

8.4 Results LTE – Band 7

The EUT was set to transmit the maximum power.

8.4.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)		
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth		
Resolution bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth		
Span:	Zero Span		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

FCC					
AVG: 33 dBm Peak: 33 dBm					
Max Output Power					
In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.					

Test report no.: 1-6965/13-14-07



Results:

Output Power (conducted)						
Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Resource block allocation	Average Output Power (dBm) QPSK	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)	Average Output Power (dBm) 16-QAM	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)
		1 RB low	22.8	3.4	21.8	4.4
	2502.5	1 RB high	22.7	3.7	21.7	4.8
	2502.5	50% RB mid	21.8	4.9	20.8	5.6
		100% RB	21.8	5.2	20.7	6.1
		1 RB low	22.6	4.8	21.9	4.4
5	2525	1 RB high	22.6	4.8	21.9	4.3
5	2535	50% RB mid	21.5	5.8	20.5	5.0
		100% RB	21.5	6.3	20.5	5.6
		1 RB low	22.6	4.7	21.4	5.5
	2567.5	1 RB high	22.4	4.7	21.2	5.5
	2007.0	50% RB mid	21.5	5.2	20.6	6.0
		100% RB	21.5	5.8	20.6	6.6
		1 RB low	22.8	4.4	22.0	3.6
	2505	1 RB high	22.6	5.2	21.8	4.6
	2505	50% RB mid	21.8	5.8	20.7	4.9
		100% RB	21.7	6.1	20.7	5.1
		1 RB low	22.6	4.5	21.3	5.4
10	2525	1 RB high	22.6	4.3	21.3	5.4
10	2535	50% RB mid	21.5	5.0	20.5	5.7
		100% RB	21.5	5.3	20.5	6.1
		1 RB low	22.7	5.7	21.4	4.7
	2565	1 RB high	22.5	5.7	21.2	4.7
	2505	50% RB mid	21.6	5.9	20.6	5.0
		100% RB	21.6	6.3	20.6	5.3
		1 RB low	22.8	3.6	21.9	4.2
	2507.5	1 RB high	22.6	4.6	21.7	5.2
	2507.5	50% RB mid	21.7	5.1	20.6	5.9
		100% RB	21.6	5.5	20.7	6.4
		1 RB low	22.6	5.1	21.9	4.5
15	2535	1 RB high	22.5	5.1	21.9	4.3
10	2000	50% RB mid	21.5	5.9	20.5	5.1
		100% RB	21.6	6.5	20.5	5.6
		1 RB low	22.7	4.7	21.4	5.7
	2562.5	1 RB high	22.5	4.7	21.3	5.7
	2002.0	50% RB mid	21.7	5.2	20.6	6.0
			21.7	5.9	20.5	6.4



	1 RB low	22.7	4.2	21.8	3.7	
0540	2510	1 RB high	22.6	5.3	21.6	4.7
	2510	50% RB mid	21.7	6.0	20.6	5.1
		100% RB	21.7	6.3	20.6	5.2
		1 RB low	22.4	4.6	21.6	5.2
20 2535	1 RB high	22.4	4.5	21.6	5.2	
	2000	50% RB mid	21.5	5.1	20.5	5.9
		100% RB	21.4	5.4	20.5	6.4
	2560	1 RB low	22.4	5.0	21.7	4.7
		1 RB high	22.4	5.0	21.7	4.8
2300	2300	50% RB mid	21.6	6.1	20.7	5.2
		100% RB	21.6	6.4	20.7	5.8
Measurement uncertainty			± 0.5	5 dB		



Output Power (radiated)				
Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) QPSK	Average Output Power (dBm) 16-QAM	
	2502.5	22.2	21.2	
5	2535	21.8	21.1	
	2567.5	22.0	20.8	
	2505	22.2	21.4	
10	2535	21.8	20.5	
	2565	22.1	20.8	
	2507.5	22.2	21.3	
15	2535	21.8	21.1	
	2562.5	22.1	20.8	
	2510	22.1	21.2	
20	2535	21.6	20.8	
	2560	21.8	21.1	
Measurement uncertainty		± 3.0	0 dB	

The output power radiated is measured with the mode wich have the highest conducted output power.

<u>Result:</u> Passed



8.4.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMW500 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.

2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.

3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom} , connected to the CMW500 and in a simulated call on channel 1412 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.

4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.

5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom} . Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max} , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.

6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

This measurement was performed with the highest channel bandwidth supported from the EUT on the middle channel

Measurement:

Measurement parameters				
Detector:				
Sweep time:				
Video bandwidth:	Measured with CMW500			
Resolution bandwidth:				
Span:				
Trace-Mode:				

Limits:

FCC	
Frequency Stability	
< 2.5 ppm	



<u>Results:</u>

FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	30	0.00000118	0.0118
3.4	37	0.00000146	0.0146
3.5	43	0.00000170	0.0170
3.6	-38	-0.00000150	-0.0150
3.7	6	0.0000024	0.0024
3.8	-36	-0.00000142	-0.0142
3.9	42	0.00000166	0.0166
4.0	11	0.0000043	0.0043
4.1	4	0.0000016	0.0016
4.2	34	0.00000134	0.0134
4.3	-1	-0.0000004	-0.0004
4.4	-5	-0.0000020	-0.0020

FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-39	-0.00000154	-0.0154
-20	19	0.0000075	0.0075
-10	-42	-0.00000166	-0.0166
± 0	10	0.0000039	0.0039
10	-5	-0.0000020	-0.0020
20	-50	-0.00000197	-0.0197
30	2	0.0000008	0.0008
40	49	0.00000193	0.0193
50	-46	-0.00000181	-0.0181
60	-19	-0.0000075	-0.0075

<u>Result:</u> Passed



8.4.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 2569.3 MHz. This was rounded up to 26 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 27.53. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the LTE band 7.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.

b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).

c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.

d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.

e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	Peak		
Sweep time:	2 sec.		
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz		
Span:	100 MHz Steps		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Measurement:

Limits:

FCC
Spurious Emissions Radiated
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)
-13 dBm



Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the LTE band 7. It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the LTE band 7 into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.

The plots show only the middle channel with 10 MHz bandwith and full resource blocks. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel and all supported channel bandwidths were checked, too.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.



<u>QPSK</u>

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)						
LOWEST CHANNEL MIDDLE C			HANNEL	HIGHEST C	GHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	
5010.0	-	5070.0	-	5130.0	-	
7515.0	-	7605.0	-	7695.0	-	
10020.0	-	10140.0	-	10260.0	-	
12525.0	-	12675.0	-	12825.0	-	
15030.0	-	15210.0	-	15390.0	-	
17535.0	-	17745.0	-	17955.0	-	
20040.0	-	20280.0	-	20520.0	-	
22545.0	-	22815.0	-	23085.0	-	
25050.0	-	25350.0	-	25650.0	-	
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB			

<u>16-QAM</u>

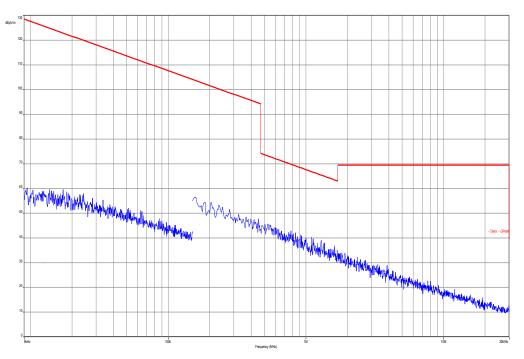
	SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)				
LOWEST CHANNEL MIDDLE C		HANNEL	HIGHEST CHANNEL		
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5010.0	-	5070.0	-	5130.0	-
7515.0	-	7605.0	-	7695.0	-
10020.0	-	10140.0	-	10260.0	-
12525.0	-	12675.0	-	12825.0	-
15030.0	-	15210.0	-	15390.0	-
17535.0	-	17745.0	-	17955.0	-
20040.0	-	20280.0	-	20520.0	-
22545.0	-	22815.0	-	23085.0	-
25050.0	-	25350.0	-	25650.0	-
Mea	surement uncerta	ainty		± 3dB	

<u>Result:</u> Passed

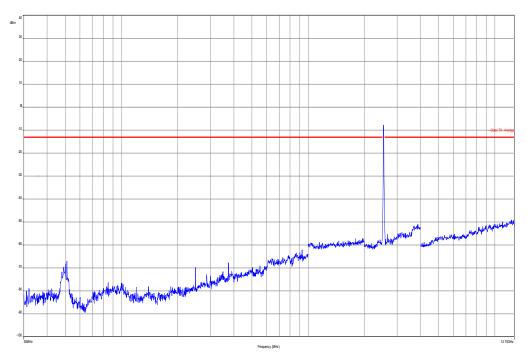


QPSK with 10 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: Middle channel, up to 30 MHz

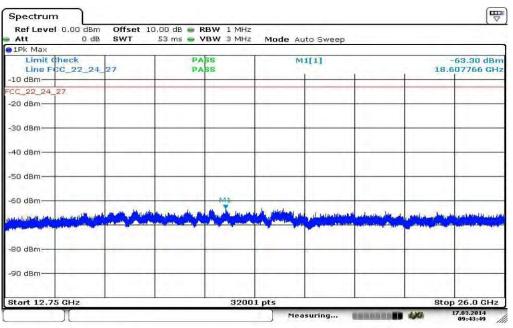


Plot 2: Middle channel, 30 MHz to 12.75 GHz

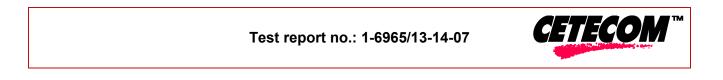




Plot 3: Middle channel, 12 GHz to 26 GHz

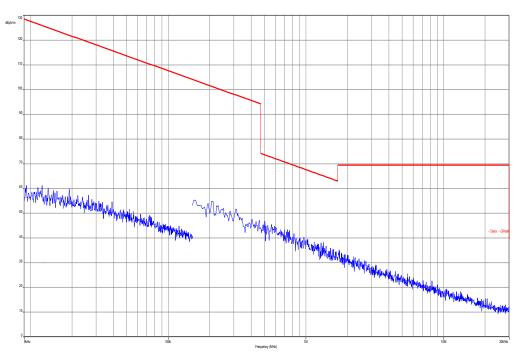


Dato: 17.MAR.2014 09:43:48

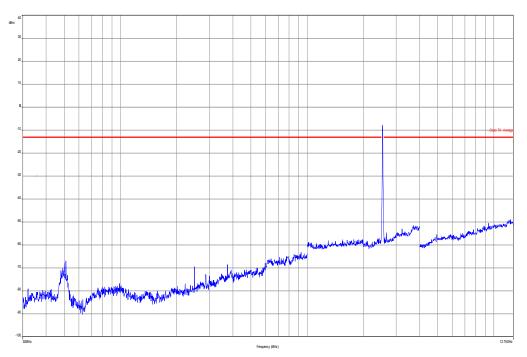


16-QAM with 10 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 4: Middle channel, up to 30 MHz

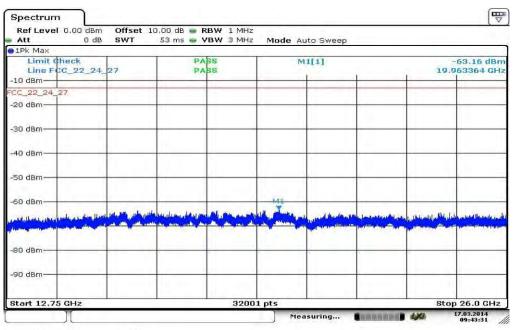


Plot 5: Middle channel, 30 MHz to 12.75 GHz





Plot 6: Middle channel, 12 GHz to 26 GHz



Date: 17.MAR.2014 09:43:30



8.4.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station. 1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. 2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

