



Report No.: FA912101

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Test Report

for

DENSO WAVE INCORPORATED

on the

Bar Code Handy Terminal

Report Number : FA912101

Trade Name : DENSO

Model Name : BHT-710BWB-CE

FCC ID : PZWBHT710BWB

Date of Testing : Jan. 29, 2009 ~ Feb. 11, 2009

Issued Date of Report : Feb. 23, 2009

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- Report Version: Rev. 02

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Appendix A - System Performance Check Data

Appendix B - SAR Measurement Data

Appendix C - Calibration Data
Appendix D - Product Photos

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1. Statement of Compliance

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) maximum results found during testing for the **DENSO WAVE INCORPORATED Bar Code Handy Terminal DENSO BHT-710BWB-CE** are as follows (with expanded uncertainty 21.9% for 2.4GHz Band and 25.9% for 5GHz Band):

Frequency	Position	SAR (W/kg)
802.11b/g (2400MHz ~ 2483.5MHz)	Body	0.082
802.11a (5150MHz ~ 5250MHz)	Body	0.232

They are in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE P1528-2003 and OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Approved by

Roy Wu Manager

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2. Administration Data

2.1 Testing Laboratory

Company Name : Sporton International Inc.

Address: No. 52, Hwa-Ya 1st RD., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, TaoYuan

Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

 Test Site :
 SAR01-HY

 Telephone Number :
 886-3-327-3456

 Fax Number :
 886-3-328-4978

2.2 Applicant

Company Name: DENSO WAVE INCORPORATED

Address: 1-1 Showa-cho, Kariya-shi, Aichi, Japan 448-8661

2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name : Universal Scientific Industrial CO., LTD.

Address: No. 141, Lane 351, Taiping Road, Sec. 1, Tsao Tuen, Nan-Tou, Taiwan

2.4 Application Details

Date of reception of application:Jan. 21, 2009Start of test:Jan. 29, 2009End of test:Feb. 11, 2009

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3. General Information

3.1 Description of Device Under Test (DUT)

Product Feature & Specification				
DUT Type Bar Code Handy Terminal				
Trade Name	DENSO			
Model Name	BHT-710BWB-CE			
FCC ID	PZWBHT710BWB			
Tx/Rx Frequency Range	802.11b/g : 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz			
TX/TX Frequency Trange	802.11a : 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz			
	802.11b : 17.50 dBm			
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	802.11g : 16.68 dBm			
	802.11a : 16.41 dBm			
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna			
HW Version	V3.4			
SW Version	1.16a			
Type of Modulation	802.11b : DSSS			
i ype or modulation	802.11a/g : OFDM			
DUT Stage	Production Unit			

Remark:

- 1. This device only supports ch36 to ch44 for 802.11a mode.
- 2. 802.11b/g and 802.11a can not be co-located.

Accessories List:

	Accessories Specification					
Brand Name DENSO	DENSO					
Battery 1	Model Name	BT-700LL				
Battery I	Power Rating	3.6Vdc, 3800mAh				
	Type	Li-ion				
	Brand Name	DENSO				
Battery 2	Model Name	BT-700L				
Battery 2	Power Rating	3.7Vdc, 2200mAh				
	Type	Li-ion				

Remark: The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

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3.2 Product Photos

Refer to Appendix D.

3.3 Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this Bar Code Handy Terminal is in accordance with the following standards:

47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
IEEE C95.1-1999
IEEE P1528-2003
OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

KDB 248227 r1.2

3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

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3.5 Test Conditions

3.5.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20-24
Humidity	<60 %

3.5.2 Test Configuration

For WLAN link mode, engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

The data rates for WLAN SAR testing were set in 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g and 6Mbps for 802.11a due to the highest RF output power.

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4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density.

ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific head capacity, $\,\delta\,{\rm T}$ is the temperature rise and $\,\delta\,{\rm t}$ the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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5. SAR Measurement Setup

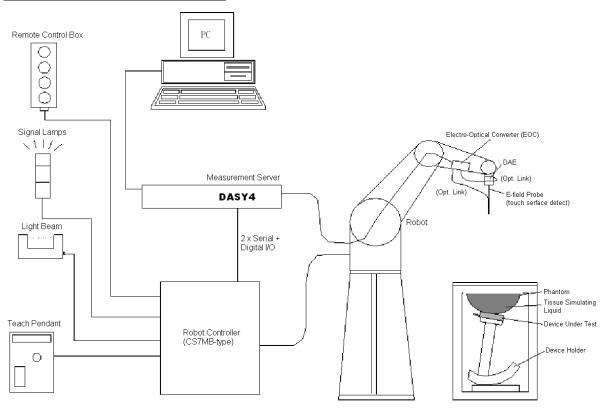


Fig. 5.1 DASY4 System

The DASY4 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY4 software
- > Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- > Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

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5.1 DASY4 E-Field Probe System

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification <ET3DV6>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core						
	Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system						
	Built-in shielding against static charges						
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents)					
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz						
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation						
	around probe axis)						
	± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation						
	perpendicular to probe axis)						
Dynamic Range	5μW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity:						
	±0.2dB						
Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and						
	clear liquids on reflecting surface						
Dimensions	Overall length: 330mm						
	Tip length: 16mm						
	Body diameter: 12mm						
	Tip diameter: 6.8mm						
	Distance from probe tip to dipole						
	centers: 2.7mm Fig. 5.2 Probe Setup on Robot						
Application							
	General dosimetry up to 3GHz Compliance tests for mobile phones and Wireless LAN						
	Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms						

<EX3DV3 Probe>

*EXOD VO I TOBE				
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic so	olvents)		
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)			
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)			
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)			
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm			
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.	Fig. 5.3 EX3DV3 E-field Probe		

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5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data are as below:

ET3DV6 sn1787 (Cal: Aug. 26, 2008)							
Item	X axis Y axis		Z axis				
Sensitivity (μV)	1.63	1.67	2.18				
Diode Compression Point (mV)	90	93	92				
	Frequency (MHz)	X,Y,Z axis					
Conversion Factor	800~1000	6.06 / 5.91					
(Head / Body)	1650~1850	5.36 / 4.73					
	1850~2050	5.01 / 4.49					
	2350~2550	4.49	/ 3.79				
	Frequency (MHz)	Alpha	Depth				
Boundary Effect	800~1000	0.30 / 0.31	2.80 / 2.98				
(Head / Body)	1650~1850	0.53 / 0.60	2.11 / 2.20				
	1850~2050	0.59 / 0.68	1.96 / 1.95				
	2350~2550	0.77 / 0.90	1.57 / 1.51				

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EX3DV3 sn3514 (Cal: Jan. 21, 2009)							
Item	X axis	Y axis	Z axis				
Sensitivity (μV)	0.66	0.70	0.60				
Diode Compression Point (mV)	91	94 95					
	Frequency (MHz)	X,Y,Z	Z axis				
	800~1000	9.31	/ 9.41				
	1710~1910	8.16	/ 8.18				
	2200~2400	7.78	/ 7.60				
Conversion Factor	2500~2700	7.34	/ 7.20				
(Head / Body)	3400~3600	6.89	/ 6.40				
	5100~5300	4.78 / 4.29 4.40 / 3.94					
	5200~5400						
	5400~5600	4.22 / 3.88					
	5500~5700	4.13 / 3.89					
	5700~5900	4.13	/ 3.85				
	Frequency (MHz)	Alpha	Depth				
	800~1000	0.45 / 0.42	0.76 / 0.76				
	1710~1910	0.60 / 0.85	0.63 / 0.56				
	2200~2400	0.53 / 0.18	0.63 / 4.17				
Boundary Effect	2500~2700	0.16 / 0.34	2.19 / 1.14				
(Head / Body)	3400~3600	0.50 / 0.53	0.86 / 0.81				
	5100~5300	0.40 / 0.45	1.70 / 1.75				
	5200~5400	0.40 / 0.45	1.70 / 1.75				
	5400~5600	0.40 / 0.45	1.70 / 1.75				
	5500~5700	0.40 / 0.45	1.70 / 1.75				
	5700~5900	0.40 / 0.45	1.70 / 1.75				

NOTE: The probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG.

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5.2 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.

5.3 Robot

The DASY4 system uses the high precision robots RX90BL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY4 system, the CS7MB robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The RX robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- ➤ High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller

5.4 Measurement Server

The DASY4 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with 166 MHz CPU

32 MB chipset and

64 MB RAM.

Communication with

the DAE electronic box

the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.

