

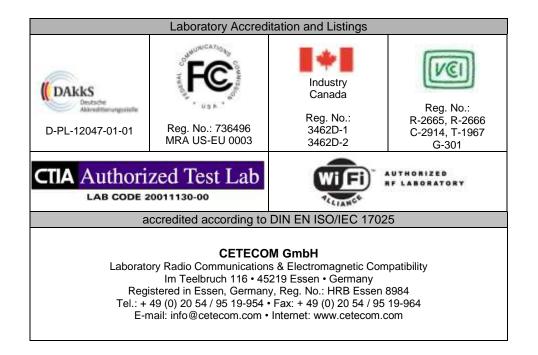
## TEST REPORT No.: 2-20798191a/11

According to: **FCC Regulations** Part 15.107 & 15.109 Part 15.207 & 15.209 & Part 15.247 **IC Regulations** RSS-Gen, Issue 3 RSS-210: Issue 7

for

## Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

Mobile phone AAD-3880112-BV FCC-ID: PY7A3880112-BV IC: 4170B-A3880112



The test results relate only to the individual items which have been tested. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the testing laboratory © Copyright: All rights reserved by CETECOM

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## **1.** Summary of test results

The test results apply exclusively to the test samples as presented in chapter 3.1. The CETECOM GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations taken in conjunction with other specimens or samples of the type of the item presented to tests.

The presented EUT is a mobile phone with integrated IEEE 802.11 b/g/n transmitter and integral antenna. Other implemented wireless technologies were not considered within this test report.

Following tests have been performed to show compliance with applicable FCC Part 2 and Part 15 rules of the FCC CFR 47 (2010-1-09 Edition) and Industry Canada RSS-210, Issue 7 and RSS-Gen, Issue 3 regulations.

### 1.1. TESTS OVERVIEW FCC and Canada IC Standards (RSS)

TEST CASES	PORT	REFERENCES & LIMITS		EUT set-up	EUT opera-	Result	
		FCC Standard	RSS Section	TEST LIMIT		ting mode	
			TX-Mode				
6dB bandwidth	Antenna terminal (conducted)	§15.247(a)(2)	RSS-210 Issue 7: A8.2 (a)	≥ 500 kHz for DTS systems	1	1	Passed
99% occupied bandwidth & Emission Bandwidth (26dBc)	Antenna terminal (conducted)		RSS-210 Issue 7	99% Power bandwidth	1	1	Passed
Transmitter Peak output power	Antenna terminal (conducted)	§15.247(b)(1)	RSS-210 Issue 7: A8.4 (4)	1 Watt Peak	1	1	Passed
Transmitter Peak output power radiated	Cabinet (radiated)	§15.247(b)(4)	RSS-210 Issue 7:A8.4 (4)	< 4 Watt (EIRP) for antenna with directional gain less 6dBi	2	1	Passed
Out-Of-Band RF- emissions Band-Edge emissions	Antenna terminal (conducted)	§15.247 (d)	RSS-210 Issue 7: A8.5	20 dBc	2	1	Passed
Power spectral density	Antenna terminal (conducted)	§15.247(e)	RSS-210 Issue 7: A8.2 (b)	8dBm in any 3kHz band	1	1	Passed
General field strength emissions + restricted bands	Cabinet + Interconn ecting cables (radiated)	\$15.247 (d) \$15.205 \$15.209	RSS-210 Issue 7, A8 §2.6 + §2.7, Table 1,2,3 RSS-Gen: Issue 3, §7.2.5, Table 5	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the general field- strength radiated limits	2	1	Passed
AC-Power Lines Conducted Emissions	AC- Power lines	§15.207	RSS-Gen, Issue 3: Chapter 7.2.4, Table 4	FCC §15.107 class B limits §15.207 limits IC: Table 4, Chapter 7.2.4	3	3+5	Passed



<b>Part of the top</b>	RX Mode						
AC-Power	AC-	§15.107	RSS-Gen, Issue	FCC §15.107			
Lines	Power		3: Chapter 7.2.4	class B limits			
	lines			§15.207 limits	3	4+5	Passed
Conducted	(conducted)				5	U 1 J	1 asseu
Emissions				IC: Table 4,			
				Chapter 7.2.4			
RECEIVER	Cabinet +	§15.109	RSS-Gen, Issue	FCC 15.109			
	Interconn	§15.33	3: Chapter 6.1	class B limits			
Radiated	ecting	§15.35			2	2	Passed
emissions	cables			IC-limits:	2	2	rasseu
	(radiated)			Table 2, Chapter			
				6.1			

Remark: --

#### **ATTESTATION:**

I declare that all measurements were performed by me or under my supervision and that all measurements have been performed and are correct to my best knowledge and belief to Industry Canada standards. All requirements as shown in above table are met in accordance with enumerated standards.

Dipl.-Ing. W. Richter Responsible for testsection

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Gribts In Testourist 116 Afret 110 Gasen Teldis 49 (0) 10 64 - 05 15 - 0 Fax: + 40 (0) 10 54 / 65 10 - 897

Dipl.-Ing. C. Lorenz Responsible for test report



## 2. Administrative Data

### **2.1. Identification of the testing laboratory**

Company name:	CETECOM GmbH
Address:	Im Teelbruch 116
	45219 Essen - Kettwig
	Germany
Responsible for testing laboratory:	DiplIng. W. Richter
Deputy:	DiplIng. J. Schmitt
Laboratory accreditations/Listings:	DAkkS-Registration No. D-PL-12047-01-01
	FCC-Registration No.: 736496, MRA US-EU 0003
	IC-Registration No. 3462D-1, 3462D-2
	VCCI Registration No. R-2665, R-2666, C-2914, T-1967, G-301
2.2. Test location	
2.2.1. Test laboratory "CTC"	

