


**TEST REPORT  
FROM  
RFI GLOBAL SERVICES LTD**

**Test of: Sony Ericsson, CDMA SOY05**

**To: OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)  
and RSS-102 Issue 4 March 2010**

**Test Report Serial No:  
RFI-SAR-RP83316JD01A V1.0**

**This Test Report Is Issued Under The Authority  
Of Chris Guy, Head of Global Approvals:**



(APPROVED SIGNATORY)

**Checked By: Richelieu Quoi**



(APPROVED SIGNATORY)

**Issue Date:**

**02 October 2011**

**Test Dates:**

**22 August to 06 September 2011**

This report is issued in portable document format (PDF). It is only a valid copy of the report if it is being viewed in PDF format with the following security options not allowed: Changing the document, Selecting text and graphics, Adding or changing notes and form fields.

This report may not be reproduced other than in full, except with the prior written approval of RFI Global Services Ltd. The results in this report apply only to the sample(s) tested.

This page has been left intentionally blank.

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1. Customer Information .....4

2. Equipment Under Test (EUT) ..... 5

3. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures ..... 8

4. Deviations from the Test Specification..... 9

5. Operation and Configuration of the EUT during Testing ..... 10

6. Summary of Test Results ..... 12

7. Measurements, Examinations and Derived Results ..... 13

8. Measurement Uncertainty ..... 20

Appendix 1. Test Equipment Used ..... 25

Appendix 2. Measurement Methods ..... 28

Appendix 3. SAR Distribution Scans ..... 30

Appendix 4. Photographs ..... 62

Appendix 5. Validation of System ..... 85

Appendix 6. Simulated Tissues ..... 87

Appendix 7. DASY4 System Details ..... 88

## 1. Customer Information

<b>Company Name:</b>	Sony Ericsson Mobile Comms AB
<b>Address:</b>	Nya Vattentornet 22188 Lund Sweden

## 2. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

### 2.1. Identification of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

<b>Description:</b>	Mobile Handset
<b>Brand Name:</b>	Sony Ericsson
<b>Model Name or Number:</b>	CDMA SOY05
<b>Serial Number:</b>	SSOHA00126022
<b>IMEI Number:</b>	004402142712359
<b>Hardware Version Number:</b>	FP2
<b>Software Version Number:</b>	00.15.01
<b>Hardware Revision of GSM Module:</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Software Revision of GSM Module:</b>	Not Applicable
<b>FCC ID Number:</b>	PY7A5880014
<b>IC ID Number:</b>	4170B-A5880014
<b>Country of Manufacture:</b>	Japan
<b>Date of Receipt:</b>	15 August 2011

### 2.2. Description of EUT

The Equipment Under Test is a Mobile Phone with GSM 2G Tri Band, CDMA2000 Quad Band US BC0 / JP BC0 / JP BC3 and JP BC6 bands. The EUT has GPRS Class 10.

### 2.3. Modifications Incorporated in the EUT

There have been no modifications incorporated in the EUT.

## 2.4. Accessories

The following accessories were supplied with the EUT during testing:

<b>Description:</b>	PHF
<b>Brand Name:</b>	Sony Ericsson
<b>Model Name or Number:</b>	PHF
<b>Serial Number:</b>	None Stated
<b>Cable Length and Type:</b>	~1 m
<b>Country of Manufacture:</b>	Not Stated
<b>Connected to Port</b>	3.5mm Audio jack and custom type

<b>Description:</b>	Battery
<b>Brand Name:</b>	au
<b>Model Name or Number:</b>	SO-UKA
<b>Serial Number:</b>	Not Stated
<b>Cable Length and Type:</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Country of Manufacture:</b>	Japan
<b>Connected to Port</b>	3-point contact

<b>Description:</b>	Memory Card
<b>Brand Name:</b>	Generic
<b>Model Name or Number:</b>	None Stated
<b>Serial Number:</b>	None Stated
<b>Cable Length and Type:</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Country of Manufacture:</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Connected to Port</b>	Dedicated Micro SD Slot

## 2.5. Support Equipment

The following support equipment was used to exercise the EUT during testing:

<b>Description:</b>	Wireless Communication Test Set
<b>Brand Name:</b>	Agilent
<b>Model Name or Number:</b>	8960 Series 10
<b>Serial Number:</b>	GB46311280
<b>Cable Length and Type:</b>	~4.0m Utiflex Cable
<b>Connected to Port:</b>	RF (Input / Output) Air Link

## 2.6. Additional Information Related to Testing

<b>Equipment Category</b>	EGSM/GPRS900, DCS/GPRS1800, PCS1900/GPRS1900 / CDMA2000 US BC0/ JP BC0/ JP BC3/ JP BC6		
<b>Type of Unit</b>	Portable Transceiver		
<b>Intended Operating Environment:</b>	Within GSM and CDMA Coverage.		
<b>Transmitter Maximum Output Power Characteristics:</b>	PCS1900	Communication Test Set was configured to allow the EUT to transmit at a maximum power of up to 30.62dBm.	
	CDMA2000 US BC0	Communication Test Set was configured to allow the EUT to transmit at a maximum power of up to 24.36dBm.	
<b>Transmitter Frequency Range:</b>	PCS1900	1850 to 1910 MHz	
	CDMA2000 US BC0	824 to 849 MHz	
<b>Transmitter Frequency Allocation of EUT When Under Test:</b>	<b>Channel Number</b>	<b>Channel Description</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>
	512	Low	1850.2
	660	Middle	1879.8
	810	High	1909.8
	1013	Low	824.7
	384	Middle	836.52
	777	High	848.31
<b>Modulation(s):</b>	GMSK (GSM/ GPRS): 217 HZ DBPSK, CCK (CDMA): 0 Hz		
<b>Modulation Scheme (Crest Factor):</b>	GMSK (GSM): 8.3 GMSK (GPRS/EGPRS): 4 DBPSK, CCK (CDMA): 1		
<b>Antenna Type:</b>	Internal Integral		
<b>Antenna Length:</b>	Unknown		
<b>Number of Antenna Positions:</b>	1 Fixed		
<b>Power Supply Requirement:</b>	3.7V		
<b>Battery Type(s):</b>	Li-ion		

**3. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures**

**3.1. Test Specification**

<b>Reference:</b>	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)
<b>Title:</b>	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields.
<b>Purpose of Test:</b>	To determine whether the equipment met the basic restrictions as defined in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01) using the SAR averaging method as described in the test specification above.
<b>Reference:</b>	RSS-102 Issue 4 March 2010
<b>Title:</b>	Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)
<b>Purpose of Test:</b>	To determine whether the equipment met the basic restrictions as defined in RSS-102 Issue 4 March 2010 using the SAR averaging method as described in the test specification above.

**3.2. Methods and Procedures Reference Documentation**

The methods and procedures used were as detailed in:

Federal Communications Commission, "Evaluating compliance with FCC Guidelines for human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields", OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C, FCC, Washington, D.C, 20554, 2001.

Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger and Neils Kuster, "Automated E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE Transaction on microwave theory and techniques, Vol. 44, pp. 105-113, January 1996.

Neils Kuster, Ralph Kastle and Thomas Schmid, "Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with know precision", IEICE Transactions of communications, Vol. E80-B, No.5, pp. 645-652, May 1997.

648474 D01 SAR Handsets Multi Xmitter and Ant v01r05"

KDB 447498 D01 "Mobile Portable RF Exposure v04"

KDB 941225 D03 " SAR Test Reduction GSM/GPRS/EDGE v01"

The version of DASY system used by RFI for SAR measurements is v4.7.

The SAR probe for the DASY v4.4 and higher has a validity of +/- 100 MHz from the spot frequency at which the system is calibrated.

The SAR system uses the 900 MHz conversion factor which is valid from 800 MHz to 1000 MHz for the system validation performed at 900 MHz.

The 900 MHz validation is applicable for the 850 band as this is within 50 MHz of the of the 850 MHz spot frequency.

**3.3. Definition of Measurement Equipment**

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the standards referenced in the methods & procedures section above. Appendix 1 contains a list of the test equipment used.



#### 4. Deviations from the Test Specification

Test was performed as per 648474 D01 SAR Handsets Multi Xmitter and Ant v01r05", KDB 447498 D01 "Mobile Portable RF Exposure v04", KDB 941225 D03 " SAR Test Reduction GSM/GPRS/EDGE v01" according to the handset procedures in IEEE Std 1528-2003, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01.

## 5. Operation and Configuration of the EUT during Testing

### 5.1. Operating Modes

The EUT was tested in the following operating mode(s) unless otherwise stated:

- PCS1900 Call allocated mode with Communication Test Set configured to allow the EUT to transmit at a maximum power using PCL = 0 (maximum measured power = 30.62 dBm).
- GPRS1900 Data allocated mode with Communication Test Set configured to allow the EUT to transmit at a maximum power using PCL = 0 (maximum measured power with 2-uplink slot = 30.12dBm).
- Head SAR on CDMA2000 US BC0 Call allocated mode with Communication Test Set configured to allow the EUT to transmit at a maximum power of up to 24.36 dBm. Test set is configured to full transmit at full rate using Loop Service Option SO55. SAR measurements on RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured on RC3.
- Body SAR on CDMA2000 US BC0 Call allocated mode with Communication Test Set configured to allow the EUT to transmit at a maximum power of up to 24.36 dBm. Test set is configured to full transmit at full rate using Loop Service Option SO55. SAR measurements on RC1 and multiple code channel (FSH+SCH) is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured on RC3.

## 5.2. Configuration and Peripherals

The EUT was tested in the following configuration(s) unless otherwise stated:

- Standalone Battery Powered with EUT transmitting at maximum power.
- Head and Body-worn configuration were tested. The applied configurations for body-worn orientations where the corresponding edge(s) is closest to the user with the most conservative exposure condition were all evaluated at 15 mm from the body.

### Head Configuration

- a) The EUT was placed in a normal operating position with the centre of the ear-piece aligned with the ear canal on the phantom.
- b) With the ear-piece touching the phantom the centre line of the EUT was aligned with an imaginary plane (X and Y axis) consisting of three lines connecting both ears and the mouth.
- c) For the cheek position the EUT was gradually moved towards the cheek until any point of the mouth-piece or keypad touched the cheek.
- d) For the tilted position the EUT was positioned as for the cheek position, and then the horizontal angle was increased by fifteen degrees (the phone keypad was moved away from the cheek by fifteen degrees).
- e) SAR measurements were evaluated at maximum power and the unit was operated for an appropriate period prior to the evaluation in order to minimise the drift.
- f) The device was keyed to operate continuously in the transmit mode for the duration of the test.
- g) The location of the maximum spatial SAR distribution (hot spot) was determined relative to the EUT and its antenna.
- h) The EUT was transmitting at full power throughout the duration of the test powered by a fully charged battery.

### Body Configuration

- a) The EUT was placed in a normal operating position where the centre of EUT was aligned with the centre reference point on the flat section of the 'SAM' phantom.
- b) With the EUT touching the phantom at an imaginary centre line. The EUT was aligned with a marked plane (X and Y axis) consisting of two lines.
- c) For the touch-safe position the EUT was gradually moved towards the flat section of the 'SAM' phantom until any point of the EUT touched the phantom.
- d) For position(s) greater than 0mm separation the EUT was positioned as per the touch-safe position, and then the vertical height was decreased/adjusted as required.
- e) SAR measurements were evaluated at maximum power and the unit was operated for an appropriate period prior to the evaluation in order to minimise the drift.
- f) The device was keyed to operate continuously in the transmit mode for the duration of the test.
- g) The location of the maximum spatial SAR distribution (hot spot) was determined relative to the EUT and its antenna.
- h) The EUT was transmitting at full power throughout the duration of the test powered by a fully charged battery.

## 6. Summary of Test Results

Test Name	Specification Reference	Result
Specific Absorption Rate-PCS 1900 Head Configuration 1g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01) RSS-102 Issue 4 March 2010	Complied
Specific Absorption Rate-GPRS 1900 Body Configuration 1g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01) RSS-102 Issue 4 March 2010	Complied
Specific Absorption Rate-PCS 1900 Body Configuration 1g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01) RSS-102 Issue 4 March 2010	Complied
Specific Absorption Rate-CDMA US BC0 Head Configuration 1g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01) RSS-102 Issue 4 March 2010	Complied
Specific Absorption Rate-CDMA US BC0 Body Configuration 1g	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01) RSS-102 Issue 4 March 2010	Complied

**Note:** The EUT does not support simultaneous transmission.

### 6.1. Location of Tests

All the measurements described in this report were performed at the premises of RFI Global Services Ltd, Pavilion A, Ashwood Park, Ashwood Way, Basingstoke, Hampshire, RG23 8BG United Kingdom

## 7. Measurements, Examinations and Derived Results

### 7.1. General Comments

This section contains test results only.

Measurement uncertainties are evaluated in accordance with current best practice. Our reported expanded uncertainties are based on standard uncertainties, which are multiplied by an appropriate coverage factor to provide a statistical confidence level of approximately 95%. Please refer to section 8 for details of measurement uncertainties.

## 7.2. Test Results

### 7.2.1. Specific Absorption Rate - PCS 1900 Head Configuration 10g

#### Test Summary:

Tissue Volume:	10g
Maximum Level (W/kg):	0.153

#### Environmental Conditions:

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	23.0 to 23.0
Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	22.1 to 22.1

#### Results:

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Level (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Margin (W/kg)	Note(s)	Result
Touch	Left	661	0.151	2.000	1.849	-	Complied
Tilt	Left	661	0.074	2.000	1.927	-	Complied
Touch	Right	661	0.153	2.000	1.847	-	Complied
Tilt	Right	661	0.098	2.000	1.902	-	Complied
Touch	Right	512	0.134	2.000	1.866	-	Complied
Touch	Right	810	0.139	2.000	1.861	-	Complied

### 7.2.2. Specific Absorption Rate - GPRS 1900 Body Configuration 10g Test Summary:

Tissue Volume:	10g
----------------	-----

Maximum Level (W/kg):	0.224
-----------------------	-------

#### Environmental Conditions:

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	23.0 to 23.0
------------------------------------	--------------

Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	22.5 to 22.5
---------------------------------------	--------------

#### Results:

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Level (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Margin (W/kg)	Note(s)	Result
Front of EUT Closed Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	661	0.102	2.000	1.898	1	Complied
Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	661	0.181	2.000	1.819	1	Complied
Front of EUT Open Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	661	0.159	2.000	1.841	1	Complied
Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	661	0.140	2.000	1.860	1	Complied
Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	512	0.200	2.000	1.800	1	Complied
Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	810	0.224	2.000	1.776	1	Complied
Rear of EUT Closed with PHF Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	810	0.194	2.000	1.806	1	Complied

#### Note(s):

- SAR measurements were performed from the closest edge of the EUT to the flat section of the Phantom at a separation distance of 15mm

### 7.2.3. Specific Absorption Rate - PCS 1900 Body Configuration 10g Test Summary:

Tissue Volume:	10g
----------------	-----

Maximum Level (W/kg):	0.087
-----------------------	-------

#### Environmental Conditions:

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	23.0 to 23.0
------------------------------------	--------------

Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	22.5 to 22.5
---------------------------------------	--------------

#### Results:

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Level (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Margin (W/kg)	Note(s)	Result
Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	661	0.087	2.000	1.913	1	Complied

#### Note(s):

1. SAR measurements were performed from the closest edge of the EUT to the flat section of the Phantom at a separation distance of 15mm.
2. Worst case configuration from GPRS mode was applied to PCS.



#### 7.2.4. Specific Absorption Rate –CDMA2000 US BC0 Head Configuration 1g Test Summary:

Tissue Volume:	1g
----------------	----

Maximum Level (W/kg):	0.714
-----------------------	-------

#### Environmental Conditions:

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	23.0 to 23.0
------------------------------------	--------------

Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	23.0 to 23.0
---------------------------------------	--------------

#### Results:

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Level (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Margin (W/kg)	Note(s)	Result
Touch	Left	384	0.437	1.600	1.163	-	Complied
Tilt	Left	384	0.233	1.600	1.367	-	Complied
Touch	Right	384	0.637	1.600	0.963	-	Complied
Tilt	Right	384	0.270	1.600	1.330	-	Complied
Touch	Right	1013	0.625	1.600	0.975	-	Complied
Touch	Right	777	0.714	1.600	0.886	-	Complied

#### Note(s):

### 7.2.5. Specific Absorption Rate – CDMA2000 US BC0 Body Configuration 1g Test Summary:

Tissue Volume:	1g
Maximum Level (W/kg):	0.768

#### Environmental Conditions:

Temperature Variation in Lab (°C):	23.0 to 23.0
Temperature Variation in Liquid (°C):	22.7 to 22.7

#### Results:

EUT Position	Phantom Configuration	Channel Number	Level (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Margin (W/kg)	Note(s)	Result
Front of EUT Closed Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	384	0.276	1.600	1.324	1, 2	Complied
Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	384	0.560	1.600	1.040	1, 2	Complied
Front of EUT Open Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	384	0.402	1.600	1.198	1, 2	Complied
Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	384	0.754	1.600	0.846	1, 2	Complied
Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	1013	0.695	1.600	0.905	1, 2	Complied
Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom	Flat (SAM)	777	0.768	1.600	0.832	1, 2	Complied
Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom With PHF	Flat (SAM)	777	0.683	1.600	0.917	1, 2	Complied

#### Note(s):

- SAR measurements were performed from the closest edge of the EUT to the flat section of the Phantom at a separation distance of 15m
- Test set is configured to full transmit at full rate using Loop Service Option SO55. SAR measurements on RC1 and multiple code channel (FSH+SCH) is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured on RC3.

### 7.2.6. Conducted Average Power Measurement PCS/GPRS 1900

Channel Number	Frequency (MHZ)	GSM – TX Power before Test (dBm)	GPRS – TX Power before Test (dBm)	Note
512	1850.2	30.62	30.22	Conducted
661	1880.0	30.52	30.12	Conducted
810	1909.8	30.43	30.13	Conducted

### CDMA2000 US BC0

Channel Number	Frequency (MHZ)	RC3 SO55 TX Power before Test (dBm)	RC1 SO55 TX Power before Test (dBm)	SO32 F-SCH TX Power before Test (dBm)	S032 SCH TX Power before Test (dBm)	Note
1013	824.7	24.15	24.15	23.75	24.05	Conducted
384	836.52	24.16	24.36	23.86	24.16	Conducted
777	848.31	24.06	24.16	23.96	24.36	Conducted

## 8. Measurement Uncertainty

No measurement or test can ever be perfect and the imperfections give rise to error of measurement in the results. Consequently, the result of a measurement is only an approximation to the value of the measurand (the specific quantity subject to measurement) and is only complete when accompanied by a statement of the uncertainty of the approximation.

The expression of uncertainty of a measurement result allows realistic comparison of results with reference values and limits given in specifications and standards.

The uncertainty of the result may need to be taken into account when interpreting the measurement results.

The reported expanded uncertainties below are based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by an appropriate coverage factor, such that a confidence level of approximately 95% is maintained. For the purposes of this document “approximately” is interpreted as meaning “effectively” or “for most practical purposes”.

Test Name	Confidence Level	Calculated Uncertainty
Specific Absorption Rate-CDMA2000 US BC0 Head Configuration 1g	95%	19.84
Specific Absorption Rate- CDMA2000 US BC0 Body Configuration 1g	95%	19.97
Specific Absorption Rate-PCS 1900 Head Configuration 1g	95%	20.72
Specific Absorption Rate-GPRS / PCS 1900 Body Configuration 1g	95%	20.00

The methods used to calculate the above uncertainties are in line with those recommended within the various measurement specifications. Where measurement specifications do not include guidelines for the evaluation of measurement uncertainty, the published guidance of the appropriate accreditation body is followed.

**8.1. Specific Absorption Rate-CDMA2000 US BC0 Head Configuration 1g**

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C <sub>i</sub> (10g)	Standard Uncertainty		U <sub>i</sub> or U <sub>eff</sub>
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	6.000	6.000	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	6.000	6.000	∞
B	Axial Isotropy	0.250	0.250	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.250	0.250	∞
B	Hemispherical Isotropy	1.300	1.300	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	1.300	1.300	∞
B	Spatial Resolution	0.500	0.500	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.289	0.289	∞
B	Boundary Effect	0.769	0.769	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.444	0.444	∞
B	Linearity	0.600	0.600	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.346	0.346	∞
B	Detection Limits	0.200	0.200	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.115	0.115	∞
B	Readout Electronics	0.320	0.320	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	0.160	0.160	∞
B	Response Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Integration Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.732	1.732	∞
B	Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Probe Positioning with regard to Phantom Shell	2.850	2.850	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.645	1.645	∞
B	Extrapolation and integration/ Maximum SAR evaluation	5.080	5.080	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.933	2.933	∞
A	Test Sample Positioning	2.400	2.400	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	2.400	2.400	10
A	Device Holder uncertainty	0.154	0.154	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.154	0.154	10
B	Phantom Uncertainty	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.887	2.887	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6400	1.848	1.848	∞
A	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	4.920	4.920	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6400	3.149	3.149	5
B	Liquid Permittivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6000	1.732	1.732	∞
A	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	4.970	4.970	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6000	2.982	2.982	5
	Combined standard uncertainty			t-distribution			10.12	10.12	>250
	Expanded uncertainty			k = 1.96			19.84	19.84	>250

### 8.2. Specific Absorption Rate- CDMA2000 US BC0 Body Configuration 1g

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C <sub>i</sub> (10g)	Standard Uncertainty		U <sub>i</sub> or U <sub>eff</sub>
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	6.000	6.000	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	6.000	6.000	∞
B	Axial Isotropy	0.250	0.250	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.250	0.250	∞
B	Hemispherical Isotropy	1.300	1.300	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	1.300	1.300	∞
B	Spatial Resolution	0.500	0.500	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.289	0.289	∞
B	Boundary Effect	0.769	0.769	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.444	0.444	∞
B	Linearity	0.600	0.600	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.346	0.346	∞
B	Detection Limits	0.200	0.200	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.115	0.115	∞
B	Readout Electronics	0.320	0.320	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	0.160	0.160	∞
B	Response Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Integration Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.732	1.732	∞
B	Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Probe Positioning with regard to Phantom Shell	2.850	2.850	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.645	1.645	∞
B	Extrapolation and integration/ Maximum SAR evaluation	5.080	5.080	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.933	2.933	∞
A	Test Sample Positioning	2.900	2.900	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	2.900	2.900	10
A	Device Holder uncertainty	0.154	0.154	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.154	0.154	10
B	Phantom Uncertainty	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.887	2.887	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6400	1.848	1.848	∞
A	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	4.690	4.690	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6400	3.002	3.002	5
B	Liquid Permittivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6000	1.732	1.732	∞
A	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	4.860	4.860	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6000	2.916	2.916	5
	Combined standard uncertainty			t-distribution			10.19	10.19	>250
	Expanded uncertainty			k = 1.96			19.97	19.97	>250