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5.5 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- *Water-sugar based liquid
- *Glycol based liquids

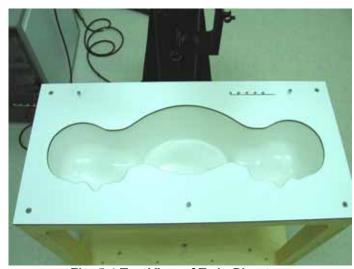


Fig. 5.4 Top View of Twin Phantom



Fig. 5.5 Bottom View of Twin Phantom

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5.6 Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the Phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. An accurate device position is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurement. The position in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY4 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY4 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity εr =3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig. 5.6 Device Holder

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5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.7.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY4 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software :

Probe parameters :	- Sensitivity	Normi, an an an an

Conversion factor ConvF_i
 Diode compression point dcp_i
 Frequency f

Device parameters: - Frequency f
- Crest factor cf

Media parameters : - Conductivity σ
- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$Vi = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with

 V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)$

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp; = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes : $E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i ConvF}}$

 $\mbox{H-field probes}: \quad \mbox{H_i} \ = \ \sqrt{V_i} \, \frac{a_{i0+} a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^{\,^2}}{f}$

with

 V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

μV/(V/m)2 for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ii} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR =
$$E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

* Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with

Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Medel	Serial Number	Calib	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Seriai Number	Last Cal.	Due Date		
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	ET3DV6	1787	Aug. 26, 2008	Aug. 25, 2009		
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	ET3DV6	1788	Sep. 23, 2008	Sep. 22, 2009		
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	EX3DV3	3514	Jan. 21, 2009	Jan. 20, 2010		
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Mar. 17, 2008	Mar. 16, 2010		
SPEAG	900MHz System Validation Kit	D900V2	190	Jul. 16, 2007	Jul. 15, 2009		
SPEAG	1800MHz System Validation Kit	D1800V2	2d076	Jul. 10, 2007	Jul. 09, 2009		
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Mar. 28, 2008	Mar. 27, 2010		
SPEAG	2000MHz System Validation Kit	D2000V2	1010	Sep. 17, 2008	Sep. 16, 2010		
SPEAG	2300MHz System Validation Kit	D2300V2	1006	Sep. 12, 2007	Sep. 11, 2009		
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Jul. 12, 2007	Jul. 11, 2009		
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1008	Sep. 12, 2007	Sep. 11, 2009		
SPEAG	3500MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1014	Sep. 19, 2007	Sep. 18, 2009		
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	Jan. 24, 2008	Jan. 23, 2010		
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Nov. 12, 2008	Nov. 11, 2009		
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	393	Aug. 25, 2008	Aug. 24, 2009		
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	679	May 21, 2008	May 20, 2009		
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	Sep. 22, 2008	Sep. 21, 2009		
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR		
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1303	NCR	NCR		
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1383	NCR	NCR		
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1446	NCR	NCR		
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1477	NCR	NCR		
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BB	1026	NCR	NCR		
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BA	1029	NCR	NCR		
Agilent	PNA Series Network Analyzer	E8358A	US40260131	Apr. 02, 2008	Apr. 01, 2009		
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48360820	Dec. 15, 2008	Dec. 14, 2009		
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105934	Nov. 11, 2008	Nov. 10, 2009		
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US01440205	NCR	NCR		
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NCR	NCR		
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	NCR	NCR		
R&S	Power Meter	NRVD	101394	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009		
R&S	Power Sensor	NRV-Z1	100130	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009		

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Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

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6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY4, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR) or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface (body SAR) is 15.2cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1.



Fig 6.1 Liquid height from the bottom of the phantom body is 15.2 centimeters

The following ingredients for tissue simulating liquid are used:

- \blacktriangleright Water: deionized water (pure H20), resistivity 16MΩ- as basis for the liquid
- > Sugar: refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops to reduce relative permittivity
- Salt: pure NaCl to increase conductivity
- ➤ **Cellulose**: Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125 mPa.s, 2% in water, 20°C), CAS#54290-to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution.
- ➤ **Preservative**: Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS#55965-84-9- to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds.
- ➤ **DGMBE:** Deithlenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS#112-34-5 to reduce relative permittivity.

