# APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

### **LIMIT**

### **EUT Specification**

EUT	Cradle
Frequency band (Operating)	<ul> <li>WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz</li> <li>WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz</li> <li>WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz</li> <li>✓ Others: GSM / GPRS / EDGE 850MHz: 824 ~ 849 MHz</li> </ul>
Device category	Portable (<20cm separation)  Mobile (>20cm separation)  Others
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) ☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm²)
Antenna diversity	<ul> <li>Single antenna</li> <li>Multiple antennas</li> <li>☐ Tx diversity</li> <li>☐ Rx diversity</li> <li>☐ Tx/Rx diversity</li> </ul>
Max. output power	11.62 dBm (14.52mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	3 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.99)
Evaluation applied	<ul><li></li></ul>
Remark:	
1. The maximum output power is <u>11.62dBm (14.52 mW)</u> at <u>848.80MHz</u> (with <u>1.99 numeric</u>	
antenna gain.)  2. DTS device is not subject to recompliance.	outine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the
	ransmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum even if the calculation indicates that the power density

### **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

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**Calculation** 

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ milliwatts\ /\ square\ centimeter$ 

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

**Yields** 

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where

d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW/cm^2$ 

#### **Maximum Permissible Exposure**

EUT output power = 14.52 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.99

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

**Yields** 

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$ 

 $\rightarrow$  Power density = 0.00575 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

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#### **EUT Specification**

EUT	Cradle
Frequency band (Operating)	<ul> <li>WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz</li> <li>WLAN: 5.725GHz ~ 5.850GHz</li> <li>WLAN: 5.15GHz ~ 5.35GHz</li> <li>✓ Others: 1850 ~ 1910 MHz</li> </ul>
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation) ☐ Mobile (>20cm separation) ☐ Others
Exposure classification	<ul> <li>☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm2)</li> <li>☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm2)</li> </ul>
Antenna diversity	<ul> <li>Single antenna</li> <li>Multiple antennas</li> <li>☐ Tx diversity</li> <li>☐ Rx diversity</li> <li>☐ Tx/Rx diversity</li> </ul>
Max. output power	22.35 dBm (171.796mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	3 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.99)
Evaluation applied	<ul><li>✓ MPE Evaluation</li><li>✓ SAR Evaluation</li><li>✓ N/A</li></ul>
<ul> <li>antenna gain.)</li> <li>DTS device is not subject to ro compliance.</li> <li>For mobile or fixed location tr</li> </ul>	22.35 dBm (171.796mW) at 1909.80MHz (with 1.99 numeric utine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the ansmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum even if the calculation indicates that the power density

### **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

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**Calculation** 

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ milliwatts\ /\ square\ centimeter$ 

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d(cm) = d(m) / 100$$

**Yields** 

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$ 

#### Maximum Permissible Exposure

EUT output power = 171.796 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.99

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power\ density\ in\ mW/cm^2$ 

 $\rightarrow$  Power density = 0.0680 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

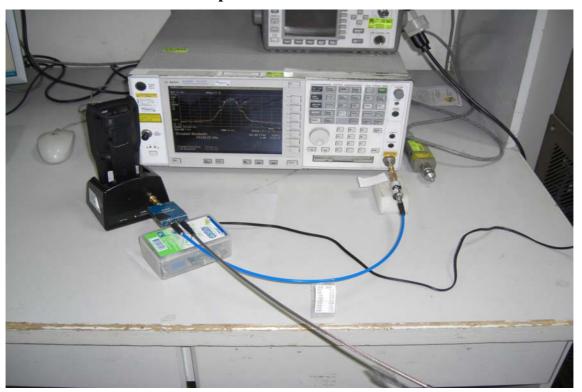
(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

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## APPENDIX II PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP

# **Conducted Emission Set Up Photo**



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