**8.3. Specific Absorption Rate-PCS 1900 Head Configuration 1g**

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C <sub>i</sub> (10g)	Standard Uncertainty		U <sub>i</sub> or U <sub>eff</sub>
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	6.000	6.000	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	6.000	6.000	∞
B	Axial Isotropy	0.250	0.250	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.250	0.250	∞
B	Hemispherical Isotropy	1.300	1.300	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	1.300	1.300	∞
B	Spatial Resolution	0.500	0.500	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.289	0.289	∞
B	Boundary Effect	0.769	0.769	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.444	0.444	∞
B	Linearity	0.600	0.600	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.346	0.346	∞
B	Detection Limits	0.200	0.200	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.115	0.115	∞
B	Readout Electronics	0.320	0.320	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	0.160	0.160	∞
B	Response Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Integration Time	1.730	1.730	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.999	0.999	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.732	1.732	∞
B	Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Probe Positioning with regard to Phantom Shell	2.850	2.850	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.645	1.645	∞
B	Extrapolation and integration/ Maximum SAR evaluation	5.080	5.080	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.933	2.933	∞
A	Test Sample Positioning	3.800	3.800	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	3.800	3.800	10
A	Device Holder uncertainty	0.154	0.154	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.154	0.154	10
B	Phantom Uncertainty	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.887	2.887	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6400	1.848	1.848	∞
A	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	4.900	4.900	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6400	3.136	3.136	5
B	Liquid Permittivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6000	1.732	1.732	∞
A	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	4.880	4.880	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6000	2.928	2.928	5
	Combined standard uncertainty			t-distribution			10.57	10.57	>200
	Expanded uncertainty			k = 1.96			20.72	20.72	>200

#### 8.4. Specific Absorption Rate-PCS / GPRS1900 Body Configuration 1g

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C <sub>i</sub> (10g)	Standard Uncertainty		U <sub>i</sub> or U <sub>eff</sub>
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	6.000	6.000	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	6.000	6.000	∞
B	Axial Isotropy	0.250	0.250	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.250	0.250	∞
B	Hemispherical Isotropy	1.300	1.300	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	1.300	1.300	∞
B	Spatial Resolution	0.500	0.500	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.289	0.289	∞
B	Boundary Effect	0.769	0.769	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.444	0.444	∞
B	Linearity	0.600	0.600	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.346	0.346	∞
B	Detection Limits	0.200	0.200	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.115	0.115	∞
B	Readout Electronics	0.320	0.320	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	0.160	0.160	∞
B	Response Time	0.000	0.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Integration Time	1.730	1.730	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.999	0.999	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.732	1.732	∞
B	Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Probe Positioning with regard to Phantom Shell	2.850	2.850	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.645	1.645	∞
B	Extrapolation and integration/ Maximum SAR evaluation	5.080	5.080	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.933	2.933	∞
A	Test Sample Positioning	2.500	2.500	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	2.500	2.500	10
A	Device Holder uncertainty	0.154	0.154	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.154	0.154	10
B	Phantom Uncertainty	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.887	2.887	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6400	1.848	1.848	∞
A	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	4.940	4.940	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6400	3.162	3.162	5
B	Liquid Permittivity (target value)	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.6000	1.732	1.732	∞
A	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	4.980	4.980	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.6000	2.988	2.988	5
	Combined standard Uncertainty			t-distribution			10.20	10.20	>250
	Expanded uncertainty			k = 1.96			20.00	20.00	>250



### Appendix 1. Test Equipment Used

RFI No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Date Last Calibrated	Cal. Interval (Months)
A034	Narda 20W Termination	Narda	374BNM	8706	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1097	SMA Directional Coupler	MiDISCO	MDC6223-30	None	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1137	3dB Attenuator	Narda	779	04690	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1174	Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent Technologies	85070C	Us99360072	Calibrated before use	-
A1328	Handset Positioner	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	Modification	SD 000 H01 DA	-	-
A1182	Handset Positioner	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	V3.0	None	-	-
A1234	Data Acquisition Electronics	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	DAE3	450	09 Feb 2011	12
A1235	900 MHz Dipole Kit	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	D900V2	124	09 Feb 2011	24
A1237	1900 MHz Dipole Kit	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	D1900V2	540	08 Feb 2011	24
A1238	SAM Phantom	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	SAM b	001	Calibrated before use	-
L1035	Probe	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	ET3 DV6	1611	12 May 2011	12
A1497	Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	zh1-42w (sma)	e020105	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1566	SAM Phantom	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	SAM a	002	Calibrated before use	-
A1990	Digital Camera	Samsung	E515	A23WC90 8A05431K	-	-
A215	20 dB Attenuator	Narda	766-20	9402	Calibrated as part of system	-
A1531	Antenna	AARONIA AG	7025	02458	-	-
C1042	Network Analyzer Cable	Agilent	8120-4779	349	-	-
C1145	Cable	Rosenberger MICRO-COAX	FA147A F003003030	41843-1	Calibrated as part of system	-
C1146	Cable	Rosenberger MICRO-COAX	FA147A F030003030	41752-1	Calibrated as part of system	-
G0528	Robot Power Supply	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG	DASY4	None	Calibrated before use	-

RFI No.	Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Date Last Calibrated	Cal. Interval (Months)
G087	PSU	Thurlby Thandar	CPX200	100701	Calibrated before use	-
M1015	Network Analyser	Agilent Technologies	8753ES	US39172406	27 Sept 2010	12
M1047	Robot Arm	Staubli	RX908 L	F00/SD8 9A1/A/01	Calibrated before use	-
M1159	Signal Generator	Agilent Technologies	E8241A	US42110332	Internal Checked 15 August 2011	4
M1071	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	HP8590E	3647U00514	(Monitoring use only)	-
M1044	Diode Power Sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z1	893350/019	26 May 2011	12 months
M265	Diode Power Sensor	Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z1	893350/017	26 May 2011	12 months
M263	Dual Channel Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	826558/004	25 May 2011	12 months
M509	Thermometer	Testo 110 Immersion Probe & Thermometer	Testo 110	03100047	25 May 2011	12 months
M1270	Digital Thermometer	RS	N/A	N/A	Internal Checked 13 May 2011	12 months
S256	SAR Lab	RFI	Site 56	N/A	Calibrated before use	-

### **A.1.1. Calibration Certificates**

This section contains the calibration certificates and data for the Probe(s) and Dipole(s) used, which are not included in the total number of pages for this report.

Asset: A1235 Checked by *[Signature]*  
21/02/2011

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RFI**

Certificate No: **D900V2-124\_Feb11**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **D900V2 - SN: 124**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **February 09, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by: **Dimce Iliev** (Name), **Laboratory Technician** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** (Name), **Technical Manager** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Issued: February 9, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.2 °C	41.5	0.97 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.3 ± 6 %	0.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.72 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>11.0 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.74 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.96 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>7.01 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	55.0	1.05 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.6 ± 6 %	1.05 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature during test</b>	(21.8 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.79 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	11.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>11.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.79 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	7.16 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>7.14 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.9 $\Omega$ - 8.2 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 21.6 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.1 $\Omega$ - 8.6 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 20.2 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.409 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 04, 2001



## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 09.02.2011 11:44:15

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:124**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used:  $f = 900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.95$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.88, 5.88, 5.88); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

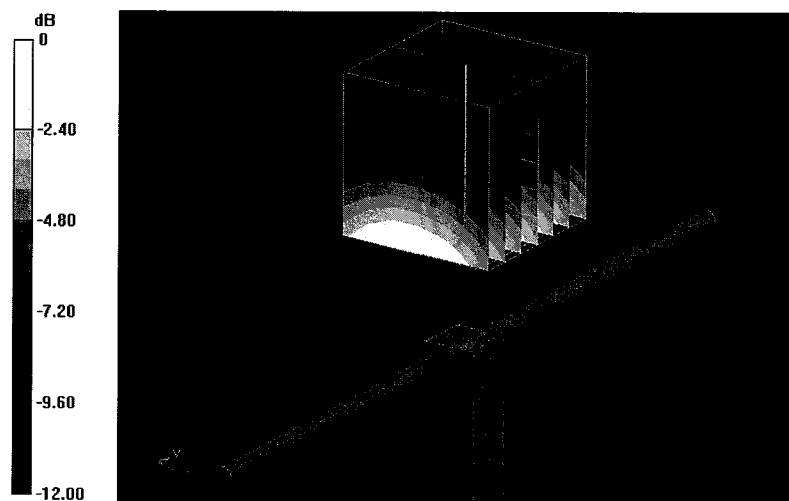
**Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.560 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.135 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.72 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.74 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.183 mW/g



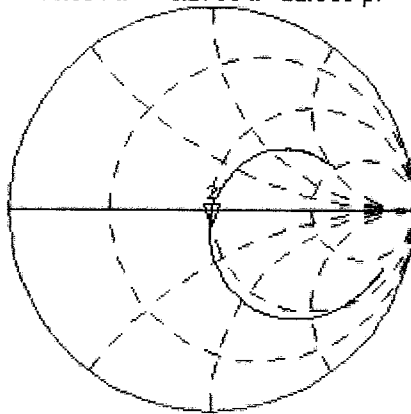
0 dB = 3.180mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

9 Feb 2011 10:21:37

CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 48.854  $\Omega$  -8.1758  $\Omega$  21.630 pF 900.000 000 MHz

\*  
Del  
Cor



Avg  
16

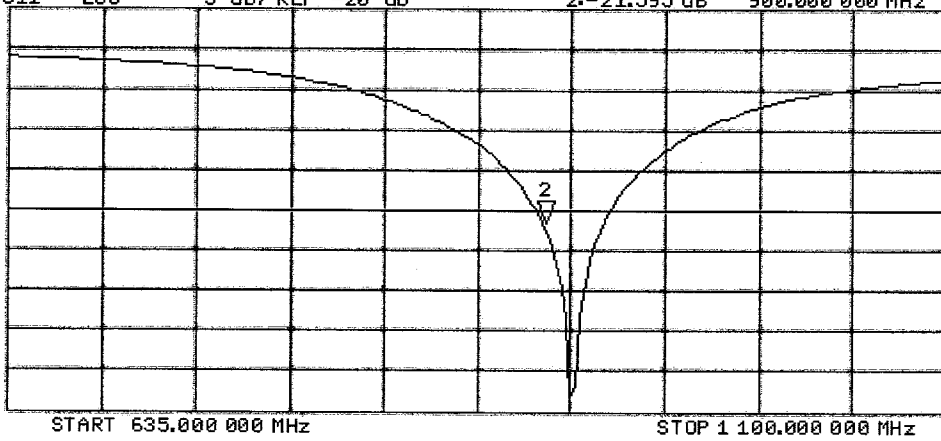
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2: -21.595 dB 900.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
16

↑



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 09.02.2011 14:54:48

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:124**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M900

Medium parameters used:  $f = 900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.05$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.81, 5.81, 5.81); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

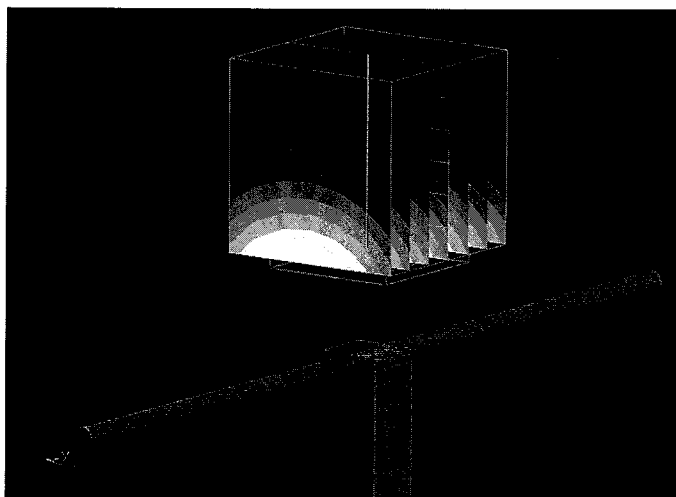
**Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.520 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.203 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.79 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.79 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.271 mW/g



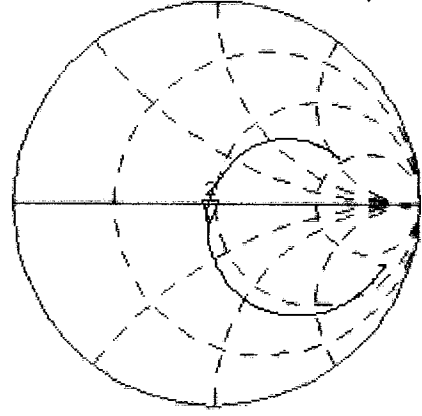
0 dB = 3.270mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

9 Feb 2011 14:24:47

CH1 S11 1 U FS Z: 46.072  $\Omega$  -8.6230  $\Omega$  20.508 pF 900.000 000 MHz

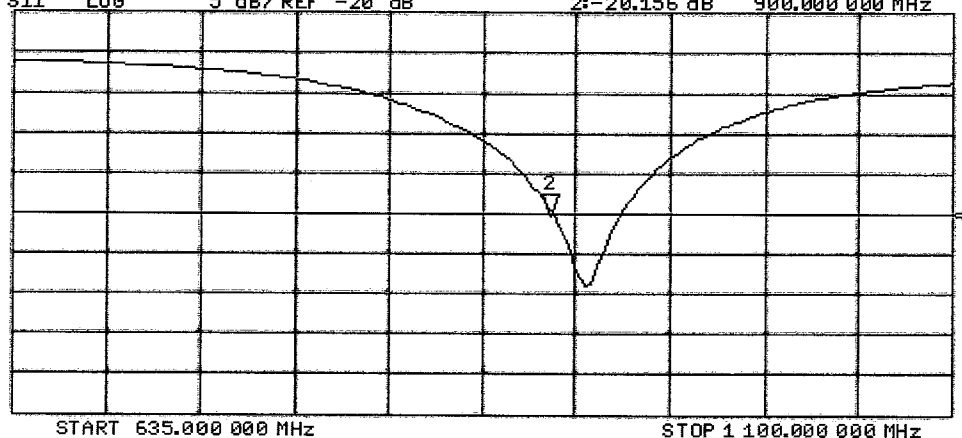
\*  
De1  
Cor



Avg  
16  
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB Z: -20.156 dB 900.000 000 MHz

Cor  
Avg  
16  
↑



ASSET: A/237 - checked by *[Signature]*  
21/02/2011

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **RFI**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-540\_Feb11**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 540**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **February 08, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by: **Dimce Iliev** (Name), **Laboratory Technician** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** (Name), **Technical Manager** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Issued: February 8, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.6
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	39.8 $\pm$ 6 %	1.41 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature during test</b>	(21.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>40.3 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.25 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>21.0 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.8 ± 6 %	1.55 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature during test</b>	(21.2 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>40.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.43 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>21.6 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>



## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.5 $\Omega$ + 4.2 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 27.6 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.6 $\Omega$ + 5.0 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.1 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.195 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 26, 2001

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 07.02.2011 15:18:47

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:540**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.41$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

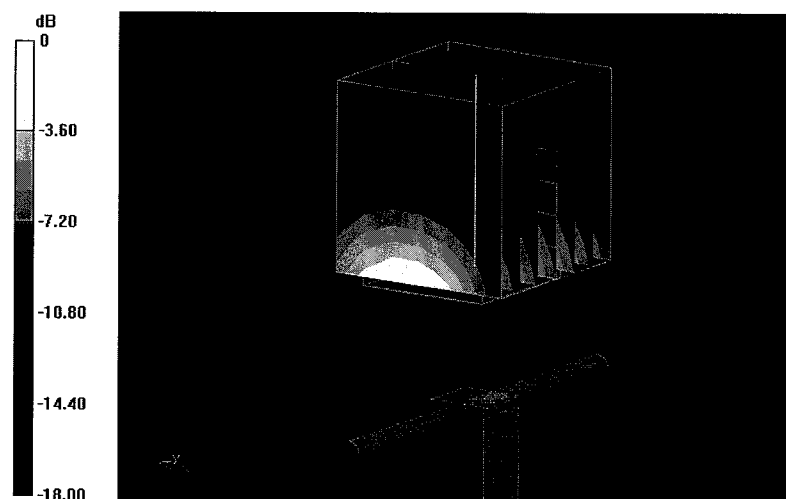
**Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.936 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.544 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.384 mW/g



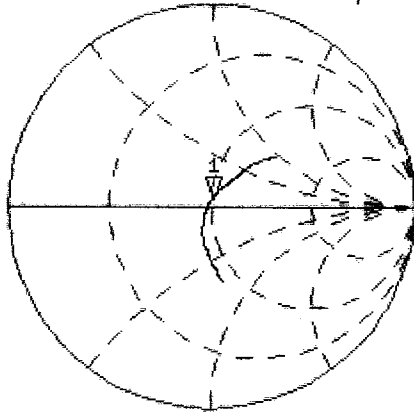
0 dB = 12.380mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

7 Feb 2011 16:45:39

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 50.525  $\Omega$  4.1680  $\Omega$  349.13 pF 1 900.000 000 MHz

\*  
Del  
CA

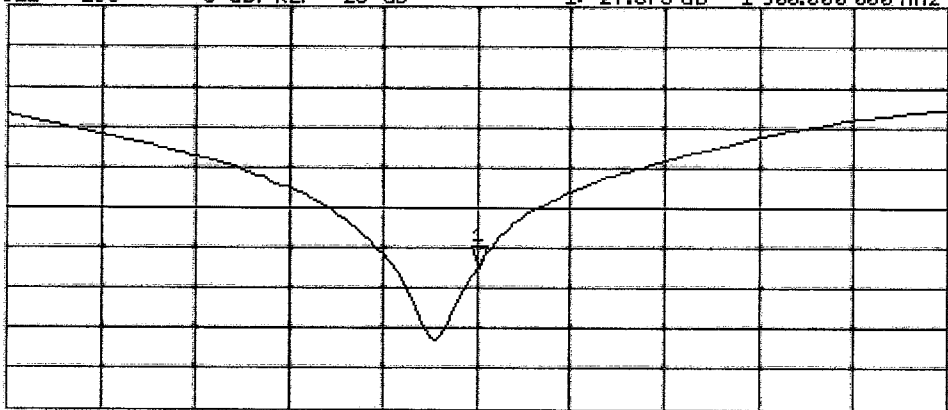


Avg  
16  
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1:-27.575 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg  
16  
↑



START 1 700.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 100.000 000 MHz

## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 08.02.2011 12:04:35

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:540**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.55$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

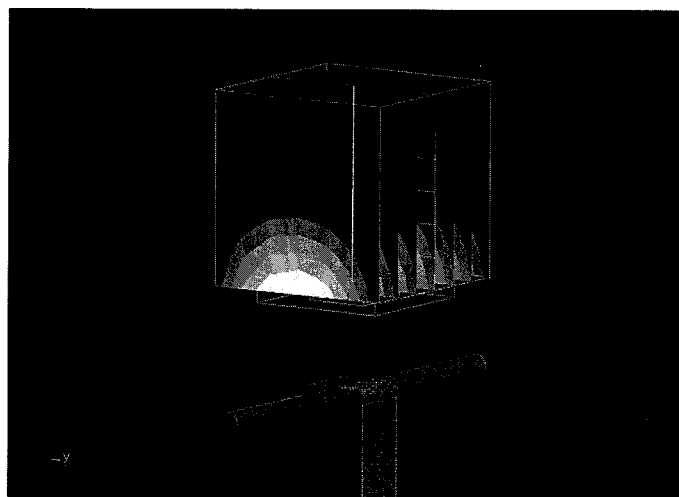
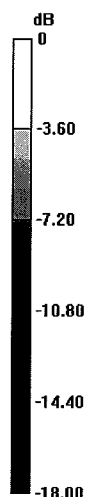
**Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.899 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.597 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.43 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.038 mW/g



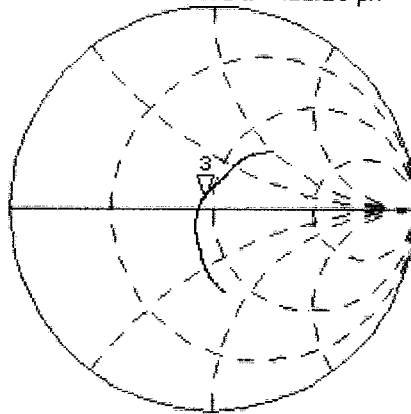
0 dB = 13.040mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

8 Feb 2011 10:45:02

CH1 S11 1 U FS 3: 45.568  $\Omega$  5.0391  $\Omega$  422.10 pH 1 900.000 000 MHz

\*  
De1  
CA

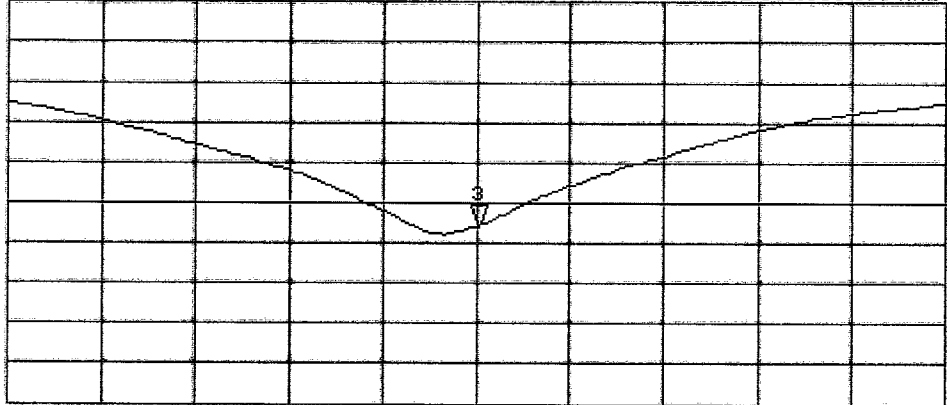


Avg  
16

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 3:-23.090 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg  
16





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Sony Ericsson UK**

Certificate No: **ET3-1611\_May11**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1611**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v7, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v3  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **May 12, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Jeton Kastrai</b>	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name <b>Katja Pokovic</b>	Function Technical Manager	Signature 
			Issued: May 16, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>** are numerical linearization parameters in dB assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media.
- VR**: VR is the validity range of the calibration related to the average diode voltage or DAE voltage in mV.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe ET3DV6

## SN:1611

Manufactured: July 27, 2001  
Calibrated: May 12, 2011

**Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems**  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1611

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.74	1.95	1.77	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	96.7	99.3	98.5	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	105.3	$\pm 2.7 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	109.8	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	104.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1611

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	6.51	6.51	6.51	0.64	2.00	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.41	6.41	6.41	0.66	1.94	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.43	5.43	5.43	0.54	2.47	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.23	5.23	5.23	0.55	2.40	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.69	1.91	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6- SN:1611

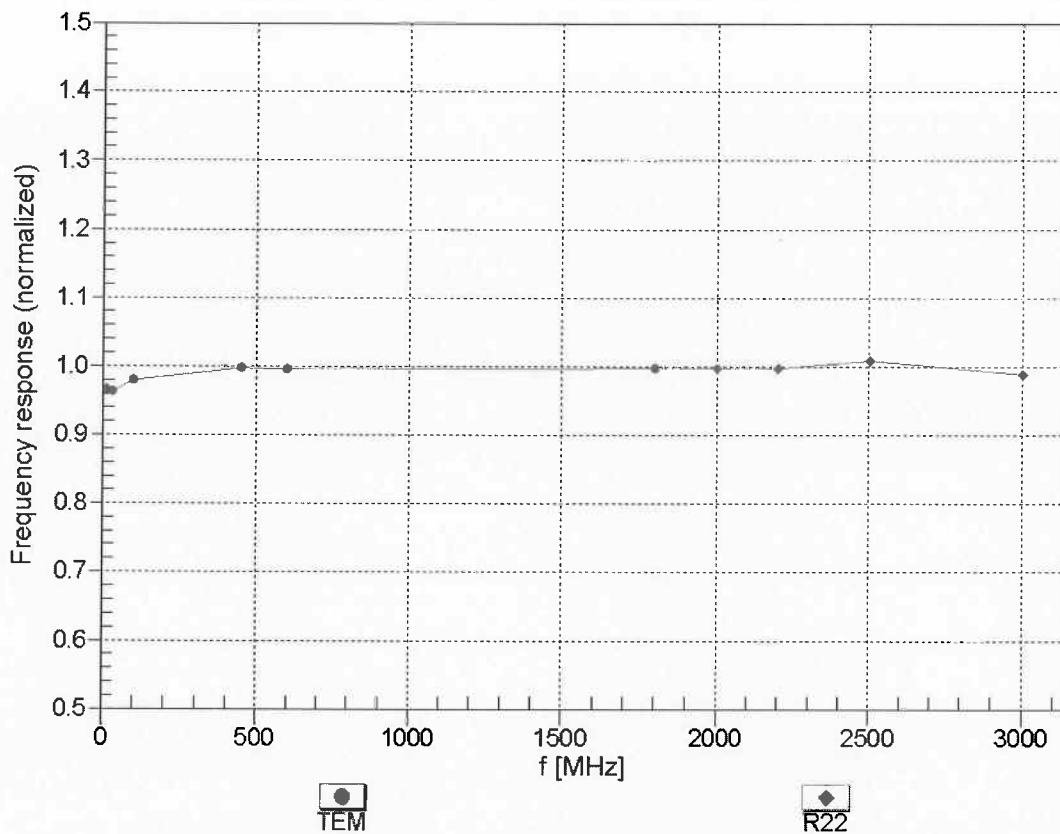
### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	6.40	6.40	6.40	0.72	1.90	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.32	6.32	6.32	0.75	1.85	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.57	2.77	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.55	4.55	4.55	0.57	2.59	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.09	4.09	4.09	1.00	1.22	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

