

SAR Compliance Test Report

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Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		
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CONTENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT.....	3
1.1 TEST DETAILS.....	3
1.2 MAXIMUM RESULTS.....	3
1.2.1 Head Configuration.....	3
1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration	4
1.2.3 Maximum Drift	4
1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty	4
2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST	5
2.1 DESCRIPTION OF THE ANTENNA	5
3. TEST CONDITIONS	6
3.1 TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY	6
3.2 TEST SIGNAL, FREQUENCIES AND OUTPUT POWER	6
3.3 TEST CASES AND TEST MINIMISATION	6
4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT	9
4.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM AND COMPONENTS	9
4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3	10
4.2 PHANTOMS	10
4.3 TISSUE SIMULANTS	10
4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes	11
4.3.2 System Checking	11
4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements.....	13
5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE	14
5.1 DEVICE HOLDER.....	14
5.2 TEST POSITIONS.....	14
5.2.1 Against Phantom Head.....	14
5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration	14
5.3 SCAN PROCEDURES.....	15
5.4 SAR AVERAGING METHODS.....	15
6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	16
7. RESULTS	17
APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS.....	22
APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS.....	28
APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)	60
APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)	61

1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2009-12-18 to 2009-12-31
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 004401/10/935833/9, HW: 0501, SW: 52.50.2009.50, DUT: 14380
Batteries used in testing	BL-4J, DUT: 14381, 14382, 14383
Headsets used in testing	HS-125, DUT: 14384
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
3-slot GPRS850	251 / 848.8	30.0 dBm	Left, Cheek	0.746 W/kg	0.84 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900	512 / 1850.2	29.0 dBm	Left, Cheek	0.642 W/kg	0.72 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900	9400 / 1880.0	23.0 dBm	Left, Cheek	0.948 W/kg	1.06 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450	7 / 2442.0	16.5 dBm	Left, Cheek	0.125 W/kg	0.14 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS850 + WLAN2450	-	-	Left, Cheek	0.871 W/kg	0.98 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	Left, Cheek	0.767 W/kg	0.86 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	Left, Cheek	1.073 W/kg	1.20 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
3-slot GPRS850	251 / 848.8	30.0 dBm	1.5 cm	0.943 W/kg	1.06 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900	512 / 1850.2	29.0 dBm	1.5 cm	0.544 W/kg	0.61 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900	9400 / 1880.0	23.0 dBm	1.5 cm	0.727 W/kg	0.81 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450	7 / 2442.0	16.5 dBm	1.5 cm	0.136 W/kg	0.15 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS850 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	1.079 W/kg	1.21 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.680 W/kg	0.76 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.863 W/kg	0.97 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

* SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift. As a consequence of this upwards correction of the SAR values, the contribution of measurement drift to the overall measurement uncertainty (Section 6) is reduced to zero.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.47 dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	850 1900	GMSK	1/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
EGPRS	850 1900	GMSK / 8PSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
WCDMA	1900 (Band II)		1	1852 – 1908
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480
WLAN	2450	11Mbps QPSK	1	2412 – 2462

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM/GPRS/EGPRS900, GSM/GPRS/EGPRS1800, WCDMA900 and WCDMA2100 bands which are not part of this filing.

This device has Voice-over-IP/Dual Transfer Mode capability for use at the ear. Therefore, SAR for multi slot GPRS mode was evaluated against the head profile of the phantom. Dual Transfer Mode is a feature that utilises the multi-slot GPRS capability in this device; it allows simultaneous transmission of voice and data during the same call, using the same transmitter and antenna.

2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has internal antennas for both cellular and WLAN use. The cellular antenna is located at the bottom underneath the back cover. The WLAN antenna is located at the top underneath the back cover.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.5 to 21.6
Ambient humidity (RH %):	20 to 41

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester except for testing WLAN2450 where control software was used. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

The transmission mode of the device in all WCDMA tests was configured to 12.2kbps RMC with all TPC bits set as “1”.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing. The results are given in the EMC report supporting this application.

The transmission mode of the device in all WLAN tests was DSSS QPSK 11Mbps. This mode has the highest (or equal highest) time-averaged output power of all the WLAN modulation modes in Nokia devices.

3.3 Test Cases and Test Minimisation

The tested device examined in this report may not incorporate all of the features described in the text that follows, but its SAR evaluation will have been subjected to the same considerations and test logic described below.

Whilst it's possible to identify the maximum SAR test cases from inspection of the conducted power levels given in the Results tables (Section 7), different modes in the same band and multi-slot transmit GSM/GPRS modes can create some difficulties. Therefore the sequence of

the SAR tests made in evaluating this device has used test logic that is based on measured SAR values. Comparison of measured SAR values in this way, can also allow some test minimization (i.e. test elimination) to be made.

For example, when SAR testing multi-slot GSM/GPRS/EGPRS modes, it is an inefficient use of test resources to fully SAR test every test configuration in each of the different modes as these modes have a fixed power relationship between them that is the same, irrespective of the test configuration. In the case of multi-slot GSM/GPRS modes, a single comparative SAR test - using the same test channel and test configuration - is made in each of the n-slot modes; the mode with the highest measured SAR value is then subjected to full SAR testing in all test configurations. These comparative SAR tests (same frequency, same test configuration) are regarded as extremely accurate as they are relative tests in which the tested device changes neither its frequency nor its position between tests. For different modes that operate in the same band and use the same antenna e.g. GSM/GPRS850 and WCDMA850, full SAR testing is carried out in the GSM/GPRS850 mode but WCDMA850 testing is limited to 3 channel testing in the maximum SAR test configuration for GSM/GPRS850.

Multi-slot SAR testing against the Head is always performed whenever such a device offers Push to Talk over cellular with the internal earpiece active, Dual Transfer Mode (i.e. the ability to transmit voice and data simultaneously using the same transmitter) or has WLAN (which enables a Voice over IP call to take place whilst the device can simultaneously transmit data on a cellular band). Whenever a device has an intended multi-slot use against the head, it is also Head SAR tested in EGPRS mode. It should be noted that EGPRS transmit modes can have either GMSK or 8PSK modulation but, when tested, only 8PSK EGPRS will appear explicitly in the results tables, as GMSK EGPRS mode has identical time-averaged power to the reported GPRS mode.

Devices that have flips or slides are fully SAR tested in all device configurations consistent with their intended usage. For example, flip phones that can receive a call in closed mode are SAR tested against the head in both open and closed configurations. Similarly, slide phones are fully SAR tested in all slide configurations in which calls are intended to be made or received.

In the results tables in Section 7, the maximum SAR value for the 'basic' tests (i.e. left cheek, left tilt, right cheek and right tilt in Head SAR testing; with and without headset with the back &/or display side facing the flat phantom in Body SAR testing) is bolded for each band. In some cases, after full testing of the basic SAR test configurations has been completed, additional checking SAR tests are made. These checking tests are always based on the bolded result from the 'basic' testing. When the SAR value of a checking test exceeds the maximum value from the basic tests, it is also bolded and used as the basis for any further checking tests that might be needed.

Checking tests are largely voluntary and can cover optional batteries, different camera slide positions, optional covers, etc. In the case of optional batteries, if the construction of the

optional battery is significantly different to the battery used in the full testing e.g. if the outer can is floating electrically rather than grounded, then the maximum SAR test configuration in each band is tested with the optional battery in 3 channels. For camera slides, if the slide material is metal, then checking tests in 3 channels are again run for the maximum SAR test configuration in each band. For plastic camera slides, SAR checking is only carried out in the channel that provided the maximum SAR value for the original. Optional front and back covers are tested if their shape differs significantly from the original or if their metallic content varies by more than 15% from the original; in the former case, the testing depends on the extent of the physical differences, whereas in the latter case, 3 channel SAR testing is performed in every band in the max SAR test configuration.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE 4	793	12 months	2010-05
DAE 4	728	12 months	2010-02
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3165	12 months	2010-05
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3131	12 months	2010-10
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	462	24 months	2010-01
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d030	24 months	2010-01
Dipole Validation Kit, D2450V2	729	24 months	2010-01
DASY4 software	Version 4.7	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SML03	101265	12 months	2010-09
Amplifier	ZHL-42 (SMA)	N072095-5	12 months	2010-09
Power Meter	NRVS	849305/028	12 months	2010-09
Power Sensor	NRV-Z32	839176/020	12 months	2010-09
Call Tester	CMU 200	101111	-	-
Call Tester	CMU 200	103293	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	8753E	US38432928	12 months	2010-09
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070B	US33020420	-	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	51.50	69.25
Tween 20	47.35	30.00
Salt	1.15	0.75

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.50	70.25
Tween 20	45.23	29.41
Salt	0.27	0.34

2450MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	56.0	70.20
Tween 20	44.0	29.62
Salt	-	0.18

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.42	43.0	0.92	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	2.18 – 2.66			
	2009-12-21	2.39	40.9	0.91	21.0
1900	Reference result	10.2	38.5	1.46	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	9.2 – 11.2			
	2009-12-21	9.70	38.2	1.40	21.0
	2009-12-22	9.98	38.0	1.40	21.0
2450	Reference result	14.3	37.8	1.82	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	12.9 – 15.7			
	2009-12-18	14.3	38.5	1.87	21.0

System checking, body tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.41	54.2	0.99	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	2.17 – 2.65			
	2009-12-30	2.37	55.4	0.97	21.0
1900	Reference result	9.62	53.1	1.54	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	8.66 – 10.58			
	2009-12-23	10.0	53.4	1.51	21.0

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	21.0
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2009-12-21	40.9	0.91	
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	21.0
	$\pm 5\%$ window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2009-12-21	38.2	1.38	
	2009-12-22	38.1	1.38	
2442	Recommended value	39.2	1.79	21.0
	$\pm 5\%$ window	37.3 – 41.2	1.70 – 1.88	
	2009-12-18	38.5	1.86	

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	21.0
	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2009-12-30	55.4	0.97	
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	21.0
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2009-12-23	53.4	1.50	
2442	Recommended value	52.7	1.94	21.0
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.1 – 55.3	1.85 – 2.04	
	2009-12-18	50.8	2.04	

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the

separation distance indicated in Section 1.2.2 using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with both sides facing the phantom to find the highest results.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	V_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM	Conducted Power		-	32.5 dBm	-
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.525	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Conducted Power		-	31.0 dBm	-
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.596	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
3-slot GPRS	Conducted Power		30.0 dBm	30.0 dBm	30.0 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	0.559	0.629	0.746
		Tilt	-	0.468	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.488	-
		Tilt	-	0.395	-
Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
3-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Conducted Power		-	-	25.2 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	-	0.169
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-

1900MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM	Conducted Power		-	29.5 dBm	-
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.335	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Conducted Power		29.0 dBm	29.0 dBm	29.0 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	0.642	0.611	0.580
		Tilt	-	0.294	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.394	-
		Tilt	-	0.337	-
3-slot GPRS	Conducted Power		-	27.0 dBm	-
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.533	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Conducted Power		25.0 dBm	-	-
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	0.239	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA	Conducted Power		23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	0.833	0.948	0.793
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-

2450MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 1 2412.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 11 2462.0 MHz
WLAN	Conducted Power		16.5 dBm	16.5 dBm	16.5 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	0.053	0.125	0.102
		Tilt	-	0.070	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.061	-
		Tilt	-	0.056	-

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
3-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	30.0 dBm	30.0 dBm	30.0 dBm
Slide closed	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.539	-
		Headset HS-125	-	0.355	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.740	0.821	0.943
		Headset HS-125	-	0.595	-

1900MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
2-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	29.0 dBm	29.0 dBm	29.0 dBm
Slide closed	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.325	-
		Headset HS-125	-	0.262	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.544	0.459	0.470
		Headset HS-125	-	0.427	-
Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA		Conducted Power	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm	23.0 dBm
Slide closed	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset HS-125	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.671	0.727	0.539
		Headset HS-125	-	-	-

2450MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 1 2412.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 11 2462.0 MHz
WLAN		Conducted Power	16.5 dBm	16.5 dBm	16.5 dBm
Slide closed	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	0.034	-
		Headset HS-125	-	0.025	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.103	0.136	0.130
		Headset HS-125	-	0.119	-

Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results

Test configuration	Max. 1g SAR results				Combined 1g SAR values		
	WLAN	3-slot GPRS850	2-slot GPRS1900	WCDMA1900	WLAN + 3-slot GPRS850	WLAN + 2-slot GPRS1900	WLAN + WCDMA1900
Head: Left, Cheek	0.125	0.746	0.642	0.948	0.871	0.767	1.073
Head: Left, Tilt	0.070	0.468	0.294	-	0.538	0.364	-
Head: Right, Cheek	0.061	0.488	0.394	-	0.549	0.455	-
Head: Right, Tilt	0.056	0.395	0.337	-	0.451	0.393	-
Body: Without Headset	0.136	0.943	0.544	0.727	1.079	0.680	0.863
Body: Headset HS-125	0.119	0.595	0.427	-	0.714	0.546	-

Combining the maximum SAR values of WLAN2450 and the cellular bands tends to overestimate the SAR value since their maxima do not necessarily occur in the same location.

