



TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-6965/13-19-06



Testing laboratory

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

Untertuerkheimer Strasse 6 – 10 66117 Saarbruecken / Germany Phone: + 49 681 5 98 - 0 Fax: + 49 681 5 98 - 9075 Internet: http://www.cetecom.com e-mail: ict@cetecom.com

Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with

the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-01

Area of Testing:

Radio Communications & EMC (RCE)

Applicant

Sony Mobile Communications AB

Nya Vattentornet 22188 Lund / SWEDEN Phone: +46 46 19 30 00

Fax: -/-

Contact: Mikael Nilsson

e-mail: Micke.nilsson@sonymobile.com

Phone: +46 7 03 22 75 03

Manufacturer

Sony Mobile Communications AB

Nya Vattentornet 22188 Lund / SWEDEN

Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 27 Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 27 - Miscellaneous

wireless communications services

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: Smart Phone GPRS/EGPRS 850/900/1800/1900; UMTS HSPA FDDI/II/V/VIII; LTE

FDD1/2/3/5/7/8/28; WLAN b/g/n/a/ac; BT 4.0; RFID; A-GPS

FCC ID: PY7PM-0751

Frequency: LTE FDD 7: 2500 MHz to 2570 MHz

Technology tested: LTE FDD 7

Antenna: Integrated antenna

Power supply: 3.7V DC by Li - polymer battery

Temperature range: -30°C to +60°C

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwriting signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorised:	Test performed:			
0: (A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Stefan Bös Senior Testing Manager	Andreas Luckenbill Expert			

2014-05-19 Page 1 of 63



Table of contents

1	Table o	of contents	2
2	Genera	al information	3
		Notes and disclaimerApplication details	
3	Test st	tandard/s	3
4	Test er	nvironment	4
5		em	
3			
		Additional information	
6	Test la	aboratories sub-contracted	4
7	Summa	pary of measurement results	5
	7.1 I	LTE – Band 7	5
8	RF mea	easurements	6
	8.1 I	Description of test setup	6
	8.1	·	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1.2 Conducted measurements	_
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Results LTE – Band 7	
	8.2		_
	_	2.2 Frequency stability	
		2.3 Spurious emissions radiated	
	_	2.4 Spurious emissions conducted	
		2.5 Block edge compliance	
	_	2.6 Occupied bandwidth	
9	Test ed	quipment and ancillaries used for tests	61
10	Ob	bservations	61
Anr	nex A	Document history	62
Anr	nex B	Further information	62
۸	nex C	Accreditation Certificate	62
Anr	iex C	Accreditation Certificate	03



2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CETECOM ICT Services GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of CETECOM ICT Services GmbH.

The testing service provided by CETECOM ICT Services GmbH has been rendered under the current "General Terms and Conditions for CETECOM ICT Services GmbH".

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH will not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from false, inaccurate, inappropriate or incomplete product information provided by the customer.

Under no circumstances does the CETECOM ICT Services GmbH test report include any endorsement or warranty regarding the functionality, quality or performance of any other product or service provided.

Under no circumstances does the CETECOM ICT Services GmbH test report include or imply any product or service warranties from CETECOM ICT Services GmbH, including, without limitation, any implied warranties of merchantability, fitness for purpose, or non-infringement, all of which are expressly disclaimed by CETECOM ICT Services GmbH.

All rights and remedies regarding vendor's products and services for which CETECOM ICT Services GmbH has prepared this test report shall be provided by the party offering such products or services and not by CETECOM ICT Services GmbH.

In no case this test report can be considered as a Letter of Approval.

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order: 2014-04-14
Date of receipt of test item: 2014-05-07
Start of test: 2014-05-15
End of test: 2014-05-15

Person(s) present during the test: -/-

3 Test standard/s

Test standard Date Test standard description

47 CFR Part 27 Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 27 - Miscellaneous wireless communications services

2014-05-19 Page 3 of 63



4 Test environment

T_{nom} +22 °C during room temperature tests

Temperature: T_{max} +60 °C during high temperature tests

T_{min} -30 °C during low temperature tests

Relative humidity content: 40 %

Barometric pressure: not relevant for this kind of testing

 V_{nom} 3.7 V DC by Li - polymer battery

Power supply: V_{max} 4.4 V

 V_{min} 3.3 V

5 Test item

Kind of test item	:	Smart Phone GPRS/EGPRS 850/900/1800/1900; UMTS HSPA FDDI/II/V/VIII; LTE FDD1/2/3/5/7/8/28; WLAN b/g/n/a/ac; BT 4.0; RFID; A-GPS		
Type identification	:	PY7PM-0751		
S/N serial number		Rad. CB5126Z4S3, CB5126Z4R8		
3/N Serial Hulliber	•	Cond. CB5126Z728, CB5126Z753		
HW hardware status	:	AP1.0		
SW software status	:	17.1.1.A.0.348		
Frequency band [MHz]	:	LTE FDD 7: 2500 MHz to 2570 MHz		
Type of modulation	:	QPSK, 16-QAM		
Antenna	:	Integrated antenna		
Power supply	:	3.7 V DC by Li - polymer battery		
Temperature range	:	-30°C to +60°C		

5.1 Additional information

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in test report: 1-6965/13-19-01_AnnexA

1-6965/13-19-01_AnnexB 1-6965/13-19-01_AnnexC

6 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

2014-05-19 Page 4 of 63



\boxtimes	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained

TC identifier	Description	verdict	date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 27	passed	2014-05-19	-/-

7.1 LTE - Band 7

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	\boxtimes				-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal					-/-

Note: NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

2014-05-19 Page 5 of 63



8 RF measurements

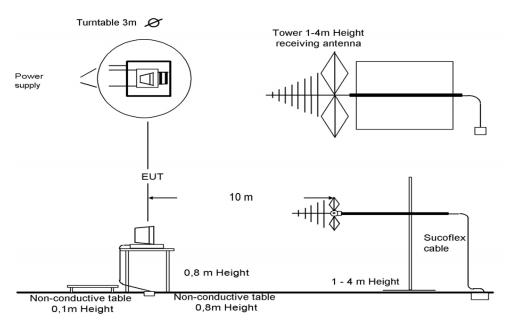
8.1 Description of test setup

For the spurious measurements we use the substitution method according TIA/EIA 603.

8.1.1 Radiated measurements

The radiated emissions from the EUT are performed in a semi anechoic chamber. The EUT is placed on a conductive turntable and powered with nominal voltage. The signalling is performed either from outside the chamber with a signalling unit (AP or other) by air link using a signalling antenna or directly by special test software from the customer.

Semi anechoic chamber



Picture 1: Diagram radiated measurements

9 kHz - 30 MHz: active loop antenna

30 MHz – 1 GHz: tri-log antenna

> 1 GHz: horn antenna

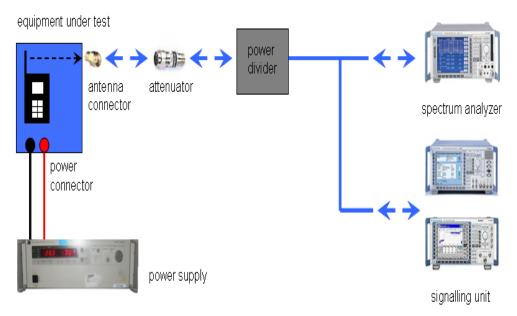
Frequency being measured f	Measuring receiver bandwidth 6 dB	Spectrum analyser bandwidth 3dB			
f < 150 kHz	200 Hz or	300 Hz			
150 kHz ≤ f < 25 MHz	9 kHz or	10 kHz			
25 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	120 kHz or	100 kHz			
1000 MHz ≤ f		1 MHz			
NOTE: Specific requirements in CEPT/ERC/Recommendation 70-03 [2] shall be applied where applicable.					

2014-05-19 Page 6 of 63



8.1.2 Conducted measurements

The EUT's RF signal is coupled out by the antenna connector which is supplied by the manufacturer. The signal is first 10dB attenuated before it is power divided (~6dB loss per branch). One of the signal paths is connected to the signalling unit (AP or other), the other one is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The specific losses for both signal paths are first checked within a calibration. The measurement readings on the signalling unit/spectrum analyzer are corrected by the specific test set-up loss. The attenuator, power divider, signalling unit and the spectrum analyzer are impedance matched on 50 Ohm. If special software is used, there is no power divider necessary.



Picture 2: Diagram conducted measurements

The term measuring receiver refers to either a selective voltmeter or a spectrum analyser.

Frequency being measured	Measuring receiver bandwidth	Spectrum analyser bandwidth			
f	6 dB	3dB			
f < 150 kHz	200 Hz or	300 Hz			
150 kHz ≤ f < 25 MHz	9 kHz or	10 kHz			
25 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	120 kHz or	100 kHz			
1000 MHz ≤ f		1 MHz			
NOTE: Specific requirements in CEPT/ERC/Recommendation 70-03 [2] shall be applied where applicable.					