Company name:	see chapter 2.1. Identification of the testing laboratory

## 2.3. Organizational items

Order No.:	20798191
Responsible for test report and project leader:	DiplIng. C. Lorenz
Receipt of EUT:	2011-04-04
Date(s) of test:	2011-04-04 to 2011-04-26
Date of report:	2011-05-03

## 2.4. Applicant's details

Applicant's name:	Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
Address:	Nya Vattentornet 221 88 Lund
	Sweden
Contact person:	Mr. Anders Nordlöf

## 2.5. Manufacturer's details

Manufacturer's name:	please see Applicant's details	
Address:	please see Applicant's details	



## **3.** Equipment under test (EUT)

## 3.1. Additional declaration and description of main EUT

Main function	Mobile phone with integrated IEEE802.11b/g/n Wifi Transceiver				
Туре	AAD-3880112-BV				
Frequency range	2412 MHz (Channel 1) to 2462 MHz (Channel 11)				
(US/Canada -bands)					
Type of modulation	See chapter 3.2				
Number of channels	1 to 11				
(USA/Canada -bands)					
Antenna Type	Integrated	☑ Integrated			
	External, no RF- connector				
	□ External, separate RF-conne	□ External, separate RF-connector			
Antenna Gain	Max4.1 dBi gain according applicants information in 2.4GHz band				
MAX Field strength (radiated):	107.5 dBµV/m@3m distance on nominal 2412MHz				
FCC-ID	PY7A3880112-BV				
IC	4170B-A3880112				
Installed option	additional wireless technologies: GSM/UMTS/Bluetooth				
	E battery charging option over separated AC charger				
	⊠ GPS				
Power supply	Li-Io. Battery: range from 3.5V (V <sub>min</sub> ) to 4.1 V (V <sub>max</sub> )				
Special EMI components					
EUT sample type	□ Production	Pre-Production	□ Engineering		

### 3.2. IEEE 802.11 Overview: Modulation and Data Rates

The modulations and data rates defined for 802.11 b/g/n transmitters are identified in the table below. Also it shows which operational mode is possible for the device under test (EUT).

802.11b-Mode (DSSS System)		
Data rate [MBps]	Modulation type	Supported by EUT
1	DBPSK	YES
	(Differential binary phase shift	
	keying)	
2	DQPSK	YES
	(Differential quadrature phase	
	shift keying)	
5.5	CCK/PBCC	YES
11	(8-chip complementary code	
	keying)	
22	ERP-PBCC	YES
	(Packet binary convolutional	
	coding)	



802.11g-Mode (OFDM system)					
Brutto data rate [MBps]	Modulation type of subcarriers	Supported by EUT			
6	BPSK	YES			
9					
12	QPSK	YES			
18					
24	16-QAM	YES			
36					
48	64-QAM	YES			
54					

Remark: 52 sub-carriers which can be modulated at different data-rates.

802.11 <b>n</b> -Mode (OFDM)					
Brutto data rate [MBps]	Modulation type	Supported by EUT			
7.2/14.4/21.7/28.9/43.3/57.8/65/72.2	HT20 (MCS0MCS7)	Yes			
Mbps					
14.444/28.889/43.333/57.778/86.667/	HT20 (MCS8MCS15)	No			
115.556/130/144.444 Mbps					
15/30/45/60/90/120/135/150 Mbps	HT40 (MCS0MCS7)	Yes			
30/60/90/120/180/240/270/300 Mbps	HT40 (MCS8MCS15)	No			

## **3.3.** Configuration of cables used for testing

Cable number	Item	Туре	S/N serial number	HW hardware status	Cable length
Cable 1	USB cable	EC700	#19321		1.2m

Remark:--

#### 3.4. EUT: Type, S/N etc. and short descriptions used in this test report

Short descrip- tion*)	EUT	Туре	S/N serial number	HW hardware status	SW software status
EUT A	Mobile phone	AAD-3880112-BV	00440214- 249976-7	AP1.1	ATP R1A034
			SAMPLE WLAN RAD#1 (#19857)		
EUT B	AC Charger	CAA-002016-BV	#19318	EP800	
EUT C	Battery Li-Io BA750				
EUT D	USB cable	EC700	#19321		
EUT E	Mobile Phone	AAD-38800112-BV	#19773	AP1.1	1244_3646

\*) EUT short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.



AE short descrip- tion *)	Auxiliary Equipment	Туре	S/N serial number	HW hardware status	SW software status
AE 1	802.11 b/g/n Access-Point	D-Link DAP2553	CTC#2		
AE 2	Dummy battery	For AAD-38800112-BV			

\*) AE short description is used to simplify the identification of the auxiliary equipment in this test report.

## **3.6.EUT set-ups**

EUT set-up no.*)	Combination of EUT and AE	Remarks
Set. 1	EUT A + AE 2	Used for conducted RF-tests
Set. 2	EUT A + EUT C	Integrated battery set-up: radiated field-strength emission tests
Set. 3	EUT E + EUT B + EUT C + EUT D + AE 1	Used for conducted emission tests on AC-mains

\*) EUT set-up no. is used to simplify the identification of the EUT set-up in this test report.

## **3.7. EUT operating modes**

EUT operating mode no.*)	Description of operating modes	Additional information
op. 1	WLAN Continuous TX- Mode	The EUT was put to continuous 100% transmissions mode with help of a special firmware software. The modulation and Bit rate used will be special mentioned in the results.
op. 2	WLAN Continuous RX- Mode	The EUT was put to receiver mode only with help of a special firmware software.
op. 3	WLAN TX Traffic link	A traffic link as slave was established to an master access-point. The settings were set from the web-control page of the access-point.
op. 4	WLAN RX mode	The EUT as slave is powered on and Wifi mode switched on, but not registered to Access-Point.
op. 5	Charging battery	Charging standard battery. This operating mode is combined with other op. modes.

