



CETECOM ICT Services consulting - testing - certification >>>

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-6965/13-04-02-A



Testing laboratory

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Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with

the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-01

Area of Testing:

Radio Communications & Compatibility Testing (RCT)

Applicant

Sony Mobile Communications AB

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Manufacturer

Sony Mobile Communications AB

Nya Vattentornet 22188 Lund / SWEDEN

Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 22

47 CFR Part 24

47 CFR Part 27

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: Smart Phone GPRS/EGPRS 850/900/1800/1900; UMTS HSPA FDDI/II/IV/V/VIII; LTE

FDD1/2/3/4/5/7/8/13/17/20; WLAN b/g/n/a/ac; BT 4.0; RFID; A-GPS

Type name: PM-0740-BV FCC ID: PY7PM-0740

Frequency: GSM: 824.2 – 848.8 MHz, 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz

-requency: UMTS: 826.4 – 846.6 MHz, 1712.4 – 1752.6 MHz, 1852.4 – 1907.6 MHz

Technology tested: GSM / EDGE, UMTS
Antenna: Integrated antenna

Power supply: 3.7 V DC by Li - polymer battery

Temperature range: -30°C to +60°C

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwriting signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

lest report authorised:	l'est performed:
Andreas Luckenbill Expert	Marco Bertolino Testing Manager

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2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CETECOM ICT Services GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order: 2013-11-29
Date of receipt of test item: 2013-12-02
Start of test: 2013-12-03
End of test: 2013-12-19

Person(s) present during the test: -/-

3 Test standard/s

Test standard	Date	Test standard description
47 CFR Part 22		Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 22 - Public mobile services
47 CFR Part 24		Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 24 - Personal communications services
47 CFR Part 27		Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 27 - Miscellaneous wireless communications services

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4 Test environment

T_{nom} +22 °C during room temperature tests

Temperature: T_{max} +60 °C during high temperature tests

 T_{min} -30 °C during low temperature tests

Relative humidity content: 46 %

Barometric pressure: not relevant for this kind of testing

V_{nom} 3.7 V DC by Li - polymer battery

Power supply: V_{max} 4.4 V

 V_{min} 3.3 V

5 Test item

Kind of test item	:	nart Phone GPRS/EGPRS 850/900/1800/1900; UMTS HSPA FDDI/II/IV/V/VIII; E FDD1/2/3/4/5/7/8/13/17/20; WLAN b/g/n/a/ac; BT 4.0; RFID; A-GPS					
Type name	:	PM-0740-BV					
C/N coriol mumber	_	Cond: CB5A1W1HRO, CB5A1W1HP7					
S/N serial number	:	Rad: CB5A1W1HQ9, CB5A1W1HRX					
HW hardware status	:	AP1.1					
SW software status	:	17.0.A.0.256					
Fraguency band [MU=1	_	GSM: 824.2 – 848.8 MHz, 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz					
Frequency band [MHz]	•	UMTS: 826.4 – 846.6 MHz, 1712.4 – 1752.6 MHz, 1852.4 – 1907.6 MHz					
Type of modulation	:	GMSK, 8-PSK, QPSK					
Antenna	:	Integrated antenna					
Power supply	:	3.7 V DC by Li - polymer battery					
Temperature range	:	-30°C to +60 °C					

5.1 Additional information

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in test report: 1-6965/13-04-01_AnnexA

1-6965/13-04-01_AnnexB

1-6965/13-04-01_AnnexC

6 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

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7	Summary	of measuremen	t results

No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained

TC identifier	Description	verdict	date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 22, 24, 27	passed	2014-01-22	-/-

7.1 GSM 850

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	\boxtimes				-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal					-/-

Note: NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

7.2 PCS 1900

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	\boxtimes				-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal					-/-

Note: NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

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7.3 UMTS band II

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	\boxtimes				-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal					-/-

Note: NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

7.4 UMTS band IV

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	\boxtimes				-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	\boxtimes				-/-

Note: NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

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7.5 UMTS band V

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	\boxtimes				-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal					-/-

Note: NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

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8 RF measurements

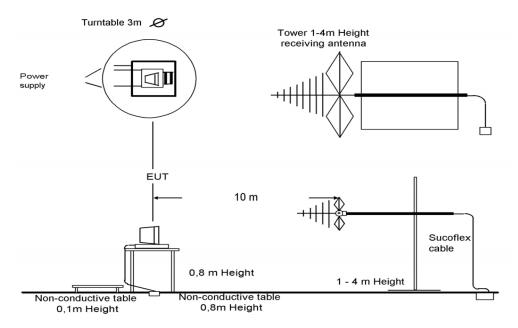
8.1 Description of test setup

For the spurious measurements we use the substitution method according TIA/EIA 603.

8.1.1 Radiated measurements

The radiated emissions from the EUT are performed in a semi anechoic chamber. The EUT is placed on a conductive turntable and powered with nominal voltage. The signalling is performed either from outside the chamber with a signalling unit (AP or other) by air link using a signalling antenna or directly by special test software from the customer.

Semi anechoic chamber



Picture 1: Diagram radiated measurements

9 kHz - 30 MHz: active loop antenna

30 MHz - 1 GHz: tri-log antenna

> 1 GHz: horn antenna

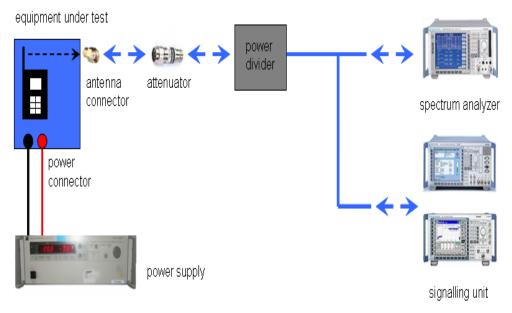
Frequency being measured	Measuring receiver bandwidth	Spectrum analyser bandwidth	
f	6 dB	3dB	
f < 150 kHz	200 Hz or	300 Hz	
150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz	9 kHz or	10 kHz	
30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	120 kHz or	100 kHz	
1000 MHz ≤ f		1 MHz	
NOTE: Specific requirements in CEPT/ERC/Recommendation 70-03 [2] shall be applied where applicable.			

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8.1.2 Conducted measurements

The EUT's RF signal is coupled out by the antenna connector which is supplied by the manufacturer. The signal is first 10dB attenuated before it is power divided (~6dB loss per branch). One of the signal paths is connected to the signalling unit (AP or other), the other one is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The specific losses for both signal paths are first checked within a calibration. The measurement readings on the signalling unit/spectrum analyzer are corrected by the specific test set-up loss. The attenuator, power divider, signalling unit and the spectrum analyzer are impedance matched on 50 Ohm. If special software is used, there is no power divider necessary.



Picture 2: Diagram conducted measurements

The term measuring receiver refers to either a selective voltmeter or a spectrum analyser.

Frequency being measured f	Measuring receiver bandwidth 6 dB	Spectrum analyser bandwidth 3dB		
10 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	120 kHz or	100 kHz		
1000 MHz ≤ f		1 MHz		
NOTE: Specific requirements in CEPT/ERC/Recommendation 70-03 [2] shall be applied where applicable.				

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8.2 Results GSM 850

All GSM-band measurements are done in GSM mode only (circuit switched).

All relevant tests have been repeated using 8-PSK modulation if EDGE mode is supported. All tests were performed with one timeslot in uplink activated and one timeslot in downlink activated. For each mode the highest output power was determined and used.

8.2.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and ERP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

Measurement parameters			
Detector: Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)			
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	1 MHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz		
Span:	Zero Span		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

FCC	-/-		
CFR Part 22.913 CFR Part 2.1046	-/-		
Nominal Peak Output Power			
+38.45 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.			

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Results:

Output Power (conducted) GMSK mode				
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) Peak to Average Ratio (dB)			
824.2	32.0	0.2		
836.4	31.8	0.2		
848.8	31.7	0.2		
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB			

Output Power (conducted) 8-PSK mode				
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) Peak to Average Ratio (dB)			
824.2	26.7	3.2		
836.4	26.8	3.1		
848.8	27.0	3.2		
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB			

Output Power (radiated) GMSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP		
824.2	26.3		
836.4	26.9		
848.8	26.9		
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB		

Output Power (radiated) 8-PSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP		
824.2	21.0		
836.4	21.9		
848.8	22.1		
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB		

Result: Passed

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8.2.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
- 3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom} , connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 189 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom} . Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max} , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters			
Detector:			
Sweep time:			
Video bandwidth:	Measured with CMU200		
Resolution bandwidth:			
Span:			
Trace-Mode:			

Limits:

FCC	-/-		
CFR Part 22.355 CFR Part 2.1055	-/-		
Frequency Stability			
± 2.5 ppm			

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Results:

AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	18	0.00000215	0.0215
3.4	16	0.00000191	0.0191
3.5	16	0.00000191	0.0191
3.6	15	0.00000179	0.0179
3.7	16	0.00000191	0.0191
3.8	12	0.00000143	0.0143
3.9	12	0.00000143	0.0143
4.0	14	0.00000167	0.0167
4.1	8	0.00000096	0.0096
4.2	10	0.00000120	0.0120
4.3	13	0.00000155	0.0155
4.4	12	0.00000143	0.0143

AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	7	0.00000084	0.0084
-20	11	0.00000132	0.0132
-10	14	0.00000167	0.0167
± 0	14	0.00000167	0.0167
10	21	0.00000251	0.0251
20	15	0.00000179	0.0179
30	17	0.00000203	0.0203
40	9	0.0000108	0.0108
50	11	0.00000132	0.0132
60	15	0.00000179	0.0179

Result: Passed

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8.2.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 848.8 MHz. To cover this measurement is made up to 12.75 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 22.917. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the GSM-850 band.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters				
Detector:	Peak			
Sweep time:	2 sec.			
Video bandwidth:	below 150 kHz: 150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz: 30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz: Above 1 GHz:	200 Hz 9 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	below 150 kHz: 150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz: 30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz: Above 1 GHz:	200 Hz 9 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz		
Span:	100 MHz Steps			
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold			

Limits:

FCC	-/-		
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1053	-/-		
Spurious Emissions Radiated			
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)			
-13 dBm			

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Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the GSM-850 band (824.2 MHz, 836.4 MHz and 848.8 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the GSM-850 band into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.

