







#### **CETECOM ICT Services**

consulting - testing - certification >>>

# **TEST REPORT**

Test report no.: 1-4254/12-50-02-A



### **Testing laboratory**

#### **CETECOM ICT Services GmbH**

Untertuerkheimer Strasse 6 – 10 66117 Saarbruecken / Germany Phone: +49 681 5 98 - 0

Fax: + 49 681 5 98 - 0

Fax: + 49 681 5 98 - 9075

Internet: http://www.cetecom.com
ict@cetecom.com

### **Accredited Testing Laboratory:**

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with

the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-01 Area of Testing: Radio/Satellite Communications

### **Applicant**

#### Sony Mobile Communications AB

Nya Vattentornet 22188 Lund / SWEDEN Phone: +46 46 19 30 00 Fax: +46 46 19 32 95

Contact: Håkan Sjöberg e-mail: hakan.sjoberg@sonymobile.com

Phone: +46 46 19 35 59

#### Manufacturer

### Sony Mobile Communications AB

Nya Vattentornet 22188 Lund / SWEDEN

#### Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 22 Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I

Part 22 - Public mobile services

47 CFR Part 24 Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I

Part 24 - Personal communications services

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

#### Test Item

Kind of test item: GSM Mobile Phone GPRS/EGPRS 850/900/1800/1900; UMTS HSPA FDDI/V/VIII; LTE FDD

1/3/5/7/20; WLAN a/b/g/n; BT 3.1; RFID; FM Rx; A-GPS

Model name: PM-0060-BV

FCC ID: PY7PM-0060

IC: -/-

Frequency: GSM: 824.2 – 848.8 MHz, 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz

UMTS: 826.4 – 846.6 MHz

Technology tested: GSM, UMTS

Antenna: Integrated antenna

Power Supply: 3.7 V DC by Li-polymer battery

Temperature Range: -30°C to +60 °C

Test report authorised:

1.0.

2012-10-01 Stefan Bös

Senior Testing Manager

Test performed:

2012-10-01 Andreas Luckenbill



# Table of contents

1	Tab	le of o	contents	2							
2	General information										
_			otes and disclaimer								
	2.1 2.2		otes and disclaimeroplication details								
_		•	•								
3	Tes	t stan	ndard/s	3							
4	Tes	t envi	ironment	4							
5	Tes	t item	1								
	5.1	Ad	Iditional information								
6	Tes	t labo	pratories sub-contracted								
	Sun	nmary	y of measurement results	ŗ							
•	7.1	-	SM 850								
	7.1		SS 1900								
	7.3		MTS band V								
8	DE.	masei	urements	-							
0											
	8.1		escription of test setup								
		8.1.1 8.1.2									
	8.2		6P100 test report cover sheet / performance test dataFehler! Textmarke nicht def								
	8.3		esults GSM 850								
		8.3.1									
		8.3.2									
		8.3.3									
		8.3.4	· ·								
		8.3.5	· ·								
		8.3.6									
	8.4	Re	esults PCS 1900	32							
		8.4.1	RF output power	32							
		8.4.2									
		8.4.3									
		8.4.4									
		8.4.5	<b>5</b> 1								
		8.4.6									
	8.5		esults UMTS band V								
		8.5.1									
		8.5.2									
		8.5.3	·								
		8.5.4	· ·								
		8.5.5	<b>0</b> 1								
		8.5.6	·								
9	Tes	_	ipment and ancillaries used for tests								
10		Obse	ervations	75							
Ann	ex A	A [	Document history	76							
Ann	ex E	3 F	Further information	76							
۸nn	Anney C		Accreditation Cartificate	77							



### 2 General information

#### 2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CETECOM ICT Services GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of CETECOM ICT Services GmbH.

The testing service provided by CETECOM ICT Services GmbH has been rendered under the current "General Terms and Conditions for CETECOM ICT Services GmbH".

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH will not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from false, inaccurate, inappropriate or incomplete product information provided by the customer.

Under no circumstances does the CETECOM ICT Services GmbH test report include any endorsement or warranty regarding the functionality, quality or performance of any other product or service provided.

Under no circumstances does the CETECOM ICT Services GmbH test report include or imply any product or service warranties from CETECOM ICT Services GmbH, including, without limitation, any implied warranties of merchantability, fitness for purpose, or non-infringement, all of which are expressly disclaimed by CETECOM ICT Services GmbH.

All rights and remedies regarding vendor's products and services for which CETECOM ICT Services GmbH has prepared this test report shall be provided by the party offering such products or services and not by CETECOM ICT Services GmbH.

In no case this test report can be considered as a Letter of Approval.

### 2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order: 2012-09-05
Date of receipt of test item: 2012-09-06
Start of test: 2012-09-06
End of test: 2012-09-14

Person(s) present during the test: -/-

#### 3 Test standard/s

Test standard	Date	Test standard description
47 CFR Part 22	2010-10	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I Part 22 - Public mobile services
47 CFR Part 24	2010-10	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I Part 24 - Personal communications services

2012-10-01 Page 3 of 77



### 4 Test environment

 $T_{nom}$  +22 °C during room temperature tests

Temperature:  $T_{max}$  +60 °C during high temperature tests

T<sub>min</sub> -30 °C during low temperature tests

Relative humidity content: 46 %

Barometric pressure: not relevant for this kind of testing

 $V_{\text{nom}}$  3.7 V DC by Li-polymer battery

Power supply:  $V_{max}$  4.4 V

 $V_{min}$  3.3 V

### 5 Test item

Kind of test item :		GSM Mobile Phone GPRS/EGPRS 850/900/1800/1900; UMTS HSPA FDDI/V/VIII; LTE FDD 1/3/5/7/20; WLAN a/b/g/n; BT 3.1; RFID; FM Rx; A-GPS				
Type identification	:	PM-0060-BV				
C/N carial number	_	Radiated units: CB5A1KT6B1, CB5A1KTGW4				
S/N serial number	:	Conducted units: CB5A1KT6BM, CB5A1KT6BW				
HW hardware status	:	AP1.1				
SW software status	:	9.0.D.0.164, s_atp_tsubasa_2_0_s				
Fraguency band [MUz]		GSM: 824.2 – 848.8 MHz, 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz				
Frequency band [MHz]	•	UMTS: 826.4 – 846.6 MHz				
Type of modulation	:	GMSK, 8-PSK, QPSK				
Antenna :		Integrated antenna				
Power supply :		3.7 V DC by Li-polymer battery				
Temperature range	:	-30°C to +60 °C				

### 5.1 Additional information

Test setup - and EUT - photos are included in test report 1-4254/12-50-03

### 6 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

2012-10-01 Page 4 of 77



7 Summar	of measuremen	t results
----------	---------------	-----------

$\boxtimes$	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained

TC identifier	Description	verdict	date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 22, 24	passed	2012-10-01	-/-

# 7.1 GSM 850

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	$\boxtimes$				-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal					-/-

Note: NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

# 7.2 PCS 1900

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	$\boxtimes$				-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	$\boxtimes$				-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal					-/-

**Note:** NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

2012-10-01 Page 5 of 77



# 7.3 UMTS band V

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	$\boxtimes$				-/-
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	$\boxtimes$				-/-
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal					-/-
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal					-/-

 $\underline{\text{Note:}}$  NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

2012-10-01 Page 6 of 77



### 8 RF measurements

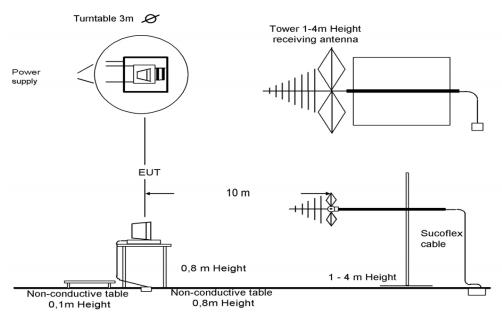
### 8.1 Description of test setup

For the spurious measurements we use the substitution method according TIA/EIA 603.

#### 8.1.1 Radiated measurements

The radiated emissions from the EUT are performed in a semi anechoic chamber. The EUT is placed on a conductive turntable and powered with nominal voltage. The signalling is performed either from outside the chamber with a signalling unit (AP or other) by air link using a signalling antenna or directly by special test software from the customer.