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Table 6.1 gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(ε _r)
		_		For Head				
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
				For Body				
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Table 6.2 gives the targets for tissue simulating liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity (σ)	±5% Range	Permittivity (ε _r)	±5% Range
835	Head	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6
900	Head	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6
1800, 1900, 2000	Head	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0
2450	Head	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2
835	Body	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0
900	Body	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8
1800, 1900, 2000	Body	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0
2450	Body	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3
5200	Head	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8
5500	Head	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4
5800	Head	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1
5200	Body	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5
5500	Body	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0
5800	Body	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6

Table 6.2 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

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Table 6.3 shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Band	Temperature ()	Frequency (MHz)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Measurement date
802.11b/g (2400~2450 MHz)	21.4	2412	1.88	52.6	
		2437	1.91	52.5	Jan. 29, 2009
		2462	1.94	52.4	
902.116	2.11a 21.3	5180	5.30	48.7	
(5150~5250 MHz)		5200	5.33	48.6	Feb. 11, 2009
		5220	5.36	48.6	

Table 6.3 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

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7. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 7.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-shape
Multiplying factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

⁽a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 7.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY4 uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 7.2.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Unc. (1g)	vi or Veff
Measurement Equipment						
Probe Calibration	±5.9 %	Normal	1	1	±5.9 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	Normal	1	1	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.2 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	Normal	1	1	±2.9	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	Normal	1	1	±3.6	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.9	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	Normal	1	0.64	±1.6	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	Normal	1	0.6	±1.5	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty					±10.9	387
Coverage Factor for 95 % K=2						
Expanded uncertainty (Coverage factor = 2)					±21.9	

Table 7.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY4 for 2.4GHz Band

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Unc. (1g)	vi or Veff
Measurement System				_		
Probe Calibration	±6.8 %	Normal	1	1	±6.8 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±1.9 %	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effect	±2.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.2 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limit	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	Normal	1	1	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %			1	± 1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.5 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±9.9 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±5.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related				_		
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	Normal	1	1	±2.9 %	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	Normal	1	1	±3.6 %	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.64	±1.8 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	Normal	1	0.64	±1.6 %	8
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.6	±1.7 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)			0.6	±1.5 %	8	
Combined Std. Uncertainty					±12.9 %	330
Coverage Factor for 95%	Kp=2					
Expanded STD Uncertainty					±25.9 %	

Table 7.3 Uncertainty Budget of DASY4 for 5GHz Band

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8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

Each DASY4 system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY4 software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

8.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

8.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 2450 MHz and 5200 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

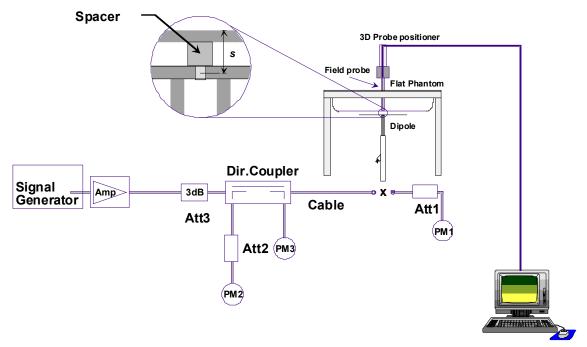


Fig. 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

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- Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. 2450MHz or 5200 MHz Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

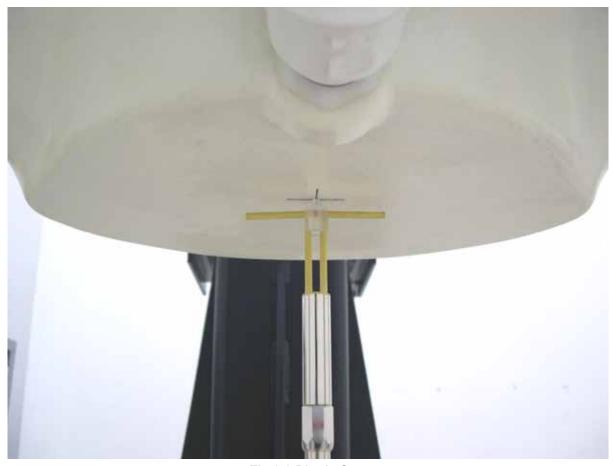


Fig 8.2 Dipole Setup

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8.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 8.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency (MHz)	SAR	Target (W/kg)	Measurement data (W/kg)	Variation	Measurement Date
2450	SAR (1g)	52.5	53.6	2.1 %	Jan. 29, 2009
2450	SAR (10g)	24.4	24.7	1.2 %	Jan. 29, 2009
5200	SAR (1g)	76.8	75.5	-1.7 %	Eab 11 2000
5200	SAR (10g)	21.6	21.5	-0.5 %	Feb. 11, 2009

Table 8.1 Target and Measurement Data Comparison

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9. <u>Description for DUT Testing Position</u>

This DUT was tested in two positions, which were "Face of the DUT with Gap 1.5 cm" and "Bottom of the DUT with Gap 1.5 cm". Please refer to Appendix E for the test setup photos.