Note: Simultaneous Transmission Procedures as described in KDB648474 are not required for this product. The Combined SAR data given in the tables above has been voluntarily calculated.

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

Date/Time: 2009-12-21 08:46:50

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:462

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.907 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.55 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.4 V/m

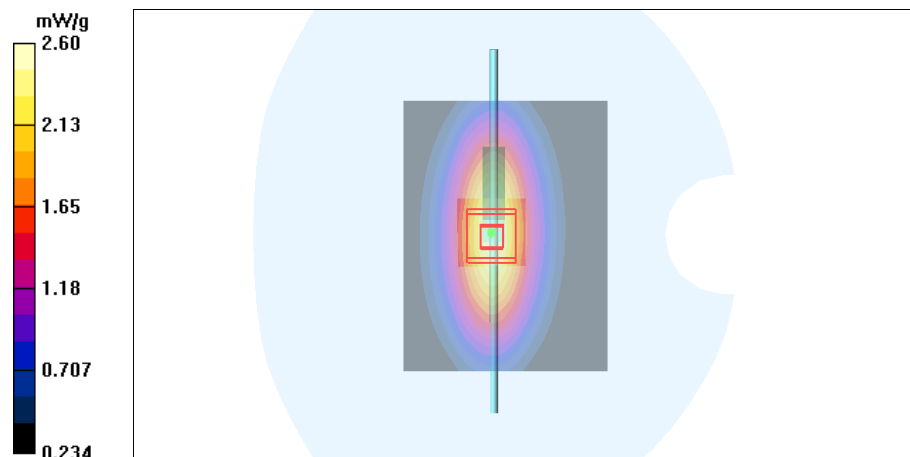
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.39 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.57 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.009 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.60 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-21 13:25:58

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 20.1 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.5 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.4 V/m

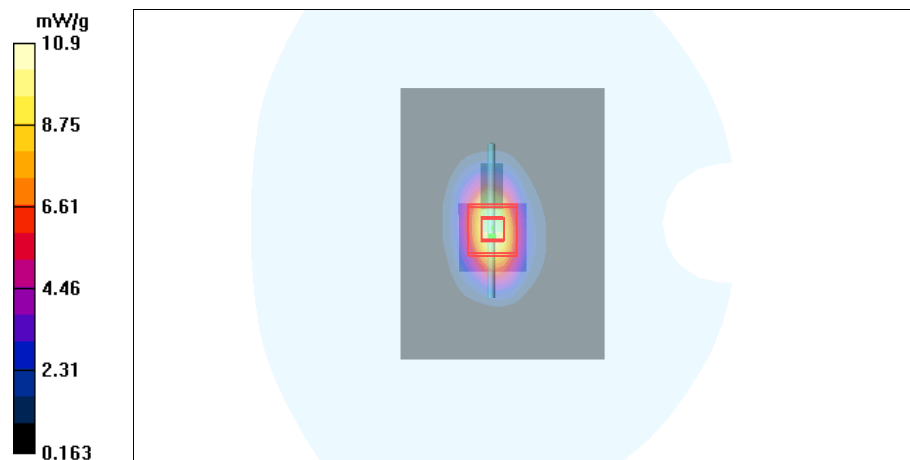
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.7 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.01 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.048 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-22 08:45:26

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 20.2 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW 2/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.0 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.5 V/m

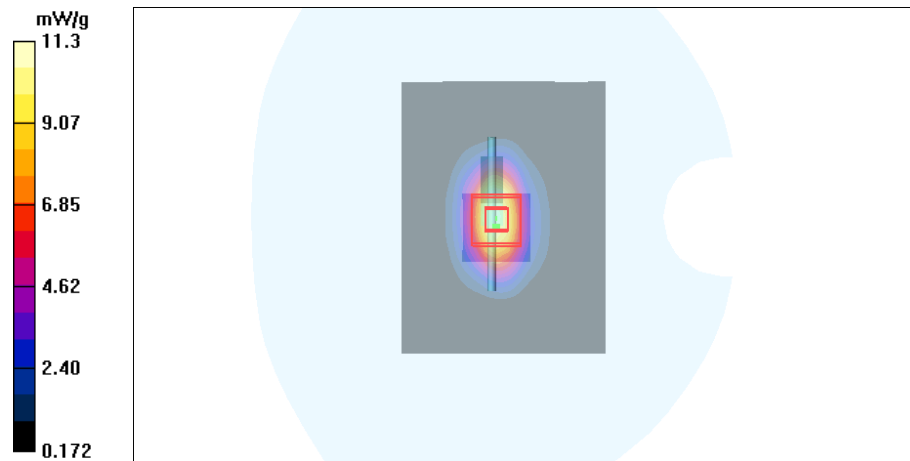
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.98 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.18 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-612_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-612

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Date/Time: 2009-12-18 08:59:31

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:729

Communication System: CW2450

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.5 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.0 V/m

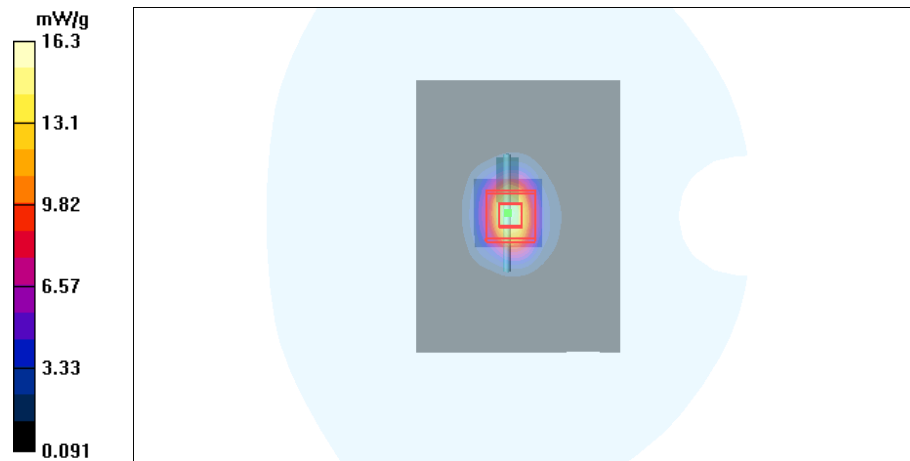
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.3 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 6.55 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.3 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-30 13:42:51

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:462

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.967 mho/m; ϵ_r = 55.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.56 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.0 V/m

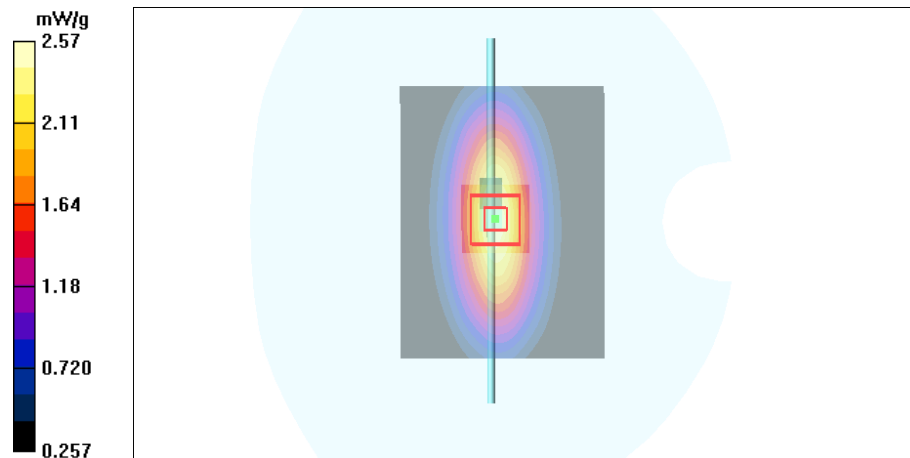
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.37 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.57 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.048 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.57 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-612_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-612

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Date/Time: 2009-12-23 08:14:56

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.2 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.51 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.9 V/m

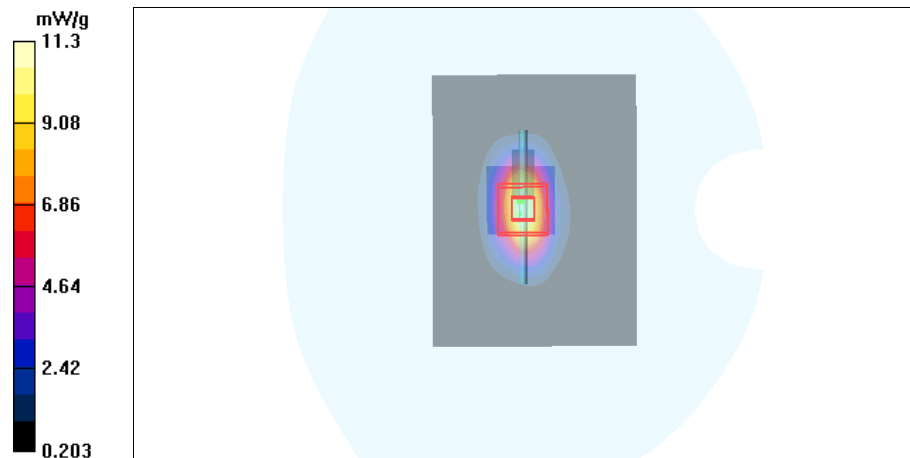
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.26 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Date/Time: 2009-12-21 09:17:49

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 837 MHz; σ = 0.908 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek – Middle, Slide closed/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.556 mW/g

Cheek – Middle, Slide closed/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m

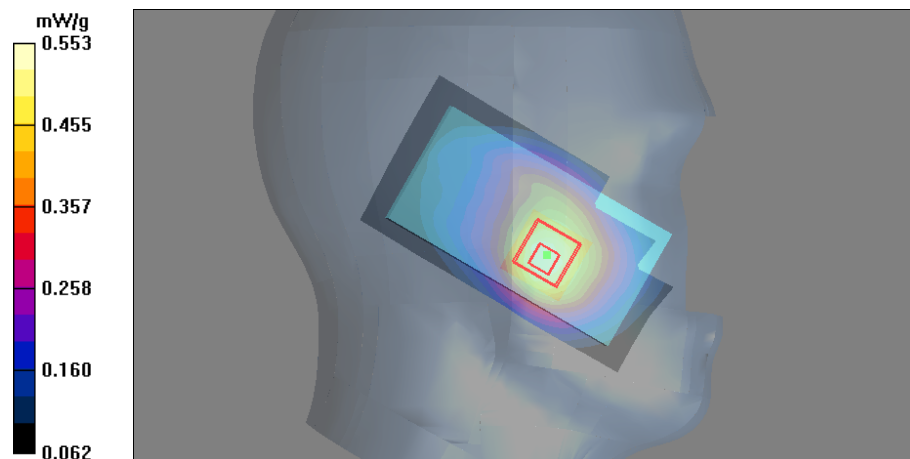
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.661 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.525 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.392 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.041 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.553 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-21 09:33:01

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.637 mW/g

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.9 V/m

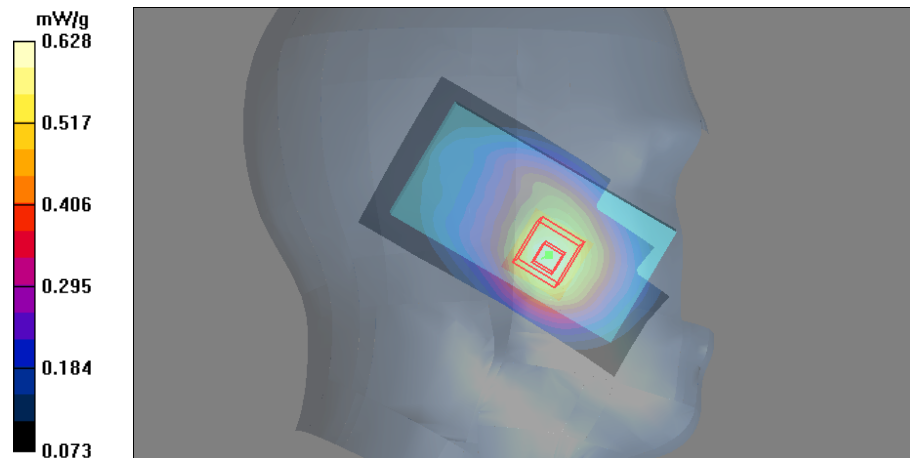
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.740 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.596 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.446 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.118 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.628 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-21 12:14:13