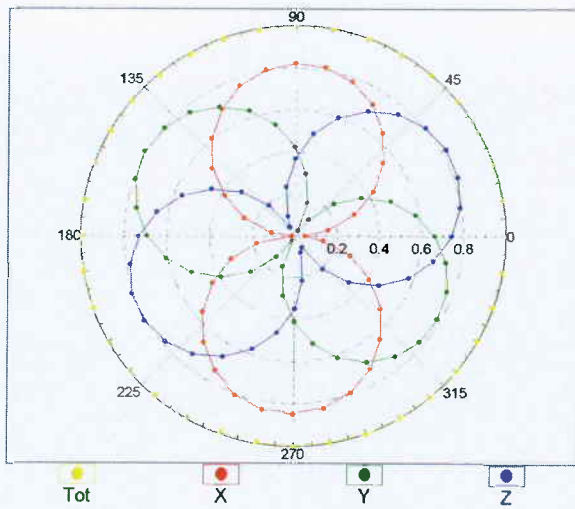
### Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



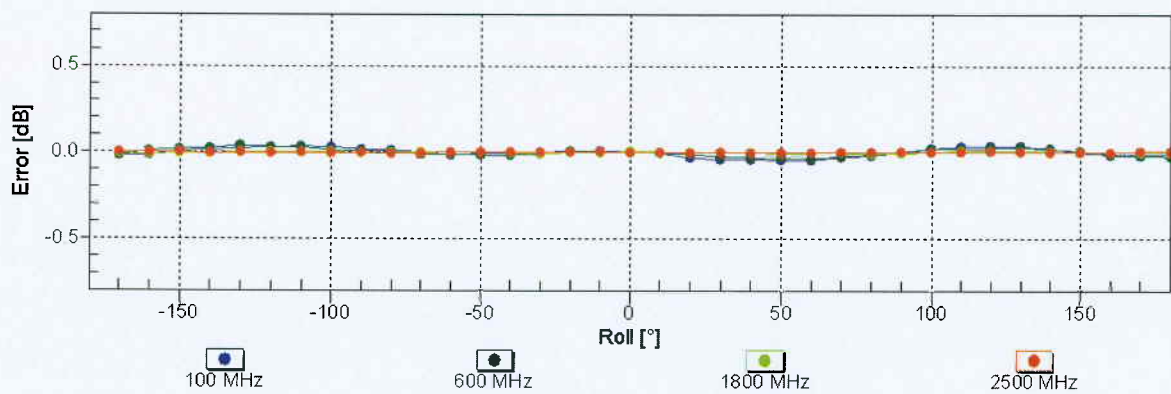
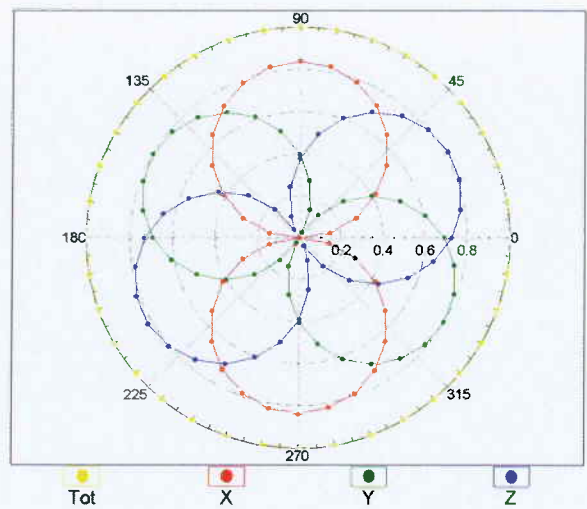
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

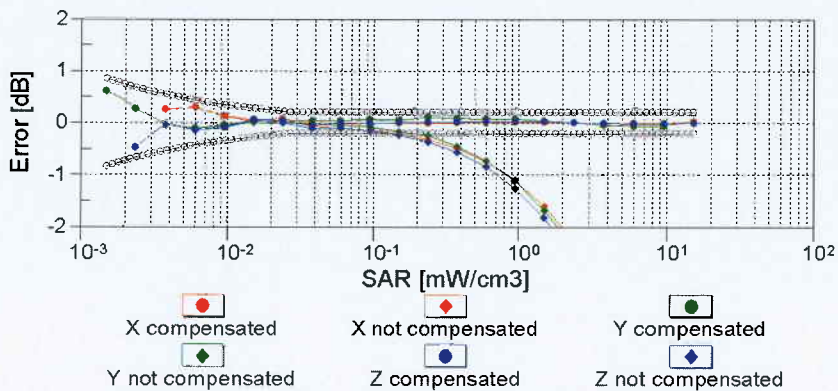
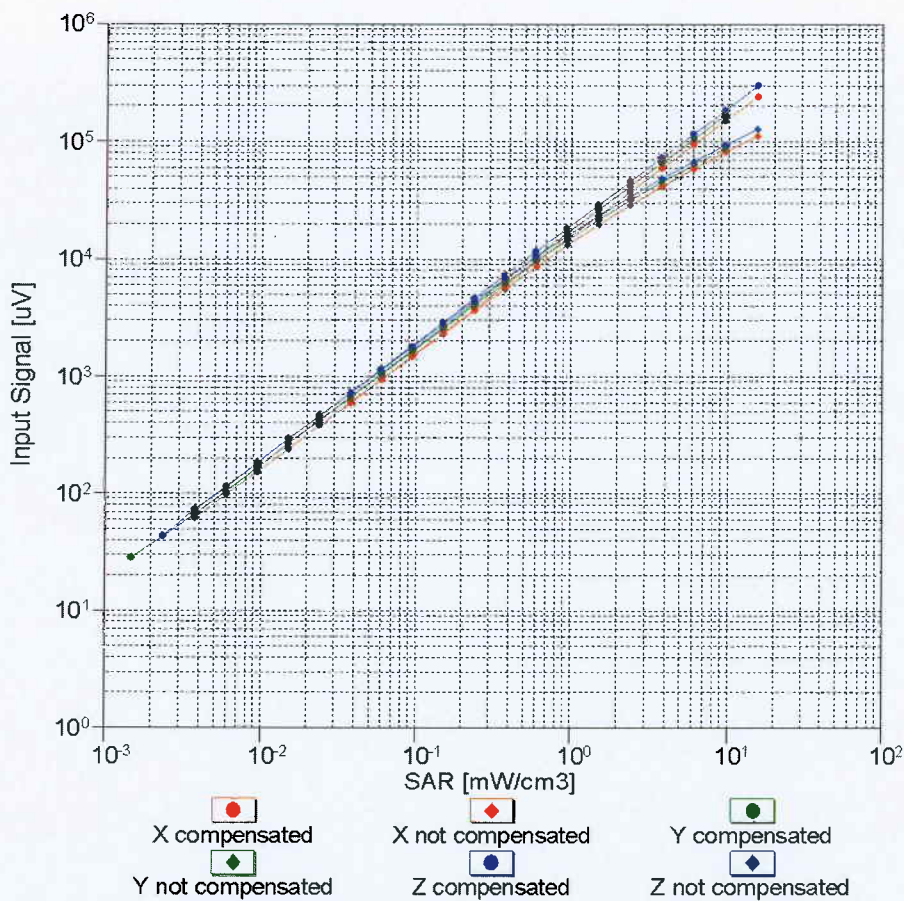


f=1800 MHz,R22



**Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )**

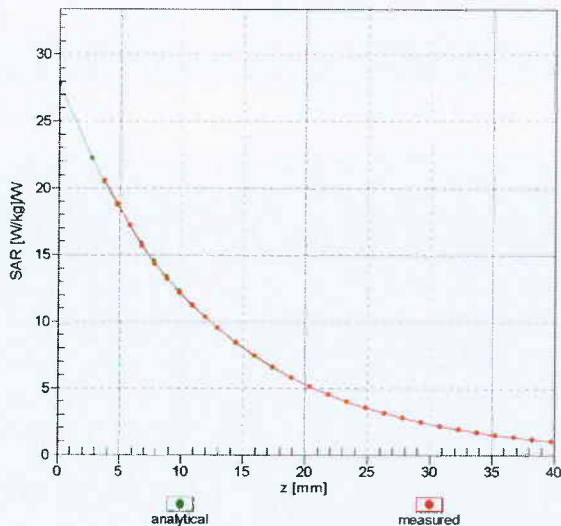
### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)



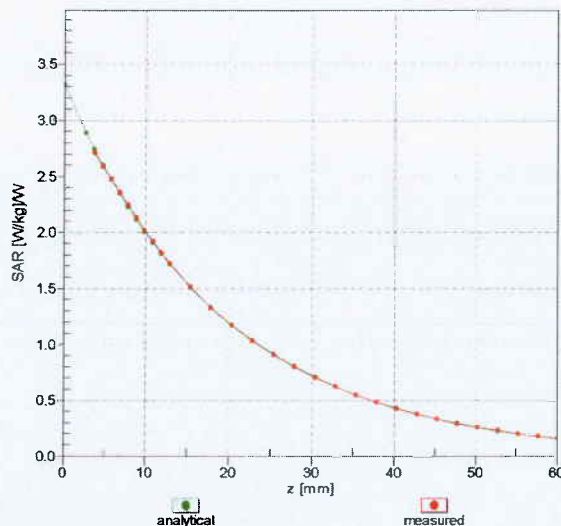
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

# Conversion Factor Assessment

f = 1900 MHz, WGLS R22 (H\_convF)

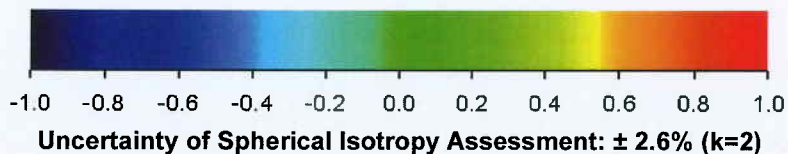
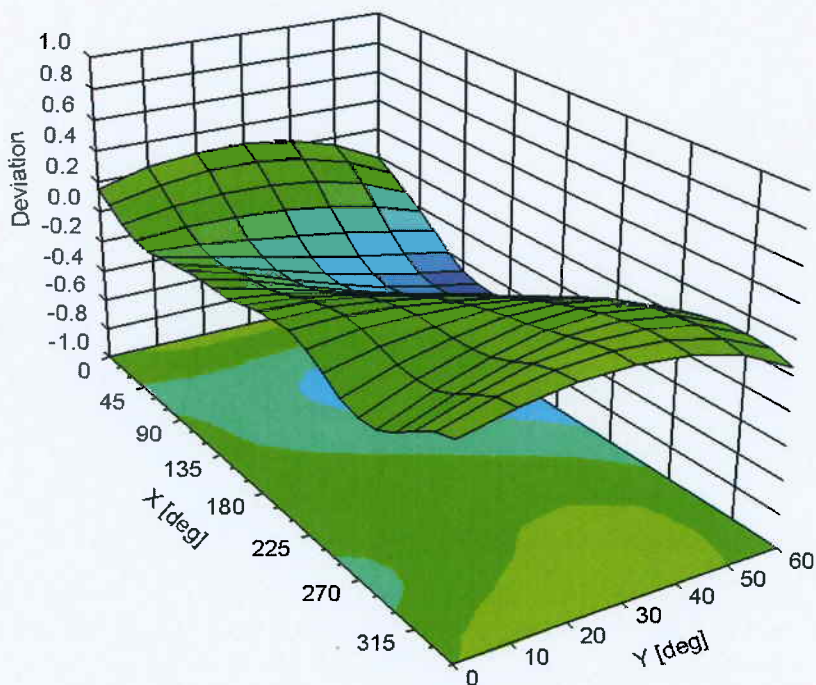


f = 835 MHz, WGLS R9 (H\_convF)



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1611

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm



## Appendix 2. Measurement Methods

### A.2.1. Evaluation Procedure

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) evaluation was performed in the following manner:

- a) (i) The evaluation was performed in an applicable area of the phantom depending on the type of device being tested. For devices worn about the ear during normal operation, both the left and right ear positions were evaluated at the centre frequency of the band at maximum power. The side, which produced the greatest SAR, determined which side of the phantom would be used for the entire evaluation. The positioning of the head worn device relative to the phantom was dictated by the test specification identified in section 3.1 of this report.  
  
(ii) For body worn devices or devices which can be operated within 20 cm of the body, the flat section of the SAM phantom was used where the size of the device(s) is normal. For bigger devices and base station the 2mm Oval phantom is used for evaluation. The type of device being evaluated dictated the distance of the EUT to the outer surface of the phantom flat section.
- b) The SAR was determined by a pre-defined procedure within the DASY4 software. The exposed region of the phantom was scanned near the inner surface with a grid spacing of 20mm x 20mm or appropriate resolution.
- c) A 5x5x7 matrix was performed around the greatest spatial SAR distribution found during the area scan of the applicable exposed region. SAR values were then calculated using a 3-D spline interpolation algorithm and averaged over spatial volumes of 1 and 10 grams.
- d) If the EUT had any appreciable drift over the course of the evaluation, then the EUT was re-evaluated. Any unusual anomalies over the course of the test also warranted a re-evaluation.

**A.2.2. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Measurements to OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: (2001-01)**

Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields

SAR measurements were performed in accordance with Appendix D of the standard FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: 2001, IEEE 1528 and FCC KDB procedures, against appropriate limits for each measurement position in accordance with the standard. In some cases the FCC was contacted using a PBA or KDB process to ensure test is performed correctly.

The test was performed in a shielded enclosure with the temperature controlled to remain between +18.0°C and +25.0°C. The tissue equivalent material fluid temperature was controlled to give a maximum variation of  $\pm 2.0^\circ\text{C}$

Prior to any SAR measurements on the EUT, system validation and material dielectric property measurements were conducted. In the absence of a detailed procedure within the specification, system validation and material dielectric property measurements were performed in accordance with Appendix C and Appendix D of FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C: 2001 and FCC KDB publication 450824.

Following the successful system validation and material dielectric property measurements, a SAR versus time sweep shall be performed within 10 mm of the phantom inner surface. If the EUT power output is stable after three minutes then the measurement probe will perform a coarse surface level scan at each test position in order to ascertain the location of the maximum local SAR level. Once this area had been established, a 5x5x7 cube of 175 points (5 mm spacing in each axis  $\approx 27\text{g}$ ) will be centred at the area of concern. Extrapolation and interpolation will then be carried out on the 27g of tissue and the highest averaged SAR over a 10g cube determined.

Once the maximum interpolated SAR measurement is complete; the coarse scan is visually assessed to check for secondary peaks within 50% of the maximum SAR level. If there are any further SAR measurements required, extra 5x5x7 cubes shall be centred on each of these extra local SAR maxima.

At the end of each position test case a second time sweep shall be performed to check whether the EUT has remained stable throughout the test.

### Appendix 3. SAR Distribution Scans

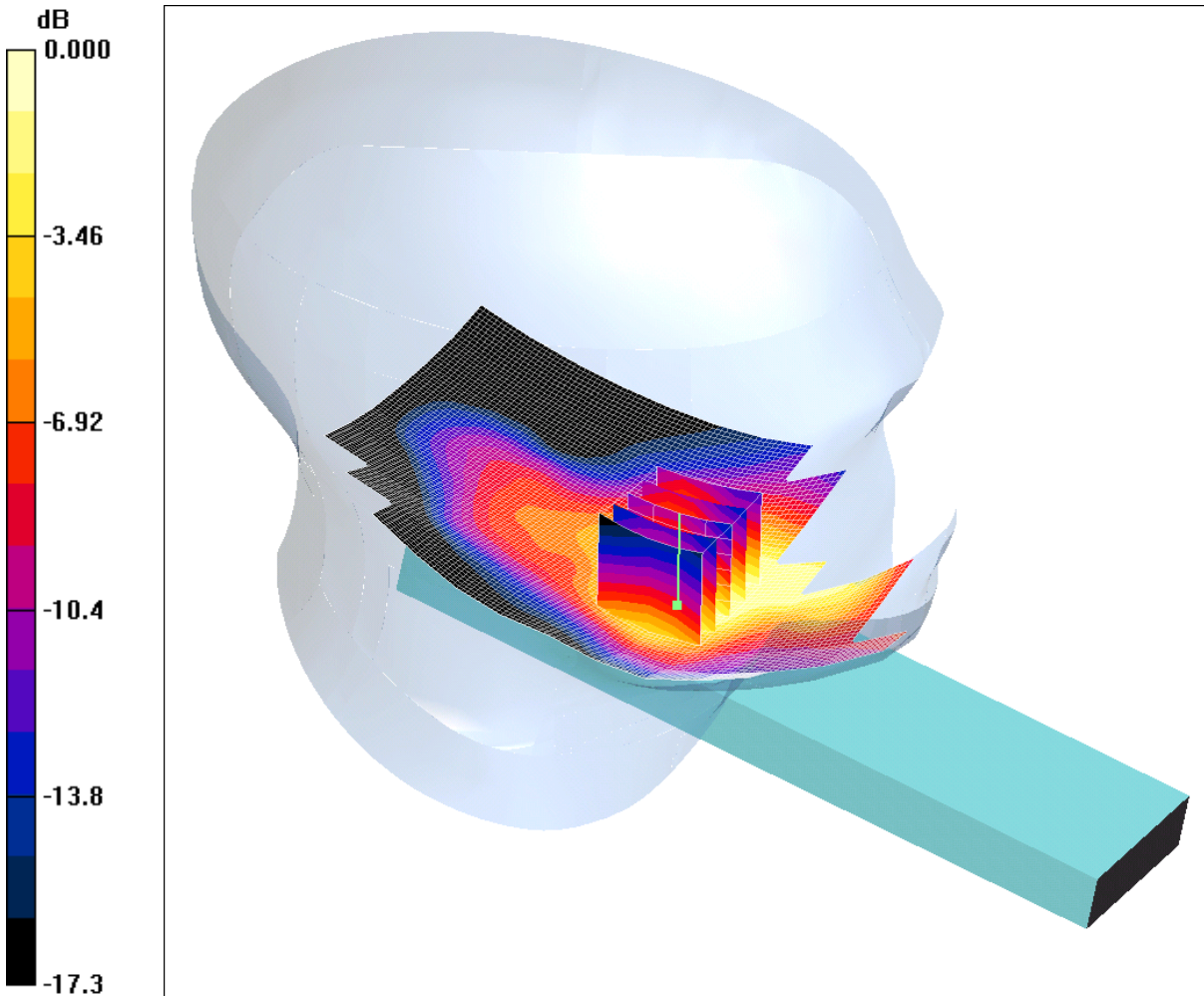
This appendix contains SAR distribution scans which are not included in the total number of pages for this report.

