

SAR Compliance Test Report

Test report no.:	Cph_SAR_0814_04	Date of report:	2008-04-28
Template version:	9.0	Number of pages:	92
Testing laboratory:	TCC Nokia Copenhagen Lab. Frederikskaj 1790 COPENHAGEN V, DENMARK TCC Nokia Salo Laboratory P.O.Box 86 Joensuunkatu 7H / Kiila 1B FIN-24101 SALO, FINLAND	Client:	Nokia Corporation P.O. Box 86 Joensuunkatu 7 FIN-24101 SALO, FINLAND Tel. +358 (0) 7180 08000 Fax. +358 (0) 7180 44277
Responsible test engineer:	Virpi Tuominen	Product contact person:	Teuvo Miettinen
Measurements made by:	Leif Klysner & Jesper Nielsen Virpi Tuominen		
Tested device:	RM-345		
FCC ID:	PYARM-345	IC:	661V-RM345
Supplement reports:	Cph_SAR_0817_01		
Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields RSS-102 Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields IEEE 1528 - 2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Technique		
Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		
Date and signatures:			
For the contents:			

CONTENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT.....	3
1.1 TEST DETAILS.....	3
1.2 MAXIMUM RESULTS.....	3
1.2.1 Head Configuration.....	3
1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration	4
1.2.3 Maximum Drift	4
1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty	4
2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST	5
2.1 DESCRIPTION OF THE ANTENNA	5
3. TEST CONDITIONS	6
3.1 TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY	6
3.2 TEST SIGNAL, FREQUENCIES AND OUTPUT POWER	6
4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT	6
4.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM AND COMPONENTS	6
4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3	8
4.2 PHANTOMS	8
4.3 TISSUE SIMULANTS	8
4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes	9
4.3.2 System Checking	9
4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements.....	11
5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE	12
5.1 DEVICE HOLDER.....	12
5.2 TEST POSITIONS.....	12
5.2.1 Against Phantom Head.....	12
5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration	12
5.3 SCAN PROCEDURES.....	13
5.4 SAR AVERAGING METHODS.....	13
6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	14
7. RESULTS	15
APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS.....	21
APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS.....	31
APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)	91
APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)	92

1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2008-01-08 to 2008-04-25
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 004401/01/446330/7, HW: 0320, SW: 07.45.3, DUT: 12441 SN: 352944/02/000608/9, HW: 0520, SW: 07.49.2, DUT: 26071
Batteries used in testing	BL-4U, DUT: 12445, 12446, 12447, 26075, 26076, 26077, 26078
Headsets used in testing	HS-47, DUT: 12443, 26079
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850	251 / 848.8	28.3 dBm ERP	Right, Cheek	0.574 W/kg	0.64 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850	4233 / 846.6	18.3 dBm ERP	Right, Cheek	0.438 W/kg	0.49 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900	512 / 1850.2	24.4 dBm EIRP	Right, Cheek	0.473 W/kg	0.53 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900	9400 / 1880.0	20.6 dBm EIRP	Right, Cheek	0.405 W/kg	0.45 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450	7 / 2442.0	22.4 dBm EIRP	Left, Tilt	0.461 W/kg	0.52 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS850 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	0.834 W/kg	0.93 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850 + WLAN2450	-	-	Left, Tilt	0.701 W/kg	0.79 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	0.733 W/kg	0.82 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	0.665 W/kg	0.74 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Radiated power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
2-slot GPRS850	251 / 848.8	28.3 dBm ERP	2.2cm	0.647 W/kg	0.72 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850	4233 / 846.6	16.0 dBm ERP	2.2cm	0.465 W/kg	0.52 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900	512 / 1850.2	25.2 dBm EIRP	2.2cm	0.135 W/kg	0.15 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900	9400 / 1880.0	20.6 dBm EIRP	2.2cm	0.117 W/kg	0.13 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN2450	1 / 2412.0	23.6 dBm EIRP	2.2cm	0.072 W/kg	0.08 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
2-slot GPRS850 + WLAN2450	-	-	2.2cm	0.719 W/kg	0.81 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850 + WLAN2450	-	-	2.2cm	0.537 W/kg	0.60 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
3-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	2.2cm	0.207 W/kg	0.23 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	2.2cm	0.186 W/kg	0.21 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

*SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.45dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%
--------------------------------	---------

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	850 1900	GMSK	1/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
EGPRS	850 1900	GMSK / 8PSK	1/8 to 3/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
WCDMA	850 (Band V) 1900 (Band II)		1	826 – 847 1852 – 1908
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480
WLAN	2450	11Mbps QPSK	1	2412 – 2462

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM/GPRS/EGPRS900 and GSM/GPRS/EGPRS1800 bands which are not part of this filing.

