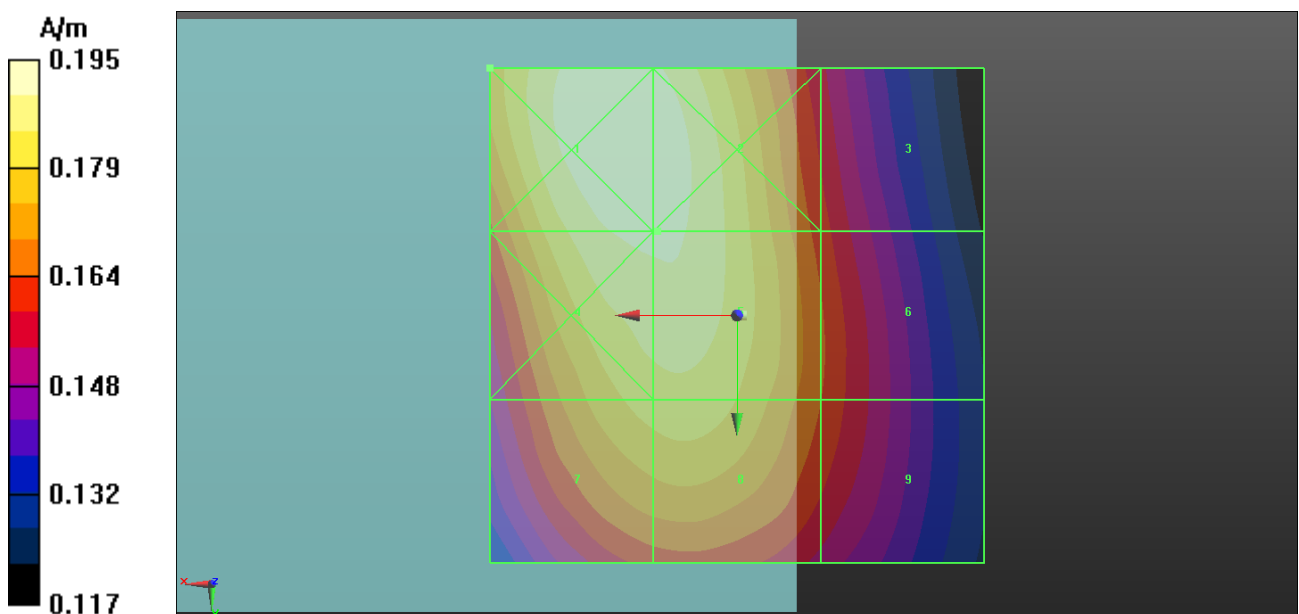
Reference Value = 0.06700 A/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

PMF = 2.948 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.191 A/m

**Near-field category: M3 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 <b>M3</b> <b>0.195 A/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M3</b> <b>0.194 A/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>0.161 A/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M3</b> <b>0.191 A/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M3</b> <b>0.191 A/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>0.165 A/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>0.182 A/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>0.183 A/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>0.164 A/m</b>



### P18 H-Field\_GSM1900\_GSM\_Ch661

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.68

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6274; ; Calibrated: 2013/02/15
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

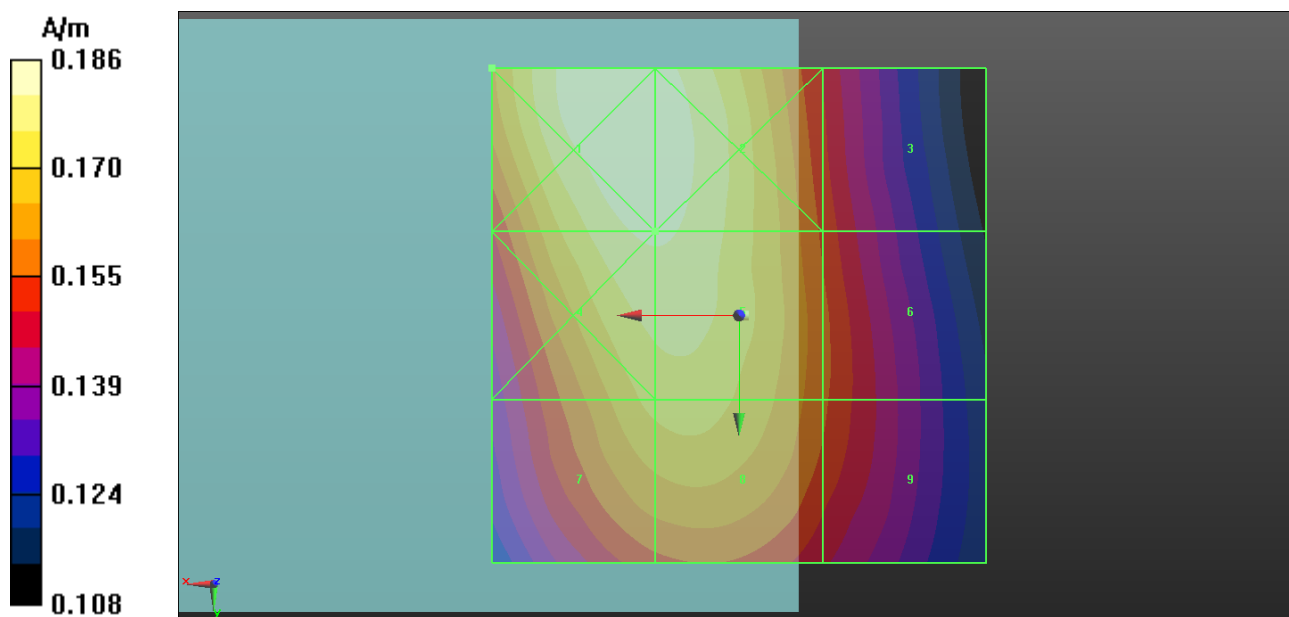
Reference Value = 0.06400 A/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

PMF = 2.948 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.182 A/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>0.186 A/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>0.185 A/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>0.154 A/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>0.182 A/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>0.182 A/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>0.157 A/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>0.172 A/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>0.173 A/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>0.156 A/m</b>



### P19 H-Field\_GSM1900\_GSM\_Ch810

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.68

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6274; ; Calibrated: 2013/02/15
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

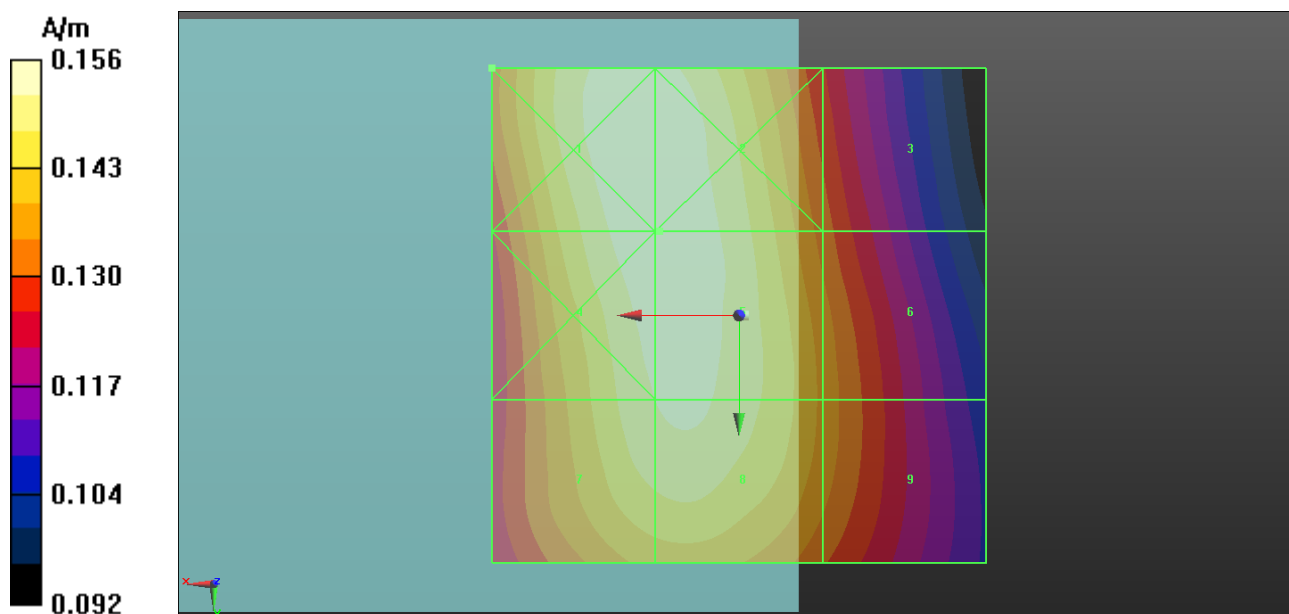
Reference Value = 0.05600 A/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMF = 2.948 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.154 A/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>0.156 A/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>0.155 A/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>0.133 A/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>0.154 A/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>0.154 A/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>0.137 A/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>0.151 A/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>0.152 A/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>0.137 A/m</b>



## P21 H-Field\_WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Ch4132

### DUT: 130729C04

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.95

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6274; ; Calibrated: 2013/02/15
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

#### - Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

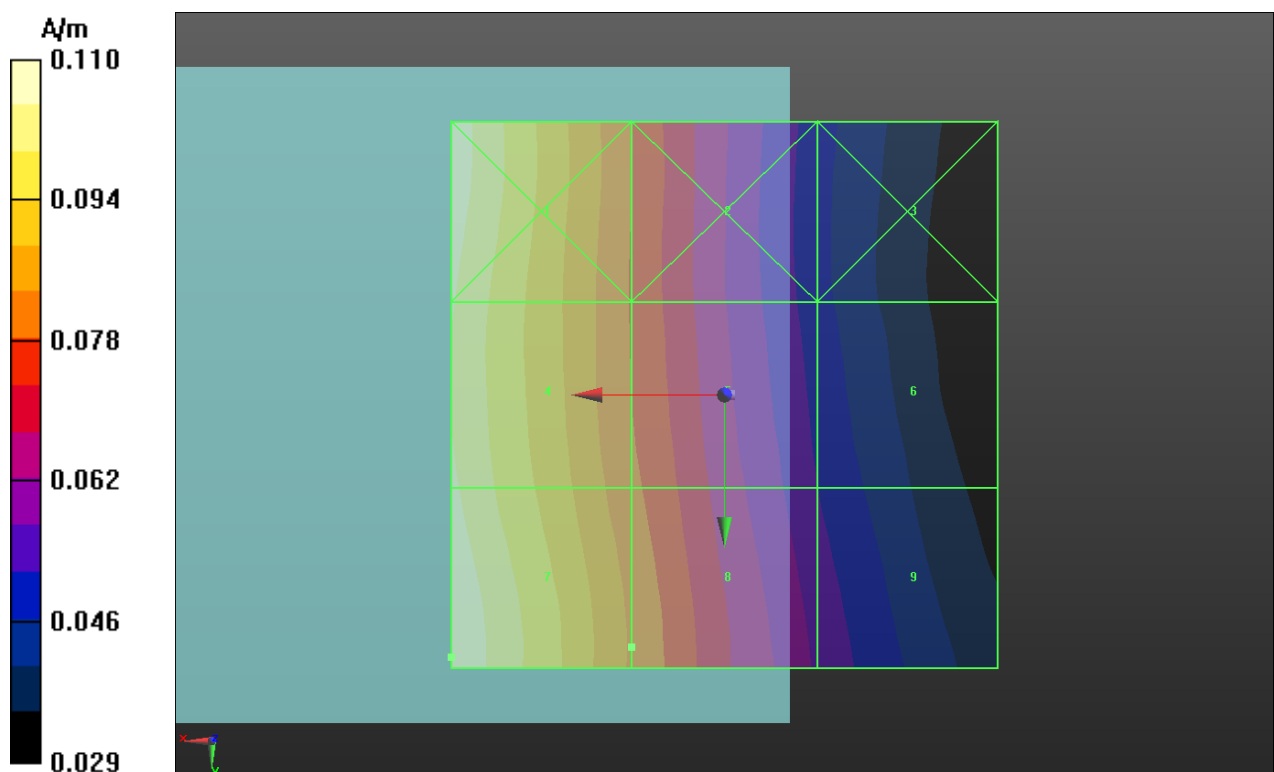
Reference Value = 0.06600 A/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMF = 1.002 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.110 A/m

#### Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>0.108 A/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>0.078 A/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>0.049 A/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>0.106 A/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>0.080 A/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>0.051 A/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>0.110 A/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>0.083 A/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>0.056 A/m</b>



## P22 H-Field\_WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Ch4182

### DUT: 130729C04

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.95

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6274; ; Calibrated: 2013/02/15
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

#### - Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

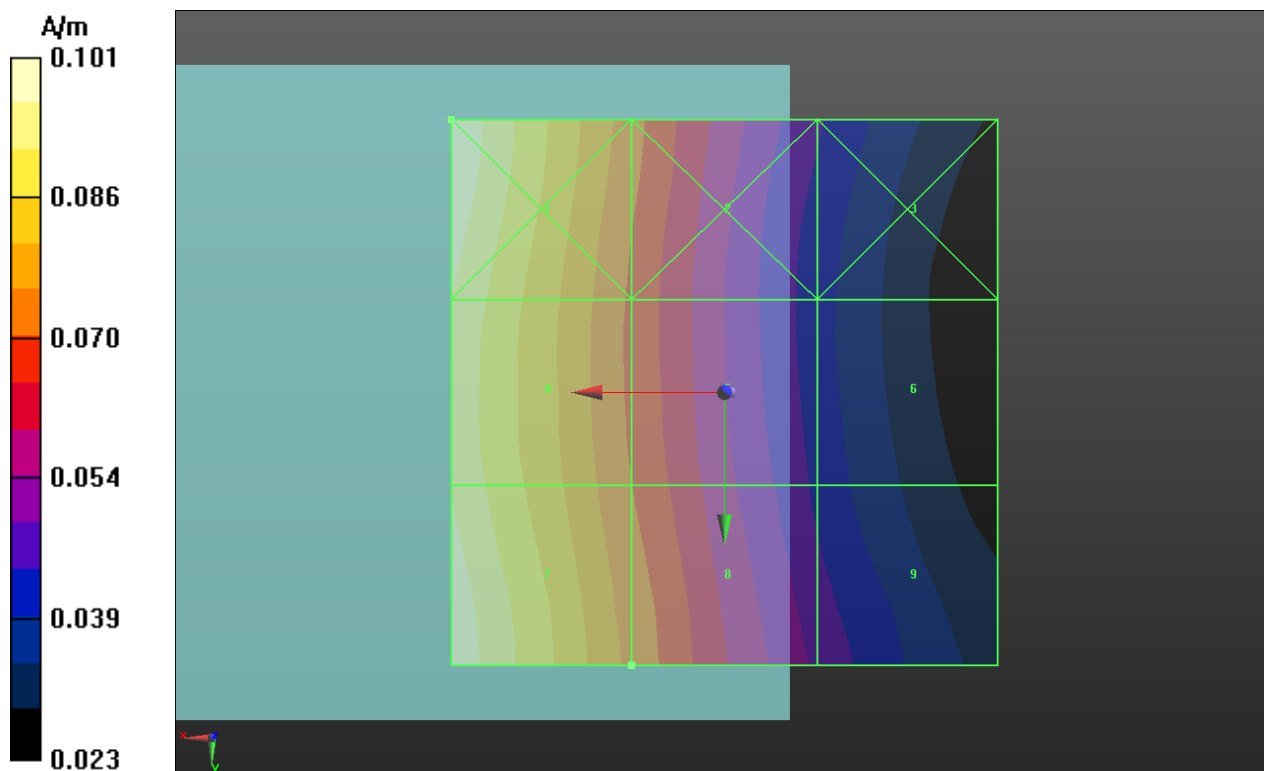
Reference Value = 0.05700 A/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

PMF = 1.002 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.100 A/m

#### Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>0.101 A/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>0.072 A/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>0.045 A/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>0.096 A/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>0.070 A/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>0.043 A/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>0.100 A/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>0.074 A/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>0.048 A/m</b>



### P23 H-Field\_WCDMA V\_RMC12.2K\_Ch4233

**DUT: 130729C04**

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.95

Medium: Air Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0 \text{ S/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 21.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6274; ; Calibrated: 2013/02/15
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn861; Calibrated: 2013/03/19
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**- Hearing Aid Compatibility (101x101x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

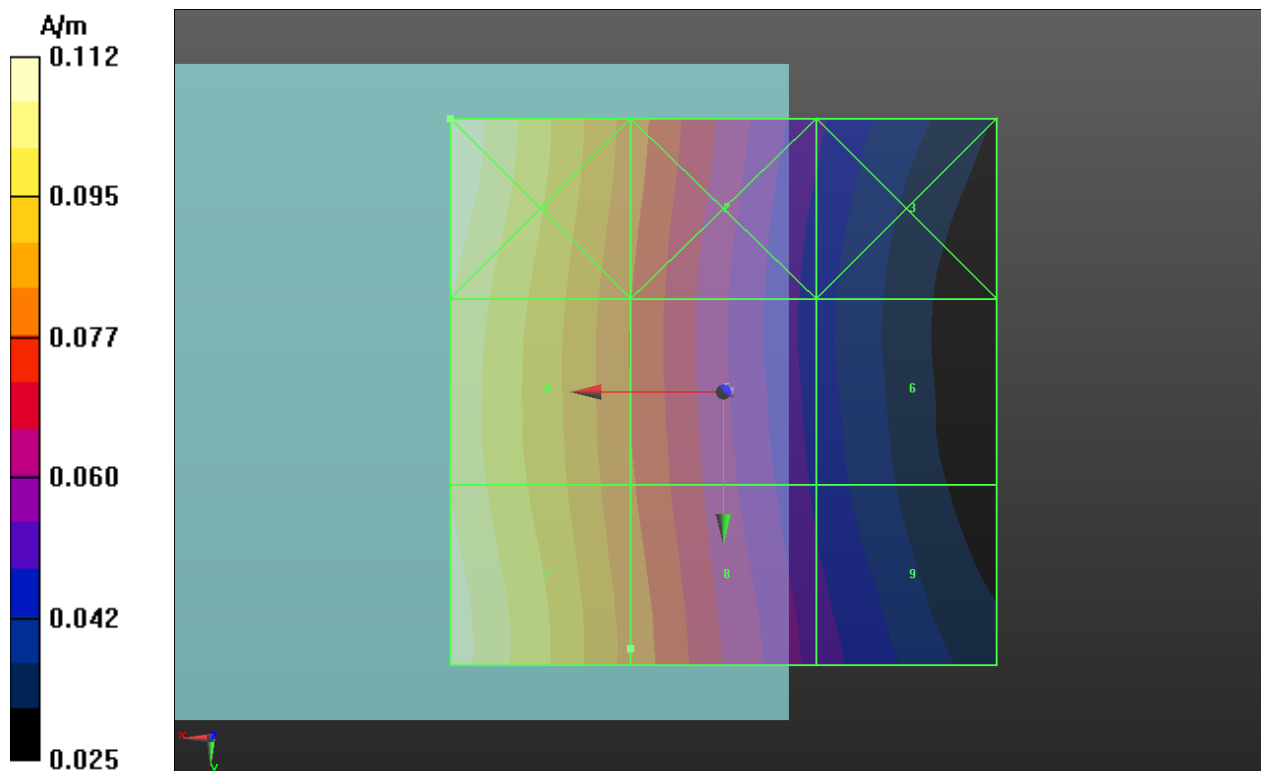
Reference Value = 0.06300 A/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