Scan Reference Number	Title
SCN/83316JD01/001	Touch Left PCS CH661
SCN/83316JD01/002	Tilt Left PCS CH661
SCN/83316JD01/003	Touch Right PCS CH661
SCN/83316JD01/004	Tilt Right PCS CH661
SCN/83316JD01/005	Touch Right PCS CH512
SCN/83316JD01/006	Touch Right PCS CH810
SCN/83316JD01/007	Front of EUT Closed Facing Phantom GPRS CH661
SCN/83316JD01/008	Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom GPRS CH661
SCN/83316JD01/009	Front of EUT Open Facing Phantom GPRS CH661
SCN/83316JD01/010	Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom GPRS CH661
SCN/83316JD01/011	Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom PCS CH661
SCN/83316JD01/012	Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom GPRS CH512
SCN/83316JD01/013	Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom GPRS CH810
SCN/83316JD01/014	Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom With PHF GPRS CH810
SCN/83316JD01/015	Touch Left CDMA US BC0 CH384
SCN/83316JD01/016	Tilt Left CDMA US BC0 CH384
SCN/83316JD01/017	Touch Right CDMA US BC0 CH384
SCN/83316JD01/018	Tilt Right CDMA US BC0 CH384
SCN/83316JD01/019	Touch Right CDMA US BC0 CH1013
SCN/83316JD01/020	Touch Right CDMA US BC0 CH777
SCN/83316JD01/021	Front of EUT Closed Facing Phantom CDMA US BC0 CH384
SCN/83316JD01/022	Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom CDMA US BC0 CH384
SCN/83316JD01/023	Front of EUT Open Facing Phantom CDMA US BC0 CH384
SCN/83316JD01/024	Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom CDMA US BC0 CH384
SCN/83316JD01/025	Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom CDMA US BC0 CH1013
SCN/83316JD01/026	Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom CDMA US BC0 CH777
SCN/83316JD01/027	Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom with PHF CDMA US BC0 CH777
SCN/83316JD01/028	System Performance Check 1900MHz Head 23 08 11
SCN/83316JD01/029	System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 24 08 11
SCN/83316JD01/030	System Performance Check 900MHz Head 02 09 11
SCN/83316JD01/031	System Performance Check 900MHz Body 02 09 11

SCN/83316JD01/001: Touch Left PCS CH661

Date 23/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.241mW/g

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Touch Left - Middle/Area Scan (81x171x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.259 mW/g

**Touch Left - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.113 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.309 W/kg

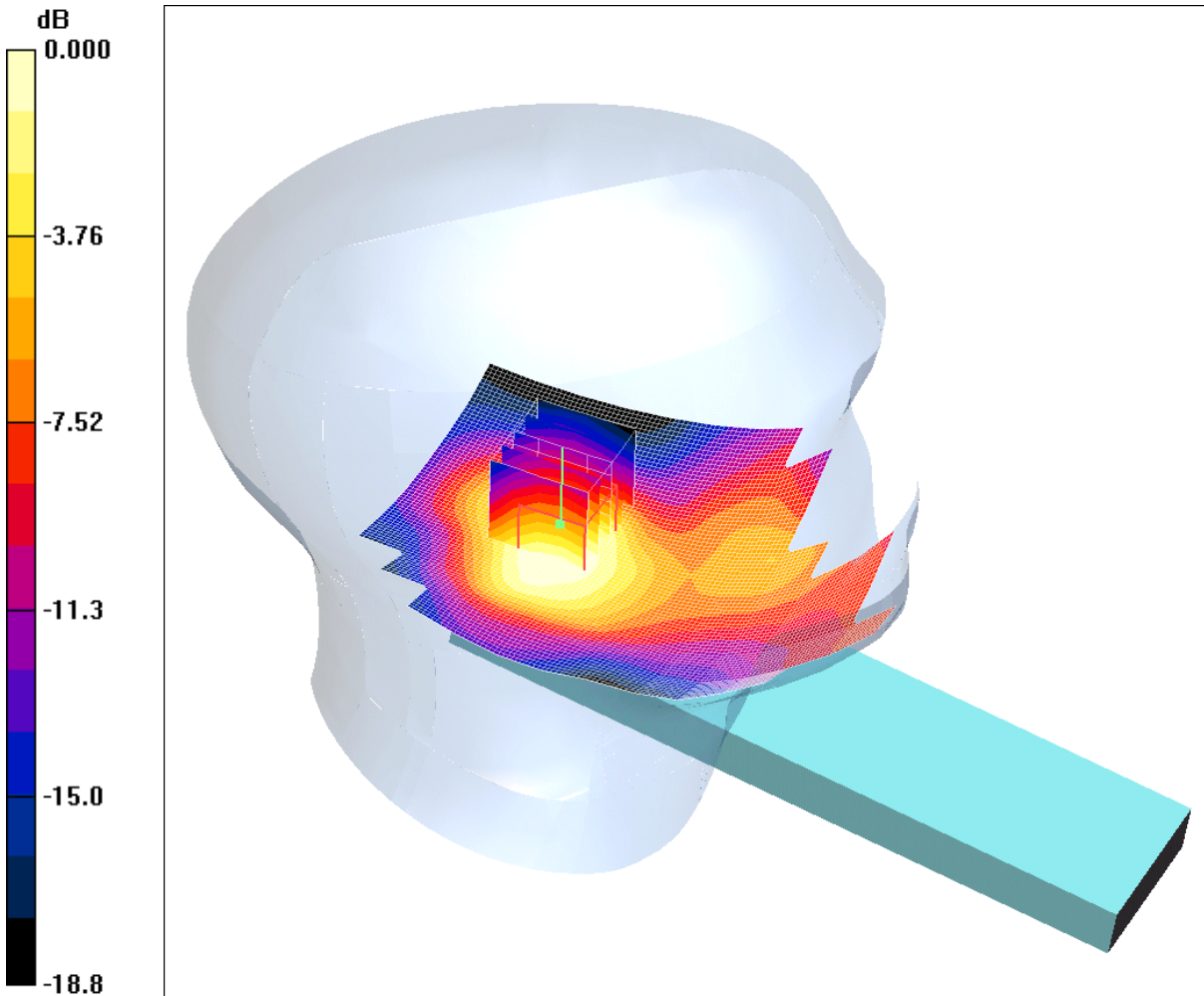
**SAR(1 g) = 0.224 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/002: Tilt Left PCS CH661

Date 23/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.124mW/g

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Tilt Left - Middle/Area Scan (81x171x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.131 mW/g

**Tilt Left - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.383 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.168 W/kg

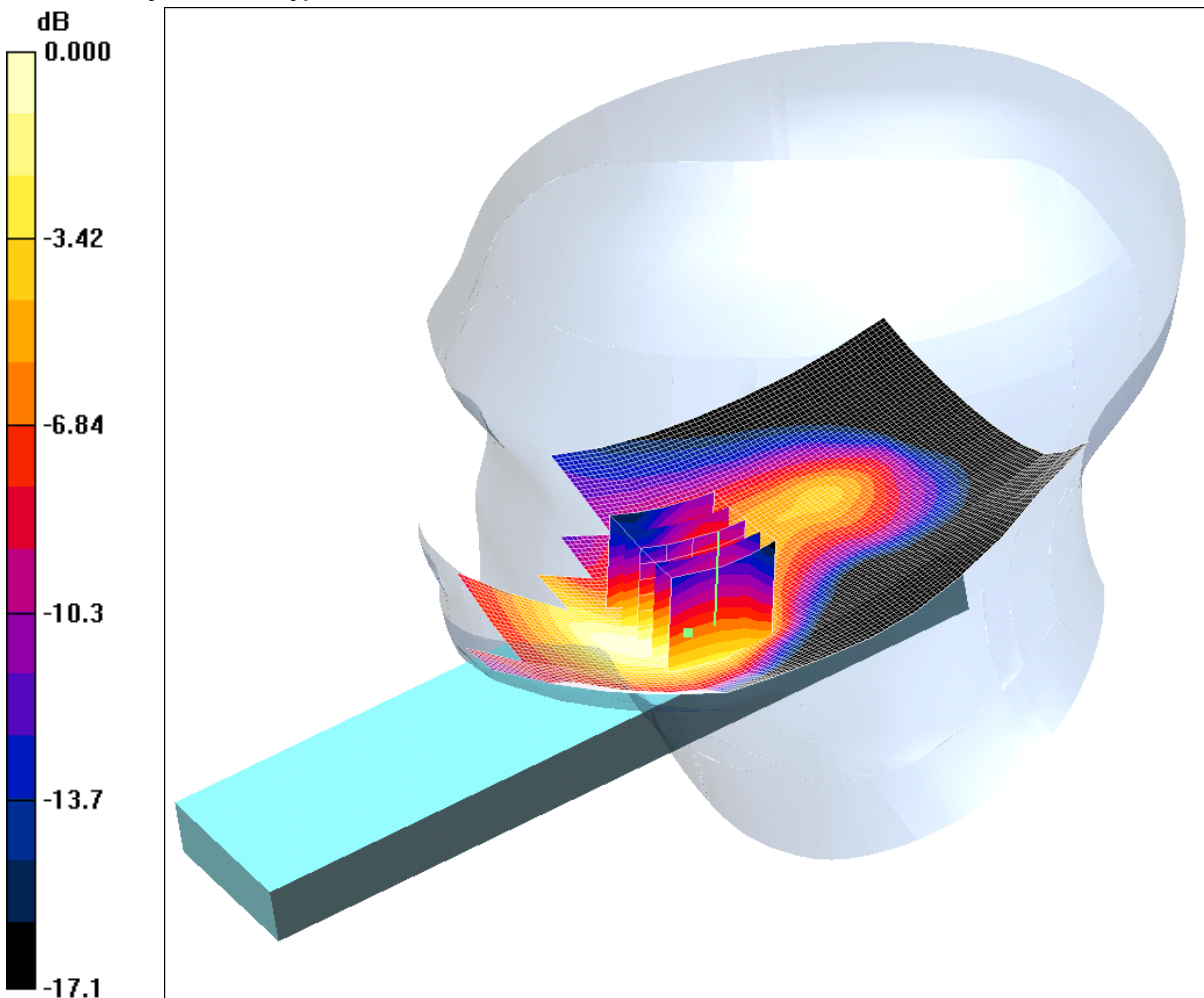
**SAR(1 g) = 0.116 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.124 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/003: Touch Right PCS CH661

Date 23/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.259mW/g

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Touch Right - Middle/Area Scan (81x171x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.272 mW/g

**Touch Right - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.121 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.335 W/kg

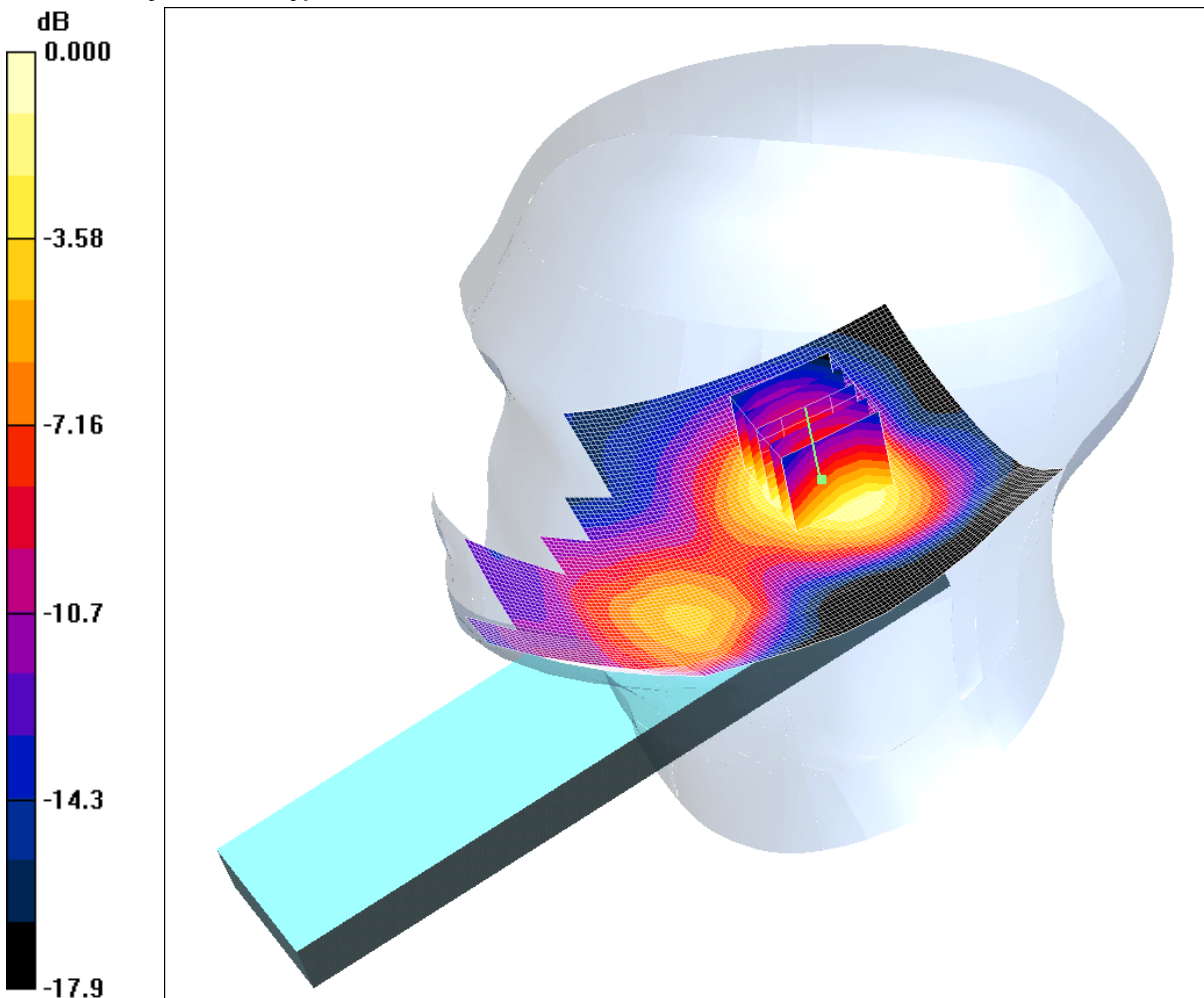
**SAR(1 g) = 0.242 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.259 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/004: Tilt Right PCS CH661

Date 23/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.173mW/g

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Tilt Right - Middle/Area Scan (81x171x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.186 mW/g

**Tilt Right - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.119 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.235 W/kg

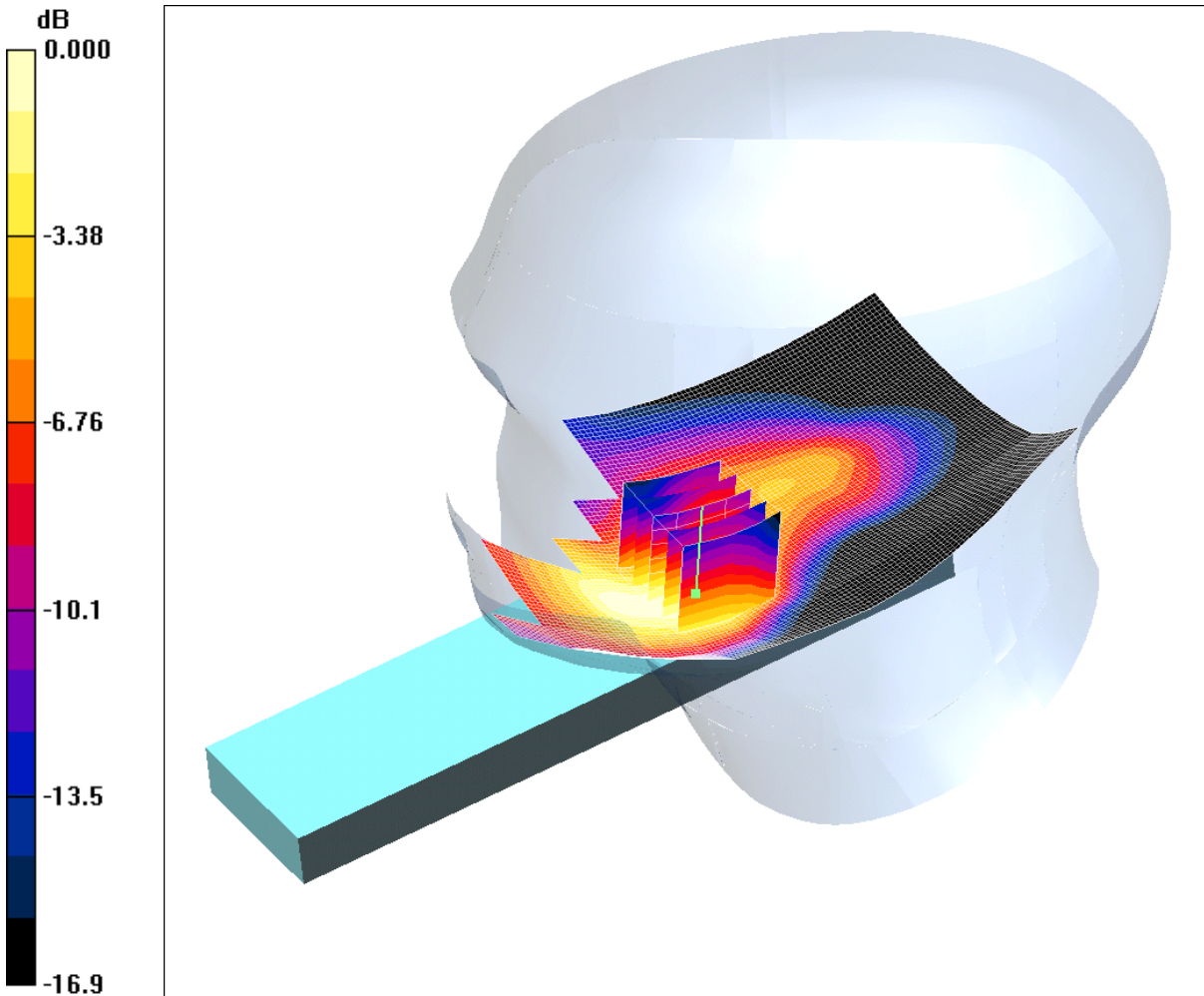
**SAR(1 g) = 0.160 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.173 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/005: Touch Right PCS CH512

Date 23/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.223mW/g

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.38$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Touch Right - Low/Area Scan (81x171x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.242 mW/g

**Touch Right - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.212 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.294 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.212 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.134 mW/g**

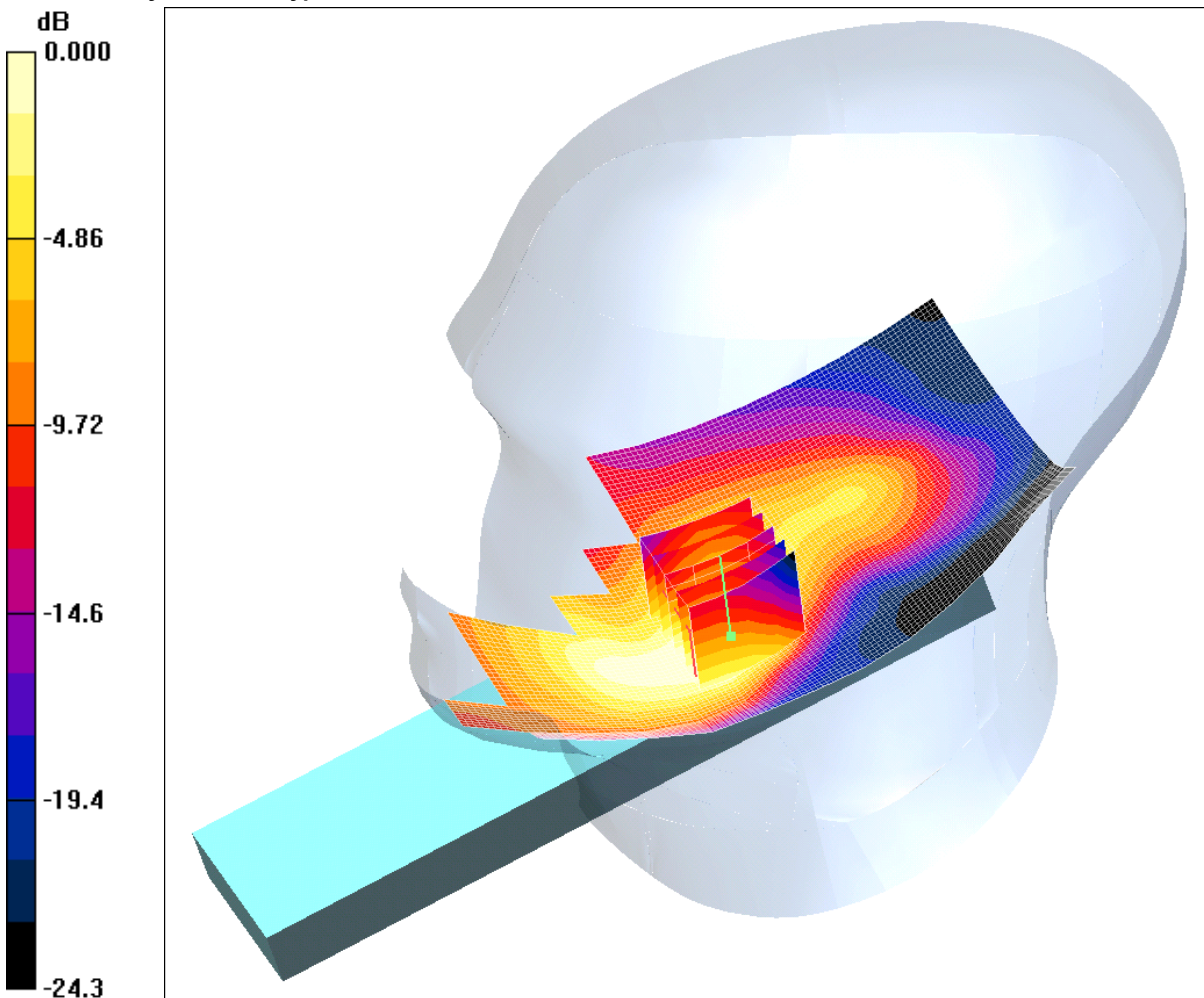
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.223 mW/g



SCN/83316JD01/006: Touch Right PCS CH810

Date 23/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.236mW/g

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1909.8$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.43$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Touch Right - High/Area Scan (81x171x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.259 mW/g

**Touch Right - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.129 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.318 W/kg

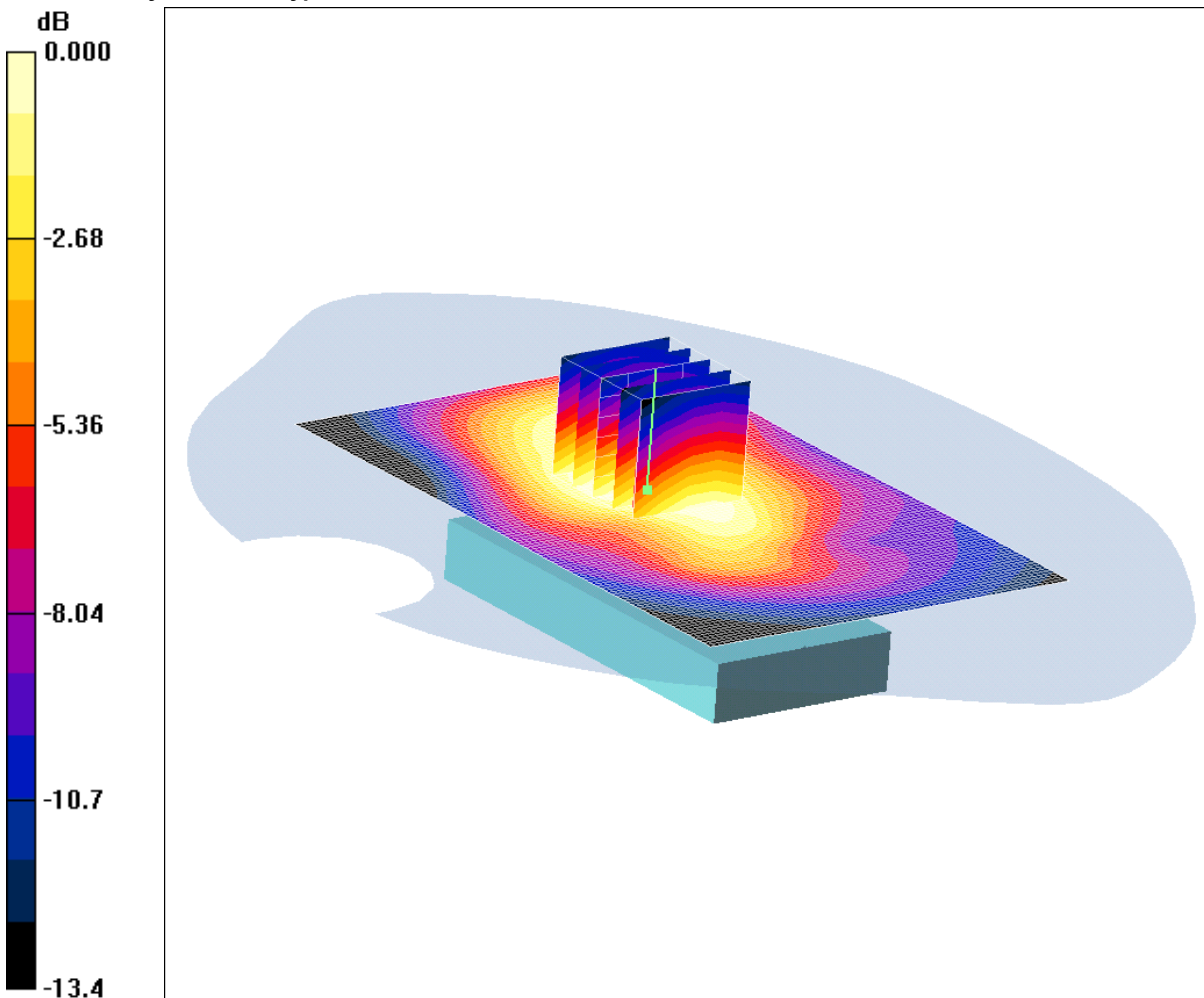
**SAR(1 g) = 0.223 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.139 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.236 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/007: Front of EUT Closed Facing Phantom GPRS CH661

Date 24/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.158mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.57$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Front of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.166 mW/g

**Front of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.263 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.215 W/kg