This device has Push to Talk/Voice over IP/Dual Transfer Mode capability for use at the ear. Therefore, SAR for multi slot GPRS mode was evaluated against the head profile of the phantom.

2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal antenna.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	19.9 to 22.7
Ambient humidity (RH %):	30 to 55

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester except for testing WLAN2450 where control software was used. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

The transmission mode of the device in all WCDMA tests was configured to 12.2kbps RMC with all TPC bits set as “1”.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the ‘advanced extrapolation’ algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE3	339	12 months	2008-06
DAE4	555	12 months	2008-03
DAE4	682	12 months	2008-08
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3117	12 months	2008-08
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3118	12 months	2008-10
E-field Probe ES3DV3	3131	12 months	2008-02
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	4d042	24 months	2008-09
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d026	24 months	2010-03
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d063	24 months	2009-08
Dipole Validation Kit, D2450V2	749	24 months	2008-04
DASY4 software	Version 4.7	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SML03	101265	12 months	2008-07
Signal Generator	SME06	848650/011	36 months	2008-07
Amplifier	ZHL-42 (SMA)	N072095-5	12 months	2008-07
Amplifier	ZHL-42W	E012903	-	-
Power Meter	NRVS	849305/028	12 months	2008-07
Power Sensor	NRV-Z32	839176/020	12 months	2008-07
Power Meter	NRP	100293	24 months	2009-07
Power Sensor	NRP-Z51	100830	24 months	2009-07
Call Tester	CMU200	105900	-	-
Call Tester	CMU200	110735	-	-
BT Tester	CBT	100263	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	8753E	US38432928	12 months	2008-07
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070B	US33020420	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	AT8753ES	MY40001091	12 months	2008-08
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP85070B	US33020403	-	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ES3DV3

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 20 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3.9 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	39.74	55.97
HEC	0.25	1.21
Sugar	58.31	41.76
Preservative	0.15	0.27
Salt	1.55	0.79

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.88	69.02
Butyl Diglycol	44.91	30.76
Salt	0.21	0.22

2450MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	56.0	70.20
Tween 20	44.0	29.62
Salt	-	0.18

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

<i>f</i> [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.33	42.2	0.90	
	± 10% window	2.10 – 2.56			
	2008-03-29	2.21	40.4	0.88	21.8
	2008-04-21	2.32	40.6	0.89	21.9
1900	Reference result	9.48	39.3	1.47	
	± 10% window	8.53 – 10.43			
	2008-03-13	9.60	38.8	1.41	21.6
1900	Reference result	10.3	40.2	1.47	
	± 10% window	9.3 – 11.3			
	2008-04-23	9.67	39.3	1.42	22.0
	2008-04-25	9.85	39.0	1.45	22.5
2450	Reference result	13.5	38.8	1.76	
	± 10% window	12.1 – 14.9			
	2008-01-08	13.5	38.0	1.81	21.0

System checking, body tissue simulant

<i>f</i> [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.45	53.8	0.98	
	± 10% window	2.20 – 2.70			
	2008-03-17	2.46	53.5	0.96	22.2
1900	Reference result	9.45	55.7	1.59	
	± 10% window	8.50 – 10.40			
	2008-04-08	9.64	53.0	1.58	21.3
1900	Reference result	10.5	51.7	1.57	
	± 10% window	9.4 – 11.6			
	2008-04-24	10.9	53.1	1.62	22.5
2450	Reference result	14.1	53.7	1.97	
	± 10% window	12.7 – 15.5			
	2008-01-09	13.9	51.7	2.02	21.0

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2008-03-29	40.4	0.88	21.8
	2008-04-21	40.6	0.89	21.9
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2008-03-13	38.9	1.39	21.6
	2008-04-23	39.4	1.40	22.0
	2008-04-25	39.0	1.43	22.5
2442	Recommended value	39.2	1.79	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	37.3 – 41.2	1.70 – 1.88	
	2008-01-08	38.0	1.80	21.0