The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

	Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 128 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 189 Freq. (Mi		Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 251 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1648.4	-	2	1672.8	8	-53.0	2	1697.6	-
3	2472.6	-	3	2509.2	2	-47.4	3	2546.4	-
4	3296.8		4	3345.0	6		4	3395.2	
5	4121.0		5	4182.0	0		5	4244.0	
6	4945.2		6	5018.4	4		6	5092.8	
7	5769.4	No peaks detected.	7	5854.8	8	No peaks detected.	7	5941.6	No peaks detected.
8	6593.6		8	6691.2	2		8	6790.4	
9	7417.8		9	7527.0	6		9	7639.2	
10	8242.0		10	8364.0	0		10	8488.0	
	Measurement uncertainty						± 3dB		

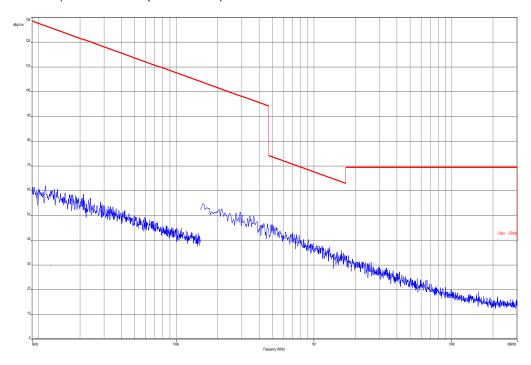
Result: Passed

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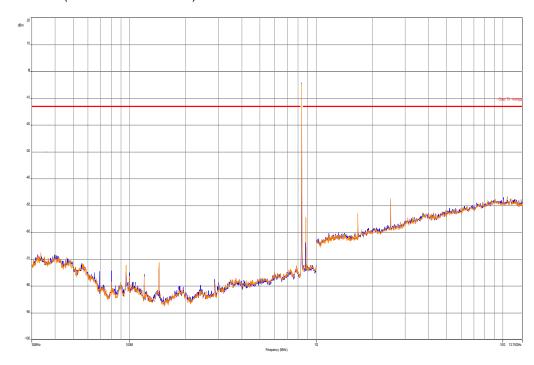


Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 189 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



Plot 2: Channel 189 (30 MHz - 12.75 GHz)



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8.2.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

- 1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 9 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 25 GHz.
- 2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

GSM-850 Transmitter Channel Frequency

128 824.2 MHz

189 836.4 MHz

251 848.8 MHz

Measurement:

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	Peak		
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz		
Span:	10 MHz – 25 GHz		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

FCC	-/-		
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-		
Spurious Emissions Conducted			
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)			
-13 dBm			

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Results:

	Spurious Emission Level (dBm)							
Harmonic	Ch. 128 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 189 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 251 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1648.4		2	1672.8		2	1697.6	
3	2472.6		3	2509.2		3	2546.4	
4	3296.8		4	3345.6		4	3395.2	
5	4121.0	No	5	4182.0	No No	5	4244.0	No
6	4945.2	emissions detected.	6	5018.4	emissions detected.	6	5092.8	emissions detected.
7	5769.4	detected.	7	5854.8	detected.	7	5941.6	detected.
8	6593.6		8	6691.2		8	6790.4	
9	7417.8		9	7527.6		9	7639.2	
10	8242.0		10	8364.0		10	8488.0	
	Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB		

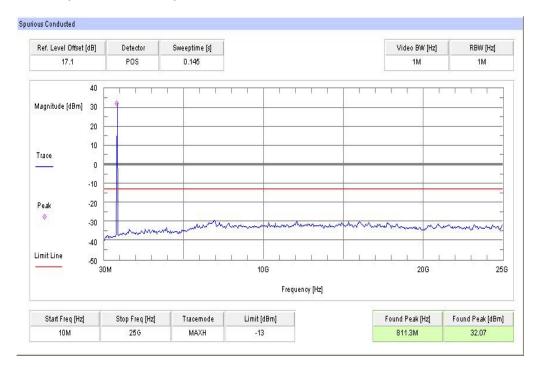
Result: Passed

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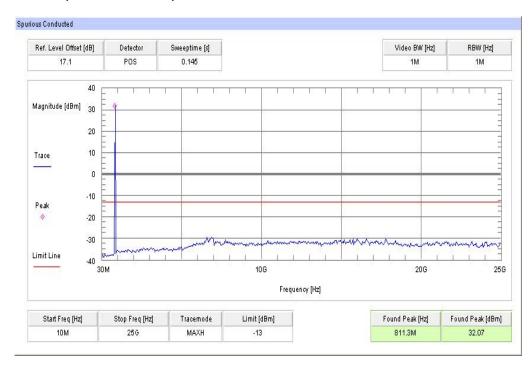


Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 128 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



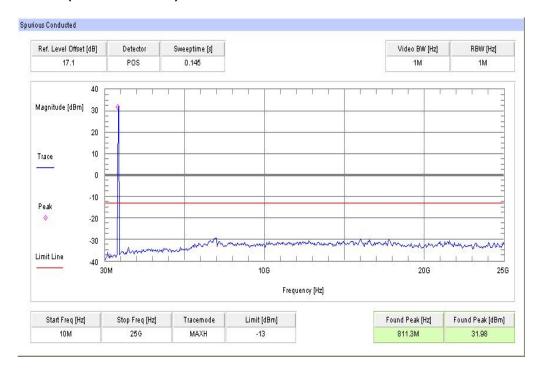
Plot 2: Channel 189 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



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Plot 3: Channel 251 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



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8.2.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	RMS		
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz		
Span:	1 MHz		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

FCC	-/-		
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-		
Block Edge Compliance			
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)			
-13 dBm			

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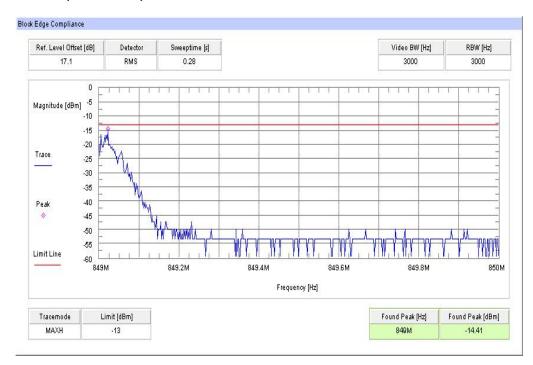


Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 128 (GSM-mode)



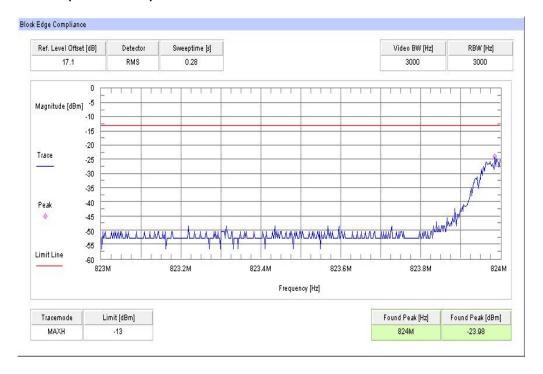
Plot 2: Channel 251 (GSM-mode)



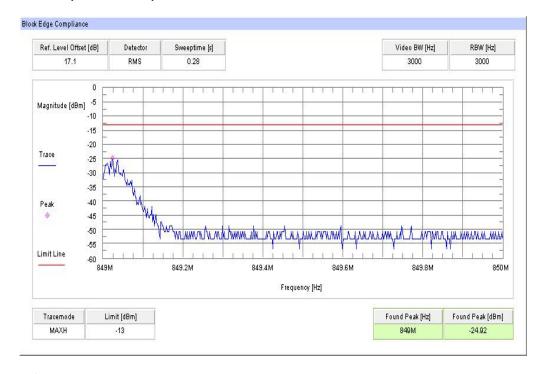
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Plot 3: Channel 128 (EDGE-mode)



Plot 4: Channel 251 (EDGE-mode)



Result: Passed

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8.2.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the GSM-850 frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and 26dB occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 22.917 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 300 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 3 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 10 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	Peak	
Sweep time:	Auto	
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	10 kHz	
Span:	1 MHz	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

Limits:

FCC	-/-			
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1049	-/-			
Occupied Bandwidth				
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band				

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Results:

Occupied Bandwidth - GMSK mode				
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz) 26dB bandwidth (kHz)			
824.2	285	315		
836.4	283	315		
848.8	267 315			
Measurement uncertainty	± 10 kHz			

Occupied Bandwidth – 8-PSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz) 26dB bandwidth (kHz)		
824.2	275 307		
836.4	269 301		
848.8	277 309		
Measurement uncertainty	± 10 kHz		

Result: Passed

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Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 128 (99% - OBW)



Plot 2: Channel 189 (99% - OBW)



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Plot 3: Channel 251 (99% - OBW)



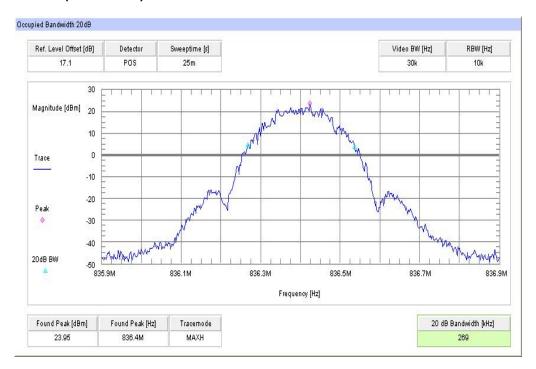
Plot 4: Channel 128 (99% - OBW) - 8-PSK



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Plot 5: Channel 189 (99% - OBW) - 8-PSK



Plot 6: Channel 251 (99% - OBW) - 8-PSK



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8.3 Results PCS 1900

All GSM-band measurements are done in GSM mode only (circuit switched).