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.919$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131

- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09

- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - High, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.776 mW/g

Cheek - High, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.3 V/m

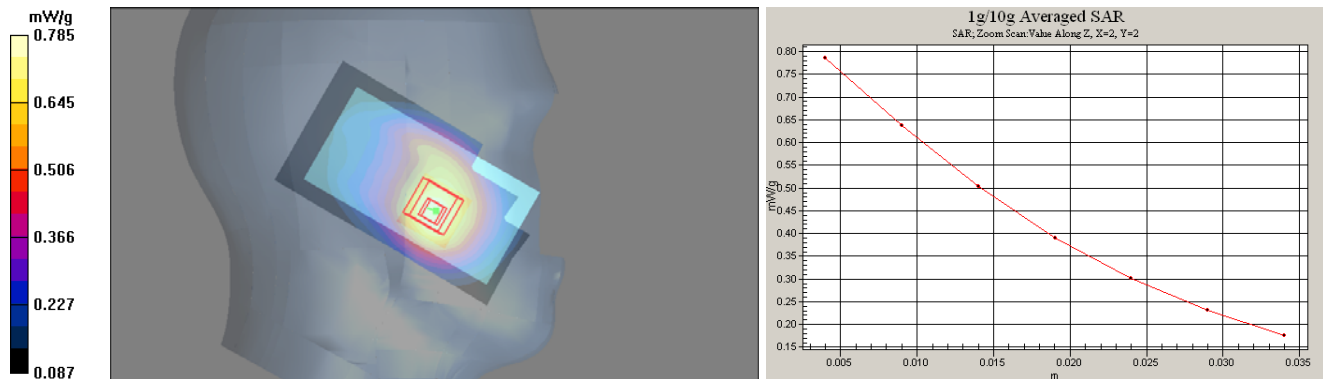
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.929 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.746 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.560 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.132 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.785 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-612_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-612

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Date/Time: 2009-12-21 10:00:55

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131

- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09

- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.477 mW/g

Tilt - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.9 V/m

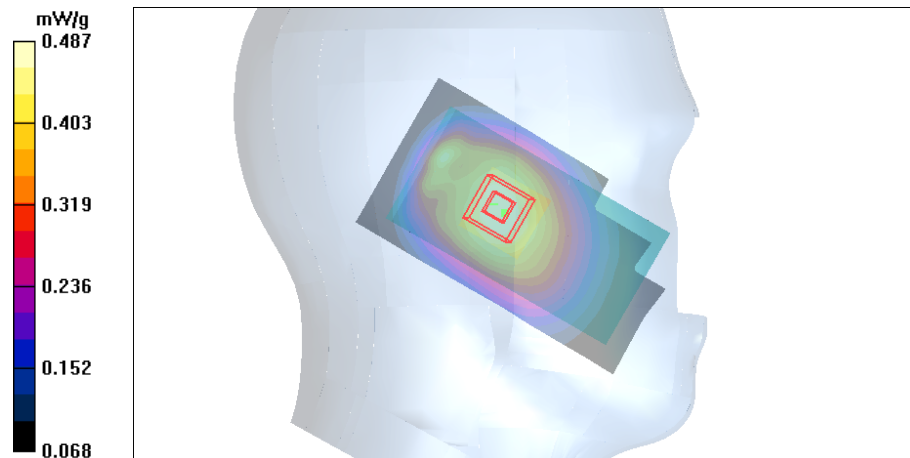
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.570 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.468 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.360 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.020 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.487 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-21 10:17:37

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.540 mW/g

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.653 W/kg

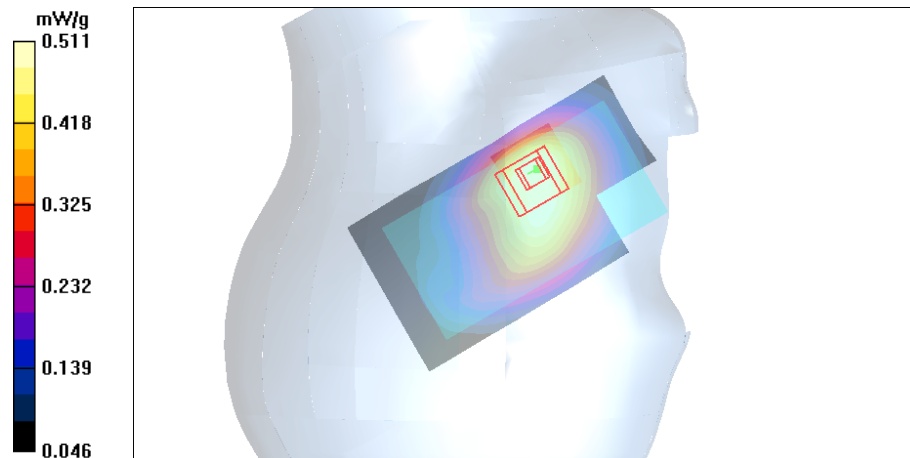
SAR(1 g) = 0.488 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.363 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.164 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.511 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-21 11:28:10

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131

- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09

- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.429 mW/g

Tilt - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.8 V/m

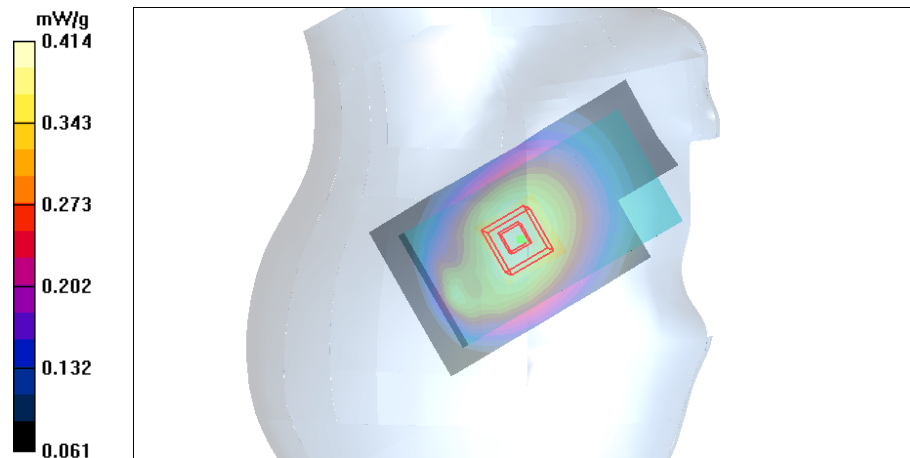
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.477 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.395 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.304 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.314 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.414 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-21 12:31:45

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 3-slot 8PSK EGPRS850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.919 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.85, 5.85, 5.85); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - High, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.177 mW/g

Cheek - High, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.71 V/m

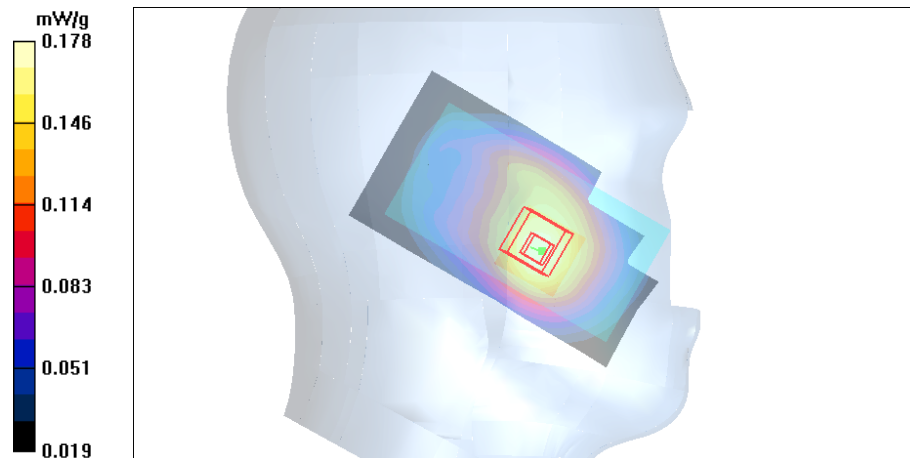
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.207 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.169 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.128 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.152 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.178 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-21 13:56:45

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: GSM1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 20.1 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.353 mW/g

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.58 V/m

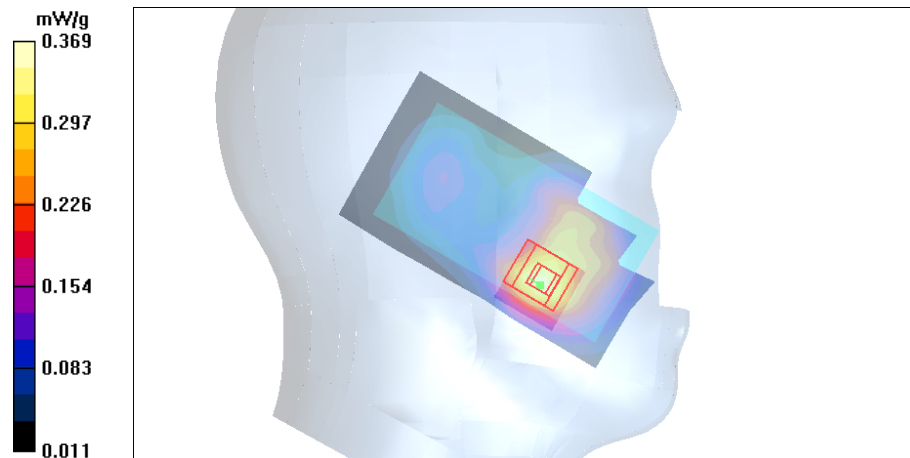
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.508 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.335 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.203 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.361 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.369 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-22 14:37:15

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 20.2 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Low, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.661 mW/g

Cheek - Low, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.3 V/m

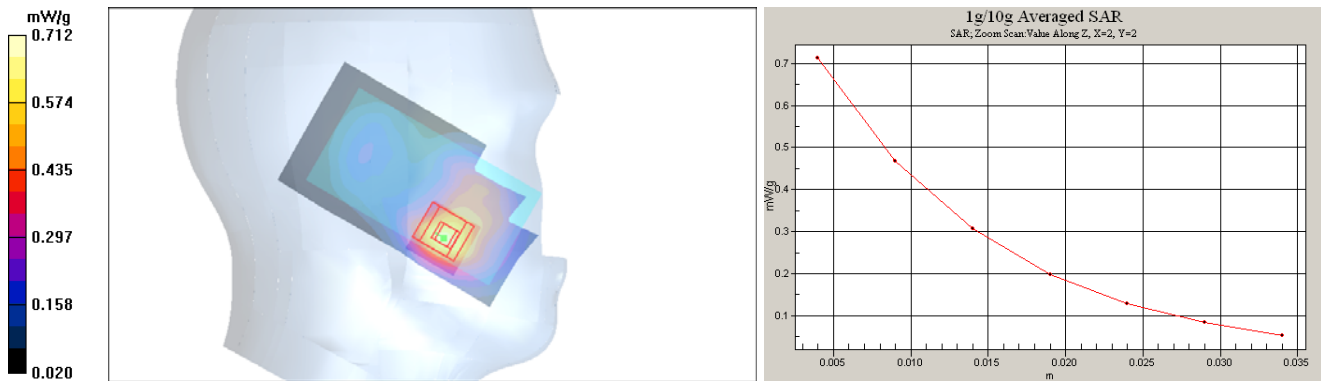
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.978 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.642 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.385 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.019 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.712 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-21 14:42:29

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 20.1 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.322 mW/g