#### Semi anechoic chamber



Picture 1: Diagram radiated measurements

9 kHz - 30 MHz: active loop antenna

30 MHz – 1 GHz: tri-log antenna

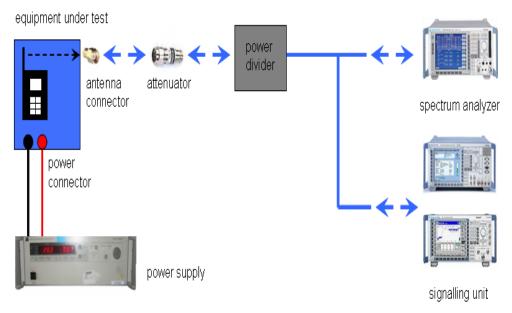
> 1 GHz: horn antenna

2012-10-01 Page 7 of 77



### 8.1.2 Conducted measurements

The EUT's RF signal is coupled out by the antenna connector which is supplied by the manufacturer. The signal is first 10dB attenuated before it is power divided (~6dB loss per branch). One of the signal paths is connected to the signalling unit (AP or other), the other one is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The specific losses for both signal paths are first checked within a calibration. The measurement readings on the signalling unit/spectrum analyzer are corrected by the specific test set-up loss. The attenuator, power divider, signalling unit and the spectrum analyzer are impedance matched on 50 Ohm. If special software is used, there is no power divider necessary.



Picture 2: Diagram conducted measurements

The term measuring receiver refers to either a selective voltmeter or a spectrum analyser.

Frequency being measured	Measuring receiver bandwidth	Spectrum analyser bandwidth				
f	6 dB	3dB				
f < 150 kHz	200 Hz or	300 Hz				
150 kHz ≤ f < 25 MHz	9 kHz or	10 kHz				
25 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	120 kHz or	100 kHz				
1000 MHz ≤ f 1 MHz						
NOTE: Specific requirements in	CEPT/ERC/Recommendation 70-03 [2]	shall be applied where applicable.				

2012-10-01 Page 8 of 77



### 8.2 Results GSM 850

All GSM-band measurements are done in GSM mode only (circuit switched).

All relevant tests have been repeated using 8-PSK modulation if EDGE mode is supported. All tests were performed with one timeslot in uplink activated and one timeslot in downlink activated. For each mode the highest output power was determined and used.

### 8.2.1 RF output power

#### **Description:**

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and ERP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

#### **Measurement:**

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

Measurement parameters						
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)					
Sweep time:	Auto					
Video bandwidth:	1 MHz					
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz					
Span:	Zero Span					
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold					

#### Limits:

FCC	IC				
CFR Part 22.913 CFR Part 2.1046	-/-				
Nominal Peak Output Power					
+38.45 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.					

2012-10-01 Page 9 of 77



## Results:

Output Power (conducted) GMSK mode					
Frequency (MHz)	requency (MHz)  Average Output Power (dBm)  Peak to Average Ratio (d				
824.2	32.17 0.45				
836.4	32.15 0.39				
848.8	32.01 0.35				
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB				

Output Power (conducted) 8-PSK mode						
Frequency (MHz)	cy (MHz) Average Output Power (dBm) Peak to Average Ratio (dB)					
824.2	27.69 2.96					
836.4	27.45 3.06					
848.8	27.36 3.22					
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB					

Output Power (radiated) GMSK mode				
Frequency (MHz) Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP				
824.2	30.14			
836.4	30.68			
848.8	31.76			
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB			

Output Power (radiated) 8-PSK mode				
Frequency (MHz)	Frequency (MHz) Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP			
824.2	25.66			
836.4	25.98			
848.8	27.11			
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB			

Result: Passed

2012-10-01 Page 10 of 77



### 8.2.2 Frequency stability

### **Description:**

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
- 3. With the mobile station, powered with  $V_{\text{nom}}$ , connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 189 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with  $V_{nom}$ . Vary supply voltage from  $V_{min}$  to  $V_{max}$ , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at  $V_{nom}$  for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

#### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameters				
Detector:				
Sweep time:				
Video bandwidth:	Measured with CMU200			
Resolution bandwidth:	Measured with CMO200			
Span:				
Trace-Mode:				

#### Limits:

FCC	IC			
CFR Part 22.355 CFR Part 2.1055	-/-			
Frequency Stability				
± 2.5 ppm				

2012-10-01 Page 11 of 77



### Results:

### **AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE**

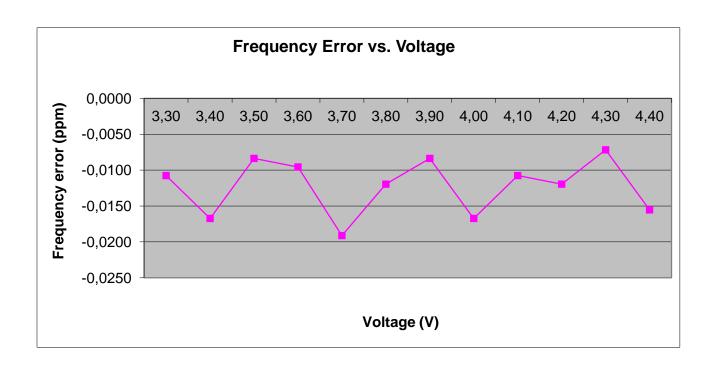
Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)	
3.3	-9	-0,00000108	-0,0108	
3.4	-14	-0,00000167	-0,0167	
3.5	-7	-0,00000084	-0,0084	
3.6	-8	-0,00000096	-0,0096	
3.7	-16	-0,00000191	-0,0191	
3.8	-10	-0,00000120	-0,0120	
3.9	-7	-0,00000084	-0,0084	
4.0	-14	-0,00000167	-0,0167	
4.1	-9	-0,00000108	-0,0108	
4.2	-10	-0,00000120	-0,0120	
4.3	-6	-0,00000072	-0,0072	
4.4	-13	-0,00000155	-0,0155	

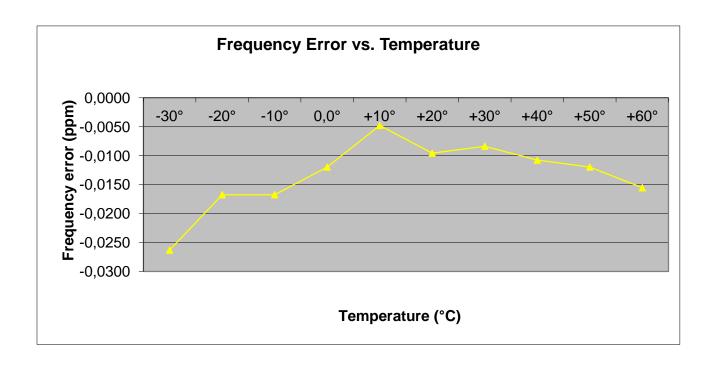
### AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-22	-0,00000263	-0,0263
-20	-14	-0,00000167	-0,0167
-10	-14	-0,00000167	-0,0167
± 0	-10	-0,00000120	-0,0120
10	-4	-0,00000048	-0,0048
20	-8	-0,00000096	-0,0096
30	-7	-0,00000084	-0,0084
40	-9	-0,00000108	-0,0108
50	-10	-0,00000120	-0,0120
60	-13	-0,00000155	-0,0155

2012-10-01 Page 12 of 77







Result: Passed

2012-10-01 Page 13 of 77



### 8.2.3 Spurious emissions radiated

#### **Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 848.8 MHz. This was rounded up to 12 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 22.917. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the GSM-850 band.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

#### Measurement:

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	Peak		
Sweep time:	2 sec.		
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz		
Span:	100 MHz Steps		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

#### Limits:

FCC	IC			
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1053	-/-			
Spurious Emissions Radiated				
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)				
-13 dBm				

2012-10-01 Page 14 of 77



#### **Results:**

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the GSM-850 band (824.2 MHz, 836.4 MHz and 848.8 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the GSM-850 band into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.