For the measurement the lowest, middle and highest channel bandwidth was used. If spurious were found the other bandwidths were measured, too.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters				
Detector:	Peak			
Sweep time:	Auto			
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz			
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz			
Span:	10 MHz – 26 GHz			
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold			

Limits:

FCC	
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	



Results: for 5 MHz channel bandwidth

<u>QPSK</u>

	SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST C	LOWEST CHANNEL MIDDLE C		HANNEL	HIGHEST C	GHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	
5005.0	-	5070.0	-	5135.0	-	
7507.5	-	7605.0	-	7702.5	-	
10010.0	-	10140.0	-	10270.0	-	
12512.5	-	12675.0	-	12837.5	-	
15015.0	-	15210.0	-	15405.0	-	
17517.5	-	17745.0	-	17972.5	-	
20020.0	-	20280.0	-	20540.0	-	
22522.5	-	22815.0	-	23107.5	-	
25025.0	-	25350.0	-	25675.0	-	
Mea	Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

<u> 16-QAM</u>

	SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)				
LOWEST C	LOWEST CHANNEL MIDDLE CH		HANNEL HIGHEST CHA		HANNEL
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5005.0	-	5070.0	-	5135.0	-
7507.5	-	7605.0	-	7702.5	-
10010.0	-	10140.0	-	10270.0	-
12512.5	-	12675.0	-	12837.5	-
15015.0	-	15210.0	-	15405.0	-
17517.5	-	17745.0	-	17972.5	-
20020.0	-	20280.0	-	20540.0	-
22522.5	-	22815.0	-	23107.5	-
25025.0	-	25350.0	-	25675.0	-
Меа	surement uncerta	ainty		± 3dB	



Results: for 10 MHz channel bandwidth

<u>QPSK</u>

	SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST C	LOWEST CHANNEL MIDDLE C		HANNEL	HIGHEST C	GHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	
5130.0	-	5070.0	-	5125.0	-	
7695.0	-	7605.0	-	7687.5	-	
10260.0	-	10140.0	-	10250.0	-	
12825.0	-	12675.0	-	12812.5	-	
15390.0	-	15210.0	-	15375.0	-	
17955.0	-	17745.0	-	17937.5	-	
20520.0	-	20280.0	-	20500.0	-	
23085.0	-	22815.0	-	23062.5	-	
25650.0	-	25350.0	-	25625.0	-	
Mea	surement uncerta	ainty		± 3dB		

<u> 16-QAM</u>

	SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)				
LOWEST C	LOWEST CHANNEL MIDDLE C		HANNEL	HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5130.0	-	5070.0	-	5125.0	-
7695.0	-	7605.0	-	7687.5	-
10260.0	-	10140.0	-	10250.0	-
12825.0	-	12675.0	-	12812.5	-
15390.0	-	15210.0	-	15375.0	-
17955.0	-	17745.0	-	17937.5	-
20520.0	-	20280.0	-	20500.0	-
23085.0	-	22815.0	-	23062.5	-
25650.0	-	25350.0	-	25625.0	-
Mea	Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB	



Results: for 15 MHz channel bandwidth

<u>QPSK</u>

	SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)				
LOWEST C	HANNEL	MIDDLE C	HANNEL	HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5015.0	-	5070.0	-	5125.0	-
7522.5	-	7605.0	-	7687.5	-
10030.0	-	10140.0	-	10250.0	-
12537.5	-	12675.0	-	12812.5	-
15045.0	-	15210.0	-	15375.0	-
17552.5	-	17745.0	-	17937.5	-
20060.0	-	20280.0	-	20500.0	-
22567.5	-	22815.0	-	23062.5	-
25075.0	-	25350.0	-	25625.0	-
Mea	surement uncerta	ainty		± 3dB	

<u> 16-QAM</u>

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST C	HANNEL	MIDDLE C	HANNEL	HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5015.0	-	5070.0	-	5125.0	-
7522.5	-	7605.0	-	7687.5	-
10030.0	-	10140.0	-	10250.0	-
12537.5	-	12675.0	-	12812.5	-
15045.0	-	15210.0	-	15375.0	-
17552.5	-	17745.0	-	17937.5	-
20060.0	-	20280.0	-	20500.0	-
22567.5	-	22815.0	-	23062.5	-
25075.0	-	25350.0	-	25625.0	-
Mea	Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB	



Results: for 20 MHz channel bandwidth

<u>QPSK</u>

	SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)				
LOWEST C	LOWEST CHANNEL MIDDLE C		HANNEL	HIGHEST CHANNEL	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5020.0	-	5070.0	-	5120.0	-
7530.0	-	7605.0	-	7680.0	-
10040.0	-	10140.0	-	10240.0	-
12550.0	-	12675.0	-	12800.0	-
15060.0	-	15210.0	-	15360.0	-
17570.0	-	17745.0	-	17920.0	-
20080.0	-	20280.0	-	20480.0	-
22590.0	-	22815.0	-	23040.0	-
25100.0	-	25350.0	-	25600.0	-
Mea	Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB	

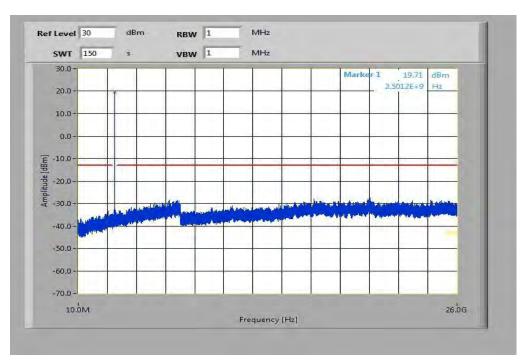
<u> 16-QAM</u>

	SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)				
LOWEST C	HANNEL	MIDDLE C	HANNEL	HIGHEST C	HANNEL
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5020.0	-	5070.0	-	5120.0	-
7530.0	-	7605.0	-	7680.0	-
10040.0	-	10140.0	-	10240.0	-
12550.0	-	12675.0	-	12800.0	-
15060.0	-	15210.0	-	15360.0	-
17570.0	-	17745.0	-	17920.0	-
20080.0	-	20280.0	-	20480.0	-
22590.0	-	22815.0	-	23040.0	-
25100.0	-	25350.0	-	25600.0	-
Меа	surement uncerta	ainty		± 3dB	

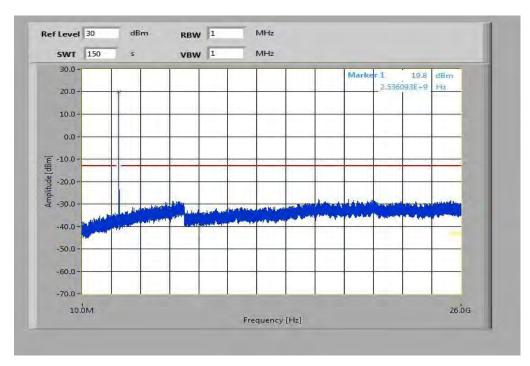


Plots for 5 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK

Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

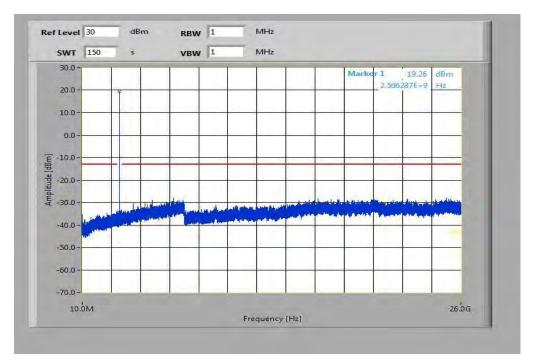


Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





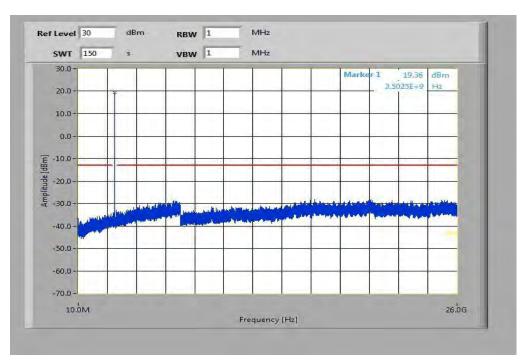
Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz



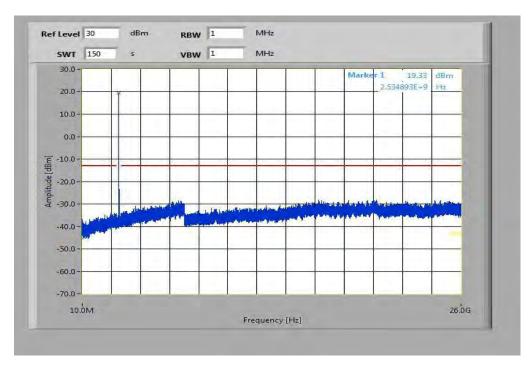


Plots for 5 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM

Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

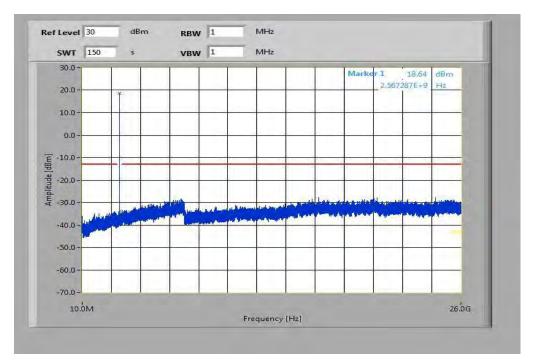


Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





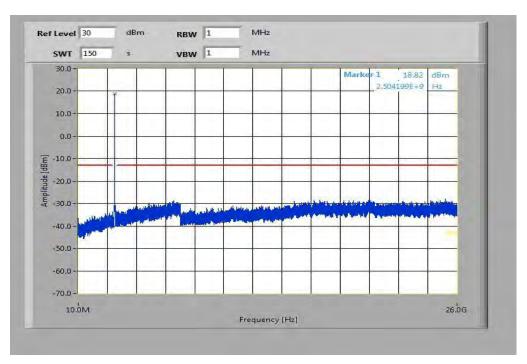
Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz



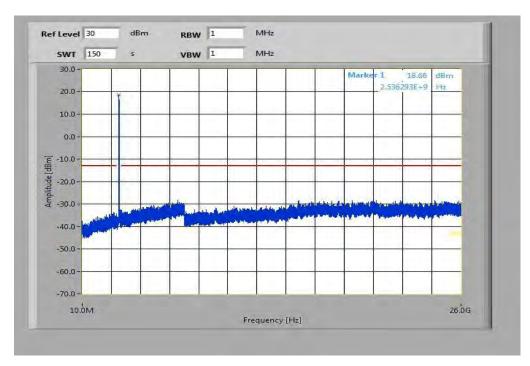


Plots for 10 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK

Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

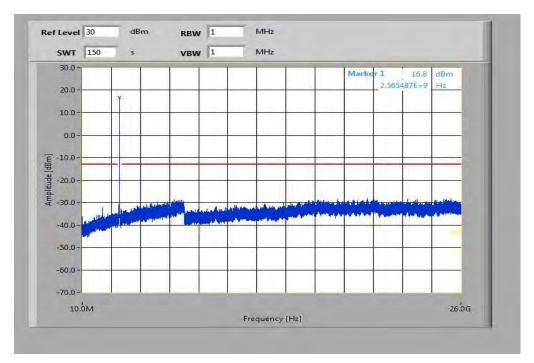


Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





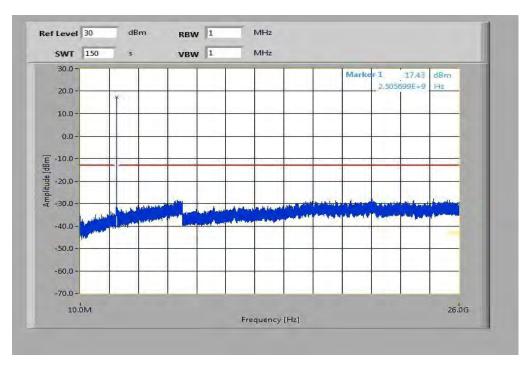
Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz



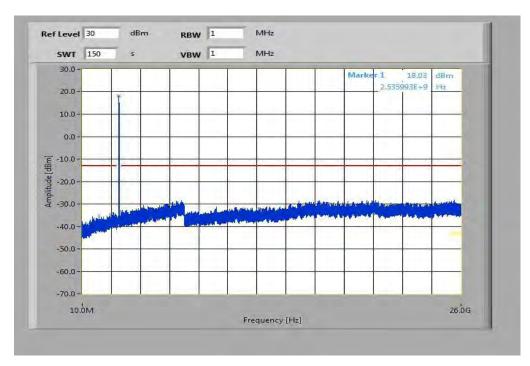


Plots for 10 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM

Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

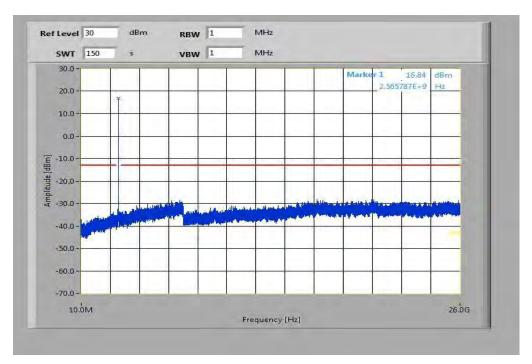


Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





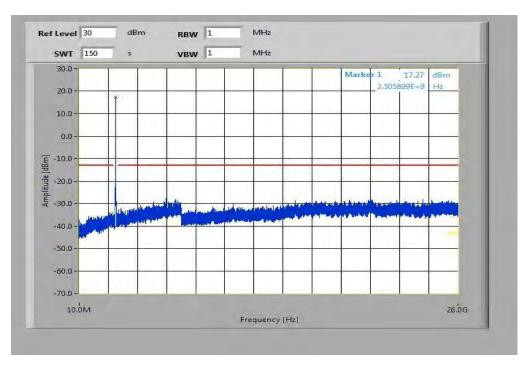
Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz



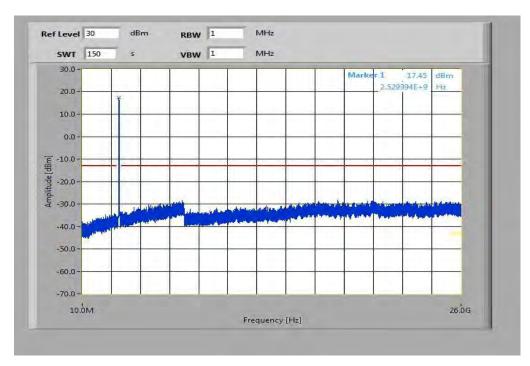


Plots for 15 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK

Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

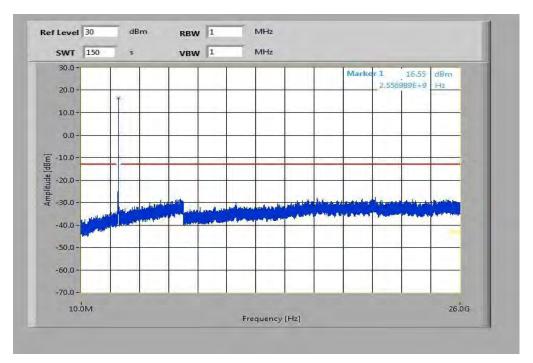


Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





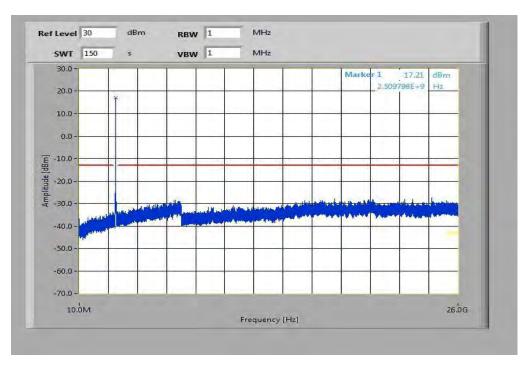
Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz



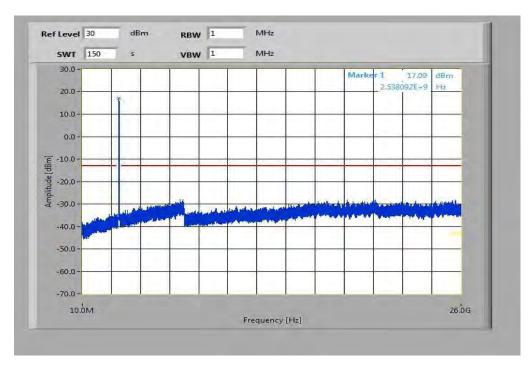


Plots for 15 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM

Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

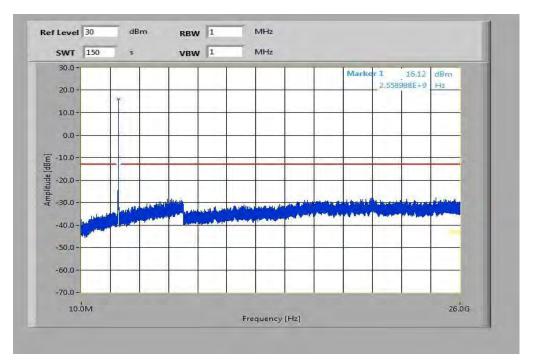


Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





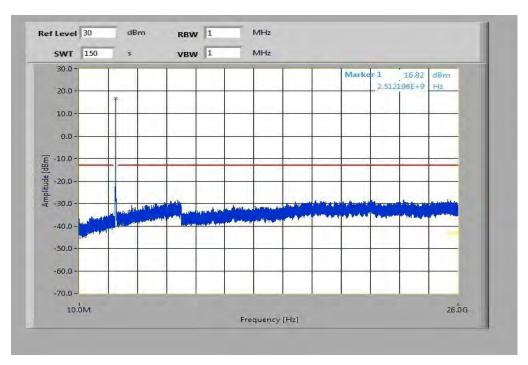
Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz



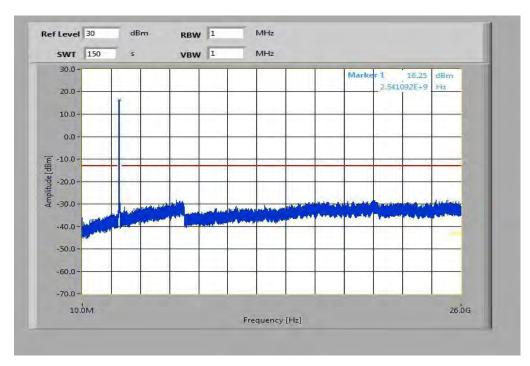


Plots for 20 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK

Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

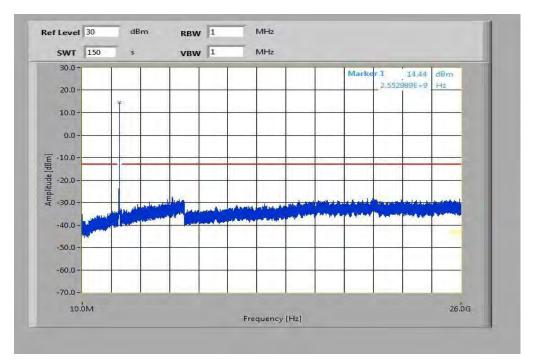


Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





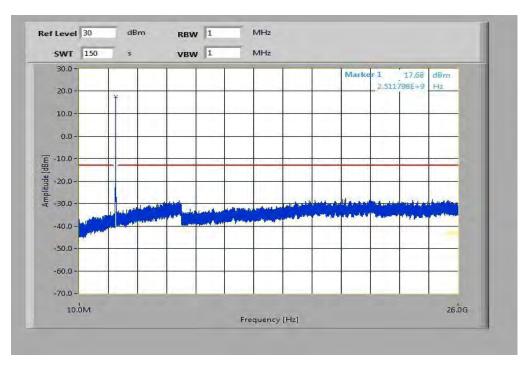
Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz



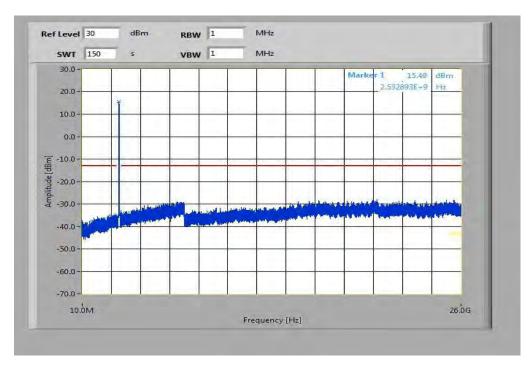


Plots for 20 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM

Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

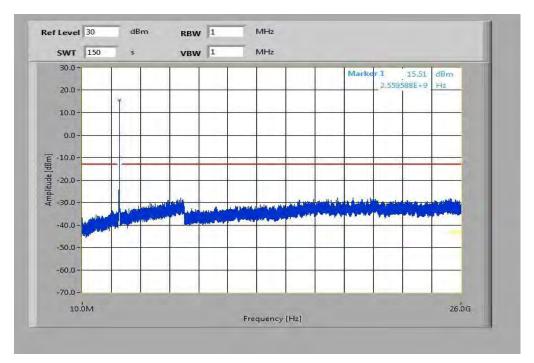


Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





8.4.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

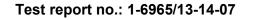
For the measurement the lowest, middle and highest channel bandwidth was used. If spurious were found the other bandwidths were measured, too.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	RMS		
Sweep time:	20 sec.		
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz		
Span:	1 MHz		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

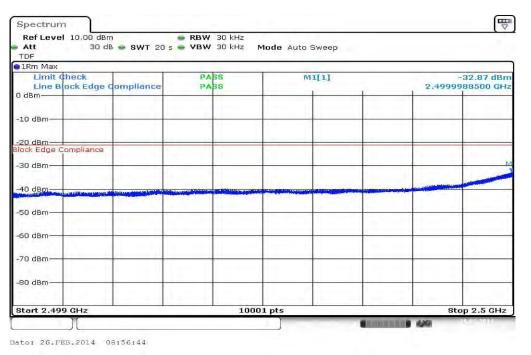
FCC
Block Edge Compliance
Part 27.53 specifies that "the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB."
However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used:
"An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of 10 Log (RBW1/ RBW2) to the 43 +10 log(P) limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz."
When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -8.239 adjustment to the limit [10 log(30kHz/50kHz) = -8.239]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -21.24.
-21.24 dBm