Tilt - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.9 V/m

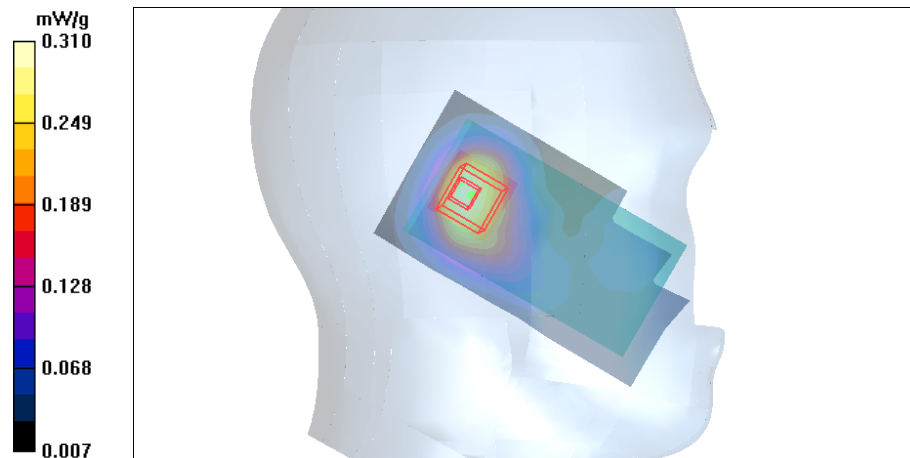
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.461 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.294 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.179 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.065 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.310 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-22 13:37:13

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 20.2 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.38 mho/m; ϵ_r = 38.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.424 mW/g

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.91 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.601 W/kg

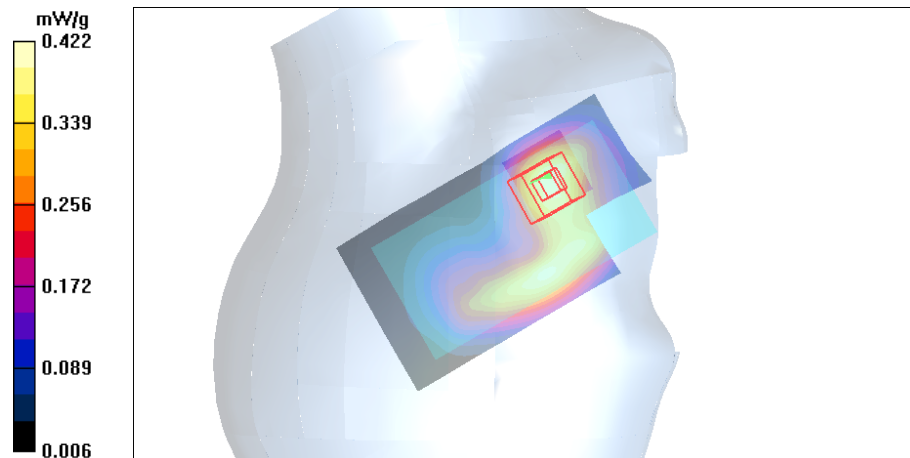
SAR(1 g) = 0.394 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.242 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.019 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.422 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-22 14:21:35

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 20.2 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165

- ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 2009-05-25

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15

- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.405 mW/g

Tilt - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.0 V/m

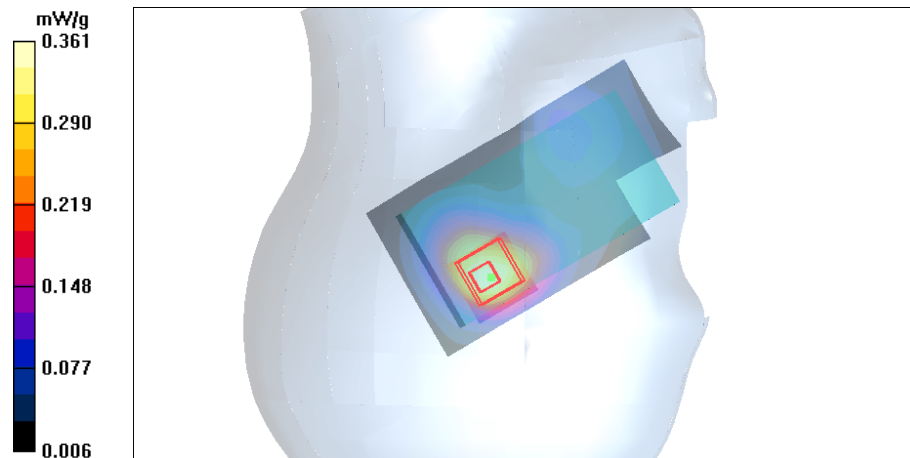
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.518 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.337 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.205 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.142 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-21 14:27:31

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 20.1 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.38 mho/m; ϵ_r = 38.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.564 mW/g

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.9 V/m

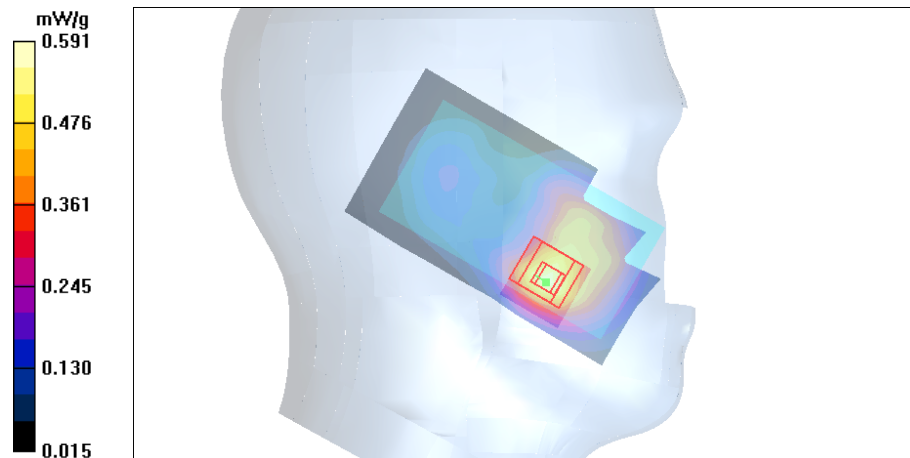
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.814 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.533 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.322 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.065 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.591 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-22 15:10:23

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 2-slot 8PSK EGPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: t= 20.2 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.36 mho/m; ϵ_r = 38.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Low, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.256 mW/g

Cheek - Low, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.80 V/m

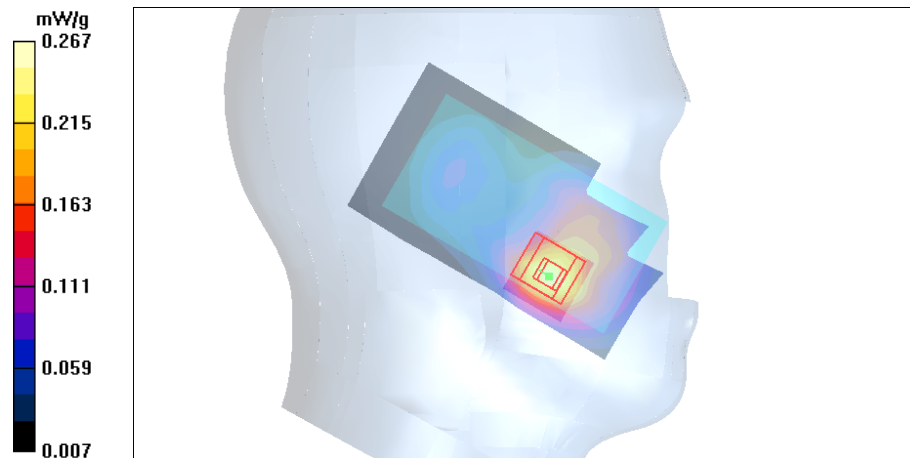
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.373 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.239 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.143 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.079 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.267 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-22 09:26:25

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium Notes: $t = 20.2\text{ C}$

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880\text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.38\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 mW/g

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7.5\text{mm}$, $dy=7.5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m

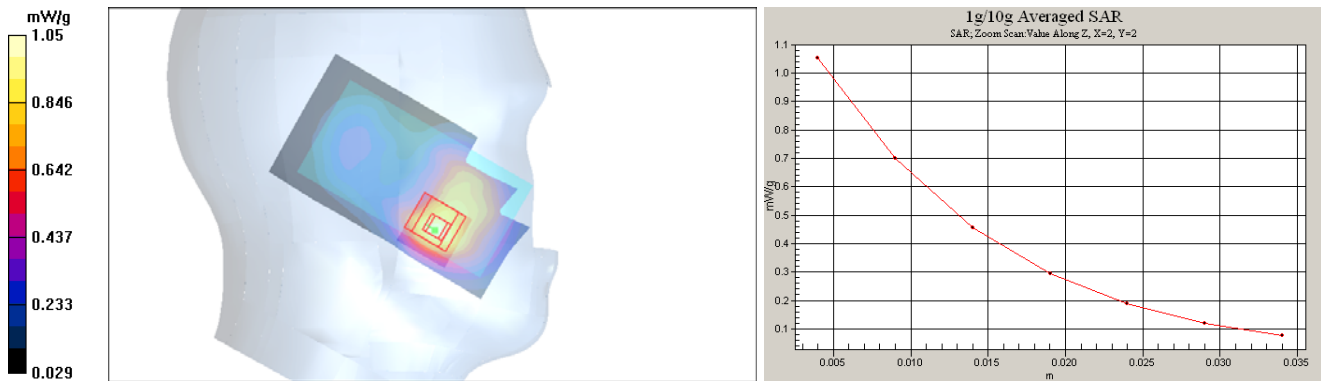
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.948 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.576 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.091 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-18 09:46:53

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; $\sigma = 1.86$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.139 mW/g

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.92 V/m

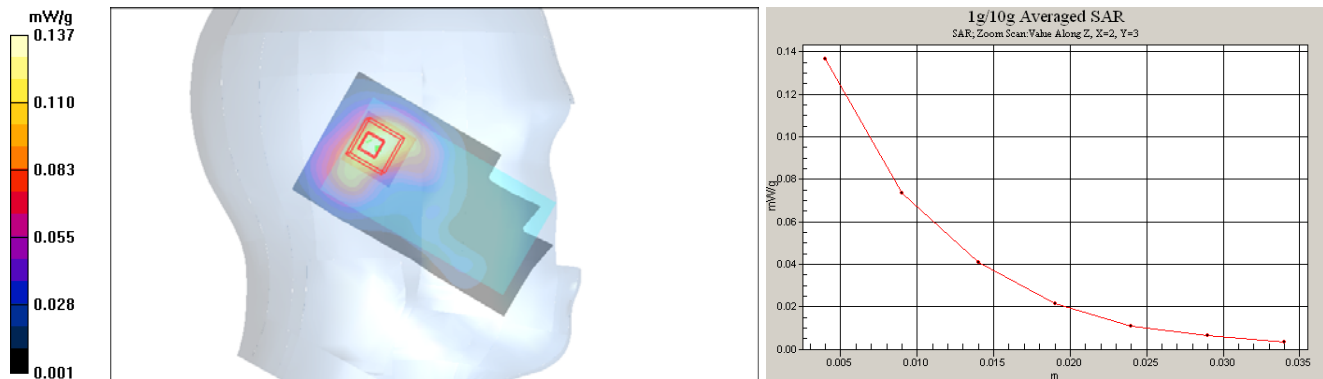
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.229 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.125 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.066 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.432 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.137 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-18 10:00:52

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; $\sigma = 1.86$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.079 mW/g

Tilt - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.35 V/m

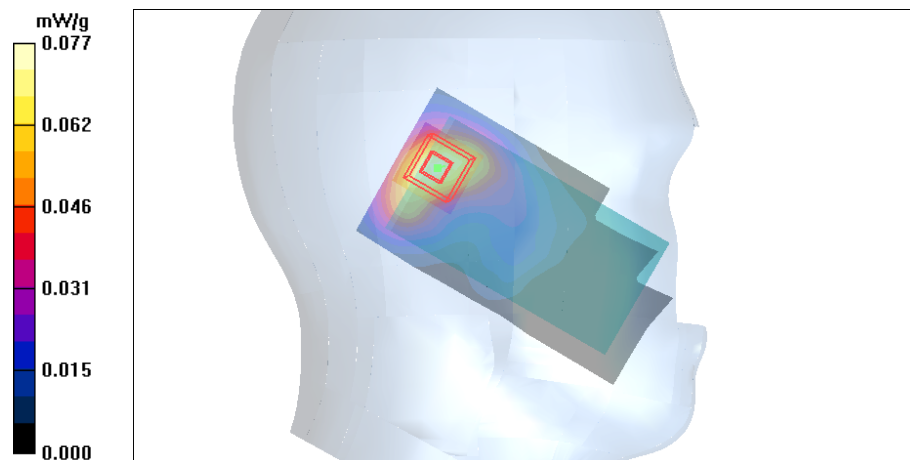
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.134 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.070 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.037 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.111 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.077 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-18 10:14:41