2014-05-19 Page 7 of 63



8.2 Results LTE - Band 7

The EUT was set to transmit the maximum power.

8.2.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters					
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)				
Sweep time:	Auto				
Video bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth				
Resolution bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth				
Span:	Zero Span				
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold				

Limits:

FCC
AVG: 33 dBm
Max Output Power
In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

2014-05-19 Page 8 of 63



Results:

Output Power (conducted)							
Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Resource block allocation	Average Output Power (dBm) QPSK	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)	Average Output Power (dBm) 16-QAM	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)	
		1 RB low	22.5	4.1	21.6	5.1	
	2502.5	1 RB high	22.6	4.6	21.6	5.4	
	2502.5	50% RB mid	21.5	5.1	20.5	5.9	
		100% RB	21.5	5.5	20.5	6.4	
		1 RB low	22.5	5.0	21.5	4.7	
_	2525	1 RB high	22.6	4.9	21.7	4.5	
5	2535	50% RB mid	21.5	6.0	20.5	5.1	
		100% RB	21.5	6.6	20.4	5.8	
		1 RB low	22.7	4.8	21.5	5.8	
	2567.5	1 RB high	22.7	4.3	21.5	5.7	
	2567.5	50% RB mid	21.7	5.3	20.7	6.2	
		100% RB	21.7	5.5	20.7	6.4	
	0505	1 RB low	22.6	5.0	21.7	4.1	
		1 RB high	22.7	5.3	21.7	4.6	
	2505	50% RB mid	21.6	6.1	20.6	5.3	
		100% RB	21.7	6.8	20.6	6.0	
		1 RB low	22.5	4.6	21.2	5.7	
10	2525	1 RB high	22.7	4.5	21.4	5.6	
10	2535	50% RB mid	21.5	5.2	20.6	6.0	
		100% RB	21.6	6.1	20.6	6.8	
	2565	1 RB low	22.7	5.9	21.5	4.8	
		1 RB high	22.7	5.7	21.5	4.4	
		50% RB mid	21.7	6.3	20.6	5.4	
		100% RB	21.7	7.1	20.6	6.0	
	2507.5	1 RB low	22.6	4.1	21.7	5.0	
		1 RB high	22.7	4.7	21.7	5.3	
		50% RB mid	21.5	5.1	20.6	6.0	
		100% RB	21.6	5.8	20.6	6.6	
		1 RB low	22.6	5.4	21.7	4.7	
15	2525	1 RB high	22.6	5.2	21.7	4.6	
10	2535	50% RB mid	21.5	6.2	20.5	5.2	
		100% RB	21.5	6.6	20.6	5.8	
		1 RB low	22.7	4.8	21.5	5.9	
	2562.5	1 RB high	22.7	4.3	21.6	5.6	
	2562.5	50% RB mid	21.6	5.3	20.6	6.2	
		100% RB	21.7	5.9	20.6	6.8	

2014-05-19 Page 9 of 63



		1 RB low	22.6	4.9	21.7	4.0
2540	2510	1 RB high	22.6	5.6	21.6	5.0
	2510	50% RB mid	21.7	6.2	20.7	5.2
		100% RB	21.6	6.6	20.7	5.6
		1 RB low	22.5	4.9	21.7	5.5
20	2535	1 RB high	22.5	4.8	21.7	5.4
20 2535	2000	50% RB mid	21.5	5.3	20.5	6.2
		100% RB	21.6	5.5	20.6	6.5
		1 RB low	22.6	5.3	21.7	4.8
	2560	1 RB high	22.7	5.2	21.7	4.3
	2300	50% RB mid	21.7	6.3	20.7	5.3
		100% RB	21.7	7.0	20.7	5.5
Measurement uncertainty				± 0.	5 dB	

2014-05-19 Page 10 of 63



Maximum radiated output power. Measured in the maximum conducted output power mode.

Output Power (radiated)				
Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) QPSK	Average Output Power (dBm) 16-QAM	
	2502.5	27.4	26.5	
5	2535	27.6	26.3	
	2567.5	27.3	26.2	
	2505	27.4	26.6	
10	2535	27.6	26.0	
	2565	27.2	26.2	
	2507.5	27.4	26.6	
15	2535	27.5	26.3	
	2562.5	27.1	26.3	
	2510	27.4	26.6	
20	2535	27.4	26.3	
	2560	27.6	26.4	
Measurem	nent uncertainty	± 3.0	0 dB	

Result: Passed

2014-05-19 Page 11 of 63



8.2.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMW500 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
- 3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom} , connected to the CMW500 and in a simulated call on channel 1412 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom} . Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max} , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

This measurement was performed with the highest channel bandwidth supported from the EUT on the middle channel

Measurement:

Measurement parameters				
Detector:				
Sweep time:				
Video bandwidth:	Measured with CMW500			
Resolution bandwidth:	Weasured with Civivy500			
Span:				
Trace-Mode:				

Limits:

FCC
Frequency Stability
< 2.5 ppm

2014-05-19 Page 12 of 63



Results:

FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	-48	-0.00000189	-0.0189
3.4	-44	-0.00000174	-0.0174
3.5	-43	-0.00000170	-0.0170
3.6	-46	-0.00000181	-0.0181
3.7	-44	-0.00000174	-0.0174
3.8	-40	-0.00000158	-0.0158
3.9	-50	-0.00000197	-0.0197
4.0	-41	-0.00000162	-0.0162
4.1	-47	-0.00000185	-0.0185
4.2	-41	-0.00000162	-0.0162
4.3	-43	-0.00000170	-0.0170
4.4	-46	-0.0000181	-0.0181

FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-46	-0.00000181	-0.0181
-20	-41	-0.00000162	-0.0162
-10	-47	-0.00000185	-0.0185
± 0	-40	-0.00000158	-0.0158
10	-48	-0.00000189	-0.0189
20	-41	-0.00000162	-0.0162
30	-48	-0.00000189	-0.0189
40	-45	-0.00000178	-0.0178
50	-47	-0.00000185	-0.0185
60	-46	-0.00000181	-0.0181

Result: Passed

2014-05-19 Page 13 of 63



8.2.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 2569.3 MHz. This was rounded up to 26 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 27.53. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the LTE band 7.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	Peak		
Sweep time:	2 sec.		
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz		
Span:	100 MHz Steps		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

FCC
Spurious Emissions Radiated
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)
-13 dBm

2014-05-19 Page 14 of 63



Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the LTE band 7. It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the LTE band 7 into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.

The plots show only the middle channel with 10 MHz bandwith and full resource blocks. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel and all supported channel bandwidths were checked, too.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

2014-05-19 Page 15 of 63



QPSK

Spurious Emission Level (dBm)					
Lowest channel Middle channel Hi		Highest of	phest channel		
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5010.0		5070.0		5130.0	
7515.0		7605.0		7695.0	
10020.0		10140.0		10260.0	
12525.0		12675.0		12825.0	
15030.0	No emissions detected.	15210.0	No emissions detected.	15390.0	No emissions detected.
17535.0		17745.0		17955.0	
20040.0		20280.0		20520.0	
22545.0		22815.0		23085.0	
25050.0		25350.0		25650.0	
Mea	asurement uncerta	ainty		± 3dB	

<u>16-QAM</u>

Spurious Emission Level (dBm)					
Lowest channel		Middle channel		Highest channel	
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]
5010.0		5070.0		5130.0	
7515.0		7605.0		7695.0	
10020.0		10140.0		10260.0	
12525.0		12675.0		12825.0	
15030.0	No emissions detected.	15210.0	No emissions detected.	15390.0	No emissions detected.
17535.0		17745.0		17955.0	
20040.0		20280.0		20520.0	
22545.0		22815.0		23085.0	
25050.0		25350.0		25650.0	
Mea	Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB	

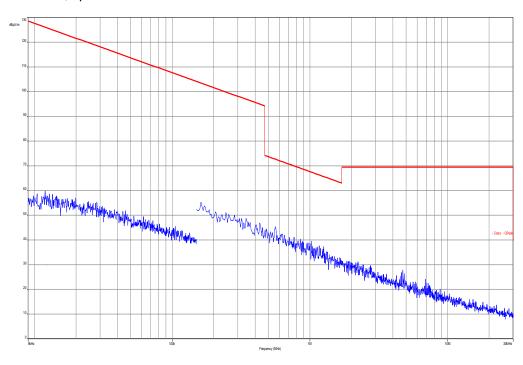
Result: Passed

2014-05-19 Page 16 of 63

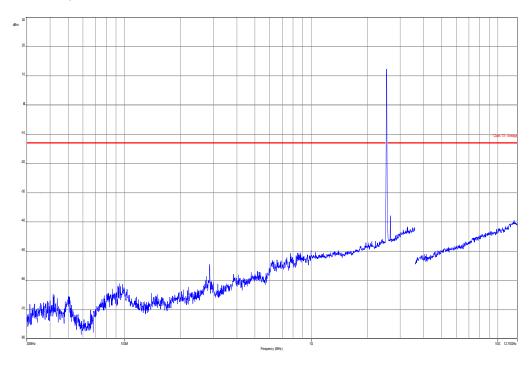


QPSK with 10 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: Middle channel, up to 30 MHz