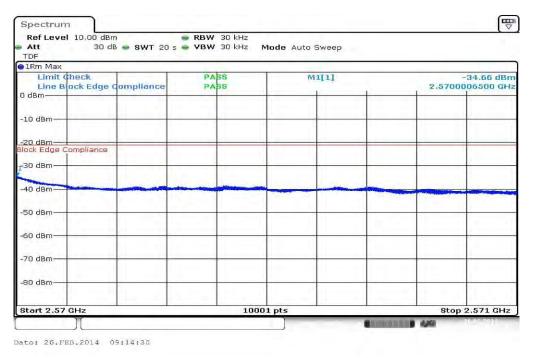


Results: 5 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation

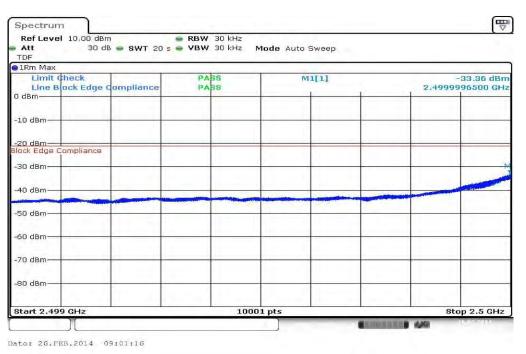


Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation

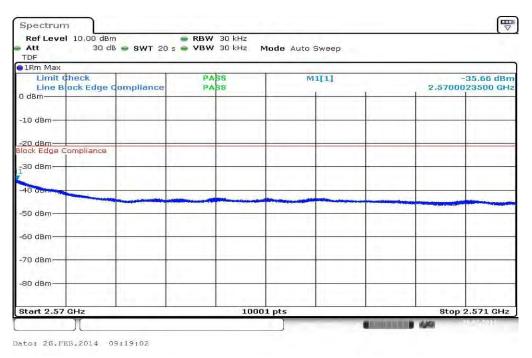


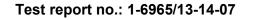


Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 - QAM modulation



Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 - QAM modulation

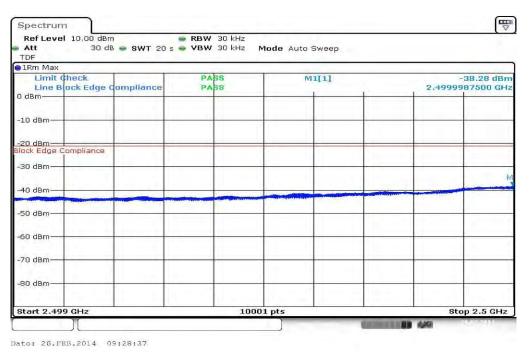




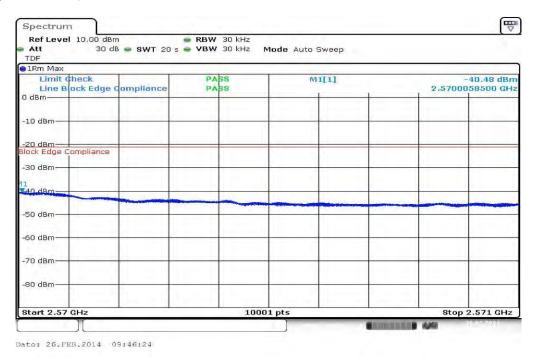


Results: 10 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation

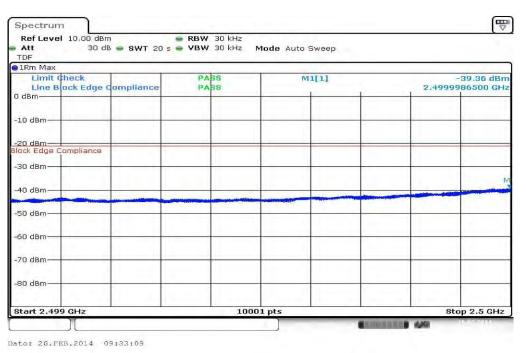


Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation

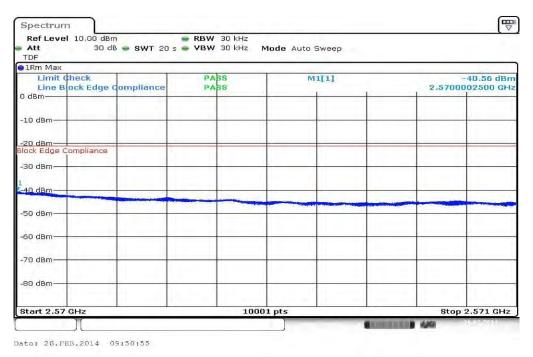


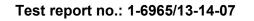


Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 - QAM modulation



Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 – QAM modulation

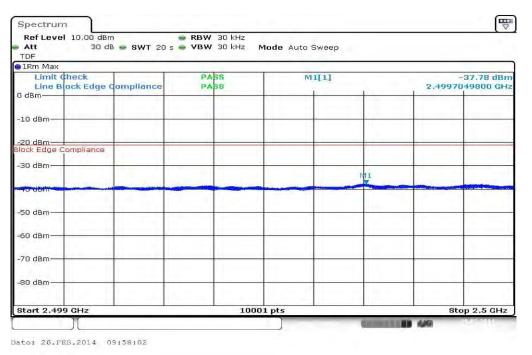




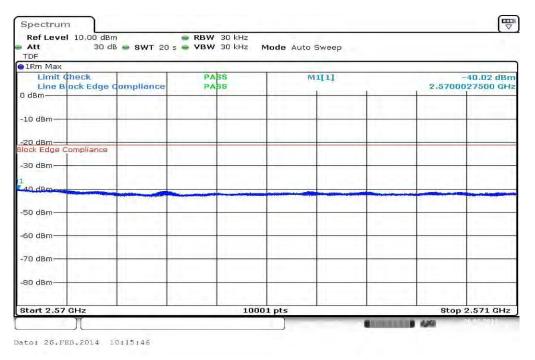


Results: 15 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation

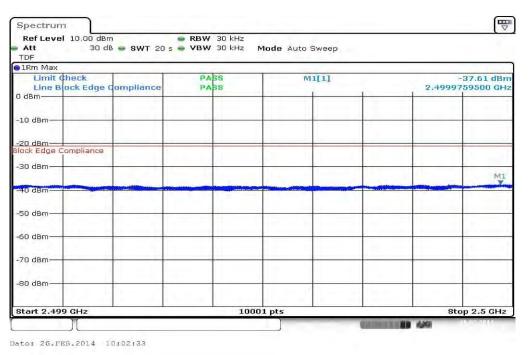


Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation

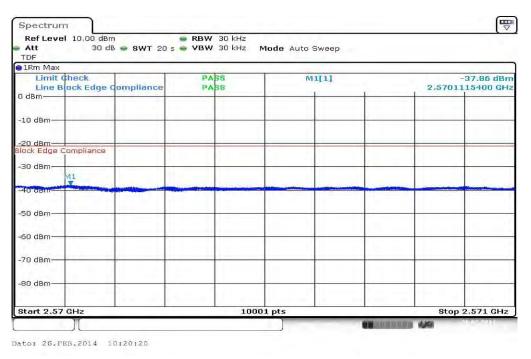


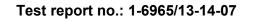


Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 - QAM modulation



Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 - QAM modulation

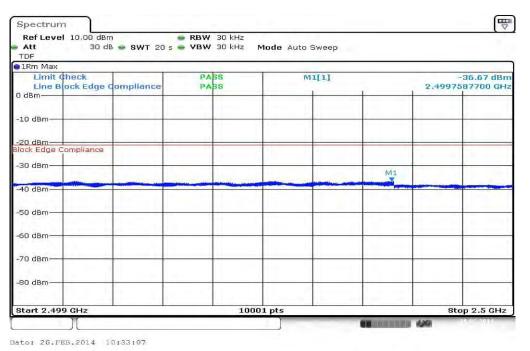






Results: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation

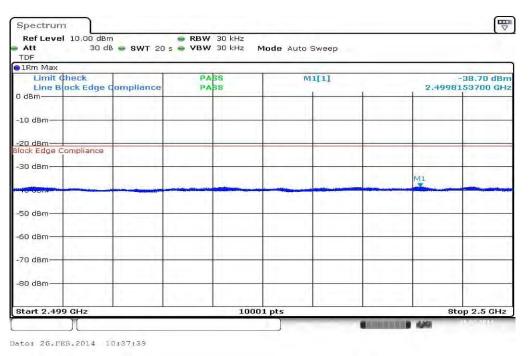


Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation

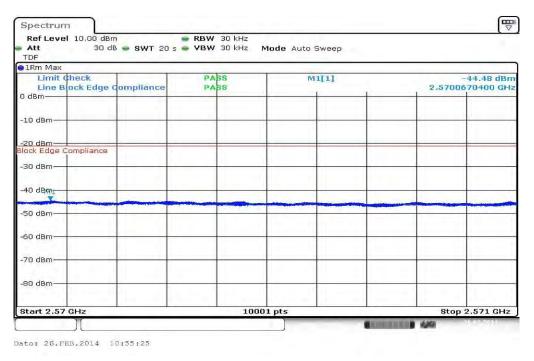




Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 - QAM modulation



Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 - QAM modulation



Result: Passed



8.4.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the mid frequencies of the LTE band 7. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 27.53 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth.

Measurement parameters			
Detector: Peak			
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth		
Resolution bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth		
Span:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

	FCC	
	Occupied Bandwidth	
I	Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	



<u>Results:</u>

Occupied Bandwidth - QPSK					
Bandwidth [MHz] 99% OBW (kHz) -26 dBc BW (kHz)					
5	4502	4991			
10	9065	10169			
15	13436 14720				
20	17946 19658				
Measurement uncertainty	\pm 100 kHz to \pm 500 kHz depending on channel bandwidth				

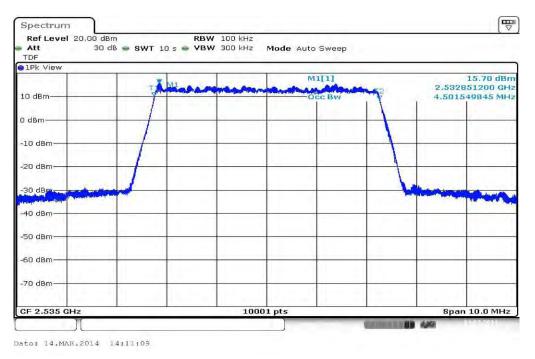
Occupied Bandwidth – 16-QAM				
Bandwidth [MHz] 99% OBW (kHz) -26 dBc BW (kHz)				
5	4519	5042		
10	9067	10083		
15	13442	14723		
20	17966	19738		
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz to ± 500 kHz depending on channel bandwidth			

Result: Passed

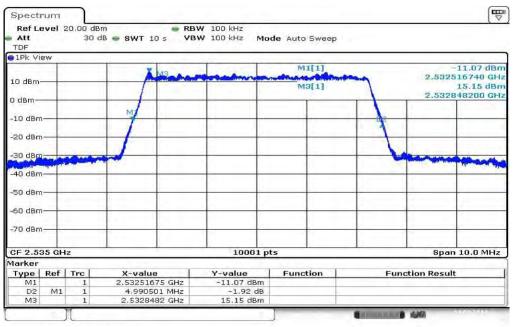


Plots: QPSK

Plot 1: 5 MHz, 99% OBW



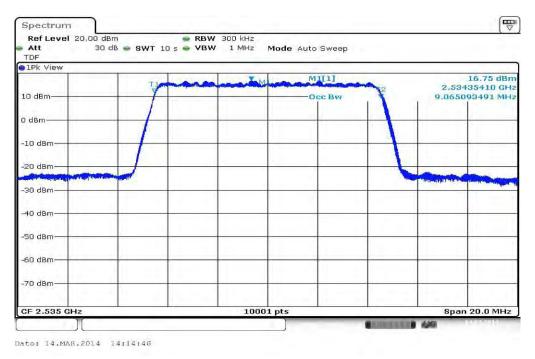
Plot 2: 5 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