PMF = 1.002 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.110 A/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Grid 1 <b>M4</b> <b>0.113 A/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M4</b> <b>0.081 A/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M4</b> <b>0.050 A/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M4</b> <b>0.107 A/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M4</b> <b>0.078 A/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M4</b> <b>0.047 A/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M4</b> <b>0.110 A/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M4</b> <b>0.081 A/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M4</b> <b>0.052 A/m</b>





## **Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole**

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **CD835V3-1041\_Mar13**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD835V3 - SN: 1041**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v6  
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air**

Calibration date: **March 15, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10q)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01527)	Apr-13
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	28-Dec-12 (No. ER3-2336_Dec12)	Dec-13
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	28-Dec-12 (No. H3-6065_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 781	29-May-12 (No. DAE4-781_May12)	May-13

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: MY41495277	01-Apr-08 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	

Issued: March 19, 2013

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

## References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2007  
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications  
Devices and Hearing Aids.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- *H-field distribution:* H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.8.5
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	HAC Test Arch	
<b>Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center</b>	10mm	
<b>Scan resolution</b>	dx, dy = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
<b>Input power drift</b>	< 0.06 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

<b>H-field 10 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	<b>0.466 A / m <math>\pm</math> 8.2 % (k=2)</b>

<b>E-field 10 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>Interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	167.1 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	164.6 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	<b>165.8 V / m <math>\pm</math> 12.8 % (k=2)</b>

<b>E-field 15 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>Interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	108.0 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	107.9 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	<b>108.0 V / m <math>\pm</math> 12.8 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.3 dB	43.0 $\Omega$ - 12.5 j $\Omega$
835 MHz	27.5 dB	47.6 $\Omega$ + 3.4 j $\Omega$
900 MHz	18.0 dB	57.0 $\Omega$ - 11.7 j $\Omega$
950 MHz	19.9 dB	47.7 $\Omega$ + 9.7 j $\Omega$
960 MHz	14.6 dB	55.1 $\Omega$ + 19.2 j $\Omega$

### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

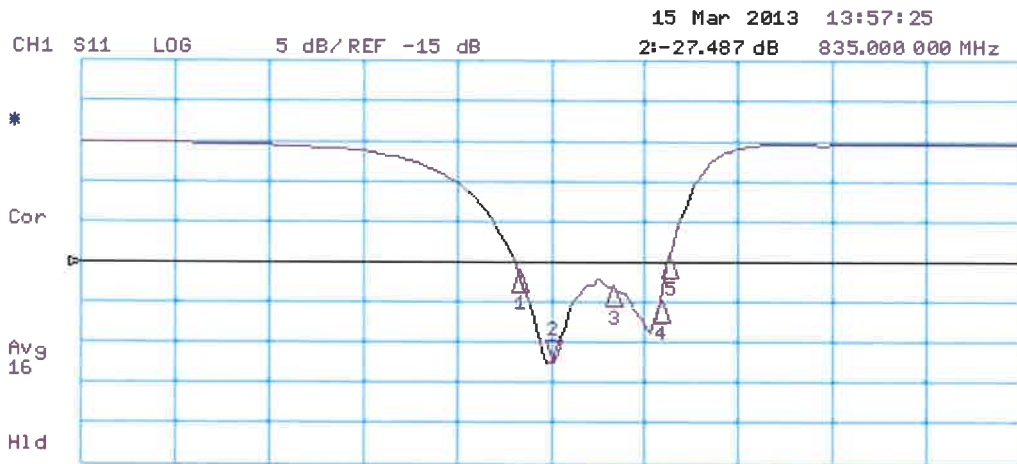
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

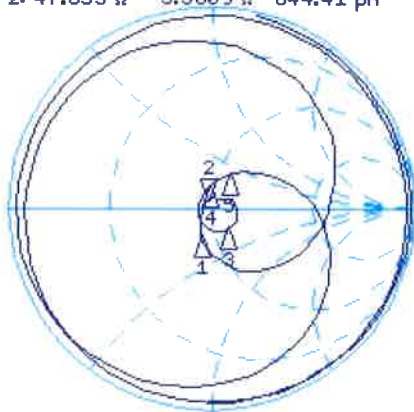
After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

# Impedance Measurement Plot



CH2 S11 1 U FS 2: 47.635  $\Omega$  3: 3.3809  $\Omega$  644.41 pF 835.000 000 MHz

De1  
Cor  
Avg 16  
H1d



START 335.000 000 MHz

STOP 1 335.000 000 MHz

## DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 15.03.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

**DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1041**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz  
 Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Phantom section: RF Section  
 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 28.12.2012
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

**Dipole H-Field measurement @ 835MHz/H-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4990 A/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

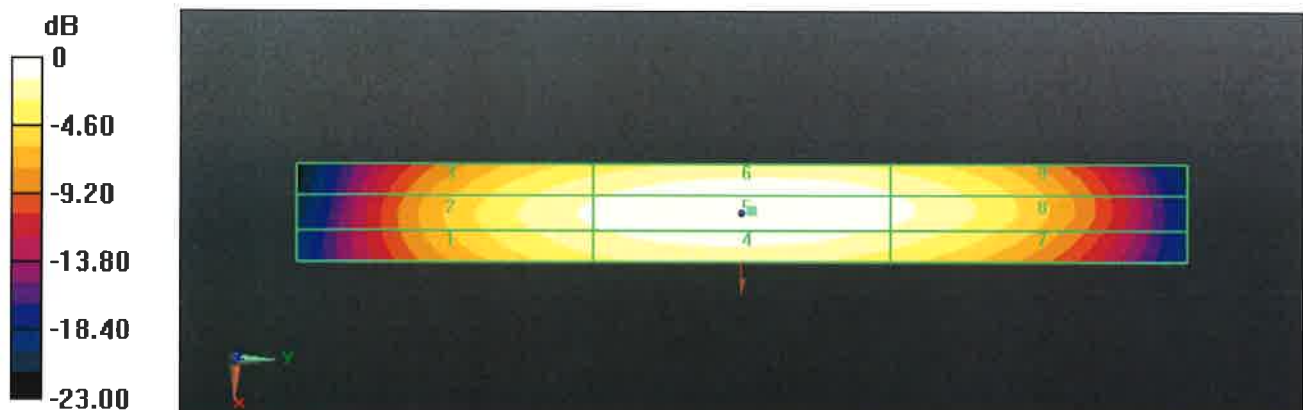
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4657 A/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
0.382 A/m	0.405 A/m	0.383 A/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
0.433 A/m	0.466 A/m	0.447 A/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
0.376 A/m	0.412 A/m	0.399 A/m



0 dB = 0.4657 A/m = -6.64 dBA/m

## DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 15.03.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

**DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1041**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

**Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):**

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 109.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 167.1 V/m

**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

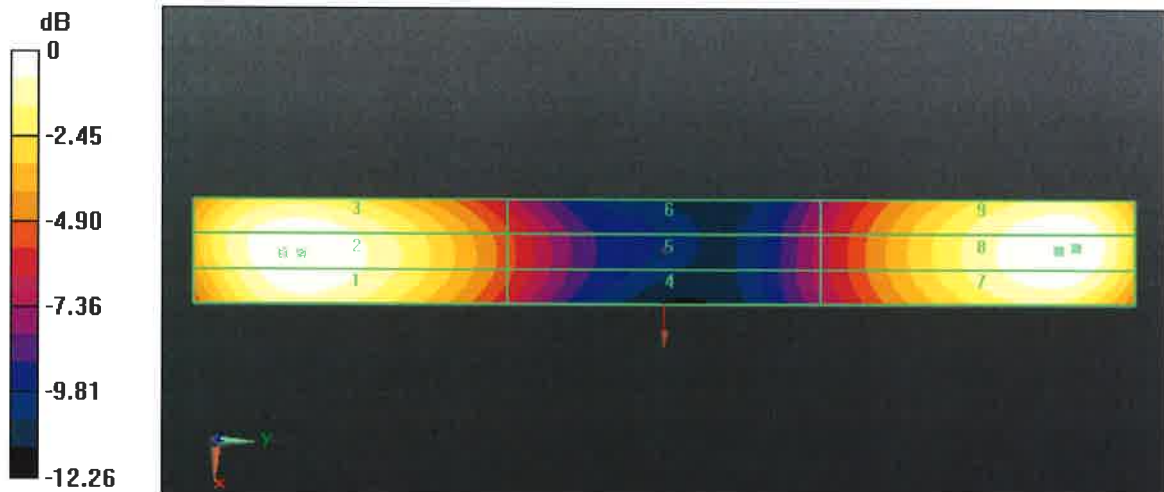
PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
161.8 V/m	164.6 V/m	157.8 V/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
89.77 V/m	91.72 V/m	88.33 V/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
158.8 V/m	167.1 V/m	164.4 V/m

**Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):**  
 Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm  
 Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm  
 Reference Value = 109.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB  
 PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.  
 E-field emissions = 108.0 V/m  
**Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M4 106.6 V/m	Grid 2 M4 107.9 V/m	Grid 3 M4 105.6 V/m
Grid 4 M4 65.13 V/m	Grid 5 M4 65.52 V/m	Grid 6 M4 64.28 V/m
Grid 7 M4 105.5 V/m	Grid 8 M4 108.0 V/m	Grid 9 M4 106.6 V/m



0 dB = 167.1 V/m = 44.46 dBV/m



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Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **CD1880V3-1032\_Apr13**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **CD1880V3 - SN: 1032**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-20.v6  
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air**