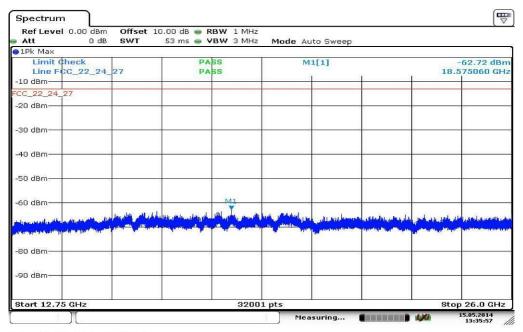
Plot 2: Middle channel, 30 MHz to 12.75 GHz



2014-05-19 Page 17 of 63



Plot 3: Middle channel, 12 GHz to 26 GHz



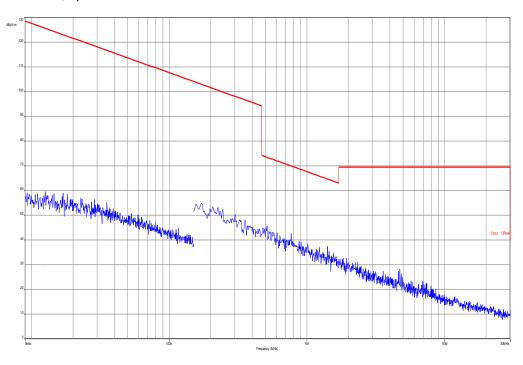
Date: 15.MAY.2014 13:35:56

2014-05-19 Page 18 of 63

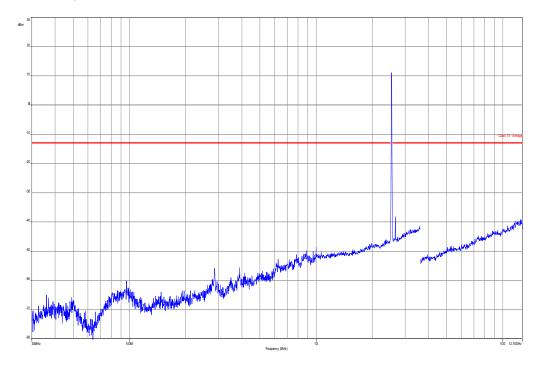


16-QAM with 10 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 4: Middle channel, up to 30 MHz



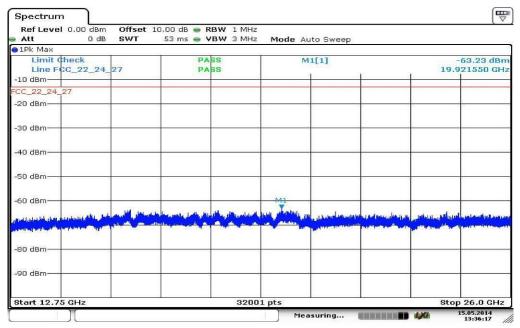
Plot 5: Middle channel, 30 MHz to 12.75 GHz



2014-05-19 Page 19 of 63



Plot 6: Middle channel, 12 GHz to 26 GHz



Date: 15.MAY.2014 13:36:17

2014-05-19 Page 20 of 63



8.2.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

- 1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency.
- 2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

For the measurement the lowest, middle and highest channel bandwidth was used. If spurious were found the other bandwidths were measured, too.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters				
Detector:	Peak			
Sweep time:	Auto			
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz			
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz			
Span:	10 MHz – 25 GHz			
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold			

Limits:

FCC
Spurious Emissions Conducted
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)
-13 dBm

2014-05-19 Page 21 of 63



Results: for 5 MHz channel bandwidth

QPSK

Spurious Emission Level (dBm)						
Lowest channel Middle c		hannel	Highest channel			
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	
5005.0		5070.0		5135.0		
7507.5		7605.0		7702.5		
10010.0		10140.0		10270.0		
12512.5	No spurious emissions	12675.0	No spurious	12837.5	No spurious	
15015.0		15210.0	emissions	15405.0	emissions	
17517.5	detected!	17745.0	detected!	17972.5	detected!	
20020.0		20280.0		20540.0		
22522.5		22815.0		23107.5		
25025.0		25350.0		25675.0		
Measurement uncertainty				± 3dB		

<u>16-QAM</u>

Spurious Emission Level (dBm)						
Lowest channel Middle cl		hannel	Highest channel			
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	
5005.0		5070.0		5135.0		
7507.5		7605.0		7702.5		
10010.0		10140.0		10270.0		
12512.5	No anomiana	12675.0	No spurious	12837.5	No spurious	
15015.0	No spurious emissions	15210.0	emissions	15405.0	emissions	
17517.5	detected!	17745.0	detected!	17972.5	detected!	
20020.0		20280.0		20540.0		
22522.5		22815.0		23107.5		
25025.0		25350.0		25675.0		
Measurement uncertainty				± 3dB		

Result: Passed

2014-05-19 Page 22 of 63



Results: for 10 MHz channel bandwidth

QPSK

Spurious Emission Level (dBm)						
Lowest channel Middle c		hannel	Highest channel			
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	
5130.0		5070.0		5010.0		
7695.0		7605.0		7515.0		
10260.0		10140.0		10020.0		
12825.0	No spurious	12675.0	No opurious	12525.0	No spurious emissions detected!	
15390.0	emissions	15210.0	No spurious emissions	15030.0		
17955.0	detected!	17745.0	detected!	17535.0		
20520.0		20280.0		20040.0		
23085.0		22815.0		22545.0		
25650.0		25350.0		25050.0		
Measurement uncertainty				± 3dB		

<u>16-QAM</u>

Spurious Emission Level (dBm)						
Lowest channel Middle c		hannel	Highest channel			
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	
5130.0		5070.0		5010.0	No spurious	
7695.0		7605.0	No spurious	7515.0		
10260.0		10140.0		10020.0		
12825.0	No spurious emissions	12675.0		12525.0		
15390.0		15210.0	emissions	15030.0	emissions	
17955.0	detected!	17745.0	detected!	17535.0	detected!	
20520.0		20280.0		20040.0		
23085.0		22815.0		22545.0		
25650.0		25350.0		25050.0		
Measurement uncertainty				± 3dB		

Result: Passed

2014-05-19 Page 23 of 63



Results: for 15 MHz channel bandwidth

QPSK

Spurious Emission Level (dBm)						
Lowest channel Middle c		hannel	Highest channel			
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	
5015.0		5070.0		5125.0		
7522.5		7605.0		7687.5		
10030.0		10140.0		10250.0		
12537.5	No spurious emissions	12675.0	No spurious	12812.5	No spurious	
15045.0		15210.0	emissions	15375.0	emissions	
17552.5	detected!	17745.0	detected!	17937.5	detected!	
20060.0		20280.0		20500.0		
22567.5		22815.0		23062.5		
25075.0		25350.0		25625.0		
Mea	Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

<u>16-QAM</u>

Spurious Emission Level (dBm)						
Lowest channel Middle c		hannel	Highest channel			
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	
5015.0		5070.0		5125.0	No spurious	
7522.5		7605.0	No spurious	7687.5		
10030.0		10140.0		10250.0		
12537.5	No enurious	12675.0		12812.5		
15045.0	No spurious emissions	15210.0	emissions	15375.0	emissions	
17552.5	detected!	17745.0	detected!	17937.5	detected!	
20060.0		20280.0		20500.0		
22567.5		22815.0		23062.5		
25075.0		25350.0		25625.0		
Mea	Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

Result: Passed

2014-05-19 Page 24 of 63



Results: for 20 MHz channel bandwidth

QPSK

Spurious Emission Level (dBm)						
Lowest channel Middle c		hannel	Highest channel			
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	
5020.0		5070.0		5120.0		
7530.0		7605.0		7680.0		
10040.0		10140.0		10240.0		
12550.0	No spurious emissions	12675.0	No spurious	12800.0	No spurious	
15060.0		15210.0	emissions	15360.0	emissions	
17570.0	detected!	17745.0	detected!	17920.0	detected!	
20080.0		20280.0		20480.0		
22590.0		22815.0		23040.0		
25100.0		25350.0		25600.0		
Mea	Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