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; $\sigma = 1.86$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.069 mW/g

Cheek - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.78 V/m

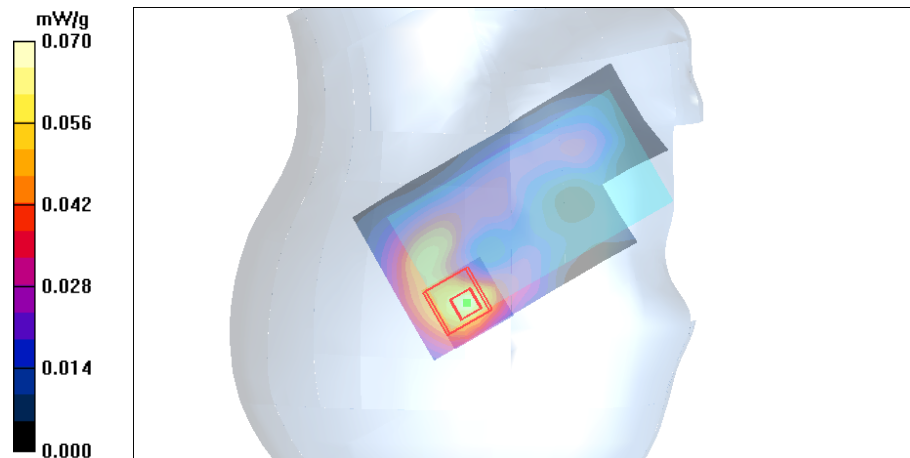
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.128 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.061 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.030 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.329 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.070 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-18 10:29:05

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.3 C

Medium parameters used: f = 2442 MHz; $\sigma = 1.86$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1018
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Tilt - Middle, Slide closed /Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.064 mW/g

Tilt - Middle, Slide closed /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.60 V/m

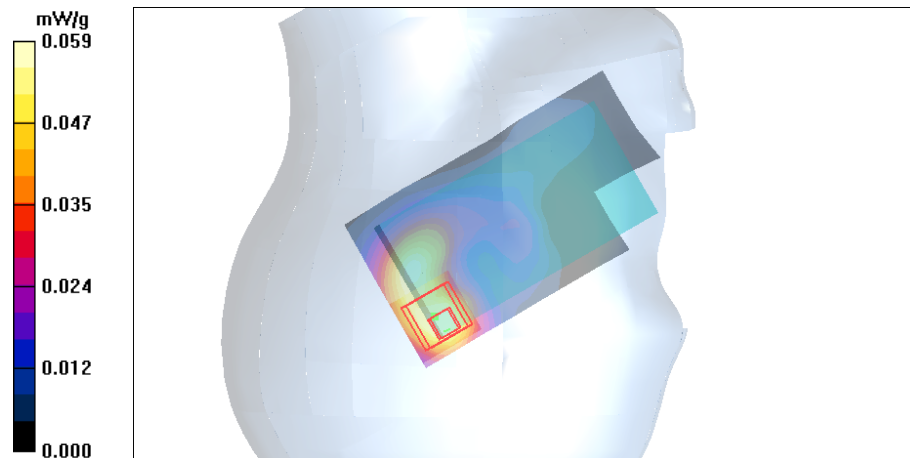
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.116 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.056 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.029 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.002 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.059 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-31 09:02:30

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.969$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - No Accessory -Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:
dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.582 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - No Accessory -Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.39 V/m

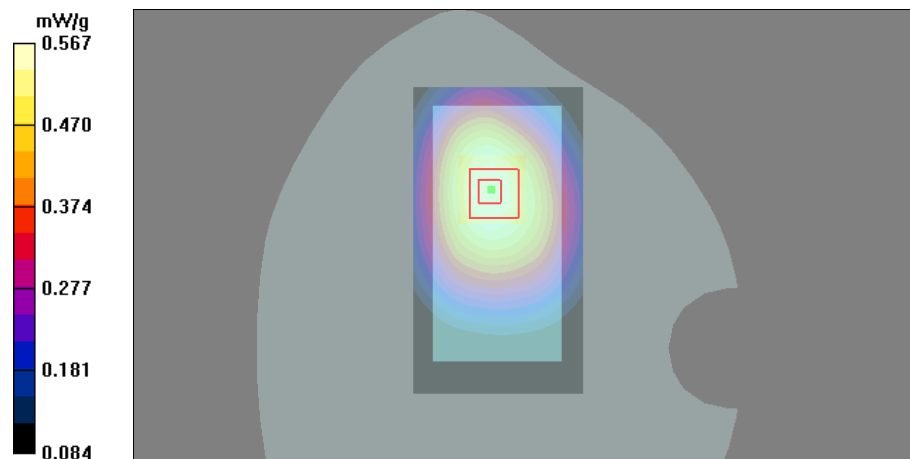
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.667 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.539 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.409 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.294 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.567 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-31 09:16:13

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.969$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - HS-125 -Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.369 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - HS-125 -Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.69 V/m

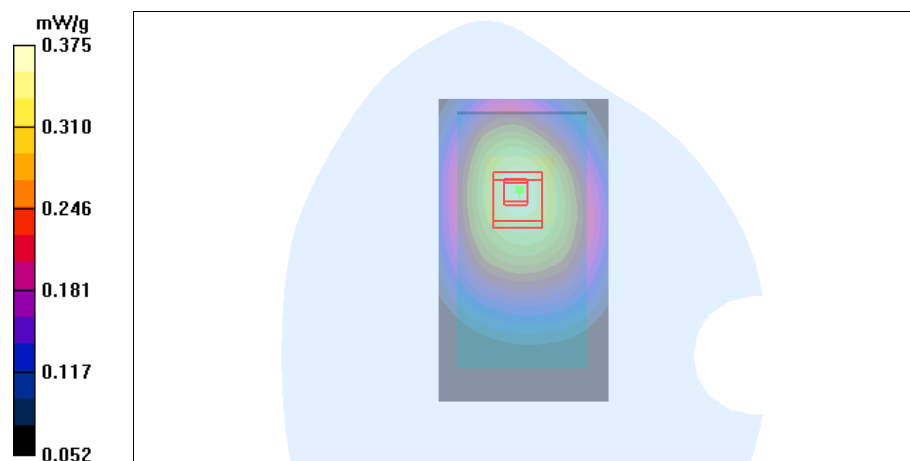
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.440 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.355 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.268 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.047 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.375 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-31 10:17:23

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.977$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - High - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 mW/g

Body - High - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.0 V/m

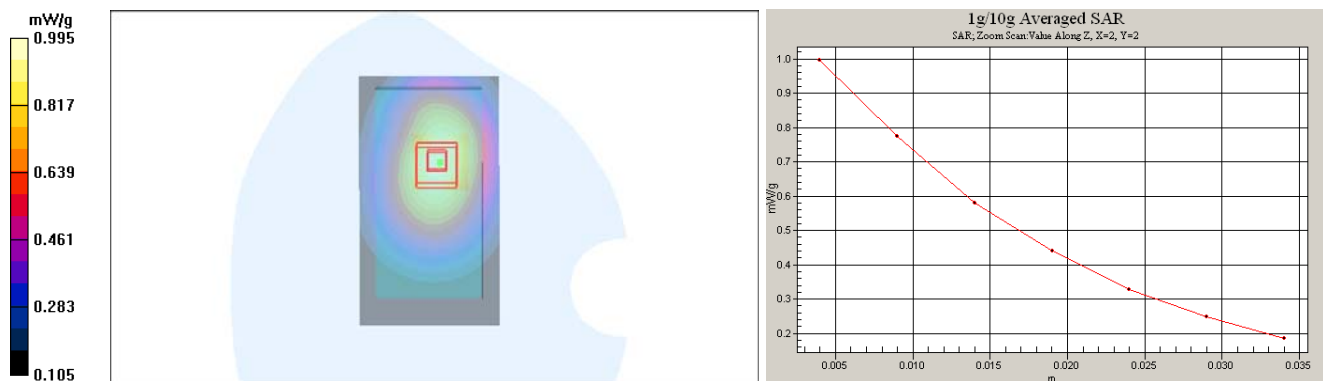
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.943 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.689 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.177 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.995 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-612_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-612

Copyright © 2010 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2009-12-31 09:42:57

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 3-slot GPRS850

Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.8

Medium: BSL850; Medium Notes: t=20.7 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 837$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.969$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(5.69, 5.69, 5.69); Calibrated: 2009-10-27
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn728; Calibrated: 2009-02-09
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - HS-125 -Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.634 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - HS-125 -Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.3 V/m

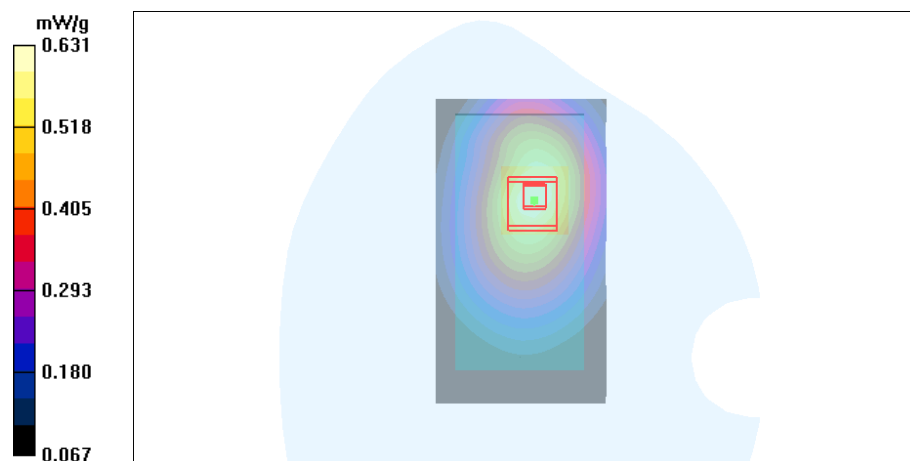
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.762 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.595 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.433 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.009 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.631 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-23 08:42:27

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.2 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:
dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.358 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m

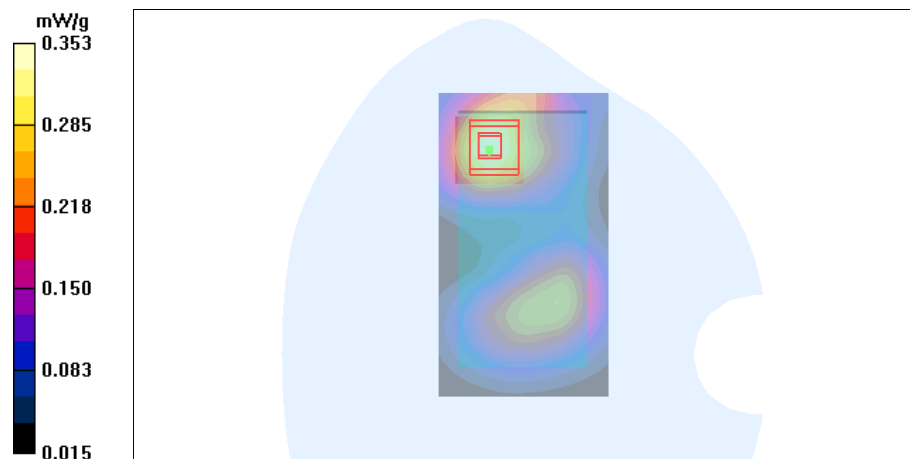
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.498 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.325 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.203 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.029 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.353 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-23 08:56:07

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.2 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - HS-125 - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.290 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - HS-125 - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.53 V/m

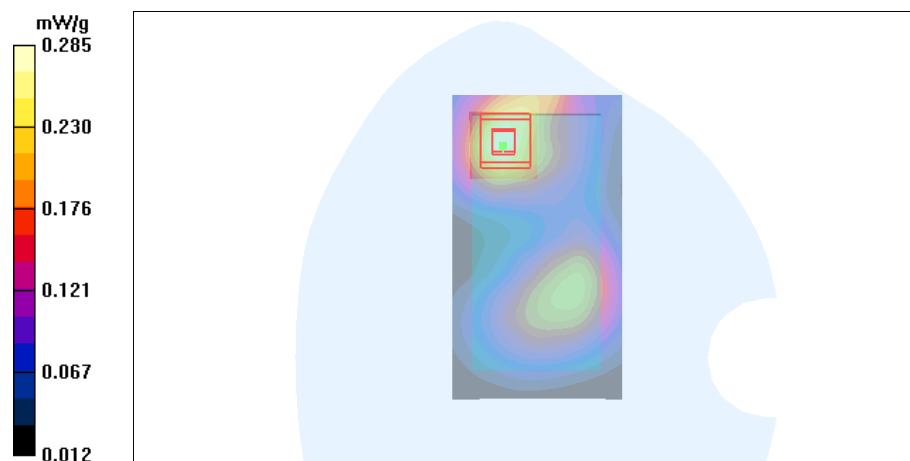
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.404 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.262 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.163 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.087 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.285 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-23 09:46:26