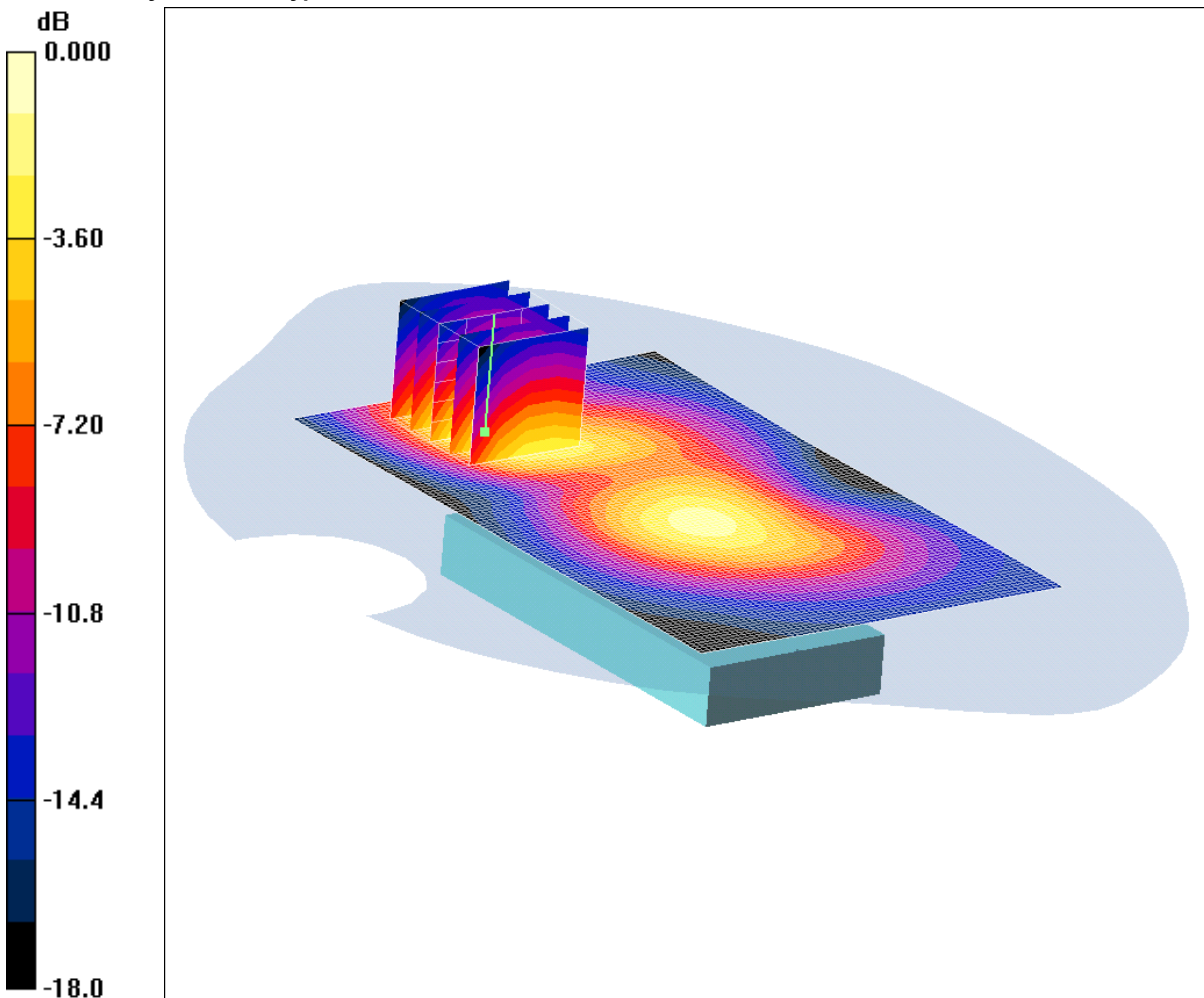
**SAR(1 g) = 0.150 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.100 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/008: Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom GPRS CH661

Date 24/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.364mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.57$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.382 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.097 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.534 W/kg

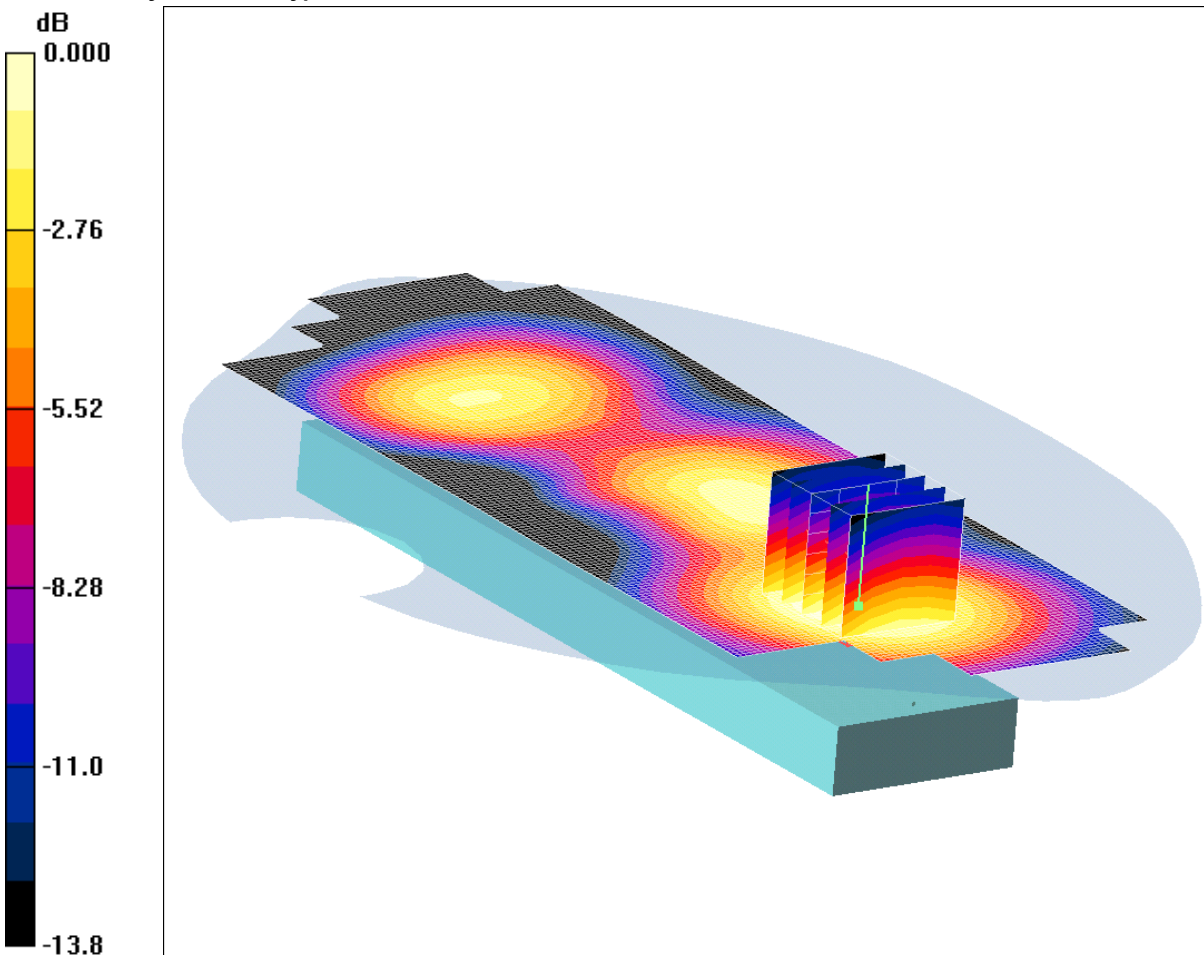
**SAR(1 g) = 0.327 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.181 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.364 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/009: Front of EUT Open Facing Phantom GPRS CH661

Date 24/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.264mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.57$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Front of EUT Open Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (71x181x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.278 mW/g

**Front of EUT Open Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.384 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.357 W/kg

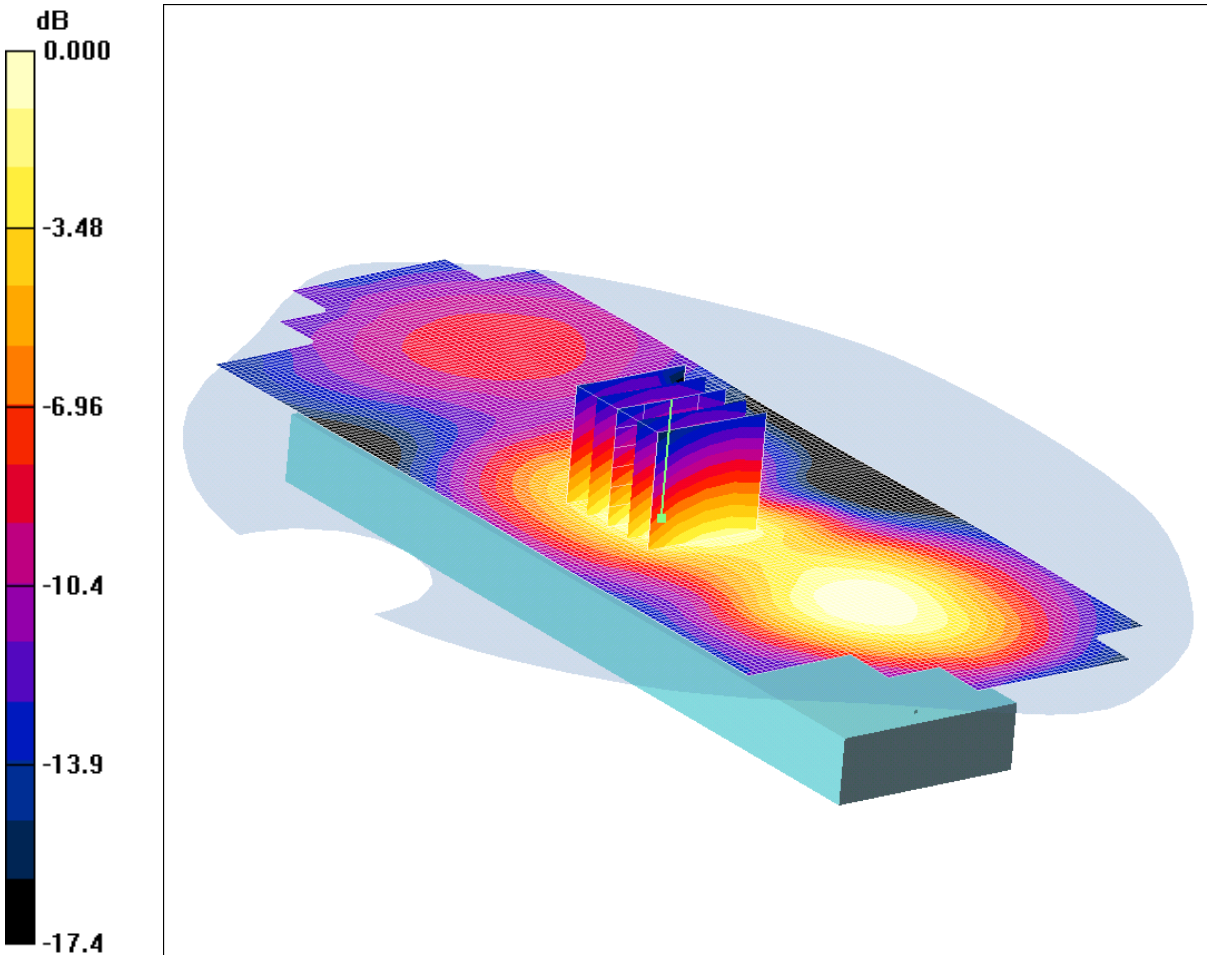
**SAR(1 g) = 0.245 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.159 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.264 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/010: Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom GPRS CH661

Date 24/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.261mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.57$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (71x181x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.264 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.088 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.393 W/kg

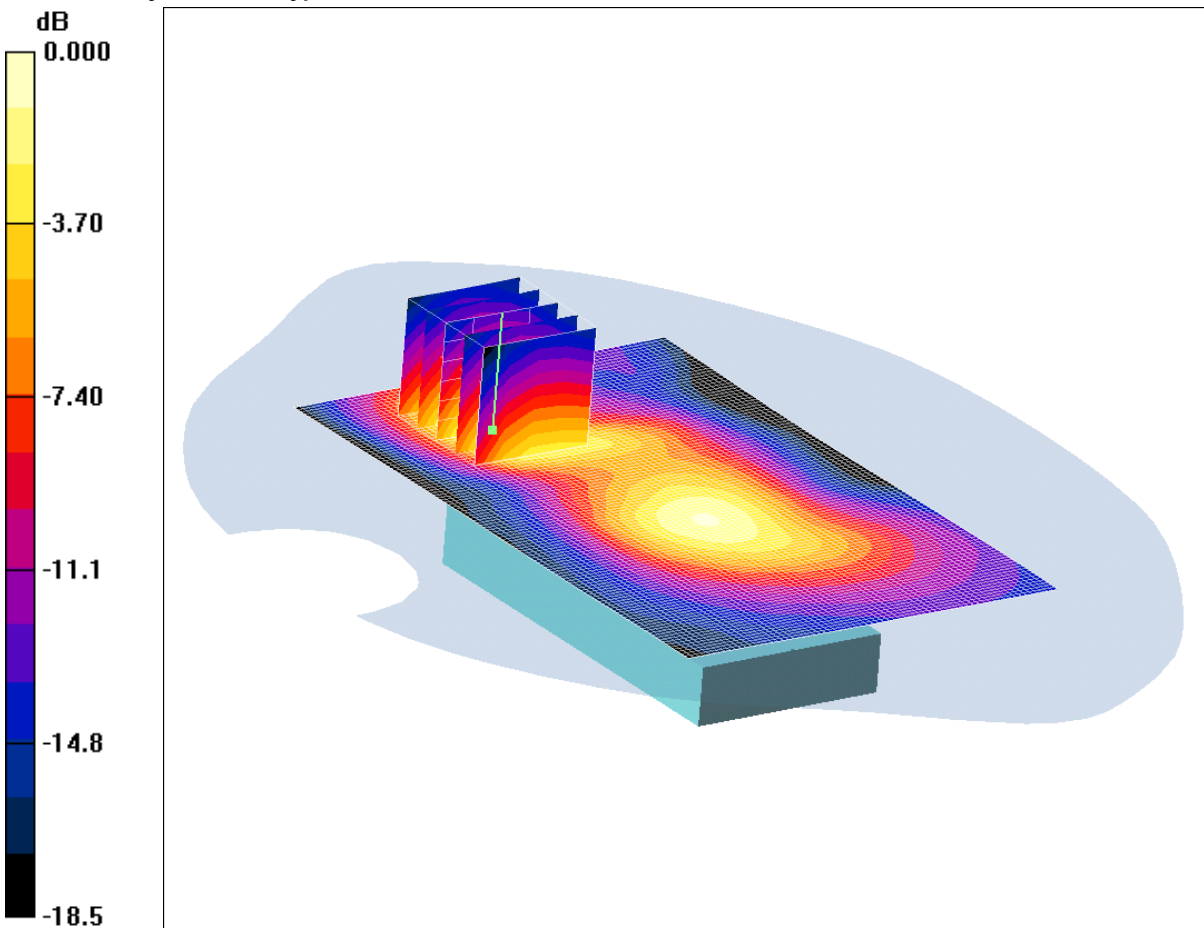
**SAR(1 g) = 0.238 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.261 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/011: Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom PCS CH661

Date 24/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.184mW/g

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.57$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.198 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.217 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.280 W/kg

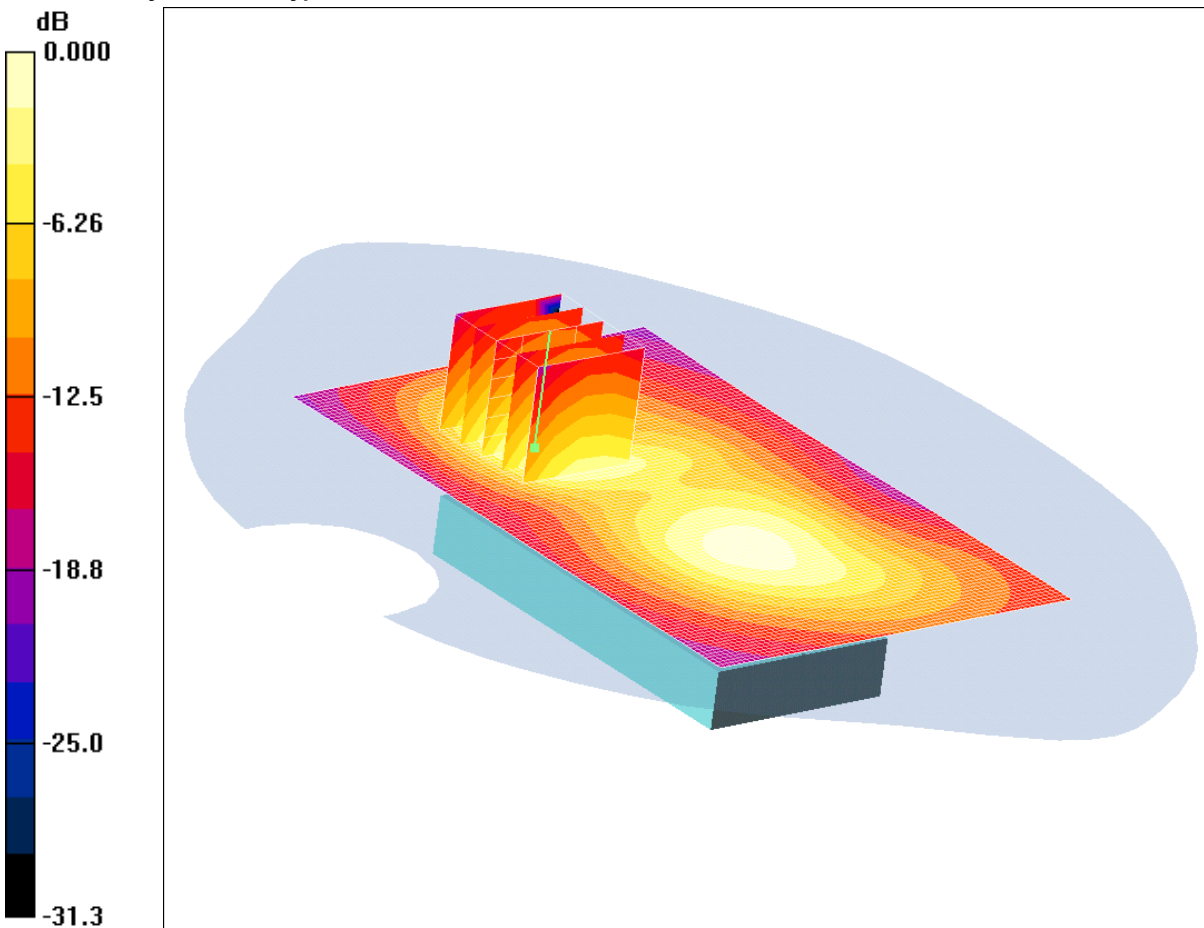
**SAR(1 g) = 0.163 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.087 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.184 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/012: Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom GPRS CH512

Date 24/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.411mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4  
 Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1850.2$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.54$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom - Low/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.432 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.062 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.607 W/kg

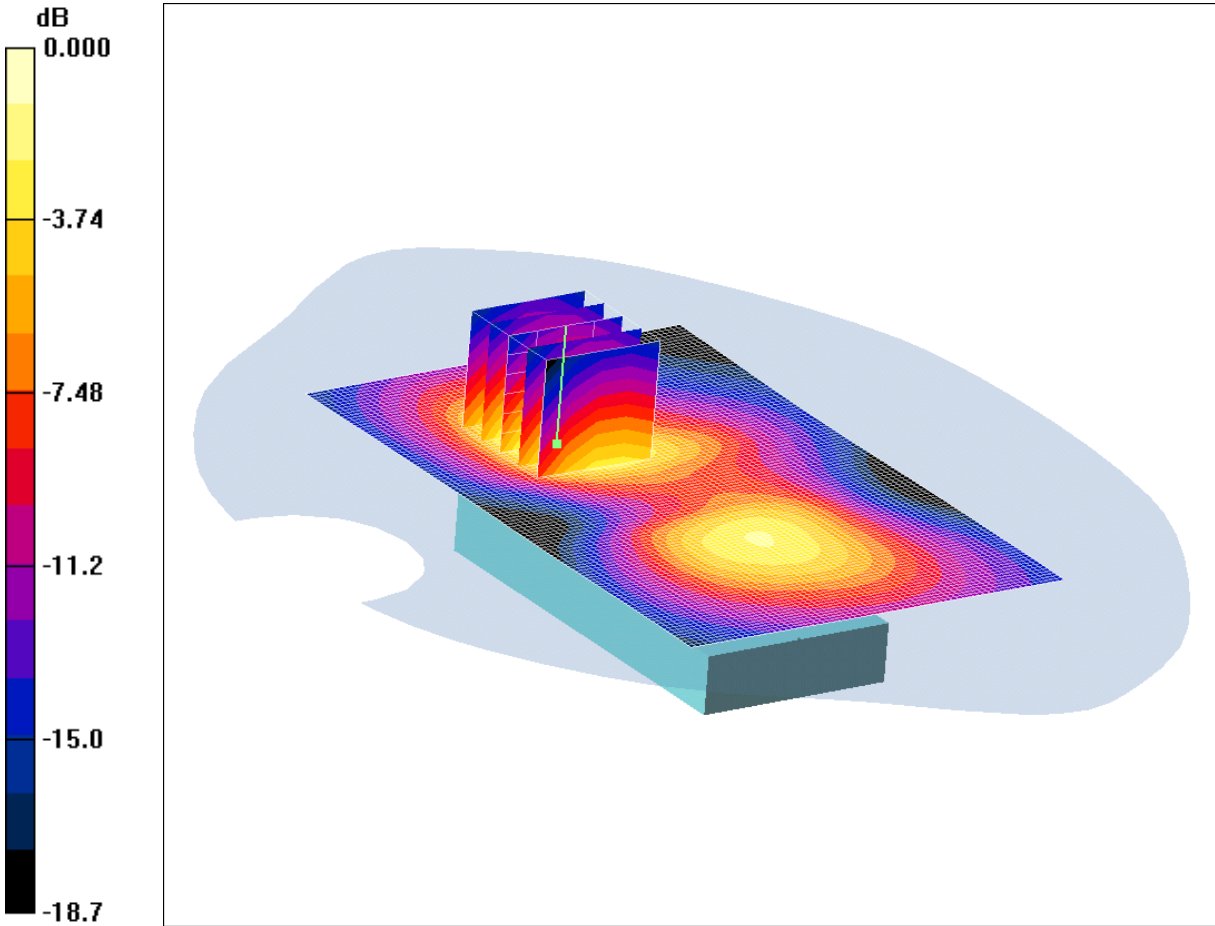
**SAR(1 g) = 0.366 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.200 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.411 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/013: Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom GPRS CH810

Date 24/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.443mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4  
Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1909.8 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.59$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom - High/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.462 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.67 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.664 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.401 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 mW/g**