<u>16-QAM</u>

Spurious Emission Level (dBm)						
Lowest channel Middle of		hannel	Highest channel			
Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	Spurious emissions	Level [dBm]	
5020.0		5070.0		5120.0	No spurious	
7530.0		7605.0	No spurious	7680.0		
10040.0		10140.0		10240.0		
12550.0	No enurious	12675.0		12800.0		
15060.0	No spurious emissions	15210.0	emissions	15360.0	emissions	
17570.0	detected!	17745.0	detected!	17920.0	detected!	
20080.0		20280.0		20480.0		
22590.0		22815.0		23040.0		
25100.0		25350.0		25600.0		
Mea	Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB		

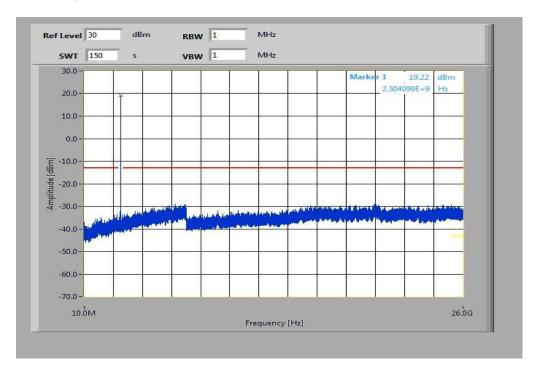
Result: Passed

2014-05-19 Page 25 of 63

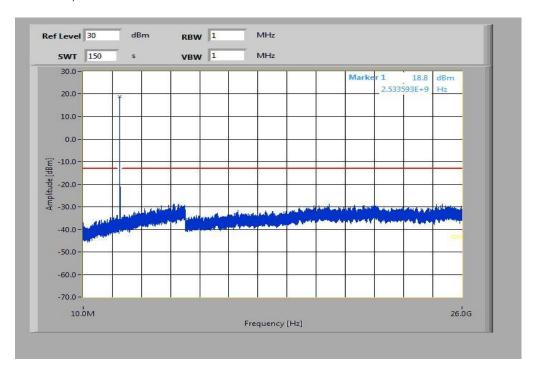


Plots for 5 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK

Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



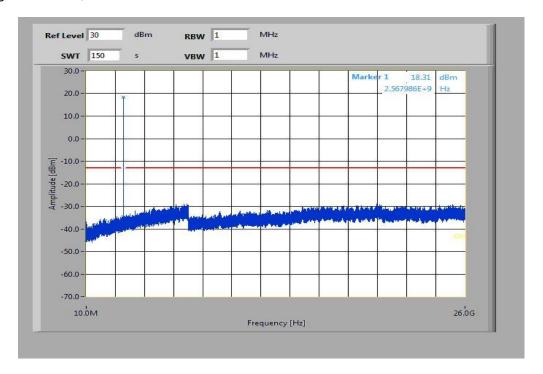
Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



2014-05-19 Page 26 of 63



Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz

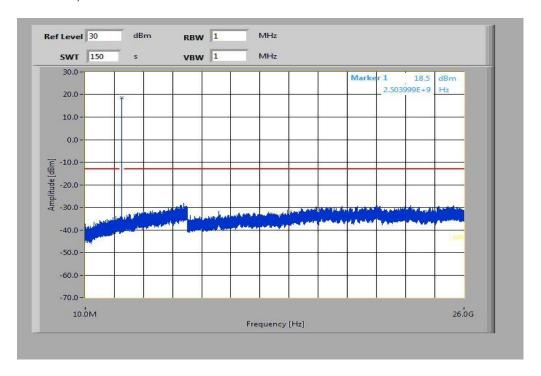


2014-05-19 Page 27 of 63

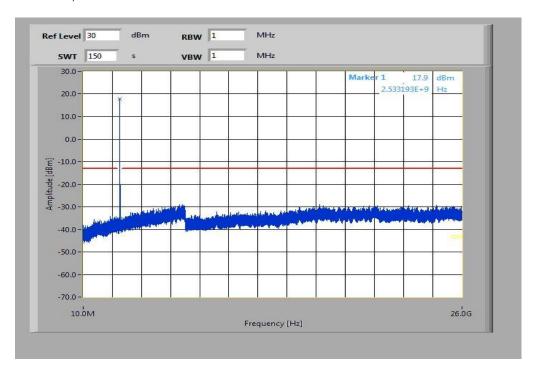


Plots for 5 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM

Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



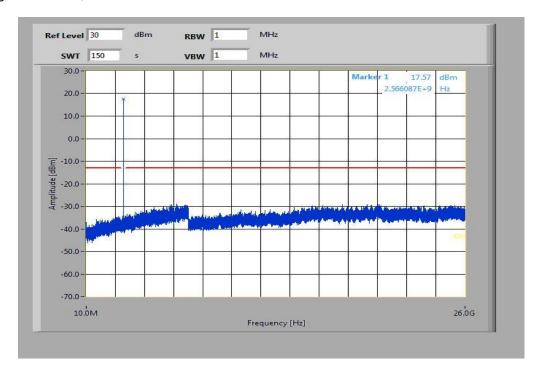
Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



2014-05-19 Page 28 of 63



Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz

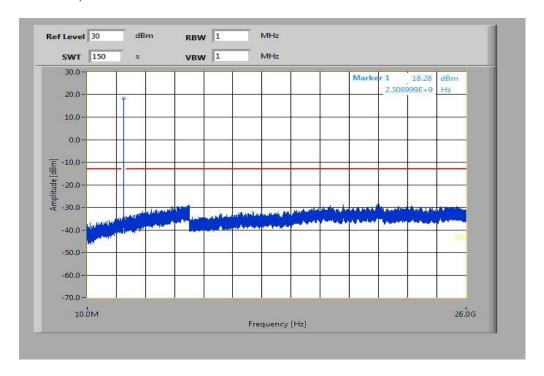


2014-05-19 Page 29 of 63

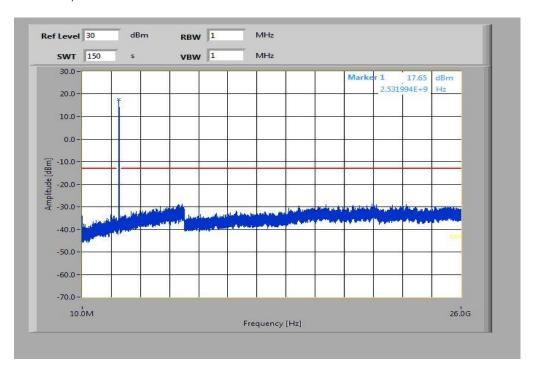


Plots for 10 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK

Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



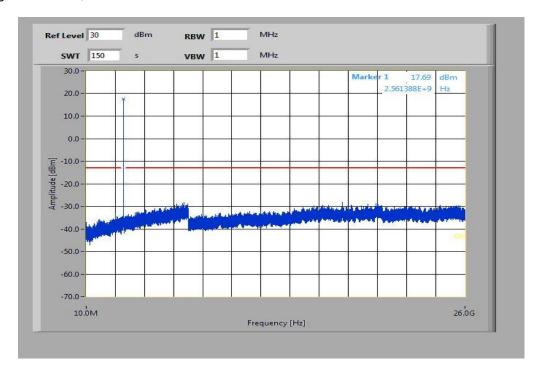
Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



2014-05-19 Page 30 of 63



Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz

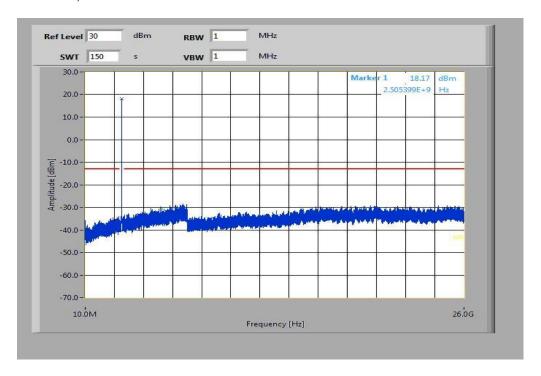


2014-05-19 Page 31 of 63

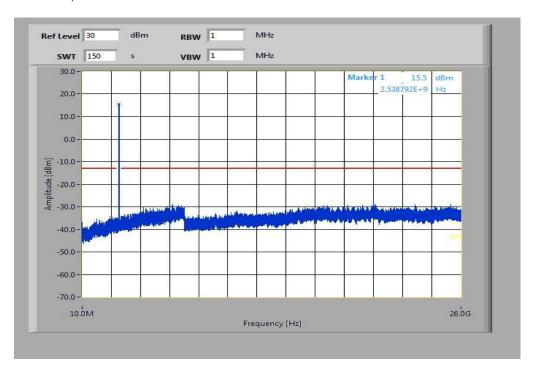


Plots for 10 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM

Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



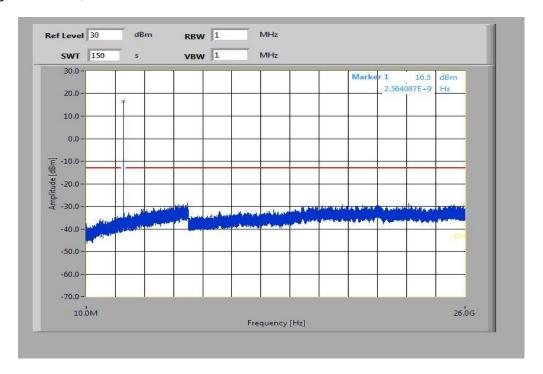
Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