Calibration date: **April 23, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10q)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01731)	Apr-14
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	28-Dec-12 (No. ER3-2336_Dec12)	Dec-13
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	28-Dec-12 (No. H3-6065_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 781	29-May-12 (No. DAE4-781_May12)	May-13

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: MY41495277	01-Apr-08 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	

Issued: April 23, 2013

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

## References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2007  
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.
- [2] ANSI-C63.19-2011  
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminated by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- *H-field distribution:* H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.8.6
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	HAC Test Arch	
<b>Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center</b>	10mm 15mm	
<b>Scan resolution</b>	dx, dy = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	1880 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
<b>Input power drift</b>	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

<b>H-field 10 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	<b>0.464 A / m <math>\pm</math> 8.2 % (k=2)</b>

<b>E-field 10 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>Interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	143.0 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	140.3 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	<b>141.7 V / m <math>\pm</math> 12.8 % (k=2)</b>

<b>E-field 15 mm above dipole surface</b>	condition	<b>Interpolated maximum</b>
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	92.7 V / m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	90.1 V / m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	<b>91.4 V / m <math>\pm</math> 12.8 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	25.0 dB	50.6 $\Omega$ + 5.6 j $\Omega$
1880 MHz	19.9 dB	51.1 $\Omega$ + 10.2 j $\Omega$
1900 MHz	20.3 dB	54.7 $\Omega$ + 9.0 j $\Omega$
1950 MHz	26.5 dB	54.8 $\Omega$ + 1.1 j $\Omega$
2000 MHz	22.2 dB	43.1 $\Omega$ + 2.0 j $\Omega$

### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

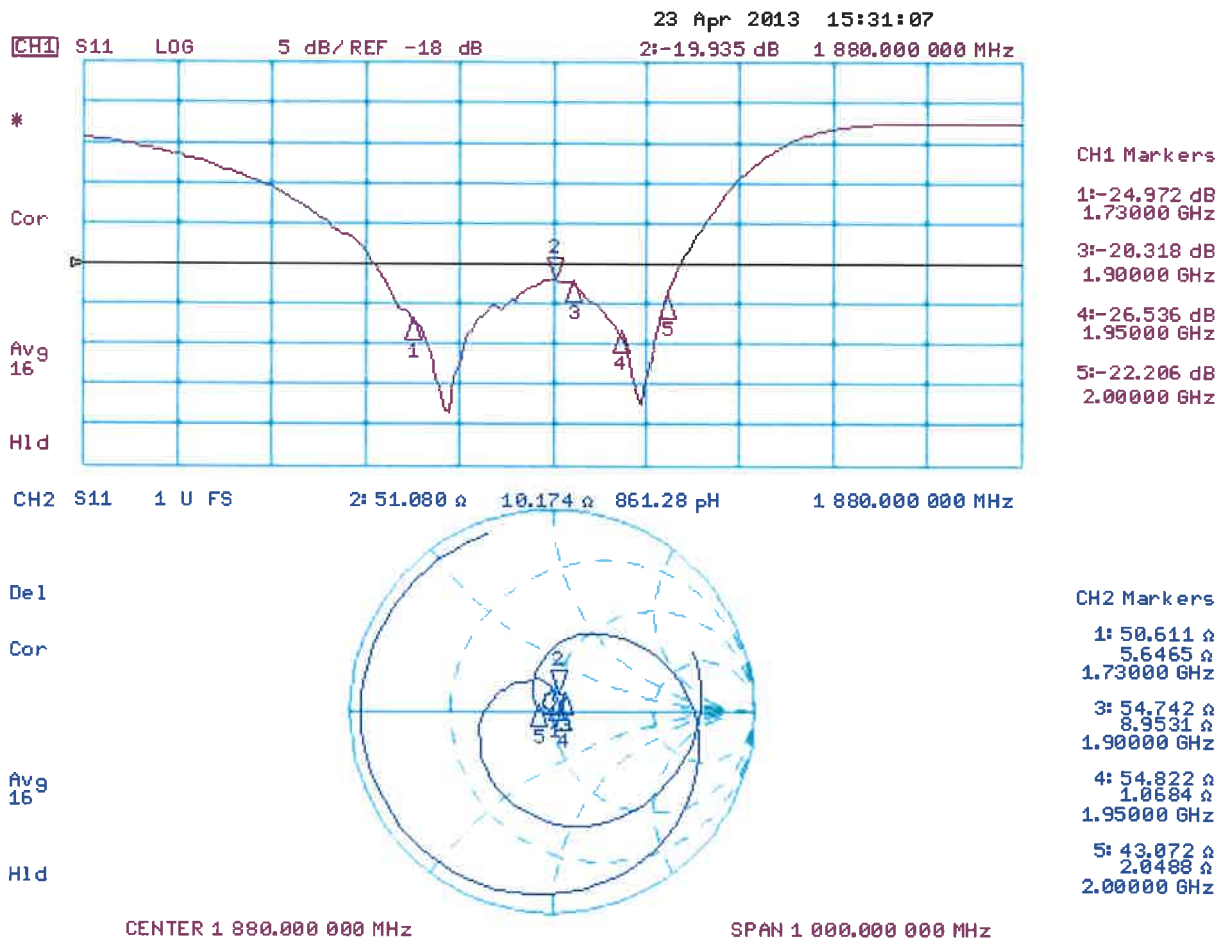
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

# Impedance Measurement Plot



## DASY5 H-field Result

Date: 23.04.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

**DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1032**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 28.12.2012
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

**Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4920 A/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

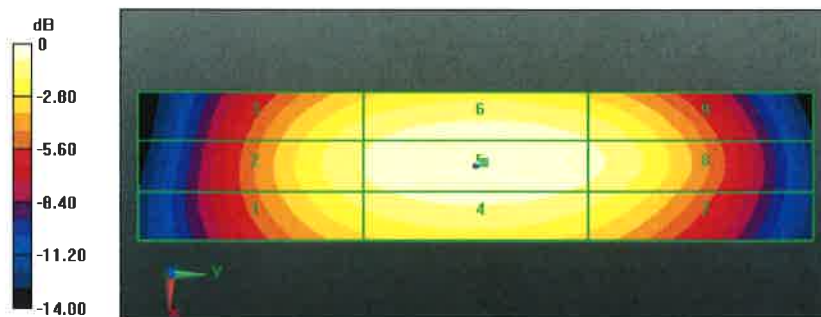
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4642 A/m

**Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)**

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 <b>M2</b> <b>0.399 A/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M2</b> <b>0.420 A/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M2</b> <b>0.405 A/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M2</b> <b>0.437 A/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M2</b> <b>0.464 A/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M2</b> <b>0.449 A/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M2</b> <b>0.402 A/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M2</b> <b>0.432 A/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M2</b> <b>0.418 A/m</b>



0 dB = 0.4642 A/m = -6.67 dBA/m

## DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 23.04.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

**DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1032**

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 29.05.2012
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.6(1115); SEMCAD X 14.6.9(7117)

**Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test**

**(41x181x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 161.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

E-field emissions = 143.0 V/m

**Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)**

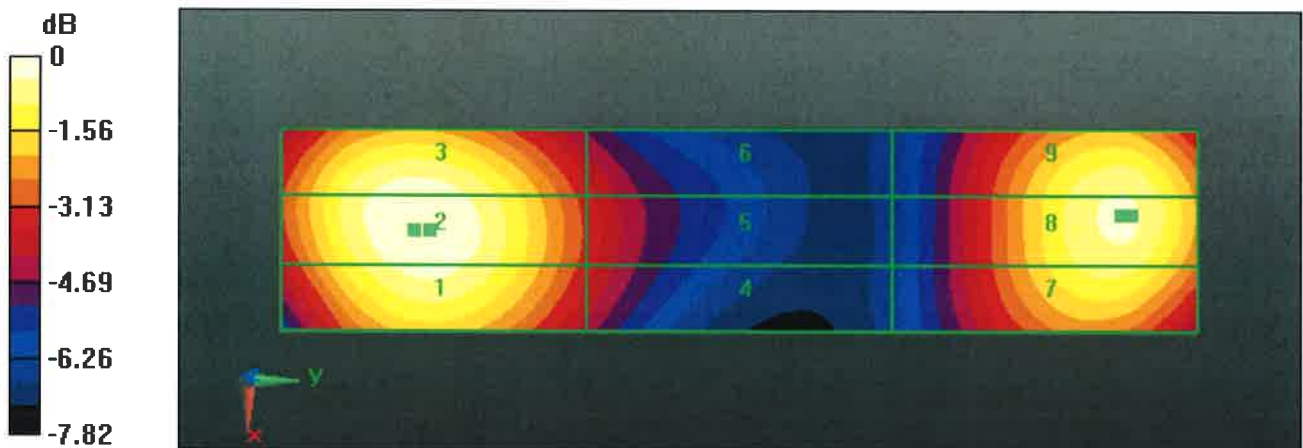
PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M2</b> <b>135.7 V/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M2</b> <b>140.3 V/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M2</b> <b>137.0 V/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M3</b> <b>92.35 V/m</b>	Grid 5 <b>M3</b> <b>94.76 V/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M3</b> <b>91.05 V/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M2</b> <b>133.2 V/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M2</b> <b>143.0 V/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M2</b> <b>141.5 V/m</b>

**Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm  
 Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm  
 Reference Value = 160.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB  
 PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.  
 E-field emissions = 92.74 V/m  
**Near-field category: M3 (AWF 0 dB)**

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M3</b> <b>90.77 V/m</b>	Grid 2 <b>M3</b> <b>92.74 V/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M3</b> <b>91.42 V/m</b>
Grid 4 <b>M3</b> <b>72.21 V/m</b>	<b>Grid 5 M3</b> <b>73.10 V/m</b>	Grid 6 <b>M3</b> <b>72.02 V/m</b>
Grid 7 <b>M3</b> <b>87.31 V/m</b>	Grid 8 <b>M3</b> <b>90.11 V/m</b>	Grid 9 <b>M3</b> <b>89.51 V/m</b>



0 dB = 143.0 V/m = 43.11 dBV/m



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **B.V.ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **ER3-2445\_Feb13**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ER3DV6 - SN:2445**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-02.v6, QA CAL-25.v4  
Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field  
evaluations in air**

Calibration date: **February 18, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	12-Oct-12 (No. ER3-2328_Oct12)	Oct-13
DAE4	SN: 789	18-Sep-12 (No. DAE4-789_Sep12)	Sep-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	<b>Jeton Kastrati</b>	<b>Laboratory Technician</b>	
Approved by:	<b>Katja Pokovic</b>	<b>Technical Manager</b>	
			Issued: February 20, 2013
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			





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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\phi$	$\phi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, April 2010.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  for XY sensors and  $\vartheta = 90$  for Z sensor ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>* = *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>* \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR*: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>*; *A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORM<sub>x</sub>* (no uncertainty required).