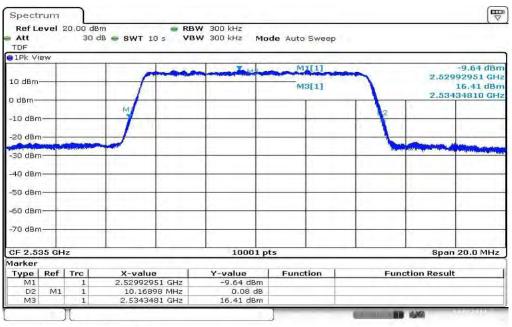
Date: 14.MAR.2014 14:11:42



Plot 3: 10 MHz, 99% OBW



Plot 4: 10 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



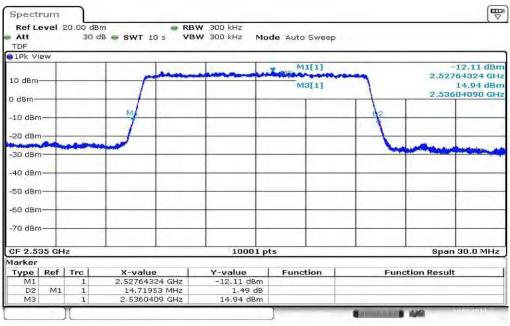
Date: 14.MAR.2014 14:15:19



Plot 5: 15 MHz, 99% OBW



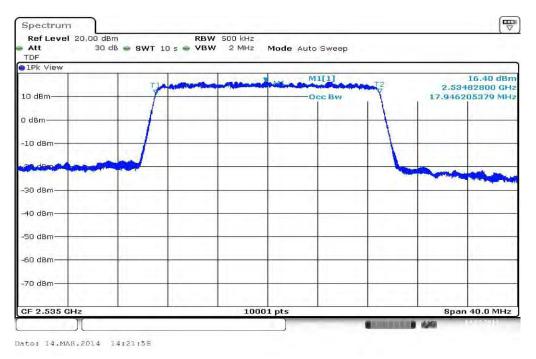
Plot 6: 15 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



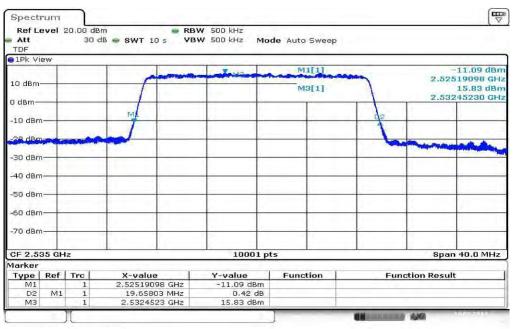
Date: 14.MAR.2014 14:18:55



Plot 7: 20 MHz, 99% OBW



Plot 8: 20 MHz, -26 dBc OBW

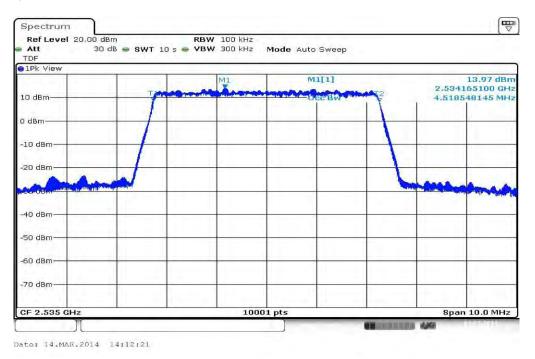


Date: 14.MAR.2014 14:22:31

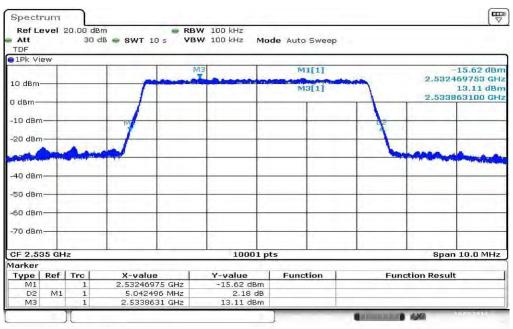


Plots: 16-QAM

Plot 1: 5 MHz, 99% OBW



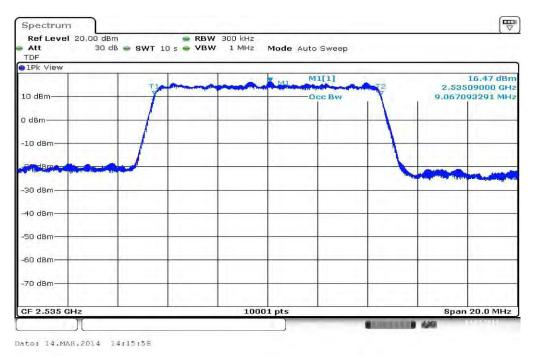
Plot 2: 5 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



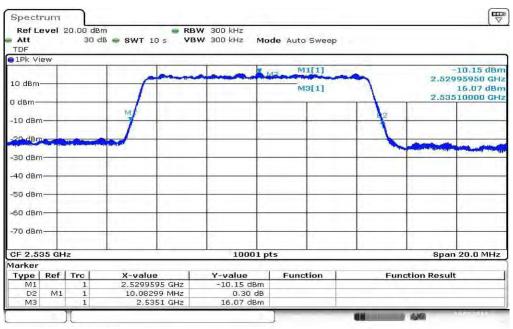
Date: 14.MAR.2014 14:12:54



Plot 3: 10 MHz, 99% OBW



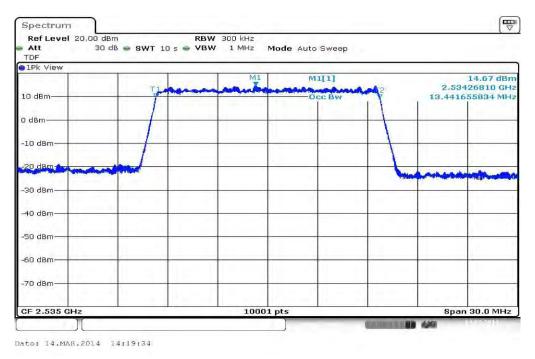
Plot 4: 10 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



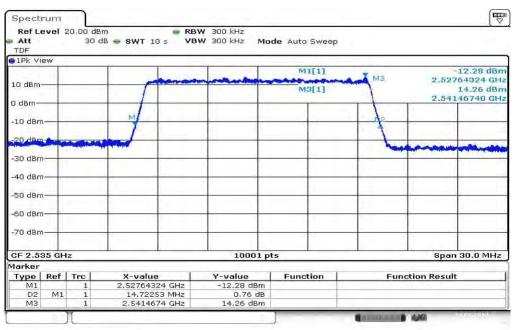
Date: 14.MAR.2014 14:16:31



Plot 5: 15 MHz, 99% OBW



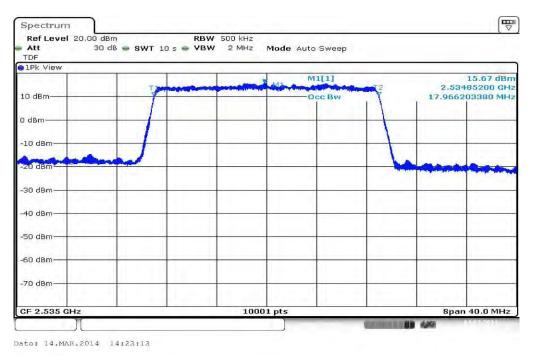
Plot 6: 15 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



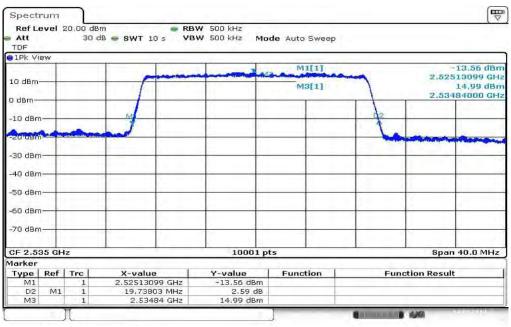
Date: 14.MAR.2014 14:20:07



Plot 7: 20 MHz, 99% OBW



Plot 8: 20 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



Date: 14.MAR.2014 14:23:46



8.5 Results LTE – Band 13

The EUT was set to transmit the maximum power.

8.5.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters			
Detector: Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)			
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth		
Resolution bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth		
Span:	Zero Span		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

FCC	
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+33.00 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of th transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	ıe



Results:

Output Power (conducted)						
Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Resource block allocation	Average Output Power (dBm) QPSK	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)	Average Output Power (dBm) 16-QAM	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)
		1 RB low	22.7	4.7	21.7	5.5
	779.5	1 RB high	22.8	4.6	21.7	5.4
	119.5	50% RB mid	21.4	5.1	20.5	6.0
		100% RB	21.5	5.6	20.6	6.7
		1 RB low	22.4	5.1	21.8	4.8
5	782	1 RB high	22.7	4.8	22.1	4.5
5	102	50% RB mid	21.7	5.9	20.7	5.0
		100% RB	21.7	6.4	20.7	5.5
		1 RB low	22.8	4.6	21.5	5.5
	784.5	1 RB high	22.8	4.6	21.5	5.5
	704.5	50% RB mid	21.7	4.8	20.8	5.7
	-	100% RB	21.7	5.5	20.8	6.5
		1 RB low	22.8	4.7	21.5	5.8
10	782.0	1 RB high	22.9	4.5	21.6	5.5
10	/02.0	50% RB mid	21.7	5.1	20.8	5.9
		100% RB	21.6	6.0	20.7	7.0
Measurement uncertainty				± 0.	5 dB	

The output power radiated is measured with the mode wich have the highest conducted output power.

Output Power (radiated)				
Bandwidth (MHz) Frequency (MHz) Average Output Power (dBm) Average Output Power QPSK 16-QAM				
	779.5	21.0	19.9	
5	782.0	21.2	20.6	
	784.5	21.7	20.4	
10	782.0	21.4	20.1	
Measurement uncertainty		± 3.0 dB		

Result: Passed



8.5.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMW500 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.

2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.

3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom} , connected to the CMW500 and in a simulated call on channel 1412 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.

4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.

5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom} . Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max} , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.

6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to $+/- 0.5^{\circ}$ C during the measurement procedure.

This measurement was performed with the highest channel bandwidth supported from the EUT on the middle channel

Measurement:

Measurement parameters			
Detector:			
Sweep time:			
Video bandwidth:	Measured with CMW500		
Resolution bandwidth:	Measured with Civiv 500		
Span:	1		
Trace-Mode:			

Limits:

FCC	
Frequency Stability	
< 2.5 ppm	



<u>Results:</u>

FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	10	0.00000128	0.0128
3.4	-10	-0.00000128	-0.0128
3.5	-5	-0.0000064	-0.0064
3.6	1	0.0000013	0.0013
3.7	3	0.0000038	0.0038
3.8	-8	-0.00000102	-0.0102
3.9	7	0.0000090	0.0090
4.0	-3	-0.0000038	-0.0038
4.1	-4	-0.00000051	-0.0051
4.2	-5	-0.0000064	-0.0064
4.3	8	0.00000102	0.0102
4.4	3	0.0000038	0.0038

FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-2	-0.0000026	-0.0026
-20	-7	-0.0000090	-0.0090
-10	-3	-0.0000038	-0.0038
± 0	-7	-0.0000090	-0.0090
10	2	0.0000026	0.0026
20	7	0.0000090	0.0090
30	-10	-0.00000128	-0.0128
40	-5	-0.0000064	-0.0064
50	-3	-0.0000038	-0.0038
60	5	0.0000064	0.0064

<u>Result:</u> Passed



8.5.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 784.5 MHz. Measurement made up to 12.75 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 27.53. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the LTE band 13.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.

b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).

c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.

d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.

e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

Measurement parameters				
Detector:	Peak			
Sweep time:	2 s			
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz			
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz			
Span:	100 MHz Steps			
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold			

Measurement:

Limits:

FCC
Spurious Emissions Radiated
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)
-13 dBm



Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the LTE band 13 (779.5 MHz, 782.0 MHz and 784.5 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the LTE band 13 into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.

The plots show only the middle channel 10 MHz bandwith and full resource blocks. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel and all supported channel bandwidths were checked, too.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.