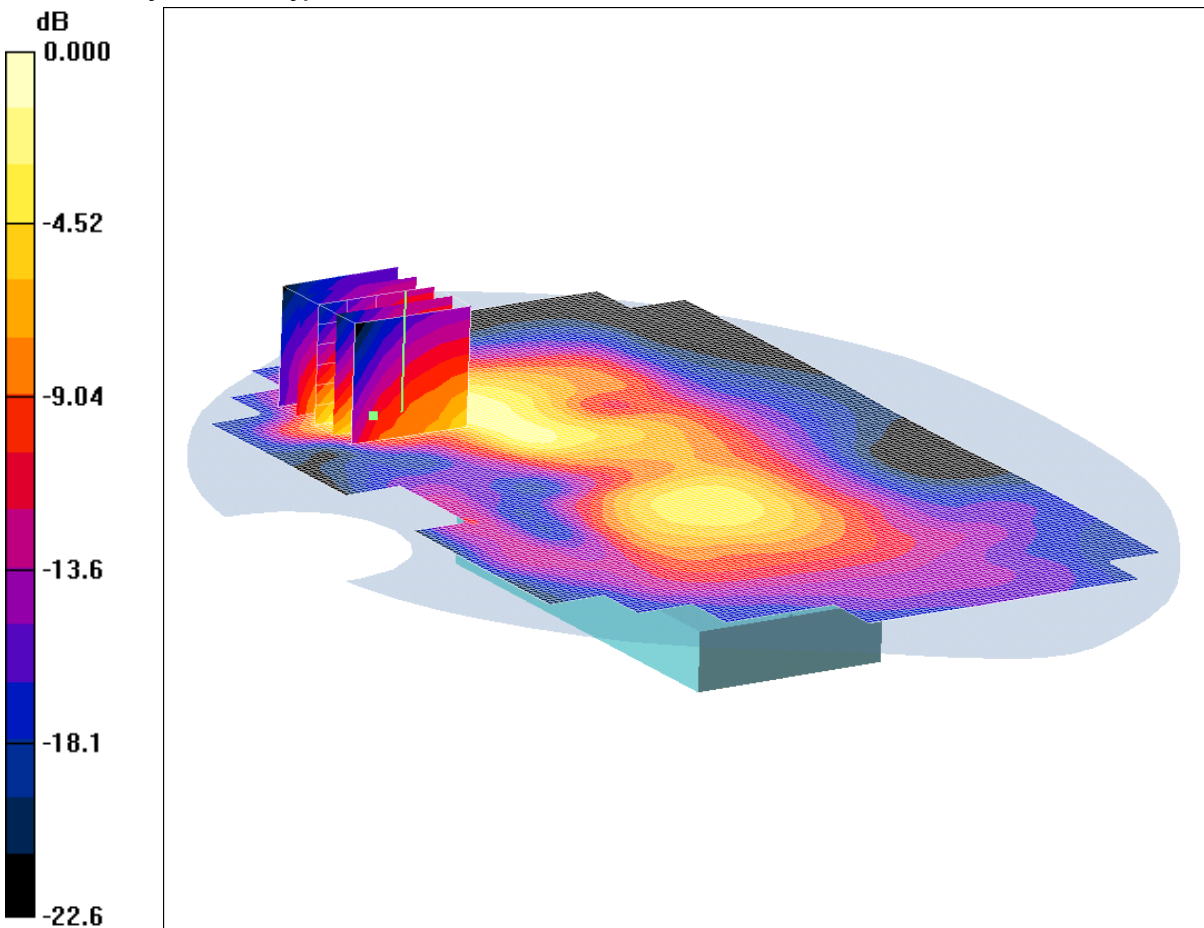
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.443 mW/g



SCN/83316JD01/014: Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom With PHF GPRS CH810

Date 24/08/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.410mW/g

Communication System: GPRS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4  
 Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 1909.8 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.59 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Area Scan (101x161x1):** Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.430 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.135 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.665 W/kg

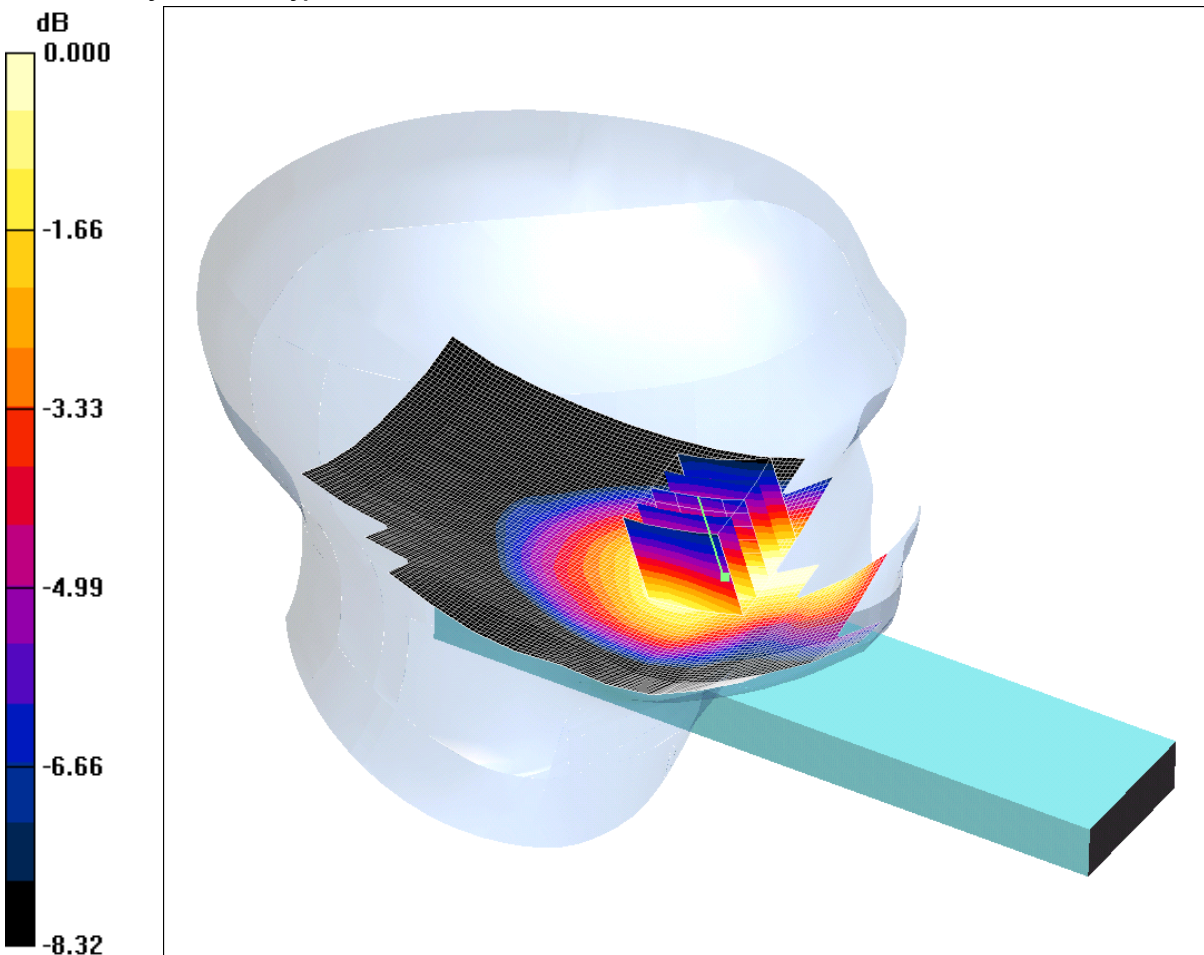
**SAR(1 g) = 0.371 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.194 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.410 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/015: Touch Left CDMA US BC0 CH384

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.461mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC0 US; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.899$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.51, 6.51, 6.51); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Touch Right - Middle/Area Scan (81x171x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.464 mW/g

**Touch Right - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.536 W/kg

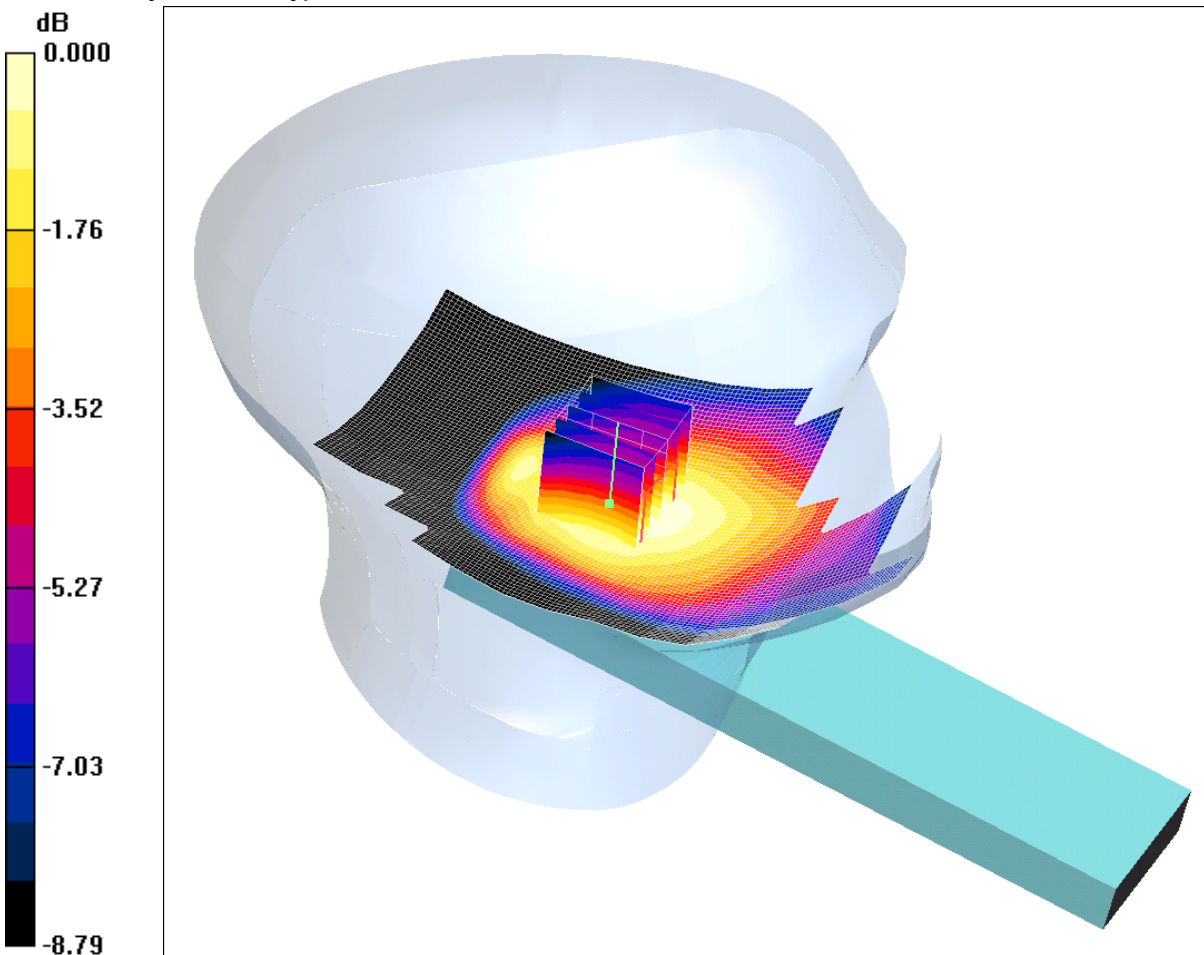
**SAR(1 g) = 0.437 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.330 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.461 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/016: Tilt Left CDMA US BC0 CH384

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.244mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC0 US; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.899$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.51, 6.51, 6.51); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Tilt Left - Middle/Area Scan (81x171x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.245 mW/g

**Tilt Left - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.116 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.273 W/kg

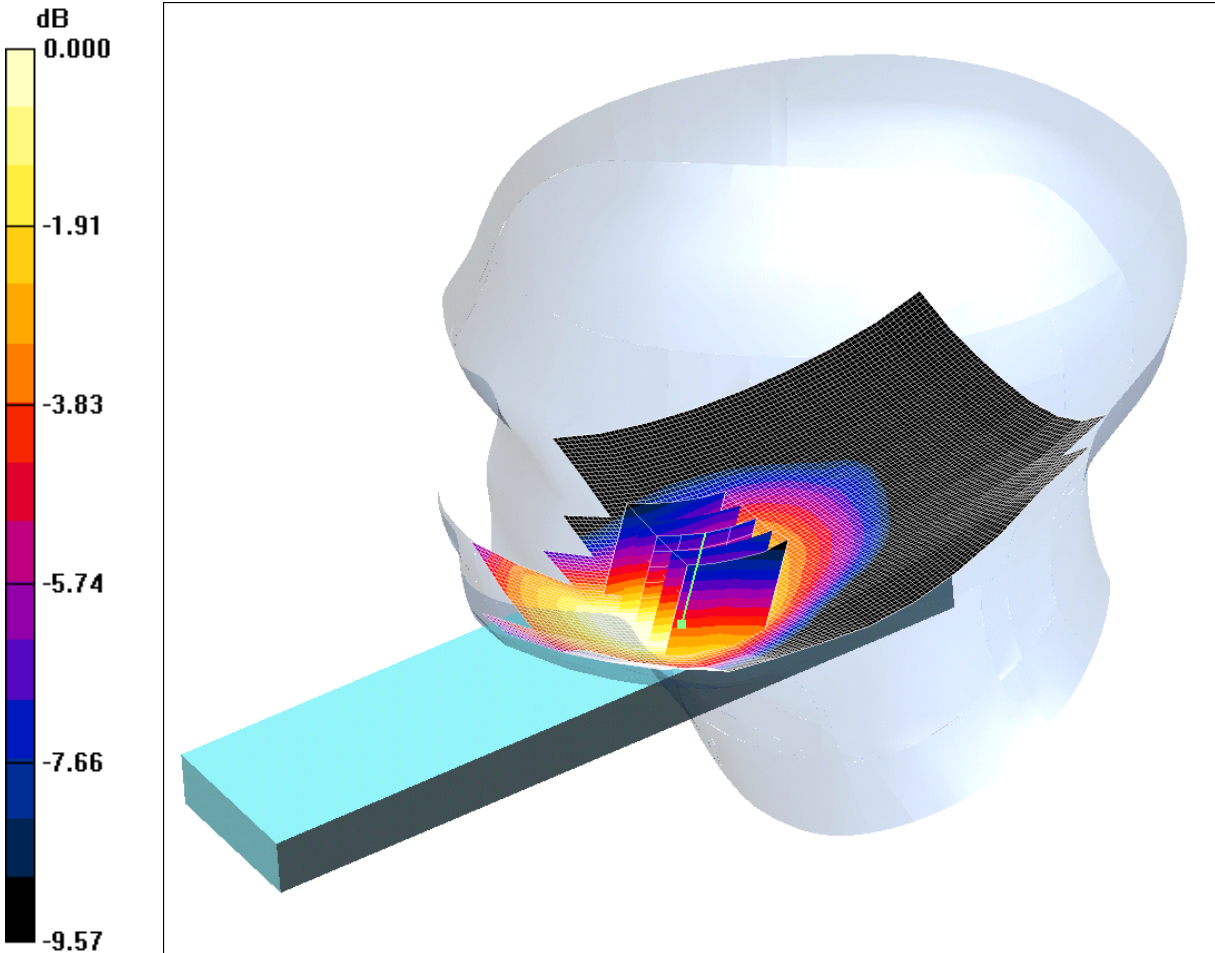
**SAR(1 g) = 0.233 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.244 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/017: Touch Right CDMA US BC0 CH384

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.678mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC0 US; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.899$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.51, 6.51, 6.51); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Touch Right - Middle/Area Scan (81x171x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.708 mW/g

**Touch Right - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.006 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.847 W/kg

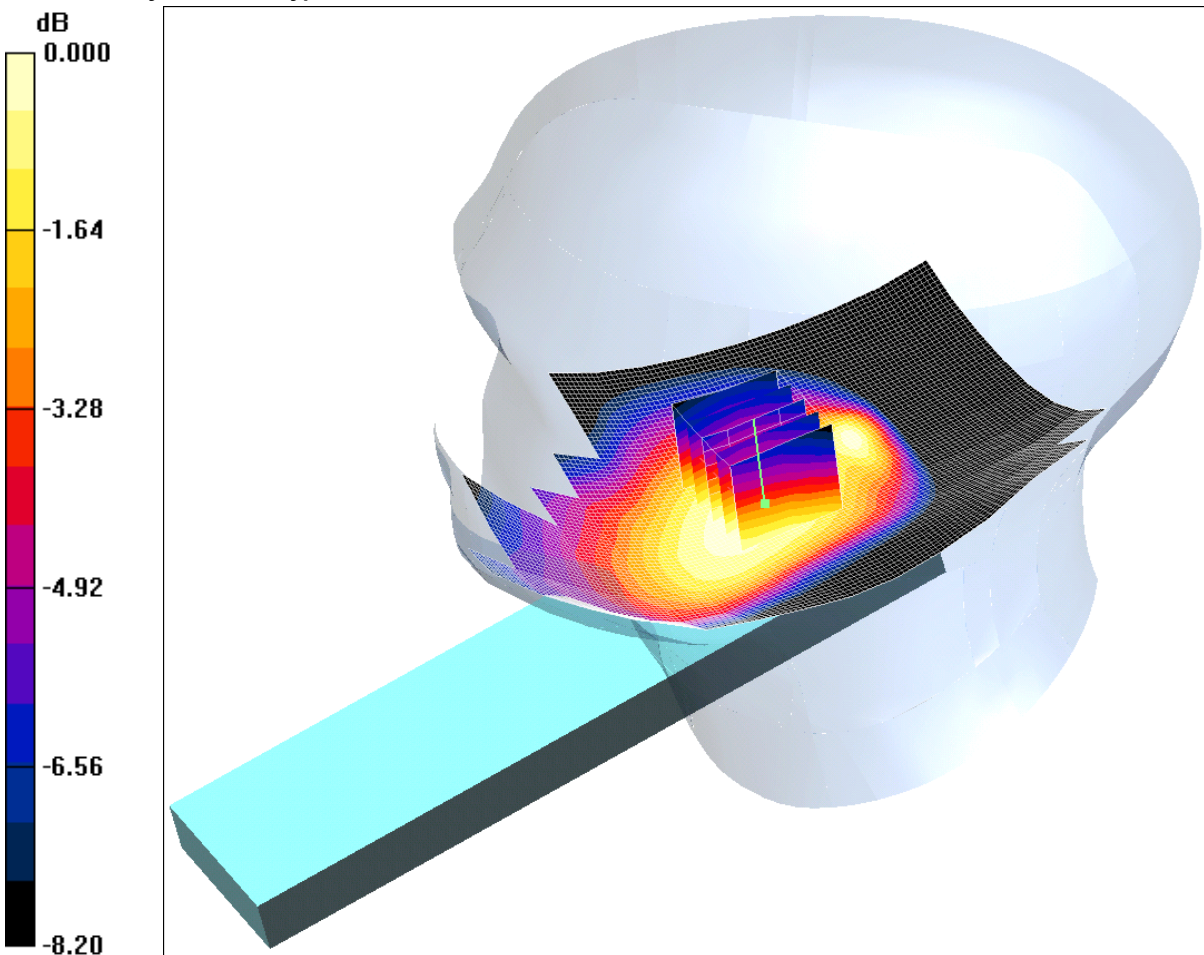
**SAR(1 g) = 0.637 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.452 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.678 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/018: Tilt Right CDMA US BC0 CH384

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.283mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC0 US; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.899$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.51, 6.51, 6.51); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Tilt Right - Middle/Area Scan (81x171x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.278 mW/g

**Tilt Right - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.073 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.312 W/kg

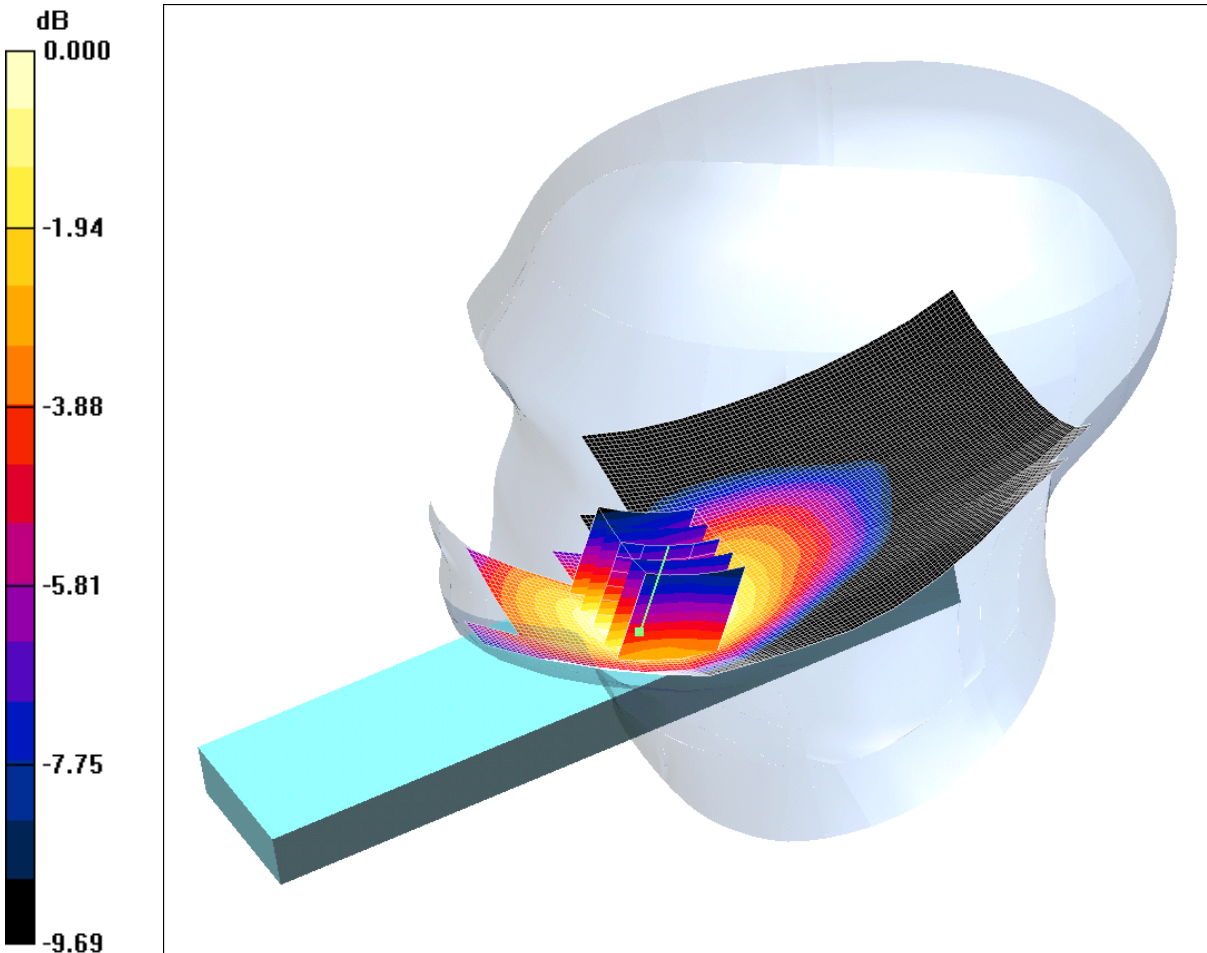
**SAR(1 g) = 0.270 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.209 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.283 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/019: Touch Right CDMA US BC0 CH1013

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.677mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC0 US; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 824.7 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.891$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.51, 6.51, 6.51); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Touch Right - Low/Area Scan (81x171x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.661 mW/g

**Touch Right - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.147 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.860 W/kg