All relevant tests have been repeated using 8-PSK modulation if EDGE mode is supported. All tests were performed with one timeslot in uplink activated and one timeslot in downlink activated. For each mode the highest output power was determined and used.

8.3.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

Measurement parameters		
Detector: Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)		
Sweep time:	Auto	
Video bandwidth:	1 MHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz	
Span:	Zero Span	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

Limits:

FCC	-/-	
CFR Part 24.232 CFR Part 2.1046	-/-	
Nominal Peak Output Power		
+33.00 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.		

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Results:

Output Power (conducted) GMSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) Peak to Average Ratio (dB)		
1850.2	29.7	0.1	
1880.0	29.7	0.2	
1909.8	30.0	0.2	
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB		

Output Power (conducted) 8-PSK mode				
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) Peak to Average Ratio (dB)			
1850.2	26.2	3.3		
1880.0	26.2	3.3		
1909.8	26.2	3.1		
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB			

Output Power (radiated) GMSK mode		
Frequency (MHz) Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP		
1850.2	30.8	
1880.0	31.1	
1909.8	31.2	
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB	

Output Power (radiated) 8-PSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP	
1850.2	27.3	
1880.0	27.6	
1909.8	27.4	
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB	

Result: Passed

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8.3.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
- 3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom} , connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 661 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom} . Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max} , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters			
Detector:			
Sweep time:			
Video bandwidth:	Measured with CMU200		
Resolution bandwidth:	Measured with CMO200		
Span:			
Trace-Mode:			

Limits:

FCC	-/-	
CFR Part 24.235 CFR Part 2.1055	-/-	
Frequency Stability		
The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.		

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Results:

AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	52	0.00000277	0.0277
3.4	51	0.00000271	0.0271
3.5	52	0.00000277	0.0277
3.6	55	0.00000293	0.0293
3.7	64	0.00000340	0.0340
3.8	45	0.00000239	0.0239
3.9	52	0.00000277	0.0277
4.0	43	0.00000229	0.0229
4.1	50	0.00000266	0.0266
4.2	47	0.00000250	0.0250
4.3	54	0.00000287	0.0287
4.4	47	0.00000250	0.0250

AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	54	0.00000287	0.0287
-20	49	0.00000261	0.0261
-10	51	0.00000271	0.0271
± 0	53	0.00000282	0.0282
10	54	0.00000287	0.0287
20	51	0.00000271	0.0271
30	52	0.00000277	0.0277
40	54	0.00000287	0.0287
50	52	0.00000277	0.0277
60	51	0.00000271	0.0271

Result: Passed

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8.3.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1910 MHz. To cover this measurement is made up to 25 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the PCS1900 band.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	Peak	
Sweep time:	2 sec.	
Video bandwidth:	below 150 kHz: 150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz: 30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz: Above 1 GHz:	200 Hz 9 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	below 150 kHz: 150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz: 30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz: Above 1 GHz:	200 Hz 9 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

Limits:

FCC	-/-							
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1053	-/-							
Spurious Emissions Radiated								
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)								
-13 dBm								

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Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the PCS1900 band (1850.2 MHz, 1880.0 MHz and 1909.8 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the PCS1900 band into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.

The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

Spurious Emission Level (dBm)										
Harmonic	Ch. 512 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. Freq.		Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 810 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	
2	3700.4	No peaks detected.	2	376	0.0	No peaks detected.	2	3819.6	No peaks detected.	
3	5550.6		3	564	0.0		3	5729.4		
4	7400.8		4	752	20.0		4	7639.2		
5	9251.0		5	940	0.0		5	9549.0		
6	11101.2		6	1128	80.0		6	11458.8		
7	12951.4		7	1316	60.0		7	13368.6		
8	14801.6		8	1504	40.0		8	15278.4		
9	16651.8		9	1692	20.0		9	17188.2		
10	18502.0		10	18800.0			10	19098.0		
Measurement uncertainty				± 3dB						

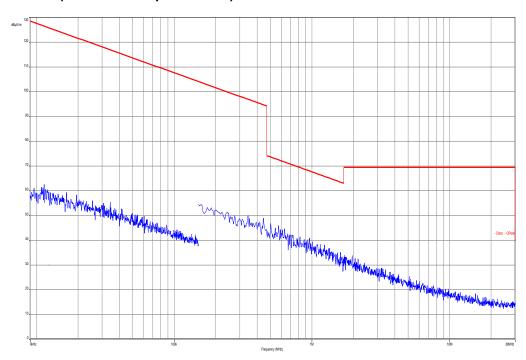
Result: Passed

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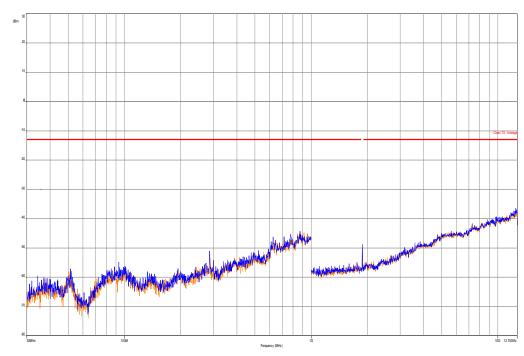


Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 661 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



Plot 2: Channel 661 (30 MHz - 12.75 GHz)

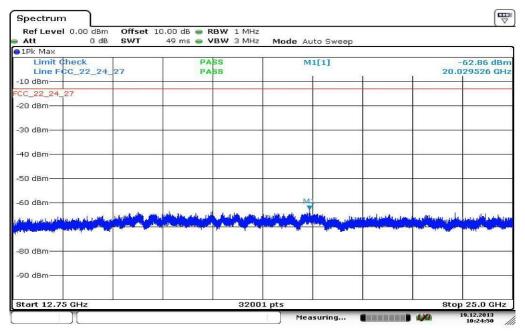


Carrier notched with 1.9 GHz rejection filter

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Plot 3: Channel 661 (12.75 GHz - 25 GHz)



Date: 19.DEC.2013 10:24:50

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8.3.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

- 1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 20 GHz.
- 2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

PCS1900 Transmitter Channel Frequency

512 1850.2 MHz

661 1880.0 MHz

810 1909.8 MHz

Measurement:

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	Peak	
Sweep time:	Auto	
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measuremen below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz	
Span:	10 MHz – 25 GHz	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

Limits:

FCC	-/-	
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-	
Spurious Emissions Conducted		
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)		
-13 dBm		

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Results:

Spurious Emission Level (dBm)									
Harmonic	Ch. 512 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 6 Freq. (Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 810 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3700.4		2	376	0.0		2	3819.6	
3	5550.6		3	564	0.0		3	5729.4	
4	7400.8		4	7520	0.0		4	7639.2	
5	9251.0	No	5	940	0.0	No	5	9549.0	No
6	11101.2	No emissions	6	1128	30.0	No emissions	6	11458.8	No emissions
7	12951.4	detected.	7	1316	60.0	detected.	7	13368.6	detected.
8	14801.6		8	1504	10.0		8	15278.4	
9	16651.8		9	1692	20.0		9	17188.2	
10	18502.0	10	10	1880	0.0		10	19098.0	
	Measurement uncertainty		•			± 3dB			

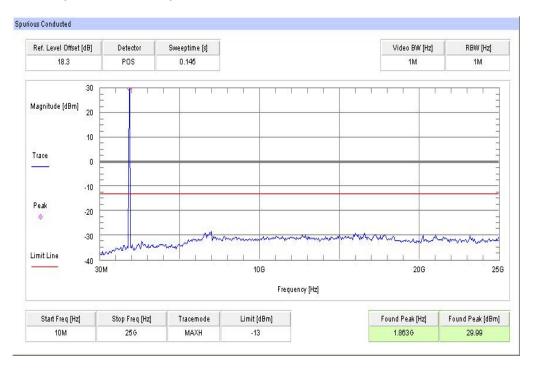
Result: Passed

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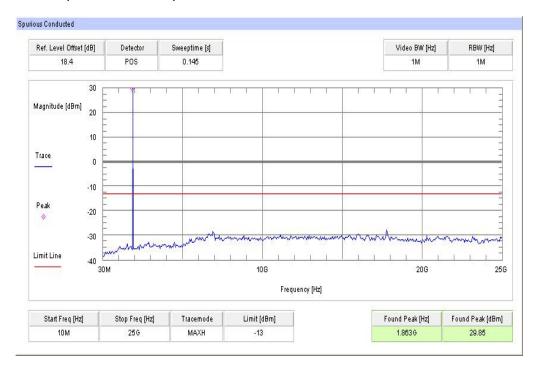


Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 512 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



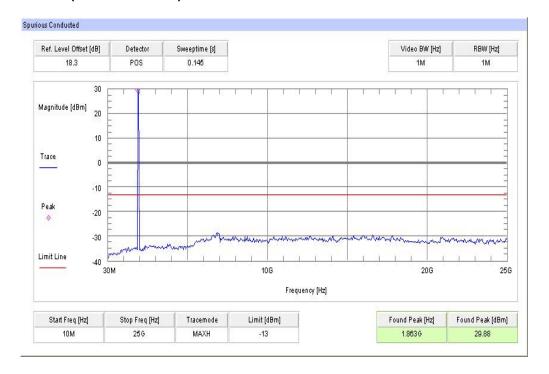
Plot 2: Channel 661 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



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Plot 3: Channel 810 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



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8.3.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	RMS	
Sweep time:	Auto	
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz	
Span:	1 MHz	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

Limits:

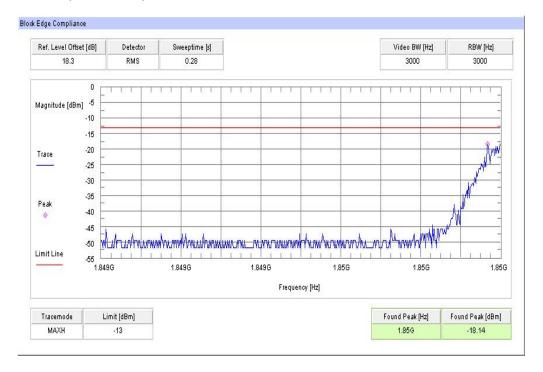
FCC	-/-	
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-	
Block Edge Compliance		
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)		
-13 dBm		