2014-05-19 Page 32 of 63



Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz

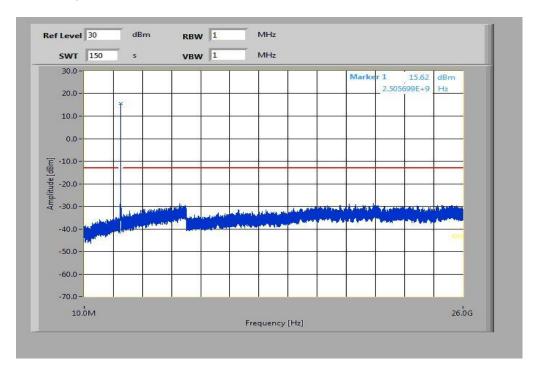


2014-05-19 Page 33 of 63

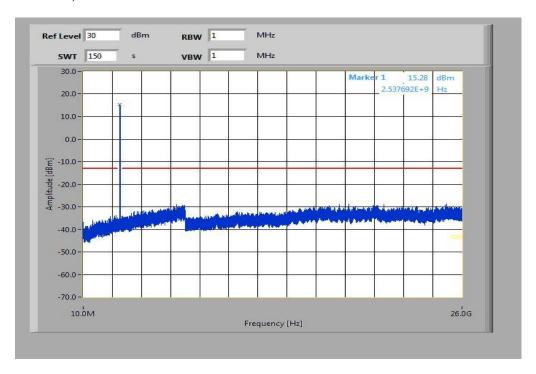


Plots for 15 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK

Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



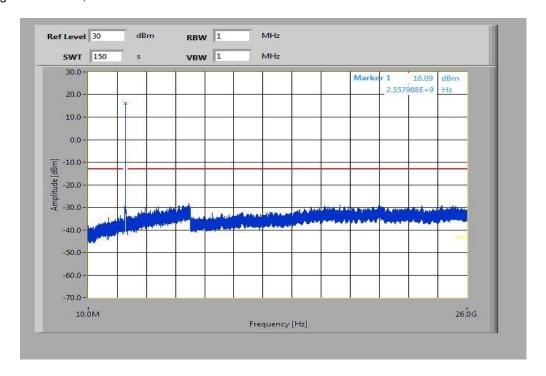
Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



2014-05-19 Page 34 of 63



Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz

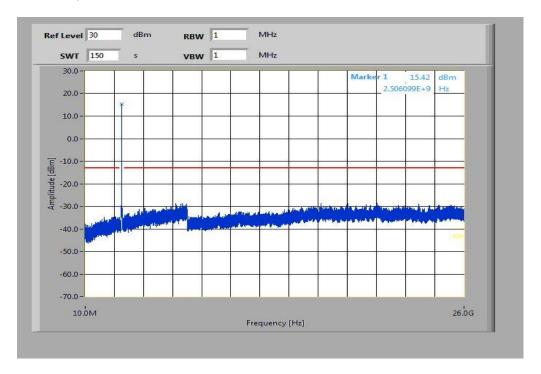


2014-05-19 Page 35 of 63

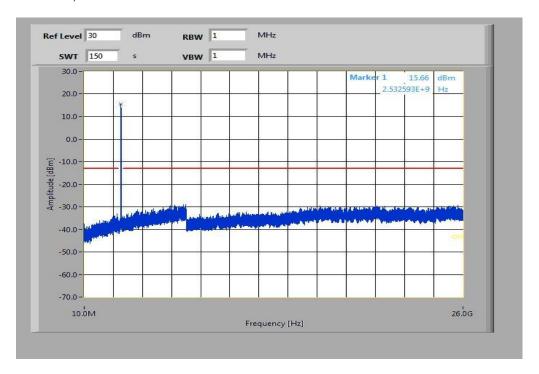


Plots for 15 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM

Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



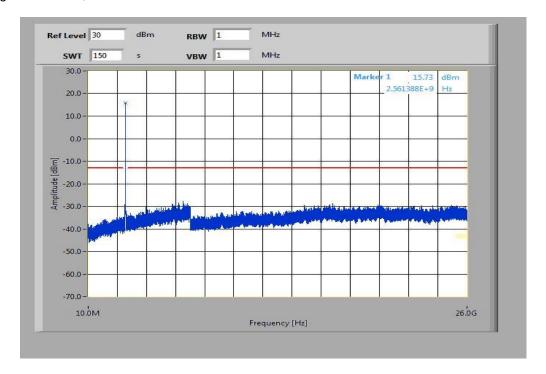
Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



2014-05-19 Page 36 of 63



Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz

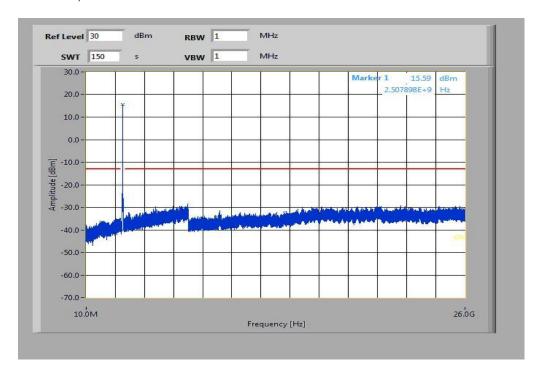


2014-05-19 Page 37 of 63

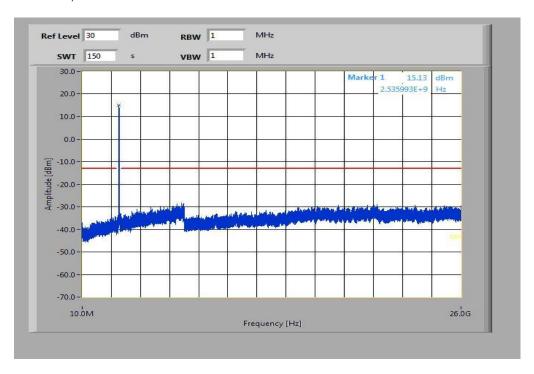


Plots for 20 MHz channel bandwidth, QPSK

Plot 1: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



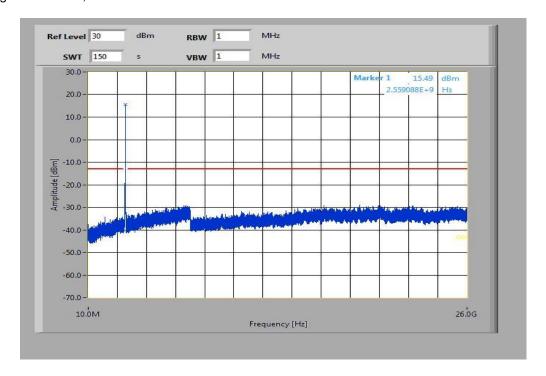
Plot 2: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



2014-05-19 Page 38 of 63



Plot 3: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz

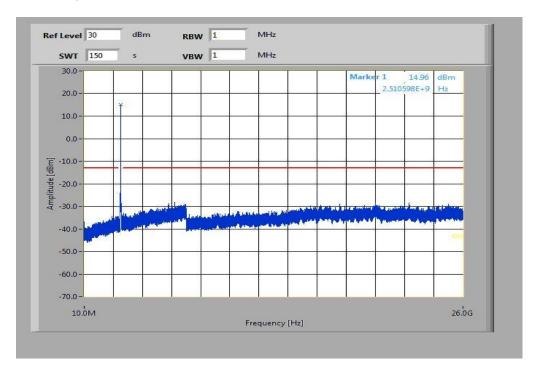


2014-05-19 Page 39 of 63

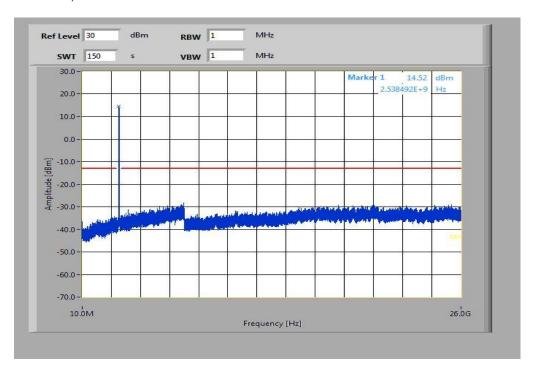


Plots for 20 MHz channel bandwidth, 16-QAM

Plot 4: Lowest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



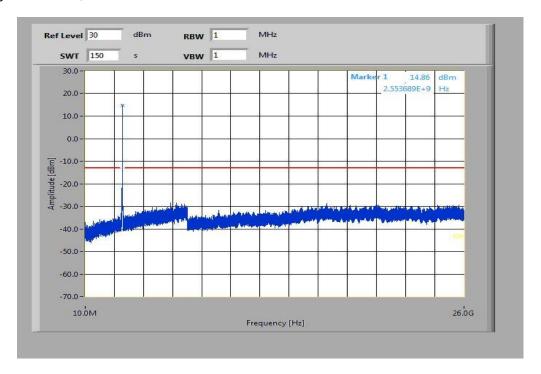
Plot 5: Middle channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