The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)									
Harmonic	Ch. 128 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 18 Freq (MHz	1.	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 251 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1648.4		2	1672	.8		2	1697.6	All detected emissions
3	2472.6		3	2509	.2	- All detected emissions	3	2546.4	
4	3296.8	All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit!	4	3345	.6		4	3395.2	
5	4121.0		5	4182	.0		5	4244.0	
6	4945.2		6	5018	.4	are more than 20	6	5092.8	are more than 20
7	5769.4		7	5854	.8	dB below the limit!	7	5941.6	dB below the limit!
8	6593.6	tile ilitiit:	8	6691	.2	uie iiiiii:	8	6790.4	trie illinit:
9	7417.8		9	7527	.6		9	7639.2	
10	8242.0		10	8364	.0		10	8488.0	
	Measurement uncertainty						± 3dB		

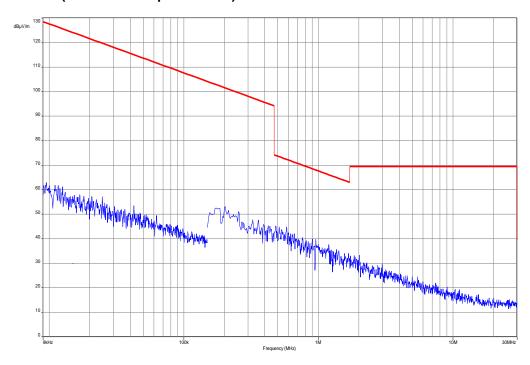
**Result: Passed** 

2012-10-01 Page 15 of 77

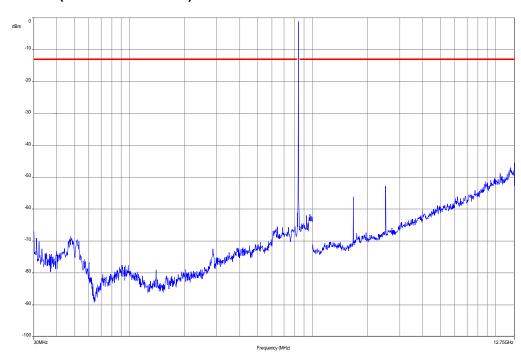


### Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 189 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



Plot 2: Channel 189 (30 MHz - 12.75 GHz)



2012-10-01 Page 16 of 77



## 8.2.4 Spurious emissions conducted

#### **Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

- 1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 9 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 12 GHz.
- 2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

GSM-850 Transmitter Channel Frequency

128 824.2 MHz

189 836.4 MHz

251 848.8 MHz

### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	Peak		
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz		
Span:	30 MHz – 25 GHz		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

#### Limits:

FCC	IC	
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-	
Spurious Emissions Conducted		
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)		
-13 dBm		

2012-10-01 Page 17 of 77



# Results:

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 128 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 189 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 251 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1648.4		2	1672.8		2	1697.6	
3	2472.6		3	2509.2		3	2546.4	
4	3296.8		4	3345.6		4	3395.2	
5	4121.0	No	5	4182.0	No	5	4244.0	No
6	4945.2	emissions	6	5018.4	emissions	6	5092.8	No emissions
7	5769.4	detected.	7	5854.8	detected.	7	5941.6	detected.
8	6593.6		8	6691.2		8	6790.4	
9	7417.8		9	7527.6		9	7639.2	
10	8242.0		10	8364.0		10	8488.0	
	Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB		

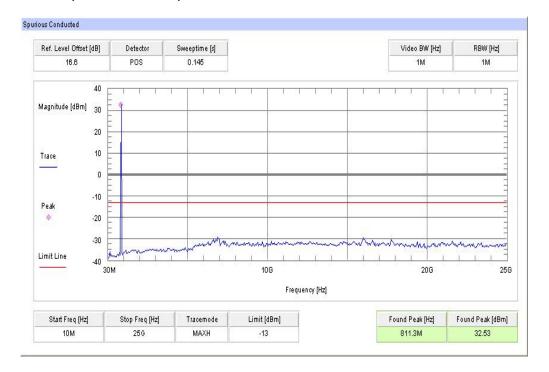
Result: Passed

2012-10-01 Page 18 of 77

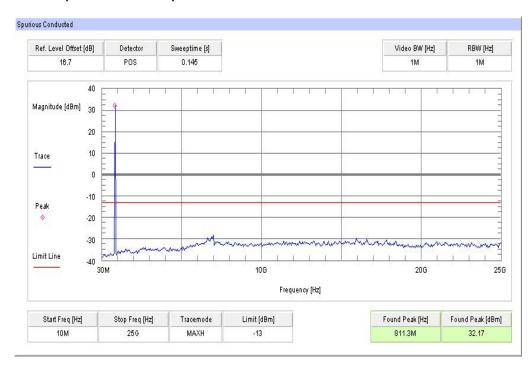


### Plots:

### Plot 1: Channel 128 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



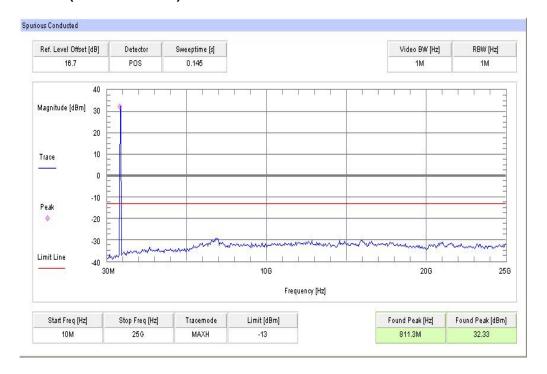
Plot 2: Channel 189 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



2012-10-01 Page 19 of 77



### Plot 3: Channel 251 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



2012-10-01 Page 20 of 77



# 8.2.5 Block edge compliance

### **Description:**

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

### Measurement:

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	RMS	
Sweep time:	Auto	
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz	
Span:	1 MHz	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

### Limits:

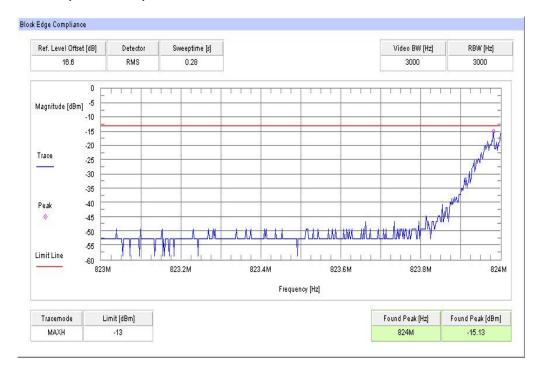
FCC	IC	
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-	
Block Edge Compliance		
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)		
-13 dBm		

2012-10-01 Page 21 of 77

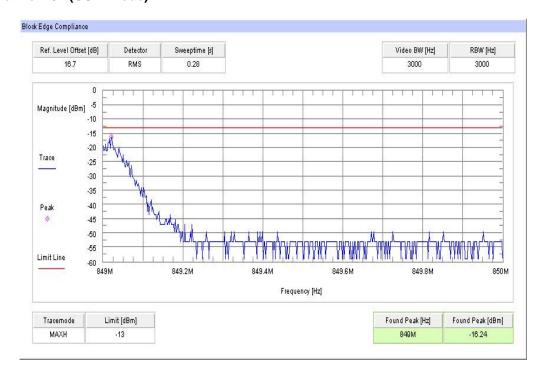


### Plots:

### Plot 1: Channel 128 (GSM-mode)



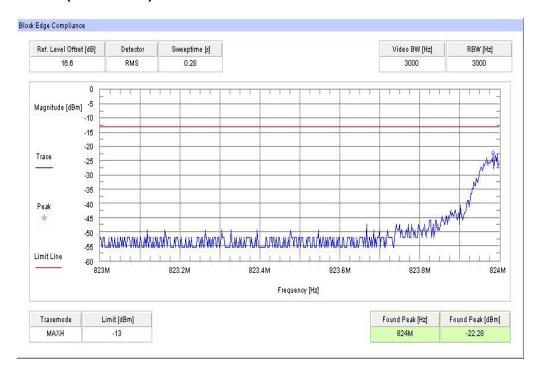
### Plot 2: Channel 251 (GSM-mode)



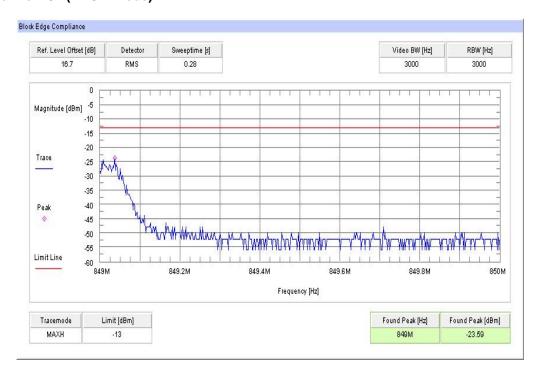
2012-10-01 Page 22 of 77



Plot 3: Channel 128 (EDGE-mode)