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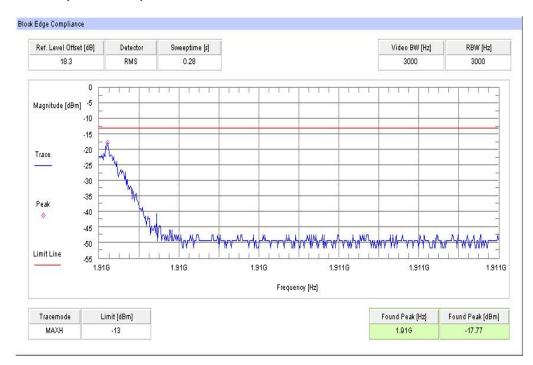


Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 512 (GSM-mode)



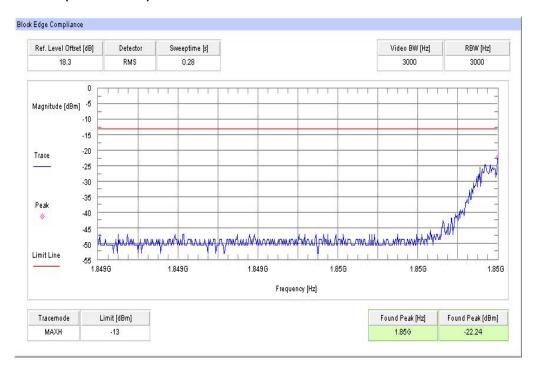
Plot 2: Channel 810 (GSM-mode)



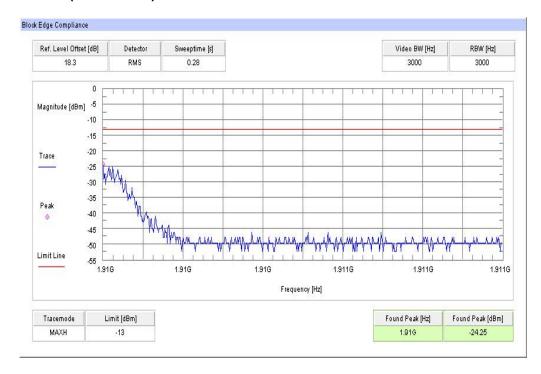
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Plot 3: Channel 512 (EDGE-mode)



Plot 4: Channel 810 (EDGE-mode)



Result: Passed

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8.3.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the PCS1900 frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and 26dB occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 24.238 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 300 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 3.0 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 10 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	Peak	
Sweep time:	Auto	
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	10 kHz	
Span:	1 MHz	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

Limits:

FCC	-/-	
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1049	-1-	
Occupied Bandwidth		
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band		

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Results:

Occupied Bandwidth - GMSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	26 dB bandwidth (kHz)	
1850.2	271	311	
1880.0	277	323	
1909.8	275	305	
Measurement uncertainty	± 10 kHz		

Occupied Bandwidth - EDGE mode			
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	26 dB bandwidth (kHz)	
1850.2	271	307	
1880.0	279	313	
1909.8	279	311	
Measurement uncertainty	± 10 kHz		

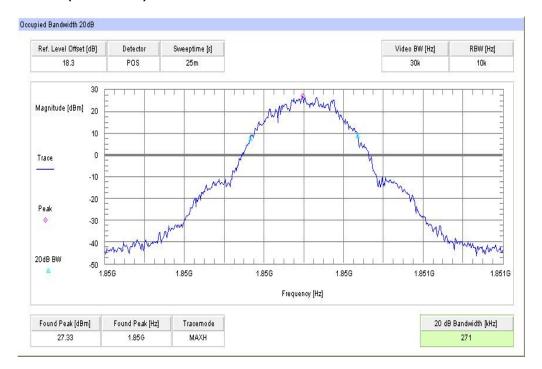
Result: Passed

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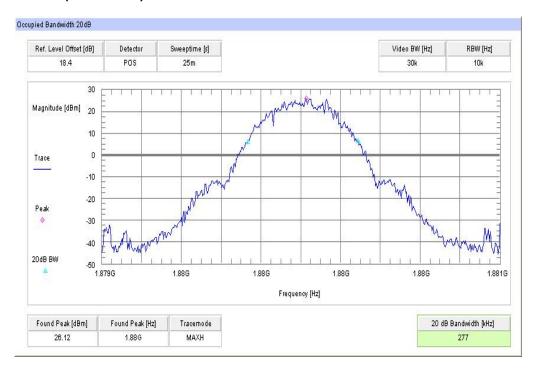


Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 512 (99% - OBW)



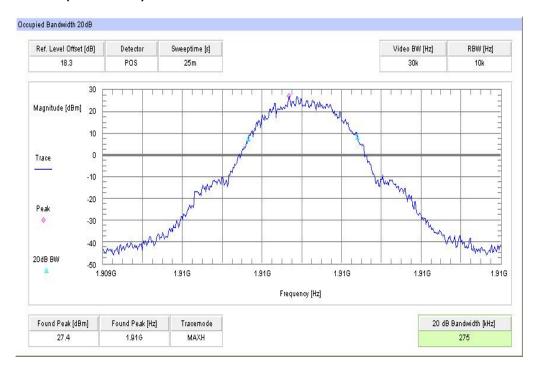
Plot 2: Channel 661 (99% - OBW)



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Plot 3: Channel 810 (99% - OBW)



Plot 4: Channel 512 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



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Plot 5: Channel 661 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



Plot 6: Channel 810 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



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8.4 Results UMTS band II

All UMTS-band measurements are done in WCDMA mode only. The connection was established with the following setup: WCDMA CS-RMC, Max Power (All Bit up)

8.4.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters			
IVICASUIC	Measurement parameters		
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)		
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	10 MHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	10 MHz		
Span:	Zero Span		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

FCC	-/-	
CFR Part 24.232 CFR Part 2.1046	-/-	
Nominal Peak Output Power		
+33.00 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.		

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Results:

Output Power (conducted) WCDMA mode			
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)	
1852.4	23.3	3.2	
1880.0	23.4	2.9	
1907.6	23.2	2.6	
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB		

Output Power (radiated) WCDMA mode						
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP					
1852.4	24.4					
1880.0	24.8					
1907.6	24.4					
Measurement uncertainty ± 2.0 dB						

Result: Passed

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8.4.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
- 3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom} , connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 9400 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom} . Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max} , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters				
Detector:				
Sweep time:				
Video bandwidth:	Measured with CMU200			
Resolution bandwidth:	Measured with CiviO200			
Span:				
Trace-Mode:				

Limits:

FCC	-/-		
CFR Part 24.235 CFR Part 2.1055	-/-		
Frequency Stability			
The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.			

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Results:

AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)	
3.3	-3	-0.0000016	-0.0016	
3.4	-3	-0.00000016	-0.0016	
3.5	-3	-0.00000016	-0.0016	
3.6	3	0.0000016	0.0016	
3.7	-4	-0.00000021	-0.0021	
3.8	-2	-0.00000011	-0.0011	
3.9	-2	-0.00000011	-0.0011	
4.0	2	0.0000011	0.0011	
4.1	4	0.00000021	0.0021	
4.2	5	0.00000027	0.0027	
4.3	4	0.00000021	0.0021	
4.4	-3	-0.00000016	-0.0016	

AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)	
-30	8	0.00000043	0.0043	
-20	7	0.0000037	0.0037	
-10	5	0.00000027	0.0027	
± 0	5	0.0000027	0.0027	
10	7	0.0000037	0.0037	
20	6	0.00000032	0.0032	
30	6	0.00000032	0.0032	
40	7	0.0000037	0.0037	
50	6	0.00000032	0.0032	
60	5	0.00000027	0.0027	

Result: Passed

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8.4.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1910 MHz. To cover this measurement is made up to 25 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the UMTS band II.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

Measurement:

Measuremen	t parameters	
Detector:	Peak	
Sweep time:	2 sec.	
Video bandwidth:	below 150 kHz: 150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz: 30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz: Above 1 GHz:	200 Hz 9 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	below 150 kHz: 150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz: 30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz: Above 1 GHz:	200 Hz 9 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

Limits:

FCC	-/-			
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1053	-/-			
Spurious Emissions Radiated				
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)				
-13	dBm			

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Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the UMTS band II (1852.4 MHz, 1880.0 MHz and 1907.6 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the UMTS band II into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.

The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

	Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 9262 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9 Freq.		Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9538 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3704.8		2	376	0.0		2	3815.2	
3	5557.2		3	564	0.0		3	5722.8	
4	7409.6		4	752	0.0		4	7630.4	
5	9262.0		5	940	0.0		5	9538.0	
6	11114.4	No peaks detected.	6	1128	80.0	No peaks detected.	6	11445.6	No peaks detected.
7	12966.8		7	1316	60.0		7	13353.2	
8	14819.2		8	1504	40.0		8	15260.8	
9	16671.6		9	1692	20.0		9	17168.4	
10	18524.0		10	1880	0.00		10	19076.0	
	Measurement uncertainty						± 3dB		

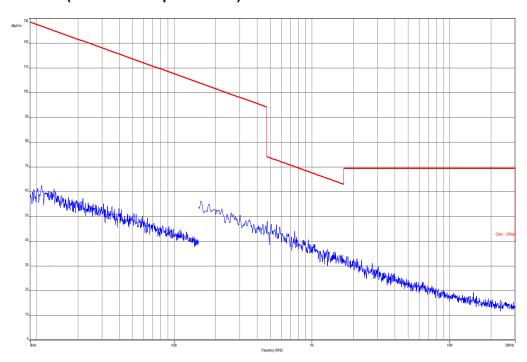
Result: Passed

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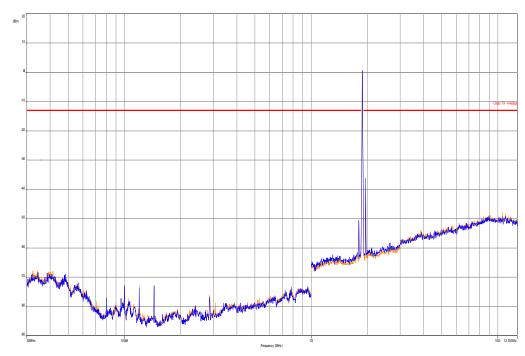


Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 9400 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



Plot 2: Channel 9400 (30 MHz - 12.75 GHz)

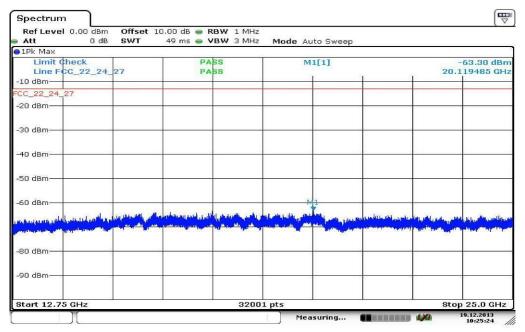


Carrier notched with 1.9 GHz rejection filter

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Plot 3: Channel 9400 (12 GHz - 25 GHz)



Date: 19.DEC.2013 10:25:24

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8.4.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

- 1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 25 GHz.
- 2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

UMTS band II Transmitter Channel Frequency

9262 1852.4 MHz

9400 1880.0 MHz

9538 1907.6 MHz

Measurement:

Measurement parameters				
Detector:	Peak			
Sweep time:	Auto			
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz			
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz			
Span:	10 MHz – 25 GHz			
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold			

Limits:

FCC	-/-			
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-			
Spurious Emissions Conducted				
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)				
-13 dBm				

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Results:

	Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 9262 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 940 Freq. (Mh		Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9538 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3704.8		2	3760.0	О		2	3815.2	
3	5557.2		3	5640.0	0		3	5722.8	
4	7409.6		4	7520.0	О		4	7630.4	
5	9262.0	No	5	9400.0	0	No	5	9538.0	No
6	11114.4	emissions detected.	6	11280.	.0	emissions detected.	6	11445.6	emissions detected.
7	12966.8	detected.	7	13160.	.0	detected.	7	13353.2	detected.
8	14819.2		8	15040.	.0		8	15260.8	
9	16671.6		9	16920.	.0		9	17168.4	
10	18524.0		10	18800.	.0		10	19076.0	
	Measurement uncertainty						± 3dB		

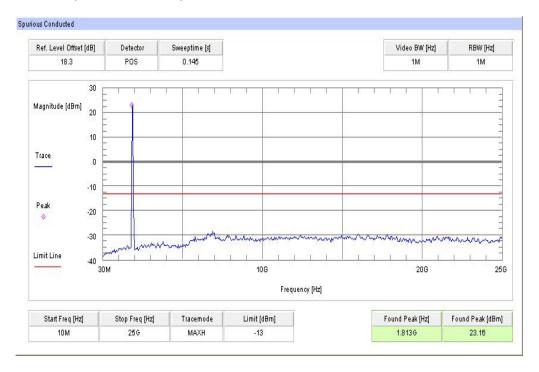
Result: Passed

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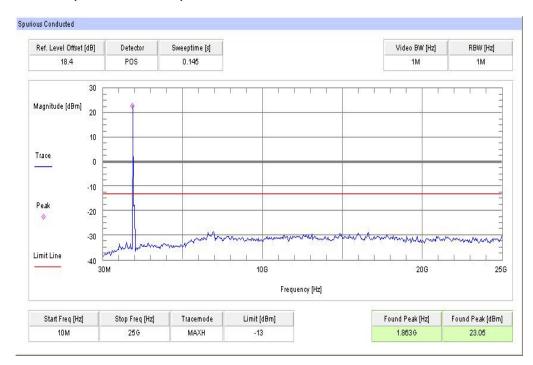


Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 9262 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



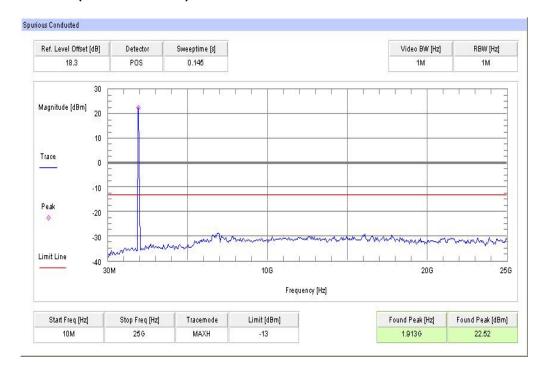
Plot 2: Channel 9400 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



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Plot 3: Channel 9538 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



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8.4.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters				
Detector:	RMS			
Sweep time:	20 sec.			
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz			
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz			
Span:	1 MHz			
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold			

Limits:

FCC	-/-
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-

Block Edge Compliance

Part 24.238 specifies that "the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB."

However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used:

"An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of 10 Log (RBW1/ RBW2) to the 43 +10 Log (P) limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz."

When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -2.2185 adjustment to the limit [10log(30kHz/50kHz) = -2.2185]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -15.2185.

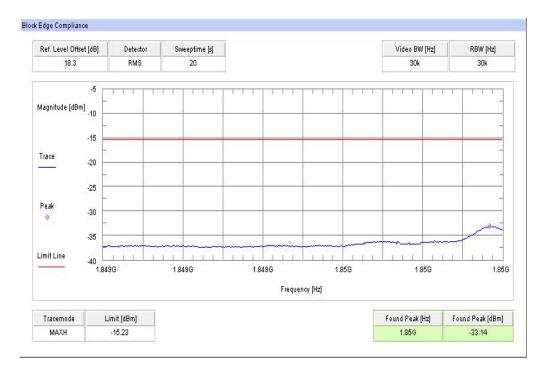
-15.22 dBm

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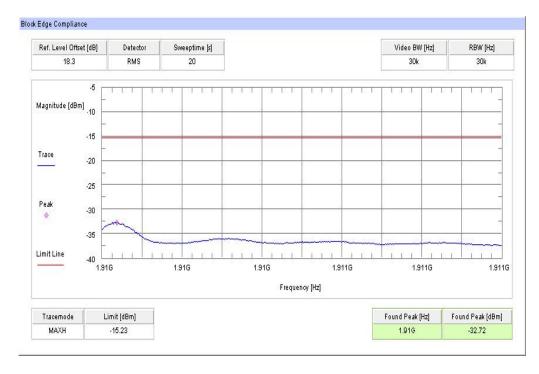


Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 9262



Plot 2: Channel 9538



Result: Passed

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8.4.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the UMTS band II frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and 26 dB occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 24.238 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 4700 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 50 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 100 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	Peak	
Sweep time:	Auto	
Video bandwidth:	300 kHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz	
Span:	6 MHz	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

Limits:

FCC	-/-	
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1049	-/-	
Occupied Bandwidth		
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band		

Results:

Occupied Bandwidth			
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	26 dB bandwidth (kHz)	
1852.4	4557 4677		
1880.0	4557 4677		
1907.6	4557 4677		
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz		

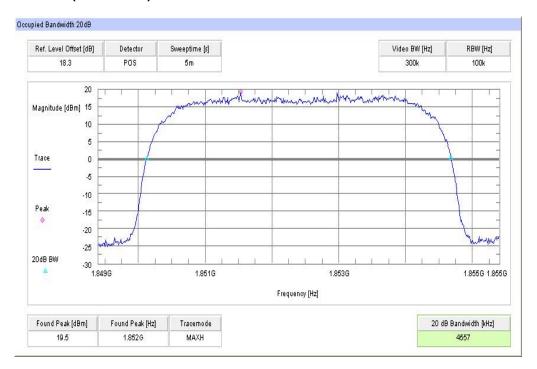
Result: Passed

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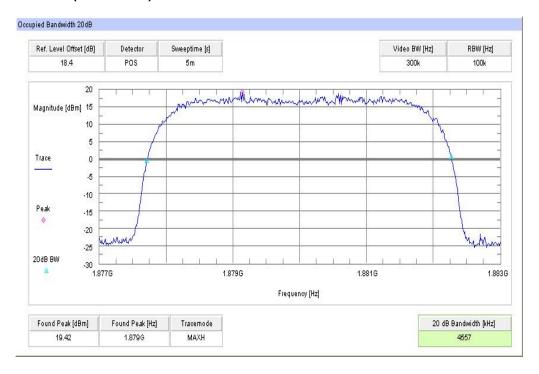


Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 9262 (99% - OBW)



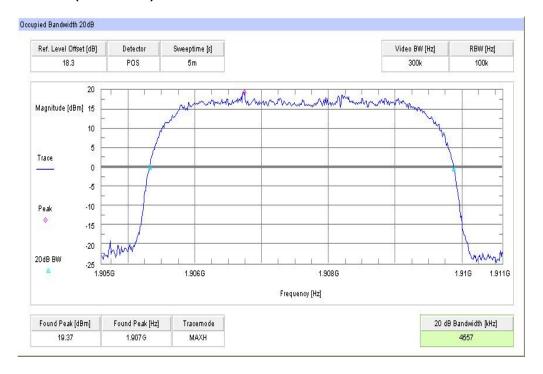
Plot 2: Channel 9400 (99% - OBW)



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Plot 3: Channel 9538 (99% - OBW)



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8.5 Results UMTS band IV

All UMTS-band measurements are done in WCDMA mode only.
The connection was established with the following setup: WCDMA CS-RMC, Max Power (All Bit up)

8.5.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)		
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	10 MHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	10 MHz		
Span:	Zero Span		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

FCC	-/-		
CFR Part 27.1101 CFR Part 2.1046			
Nominal Peak Output Power			
+30.00 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.			