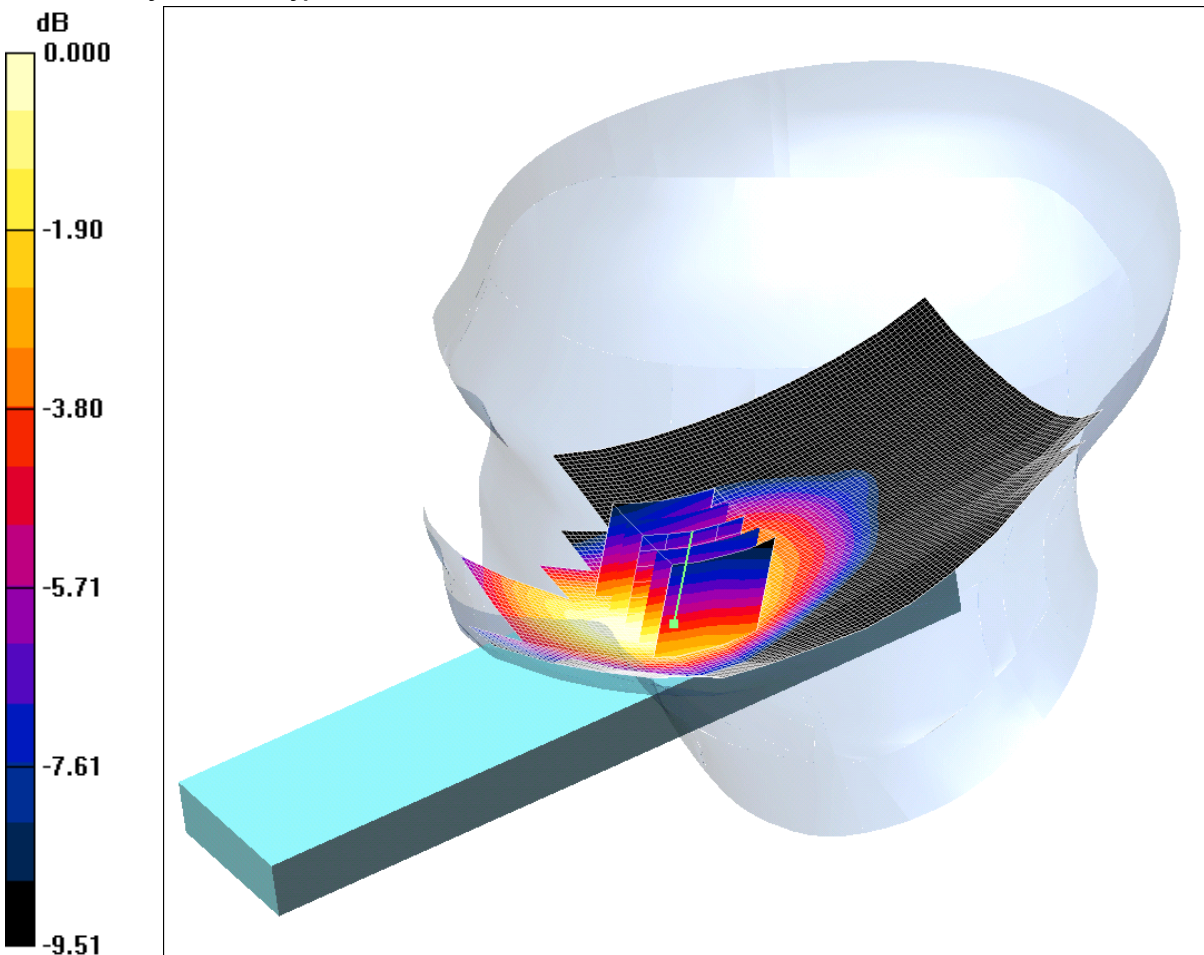
**SAR(1 g) = 0.625 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.434 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.677 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/020: Touch Right CDMA US BC0 CH777

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.760mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC0 US; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 848.31$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.906$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.51, 6.51, 6.51); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Touch Right - High/Area Scan (81x171x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.765 mW/g

**Touch Right - High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.133 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.908 W/kg

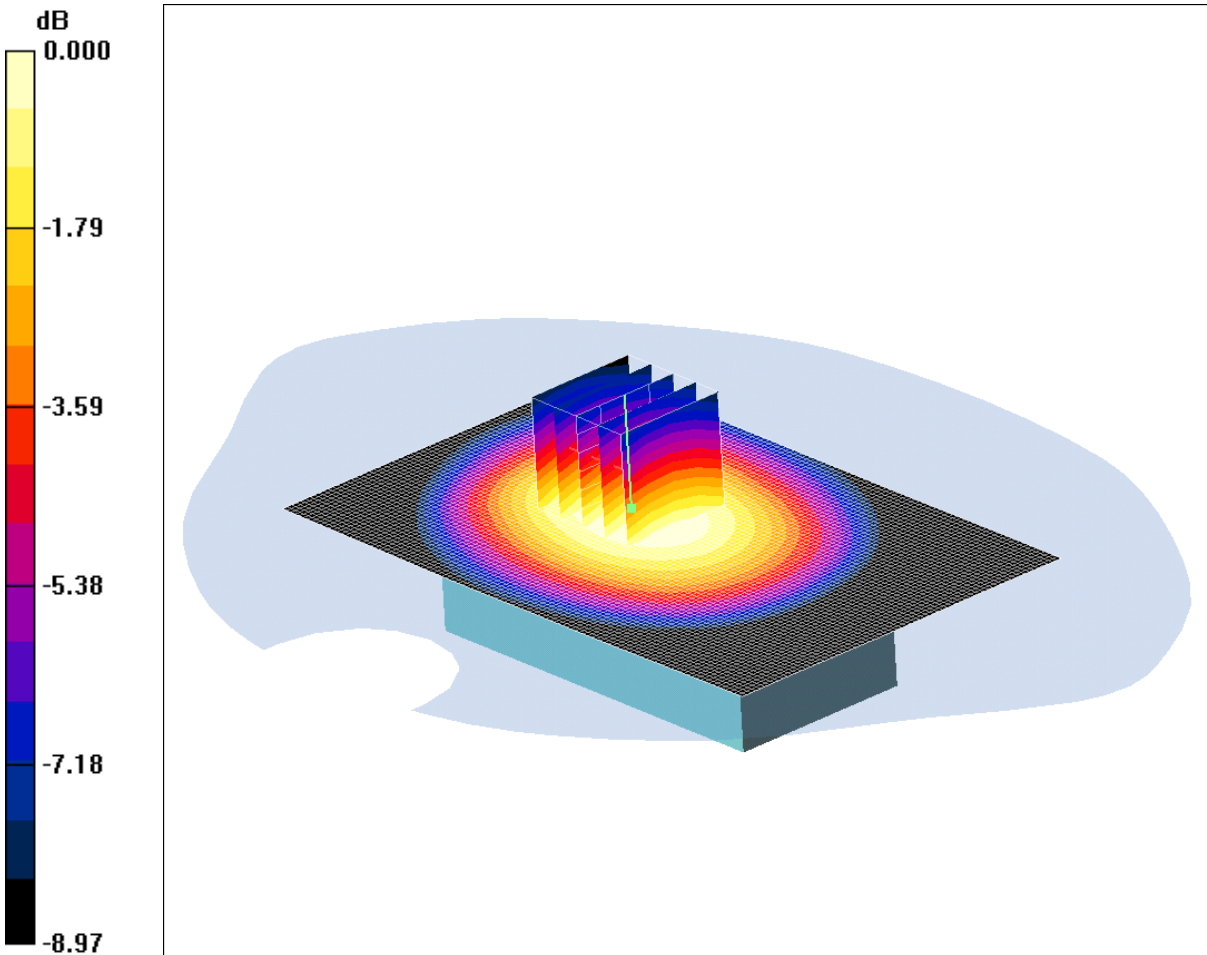
**SAR(1 g) = 0.714 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.507 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.760 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/021: Front of EUT Closed Facing Phantom CDMA US BC0 CH384

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.291mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC0 US; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 836.52$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.02$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Front of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.298 mW/g

**Front of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.338 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.276 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.206 mW/g**

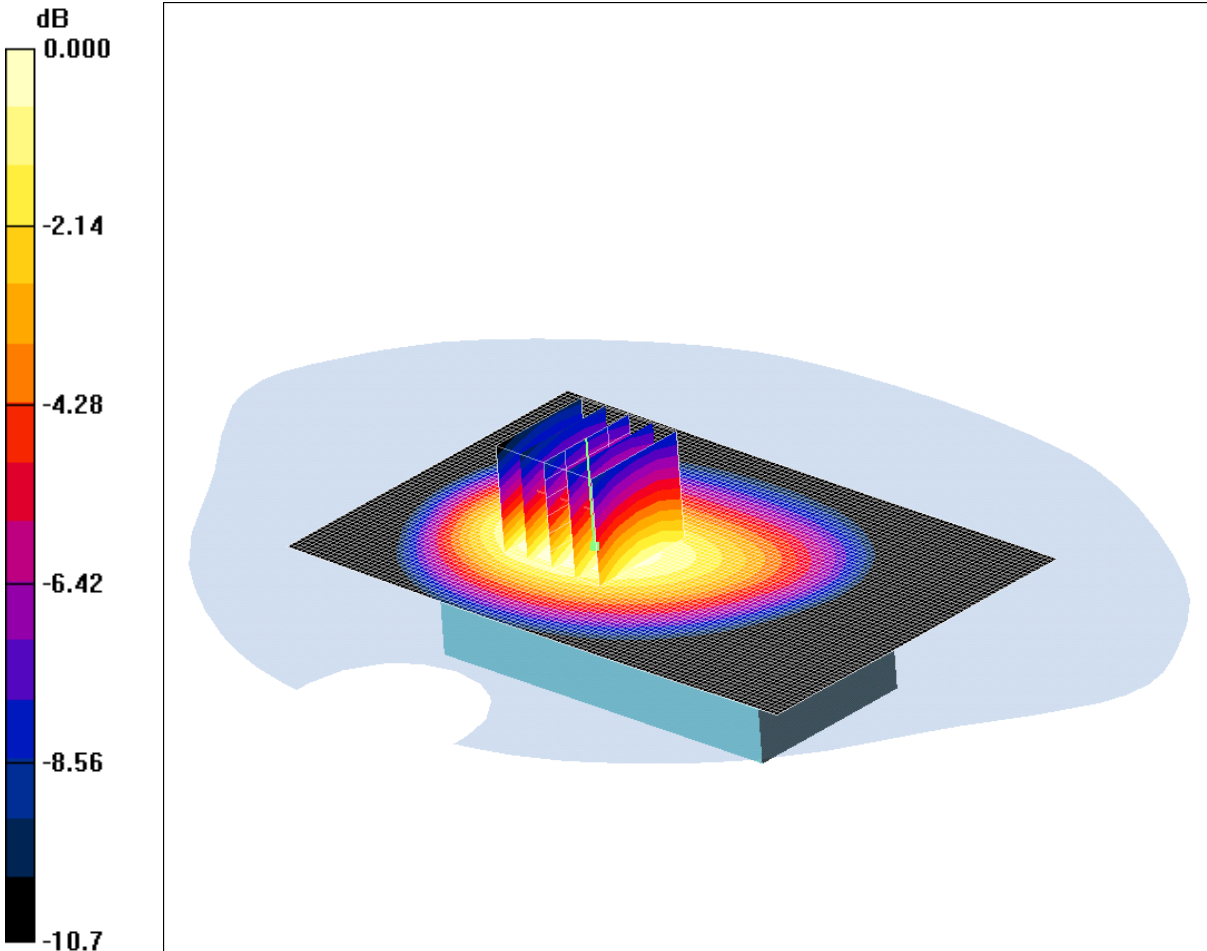
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.291 mW/g



SCN/83316JD01/022: Rear of EUT Closed Facing Phantom CDMA US BC0 CH384

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.593mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC0 US; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.02$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (71x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.601 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.739 W/kg

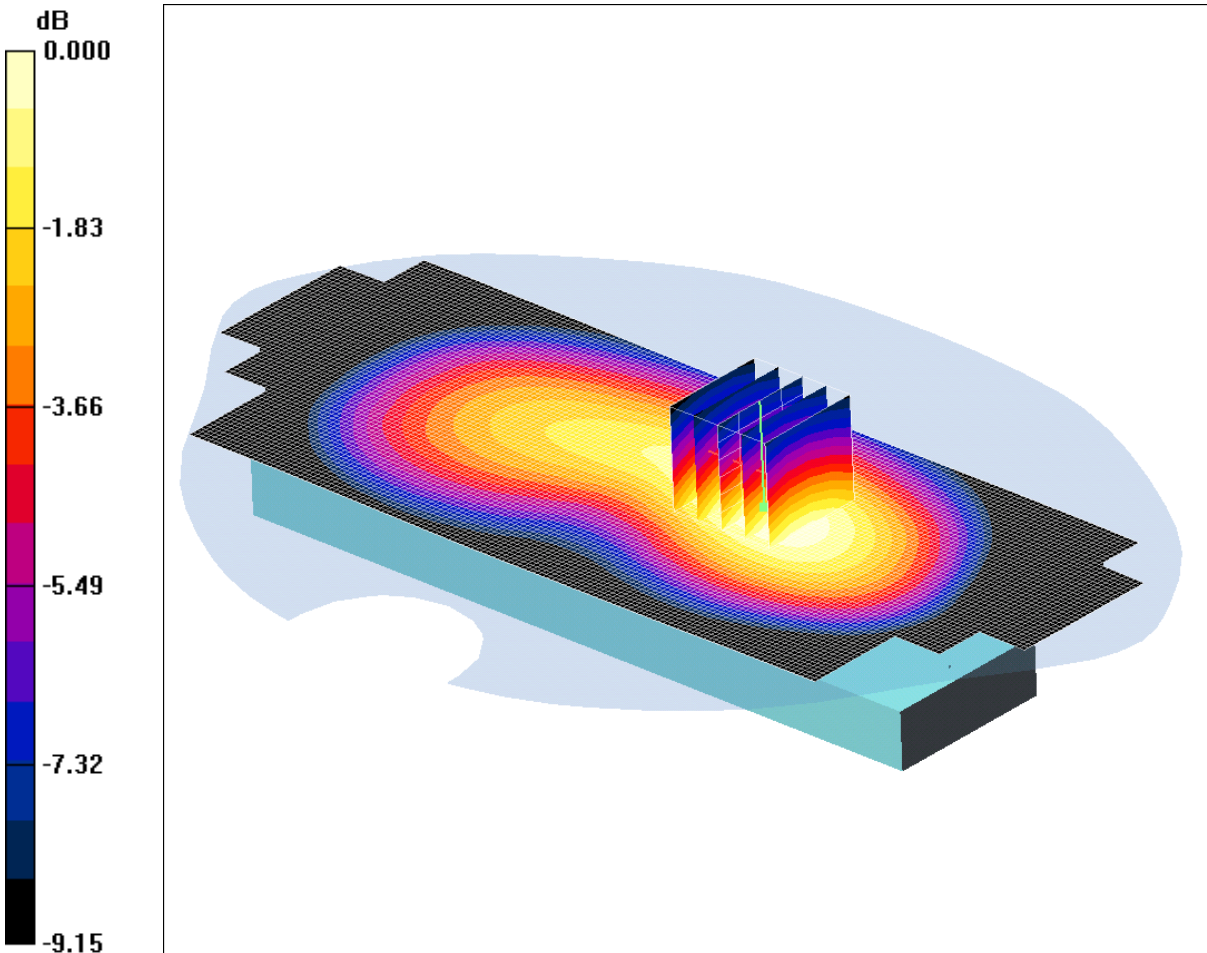
**SAR(1 g) = 0.560 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.394 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.593 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/023: Front of EUT Open Facing Phantom CDMA US BC0 CH384

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.429mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC0 US; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.02$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Front of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (71x181x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.437 mW/g

**Front of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.514 W/kg

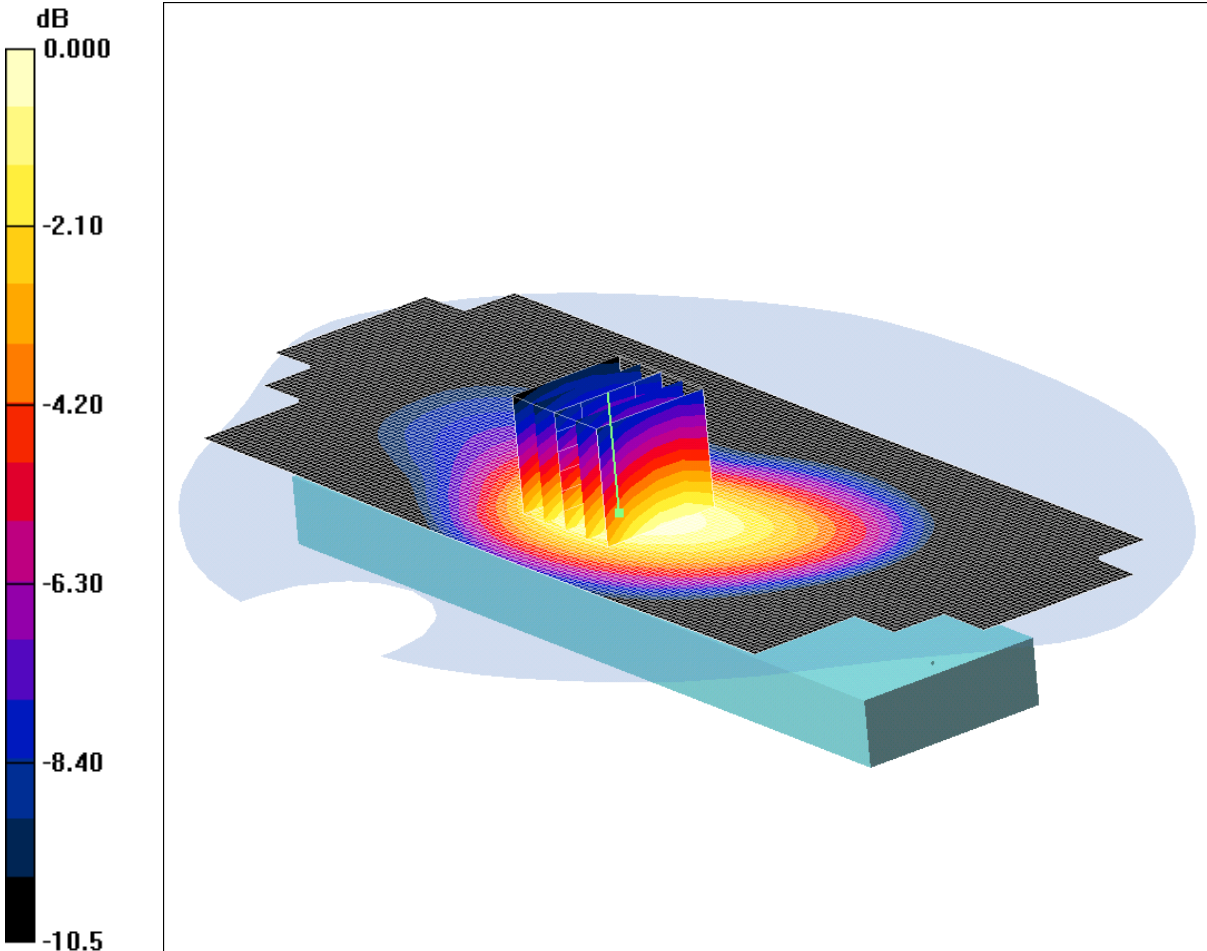
**SAR(1 g) = 0.402 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.290 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.429 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/024: Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom CDMA US BC0 CH384

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.812mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC0 US; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
 Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.52 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.02$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (71x181x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.835 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.071 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.996 W/kg

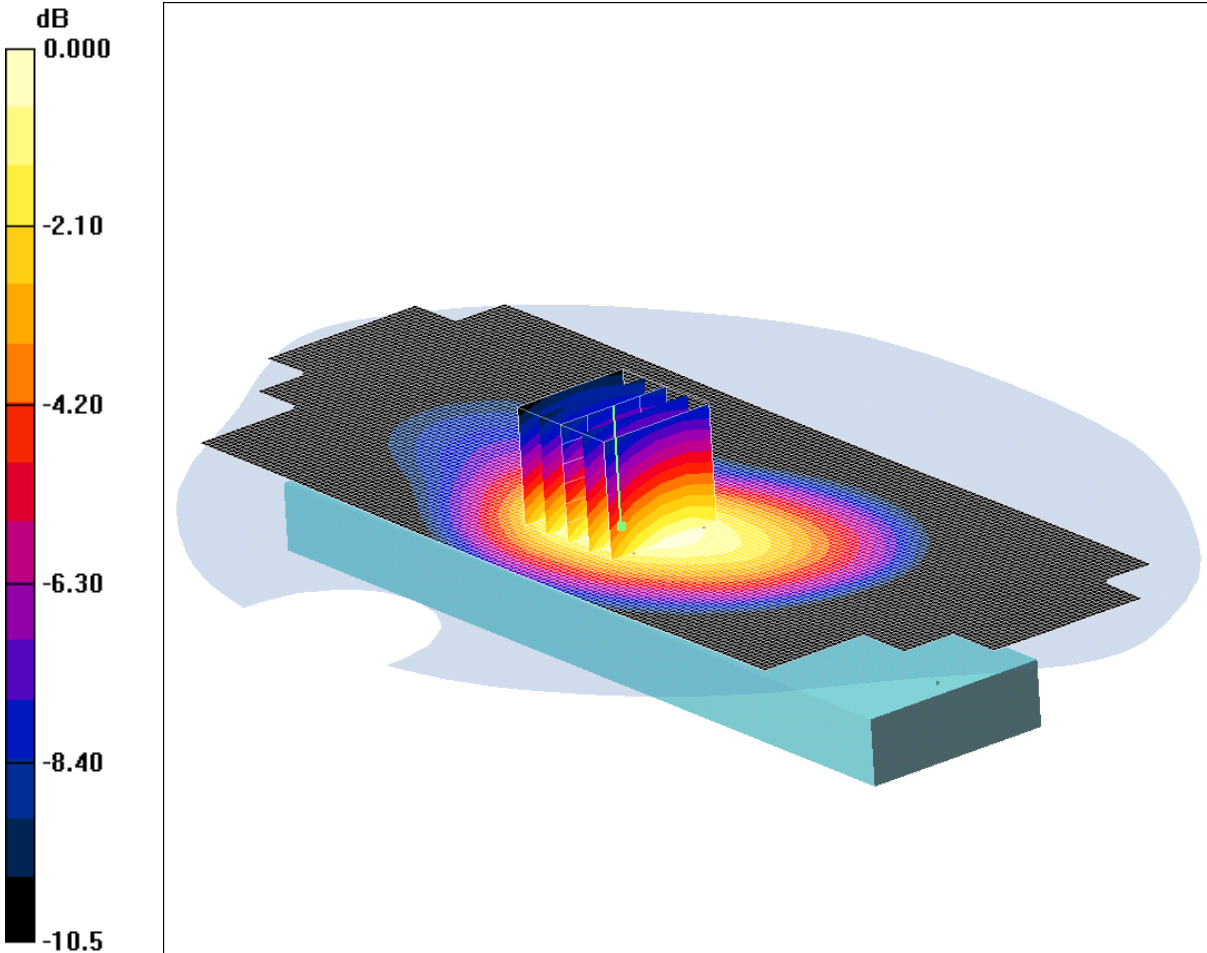
**SAR(1 g) = 0.754 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.525 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.812 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/025: Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom CDMA US BC0 CH1013

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.747mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC0 US; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 824.7$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.01$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Low/Area Scan (71x181x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.776 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.919 W/kg