2014-05-19 Page 40 of 63



Plot 6: Highest channel, 10 MHz to 25 GHz



2014-05-19 Page 41 of 63



8.2.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

For the measurement the lowest, middle and highest channel bandwidth was used. If spurious were found the other bandwidths were measured, too.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	RMS		
Sweep time:	20 sec.		
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz		
Span:	1 MHz		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

FCC	
Block Edge Compliance	

Part 27.53 specifies that "the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB."

However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used:

"An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of 10 Log (RBW1/ RBW2) to the 43 +10 log(P) limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz."

When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -8.239 adjustment to the limit [10 log(30kHz/50kHz) = -8.239]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -21.24.

-21.24 dBm

2014-05-19 Page 42 of 63



Results: 5 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation



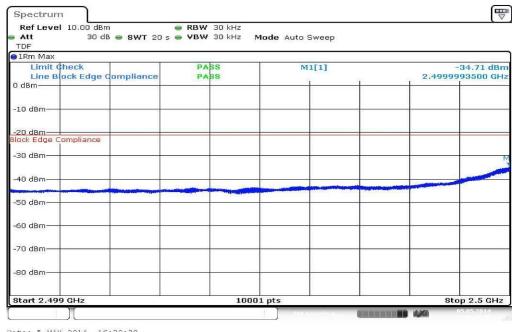
Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation



2014-05-19 Page 43 of 63

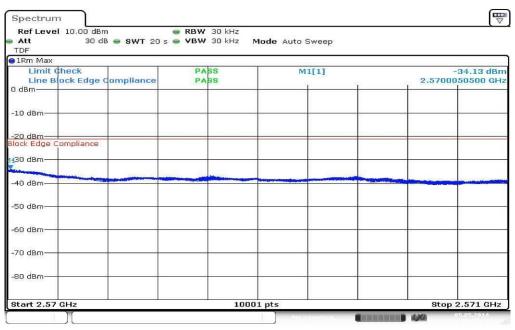


Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 – QAM modulation



Date: 5.MAY.2014 16:28:38

Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 – QAM modulation



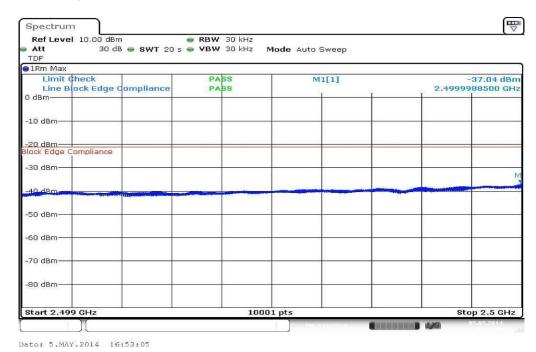
Date: 5.MAY.2014 16:47:29

2014-05-19 Page 44 of 63

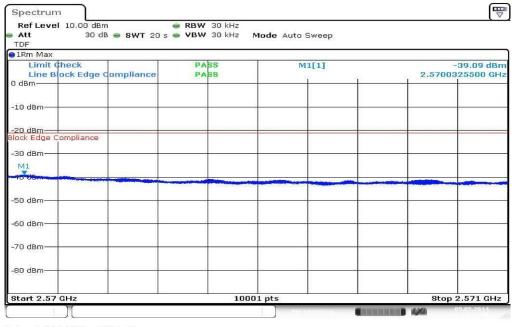


Results: 10 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation



Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation

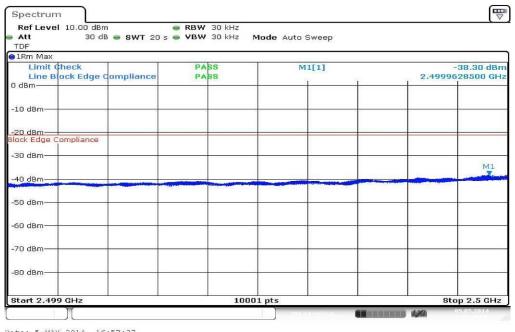


Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:11:57

2014-05-19 Page 45 of 63

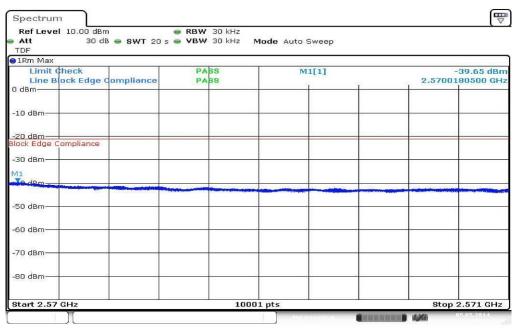


Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 – QAM modulation



Date: 5.MAY.2014 16:57:37

Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 – QAM modulation



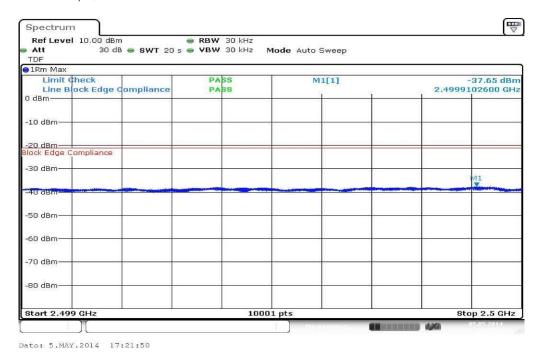
Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:16:29

2014-05-19 Page 46 of 63



Results: 15 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation



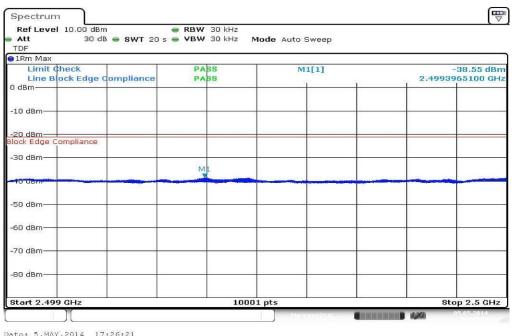
Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation



2014-05-19 Page 47 of 63

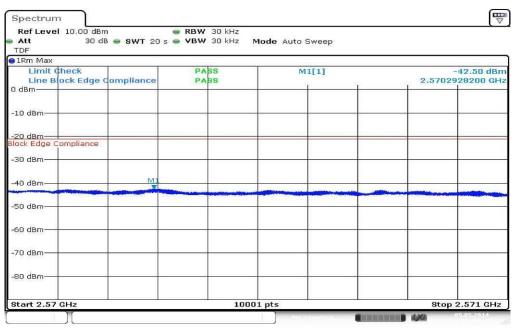


Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 – QAM modulation



Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:26:21

Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 – QAM modulation



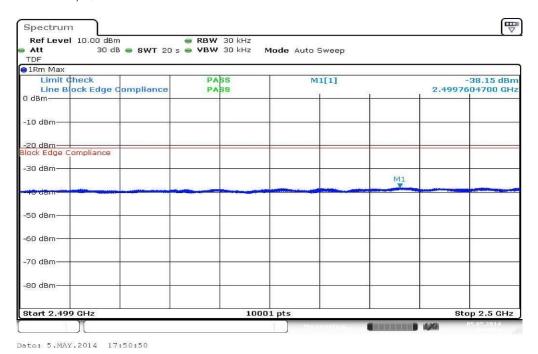
Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:45:13

2014-05-19 Page 48 of 63

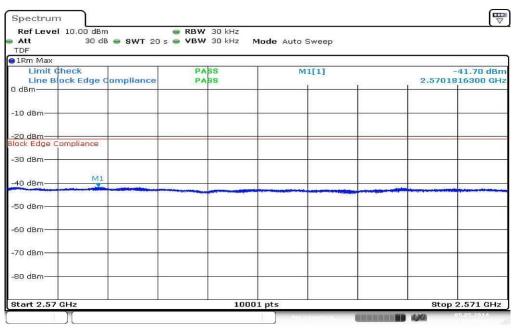


Results: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: Lowest channel, QPSK modulation