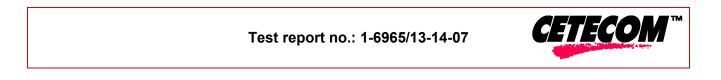
<u>QPSK</u>

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL MIDDLE CI		HANNEL	HIGHEST CHANNEL		
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
1564.0	-	1564.0	-	1564.0	-
2346.0	-	2346.0	-	2346.0	-
3128.0	-	3128.0	-	3128.0	-
3910.0	-	3910.0	-	3910.0	-
4692.0	-	4692.0	-	4692.0	-
5474.0	-	5474.0	-	5474.0	-
6256.0	-	6256.0	-	6256.0	-
7038.0	-	7038.0	-	7038.0	-
7820.0	-	7820.0	-	7820.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

<u>16-QAM</u>

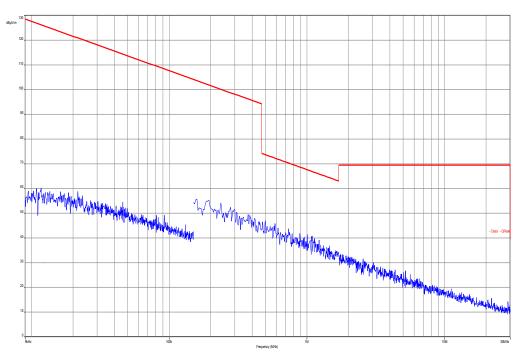
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL MIDDLE CI		HANNEL	HIGHEST CHANNEL		
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
1564.0	-	1564.0	-	1564.0	-
2346.0	-	2346.0	-	2346.0	-
3128.0	-	3128.0	-	3128.0	-
3910.0	-	3910.0	-	3910.0	-
4692.0	-	4692.0	-	4692.0	-
5474.0	-	5474.0	-	5474.0	-
6256.0	-	6256.0	-	6256.0	-
7038.0	-	7038.0	-	7038.0	-
7820.0	-	7820.0	-	7820.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

Result: Passed

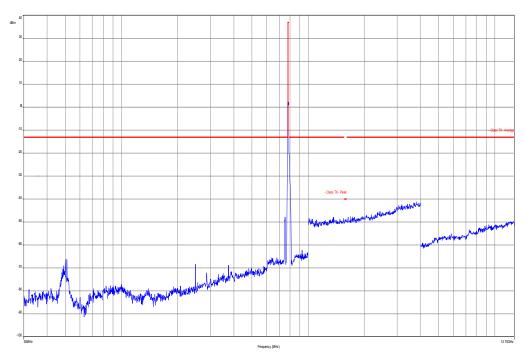


QPSK with 10 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: Middle channel, up to 30 MHz

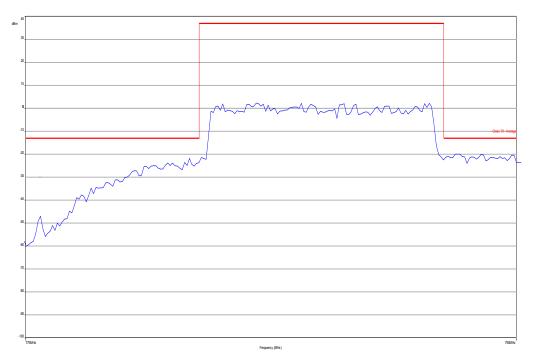


Plot 2: Middle channel, 30 MHz to 12.75 GHz

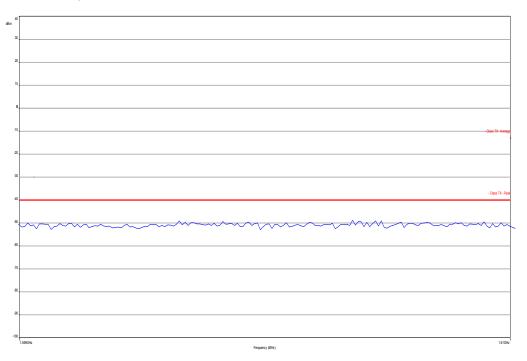


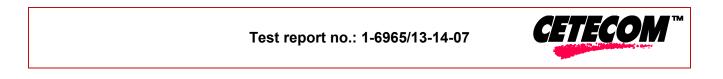


Plot 3: Middle channel, band zoom, Peak



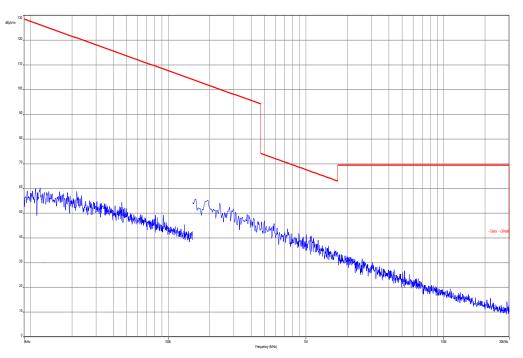
Plot 4: Middle channel, Special band: 1559 MHz to 1610 MHz



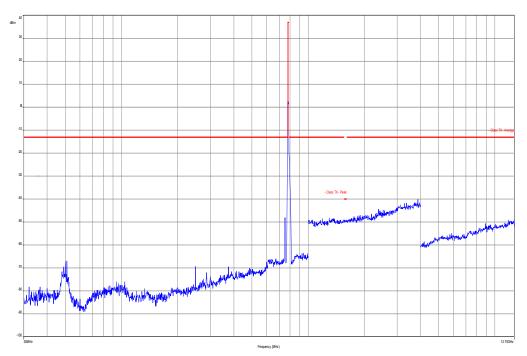


16-QAM with 10 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 5: Middle channel, up to 30 MHz

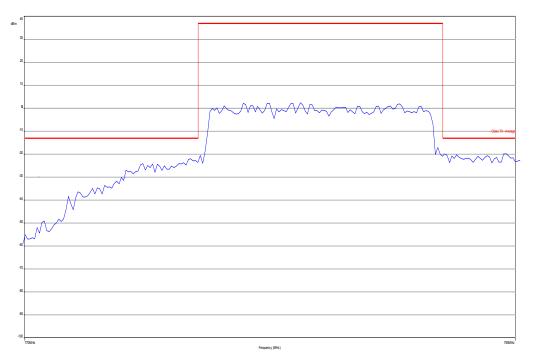


Plot 6: Middle channel, 30 MHz to 12.75 GHz

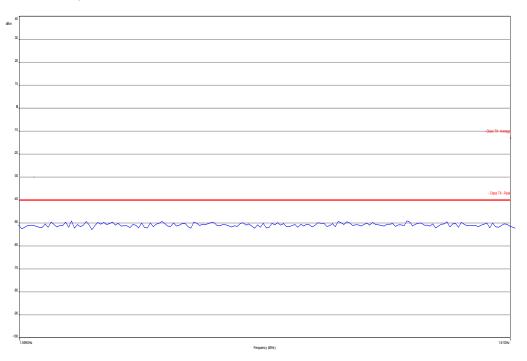




Plot 7: Middle channel, band zoom, Peak



Plot 8: Middle channel, Special band: 1559 MHz to 1610 MHz





8.5.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station. 1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested data taken from 10 MHz to 26 GHz.

2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters					
Detector:	Peak				
Sweep time:	Auto				
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz				
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz				
Span:	10 MHz – 12 GHz				
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold				

Limits:

FCC
Spurious Emissions Conducted
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)
-13 dBm



Results: for 5 MHz channel bandwidth

<u>QPSK</u>

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL MIDDLE CI		HANNEL	HIGHEST CHANNEL		
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
1559.0	-	1564.0	-	1569.0	-
2338.5	-	2346.0	-	2353.5	-
3118.0	-	3128.0	-	3138.0	-
3897.5	-	3910.0	-	3922.5	-
4677.0	-	4692.0	-	4707.0	-
5456.5	-	5474.0	-	5491.5	-
6236.0	-	6256.0	-	6276.0	-
7015.5	-	7038.0	-	7060.5	-
7795.0	-	7820.0	-	7845.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

<u> 16-QAM</u>

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL MIDDLE CI		HANNEL	HIGHEST CHANNEL		
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
1559.0	-	1564.0	-	1569.0	-
2338.5	-	2346.0	-	2353.5	-
3118.0	-	3128.0	-	3138.0	-
3897.5	-	3910.0	-	3922.5	-
4677.0	-	4692.0	-	4707.0	-
5456.5	-	5474.0	-	5491.5	-
6236.0	-	6256.0	-	6276.0	-
7015.5	-	7038.0	-	7060.5	-
7795.0	-	7820.0	-	7845.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

Result: Passed



Results: for 10 MHz channel bandwidth

<u>QPSK</u>

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL MIDDLE CI		HANNEL	HIGHEST CHANNEL		
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
1564.0	-	1564.0	-	1564.0	-
2346.0	-	2346.0	-	2346.0	-
3128.0	-	3128.0	-	3128.0	-
3910.0	-	3910.0	-	3910.0	-
4692.0	-	4692.0	-	4692.0	-
5474.0	-	5474.0	-	5474.0	-
6256.0	-	6256.0	-	6256.0	-
7038.0	-	7038.0	-	7038.0	-
7820.0	-	7820.0	-	7820.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

<u> 16-QAM</u>

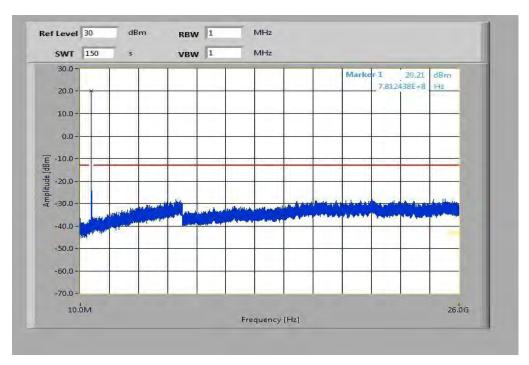
SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)					
LOWEST CHANNEL MIDDLE CI		HANNEL	HIGHEST CHANNEL		
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
1564.0	-	1564.0	-	1564.0	-
2346.0	-	2346.0	-	2346.0	-
3128.0	-	3128.0	-	3128.0	-
3910.0	-	3910.0	-	3910.0	-
4692.0	-	4692.0	-	4692.0	-
5474.0	-	5474.0	-	5474.0	-
6256.0	-	6256.0	-	6256.0	-
7038.0	-	7038.0	-	7038.0	-
7820.0	-	7820.0	-	7820.0	-
Measurement uncertainty				± 3dB	

Result: Passed

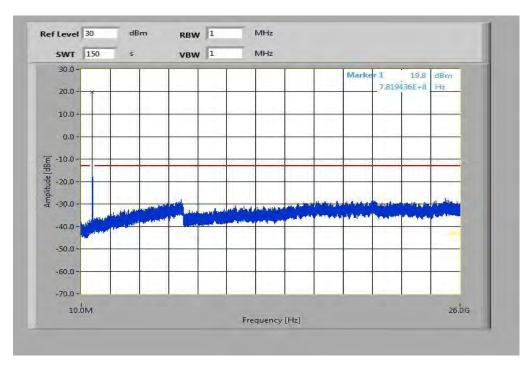


Plots for 5 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK

Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

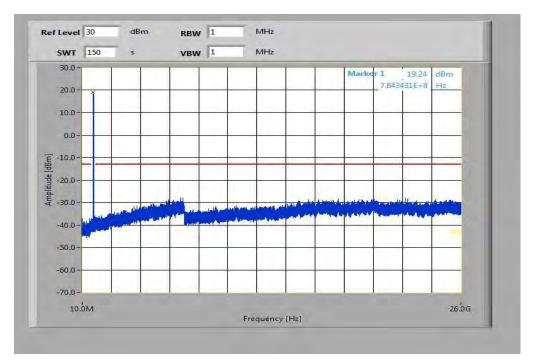


Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





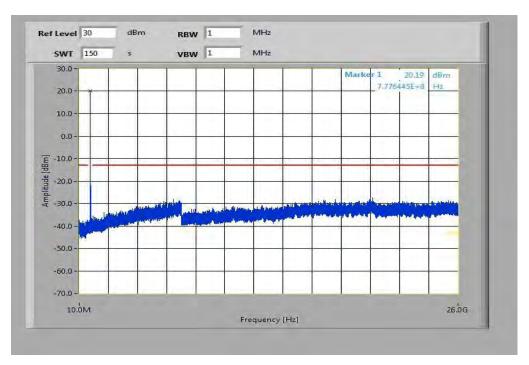
Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz