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10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- Using engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the middle channel
- Placing the DUT in the positions described in the last section
- Setting scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY4 software
- Taking data for the low channel
- Repeat the previous steps for the lowest and highest channels.

According to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power reference measurement

10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY4 software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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10.2 Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 2.4GHz band and 8x8x8 points with step size 4.3, 4.3 and 3 mm for 5GHz band. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 1 g.

10.3SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY4, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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11. SAR Test Results

11.1 Conducted Power

Band Data Rate	802.11b (dBm)	802.11g (dBm)
Channel	1 Mbps	6 Mbps
1	17.34	16.23
6	17.17	16.33
11	17.50	16.68

Band Data Rate	802.11a (dBm)
Channel	6Mbps
36	15.50
40	16.41
44	16.33

11.2 Test Records for Body SAR Test

Position	Band	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Battery	Modulation Type	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	l imit	Result
Bottom with 1.5 cm Gap	802.11b	6	2437	1	DSSS	0.039	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 1.5 cm Gap	802.11b	6	2437	2	DSSS	0.07	1.6	Pass
Face with 1.5 cm Gap	802.11b	6	2437	2	DSSS	0.032	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 1.5 cm Gap	802.11g	6	2437	2	OFDM	0.07	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 1.5 cm Gap	802.11b	1	2412	2	DSSS	0.069	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 1.5 cm Gap	802.11b	11	2462	2	DSSS	0.082	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 1.5 cm Gap	802.11a	40	5200	1	OFDM	0.192	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 1.5 cm Gap	802.11a	40	5200	2	OFDM	0.221	1.6	Pass
Face with 1.5 cm Gap	802.11a	40	5200	2	OFDM	0.032	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 1.5 cm Gap	802.11a	36	5180	2	OFDM	0.229	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 1.5 cm Gap	802.11a	44	5220	2	OFDM	0.232	1.6	Pass

Remark: This device only supports ch36 to ch44 for 802.11a mode.

Test Engineer: Jason Wang and Eric Huang

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12. References

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- [2] IEEE Std. P1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", April 21, 2003
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Appendix A - System Performance Check Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/29

System Check Body 2450MHz 090129

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

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Ambient Temperature: 22.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(3.79, 3.79, 3.79); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

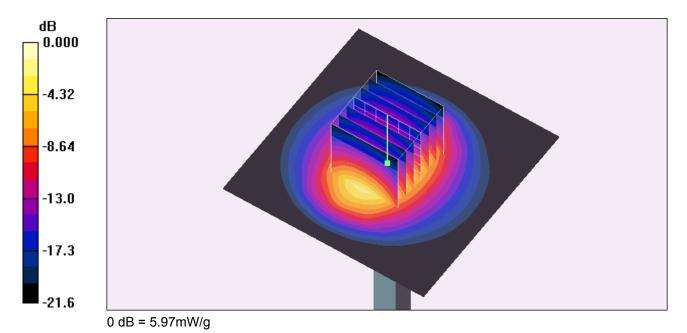
Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.12 mW/g

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.47 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.97 mW/g



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

Report Issued Date: Feb. 23, 2009 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version FCC ID: PZWBHT710BWB

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/11

System Check_Body_5200MHz_090211

DUT: Dipole 5GHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_5000~6000 Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.33 mho/m; ϵ_r = 48.6; ρ = 1000

Report No.: FA912101

ka/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3514; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29); Calibrated: 2009/1/21
- Sensor-Surface: 2.5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: ELI 4.0_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

