

APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

LIMIT

EUT Specification

EUT	GPRS Cradle
Frequency band (Operating)	 WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz Others: GSM / GPRS / EDGE 850MHz: 824 ~ 849 MHz
Device category	 Portable (<20cm separation) Mobile (>20cm separation) Others
Exposure classification	$\square Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm2) \square General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm2)$
Antenna diversity	 Single antenna Multiple antennas Tx diversity Rx diversity Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	19.07 dBm (80.72 mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	2.5 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.77)
Evaluation applied	MPE Evaluation SAR Evaluation N/A

Remark:

- 1. The maximum output power is <u>19.07 dBm (80.72 mW)</u> at <u>824.20MHz</u> (with <u>1.77 numeric</u> antenna gain.)
- 2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.
- 3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm^2 even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.



Calculation

Given

 $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \& S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$ Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter P = Power in Watts G = Numeric antenna gain d = Distance in meters S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000 \text{ and}$$

 $d(cm) = d(m) / 100$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where
$$d = Distance$$
 in cm
 $P = Power$ in mW
 $G = Numeric$ antenna gain
 $S = Power$ density in mW/cm²

Maximum Permissible Exposure

EUT output power = 80.72mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.77

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

 $S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW/cm^2$

 \rightarrow Power density = 0.02843 mW/cm²

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm^2 even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)



EUT Specification

EUT	GPRS Cradle
Frequency band (Operating)	 WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz WLAN: 5.725GHz ~ 5.850GHz WLAN: 5.15GHz ~ 5.35GHz ☑ Others: 1850 ~ 1910 MHz
Device category	 Portable (<20cm separation) Mobile (>20cm separation) Others
Exposure classification	 Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm2) General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm2)
Antenna diversity	 Single antenna Multiple antennas Tx diversity Rx diversity Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	26.04 dBm (401.79mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	2.5 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.77)
Evaluation applied	MPE Evaluation SAR Evaluation N/A

Remark:

1. The maximum output power is <u>26.04 dBm (401.79mW)</u> at <u>1850.20MHz</u> (with <u>1.77 numeric</u> <u>antenna gain.</u>)

- 2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.
- 3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.



Calculation

Given

 $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d} \& S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$ Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter P = Power in Watts G = Numeric antenna gain d = Distance in meters S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and
 $d(cm) = d(m) / 100$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1
Where $d = Distance$ in cm
 $P = Power$ in mW
 $G = Numeric$ antenna gain
 $S = Power$ density in mW/cm^2

Maximum Permissible Exposure

EUT output power = 401.79 mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.77

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

Yields

 $S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$ Where P = Power in mW G = Numeric antenna gain S = Power density in mW / cm^2 $\rightarrow Power$ density = 0.1415 mW / cm^2

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm^2 even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)