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2008-03-17	53.5	0.96	22.2
	2008-04-21	52.7	0.97	22.5
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2008-04-08	53.1	1.56	21.3
	2008-04-24	53.1	1.59	22.5
2442	Recommended value	52.7	1.94	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.1 – 55.3	1.85 – 2.04	
	2008-01-09	51.7	2.00	21.0

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in Section 1.2.2 using a separate flat spacer that was removed

before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its back facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	V_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Head SAR results

Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM	Power		26.5 dBm	27.5 dBm	28.4 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.233	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Power		26.5 dBm	27.5 dBm	28.3 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.394	-
		Tilt	-	0.309	-
	Right	Cheek	0.354	0.419	0.570
		Tilt	-	0.334	-
2-slot GPRS	Power		26.9 dBm	28.1 dBm	28.1 dBm
Slide open	Left	Cheek	-	0.341	-
		Tilt	-	0.250	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.387	-
		Tilt	-	0.263	-
3-slot GPRS	Power		24.2 dBm	24.7 dBm	25.4 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.362	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Power		17.5 dBm	17.8 dBm	18.5 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	0.094
		Tilt	-	-	-

(850MHz Table continues)

(850MHz Table continues)

Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4175 835.0 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz
WCDMA	Power		14.1 dBm	15.3 dBm	16.0 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.354	-
		Tilt	-	0.240	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.355	-
		Tilt	-	0.263	-
WCDMA	Power		18.5 dBm	17.4 dBm	18.3 dBm
Slide open	Left	Cheek	-	0.292	-
		Tilt	-	0.221	-
	Right	Cheek	0.274	0.379	0.438
		Tilt	-	0.249	-
2-slot GPRS Slide closed	Right Cheek, BT active		-	-	0.574

1900MHz Head SAR results

Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
GSM	Power		25.2 dBm	25.1 dBm	25.2 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.127	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
2-slot GPRS	Power		25.0 dBm	25.4 dBm	25.1 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.225	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
3-slot GPRS	Power		24.4 dBm	24.6 dBm	24.1 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.278	-
		Tilt	-	0.209	-
	Right	Cheek	0.473	0.380	0.352
		Tilt	-	0.215	-
3-slot GPRS	Power		24.5 dBm	24.1 dBm	22.8 dBm
Slide open	Left	Cheek	-	0.128	-
		Tilt	-	0.202	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.209	-
		Tilt	-	0.145	-
3-slot 8PSK EGPRS	Power		22.1 dBm	21.9 dBm	21.9 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	0.209	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-

(1900MHz Table continues)

(1900MHz Table continues)

Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA	Power		19.6 dBm	20.6 dBm	21.2 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.239	-
		Tilt	-	0.184	-
	Right	Cheek	0.327	0.405	0.338
		Tilt	-	0.202	-
WCDMA	Power		20.5 dBm	20.2 dBm	21.5 dBm
Slide open	Left	Cheek	-	0.135	-
		Tilt	-	0.158	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.231	-
		Tilt	-	0.163	-
3-slot GPRS Slide closed	Right Cheek, BT active		0.466	-	-

2450MHz Head SAR results

Option used	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 1 2412.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 11 2462.0 MHz
WLAN	Power		23.6 dBm	22.4 dBm	22.3 dBm
Slide closed	Left	Cheek	-	0.307	-
		Tilt	0.312	0.461	0.405
	Right	Cheek	-	0.260	-
		Tilt	-	0.377	-
WLAN	Power		22.4 dBm	22.7 dBm	22.7 dBm
Slide open	Left	Cheek	-	0.076	-
		Tilt	-	0.053	-
	Right	Cheek	-	0.057	-
		Tilt	-	0.067	-

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Body SAR results

Option used	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
2-slot GPRS	Power	26.5 dBm	27.5 dBm	28.3 dBm
Slide closed	Without headset	0.337	0.502	0.637
	Headset HS-47	0.281	0.407	0.530
Option used	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4175 835.0 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz
WCDMA	Power	14.1 dBm	15.3 dBm	16.0 dBm
Slide closed	Without headset	0.310	0.410	0.465
	Headset HS-47	0.288	0.390	0.457
2-slot GPRS Slide closed	Without headset, BT active	-	-	0.647