Plot 4: Channel 251 (EDGE-mode)



**Result: Passed** 

2012-10-01 Page 23 of 77



### 8.2.6 Occupied bandwidth

#### **Description:**

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

#### **Measurement:**

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the GSM-850 frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 22.917 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 300 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 3 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 3.0 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	Peak	
Sweep time:	Auto	
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz	
Span:	1 MHz	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

#### Limits:

FCC	IC	
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1049	-/-	
Occupied Bandwidth		
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band		

2012-10-01 Page 24 of 77



# Results:

Occupied Bandwidth - GMSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)	
824.2	275	319	
836.4	269	313	
848.8	283	317	
Measurement uncertainty	± 3 kHz		

Occupied Bandwidth - EDGE mode			
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)	
824.2	275	309	
836.4	273	307	
848.8	277	299	
Measurement uncertainty	± 3 kHz		

Result: Passed

2012-10-01 Page 25 of 77



### Plots:

### Plot 1: Channel 128 (99% - OBW)



### Plot 2: Channel 128 (-26 dBc BW)



2012-10-01 Page 26 of 77



Plot 3: Channel 189 (99% - OBW)



### Plot 4: Channel 189 (-26 dBc BW)



2012-10-01 Page 27 of 77



Plot 5: Channel 251 (99% - OBW)



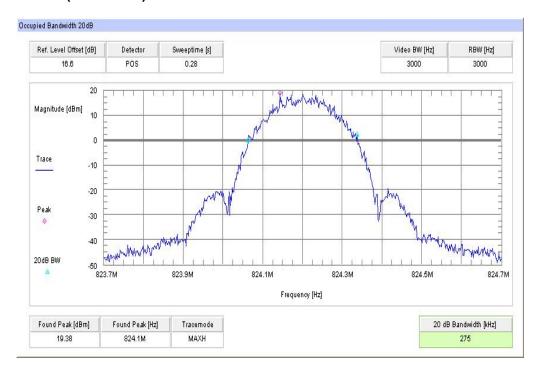
### Plot 6: Channel 251 (-26 dBc BW)



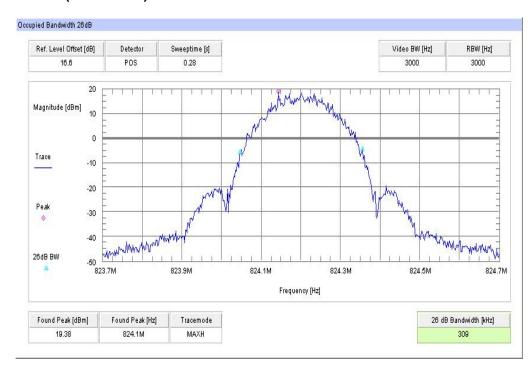
2012-10-01 Page 28 of 77



Plot 7: Channel 128 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



Plot 8: Channel 128 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



2012-10-01 Page 29 of 77



Plot 9: Channel 189 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



Plot 10: Channel 189 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



2012-10-01 Page 30 of 77



Plot 11: Channel 251 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



Plot 12: Channel 251 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



2012-10-01 Page 31 of 77



### 8.3 Results PCS 1900

All GSM-band measurements are done in GSM mode only (circuit switched).

All relevant tests have been repeated using 8-PSK modulation if EDGE mode is supported. All tests were performed with one timeslot in uplink activated and one timeslot in downlink activated. For each mode the highest output power was determined and used.

### 8.3.1 RF output power

#### **Description:**

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

#### **Measurement:**

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)	
Sweep time:	Auto	
Video bandwidth:	1 MHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz	
Span:	Zero Span	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

#### Limits:

FCC	IC	
CFR Part 24.232 CFR Part 2.1046	-/-	
Nominal Peak Output Power		
+33.00 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.		

2012-10-01 Page 32 of 77



### Results:

Output Power (conducted) GMSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)	
1850.2	30.29	0.19	
1880.0	30.12	0.15	
1909.8	30.72	0.32	
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB		

Output Power (conducted) 8-PSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Peak to Average Ratio (dB)	
1850.2	26.24	3.11	
1880.0	26.18	3.08	
1909.8	26.39	2.96	
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB		

Output Power (radiated) GMSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP		
1850.2	31.51		
1880.0	31.33		
1909.8	31.59		
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB		

Output Power (radiated) 8-PSK mode			
Frequency (MHz)	Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP		
1850.2	27.46		
1880.0	27.39		
1909.8	27.26		
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB		

Result: Passed

2012-10-01 Page 33 of 77



### 8.3.2 Frequency stability

#### **Description:**

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
- 3. With the mobile station, powered with  $V_{nom}$ , connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 661 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with  $V_{nom}$ . Vary supply voltage from  $V_{min}$  to  $V_{max}$ , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at  $V_{nom}$  for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

#### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameters				
Detector:				
Sweep time:	Macaurad with CMUOO			
Video bandwidth:				
Resolution bandwidth:	Measured with CMU200			
Span:				
Trace-Mode:				

#### Limits:

FCC	IC			
CFR Part 24.235 CFR Part 2.1055	-/-			
Frequency Stability				
The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.				

2012-10-01 Page 34 of 77



### Results:

### AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

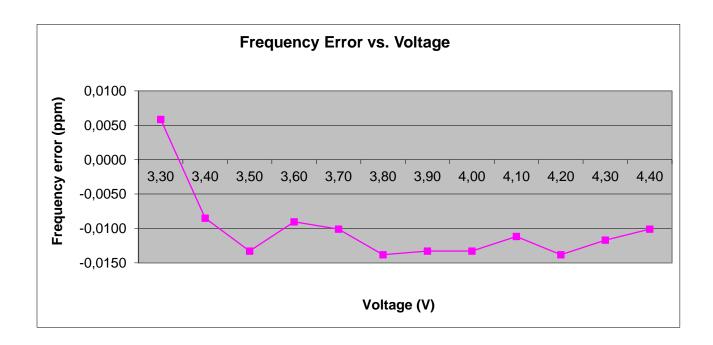
Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	11	0,0000059	0,0059
3.4	-16	-0,00000085	-0,0085
3.5	-25	-0,00000133	-0,0133
3.6	-17	-0,00000090	-0,0090
3.7	-19	-0,00000101	-0,0101
3.8	-26	-0,00000138	-0,0138
3.9	-25	-0,00000133	-0,0133
4.0	-25	-0,00000133	-0,0133
4.1	-21	-0,00000112	-0,0112
4.2	-26	-0,00000138	-0,0138
4.3	-22	-0,00000117	-0,0117
4.4	-19	-0,00000101	-0,0101

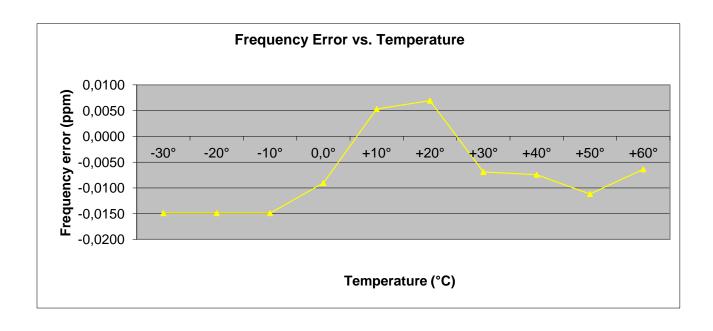
### AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-28	-0,00000149	-0,0149
-20	-28	-0,00000149	-0,0149
-10	-28	-0,00000149	-0,0149
± 0	-17	-0,00000090	-0,0090
10	10	0,0000053	0,0053
20	13	0,0000069	0,0069
30	-13	-0,00000069	-0,0069
40	-14	-0,00000074	-0,0074
50	-21	-0,00000112	-0,0112
60	-12	-0,00000064	-0,0064

2012-10-01 Page 35 of 77







Result: Passed

2012-10-01 Page 36 of 77



### 8.3.3 Spurious emissions radiated

#### **Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1910 MHz. This was rounded up to 20 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the PCS1900 band.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

#### Measurement:

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	Peak		
Sweep time:	2 sec.		
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz		
Span:	100 MHz Steps		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

#### Limits:

FCC	IC			
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1053	-/-			
Spurious Emissions Radiated				
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)				
-13 dBm				

2012-10-01 Page 37 of 77



### Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the PCS1900 band (1850.2 MHz, 1880.0 MHz and 1909.8 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the PCS1900 band into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.