\*) EUT operating mode no. is used to simplify the test report.

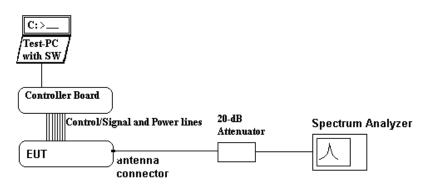


## 4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SET-UP's

#### 4.1. Test Set-up for conducted measurements

EUT's RF-signal is first attenuated by 20dB before it is feed to the spectrum analyzer. Customers RF-adapters are used in case of no suitable RF-Adapters are mounted on the EUT. The specific attenuation losses for the RF-signal path is determined within a path-loss calibration and the readings corrected therefore.

With help of a PC and a connected USB cable to the EUT commands were given to put the EUT in the right Operating mode. A special controller board like shown in the picture <u>was not necessary</u> for this EUT.



Schematic: Test set-up: conducted for RF-tests

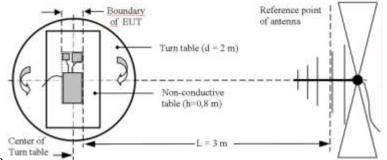


#### 4.2. Test set-up for radiated measurements

Pls. see above description and schematic for radiated measurements used set-up.

#### MEASUREMENT METHOD (30 MHz<f <1 GHz):

A EMI analyzer together with a broadband antenna was used in order to identify the emissions from the EUT by positioning the antenna close to the EUT surfaces. The interconnecting cables and equipment position were



varied in

order to maximize the emissions. Then most critical frequencies are recorded for further investigations. Based on the exploratory measurements, the most critical frequencies are re-measured by maintaining the EUT's operating mode, cable position, etc. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive support of 0.8 m height. By rotating the turntable angle in the range 0 to 360 degree, the EUT itself either over 3-orthogonal axis (not defined usage position) or 2-orthogonal axis (defined usage position) and the measurement antenna height from 1 meter to 4 meters, the maximized emissions are recorded. The measurements are performed for both polarizations of the measuring antenna: horizontal and vertical.

#### MEASUREMENT METHOD (1GHz<f <26.5 GHz):

The EUT and accessories are placed on a non-conducting tipping table of 0.8 meter height (semi-anechoic chamber) or 1.55m height (fully-anechoic chamber) which is situated in the middle of the turntable. The turntable can rotate the device under test 360 degree, the tipping table can rotate the device from laid to standing position. This way the device under test can be rotated in all three orthogonal planes in order to maximize the detected emissions. The turn- and tipping table are controlled by a controller unit. All positions manipulations are software controlled from a operator PC.

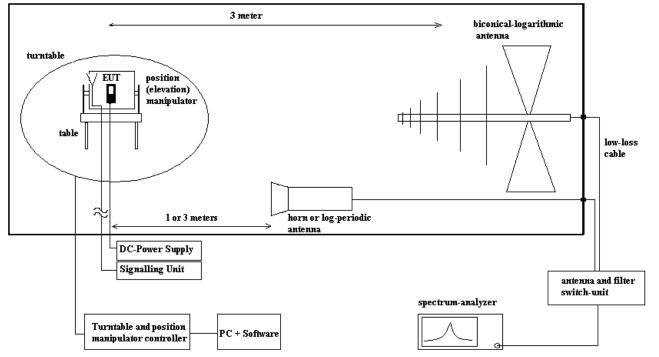
The measurements are performed for both receiving antenna polarisations: vertical and horizontal.

Up to 18GHz a measurement distance of 3 meters is used, above 18GHz the distance is 1 meter. A biconicallogarithmic antenna up to 1 GHz and a logarithmic-periodic antenna for frequencies above 1 GHz up to 26.5GHz is used. For frequencies above 26.5GHz a horn antenna is used, pls. compare the equipment list for more details.

The EUT is powered by internal battery which is fully loaded before starting the tests. If necessary the battery was often changed to make sure the battery is in the nominal operating range.



#### Anechoic Chamber



Schematic: radiated measurements test set-up



## 5. Measurements

#### **5.1.** Conducted emissions on AC-Power lines

#### **TEST LOCATION AND EQUIPMENT** (for reference numbers please see chapter 'List of test equipment')

	z - z - z - z - z - z - z - z - z - z							
test location	CETECOM Essen (Chapter 2.2.1)		□ Please see Chapter 2.2.2		□ Please see Chapter 2.2.3			
test site	□ 333 EMI field	🗷 348 EMI cond.	□ 334 EMS-field	□ 335 EMS cond	□ 347 Radio.lab.	□ 337 OATS		
receiver	🗷 001 ESS	□ 377 ESCS 30						
LISN	🗷 005 ESH2-Z5	🗆 007 ESH3-Z6	□ 300 ESH3-Z5 &	50 $\Omega$ used for AE	□ no LISN for AE			
signaling	🗆 017 CMD 65	□ 323 CMD 55	□ 340 CMD 55					
signaling	□ 298 CMU	□ 460 CMU	□ 295 RACAL	□ 392 MT8820A				

## STANDARDS AND LIMITS: PART 15, SUBPART B, §15.107 CLASS B, §15.207, CANADA: RSS-Gen, ANSI C63.4:2009

Frequency [MHz]	Conducted limit FCC \$15.107 Class B and \$15.207 [dBµV]						
	QUASI-Peak	QUASI-Peak AVERAGE					
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*					
0.5 - 5	56	46					
5-30	60	50					