1900MHz Body SAR results

Option used	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
3-slot GPRS	Power	25.2 dBm	25.1 dBm	25.2 dBm
Slide closed	Without headset	0.135	0.114	0.097
	Headset HS-47	0.128	0.112	0.096
Option used	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA	Power	19.6 dBm	20.6 dBm	21.2 dBm
Slide closed	Without headset	0.093	0.114	0.101
	Headset HS-47	0.095	0.117	0.105
3-slot GPRS Slide closed	Without headset, BT active	0.125	-	-

2450MHz Body SAR results

Option used	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 1 2412.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 11 2462.0 MHz
WLAN	Power	23.6 dBm	22.4 dBm	22.3 dBm
Slide closed	Without headset	0.072	0.062	0.045
	Headset HS-47	0.062	0.062	0.041

Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results

Test config.	Max. 1g SAR results					Combined 1g SAR values			
	WLAN*	2-slot GPRS 850	WCDMA 850	3-slot GPRS 1900	WCDMA 1900	WLAN + 2-slot GPRS 850	WLAN + WCDMA 850	WLAN + 3-slot GPRS 1900	WLAN + WCDMA 1900
Head: Left, Cheek	0.307	0.394	0.354	0.278	0.239	0.701	0.661	0.585	0.546
Head: Left, Tilt	0.461	0.309	0.240	0.209	0.184	0.770	0.701	0.670	0.645
Head: Right, Cheek	0.260	0.574	0.438	0.473	0.405	0.834	0.698	0.733	0.665
Head: Right, Tilt	0.377	0.334	0.263	0.215	0.202	0.711	0.640	0.592	0.579
Body: Without Headset	0.072	0.647	0.465	0.135	0.114	0.719	0.537	0.207	0.186
Body: Headset HS-47	0.062	0.530	0.457	0.128	0.117	0.592	0.519	0.190	0.179

Combining the maximum SAR values of WLAN2450 and the cellular bands tends to overestimate the SAR value since their maxima do not necessarily occur in the same location.

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

Date/Time: 2008-03-29 00:18:05

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d042

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.8 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.878$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118
- ConvF(5.99, 5.99, 5.99); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn682; Calibrated: 2007-08-29
- Phantom: SAM 7; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1274
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.43 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.5 V/m

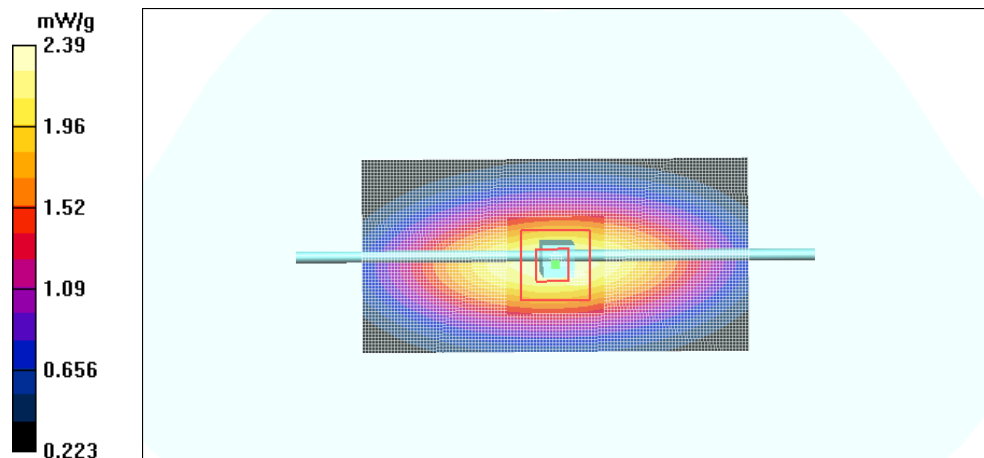
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.21 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.45 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.082 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.39 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-04-21 10:27:10

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d042

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.892 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3117
- ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2007-08-29
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn339; Calibrated: 2007-06-12
- Phantom: SAM 4; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1410
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.51 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.1 V/m