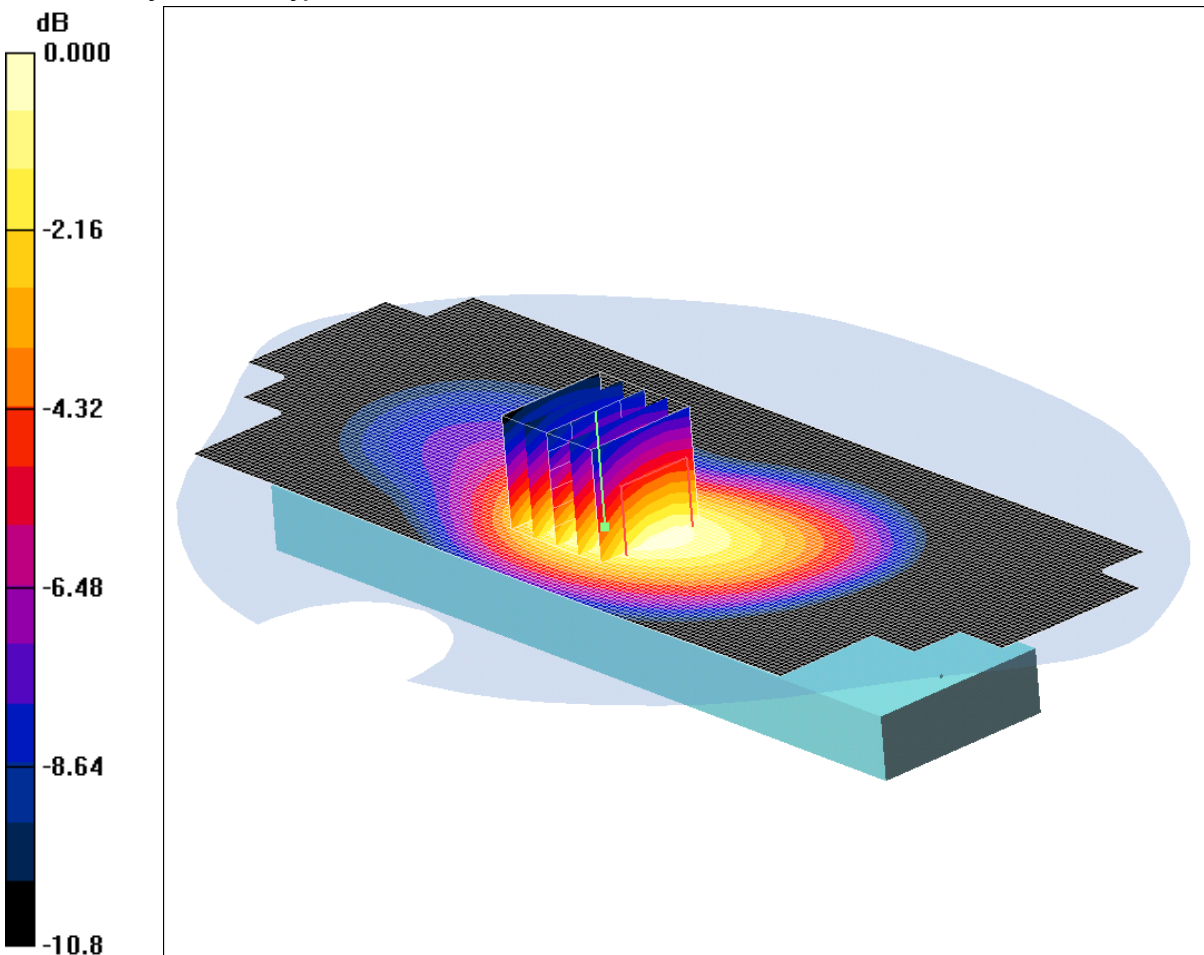
**SAR(1 g) = 0.695 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.487 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.747 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/026: Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom CDMA US BC0 CH777

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.818mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC0 US; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.31 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.03$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (71x181x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.841 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.009 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

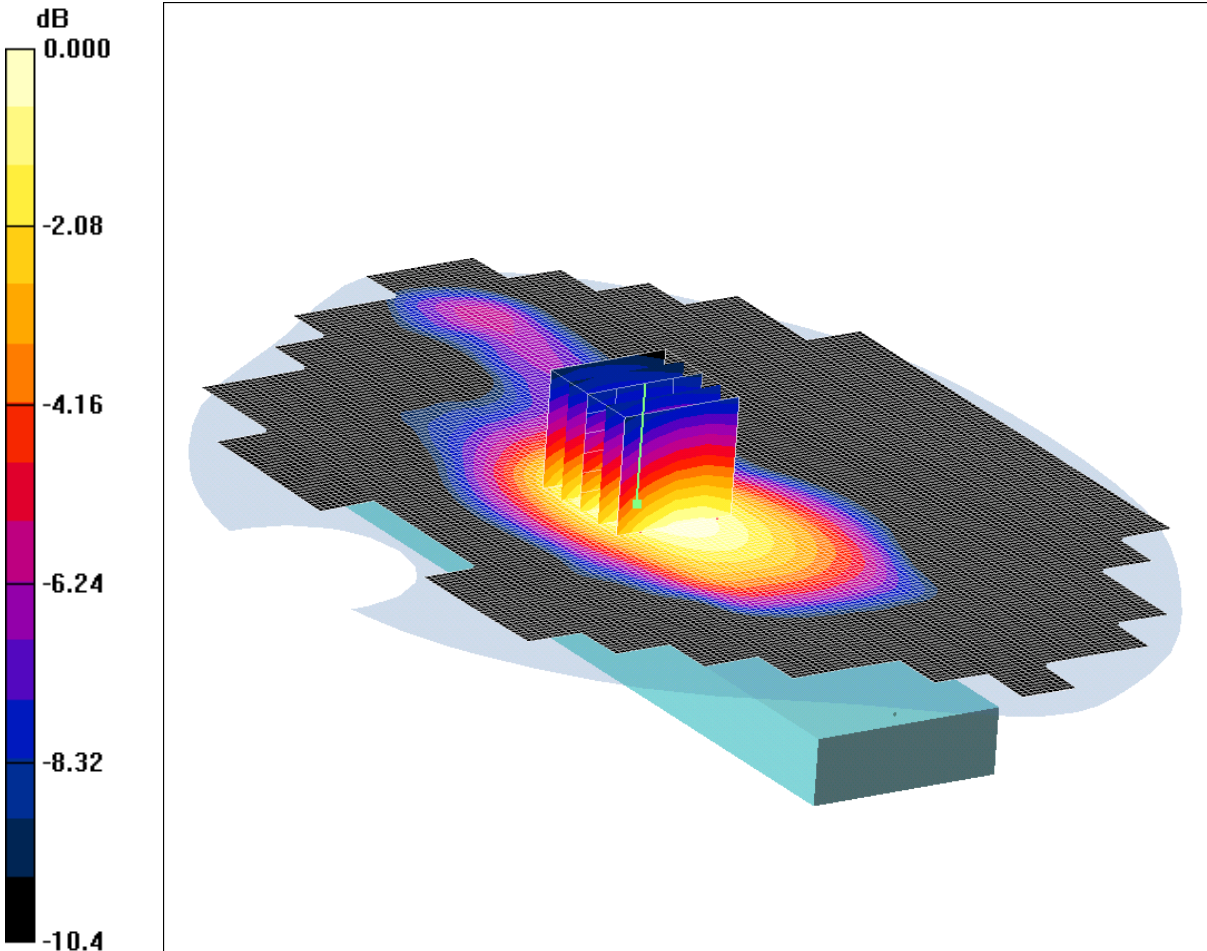
**SAR(1 g) = 0.768 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.533 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.818 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/027: Rear of EUT Open Facing Phantom with PHF CDMA US BC0 CH777

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: PTX 951; Serial: SSOHA00126022; IMEI: 004402142712359



0 dB = 0.732mW/g

Communication System: CDMA 2000 BC0 US; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.31 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.03$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Area Scan (141x191x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.766 mW/g

**Rear of EUT Facing Phantom - Middle/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.928 W/kg

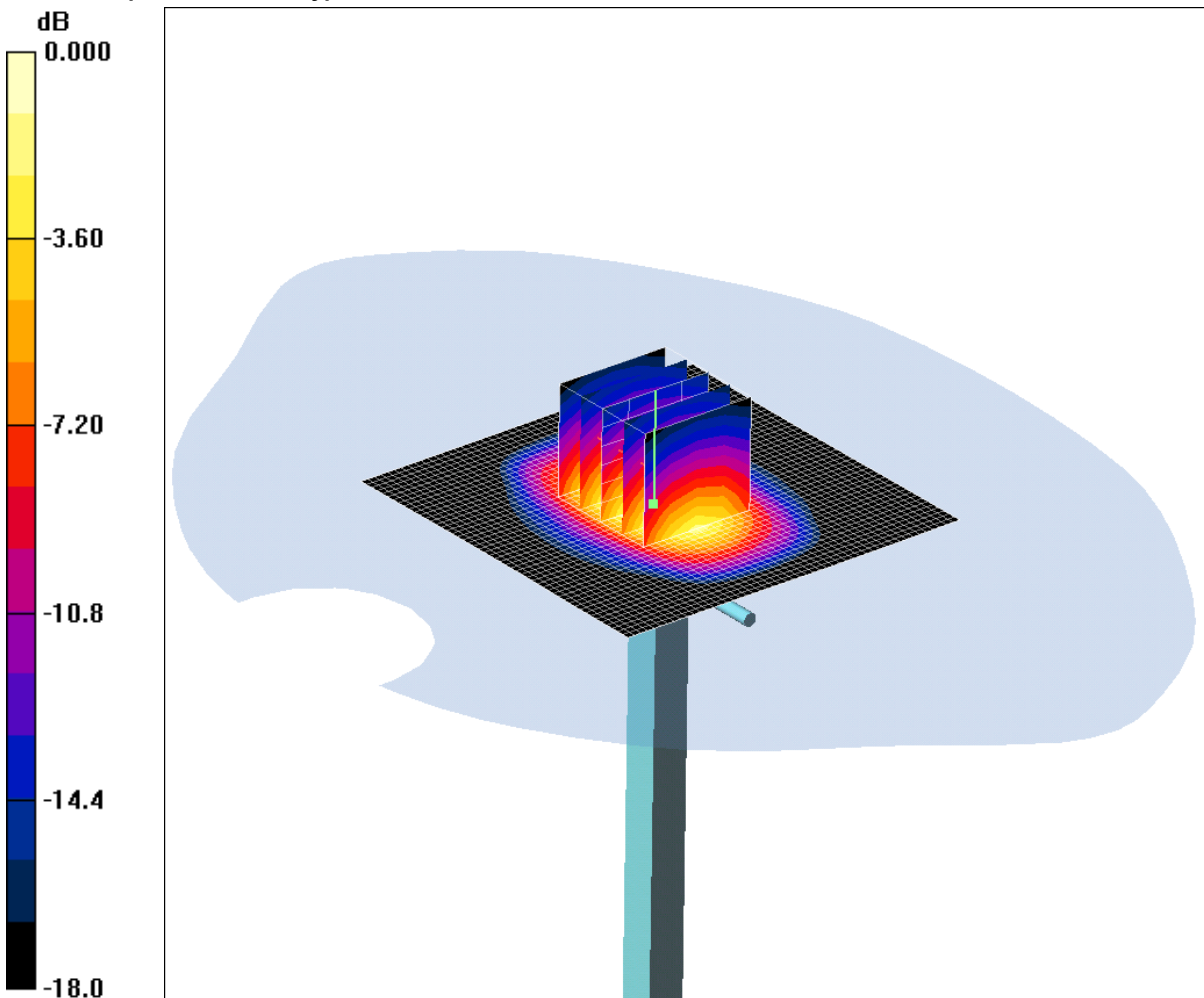
**SAR(1 g) = 0.683 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.471 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.732 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/028: System Performance Check 1900MHz Head 23 08 11

Date 23/08/2011

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN540



0 dB = 11.6mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.42 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.0 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

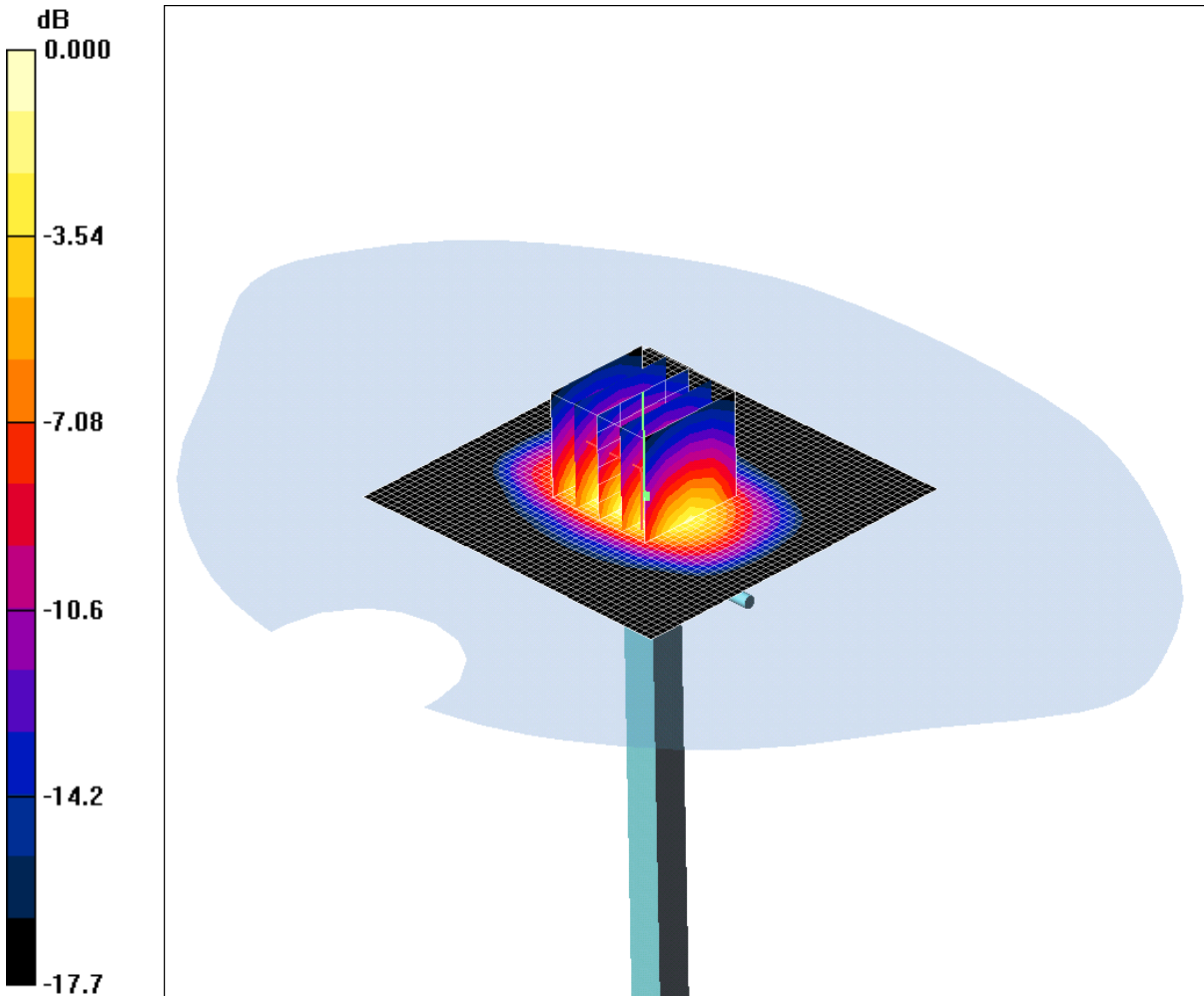
**SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.33 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/029: System Performance Check 1900MHz Body 24 08 11

Date 24/08/2011

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN540



0 dB = 11.7mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.58$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 12/05/2011

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011

- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.2 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.082 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.4 mW/g**

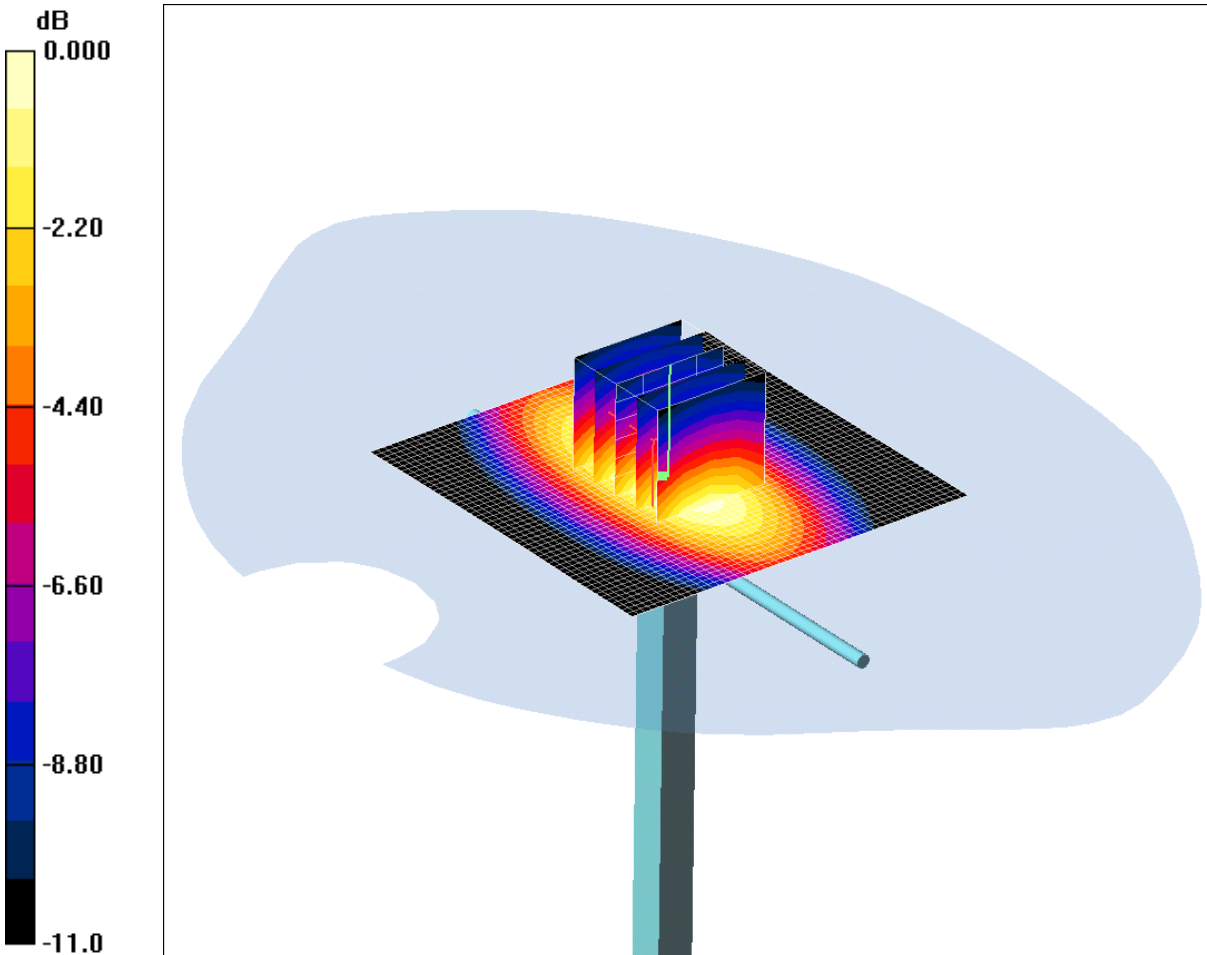
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 mW/g



SCN/83316JD01/030: System Performance Check 900MHz Head 02 09 11

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; SN: 124; Type: D900V2; Serial: SN124



0 dB = 2.86mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz HSL Medium parameters used:  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.942 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.51, 6.51, 6.51); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1207
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.90 mW/g

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.070 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.74 W/kg

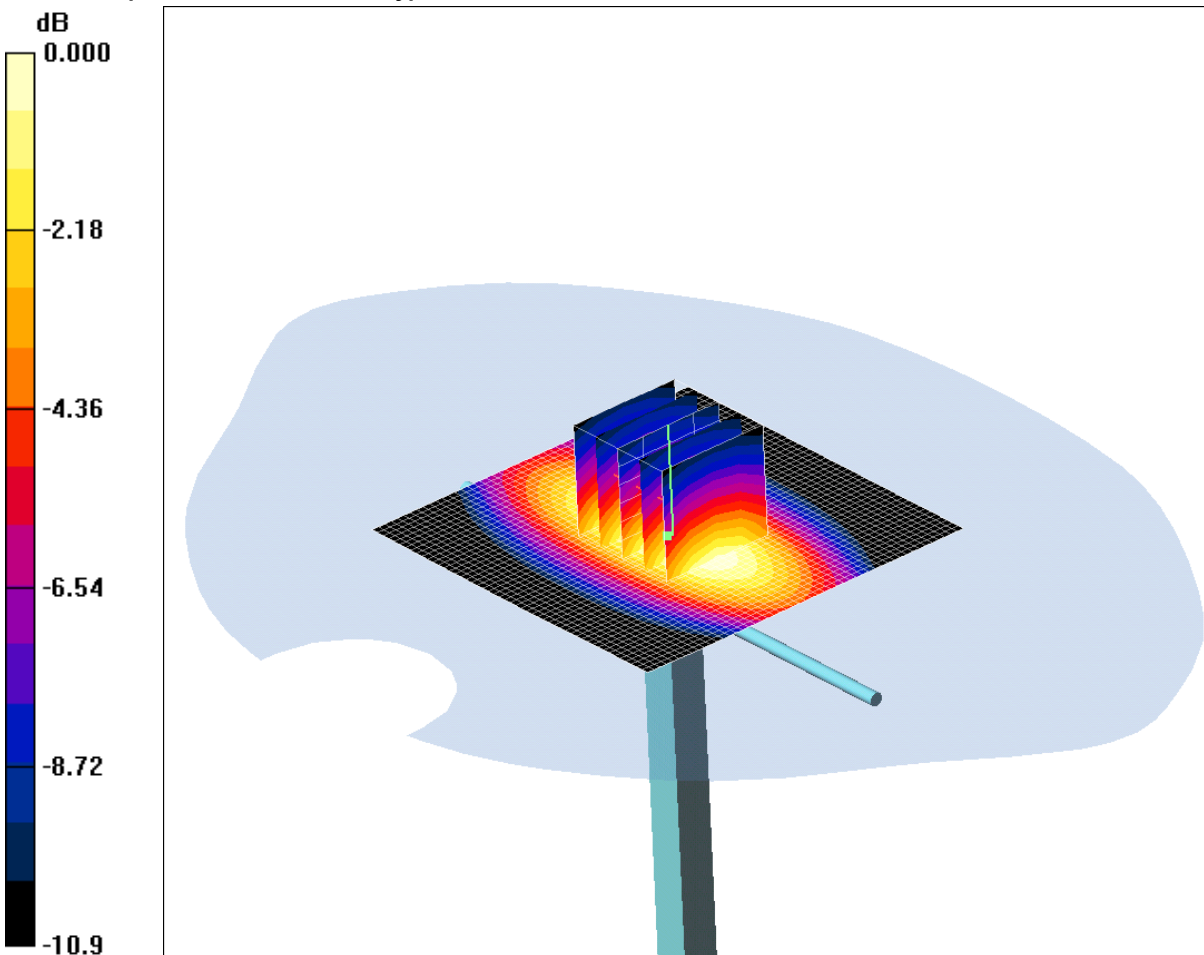
**SAR(1 g) = 2.63 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.72 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.86 mW/g

SCN/83316JD01/031: System Performance Check 900MHz Body 02 09 11

Date 02/09/2011

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; SN: 124; Type: D900V2; Serial: SN124



0 dB = 3.14mW/g

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 900 MHz MSL Medium parameters used:  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.06 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1611; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4); Calibrated: 12/05/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn450; Calibrated: 09/02/2011
- Phantom: SAM 12a; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1193
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x51x1):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.25 mW/g

**d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.04 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.87 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.14 mW/g