#### TEST CONDITION AND MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES TEST SET-UP

link to test system (if used):	$\Box$ air link $\Box$ cable connection		
EUT-grounding	■ none □ with power suppl	y $\square$ additional connection	
Equipment set up	☑ table top	□ floor standing	
	(40 cm distance to reference	EUT stands isolated on reference ground plane (floor)	
	ground plane (wall)		
Climatic conditions	Temperature: (22±3°C)	Rel. humidity: (40±20)%	
EMI-Receiver (Analyzer) Settings	Span/Range: 150 kHz to 30 M	ſHz	
	RBW: 9 kHz		
	Detector/Mode: Max PEAK-hold, repetitive scan for preliminary testing		
	Quasi-Peak Detector and Average-Detector for final measurement according		
	ANSI 63.4, CIS	PR 16	

Devices which can be connected to the public AC-power network, should be tested against the radio frequency voltage conducted back into the AC-power line in the frequency range 150kHz to 30 MHz. Compliance should be tested by measuring the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals in the stated frequency range.

A 500hm/50 $\mu$ H line impedance stabilization network (LISN) is used therefore. The EUT power input leads are connected through the LISN to the AC-power source. The LISN enclosure is electrically connected to the GND-plane. The measuring instrument is connected to the coaxial output of the LISN.

Tabletop devices were set-up on a 80 cm height over reference ground plane, floor standing equipment 10 cm raised above ground plane.

Measurements have been performed on each phase line and neutral line of the devices AC-power lines. The EUT was power supplied with 110 V/60Hz.

The EUT was tested in the defined operating mode and installed (connected) to accessory equipment according the general description of use given by the applicant. The tests have been performed with a empty battery on the beginning of the tests.

**Preliminary testing** as a first step, determines the worst-case phase line (neutral or phase) as well as the most critical amplitude by changing the operating mode. A complete frequency-sweep is performed with PK-Detector. **Final testing** for power phases and critical frequencies (Margin to AV- or QP limit lower than 3dB) as a second step includes measurements either on discrete frequency components with receivers detector set to Quasi-Peak and Average per frequency component or a complete sweet with corresponding detector.



#### MEASUREMENT RESULTS

	Type and S/N or EUT set-up no.	EUT set	-up 3			
Diagram No.	Command or EUT operating mode or operating mode no.		Detector (Peak, CISPR AV, CISPR QP)	Power line (L1, L2, L3, N)	Additional (scan-) information (e.g. Pre-test Fast scan, Maxhold, Final measurement)	Result (passed / failed /final measurem necessary)
A_1.01x	EUT operating mode 3+5: TX-Mode, b- mode,2MBit/Ch.6		Peak, AV,QP	L1, N	The Diagram shows PK/AV detector measurements on L1 and N with max-hold mode. Final measurement QP and AV was carried out on at least one frequency (please see diagram)	passed
A_1.02x	EUT operating n 3+5: TX-Mode g-mode 6MBit Channel 11	node	Peak, AV,QP	L1, N	The Diagram shows PK/AV detector measurements on L1 and N with max-hold mode. Final measurement QP and AV was carried out on at least one frequency (please see diagram)	passed
A_1.03x	EUT operating n 3+5: TX-Mode n-mode MCS0_short Channel1	node	Peak, AV,QP	L1, N	The Diagram shows PK/AV detector measurements on L1 and N with max-hold mode. Final measurement QP and AV was carried out on at least one frequency (please see diagram)	passed
A_1.04x	EUT operating n 4+5: RX-Mode g-mode 9MBit Channel6	node	Peak, AV,QP	L1, N	The Diagram shows PK/AV detector measurements on L1 and N with max-hold mode. Final measurement QP and AV was carried out on at least one frequency (please see diagram)	passed

Remarks: The diagram contains the maximum values from L 1 + N

Margin to Limit for verdict:  $M = L_T - R_R + C_{Loss}$ 

Abbreviations used:

- $R_R$ : Receiver readings in dB $\mu$ V
- C<sub>Loss</sub>: cable loss
- $L_T$  : Limit in dB $\mu$ V

#### VERDICT

Summary of measurement results for conducted emissions on AC-Power lines: Passed

#### 5.2. Radiated field strength emissions below 30 MHz

test location	CETECOM Ess	en (Chapter. 2.2.1)	□ Please see Chapte	er. 2.2.2	□ Please see Chapter. 2.2.3		
test site	🗷 441 EMISAR	487 SAR NSA	□ 337 OATS	□ 347 Radio.lab.			
receiver	□ 377 ESCS30	🗷 001 ESS					
spectr. analys.	□ 381 380 FSBS	□ 120 FSEM	□ 264 FSEK				
antenna	□ 048 EMCO314	3 🗆 133 EMCO3115	□ 302 BBHA9170	289 CBL 6141	🗷 030 HFH-Z2	□ 477 GPS	
signaling	□ 298 CMU	□ 460 CMU	□295 RACAL	🗷 392 MT8820A			
power supply	🗆 456 EA 3013A	□ 457 EA 3013A	□ 459 EA 2032-50	268 EA- 3050	□ 494 AG6632A	498 NGPE 40	
otherwise	400 FTC40x15	E 401 FTC40x15E	□ 110 USB LWL	482 Filter Matrix			