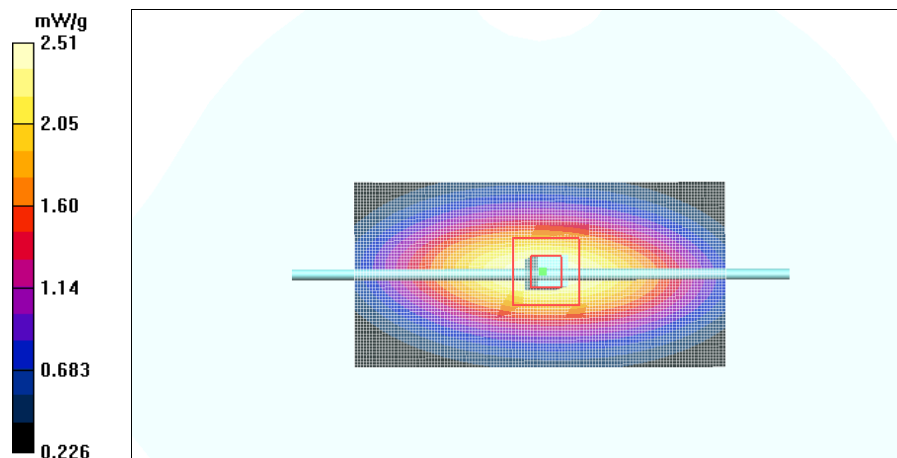
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.32 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.51 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.063 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.51 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-03-13 10:57:02

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d063

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118
- ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn682; Calibrated: 2007-08-29
- Phantom: SAM 6; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.9 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.0 V/m

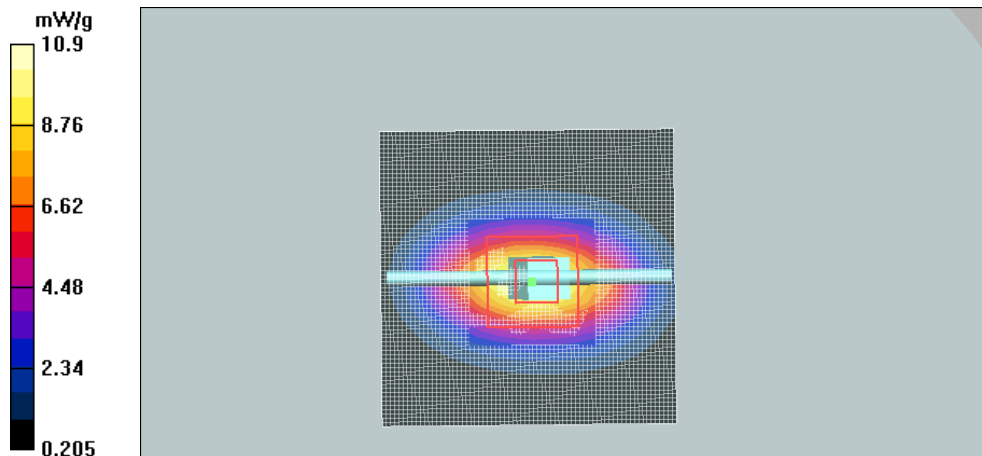
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.6 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 4.96 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-04-23 09:32:49

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d026

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 22.0 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118
- ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn682; Calibrated: 2007-08-29
- Phantom: SAM 6; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.0 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.4 V/m

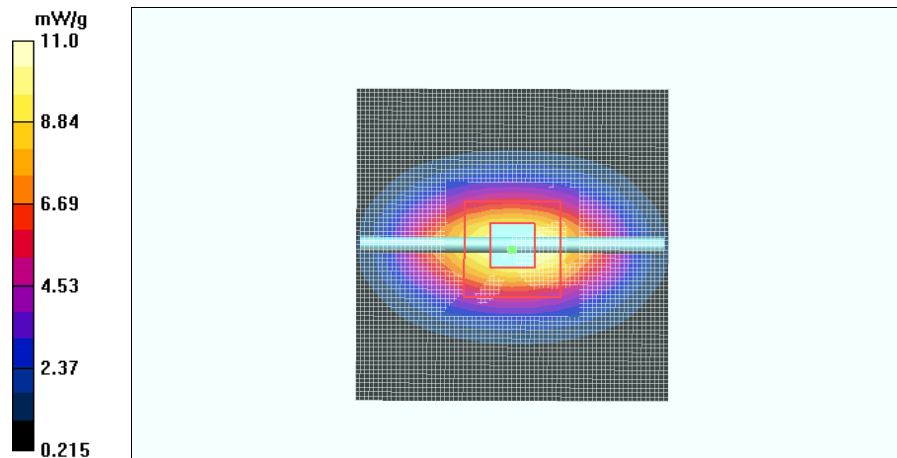
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.67 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.004 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.0 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-04-25 12:47:02

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d026

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 22.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3117
- ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05); Calibrated: 2007-08-29
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn339; Calibrated: 2007-06-12
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1037
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.1 V/m