The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

	SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 512 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 66 Freq. (M		Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 810 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3700.4		2	3760.	.0		2	3819.6	
3	5550.6		3	5640.	.0		3	5729.4	
4	7400.8		4	7520.	.0		4	7639.2	
5	9251.0	NI-	5	9400.	.0	No	5	9549.0	No
6	11101.2	No emissions detected.	6	11280	0.0	emissions detected.	6	11458.8	emissions detected.
7	12951.4	detected.	7	13160	0.0	detected.	7	13368.6	detected.
8	14801.6		8	15040	0.0		8	15278.4	
9	16651.8		9	16920	0.0		9	17188.2	
10	18502.0		10	18800	0.0		10	19098.0	
	Measurement uncertainty						± 3dB		

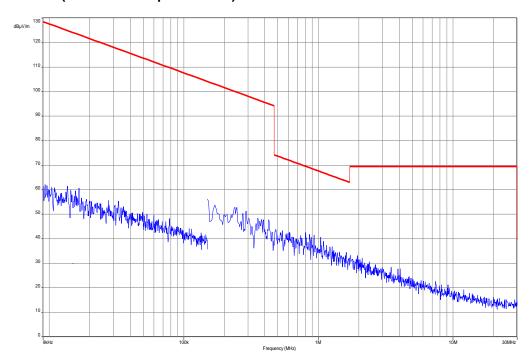
**Result: Passed** 

2012-10-01 Page 38 of 77

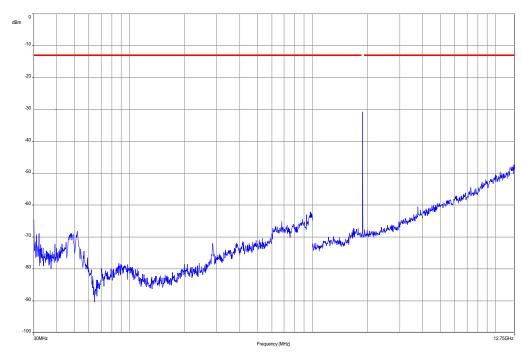


## Plots:

## Plot 1: Channel 661 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



Plot 2: Channel 661 (30 MHz - 12.75 GHz)

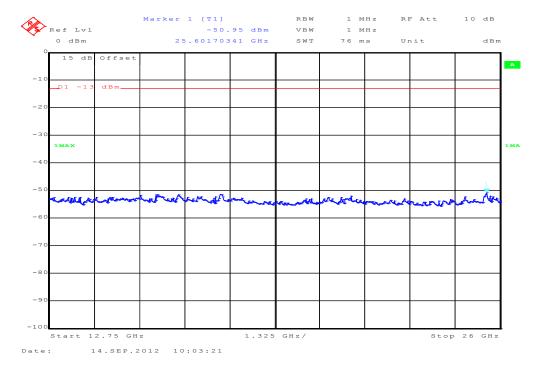


Carrier notched with 1.9 GHz rejection filter

2012-10-01 Page 39 of 77



## Plot 3: Channel 661 (12.75 GHz - 25 GHz)



2012-10-01 Page 40 of 77



# 8.3.4 Spurious emissions conducted

### **Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

- 1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 20 GHz.
- 2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

PCS1900 Transmitter Channel Frequency

512 1850.2 MHz

661 1880.0 MHz

810 1909.8 MHz

### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameters				
Detector:	Peak			
Sweep time:	Auto			
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz			
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz			
Span:	30 MHz – 25 GHz			
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold			

#### Limits:

FCC	IC			
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-			
Spurious Emissions Conducted				
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)				
-13 dBm				

2012-10-01 Page 41 of 77



# Results:

	SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 512 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 6 Freq. (N		Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 810 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3700.4		2	3760	0.0		2	3819.6	
3	5550.6		3	5640	0.0		3	5729.4	
4	7400.8		4	7520	0.0		4	7639.2	
5	9251.0	No emissions	5	9400	0.0	No	5	9549.0	0 No
6	11101.2		6	1128	0.0	No emissions detected.	6	11458.8	emissions detected.
7	12951.4	detected.	7	1316	0.0	detected.	7	13368.6	detected.
8	14801.6		8	15040	0.0		8	15278.4	
9	16651.8		9	1692	0.0		9	17188.2	
10	18502.0		10	10 1880	0.0		10	19098.0	
	Measurement uncertainty						± 3dB		

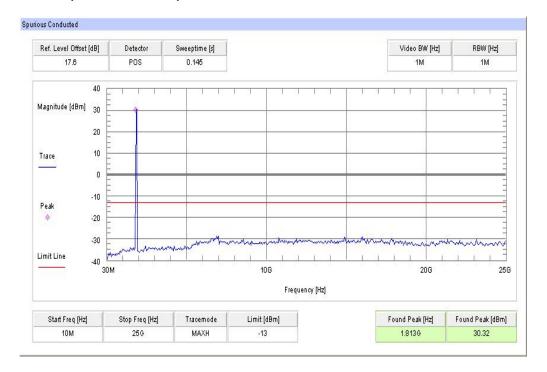
Result: Passed

2012-10-01 Page 42 of 77

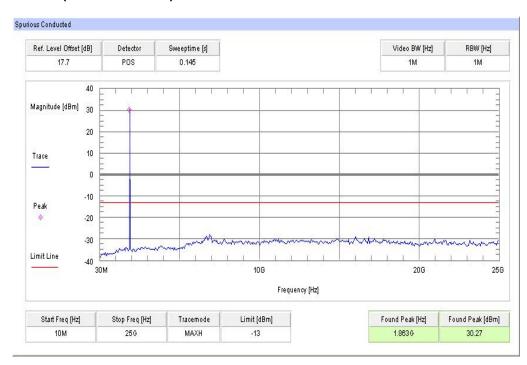


### Plots:

## Plot 1: Channel 512 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



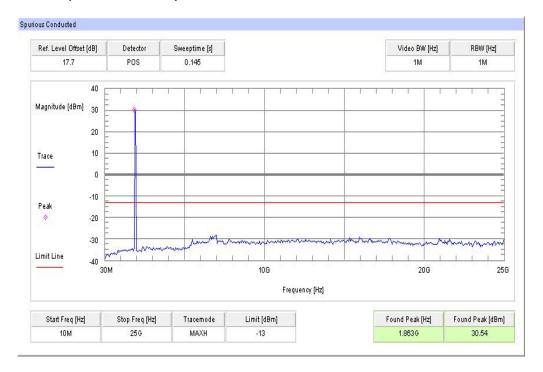
Plot 2: Channel 661 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



2012-10-01 Page 43 of 77



## Plot 3: Channel 810 (10 MHz - 25 GHz)



2012-10-01 Page 44 of 77



# 8.3.5 Block edge compliance

## **Description:**

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

## Measurement:

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	RMS		
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz		
Span:	1 MHz		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

## Limits:

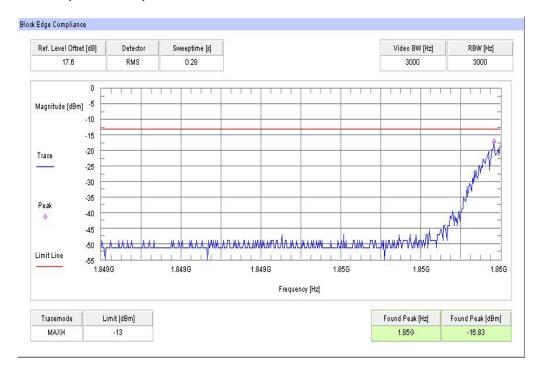
FCC	IC			
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-			
Block Edge Compliance				
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)				
-13 dBm				