#### STANDARDS AND LIMITS: CFR 47, §15.205, §15.209, RSS-Gen, ANSI C63.10:2009,

Frequency	Field	l strength	Measurement	Remarks
[MHz]			distance [meters]	
0.009 - 0.490	2400/f (kHz)	67.6 – 20Log(f) (kHz)	300	Correction factor used due to measurement distance of 3m
0.490 - 1.705	24000/f (kHz)	87.6 – 20 Log(f) (kHz)	30	Correction factor used due to measurement distance of 3m
1.705 – 30	30	29.54	30	Correction factor used due to measurement distance of 3m
1.705 – 30 Remark: * decreases w			30	

Remark: \* decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

#### TEST CONDITION AND MEASUREMENT TEST SET-UP

link to test system (if used):	$\Box$ air link $\Box$ cable connection	
EUT-grounding	$\blacksquare$ none $\square$ with power supply	□ additional connection
Equipment set up	☑ table top	□ floor standing
Climatic conditions	Temperature: $(22\pm3^{\circ}C)$	Rel. humidity: (40±20)%
	Detector/ Mode: PEAK, TRACE max-h	kHz to 30 MHz uto (ANSI63.10/CISPR#16) old mode, repetitive scan for exploratory measurements neasurement on critical frequencies (f<1GHz)

#### **GENERAL MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES:**

The measurement test set-up and test procedure are in accordance with the provisions described in ANSI 63.10: 2009

The **Equipment under Test** (EUT) was set-up to defined operating mode and installed (connected) to accessory equipment according the general description of use given by the applicant.

The measurement loop antenna was situated in 3m distance to the EUT. Between EUT and measurement antenna absorbers are covering the GND-Plane. With these absorbers the chamber fulfills CIPR16-1-4 site VSWR-criteria. Radiated magnetic emission measurements were made with the antenna situated in 1 meter height. The loop antenna was moved at least to 2-perpendicular axes (antenna vector in direction of EUT and parallel to EUT) in order to maximize the emissions, the EUT itself either over 3-orthogonal axes (no defined usage position) or 2-orthogonal axis (defined usage position) by the position manipulator.

According the standard the compliance should be checked in 30m and 300m measurement distance. Therefore a additional extrapolation factor was used in order to normalize the measurement data. The frequency dependent extrapolation factor used for this reduced measurement distance, can be found in the chapter annexes.



#### MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Set-up No.		2								
Operating M	Iode	1 (b-Mode, 2N	Abit)							
Diagram no.	Frequency	MaxPeak	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Antenna height	Polarity	Turntable position	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV/ m)
	(MHz)	(dBµV/m)	(ms)	(kHz)	(cm)		(deg)	(C <sub>F</sub> )	(M)	(L <sub>T</sub> )
A_3.02x	18.26	14.57	10	10	100				14.97	
A_3.03x	24.57	16.77	10	10	100		0°360°	Chapt. 8	12.77	29.54
A_3.04x	18.82	14.96	10	10	100				14.58	

Remark: \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

Margin to Limit:	Abbreviations used:
$M = L_T - R_R + C_F + D_F$ = $L_T - R_R + AF_{ANTENNA} + Cable_{LOSS} + D_F$	<ul> <li>R<sub>R</sub>: Receiver readings in dBµV/m</li> <li>C<sub>F</sub>: Transducer in dB = AF (antenna factor) + CL (cable loss)</li> <li>D<sub>F</sub>: distance correction factor (if different</li> </ul>
Remark: positive margin means passed result	<ul> <li>D<sub>F</sub>: distance contection factor (if different measurement distance used than specified in the standard</li> <li>L<sub>T</sub>: Limit in dBµV/m</li> </ul>

VERDICT: Summary of measurement results for radiated frequencies below 30 MHz - passed



## 5.3. Radiated field strength emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

#### TEST LOCATION AND EQUIPMENT (for reference numbers please see chapter 'List of test equipment')

test location	CETECOM Esse	n (Chapter 221)	□ Please see Chapte	<u> </u>	□ Please see Chapter. 2.2.3		
test location	E CETECOWI Esse			1. 2.2.2	□ T lease see Chapter. 2.2.5		
test site	🗷 441 EMISAR	□ 487 SAR NSA	□ 337 OATS	□ 347 Radio.lab.			
receiver	🗷 377 ESCS30	🗷 001 ESS					
spectr. analys.	□ 381 380 FSBS	□ 120 FSEM	□ 264 FSEK				
antenna	🗷 048 EMCO3143	□ 133 EMCO3115	□ 302 BBHA9170	289 CBL 6141	□ 030 HFH-Z2	□ 477 GPS	
signaling	□ 298 CMU	□ 460 CMU	□295 RACAL	🗷 392 MT8820A			
power supply	🗆 456 EA 3013A	🗆 457 EA 3013A	□ 459 EA 2032-50	□ 268 EA- 3050	□ 494 AG6632A	□ 498 NGPE 40	
otherwise	400 FTC40x15E	□ 401 FTC40x15E	□110 USB LWL	🗷 482 Filter Matrix			

## STANDARDS AND LIMITS: CFR 47, PART 15B, §15.209, RSS-Gen, ANSI C63.10:2009, ANSI 63.4:2009

Frequency	Radiated emission limits, FCC §	\$15.109, Class B, 3 meters & FCC \$15.209
[MHz]	QUASI-Peak	QUASI-Peak
	[microvolts/meter]	[dBµV/m]
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43,5
216-960	200	46,0
above 960	500	54,0

#### TEST CONDITION AND MEASUREMENT TEST SET-UP

link to test system (if used):	air link	$\Box$ cable connection						
EUT-grounding	🗷 none	□ with power supply	□ additional connection					
Equipment set up	☑ table top 0.8	8m height	□ floor standing					
Climatic conditions	Temperature: (	22±3°C)	Rel. humidity: (40±20)%					
EMI-Receiver (Analyzer) Settings	Span/Range:	30 MHz to 1 GHz						
	RBW/VBW:	120 kHz / (auto)						
	Detector/ Mode	e: PEAK, TRACE max	x-hold mode, repetitive scan					
		Quasi-Peak, for fina	l measurement for critical measurements					