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Results:

Output Power (conducted) WCDMA mode				
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) Peak to Average Ratio (dB)			
1712.4	21.8	3.4		
1732.4	22.2	3.3		
1752.6	21.7	2.9		
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB			

Output Power (radiated) WCDMA mode				
Frequency (MHz)	Hz) Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP			
1712.4	21.7			
1732.4	23.3			
1752.6	22.8			
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB			

Result: Passed

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8.5.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
- 3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom} , connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 1412 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom} . Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max} , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters		
Detector:		
Sweep time:		
Video bandwidth:	Measured with CMU200	
Resolution bandwidth:	Measured with CMO200	
Span:		
Trace-Mode:		

Limits:

FCC	-/-		
CFR Part 27.54 CFR Part 2.1055	-/-		
Frequency Stability			
± 2.5 ppm			

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Results:

AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	4	0.00000023	0.0023
3.4	4	0.00000023	0.0023
3.5	4	0.00000023	0.0023
3.6	4	0.00000023	0.0023
3.7	7	0.0000040	0.0040
3.8	5	0.00000029	0.0029
3.9	4	0.00000023	0.0023
4.0	3	0.0000017	0.0017
4.1	5	0.00000029	0.0029
4.2	4	0.00000023	0.0023
4.3	4	0.00000023	0.0023
4.4	4	0.00000023	0.0023

AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	3	0.0000017	0.0017
-20	5	0.00000029	0.0029
-10	5	0.00000029	0.0029
± 0	4	0.00000023	0.0023
10	6	0.0000035	0.0035
20	9	0.0000052	0.0052
30	5	0.00000029	0.0029
40	4	0.00000023	0.0023
50	3	0.0000017	0.0017
60	5	0.00000029	0.0029

Result: Passed

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8.5.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1755 MHz. To cover this measurement is made up to 25 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 27.53. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the UMTS band IV.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters							
Detector:	Peak						
Sweep time:	2 sec.						
	below 150 kHz:	200 Hz					
Video bandwidth:	150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz:	9 kHz					
	30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz:	100 kHz					
	Above 1 GHz:	1 MHz					
	below 150 kHz:	200 Hz					
Resolution bandwidth:	150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz:	9 kHz					
	30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz:	100 kHz					
	Above 1 GHz:	1 MHz					
Span:	100 MHz Steps						
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold						

Limits:

FCC	-/-						
CFR Part 27.53(g) CFR Part 2.1053	-/-						
Spurious Emissions Radiated							
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)							
-13 dBm							

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Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the UMTS band IV (1712.4 MHz, 1732.4 MHz and 1752.6 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the UMTS band IV into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.

The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

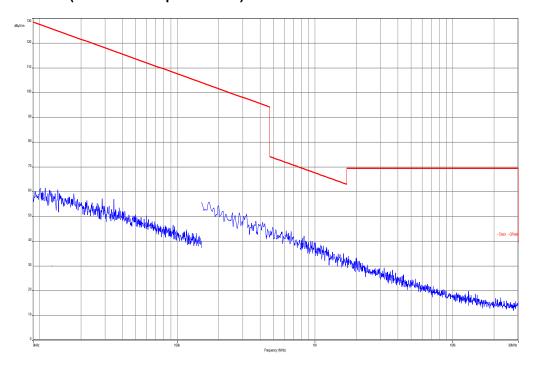
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)										
Harmonic	Ch. 1312 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 1 Freq. (Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 1513 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	
2	3424.8	No peaks detected.	2	346	4.8	No peaks detected.	2	3505.2	No peaks detected.	
3	5137.2		3	519	7.2		3	5257.8		
4	6849.6		4	692	9.6		4	7010.4		
5	8562.0		5	866	2.0		5	8763.0		
6	10274.4		6	1039	94.4		6	10515.6		
7	11986.8		7	1212	26.8		7	12268.2		
8	13699.2		8	1385	3859.2		8	14020.8		
9	15411.6		9	1559	91.6		9	15773.4		
10	17124.0		10	1732	24.0		10	17526.0		
Measurement uncertainty				± 3dB						

Result: Passed

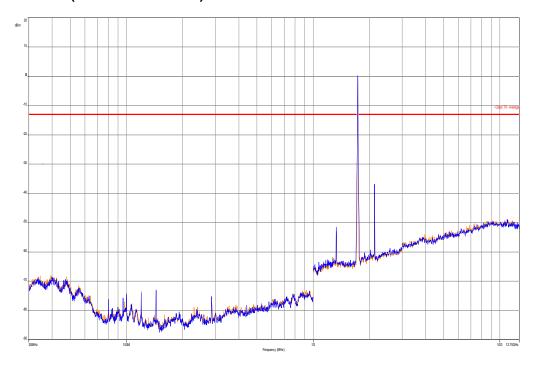
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Plot 1: Channel 1412 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



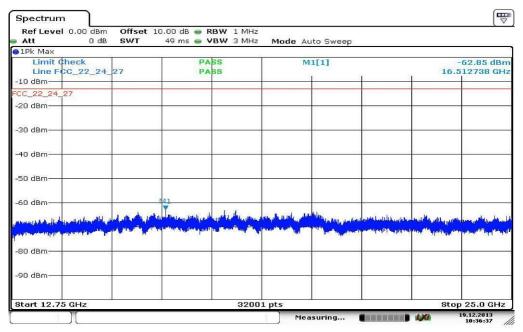
Plot 2: Channel 1412 (30 MHz - 12.75 GHz)



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Plot 3: Channel 1412 (12 GHz - 25 GHz)



Date: 19.DEC.2013 10:36:37

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8.5.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

- 1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 17.6 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 25 GHz.
- 2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

UMTS band IV Transmitter Channel Frequency

1312 1712.4 MHz

1412 1732.4 MHz

1513 1752.6 MHz

Measurement:

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	Peak	
Sweep time:	Auto	
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz	
Span:	10 MHz – 25 GHz	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

Limits:

FCC	-/-	
CFR Part 27.53(g) CFR Part 2.1053	-/-	
Spurious Emissions Conducted		
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)		
-13 dBm		

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Results:

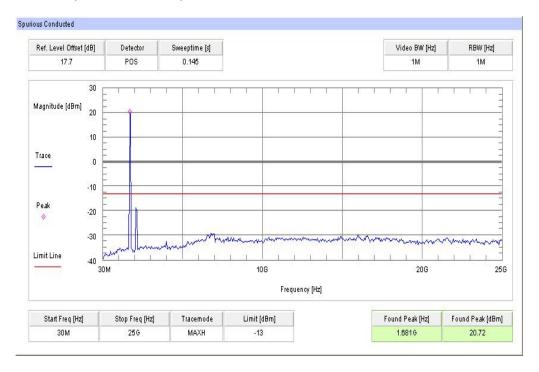
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)									
Harmonic	Ch. 1312 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 141 Freq. (Mh		Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 1513 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3424.8		2	3464.8	8		2	3505.2	
3	5137.2		3	5197.2	2		3	5257.8	
4	6849.6		4	6929.0	6		4	7010.4	
5	8562.0	No	5	8662.0	0	No	5	8763.0	No
6	10274.4	emissions detected.	6	10394.	.4	emissions detected.	6	10515.6	emissions detected.
7	11986.8	detected.	7	12126.	.8	detected.	7	12268.2	detected.
8	13699.2		8	13859.	.2		8	14020.8	
9	15411.6		9	15591.	.6		9	15773.4	
10	17124.0		10	17324.	.0		10	17526.0	
	Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB			

Result: Passed

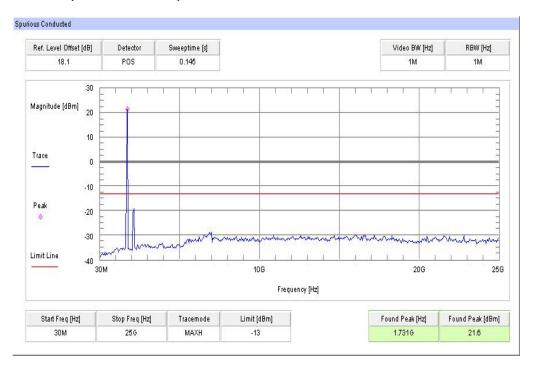
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Plot 1: Channel 1312 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



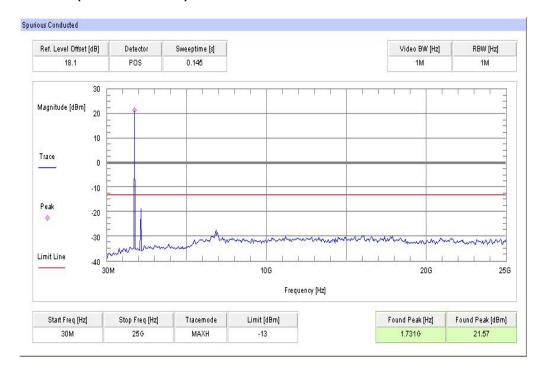
Plot 2: Channel 1412 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



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Plot 3: Channel 1513 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



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8.5.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	RMS	
Sweep time:	20 sec.	
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz	
Span:	1 MHz	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

Limits:

FCC	-/-
CFR Part 27.53(g) CFR Part 2.1053	-/-

Block Edge Compliance

Part 27.53 specifies that "the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB."

However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used:

"An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of 10 Log (RBW1/ RBW2) to the 43 +10 log(P) limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz."

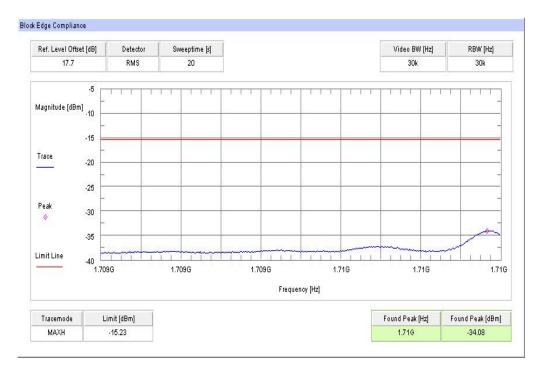
When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -2.2185 adjustment to the limit [10 log(30kHz/50kHz) = -2.2185]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -15.2185.