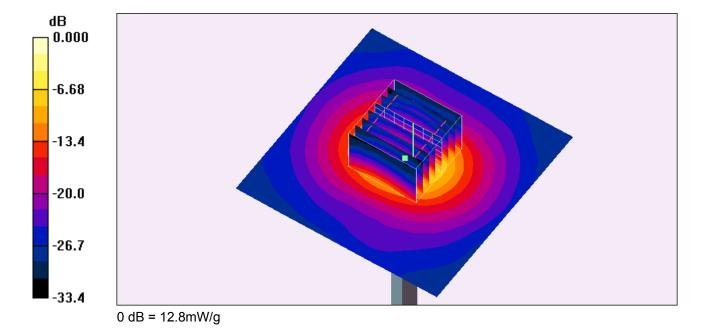
Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.5 mW/g

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 51.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.154 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 mW/g



TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Feb. 23, 2009
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 02
FCC ID: PZWBHT710BWB

Appendix B - SAR Measurement Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/29

Body 802.11b Ch6 Front with 1.5cm Gap Battery2

DUT: 912101

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.91 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Report No.: FA912101

Ambient Temperature: 22.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(3.79, 3.79, 3.79); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Ch6/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.035 mW/g

Ch6/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.074 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.071 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.032 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.033 mW/g

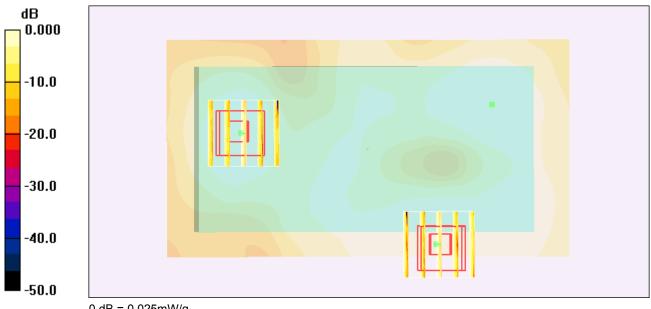
Ch6/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.074 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.052 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.024 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.025 mW/g



0 dB = 0.025 mW/g

FCC ID: PZWBHT710BWB

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date: Feb. 23, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 02

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/29

Body 802.11b Ch11_Bottom with 1.5cm Gap_Battery2

DUT: 912101

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.94 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Report No.: FA912101

Ambient Temperature: 22.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(3.79, 3.79, 3.79); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Ch11/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.086 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.102 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.166 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.082 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 mW/g

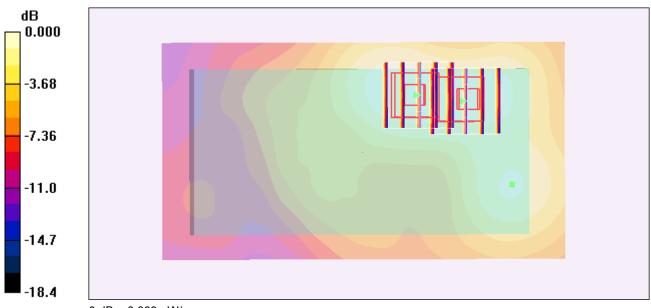
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.086 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.102 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.171 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.080 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.083 mW/g



0 dB = 0.083 mW/g

FCC ID: PZWBHT710BWB

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Feb. 23, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 02

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/11

Body_802.11a Ch40_Face with 1.5cm Gap_Battery2

DUT: 912101

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 5000~6000 Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.33 mho/m; ε_r = 48.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Report No.: FA912101

: Rev. 02

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3514; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29); Calibrated: 2009/1/21
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: ELI 4.0_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Ch40/Area Scan (101x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.048 mW/g

Ch40/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 1.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.099 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.082 W/kg

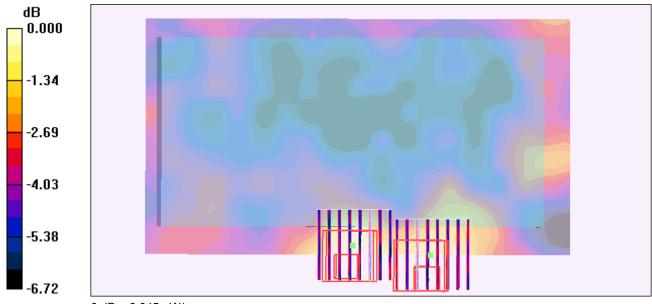
SAR(1 g) = 0.032 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.047 mW/g

Ch40/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 1.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.099 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.114 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.031 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.045 mW/g