#### **RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATION ACCORD. §15.205**

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	
13.36-13.41			

Remark: only spurious emissions are allowed within these frequency bands not exceeding the limits per §15.209



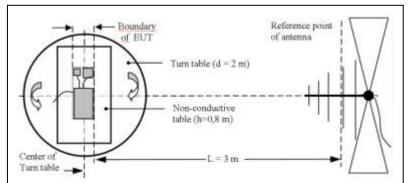
#### **GENERAL MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES:**

The measurement test set-up and test procedure are in accordance with the provisions described in ANSI63.10:2009

The *Equipment under Test* (EUT) set-up to defined operating mode and installed (connected) to accessory equipment according the general description of use given by the applicant.

#### **MEASUREMENT METHOD (30 MHZ<F <1 GHZ):**

An EMI analyzer together with a broadband antenna was used in order to identify the emissions from the EUT by positioning



the antenna close to the EUT surfaces. The interconnecting cables and equipment position were varied in order to maximize the emissions. Then most critical frequencies are recorded for further investigations. Based on the exploratory measurements, the most critical frequencies are re-measured by maintaining the EUT's operating mode, cable position, etc. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive support of 0.8 m height. By rotating the turntable angle in the range 0 to 360 degree, the EUT itself either over

3-orthogonal axis (not defined usage position) or 2-orthogonal axis (defined usage position) and the measurement antenna height from 1 meter to 4 meters, the maximized emissions are recorded. The measurements are performed for both polarizations of the measuring antenna: horizontal and vertical.

#### 5.3.1. Radiated emissions below 1GHz, TX-Mode according FCC §15.209, RSS-Gen, RSS-210

#### 5.3.1.1. b-Mode, 2MBit

All emissions were under the general limits of FCC §15.209

Channel Ed											
Set-up No.		2									
Operating 1	Mode	1 (b-Mode,	1 (b-Mode, 2MBit)								
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenn a height (m)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (C <sub>F</sub> )	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµ V/m) (L <sub>T</sub> )	
A 2.17x	33.87000	18.1	1000	120.000	182.0	v	300.0	20.1	21.90	40.00	
A_2.1/X	876.54000	29.8	1000	120.000	335.0	V	55.0	26.2	16.20	46.00	

#### Channel Low (Channel 1)

Remark: \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1



#### **Channel Middle (Channel 6)**

Set-up No.	2									
Operating Mode 1 (b-Mode, 2MBit)										
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (m)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (C <sub>F</sub> )	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (L <sub>T</sub> )
A 2.14x	663.670000	24.7	1000.0	120.000	100.0	Н	12.0	23.1	21.30	46.00
A_2.14X	719.130000	26.8	1000.0	120.000	273.0	V	11.0	24.0	19.20	46.00

Remark: \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

#### Channel high (Channel 11)

Set-up No.		2								
Operating M	Iode	1 (b-Mode, 2MBit)								
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (m)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)
A_2.18x	941.080000	29.6	1000.0	120.000	355.0	V	62.0	26.6	16.40	46.00

Remark: \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

#### 5.3.1.2. g-Mode, 9MBit

All emissions were under the general limits of FCC §15.209

#### Channel Low (Channel 1)

Set-up No.		2								
Operating M	Iode	1 (g-Mode, 9	MBit)							
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (m)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)
A 2 10m	31.68 28.66 10 100	1 4m	ПЛ	0°360°		11.34	40.0			
A_2.19x	968.52	42.19	10	100	14m	H/V	0		11.81	54.0

Remark: \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1



#### **Channel Middle (Channel 6)**

Set-up No.	· · ·	2								
Operating Mode 1 (g-Mode, 9MBit)										
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (m)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)
A_2.20x	876.160000	29.8	1000.0	120.000	293.0	Н	253.0	26.2	16.20	46.00

Remark: \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1 Channel high (Channel 11)

Channel hi	gh (Channe	l 11)									
Set-up No.		2									
Operating M	Iode	1 (g-Mode, 9	1 (g-Mode, 9MBit)								
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (m)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)	
A 2.15v	30.84	30.65	10	100	- 14m	H/V	0°360°		9.31	40.0	
A_2.15x	985.08	43.07	10	100		Π/ V	0		10.93	54.0	

Remark: \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

All emissions were under the general limits of FCC §15.209

#### Channel Low (Channel 1)

Set-up No.		2								
Operating N	Iode	1 (n-Mode, N	ACS0_sh	ort)						
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (m)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)
A 2.16v	30.68	28.61	10	100	– 14m	H/V	0°360°		11.39	40.0
A_2.16x	984.52	42.96	10	100		Π/ V	0		11.04	54.0

Remark: \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

#### Channel Middle (Channel 6)

Set-up No.		2								
Operating M	Iode	1 (n-Mode, MCS0_short)								
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (m)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)
A 2 22x	31.08	28.59	10	100	14m	H/V	0°360°		11.41	40.0
A_2.22x	917.170000	29.7	1000.0	120.000	2.83	Н	227.0	26.5	16.30	46.0

Remark: \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

<sup>5.3.1.3.</sup> n-Mode, MCS0 short-guard intervall



Channel III										
Set-up No.		2								
Operating N	Iode	1 (n-Mode, N	ACS0_sh	ort)						
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (m)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)
A 2.21v	30.32	29.54	10	100	1.4m	H/V	0°360°		10.46	40.0
A_2.21x -	912.20	41.19	10	100	14m	п/ v	0		12.81	54.0