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.2 C

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Low - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.619 mW/g

Body - Low - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.843 W/kg

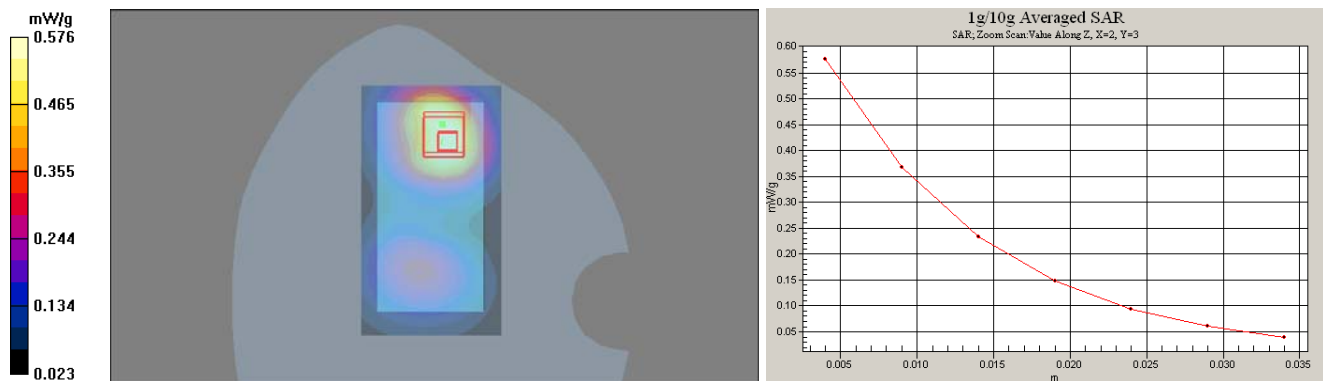
SAR(1 g) = 0.544 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.343 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.576 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-23 09:30:37

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: 2-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.2 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - HS-125 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.489 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - HS-125 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.678 W/kg

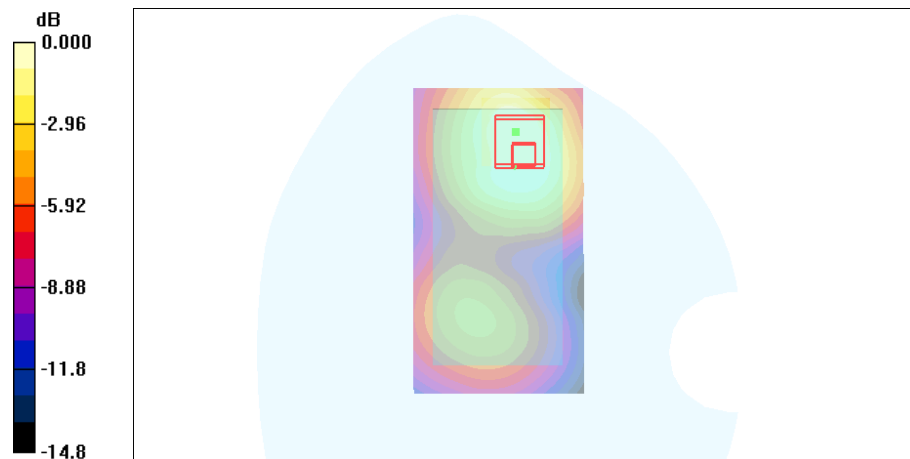
SAR(1 g) = 0.427 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.269 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.067 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 1 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR.
Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.459 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-23 10:11:36

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL1900; Medium Notes: t=20.2 C

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.864 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.5 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

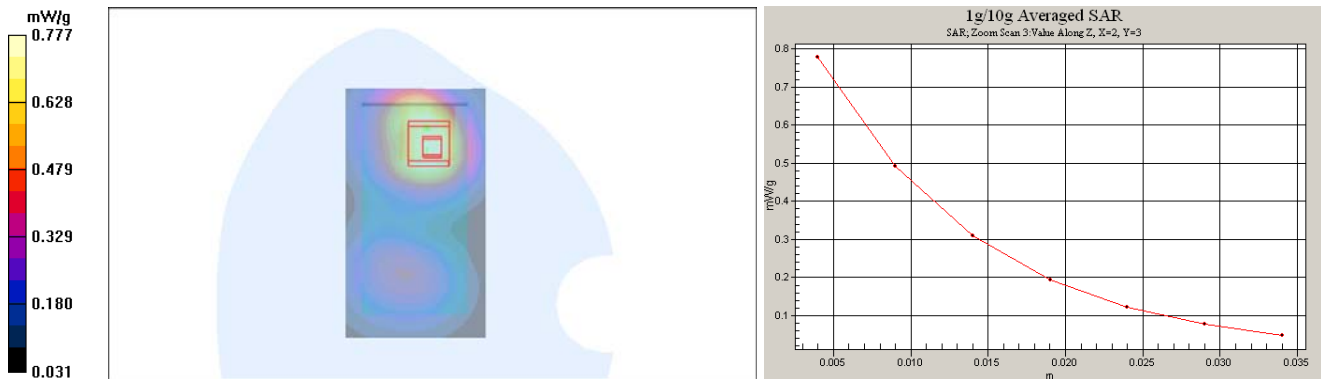
SAR(1 g) = 0.727 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.455 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.133 dB

Warning: Maximum averaged SAR over 10 g is located on the boundary of the measurement cube. This cube might not incorporate the absolute averaged SAR. Please consider a refinement of the Area Scan measurement.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.777 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-18 12:02:09

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL2450; Medium Notes: 19.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.04$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.17, 4.17, 4.17); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:
dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.038 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - No Accessory - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.06 V/m

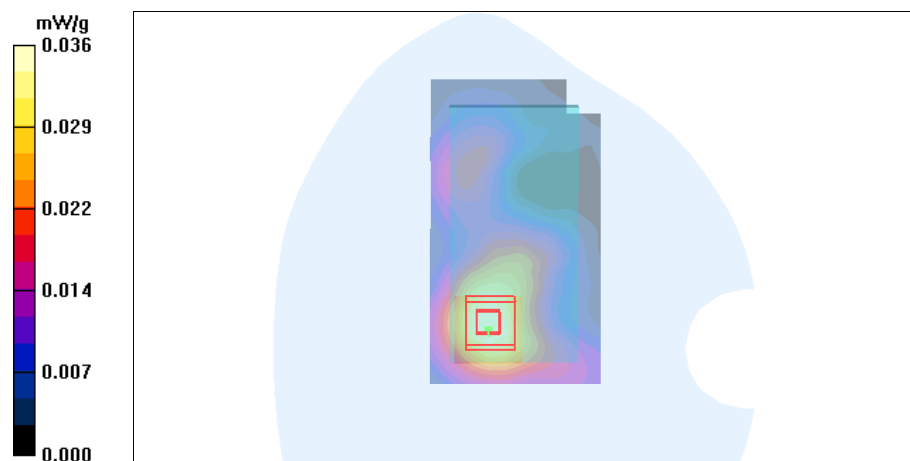
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.065 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.034 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.020 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.289 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.036 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-18 12:15:33

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL2450; Medium Notes: 19.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.04$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.17, 4.17, 4.17); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - HS-125 - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.028 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - HS-125 - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.24 V/m

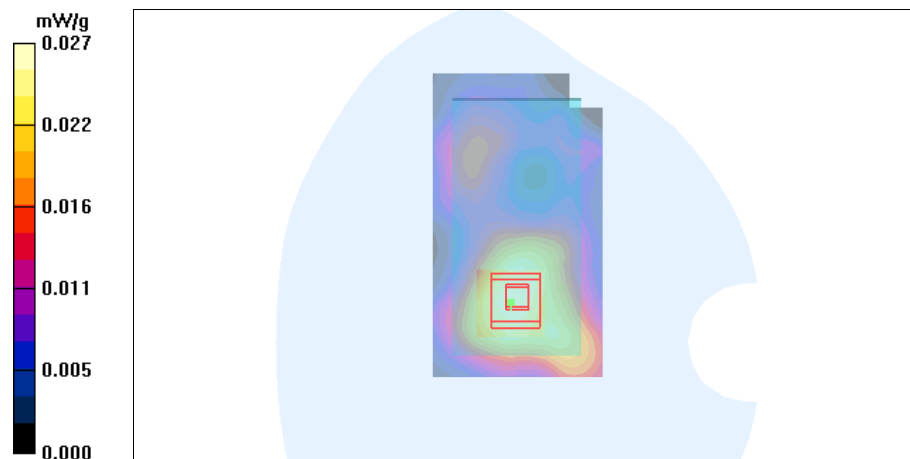
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.047 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.025 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.015 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.144 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.027 mW/g



Date/Time: 2009-12-18 12:27:52

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL2450; Medium Notes: 19.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.04$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165

- ConvF(4.17, 4.17, 4.17); Calibrated: 2009-05-25

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15

- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.159 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - No accessory - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.36 V/m

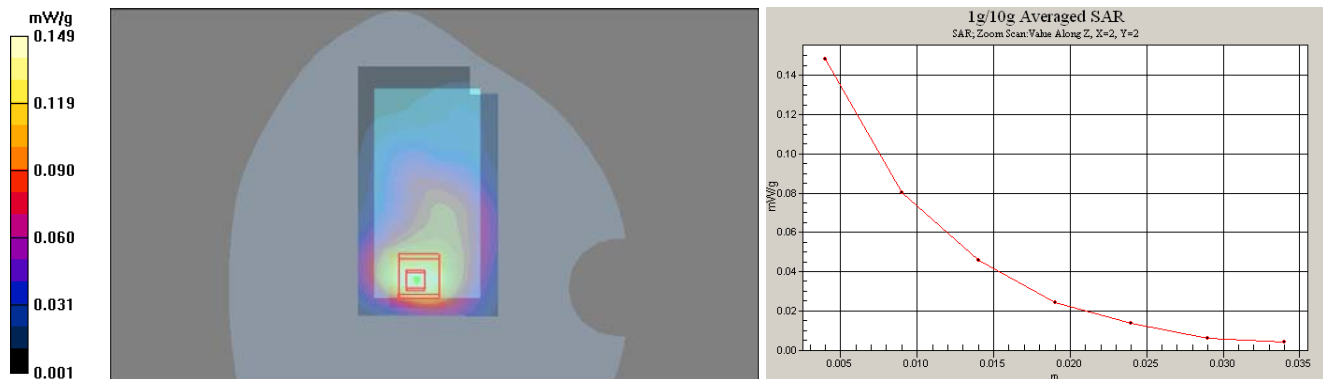
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.254 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.136 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.077 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.149 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-612_01

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-612

Copyright © 2010 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2009-12-18 12:38:50

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-612; Serial: 004401/10/935833/9

Communication System: WLAN2450

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL2450; Medium Notes: 19.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.04$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3165
- ConvF(4.17, 4.17, 4.17); Calibrated: 2009-05-25
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn793; Calibrated: 2009-05-15
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP-1179
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - HS-125 - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.136 mW/g

Body - Middle - Slide Closed - HS-125 - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.36 V/m

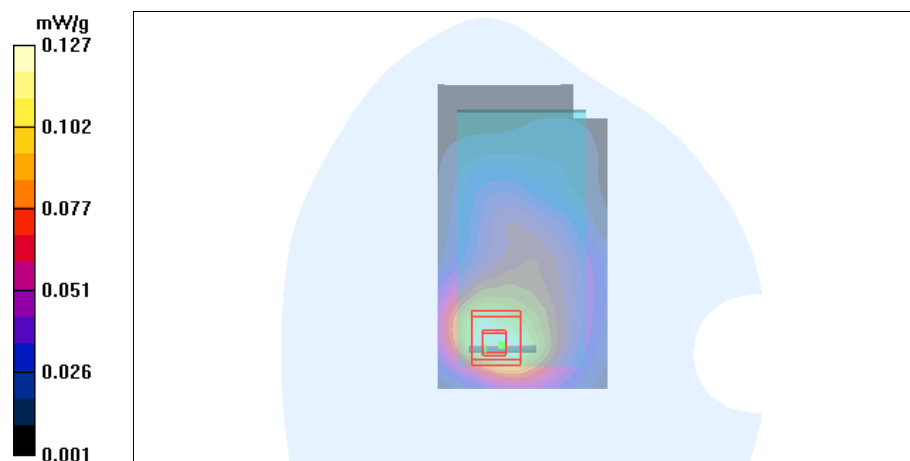
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.215 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.119 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.067 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.069 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.127 mW/g



APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **ES3-3165_May09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3165**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **May 25, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 660	9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08)	Sep-09

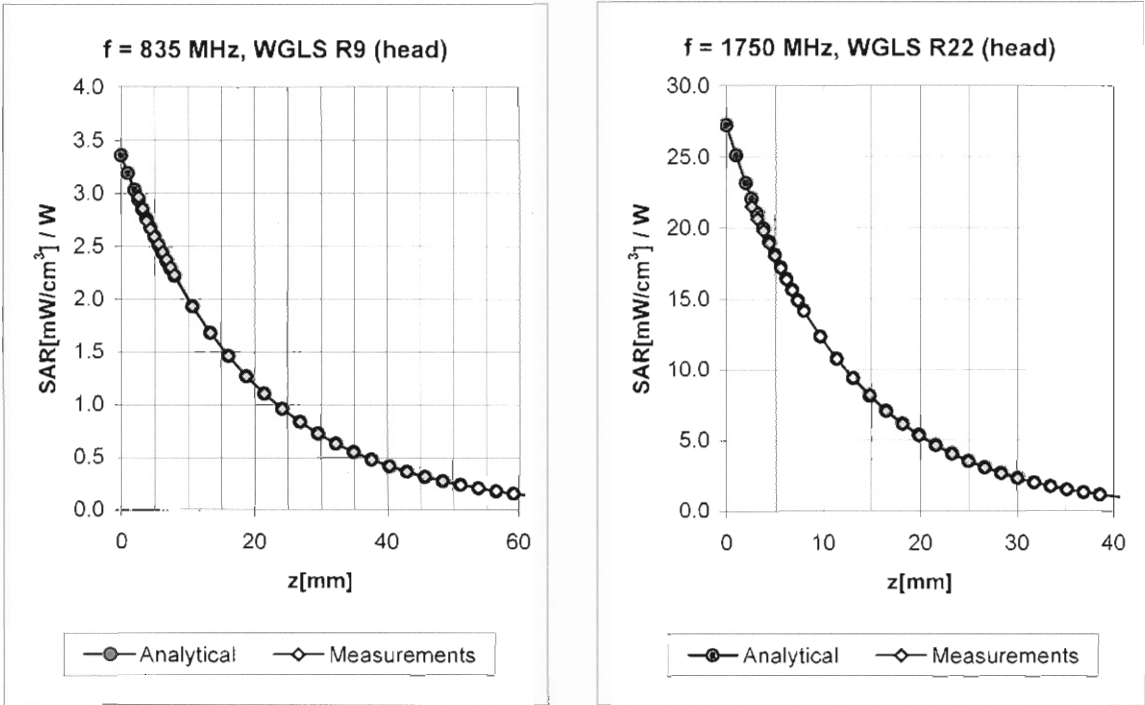
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: May 25, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF	Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.45	1.64	5.98	± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.65	1.29	5.17	± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.60	1.48	5.00	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.80	1.34	4.49	± 11.0% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.40	1.64	5.95	± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.54	1.59	4.89	± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.39	2.01	4.60	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.70	1.30	4.17	± 11.0% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **ES3-3131_Oct09**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3131**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **October 27, 2009**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 660	29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660_Sep09)	Sep-10

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct10

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Marcel Fehr	Laboratory Technician	

Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
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Issued: October 27, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3131**Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	1.36	1.30	1.29	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	95.7	92.8	93.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	C	VR mV	Unc (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	± 1.5%
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3131

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	5.85	5.85	5.85	0.26	2.01 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.45	1.56 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	4.88	4.88	4.88	0.38	1.72 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	4.31	4.31	4.31	0.44	1.66 ± 11.0%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

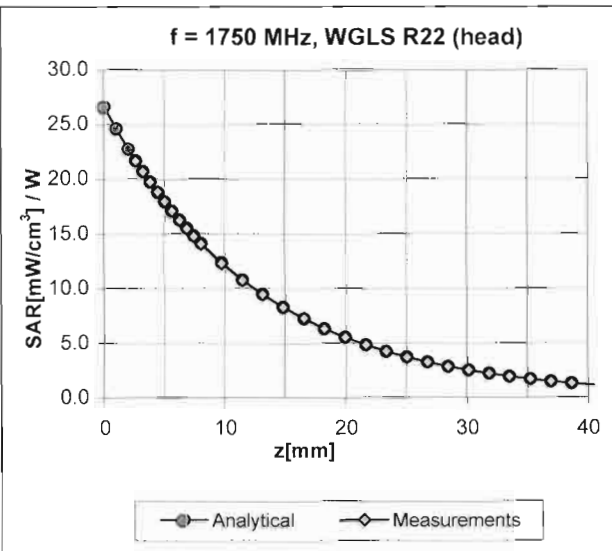
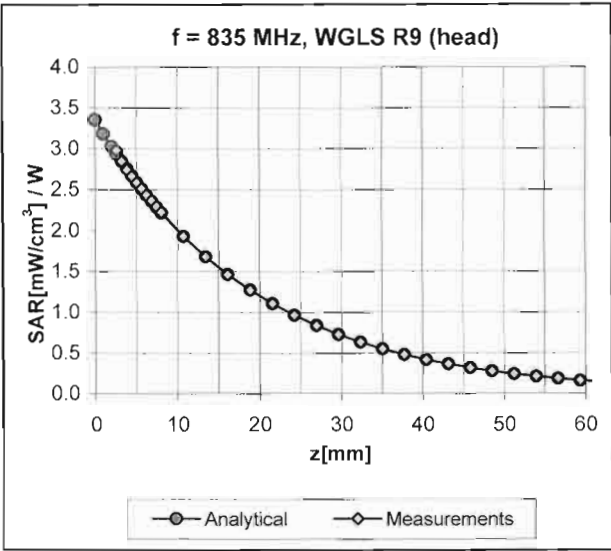
DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3131

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	5.69	5.69	5.69	0.32	1.93 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	4.71	4.71	4.71	0.43	1.83 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	4.48	4.48	4.48	0.34	2.34 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	4.07	4.07	4.07	0.94	1.10 ± 11.0%

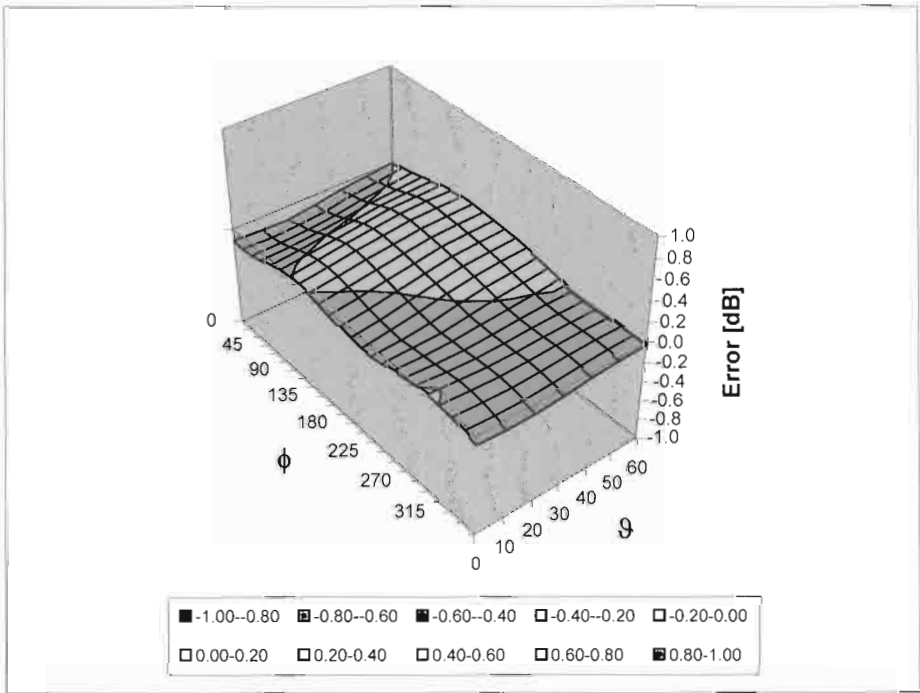
^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ (k=2)

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **D835V2-462 Jan08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 462**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7
 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **January 21, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF)	SN 1507	26-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct07)	Oct-08
DAE4	SN 601	03-Jan-08 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan08)	Jan-09

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Mike Meili	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: January 22, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 17.01.2008 15:39:50

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:462

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 26.10.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

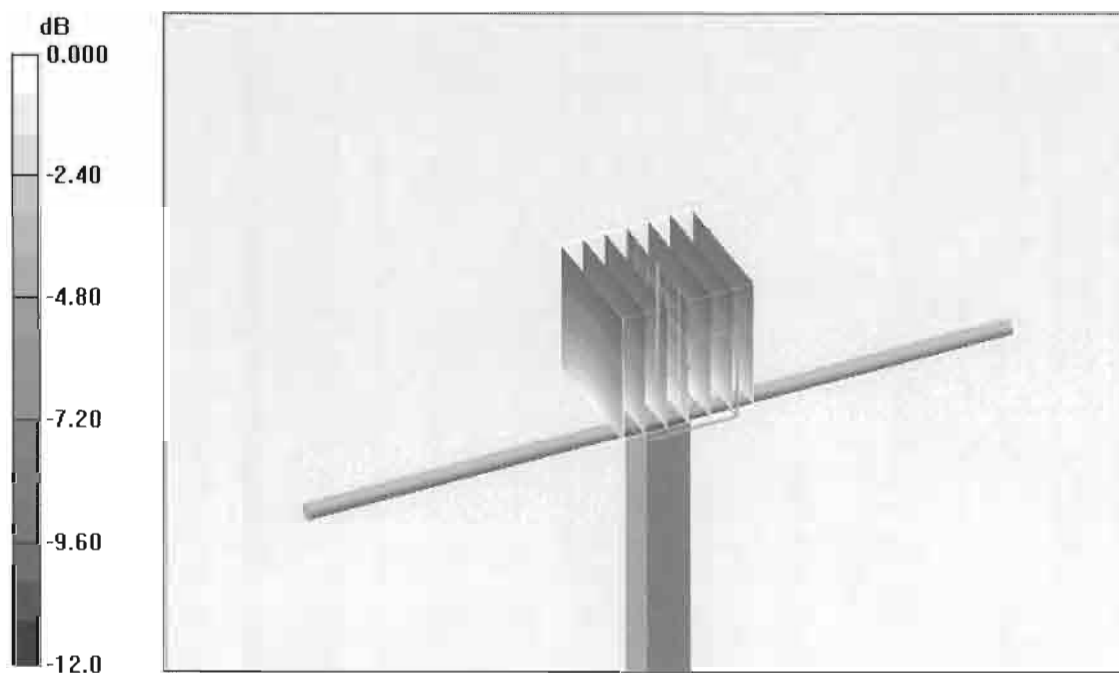
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.63 mW/g



0 dB = 2.63mW/g

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 12:34:02

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:462

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.83, 5.83, 5.83); Calibrated: 26.10.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