Plot 2: Highest channel, QPSK modulation

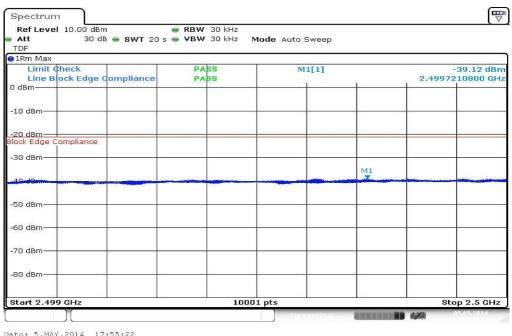


Date: 5.MAY.2014 18:09:42

2014-05-19 Page 49 of 63

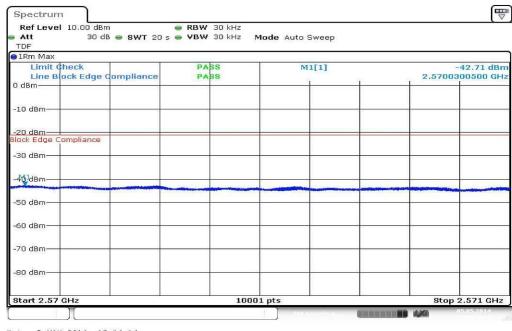


Plot 3: Lowest channel, 16 – QAM modulation



Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:55:22

Plot 4: Highest channel, 16 – QAM modulation



Date: 5.MAY.2014 18:14:14

Result: Passed

2014-05-19 Page 50 of 63



8.2.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the mid frequencies of the LTE band 7. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 27.53 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth.

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	Peak		
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth		
Resolution bandwidth:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth		
Span:	Depends on Channel Bandwidth		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

FCC
Occupied Bandwidth
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band

2014-05-19 Page 51 of 63



Results:

Occupied Bandwidth - QPSK					
Bandwidth [MHz]	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)			
5	4501	4956			
10	9067	10145			
15	13439	14714			
20	17954	19674			
Measurement uncertainty	± RBW				

Occupied Bandwidth – 16-QAM					
Bandwidth [MHz]	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)			
5	4517	5017			
10	9065	10063			
15	13439	14687			
20	17954	19690			
Measurement uncertainty	± RBW				