0 dB = 0.045 mW/g

Report Issued Date: Feb. 23, 2009 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version FCC ID: PZWBHT710BWB

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/11

Body_802.11a Ch44_Bottom with 1.5cm Gap_Battery2

DUT: 912101

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5220 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 5000~6000 Medium parameters used: f = 5220 MHz; σ = 5.36 mho/m; ϵ_r = 48.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Report No.: FA912101

: Rev. 02

Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3514; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29); Calibrated: 2009/1/21
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: ELI 4.0_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

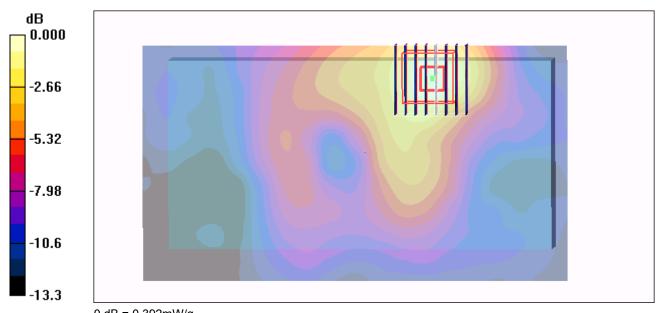
Ch44/Area Scan (101x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.386 mW/g

Ch44/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 2.51 V/m; Power Drift = 0.176 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.692 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.232 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.392 mW/g



0 dB = 0.392 mW/g

Report Issued Date: Feb. 23, 2009 TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version FCC ID: PZWBHT710BWB

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/29

Body 802.11b Ch11_Bottom with 1.5cm Gap_Battery2_2D

DUT: 912101

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.94$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Report No.: FA912101

Ambient Temperature: 22.7 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.4 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(3.79, 3.79, 3.79); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0_Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Ch11/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.086 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.102 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.166 W/kg

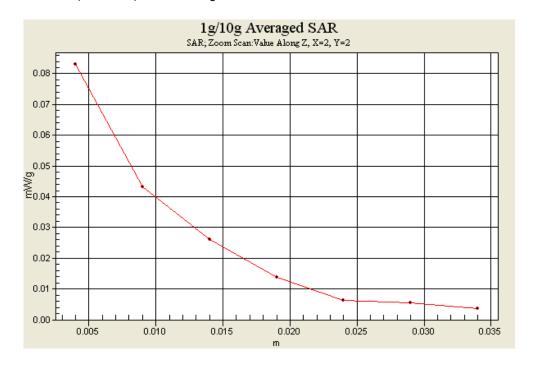
SAR(1 g) = 0.082 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.086 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.102 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.171 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.080 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.083 mW/g



FCC ID: PZWBHT710BWB

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Feb. 23, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 02

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/2/11

Body_802.11a Ch44_Bottom with 1.5cm Gap_Battery2_2D

DUT: 912101

Communication System: 802.11a; Frequency: 5220 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_5000~6000 Medium parameters used: f = 5220 MHz; $\sigma = 5.36$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 48.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Report No.: FA912101

Ambient Temperature: 22.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 21.3 °C

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3514; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29); Calibrated: 2009/1/21
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: ELI 4.0 Front; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1026
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

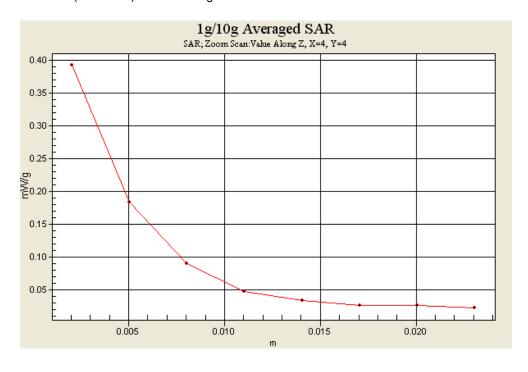
Ch44/Area Scan (101x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.386 mW/g

Ch44/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 2.51 V/m; Power Drift = 0.176 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.692 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.232 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.392 mW/g



FCC ID: PZWBHT710BWB

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date: Feb. 23, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version: Rev. 02



Appendix C – Calibration Data

Please refer to the calibration certificates of DASY as below.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: PZWBHT710BWB Report Issued Date: Feb. 23, 2009

Report No. : FA912101