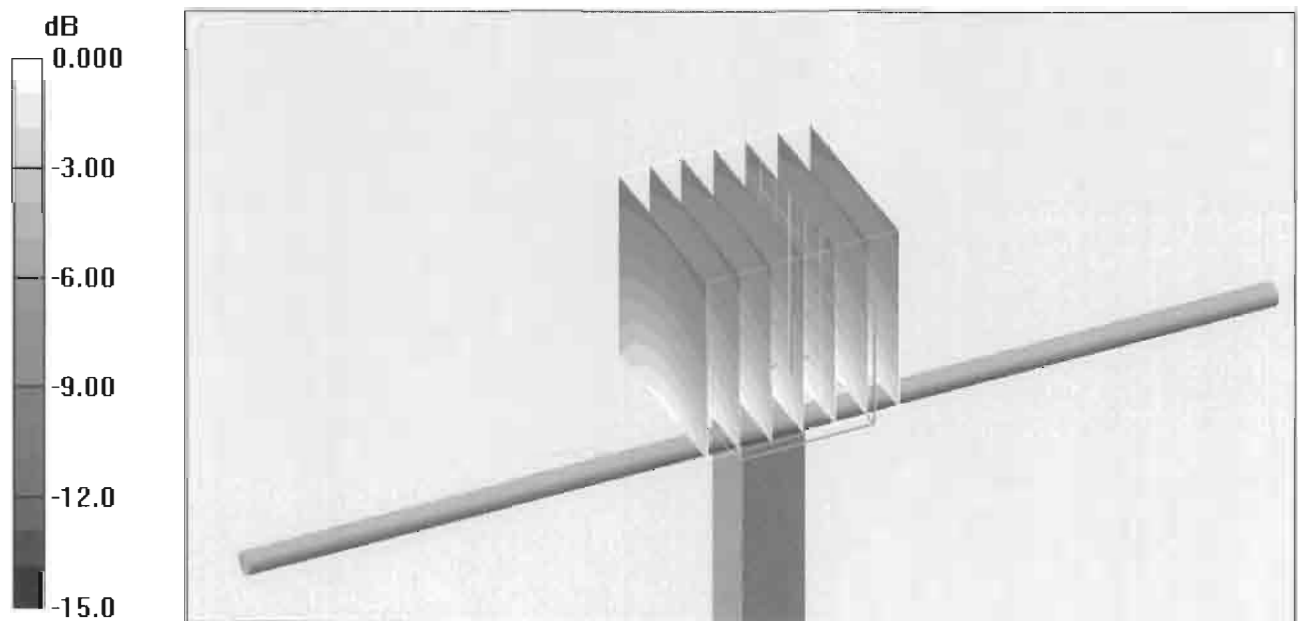
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 53.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.60 mW/g



0 dB = 2.60mW/g



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d030_Jan08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d030**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **January 29, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF)	SN: 1507	26-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct07)	Oct-08
DAE4	SN 601	3-Jan-08 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan08)	Jan-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

Calibrated by: **Mike Meili** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Issued: January 30, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 29.01.2008 14:30:03

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 26.10.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

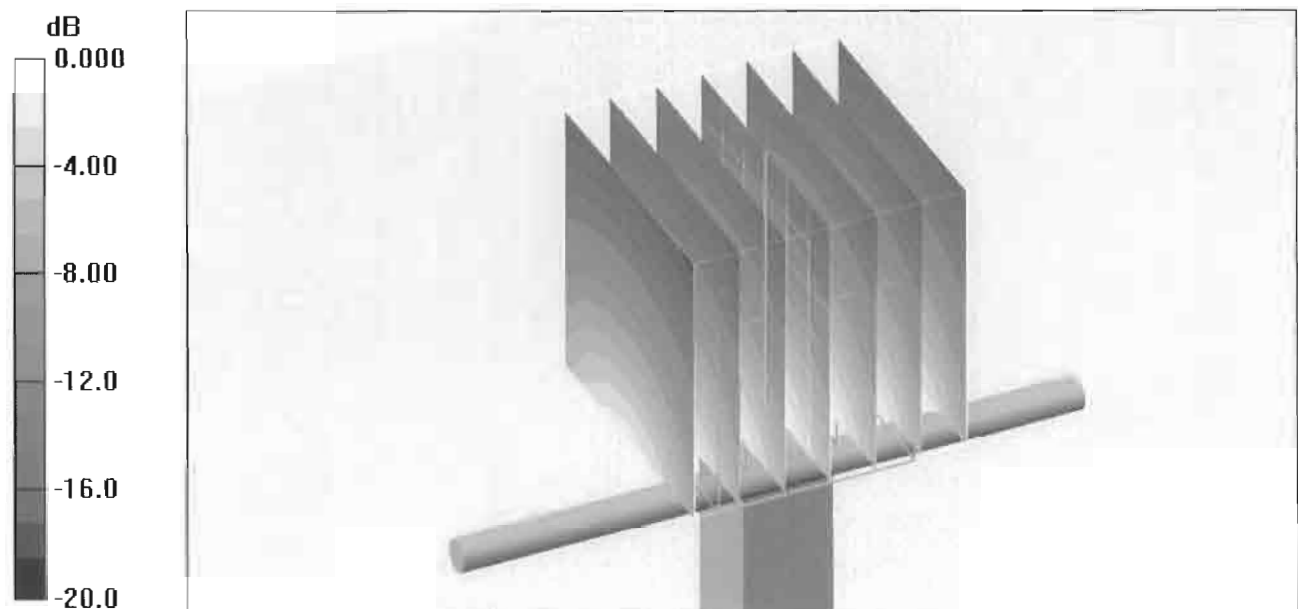
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 mW/g



0 dB = 11.5mW/g

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 22.01.2008 14:15:36

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d030

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 26.10.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

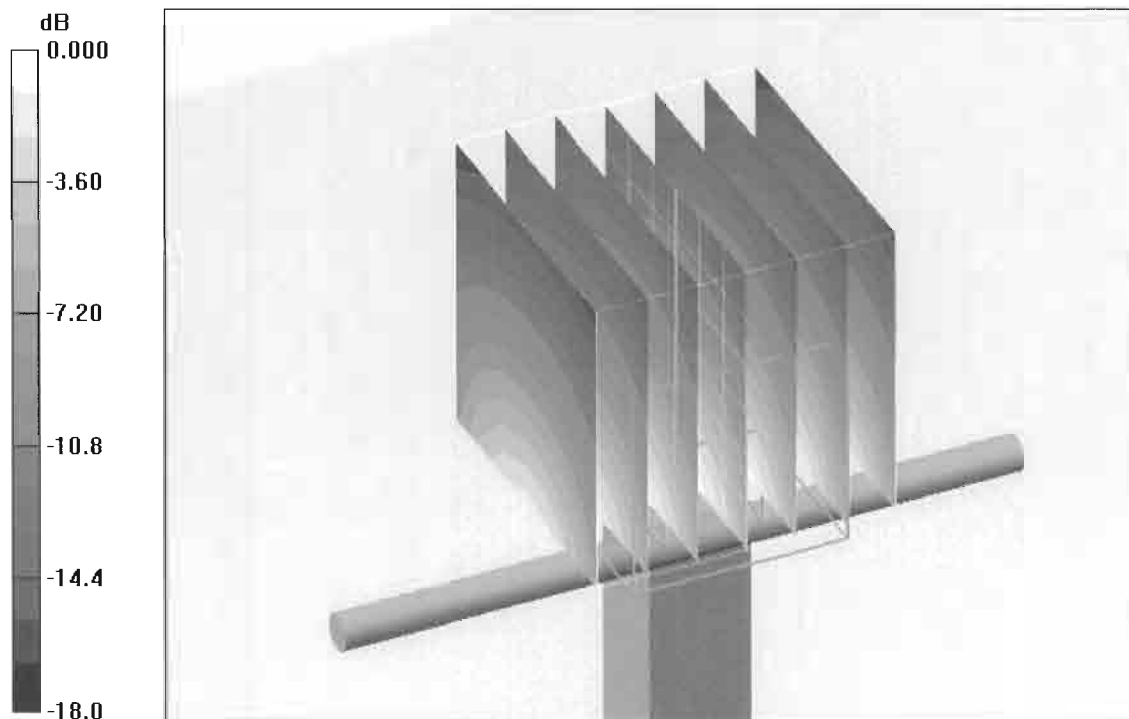
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.62 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



0 dB = 10.9mW/g



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia Salo TCC**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-729_Jan08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 729**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **January 30, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	07-Aug-07 (METAS, No 217-00718)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3025	26-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct07)	Oct-08
DAE4	SN 601	03-Jan-08 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan08)	Jan-09

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	

Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager
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Issued: January 31, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 30.01.2008 12:36:45

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN729

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025 (HF); ConvF(4.41, 4.41, 4.41); Calibrated: 26.10.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

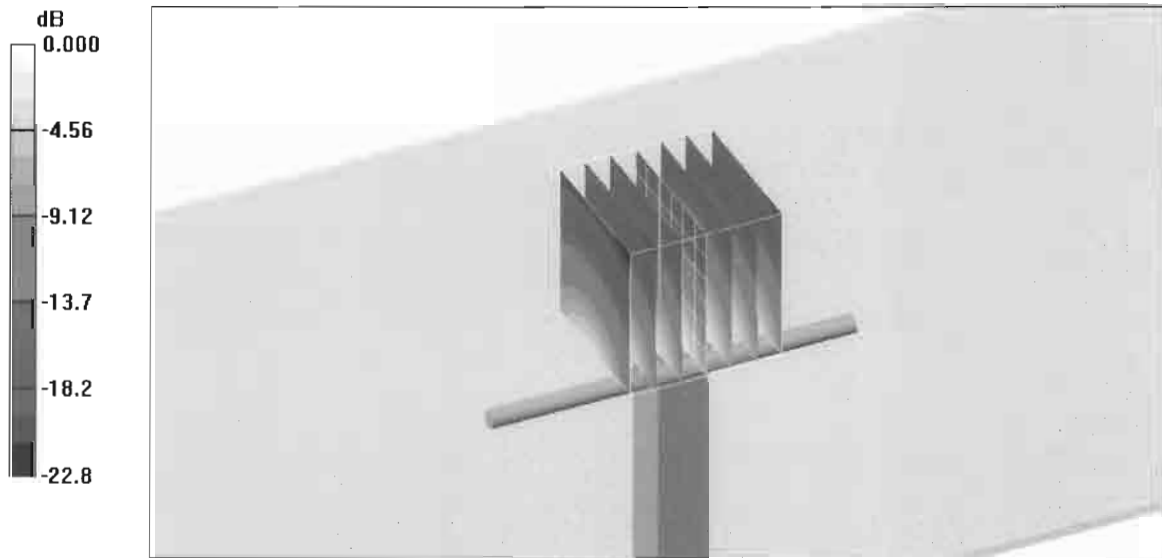
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.57 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 mW/g



DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 23.01.2008 12:53:20

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN729

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025 (HF); ConvF(4.02, 4.02, 4.02); Calibrated: 26.10.2007
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 03.01.2008
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

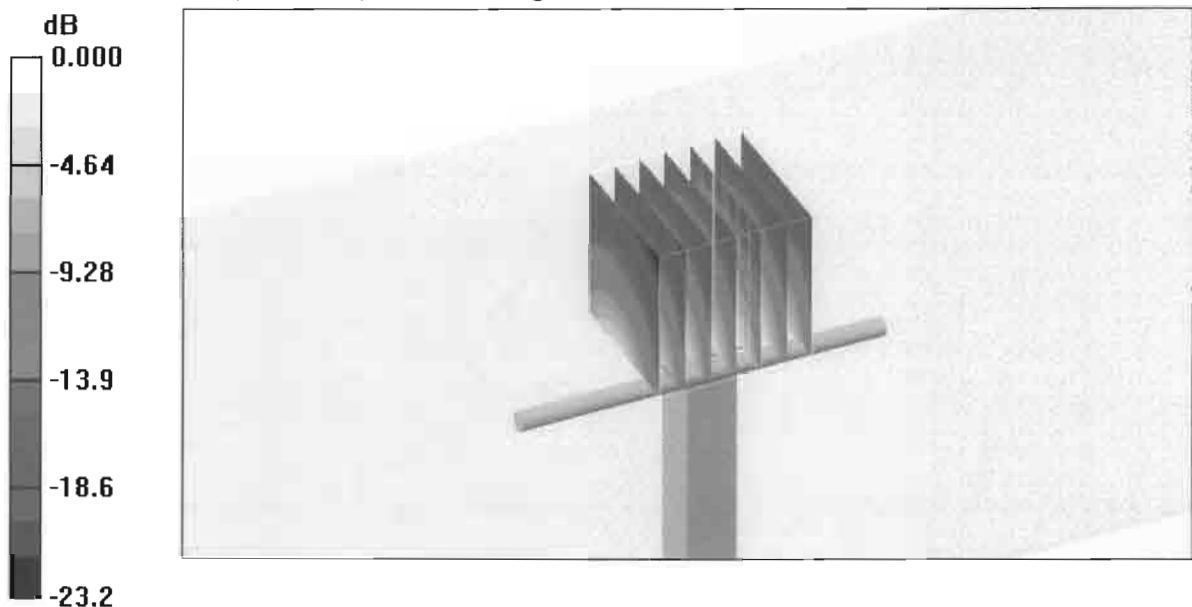
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.091 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.33 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 mW/g



0 dB = 15.6mW/g