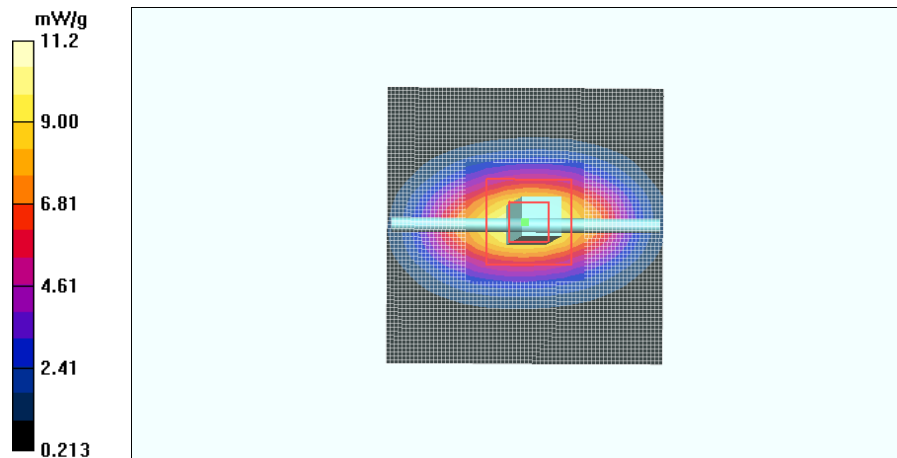
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.85 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.1 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.074 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 16:07:07

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:749

Communication System: CW2450

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.3C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 2007-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2007-03-15
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin SAM 040 CA; Serial: TP - 1177
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.3 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.5 V/m

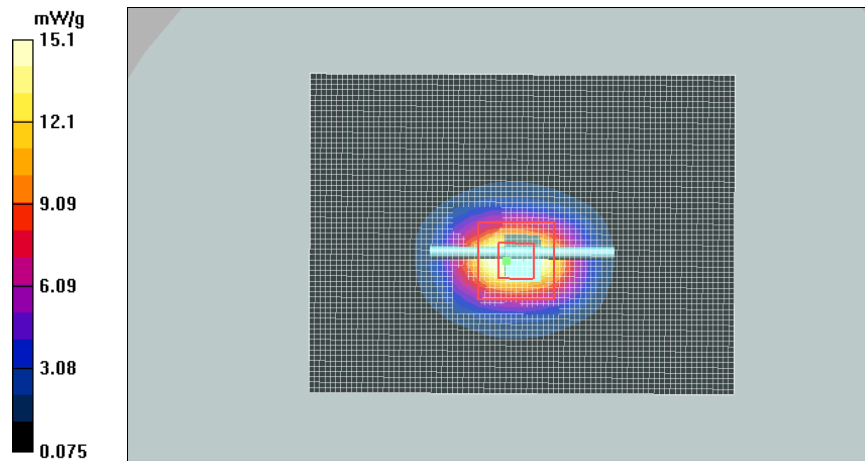
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 6.2 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.056 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.1 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-03-17 15:10:46

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d042

Communication System: CW835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 850; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 22.2 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.964$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3117
- ConvF(5.74, 5.74, 5.74); Calibrated: 2007-08-29
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn339; Calibrated: 2007-06-12
- Phantom: SAM 5; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1412
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 40.4 V/m

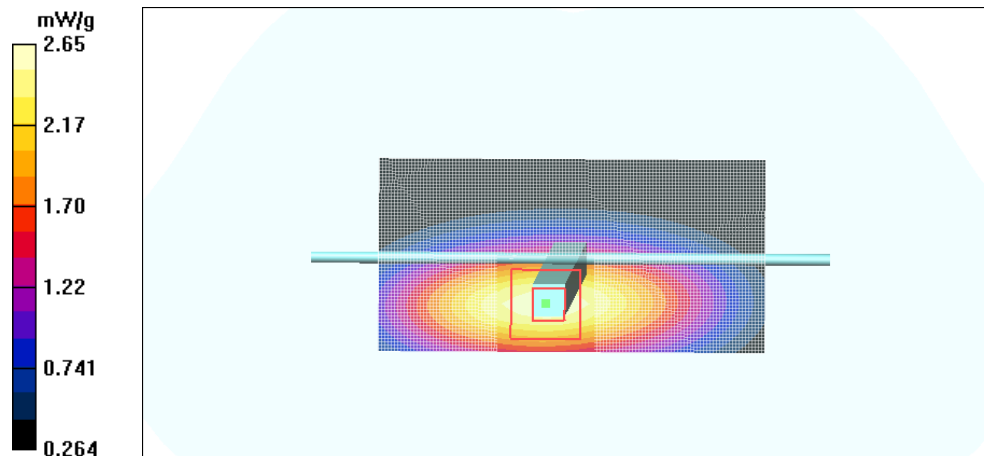
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.018 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.65 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-04-08 14:31:22