Result: Passed

2014-05-19 Page 52 of 63



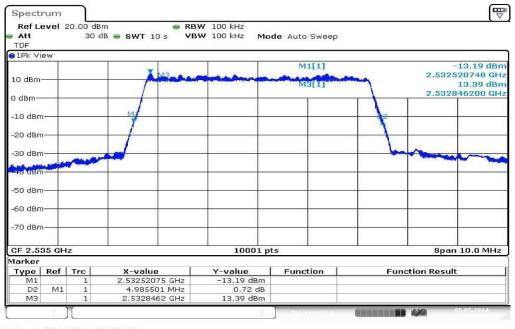
Plots: QPSK

Plot 1: 5 MHz, 99% OBW



Date: 5.MAY.2014 16:33:02

Plot 2: 5 MHz, -26 dBc OBW

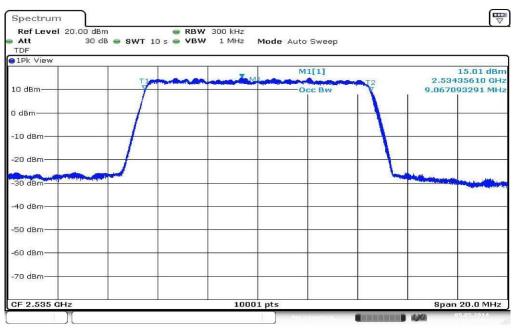


Date: 5.MAY.2014 16:33:35

2014-05-19 Page 53 of 63

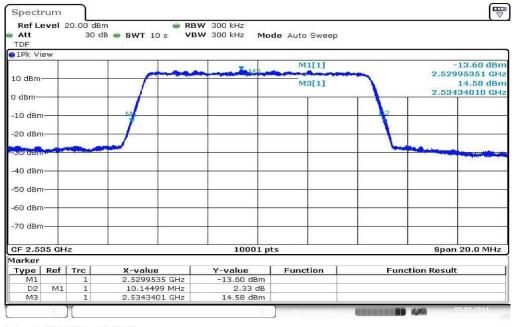


Plot 3: 10 MHz, 99% OBW



Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:02:01

Plot 4: 10 MHz, -26 dBc OBW

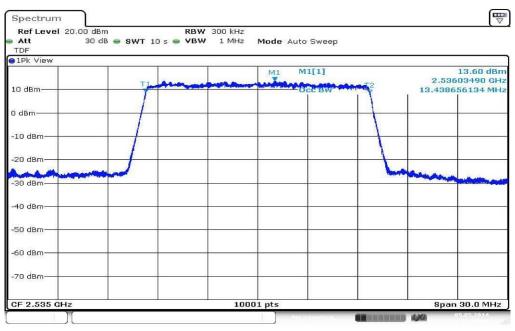


Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:02:34

2014-05-19 Page 54 of 63

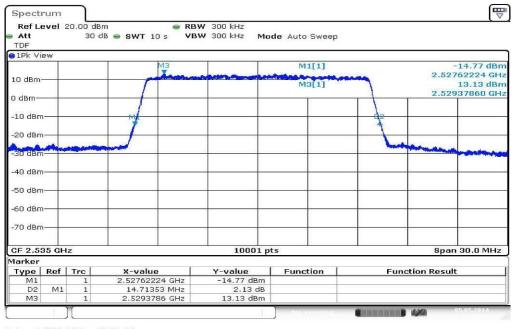


Plot 5: 15 MHz, 99% OBW



Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:30:46

Plot 6: 15 MHz, -26 dBc OBW

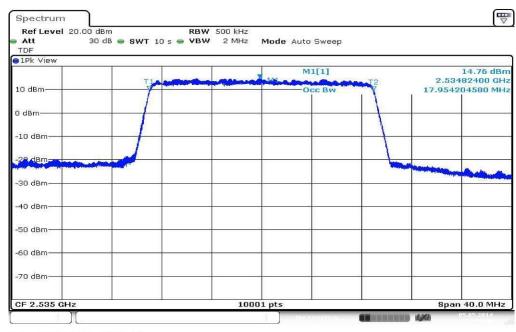


Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:31:18

2014-05-19 Page 55 of 63

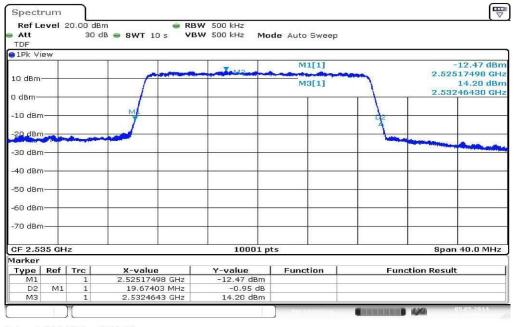


Plot 7: 20 MHz, 99% OBW



Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:59:46

Plot 8: 20 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



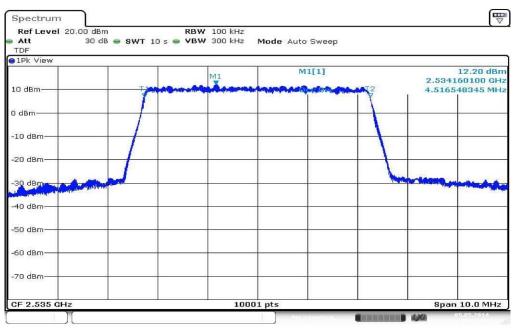
Date: 5.MAY.2014 18:00:19

2014-05-19 Page 56 of 63



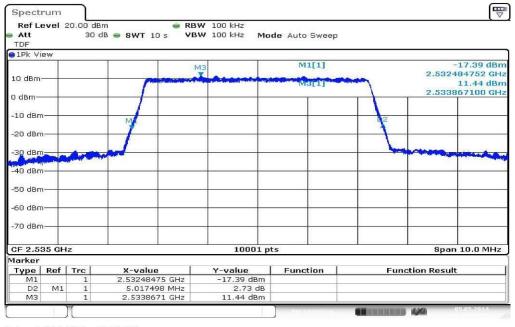
Plots: 16-QAM

Plot 1: 5 MHz, 99% OBW



Date: 5.MAY.2014 16:37:53

Plot 2: 5 MHz, -26 dBc OBW

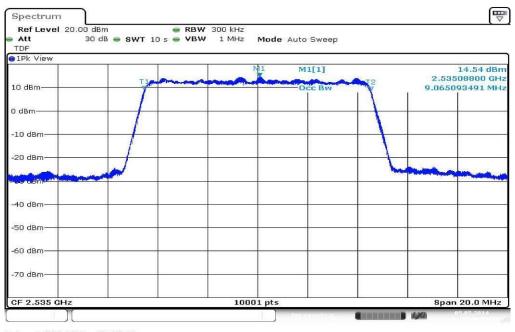


Date: 5.MAY.2014 16:38:26

2014-05-19 Page 57 of 63

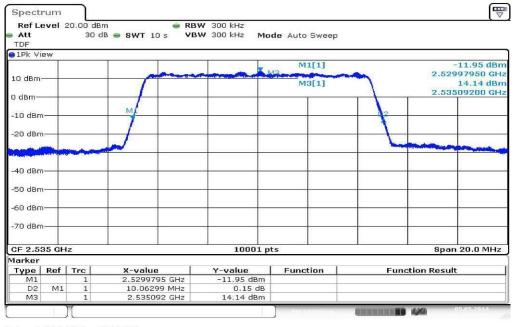


Plot 3: 10 MHz, 99% OBW



Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:06:53

Plot 4: 10 MHz, -26 dBc OBW

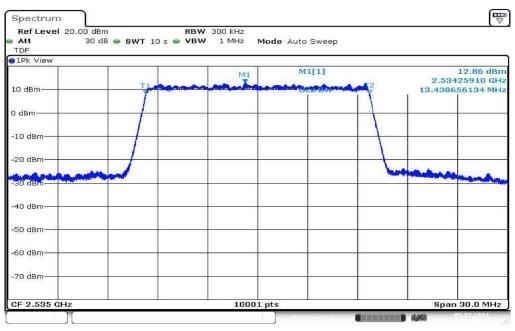


Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:07:26

2014-05-19 Page 58 of 63

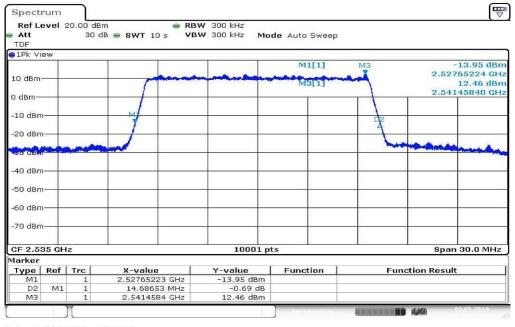


Plot 5: 15 MHz, 99% OBW



Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:35:37

Plot 6: 15 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



Date: 5.MAY.2014 17:36:10

2014-05-19 Page 59 of 63

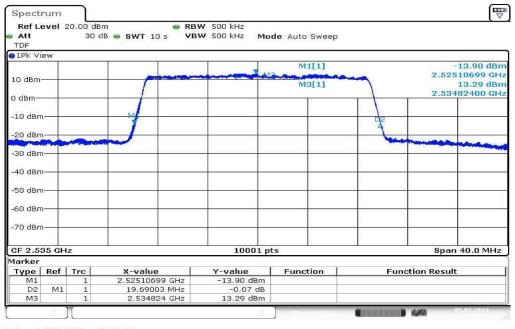


Plot 7: 20 MHz, 99% OBW



Date: 5.MAY.2014 18:04:38

Plot 8: 20 MHz, -26 dBc OBW



Date: 5.MAY.2014 18:05:11

2014-05-19 Page 60 of 63



Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, rf-generating and signalling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufact.	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	n. a.	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	R&S	102375	300004187_ 0	k	13.03.2014	13.03.2016
2	n. a.	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	21.01.2014	21.01.2015
3	n. a.	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	8812-3088	300001032	vIKI!	08.05.2013	08.05.2015
4	n. a.	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev		
5	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP Meßtechnik	*	300000199	ne		
6	90	Active Loop Antenna 10 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	Kontron Psychotech	8905-2342	300000256	k	13.06.2013	13.06.2015
7	n. a.	Amplifier	js42- 00502650- 28-5a	Parzich GMBH	928979	300003143	ne		
8	n. a.	Band Reject filter	WRCG185 5/1910- 1835/1925- 40/8SS	Wainwright	7	300003350	ev		
9	n. a.	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbe ck	371	300003854	vIKI!	14.10.2011	14.10.2014
10	n. a.	MXE EMI Receiver 20 Hz bis 26,5 GHz	N9038A	Agilent Technologi es	MY51210197	300004405	k	13.03.2014	13.03.2015
11	n. a.	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologi es	MY50000037	300004509	ne		

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

ne

calibration / calibrated k not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)

ev periodic self verification

long-term stability recognized Ve

Attention: extended calibration interval vlkl!

NK! Attention: not calibrated ΕK limited calibration

cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance) ZW

izw internal cyclical maintenance blocked for accredited testing g

*) next calibration ordered / currently in progress

10 **Observations**

No observations exceeding those reported with the single test cases have been made.

2014-05-19 Page 61 of 63



Annex A Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
	Initial release	2014-05-19

Annex B Further information

Glossary

AVG - Average

DUT - Device under test

EMC - Electromagnetic Compatibility

EN - European Standard EUT - Equipment under test

ETSI - European Telecommunications Standard Institute

FCC - Federal Communication Commission

FCC ID - Company Identifier at FCC

HW - Hardware

IC - Industry Canada
Inv. No. - Inventory number
N/A - Not applicable
PP - Positive peak
QP - Quasi peak
S/N - Serial number
SW - Software

2014-05-19 Page 62 of 63



Annex C **Accreditation Certificate**

Front side of certificate

Back side of certificate

((DAkkS

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Bellehene gemäß § 8 Absatz 1 AkkStelleG i.V.m. § 1 Absatz 1 AkkStelleGBV Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen von EA, ILAC und IAF zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung

Akkreditierung



Die Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH bestätigt hiermit, dass das Prüflaboratorium

Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken

die Kompetenz nach DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 besitzt, Prüfungen in folgenden Bereichen durchzuführen:

Drahtgebundene Kommunikation einschließlich xDSL VoIP und DECT

VoIP und DECT
Akustik
Funk einschließlich WLAN
Short Range Devices (SRD)
RFID
Wilmax und Richtfunk
Mobilitunk (OSN / DCS, Over the Air (OTA) Performance)
Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV) einschließlich Automotive

Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV) Produktsicherheit SAR und Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) Umweltsimulation Smart Card Terminals Bluetooth Wi-Fi- Services

Die Akkreditierungsurkunde gilt nur in Verbindung mit dem Bescheld vom 07.03.2014 mit der Akkreditierungsnummer D-Pt-17076-01 und ist giltig 17.01.2018. Sie besteht aus diesem Deckblatt, der Rückseite des Deckblatts und der fulgenden Anlage mit Insgesamt 77 Seiten.

Registrierungsnummer der Urkunde: D-PL-12076-01-00

Frankfurt om Main, 07.03.2014

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Standort Frankfurt am Main

Die auszugsweise Veröffentlichung der Akkredicierungsunkunde bedanf der vorherigen schriftlichen Zusämmung der Deutsche Akkrediterungsstelle G-16H (DANKS). Ausgenommen davon ist die separate Weiterverbreitung des Deckliattes durch die umseinig genonnte Kunformitälsbewertungsstelle in unveränderter Form.

Es darf nicht der Ansthein erweckt werden, dass sich die Akkreditierung auch auf Bereichs erstreed, die über den durch die DAkkS bestätigten Akkreditierungsbereich hinausgehen.

Die Akkreditierung erfolgte gemöß des Grachten über din Akkreditierungsstells (Akkstellect) vom 31 Juli 2009 (Boß). I. S. 2675) sowie der Verordrung (161) Nr. 7657/2008 des Europäischen Parlament und des Rettes vom S. 1.11 2008 (Boß der Verordrung (161) Nr. 7657/2008 des Europäischen Parlament 1 im Zusammenhang mit der Vermanktung von Produkten (Abl. L. 218 von S. 101 2008, S. 30). Die DAkk Sist Uterrer descein der Wilderstellen Akkennerna ung aggenet Sigen Areste enung der European uns operation für Autreditätien (EA), des Hebraatienal Acceptiation (EA), des Hebraatienal Acceptiation (EA), des Hebraatienal Acceptiation (EA). Die Unterzeichner eleser Abkommen orkomen ihre Akkreditierungen gegenstellig an.

Der aktue in Stund der Villiglindsmaß kom folgen den Websetten ertnommen werden: FSL: www.naropisch-accord tellon.org IIAC: www.lateur; IAS: www.lateur;

Note:

The current certificate including annex is published on our website (see link below) or may be received from CETECOM ICT Services on request.

http://www.cetecom.com/eu/de/cetecom-group/europa/deutschland-saarbruecken/akkreditierungen.html

2014-05-19 Page 63 of 63