# Probe ER3DV6

## SN:2445

Manufactured: January 22, 2008  
Calibrated: February 18, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2445

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ )	1.48	1.70	1.83	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	97.7	99.7	101.0	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	203.1	$\pm 3.3\%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		157.3	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		204.2	
10011	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	3.15	65.9	18.2	2.91	121.0	$\pm 0.7\%$
		Y	3.28	67.1	19.1		126.3	
		Z	3.17	66.3	18.3		118.8	
10012	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	X	2.64	66.4	17.8	1.87	124.0	$\pm 0.7\%$
		Y	3.15	70.6	20.3		128.8	
		Z	2.95	68.6	18.8		121.7	
10021	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	20.01	99.7	29.1	9.39	131.8	$\pm 1.4\%$
		Y	18.28	99.1	28.6		129.3	
		Z	24.77	99.7	28.8		98.6	
10039	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	X	4.75	66.2	19.0	4.57	121.0	$\pm 0.9\%$
		Y	4.85	67.0	19.5		125.0	
		Z	4.66	66.2	18.9		119.2	
10081	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	X	3.90	65.6	18.6	3.97	118.3	$\pm 0.7\%$
		Y	3.95	66.2	19.0		122.8	
		Z	3.84	65.6	18.5		117.4	
10148	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.58	67.8	20.4	5.84	133.7	$\pm 1.9\%$
		Y	6.72	68.6	20.9		138.8	
		Z	6.48	67.6	20.1		132.4	
10154	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.22	67.3	20.2	5.76	130.2	$\pm 1.9\%$
		Y	6.27	67.8	20.5		134.9	
		Z	6.05	66.9	19.7		128.4	
10156	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.03	67.1	20.2	5.79	127.3	$\pm 1.9\%$
		Y	6.07	67.5	20.4		132.1	
		Z	5.82	66.5	19.6		125.0	
10160	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	6.65	67.9	20.4	5.82	135.8	$\pm 2.2\%$
		Y	6.79	68.6	20.9		141.7	
		Z	6.49	67.4	20.0		132.9	
10163	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.86	67.0	20.0	5.68	126.6	$\pm 1.9\%$
		Y	5.91	67.4	20.3		131.6	
		Z	5.66	66.4	19.5		123.0	
10166	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.19	66.3	19.6	5.46	120.5	$\pm 1.4\%$
		Y	5.22	66.8	20.0		124.4	
		Z	5.05	65.9	19.2		117.6	

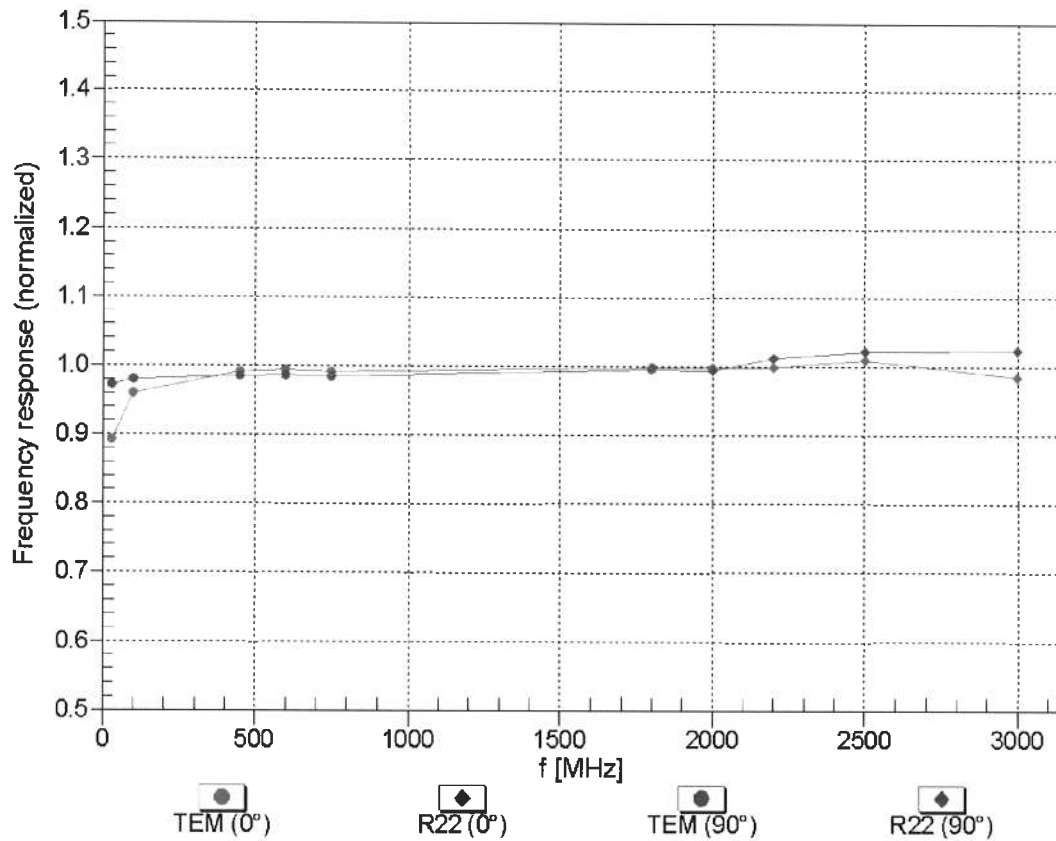
10169	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.12	66.5	19.9	5.73	115.9	±1.4 %
		Y	5.15	67.0	20.3		119.8	
		Z	5.04	66.2	19.5		113.8	
10175	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.12	66.5	19.8	5.73	115.6	±1.4 %
		Y	5.16	67.1	20.3		119.8	
		Z	5.01	66.0	19.3		117.0	
10177	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.09	66.3	19.8	5.73	115.9	±1.4 %
		Y	5.18	67.2	20.4		119.9	
		Z	5.02	66.0	19.4		117.6	
10181	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.14	66.6	19.9	5.73	115.6	±1.7 %
		Y	5.18	67.2	20.4		119.7	
		Z	5.02	66.0	19.4		117.8	
10184	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.15	66.6	19.9	5.73	115.9	±1.7 %
		Y	5.16	67.0	20.3		119.9	
		Z	5.06	66.2	19.4		118.1	
10187	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	5.14	66.6	19.9	5.73	116.3	±1.7 %
		Y	5.18	67.1	20.3		120.2	
		Z	5.03	66.1	19.4		118.4	
10276	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1, 1/8 Rate)	X	8.87	75.7	29.1	12.97	53.6	±3.3 %
		Y	9.43	78.3	30.7		55.3	
		Z	8.67	73.7	27.2		55.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

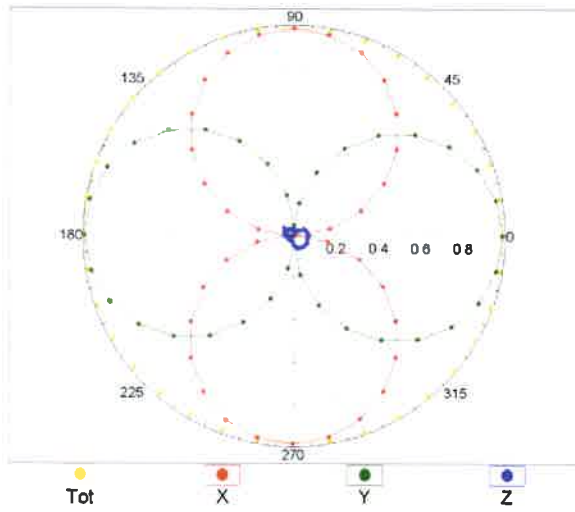
### Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



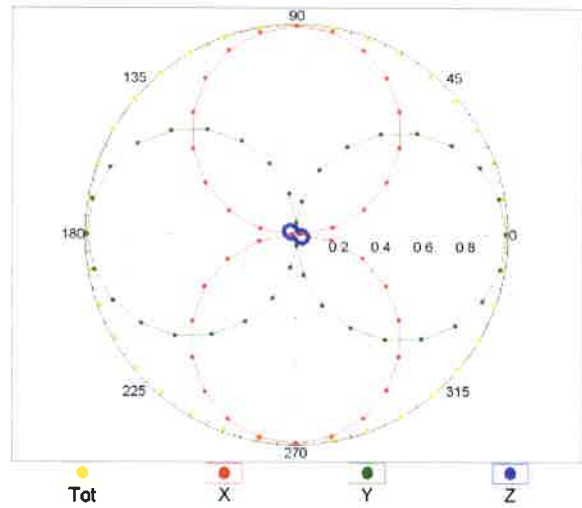
**Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)**