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d063

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 21.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3118
- ConvF(4.92, 4.92, 4.92); Calibrated: 2007-10-26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn682; Calibrated: 2007-08-29
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 71.7 V/m

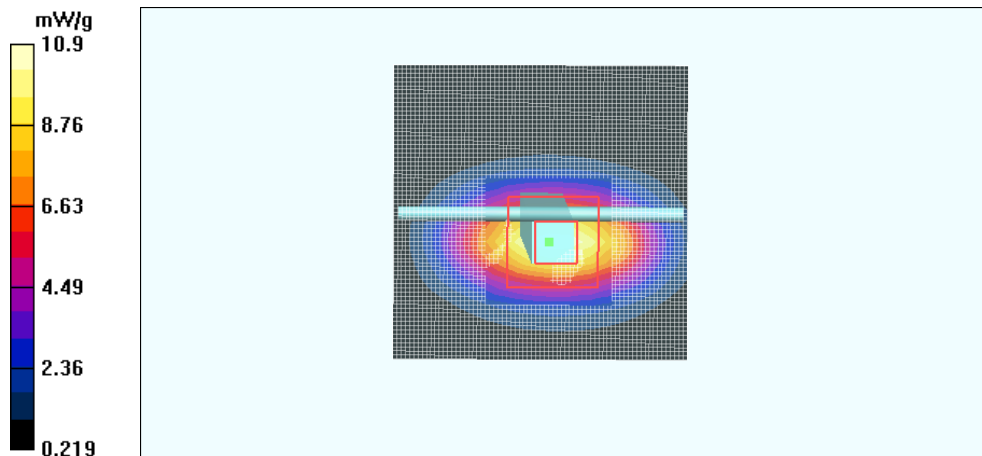
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.64 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.01 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-04-24 16:18:02

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d026

Communication System: CW1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Medium Temperature: 22.5 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.62$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3117
- ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 2007-08-29
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn339; Calibrated: 2007-06-12
- Phantom: SAM 8; Type: SAM Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1408
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 73.3 V/m

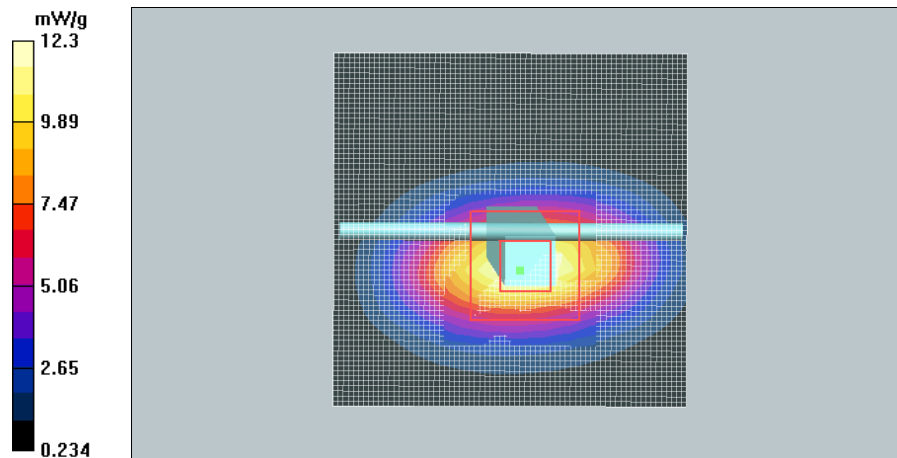
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.9 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.63 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 mW/g



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 09:13:19

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:749

Communication System: CW2450

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: BSL2450; Medium Notes: t=20.8C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3131
- ConvF(4.1, 4.1, 4.1); Calibrated: 2007-02-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn555; Calibrated: 2007-03-15
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: 1272
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.5 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.9 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 6.49 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.015 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 mW/g