-15.22 dBm

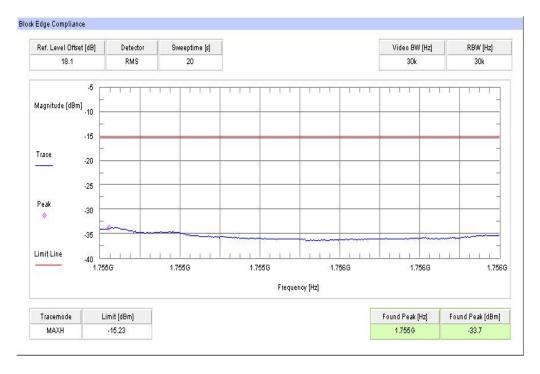
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Plot 1: Channel 1312



Plot 2: Channel 1513



Result: Passed

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8.5.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the UMTS band IV frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and 26 dB occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 27.53 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 4700 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 50 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 100 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	Peak	
Sweep time:	Auto	
Video bandwidth:	300 kHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz	
Span:	6 MHz	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

Limits:

FCC	-/-	
CFR Part 27.53(g) CFR Part 2.1053	-/-	
Occupied Bandwidth		
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band		

Results:

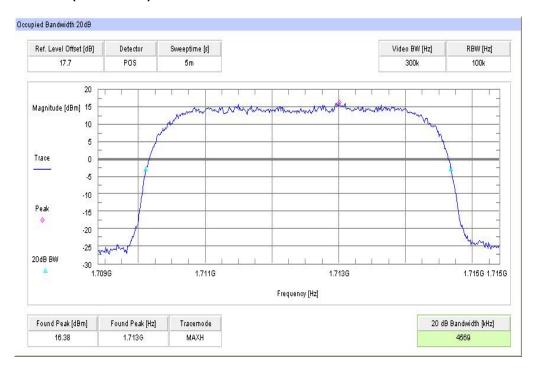
Occupied Bandwidth		
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	26 dB bandwidth
1712.4	4569	4677
1732.4	4569	4677
1752.6	4569	4665
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz	

Result: Passed

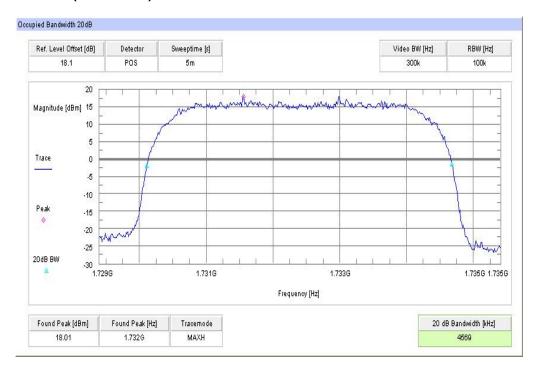
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Plot 1: Channel 1312 (99% - OBW)



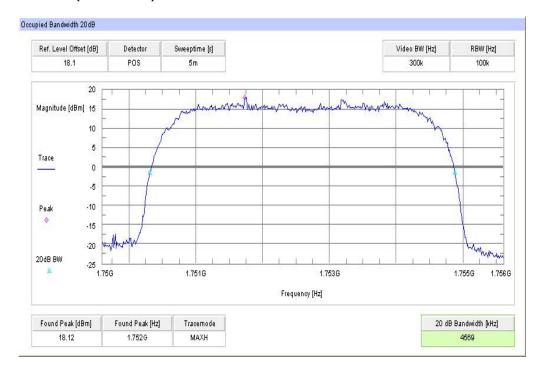
Plot 2: Channel 1412 (99% - OBW)



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Plot 3: Channel 1513 (99% - OBW)



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8.6 Results UMTS band V

All UMTS-band measurements are done in WCDMA mode only. The connection was established with the following setup: WCDMA CS-RMC, Max Power (All Bit up)

8.6.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and ERP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)	
Sweep time:	Auto	
Video bandwidth:	10 MHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	10 MHz	
Span:	Zero Span	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

Limits:

FCC	-/-	
CFR Part 22.913 CFR Part 2.1046	-/-	
Nominal Peak Output Power		
+38.45 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.		

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Results:

Output Power (conducted) WCDMA mode		
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)
826.4	23.6	3.3
836.0	23.7	3.4
846.6	23.6	3.0
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (radiated) WCDMA mode		
Frequency (MHz) Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP		
826.4	17.9	
836.0	18.8	
846.6	18.7	
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB	

Result: Passed

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8.6.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
- 3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom} , connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 4180 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom} . Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max} , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters				
Detector:				
Sweep time:				
Video bandwidth:	Measured with CMU200			
Resolution bandwidth:	Measured with CMO200			
Span:				
Trace-Mode:				

Limits:

FCC	-/-			
CFR Part 22.355 CFR Part 2.1055	-/-			
Frequency Stability				
± 0.1 ppm				

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Results:

AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	-3	-0.0000036	-0.0036
3.4	-3	-0.00000036	-0.0036
3.5	3	0.0000036	0.0036
3.6	3	0.0000036	0.0036
3.7	-4	-0.00000048	-0.0048
3.8	-2	-0.00000024	-0.0024
3.9	-2	-0.00000024	-0.0024
4.0	2	0.00000024	0.0024
4.1	4	0.0000048	0.0048
4.2	5	0.00000060	0.0060
4.3	4	0.0000048	0.0048
4.4	-3	-0.00000036	-0.0036

AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-2	-0.00000024	-0.0024
-20	-4	-0.00000048	-0.0048
-10	-3	-0.00000036	-0.0036
± 0	-2	-0.00000024	-0.0024
10	-3	-0.00000036	-0.0036
20	-3	-0.00000036	-0.0036
30	-3	-0.00000036	-0.0036
40	-1	-0.00000012	-0.0012
50	-2	-0.00000024	-0.0024
60	-5	-0.00000060	-0.0060

Result: Passed

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8.6.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 846.6 MHz. To cover this measurement is made up to 12.75 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 22.917. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the UMTS band V.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters						
Detector:	Peak					
Sweep time:	2 sec.					
Video bandwidth:	below 150 kHz: 150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz: 30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz: Above 1 GHz:	200 Hz 9 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz				
Resolution bandwidth:	below 150 kHz: 150 kHz ≤ f < 30 MHz: 30 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz: Above 1 GHz:	200 Hz 9 kHz 100 kHz 1 MHz				
Span:	100 MHz Steps					
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold					

Limits:

FCC	-/-			
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1053	-/-			
Spurious Emissions Radiated				
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)				
-13 dBm				

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Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the UMTS band V (826.4 MHz, 836.0 MHz and 846.6 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the UMTS band V into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.

The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

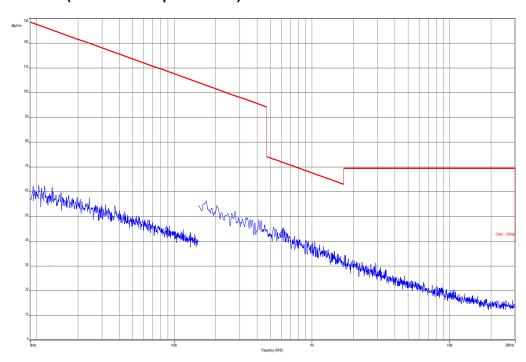
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)									
Harmonic	Ch. 4132 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4 Freq. (Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4233 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1652.8		2	167	2.0		2	1693.2	
3	2479.2		3	250	8.0		3	2539.8	
4	3305.6		4	334	4.0		4	3386.4	
5	4132.0	No	5	418	0.0	No	5	4233.0	No
6	4958.4	No emissions detected.	6	501	6.0	No emissions detected.	6	5079.6	No emissions detected.
7	5784.8	detected.	7	585	2.0	detected.	7	5926.2	detected.
8	6611.2		8	668	8.0		8	6772.8	
9	7437.6		9	752	4.0		9	7619.4	
10	8264.0		10	836	0.0		10	8466.0	
	Measurement uncertainty						± 3dB		

Result: Passed

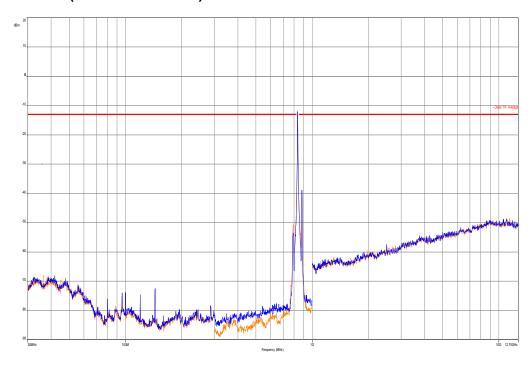
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Plot 1: Channel 4180 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



Plot 2: Channel 4180 (30 MHz - 12.75 GHz)



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8.6.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

- 1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 9 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 25 GHz.
- 2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

UMTS band V Transmitter Channel Frequency 4132 826.4 MHz 4180 836.0 MHz 4233 846.6 MHz

Measurement:

Measurement parameters					
Detector:	Peak				
Sweep time:	Auto				
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz				
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz				
Span:	10 MHz – 25 GHz				
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold				

Limits:

FCC	-/-			
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-			
Spurious Emissions Conducted				
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)				
-13 dBm				

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Results:

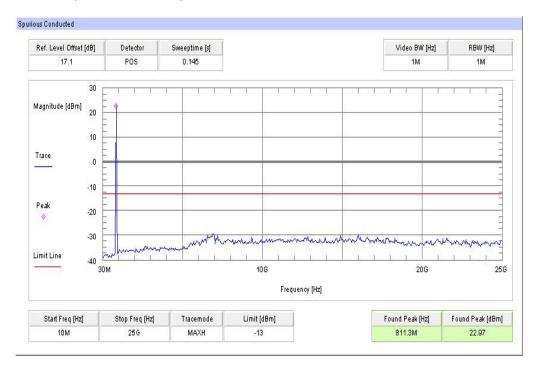
	Spurious Emission Level (dBm)							
Harmonic	Ch. 4132 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4180 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4233 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1652.8		2	1672.0		2	1693.2	
3	2479.2		3	2508.0		3	2539.8	
4	3305.6		4	3344.0		4	3386.4	
5	4132.0	No	5	4180.0	No	5	4233.0	No
6	4958.4	emissions detected.	6	5016.0	emissions detected.	6	5079.6	emissions detected.
7	5784.8	detected.	7	5852.0	detected.	7	5926.2	detected.
8	6611.2		8	6688.0		8	6772.8	
9	7437.6		9	7524.0		9	7619.4	
10	8264.0		10	8360.0		10	8466.0	
	Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB		