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM,0°

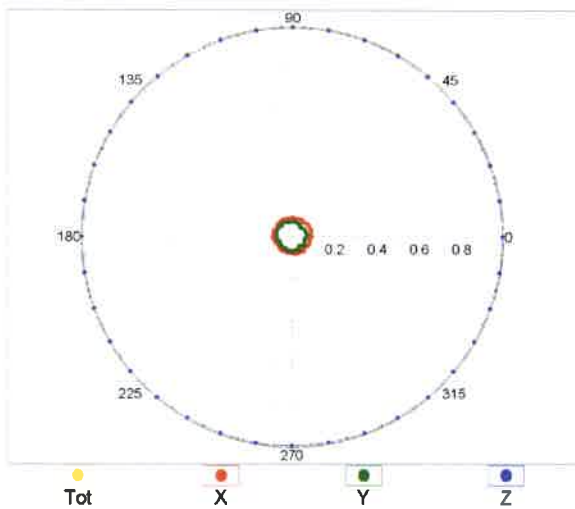


f=2500 MHz,R22,0°

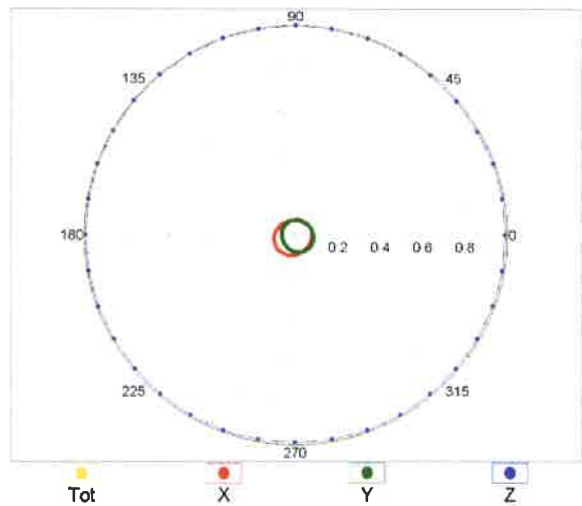


### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$

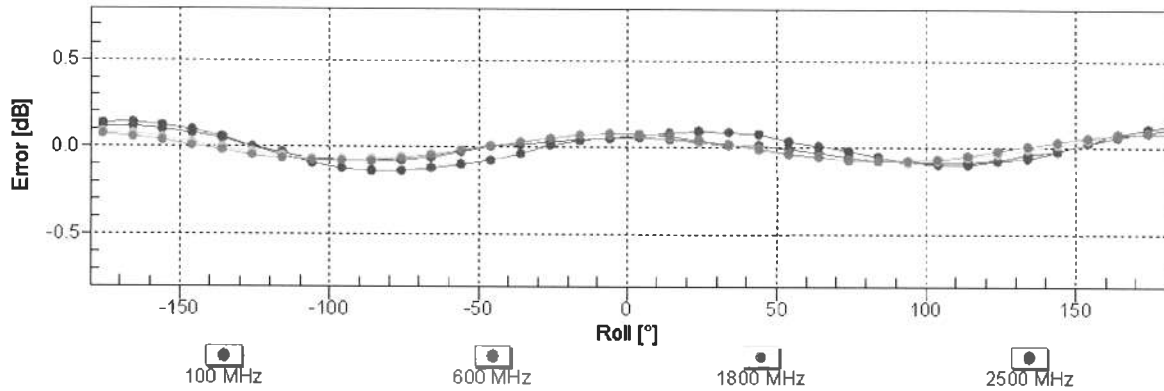
f=600 MHz,TEM,90°



f=2500 MHz,R22,90°

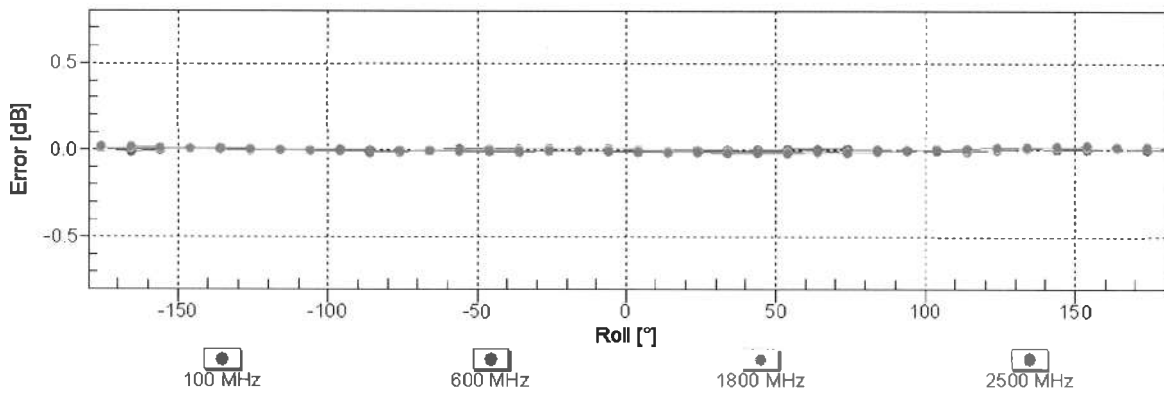


### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



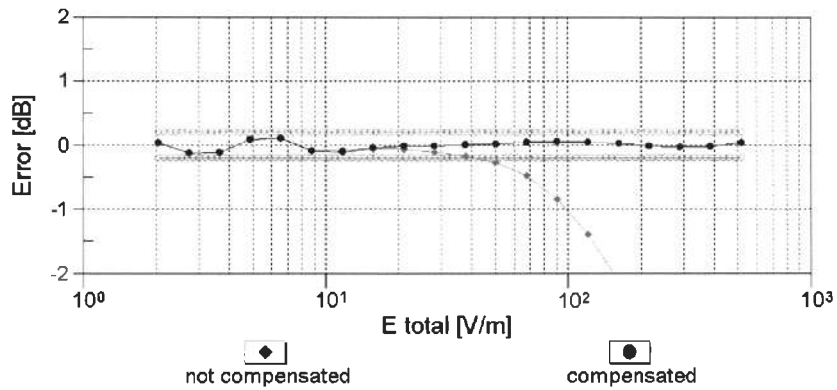
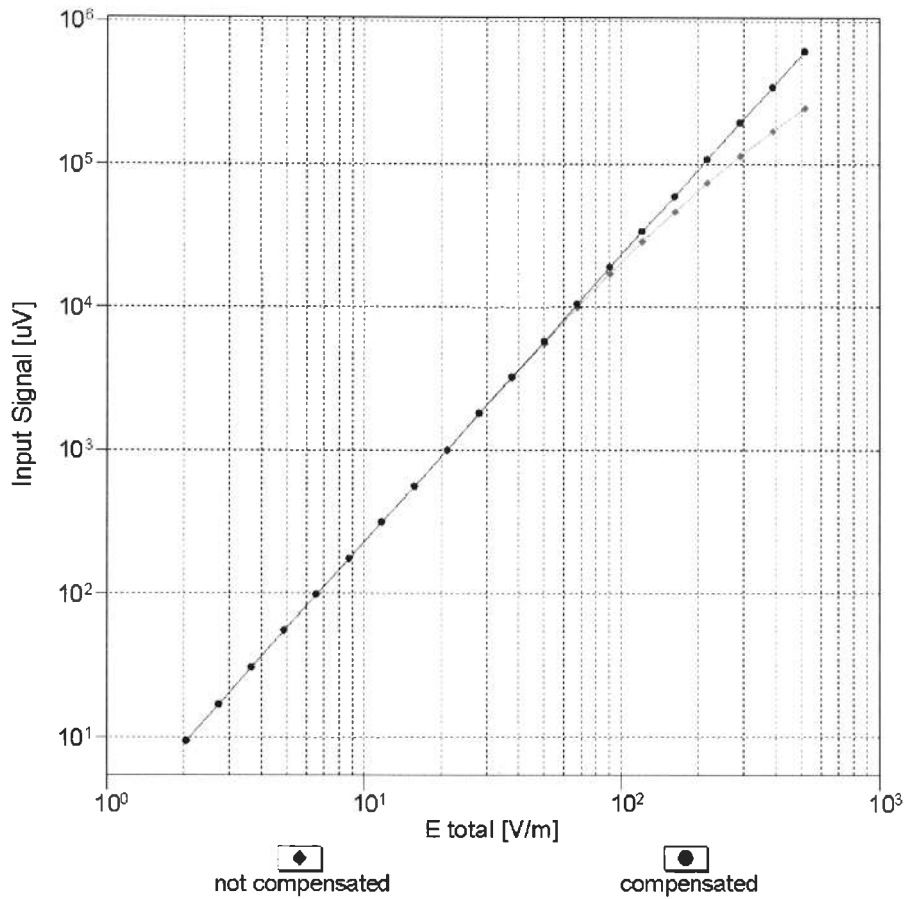
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

### Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

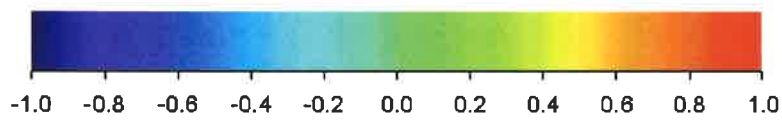
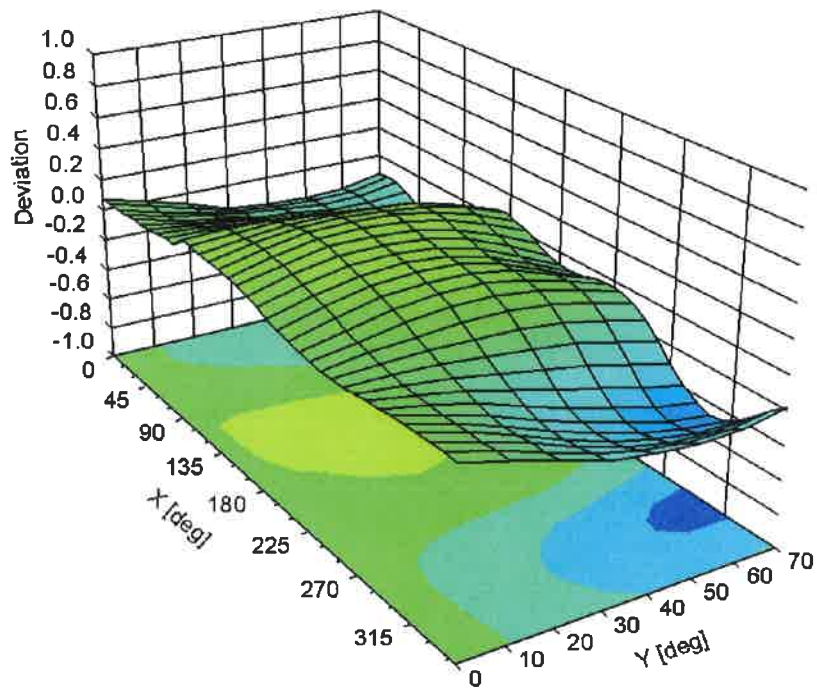


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



# Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



**Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )**

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2445

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	44.1
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **B.V. ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **H3-6274\_Feb13**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **H3DV6 - SN:6274**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-03.v6, QA CAL-25.v4  
Calibration procedure for H-field probes optimized for close near field  
evaluations in air**

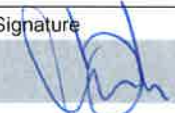

Calibration date: **February 15, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
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Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Apr-13
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	Apr-13
Reference Probe H3DV6	SN: 6182	12-Oct-12 (No. H3-6182_Oct12)	Oct-13
DAE4	SN: 789	18-Sep-12 (No. DAE4-789_Sep12)	Sep-13
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Claudio Leubler</b>	Function <b>Laboratory Technician</b>	Signature 
Approved by:	Name <b>Katja Pokovic</b>	Function <b>Technical Manager</b>	Signature 
			Issued: February 20, 2013
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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### Glossary:

NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1309-2005, " IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.
- CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, April 2010.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  for XY sensors and  $\vartheta = 90$  for Z sensor ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).
- X, Y, Z(f)\_a0a1a2* = *X, Y, Z\_a0a1a2* \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR*: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>; A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *X\_a0a1a2* (no uncertainty required).

# Probe H3DV6

## SN:6274

Manufactured: November 30, 2007  
Calibrated: February 15, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: H3DV6 - SN:6274

### Basic Calibration Parameters

		Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (A/m / $\sqrt{\text{mV}}$ )	a0	2.50E-003	2.58E-003	2.91E-003	$\pm 5.1 \%$
Norm (A/m / $\sqrt{\text{mV}}$ )	a1	-1.49E-004	-1.98E-004	-1.16E-004	$\pm 5.1 \%$
Norm (A/m / $\sqrt{\text{mV}}$ )	a2	3.26E-005	7.89E-006	1.09E-005	$\pm 5.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>		92.3	92.2	92.4	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

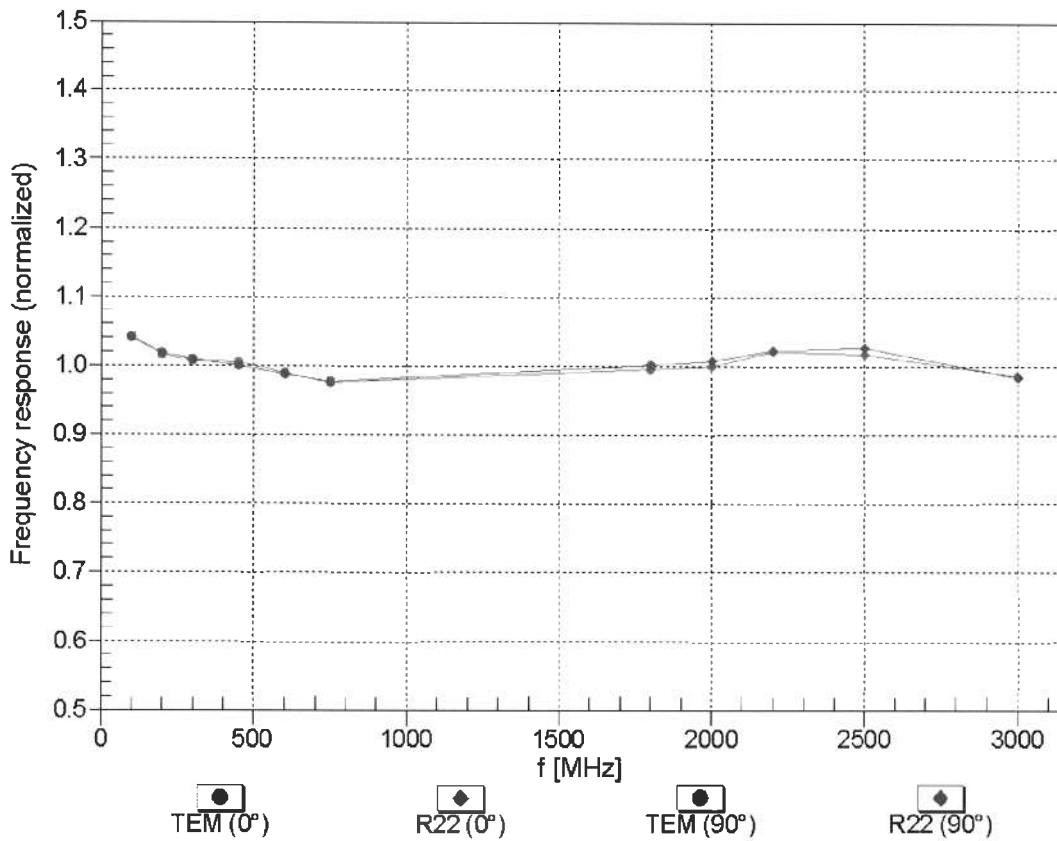
UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	144.1	$\pm 3.5 \%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		142.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		139.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

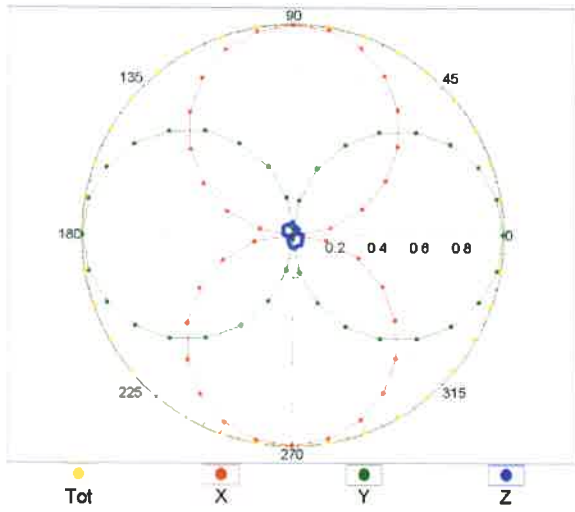
### Frequency Response of H-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



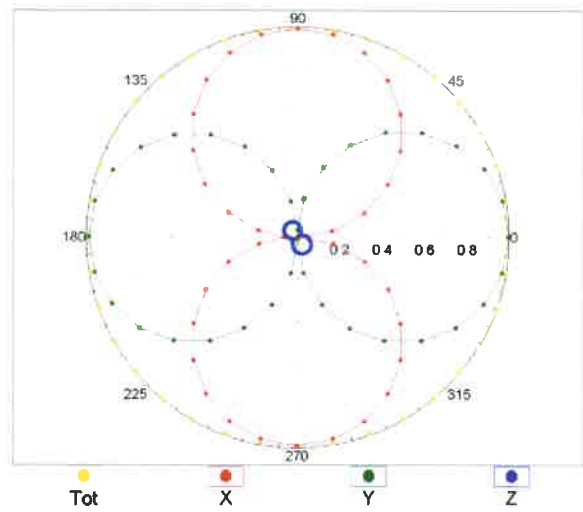
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of H-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM,  $0^\circ$

