## **Chris Harvey**

From:Liming XuSent:Monday, October 06, 2003 1:46 PMTo:Chris HarveySubject:FW: MPE limit calculation

Original Message	
From:	Liming Xu
Sent:	Thursday, September 04, 2003 5:20 PM
To:	'kpowell@matricsrfid.com'
Subject:	RE: MPE limit calculation

Thanks

-----Original Message-----From: Kevin Powell [SMTP:kpowell@matricsrfid.com] Sent: Thursday, September 04, 2003 4:58 PM To: LXu@metlabs.com Subject: RE: MPE limit calculation Importance: High

OK - as discussed, I have the following information for you -

#1 - depending upon antenna gain, with a 20W (+43dBm) reader output, it would be easy to achieve a field power above the FCC limit. Thus, you must take into account the appropriate antenna used at different power levels. Alternatively, you could base a calculation on the maximum allowed by the FCC = 30W ERP. The easiest method to achieve this with equipment delivered is to attach the antenna labeled "ARM" and run the reader at the high power setting (value 255). Actual measured power with this config is a little less than 29W ERP.

#2 - duty cycle. We do not impose waiting, or specific delay within the reader firmware, however, systematically we achieve a maximum potential of RF on at 37%, details are:

Note - the reader is only active upon a host request.

- Host request is (average) 100 bits (at 230K baud), xmit time .5ms

- Reader changes from an internal standby mode to fully, stabilized power - 3ms time

- Reader then transmits wake-up @ 1 ms
- Reader then negotiates a tag, with retry @ 320 bits (15 usec each) = 4.8ms
- Reader then turns off RF
- Reader packetizes return data @ .5ms
- Reader transmits packet @ 200 bits (at 230K baud), xmit time 1ms
- Host requires to accept, process, and acknowledge packet typ. 5ms

Thus - Modulated RF "ON" time (roughly 50% duty in itself) is 5.8ms - RF "OFF" minimally will be 10ms

On time of 5.8 over full period of 15.8 = duty cycle of 37% (maximally)

Note - that often PC processing (application) doesn't drive the reader nearly as fast as quoted above, leaving a much lower duty cycle. Most apps are actually in the 1-10%, however, since this is not an encoded, guaranteed delay, I can quote this to you as an absolute maximum. Additionally, the particular application utilizing this equipment only operates the reader upon system trigger / input, which averages 1 read every 30 seconds. Overall this is well below 1% -- but again, the reader itself does not guarantee the large delay.

Hope it helps - let me know if you need more info.

Thanks,

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Tag the World ...

-----Original Message-----From: LXu@metlabs.com [mailto:LXu@metlabs.com] Sent: Thursday, September 04, 2003 3:30 PM To: kpowell@matrics.com Subject: MPE limit calculation

Hi Kevin,

Please provide the time-averaging interval and duty cycle of the RF carrier signal. So we can calculate the average exposure to comply with the MPE limit.

Regards

Liming