2012-10-01 Page 45 of 77

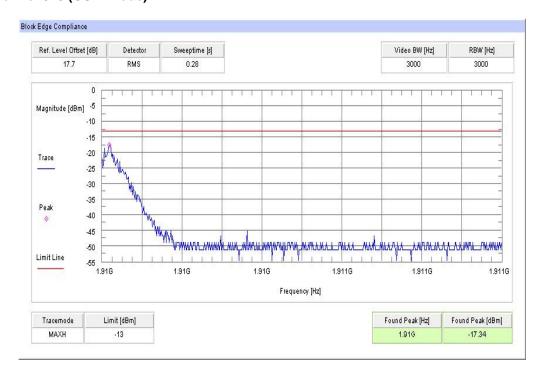


### Plots:

## Plot 1: Channel 512 (GSM-mode)



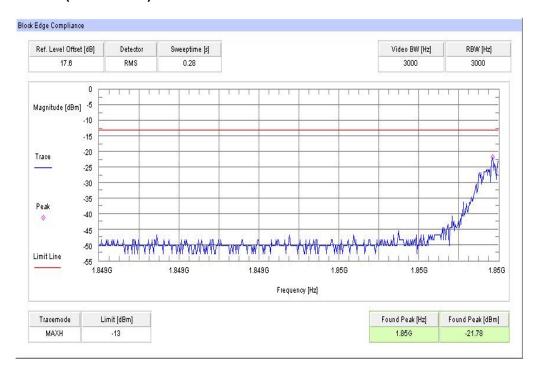
### Plot 2: Channel 810 (GSM-mode)



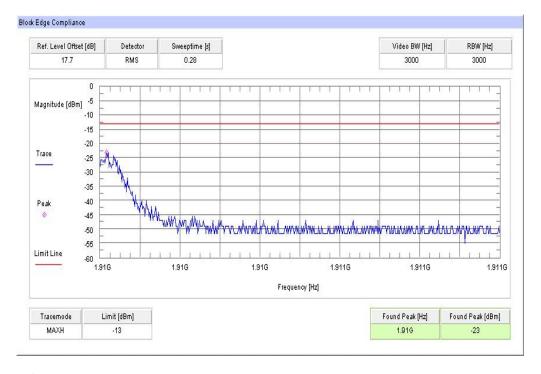
2012-10-01 Page 46 of 77



Plot 3: Channel 512 (EDGE-mode)



Plot 4: Channel 810 (EDGE-mode)



**Result: Passed** 

2012-10-01 Page 47 of 77



## 8.3.6 Occupied bandwidth

### **Description:**

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

### **Measurement:**

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the PCS1900 frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 24.238 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 300 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 3.0 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 3.0 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	Peak		
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz		
Span:	1 MHz		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

### Limits:

FCC	IC		
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1049	-/-		
Occupied Bandwidth			
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band			

2012-10-01 Page 48 of 77



# Results:

Occupied Bandwidth - GMSK mode						
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz) -26 dBc BW (kHz)					
1850.2	259	309				
1880.0	277 313					
1909.8	279 317					
Measurement uncertainty	± 3 kHz					

Occupied Bandwidth - EDGE mode						
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz) -26 dBc BW (kHz)					
1850.2	279	305				
1880.0	271 299					
1909.8	246 299					
Measurement uncertainty	± 3 kHz					

Result: Passed

2012-10-01 Page 49 of 77

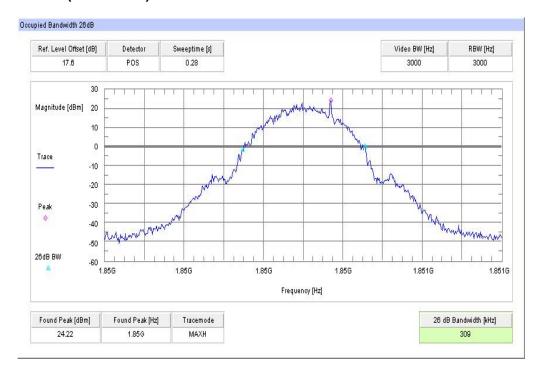


### Plots:

## Plot 1: Channel 512 (99% - OBW)



## Plot 2: Channel 512 (-26 dBc BW)



2012-10-01 Page 50 of 77



Plot 3: Channel 661 (99% - OBW)



## Plot 4: Channel 661 (-26 dBc BW)



2012-10-01 Page 51 of 77



Plot 5: Channel 810 (99% - OBW)



## Plot 6: Channel 810 (-26 dBc BW)



2012-10-01 Page 52 of 77



Plot 7: Channel 512 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



Plot 8: Channel 512 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



2012-10-01 Page 53 of 77



Plot 9: Channel 661 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



Plot 10: Channel 661 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



2012-10-01 Page 54 of 77



Plot 11: Channel 810 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



Plot 12: Channel 810 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



2012-10-01 Page 55 of 77



### 8.4 Results UMTS band V

All UMTS-band measurements are done in WCDMA mode only.

The connection was established with the following setup: WCDMA CS-RMC, Max Power (All Bit up)

## 8.4.1 RF output power

### **Description:**

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and ERP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

### **Measurement:**

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)		
Sweep time:	Auto		
Video bandwidth:	10 MHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	10 MHz		
Span:	Zero Span		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

### Limits:

FCC	IC		
CFR Part 22.913 CFR Part 2.1046	-/-		
Nominal Peak Output Power			
+38.45 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.			

2012-10-01 Page 56 of 77



# Results:

Output Power (conducted) WCDMA mode					
Frequency (MHz)  Average Output Power (dBm)  Peak to Average Ratio (d					
826.4	24.43	2.93			
836.0	24.63 3.03				
846.6	24.59 3.02				
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB				

Output Power (radiated) WCDMA mode			
Frequency (MHz) Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP			
826.4	22.40		
836.0	23.16		
846.6	24.34		
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB		

Result: Passed

2012-10-01 Page 57 of 77



## 8.4.2 Frequency stability

#### **Description:**

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a "call mode". This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.

- 1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
- 2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
- 3. With the mobile station, powered with  $V_{nom}$ , connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 4180 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
- 4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
- 5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with  $V_{nom}$ . Vary supply voltage from  $V_{min}$  to  $V_{max}$ , in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at  $V_{nom}$  for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
- 6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameters		
Detector:		
Sweep time:		
Video bandwidth:	Management with CMI 1900	
Resolution bandwidth:	Measured with CMU200	
Span:		
Trace-Mode:		

#### Limits:

FCC	IC		
CFR Part 22.355 CFR Part 2.1055	-/-		
Frequency Stability			
± 0.1 ppm			

2012-10-01 Page 58 of 77



## Results:

## **AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE**

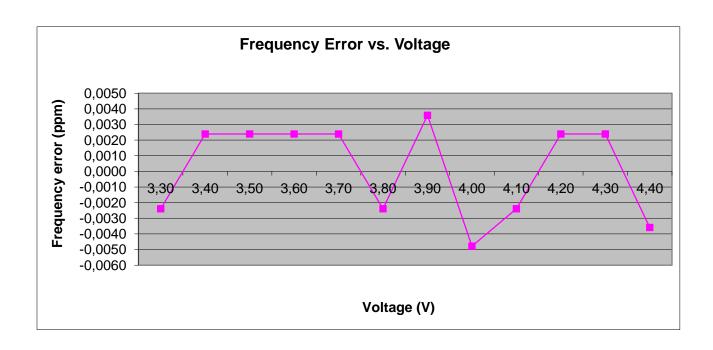
Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)	
3.3	-2	-0,00000024	-0,0024	
3.4	2	0,00000024	0,0024	
3.5	2	0,00000024	0,0024	
3.6	2	0,00000024	0,0024	
3.7	2	0,00000024	0,0024	
3.8	8 -2 -0,00000024		-0,0024	
3.9	3	0,0000036	0,0036	
4.0	-4	-0,00000048	-0,0048	
4.1	-2	-0,00000024	-0,0024	
4.2	2	0,00000024	0,0024	
4.3	2	0,00000024	0,0024	
4.4	-3	-0,0000036	-0,0036	

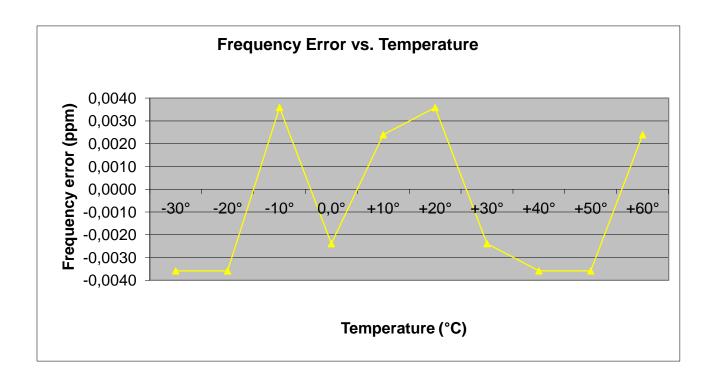
## AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)	
-30	-3	-0,0000036	-0,0036	
-20	-3	-0,00000036	-0,0036	
-10	3	0,0000036	0,0036	
± 0	-2	-0,00000024	-0,0024	
10	2	0,00000024	0,0024	
20	3	0,00000036	0,0036	
30	-2	-0,00000024	-0,0024	
40	-3	-0,00000036	-0,0036	
50	-3	-0,0000036	-0,0036	
60	2	0,00000024	0,0024	

2012-10-01 Page 59 of 77







**Result: Passed** 

2012-10-01 Page 60 of 77



### 8.4.3 Spurious emissions radiated

#### **Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 846.6 MHz. This was rounded up to 12 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 22.917. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the UMTS band V.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

- a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
- b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
- c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
- d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
- e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603.