### Channel high (Channel 11)

Remark: \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

#### 5.3.2. Radiated emissions, below 1GHz, RX-Mode according FCC §15.109 class B, RSS-Gen

Set-up No.	`````	2									
Operating M	Iode	2 (MCS0-sho	2 (MCS0-short guard)								
Diagram no.	Frequency	MaxPeak	Meas. Time	Bandwidth	Antenna height	Polarity	Turntable position	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV/m)	
	(MHz)	(dBµV/m)	(ms)	(kHz)	(m)		(deg)	(C <sub>F</sub> )	(M)	(L <sub>T</sub> )	
	31.20	29.56	10	100					10.44	40.0	
A_2.23x	402.92	32.28	10	100	14	H/V	0°360°		13.72	46.0	
	872.56	41.20	10	100	]				4.8 (PK)	46.0	

#### Channel middle (Channel 6)

Remark: \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

Margin to Limit:	Abbreviations used:
$M = L_{T} - R_{R} + C_{F} + D_{F}$ = $L_{T} - R_{R} + \P F_{ANTENNA} + Cable_{LOSS} + D_{F}$ Remark: positive margin means passed result	<ul> <li>R<sub>R</sub>: Receiver readings in dBµV/m</li> <li>CF: Transducer in dB = AF (antenna factor) + CL (cable loss)</li> <li>D<sub>F</sub>: distance correction factor (if different measurement distance used than specified in the standard</li> <li>L<sub>T</sub>: Limit in dBµV/m</li> </ul>

#### VERDICT

Summary of measurement results for radiated emissions above 30 MHz and below 1 GHz : Passed



#### 5.4. Radiated field strength emissions, frequency above 1GHz

#### **TEST LOCATION AND EQUIPMENT** (for reference numbers please see chapter 'List of test equipment')

test site	🗆 441 EMI SAR	□ 348 EMI cond.	🗷 443 EMI FAR	□ 347 Radio.lab.	□ 337 OATS	
equipment	□ 331 HC 4055					
Spectr. analys.	□ 138 139 FSBS	□ 120 FSEM	□ 264 FSEK	🗷 489 ESU		
antenna meas	048 3143	289 CBL 6141	□ 439 HL 562	🗷 549 HL025	□ 302 BBHA9170	□ 477 GPS
antenna meas	□ 123 HUF-Z2	□ 132 HUF-Z3	□ 030 HFH-Z2			
antenna subst	□ 071 HUF-Z2	□ 020 EMCO3115	🗆 063 LP 3146	□ 303 BBHA9170		
power meter	□ 009 NRV	□ 010 URV5-Z2	□011 URV5-Z2			
Signalgener.	□ 008 SMG	□ 140 SMHU	□ 263 SMP04			
power meter	□ 262 NRV-S	□ 266 NRV-Z31	□ 265 NRV-Z33	□ 261 NRV-Z55	🗆 356 NRV-Z1	
DC power	🗆 086 LNG50-10	087 EA3013	□ 354 NGPE 40	□ 349 car battery	□ 350 Car battery	
multimeter	□ 341 Fluke 112					
signaling	□ 298 CMU	□ 460 CMU	□295 RACAL	□ 392 MT8820A		

## STANDARDS AND LIMITS: CFR 47, §15.109 (CLASS B), §15.209, RSS-Gen, ANSI C63.4:2009 63.10:2009

0011012007										
Frequency		Radiated emission li	mits, §15.109 class B & 15.209							
[MHz]		3 meters measurement distance								
	AV	AV	Peak	Peak						
	[microvolts/meter]	[dBµV/m]	[microvolts/meter]	[dBµV/m]						
above 1GHz	500	54.0	5000	74.0						

#### TEST CONDITION AND MEASUREMENT TEST SET-UP

link to test system (if used):	□ air link □ cable	connection				
EUT-grounding	■ none □ with p	power supply	additional connection			
Equipment set up	☑ table top 1.5m height		□ floor standing			
Climatic conditions	Temperature: (22±3°C)		Rel. humidity: (40±20)%			
Spectrum-Analyzer settings	Span/Frequency range :	112.75 GHz	+single frequencies determined in step 1			
	RBW/VBW:	1 MHz / 3 MH	Iz			
	Detector/ Mode:	Peak, MAX-h	old, repetitive scan for exploratory measurement			
		PEAK/ AVER	AGE, for final measurement for critical frequencies			
	Antenna Polarisation Horizontal / Vertical					

#### **GENERAL MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES:**

The measurement test set-up and test procedure are in accordance with the provisions described in ANSI 63.4: 2009 and ANSI 63.10:2009.

The *Equipment under Test* (EUT) was placed on a non-conductive positioning table of 0.8 or 1.5 meter height depending from the frequency range. The measuring distance was set to 3 meter for frequencies up to 18GHz and 1 meter above 18GHz.

The EUT was set-up to defined operating mode and installed (connected) to accessory equipment according the general description of use given by the applicant.

For the upper frequency measurement range, it was assumed that the highest frequency generated in the device is same as the highest operable TX-frequency in Wifi Mode (2462 MHz). For practical reasons the upper frequency limit was set to 12.75GHz.

**1. Step exploratory measurement**: see above description as in the frequency range lower 1GHz.

2. Step Final Measurement(1 GHz<f <18 GHz): On the Worst-Case EUT configuration, frequency components with a margin lower than 6 dB to the limits, will be re-measured by maintaining the EUT's operating mode, cable position, etc.. For find the worst-case emission, the turntable was changed in the range 0 to 360 degree and the EUT itself either over 3-orthogonal axis (not defined usage position) or 2-orthogonal axis (defined usage position). The measurements are performed for both polarizations of the measuring antenna: horizontal and vertical.