Result: Passed

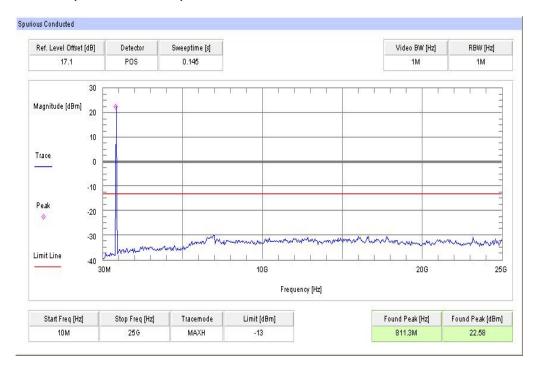
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Plot 1: Channel 4132 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



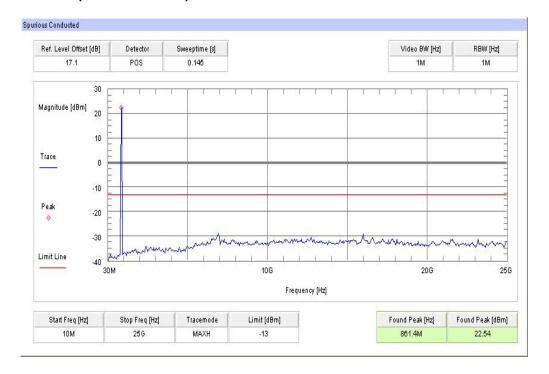
Plot 2: Channel 4180 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



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Plot 3: Channel 4233 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



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8.6.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters				
Detector:	RMS			
Sweep time:	20 sec.			
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz			
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz			
Span:	1 MHz			
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold			

Limits:

FCC	-/-
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-

Block Edge Compliance

Part 22.917 specifies that "the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB."

However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used:

"An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of 10 Log (RBW1/ RBW2) to the 43 +10 log(P) limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz."

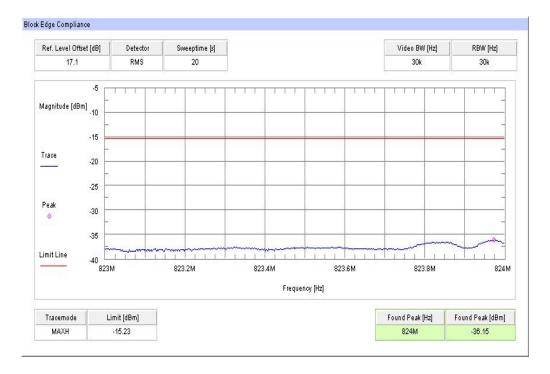
When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -2.2185 adjustment to the limit [10 log(30kHz/50kHz) = -2.2185]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -15.2185.

-15.22 dBm

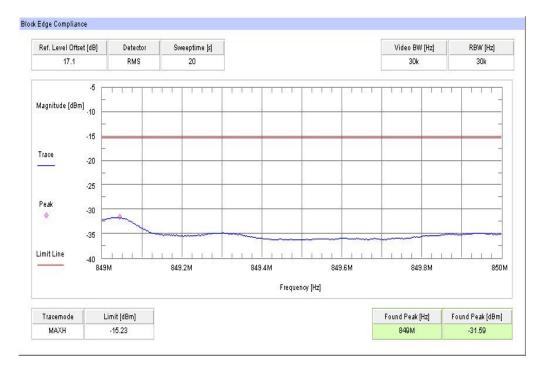
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Plot 1: Channel 4132



Plot 2: Channel 4233



Result: Passed

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8.6.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the UMTS band V. The table below lists the measured 99% power and 26 dB occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 22.917 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 4700 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 50 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 100 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	Peak		
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	300 kHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz		
Span:	6 MHz		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

Limits:

FCC	-/-			
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1049	-/-			
Occupied Bandwidth				
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band				

Results:

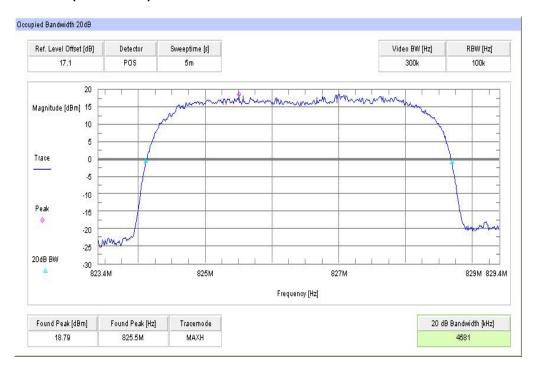
Occupied Bandwidth					
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	26 dB bandwidth			
826.4	4581	4689			
836.0	4569	4677			
846.6	4557	4677			
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz				

Result: Passed

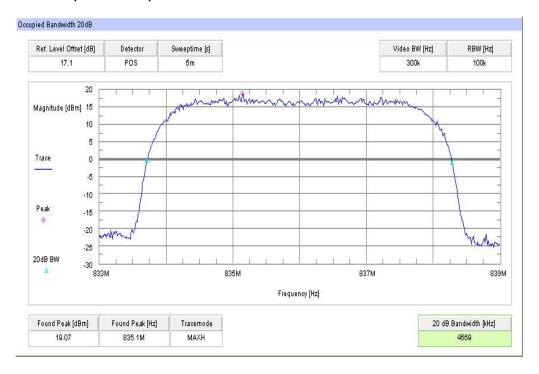
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Plot 1: Channel 4132 (99% - OBW)



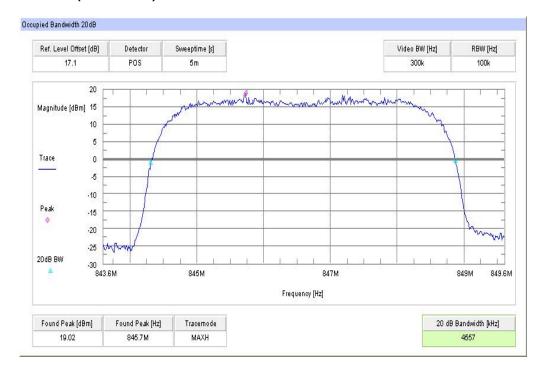
Plot 2: Channel 4180 (99% - OBW)



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Plot 3: Channel 4233 (99% - OBW)



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9 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, rf-generating and signalling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Labor/Item).

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufact.	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	n. a.	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	8812-3088	300001032	vIKI!	08.05.2013	08.05.2015
2	n. a.	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev		
3	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP Meßtechnik	*	300000199	ne		
4	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP Meßtechnik	2719A15013	300001156	ne		
5	9	Isolating Transformer	MPL IEC625 Bus Regeltrennt ravo	Erfi	91350	300001155	ne		
6	n. a.	Three-Way Power Splitter, 50 Ohm	11850C	HP Meßtechnik		300000997	ne		
7	90	Active Loop Antenna 10 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	Kontron Psychotech	8905-2342	300000256	k	13.06.2013	13.06.2015
8	n. a.	Amplifier	js42- 00502650- 28-5a	Parzich GMBH	928979	300003143	ne		
9	n. a.	Band Reject filter	WRCG185 5/1910- 1835/1925- 40/8SS	Wainwright	7	300003350	ev		
10	n. a.	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbe ck	371	300003854	vIKI!	14.10.2011	14.10.2014
11	n. a.	MXE EMI Receiver 20 Hz bis 26,5 GHz	N9038A	Agilent Technologi es	MY51210197	300004405	k	21.02.2013	21.02.2014
12	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP Meßtechnik	2605e08770	300001443	ne		
13	n. a.	Signal Analyzer 20Hz-26,5GHz- 150 to + 30 DBM	FSiQ26	R&S	835111/0004	300002678	Ve	15.01.2013	15.01.2015
14	n. a.	Power Supply 0-20V; 0-5A	6632B	HP	US37478366	400000117	vIKI!	20.08.2012	20.08.2014
15	n. a.	Temperature Test Chamber	VT 4002	Heraeus Voetsch	521/83761	300002326	Ve	26.09.2013	26.09.2015
16	11b	Microwave System Amplifier, 0.5- 26.5 GHz	83017A	HP Meßtechnik	00419	300002268	ev		
17	A026	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 12.4 to 18.0 GHz	639	Narda	8402	300000787	k	22.07.2013	22.07.2015
18	A029	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0 to 26.5 GHz	638	Narda	8205	300002442	k	19.07.2013	19.07.2015
19	n. a.	Universal Communication Tester	CMU200	R&S	103992	300003231	vIKI!	21.08.2012	21.08.2014
20	n. a.	Universal Communication Tester	CMU200	R&S	106240	300003321	vlKl!	13.06.2013	13.06.2015

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Agenda: Kind of Calibration

calibration / calibrated k ΕK limited calibration not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required) cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance) ne ZW periodic self verification ev izw internal cyclical maintenance Ve long-term stability recognized blocked for accredited testing g vlkl! Attention: extended calibration interval *) next calibration ordered / currently in progress NK! Attention: not calibrated

10 Observations

No observations exceeding those reported with the single test cases have been made.

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Annex A Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
	Initial release	2014-01-15
А	Canada removed / EUT name changed	2014-01-22

Annex B Further information

Glossary

AVG - Average

DUT - Device under test

EMC - Electromagnetic Compatibility

EN - European Standard
EUT - Equipment under test

ETSI - European Telecommunications Standard Institute

FCC - Federal Communication Commission

FCC ID - Company Identifier at FCC

HW - Hardware

IC - Industry Canada
Inv. No. - Inventory number
N/A - Not applicable
PP - Positive peak
QP - Quasi peak
S/N - Serial number
SW - Software

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Annex C Accreditation Certificate



Note:

The current certificate including annex is published on our website (see link below) or may be received from CETECOM ICT Services on request.

http://www.cetecom.com/eu/de/cetecom-group/europa/deutschland-saarbruecken/akkreditierungen.html

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