#### Measurement:

Measurement parameters			
Detector:	Peak		
Sweep time:	2 sec.		
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz		
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz		
Span:	100 MHz Steps		
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold		

#### Limits:

FCC	IC		
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1053	-/-		
Spurious Emissions Radiated			
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)			
-13 dBm			

2012-10-01 Page 61 of 77



### Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the UMTS band V (826.4 MHz, 836.0 MHz and 846.6 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the UMTS band V into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.

All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.

The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 4132 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4180 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4233 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1652.8		2	1672.0		2	1693.2	
3	2479.2		3	2508.0		3	2539.8	
4	3305.6		4	3344.0		4	3386.4	
5	4132.0	No emissions detected.	5	4180.0	No	5	4233.0	No
6	4958.4		6	5016.0	emissions detected.	6	5079.6	emissions detected.
7	5784.8	detected.	7	5852.0	detected.	7	5926.2	detected.
8	6611.2		8	6688.0		8	6772.8	
9	7437.6		9	7524.0		9	7619.4	
10	8264.0		10	8360.0		10	8466.0	
	Measurement uncertainty					± 3dB		

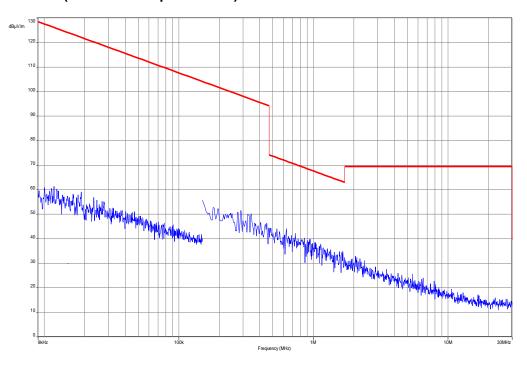
**Result: Passed** 

2012-10-01 Page 62 of 77

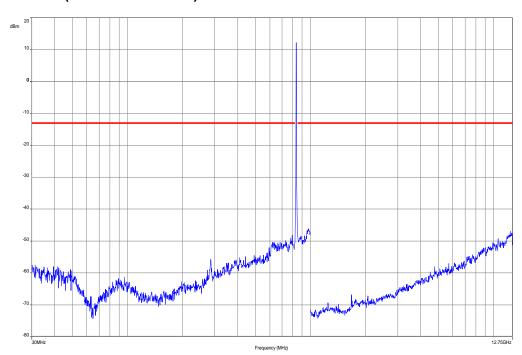


## Plots:

Plot 1: Channel 4180 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



Plot 2: Channel 4180 (30 MHz - 12.75 GHz)



2012-10-01 Page 63 of 77



## 8.4.4 Spurious emissions conducted

### **Description:**

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.

- 1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 9 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 12 GHz.
- 2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

UMTS band V Transmitter Channel Frequency

4132 826.4 MHz

4180 836.0 MHz

4233 846.6 MHz

### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameters		
Detector:	Peak	
Sweep time:	Auto	
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz	
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz	
Span:	30 MHz – 25 GHz	
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold	

#### Limits:

FCC	IC				
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-				
Spurious Emissions Conducted					
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)					
-13 dBm					

2012-10-01 Page 64 of 77



# Results:

SPURIOUS EMISSION LEVEL (dBm)									
Harmonic	Ch. 4132 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic		Harmonic	Ch. 4233 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]		
2	1652.8		2	1672.0	0		2	1693.2	No
3	2479.2		3	2508.0	0	No emissions detected.	3	2539.8	
4	3305.6	No emissions detected.	4	3344.0	0		4	3386.4	
5	4132.0		5	4180.0	0		5	4233.0	
6	4958.4		6	5016.0	0		6	5079.6	No emissions detected.
7	5784.8		7	5852.0	0		7	5926.2	detected.
8	6611.2		8	6688.0	0		8	6772.8	
9	7437.6		9	7524.0	0		9	7619.4	
10	8264.0		10	8360.0	0		10	8466.0	
	Measurement uncertainty						± 3dB		

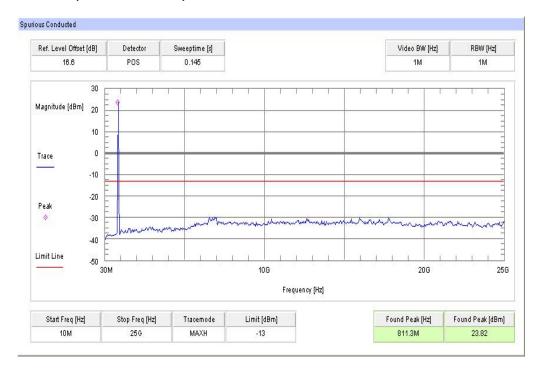
Result: Passed

2012-10-01 Page 65 of 77

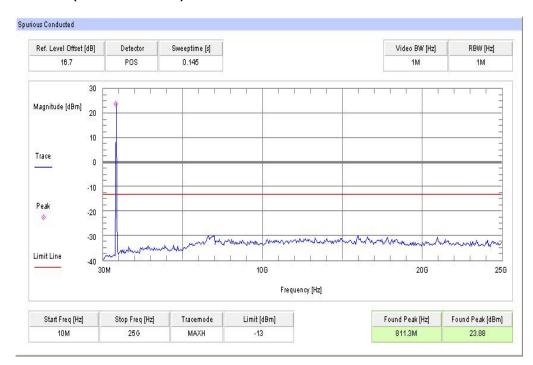


### Plots:

## Plot 1: Channel 4132 (10 MHz - 12 GHz)



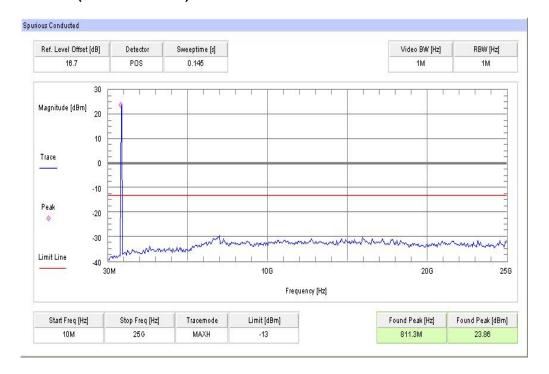
## Plot 2: Channel 4180 (10 MHz - 12 GHz)



2012-10-01 Page 66 of 77



## Plot 3: Channel 4233 (10 MHz - 12 GHz)



2012-10-01 Page 67 of 77



## 8.4.5 Block edge compliance

### **Description:**

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

#### **Measurement:**

Measurement parameters				
Detector:	RMS			
Sweep time:	20 sec.			
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz			
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz			
Span:	1 MHz			
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold			

### Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	-/-

### Block Edge Compliance

Part 22.917 specifies that "the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB."

However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used:

"An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of 10 Log (RBW1/ RBW2) to the 43 +10 log(P) limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz."

When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -2.2185 adjustment to the limit [10 log(30kHz/50kHz) = -2.2185]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -15.2185.