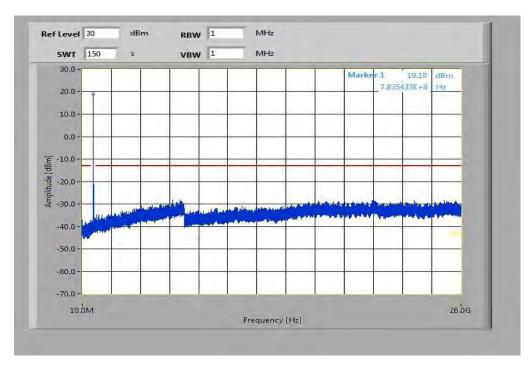


Plots for 5 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM

Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

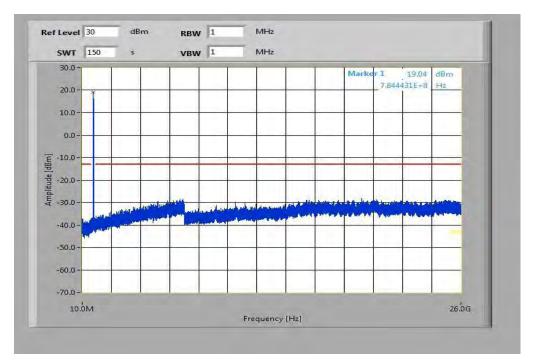


Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





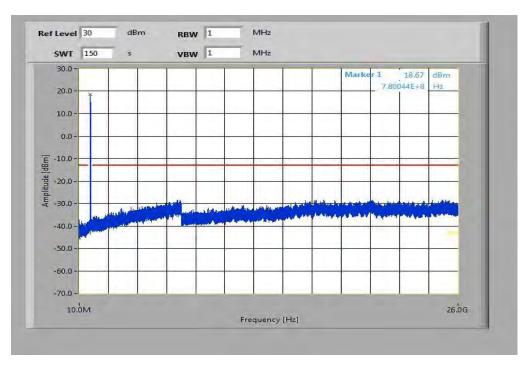
Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz



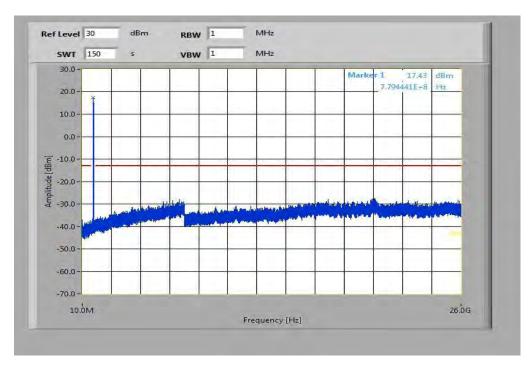


Plots for 10 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK

Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

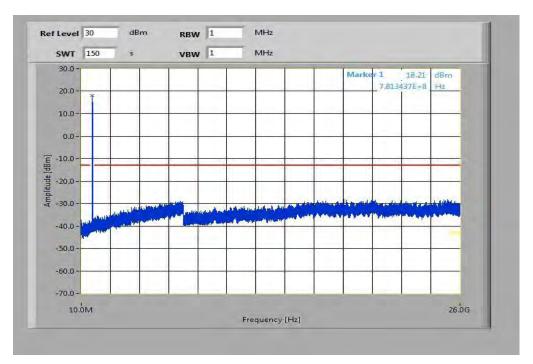


Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





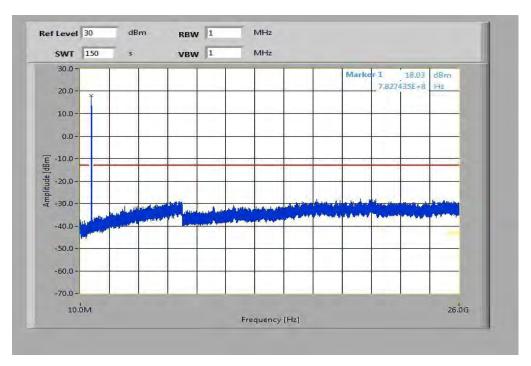
Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz



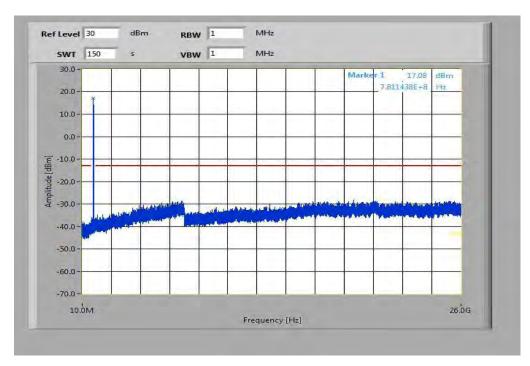


Plots for 10 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM

Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz

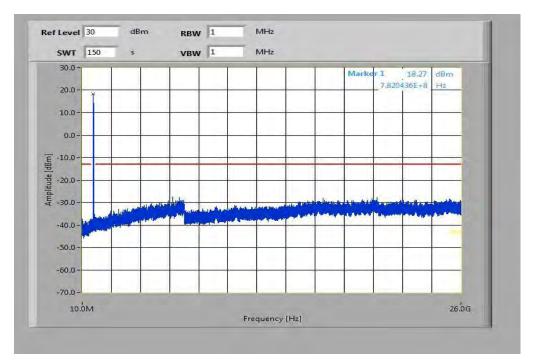


Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 26 GHz





8.5.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

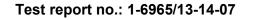
Measurement:

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	RMS		
Sweep time:	20 sec.		
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz		
Span:	1 MHz		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

FCC
Block Edge Compliance
Part 27.53 specifies that "the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB."
However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used:
"An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of 10 Log (RBW1/ RBW2) to the 43 +10 log(P) limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz."
When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -5.2288 adjustment to the limit [10 log(30kHz/100kHz) = -5.2288]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -18.2288.
-18.23 dBm

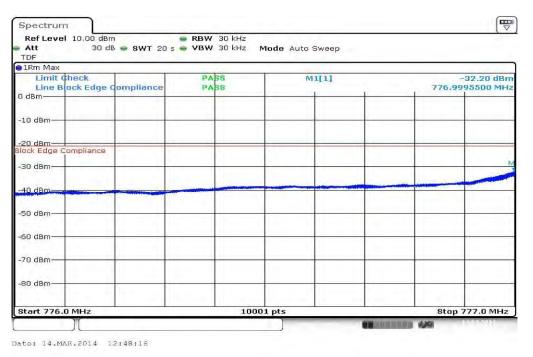
The limit line in the plots is the over all LTE bands and channel bandwidths worst case -21.24 dBm.



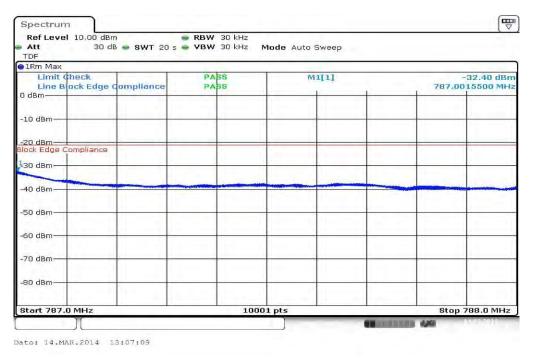


Results: 5 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation

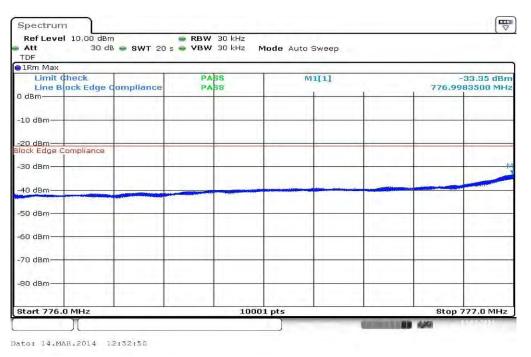


Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation

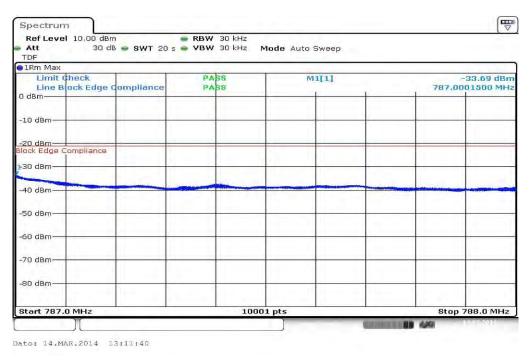


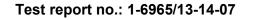


Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 - QAM modulation



Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 – QAM modulation

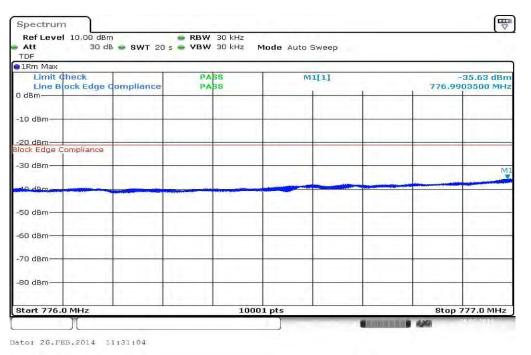




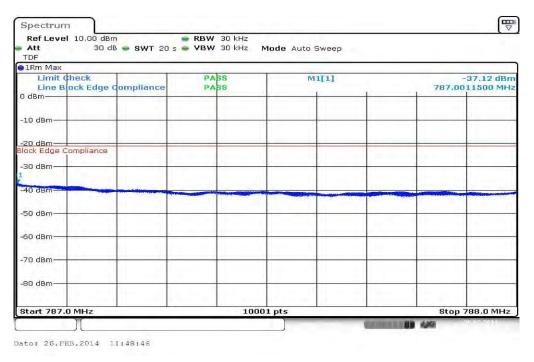


Results: 10 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation

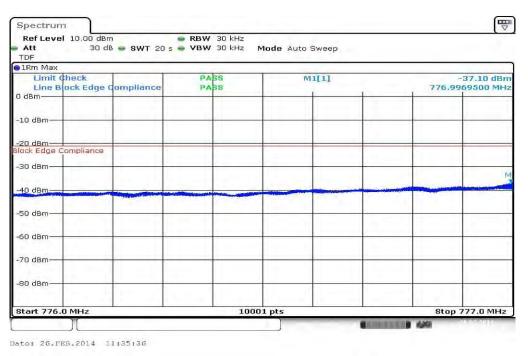


Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation

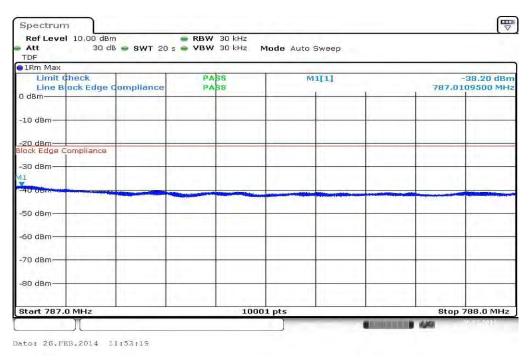




Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 - QAM modulation



Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 - QAM modulation



Result: Passed



8.5.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the mid frequencies of the LTE band 17 frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 27.53 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth.