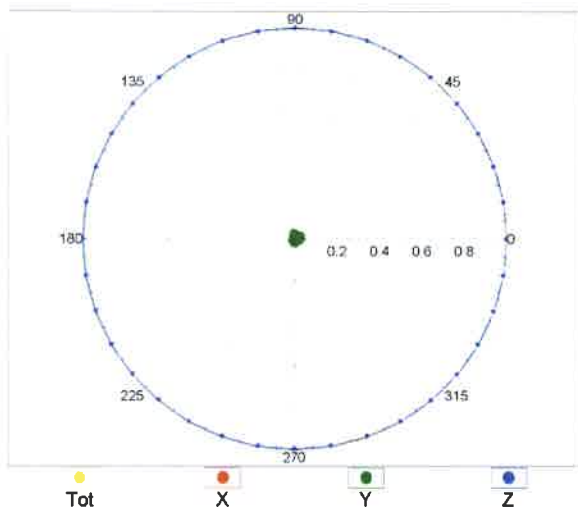


f=2500 MHz, R22,  $0^\circ$

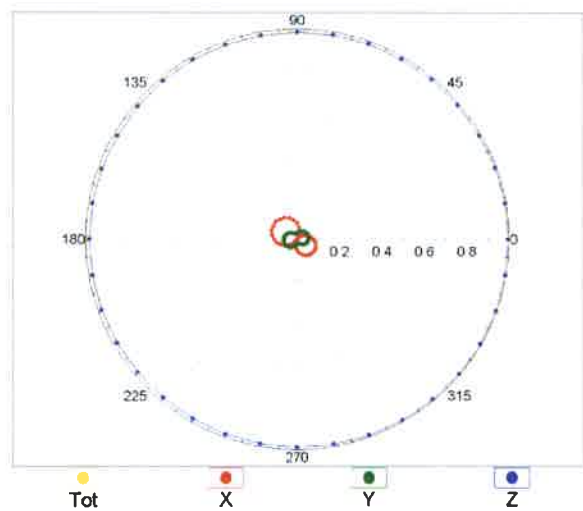


### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM,  $90^\circ$

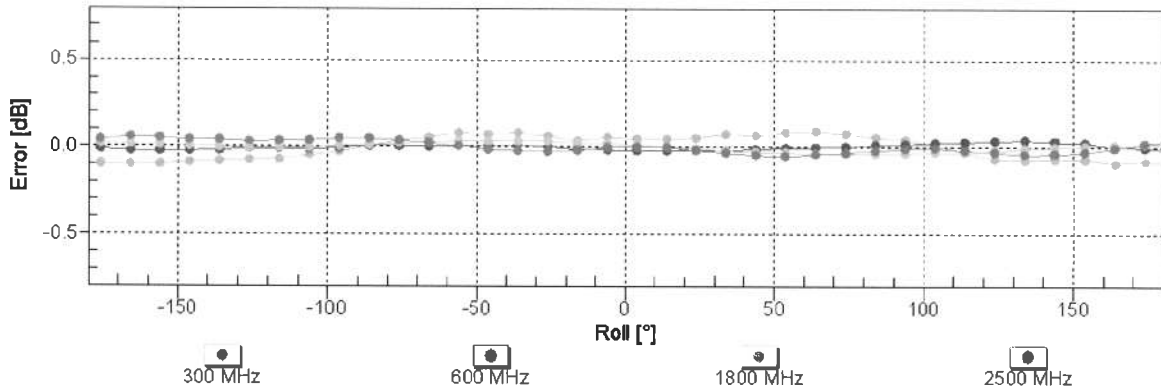


f=2500 MHz, R22,  $90^\circ$



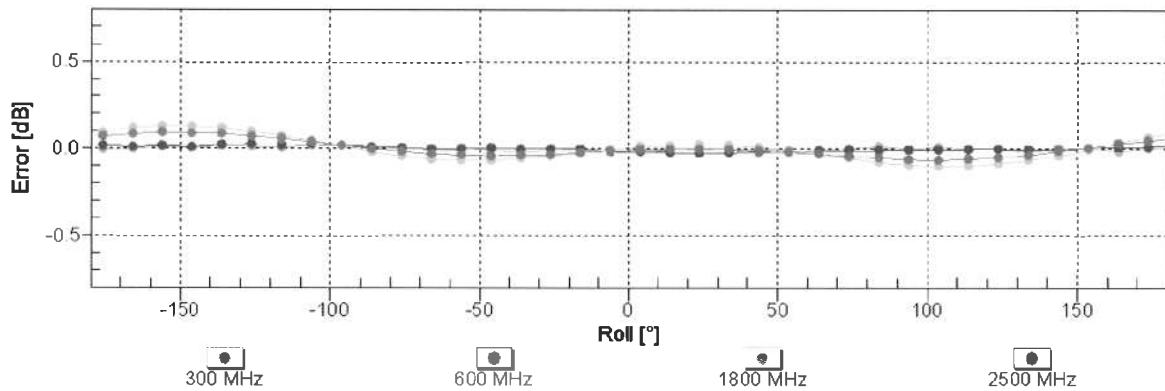


### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



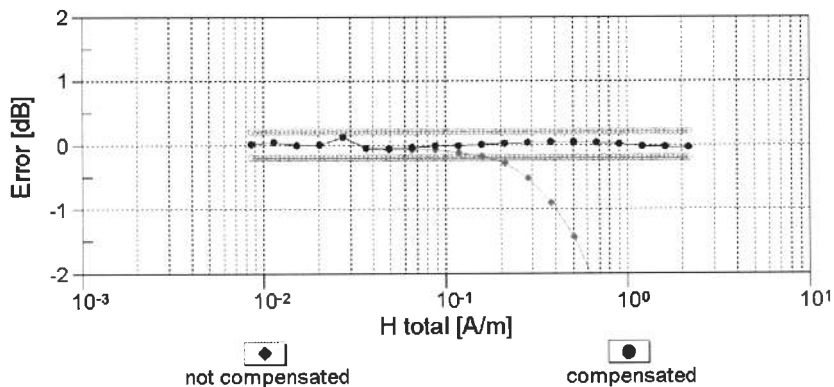
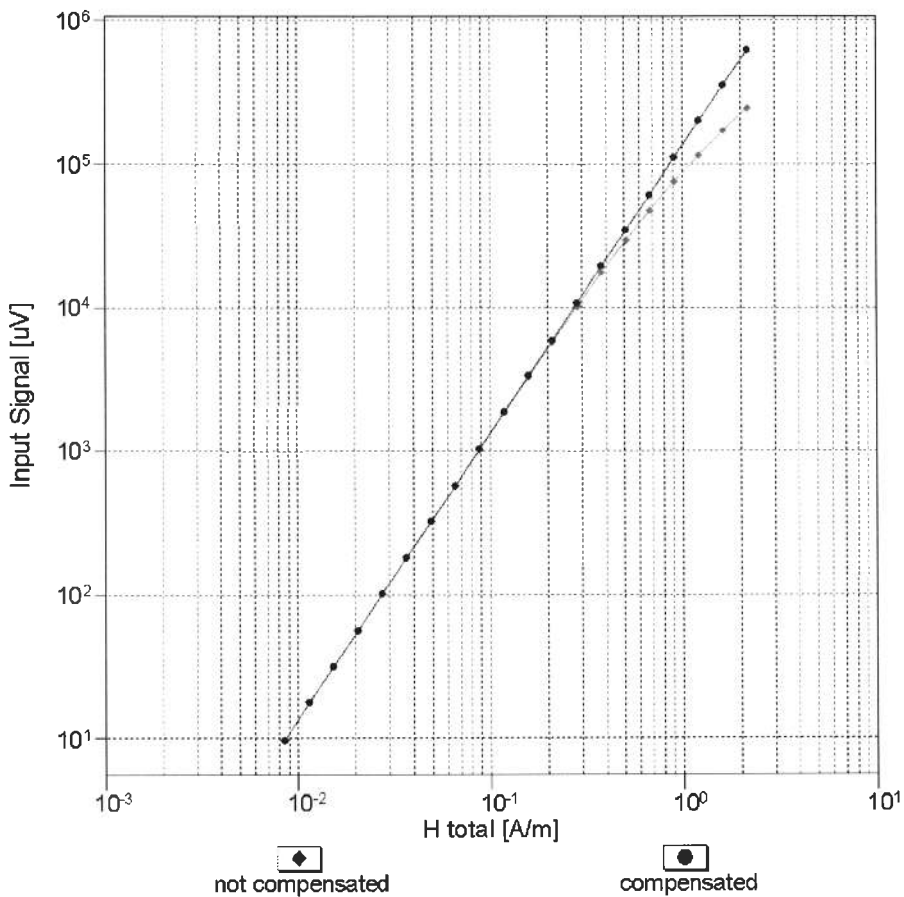
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

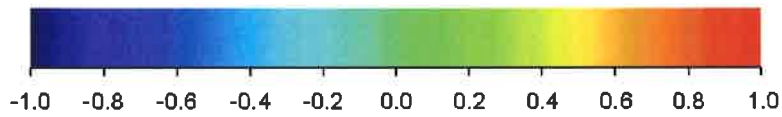
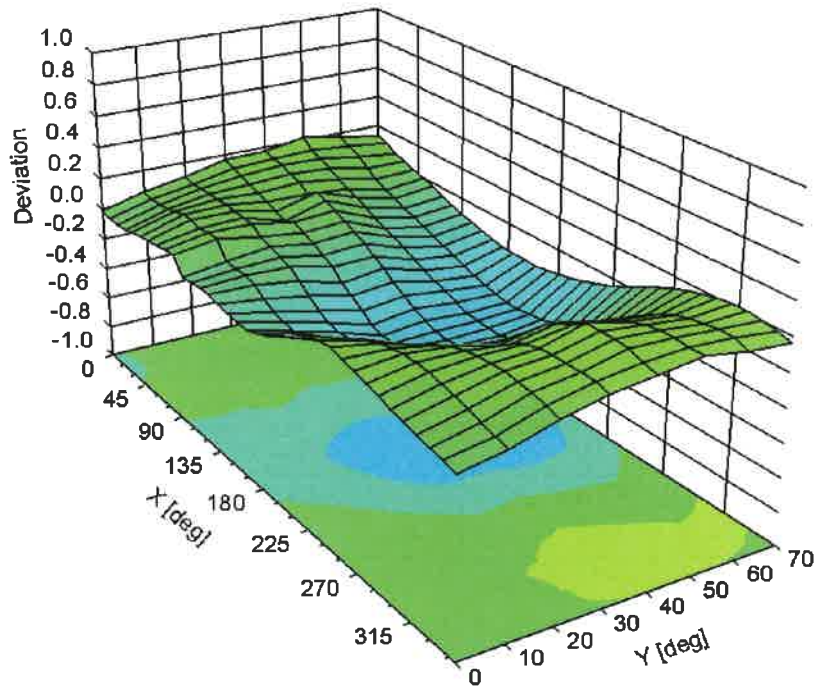
### Dynamic Range f(H-field) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: H3DV6 - SN:6274

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	-126.1
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	20 mm
Tip Diameter	6 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	3 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	3 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	3 mm