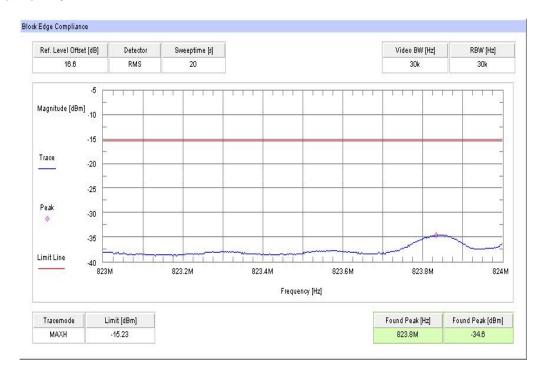
-15.22 dBm

2012-10-01 Page 68 of 77

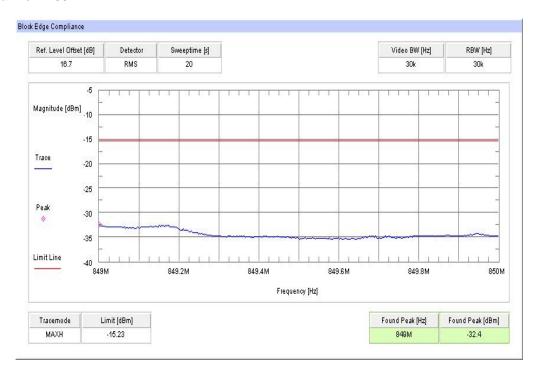


## Plots:

### Plot 1: Channel 4132



Plot 2: Channel 4233



**Result: Passed** 

2012-10-01 Page 69 of 77



## 8.4.6 Occupied bandwidth

### **Description:**

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

### **Measurement:**

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the UMTS band V. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 22.917 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 4700 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 50 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 100 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters					
Detector:	Peak				
Sweep time:	Auto				
Video bandwidth:	100 kHz				
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz				
Span:	6 MHz				
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold				

### Limits:

FCC	IC			
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1049	-/-			
Occupied Bandwidth				
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band				

#### Results:

Occupied Bandwidth						
Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	-26 dBc BW (kHz)				
826.4	4581	4701				
836.0	4569	4701				
846.6	4581	4689				
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz					

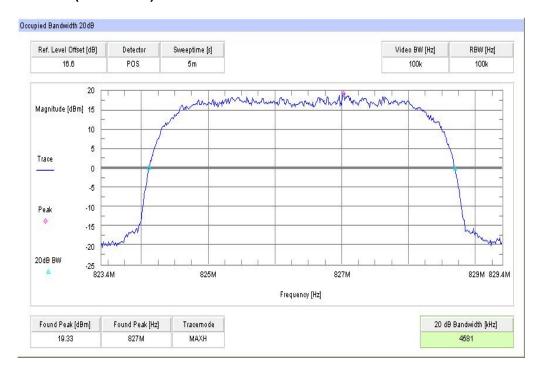
**Result: Passed** 

2012-10-01 Page 70 of 77

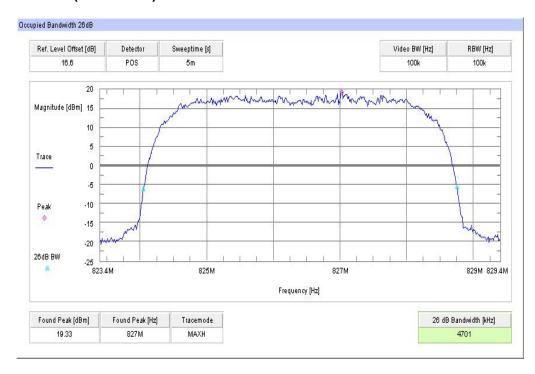


### Plots:

## Plot 1: Channel 4132 (99% - OBW)



# Plot 2: Channel 4132 (-26 dBc BW)



2012-10-01 Page 71 of 77



Plot 3: Channel 4180 (99% - OBW)



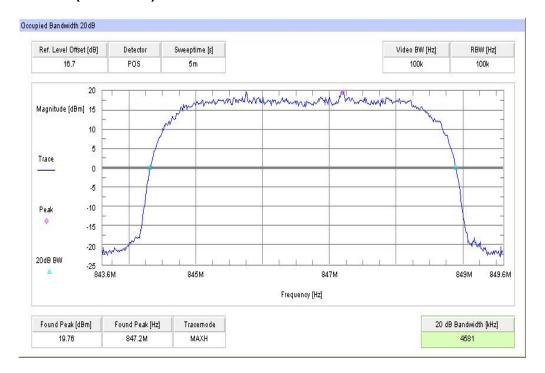
## Plot 4: Channel 4180 (-26 dBc BW)



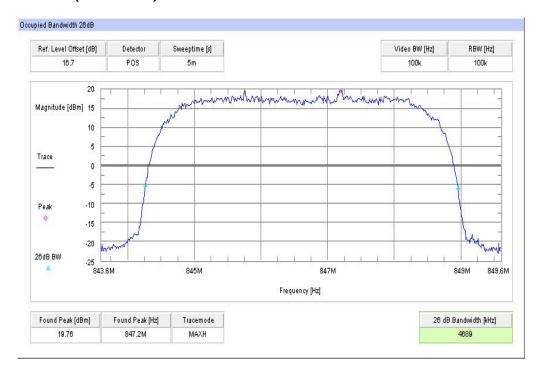
2012-10-01 Page 72 of 77



Plot 5: Channel 4233 (99% - OBW)



# Plot 6: Channel 4233 (-26 dBc BW)



2012-10-01 Page 73 of 77



## 9 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, rf-generating and signalling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Labor/Item).

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Туре	Manufact.	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	n. a.	Universal Communication Tester	CMU200	R&S	103992	300003231	vIKI!	21.08.2012	21.08.2014
2	n. a.	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	8812-3088	300001032	vIKI!	11.05.2011	11.05.2013
3	n. a.	Active Loop Antenna	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	ne		
4	n. a.	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev		
5	n. a.	Relais Matrix	3488A	HP Meßtechnik	2719A15013	300001156	ne		
6	n. a.	Three-Way Power Splitter, 50 Ohm	11850C	HP Meßtechnik		300000997	ne		
7	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	2605e08770	300001443	ne		
8	n. a.	Amplifier	js42- 00502650- 28-5a	Parzich GMBH	928979	300003143	ne		
9	n. a.	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbe ck	371	300003854	vIKI!	14.10.2011	14.10.2014
10	n. a.	MXE EMI Receiver 20 Hz bis 26,5 GHz	N9038A	Agilent Technologi es	MY51210197	300004405	k	19.12.2011	19.12.2012
11	19	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9107-3697	300001605	Ve	20.08.2012	20.08.2014
12	n. a.	Temperature Test Chamber	VT 4002	Heraeus Voetsch	521/83761	300002326	Ve	20.09.2011	20.09.2013
13	n. a.	Signal Analyzer 20Hz-26,5GHz- 150 to + 30 DBM	FSiQ26	R&S	835111/0004	300002678	Ve	04.11.2010	04.11.2012
14	n. a.	Power Supply 0-20V; 0-5A	6632B	HP	US37478366	400000117	vIKI!	20.08.2012	20.08.2014

#### Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k calibration / calibrated

ne not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)

ev periodic self verification Ve long-term stability recognized

vlkl! Attention: extended calibration interval

NK! Attention: not calibrated

EK limited calibration

zw cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)

izw internal cyclical maintenance g blocked for accredited testing

\*) next calibration ordered / currently in progress

2012-10-01 Page 74 of 77



# 10 Observations

No observations exceeding those reported with the single test cases have been made.

2012-10-01 Page 75 of 77



## Annex A Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
1.0	Initial release	2012-09-17
-A	Canada is removed	2012-09-28

## Annex B Further information

### **Glossary**

AVG - Average

DUT - Device under test

EMC - Electromagnetic Compatibility

EN - European Standard EUT - Equipment under test

ETSI - European Telecommunications Standard Institute

FCC - Federal Communication Commission

FCC ID - Company Identifier at FCC

Serial number

HW - Hardware
IC - Industry Canada
Inv. No. - Inventory number
N/A - Not applicable
PP - Positive peak
QP - Quasi peak

SW - Software

S/N

2012-10-01 Page 76 of 77



### Annex C Accreditation Certificate



Front side of certificate

Back side of certificate

#### Note:

The current certificate including annex is published on our website (see link below) or may be received from CETECOM ICT Services on request.

http://www.cetecom.com/fileadmin/de/CETECOM D Saarbruecken/accreditations Jan 2010/DAKKS Akkredi Urk\_EN17025-En\_incl\_Annex.pdf

2012-10-01 Page 77 of 77