Measurement parameters				
Detector:	Peak			
Sweep time:	Auto			
Video bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth			
Resolution bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth			
Span:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth			
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold			

Limits:

FCC

Occupied Bandwidth

Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band



<u>Results:</u>

Occupied Bandwidth - QPSK					
Bandwidth [MHz]99% OBW (kHz)-26 dBc BW (kHz)					
5	4500	4993			
10	9053	10165			
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz to ± 300 kHz depending on channel bandwidth				

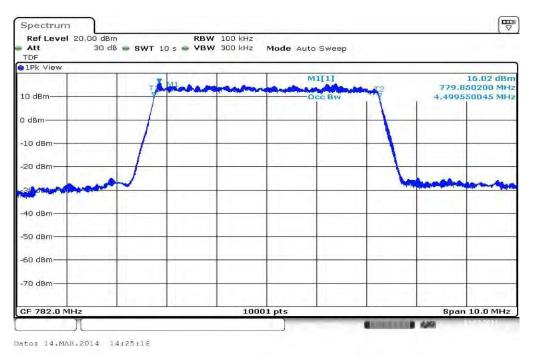
Occupied Bandwidth – 16-QAM					
Bandwidth [MHz]99% OBW (kHz)-26 dBc BW (kHz)					
5	4518	5026			
10	9047	10127			
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz to ± 300 kHz depending on channel bandwidth				

<u>Result:</u> Passed

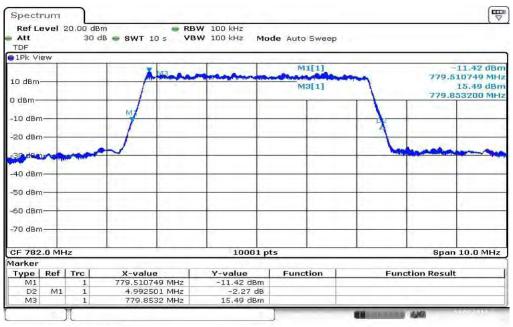


Plots: QPSK

Plot 1: 5 MHz, 99% OBW



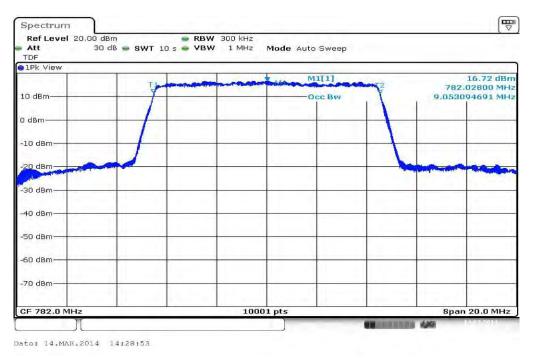
Plot 2: 5 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



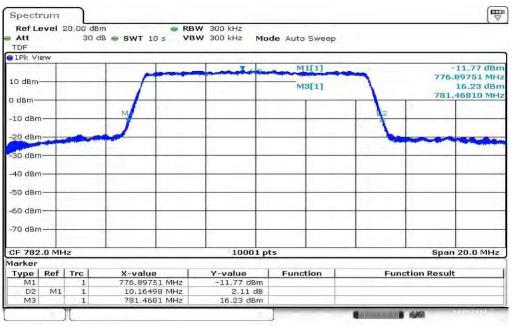
Date: 14.MAR.2014 14:25:51



Plot 3: 10 MHz, 99% OBW



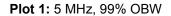
Plot 4: 10 MHz, -26 dBc OBW

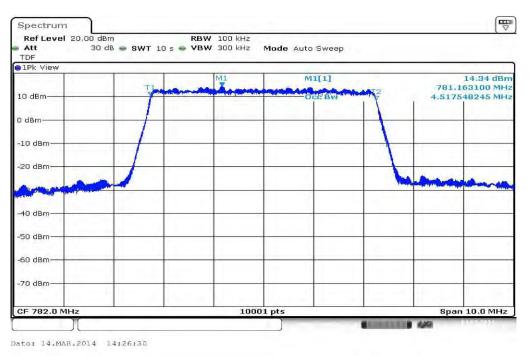


Date: 14.MAR.2014 14:29:26

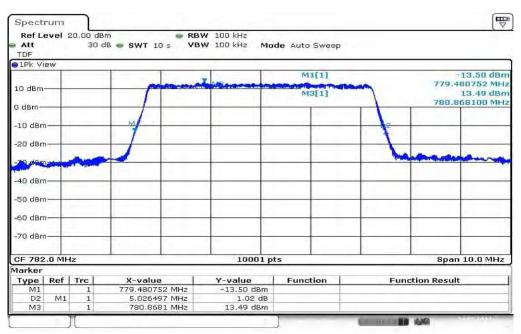


Plots: 16-QAM





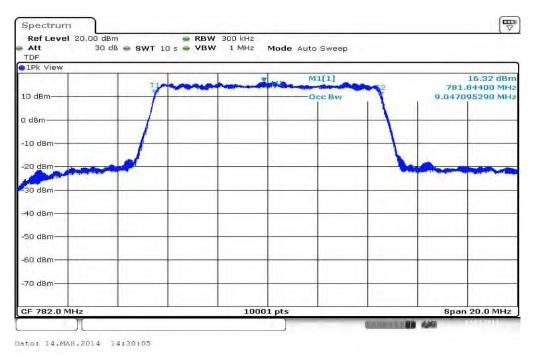
Plot 2: 5 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



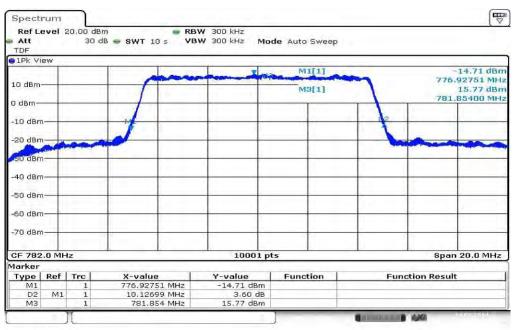
Date: 14.MAR.2014 14:27:03



Plot 3: 10 MHz, 99% OBW



Plot 4: 10 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



Date: 14.MAR.2014 14:30:38



9 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, rf-generating and signalling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufact.	Serial No.	ial No. INV. No Cetecom		Last Calibration	Next Calibration	
1	n.a.	Temperature Test Chamber	VT 4002	Heraeus Voetsch	521/84193	300003889	Ve	26.09.2013	26.09.2015	
2	n. a.	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	21.01.2014	21.01.2015	
3	n. a.	Power Supply 0-20V, 0-5A	6632B	Agilent Technologi es	GB42110541	400000562	vIKI!	10.01.2013	10.01.2016	
4	n. a.	Teststand	Teststand Custom Sequence Editor	National Instruments GmbH		300004590	ne			
5	11b	Microwave System Amplifier, 0.5- 26.5 GHz	83017A	HP Meßtechnik	00419	300002268	ev			
6	A026	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 12.4 to 18.0 GHz	639	Narda	8402	300000787	k	22.07.2013	22.07.2015	
7	A029	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0 to 26.5 GHz	638	Narda	8205	300002442	k	19.07.2013	19.07.2015	
8	A031	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 26.5 to 40.0 GHz	637	Narda		300000510	k	19.07.2013	19.07.2015	
9	n. a.	Broadband Low Noise Amplifier 18-50 GHz	CBL18503 070-XX	CERNEX	19338 30000427		ne			
10	n. a.	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	8812-3088	300001032	viKi!	08.05.2013	08.05.2015	
11	n. a.	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02 300000996		ev			
12	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP Meßtechnik	*	* 300000199				
13	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP Meßtechnik	2719A15013	300001156	ne			
14	n. a.	Three-Way Power Splitter, 50 Ohm	11850C	HP Meßtechnik		300000997				
15	90	Active Loop Antenna 10 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	Kontron Psychotech	8905-2342 30000025		k	13.06.2013	13.06.2015	
16	n.a.	Amplifier	js42- 00502650- 28-5a	Parzich GMBH	928979	300003143	ne			
17	n. a.	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/1 8G-8SS	Wainwright	18	300003789	ne			
18	n. a.	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbe ck	371	300003854	viKI!	14.10.2011	14.10.2014	
19	n. a.	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	R&S	102375	300004187 _ ⁰	k	13.03.2014	13.03.2016	



Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k ne ev	calibration / calibrated not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required) periodic self verification	EK zw izw	limited calibration cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance) internal cyclical maintenance
Ve vlkl!	long-term stability recognized Attention: extended calibration interval	g	blocked for accredited testing
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

10 Observations

No observations exceeding those reported with the single test cases have been made.



Annex A Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release	
	Initial release	2014-03-18	

Annex B Further information

<u>Glossary</u>



Annex C **Accreditation Certificate** Front side of certificate Back side of certificate (DAkkS Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Bellehene gemäß § 8 Absatz 1 AkkStelleG I.V.m. § 1 Absatz 1 AkkStelleGBV Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen von EA, ILAC und IAF zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung Standort Frankfurt am Main Gartenstraße 6 60594 Frankfurt am Main Standort Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin Rundesallee 100 38116 Braunschw reig Akkreditierung Die Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH bestätigt hiermit, dass das Prüflaboratoriun CETECOM ICT Services GmbH Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken die Kompetenz nach DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 besitzt, Prüfungen in folgenden Bereichen durchzuführen: Duchtgebundene Kommunikation einschließlich xDSL VolP und DECT Akustik Funk einschließlich WLAN Short Range Devices (SRD) RFID WiMax und Richtfunk Mobilinuk (GSM / DCS, Devrete Alr (OTA) Performance) Elektromagnetisch Verträglichkeit (EMV) einschließlich Automotive SAR und Hearing Ald Compatibility (HAC) Umwelsimulation Smart Card Terminals Bluetooth Wi-Fi- Services Die auszugsweite Veröffentlichung der Akkreditierungsurkunde bedarf der vorhengen schriftlicher Zustimmung der Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle Gnibt (IDAKS). Ausgenommen disvon ist die sepa Weiterverführtung des Deckblattes durch die umseing genannte Könformitistsbewertungsstelle in umerindenter Förde Es darf nicht der Anschein erweckt werden, dass sich die Akkreditierung auch auf Bereiche erstreckt, die über den durch die DAkkS bestätigten Akkreditierungsbereich hinausgehen. Die Akkreditierung erfolgte gemäß des Gesetzes über die Akkreditierungsstelle (AkkStelleG) vom 31. Juli 2009 (BGB. 1. S. 2623) sowie der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 765/2008 des Europäistene Parlaments, und des Rates vom 5. Juli 2008 über die Vernchriften Erf die Akkreditierung um Markfüherwachung, im Zusammenhang mit der Vermarktung von Produkten (Abl. 1.218 vom 9. Juli 2008; S. 30.) Die DAkk5 ist Unterschnern der Mutilitateralen Abkommen zur aggenersongen Anerkennung der European co-operation för Accreditation (EA), des International Accreditation from (IAF) und ein International Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC), Die Unterzeichner dieser Abkommen erkennen ihre Akkreditierungen gegenseing an. Die Akkreditierungsurkunde gilt nur in Verbindung mit dem Bescheid vom 18.01.2013 mit der Akkreditierungsnummer D-PL-12076-01 und ist gülig 17.01.2018. Sie besteht aus diesem Deckblatt, der Röckseite des Deckblatts und der folgenden Anlage mit ingesamt 80 Seiten. r aktuelle Stand der Mitgliedschaft kann folgenden Webseiten entnom www.european-accreditation.org EA: www.european ILAC: www.ilac.org IAF: www.iaf.nu Registrierungsnummer der Urkunde: D-PL-12076-01-01 Frankfurt am Mahij 18.01.2013 Sale Brownie all Der NSchafte.

Note:

The current certificate including annex is published on our website (see link below) or may be received from CETECOM ICT Services on request.

http://www.cetecom.com/eu/de/cetecom-group/europa/deutschland-saarbruecken/akkreditierungen.html