#### 5.4.1. Radiated emissions, above 1GHz, TX-Mode according FCC §15.209, RSS-Gen

#### 5.4.1.1. b-Mode, 2MBit

#### Channel low (Channel 1)

Set-up No.:		2								
Operating M	Iode:	1 (b-Mode, 2MBit)								
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (m)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)
A 2.01x	2742.5 (PK)	58.11	10	1000	1.55	H/V	0°360°		15.89	74.0
A_2.01X	2756.5 (AV)	45.91	10	1000	1.55	H/V	0°360°		8.09	54.0

Remark: 1.) diagrams shows PK/AV detector measurements

\*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

#### Channel middle (Channel 6)

Set-up No.:		2								
Operating N	Iode:	1 (b-Mode, 21	MBit)							
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (m)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)
A 2.02m	1000-2800	< 56.0 (PK)	10	1000	1.55	H/V	0°360°		> 18	74.0
A_2.02x 1000- 2800		<46.0 AV)	10	1000	1.55	H/V	0°360°		> 8	54.0

Remark: 1.) diagrams shows PK/AV detector measurements \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

#### Channel high (Channel 11)

Set-up No.:	2									
Operating N	Iode:	1 (b-Mode, 21	MBit)							
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (m)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)
A 2.02-	2742.0	58.53	10	1000	1.55	H/V	0°360°		15.47	74.0
A_2.03x	2768.5	45.89	10	1000	1.55	H/V	0°360°		8.11	54.0

Remark: 1.) diagrams shows PK/AV detector measurements

\*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

2.) overview measurement only



#### Channel low (Channel 1)

Set-up No.:		2										
Operating M	Iode:	1 (b-Mode, 21	MBit)									
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (m)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)		
A 2.04x	4824.0	46.05 (PK)	10	1000	1.55	H/V	0°360°		27.95	74.0		
A_2.04X	4824.0	39.46 (AV)	10	1000	1.55	H/V	0°360°		14.54	54.0		
A_2.24x <sup>2.)</sup>	18000- 25000	< 41.86	10	1000	1.00	H/V			>12	54.0		

Remark: 1.) diagrams shows PK/AV detector measurements

\*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

2.) overview measurement only

#### Channel middle (Channel 6)

Set-up No.:		2										
Operating M	Iode:	1 (b-Mode, 2M	MBit)									
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (cm)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)		
A 2.05x	4874.0	54.4 (PK)	100.0	1000.0	155.0	н	136.0	2.9	19.6	74.0		
<u>-</u>		49.5 (AV)	100.0	1000.000	155.0	н	133.0	2.9	4.5	54.0		
A_2.25x <sup>2.)</sup>	18000- 25000	< 42.0	10	1000	1.00	H/V			>12	54.0		

Remark: 1.) diagrams shows PK/AV detector measurements

\*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

#### Channel high (Channel 11

Set-up No.:		2								
Operating N	Iode:	1 (b-Mode, 2M	MBit)							
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (cm)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)
A 2.06v	4924.0	50.64 (PK)	100.0	1000.0	155.0	Н	136.0		23.36	74.0
A_2.06x	4924.0	45.04 (AV)	100.0	1000.000	155.0	н	133.0		8.99	54.0
A_2.26x <sup>2.)</sup>	18000- 25000	< 41.53	10	1000	1.00	H/V			>12.5	54.0

Remark: 1.) diagrams shows PK/AV detector measurements

\*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

2.) overview measurement only



#### 5.4.1.2. g-Mode, 9MBit

Channel III													
Set-up No.:		2											
Operating M	Iode:	1 (g-Mode, 91	MBit)										
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (cm)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)			
A 2.07#	1000 -	< 57.0 (PK)	10	1000	1.55	H/V	0°360°		> 17	74.0			
A_2.07X	A_2.07x 2800		10	1000	1.55	H/V	0°360°		> 8	54.0			

Remark: 1.) diagrams shows PK/AV detector measurements \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

#### Channel middle (Channel 6)

Set-up No.:		2								
Operating N	Iode:	1 (g-Mode, 91	MBit)							
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (cm)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (CF)	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (LT)
A 2.08x	4873.600	48.3 (PK)	100.0	1000.0	155.0	V	111.0	2.9	25.7	74.0
A_2.00X	4875.000	33.8 (AV)	100.0	1000.0	155.0	V	92.0	2.9	20.2	54.0

Remark: 1.) diagrams shows PK/AV detector measurements

\*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1



#### 5.4.1.3. n-Mode, MCS0 long guard intervall

Channel m	hannel middle (Channel 6)														
Set-up No.:		2	2												
Operating M	Iode:	1 (MCS0, lon	g guard)												
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenna height (cm)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (C <sub>F</sub> )	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµV /m) (L <sub>T</sub> )					
A 2.00x	2046.0	56.20	10	1000	1.55	H/V	0°360°		> 17.8	74.0					
A_2.09x 2773.5		46.06	10	1000	1.55	H/V	0°360°		> 7.94	54.0					

#### Channel middle (Channel 6)

Remark: 1.) diagrams shows PK/AV detector measurements \*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

#### Channel middle (Channel 6)

Set-up No.:	:	2								
Operating I	Mode:	1 (MCS0, lon	g guard)							
Diagram no.	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Antenn a height (cm)	Polarity	Turntable position (deg)	Corr. (dB) (C <sub>F</sub> )	Margin (dB) (M)	Limit (dBµ V/m) (L <sub>T</sub> )
A 2.10x	4877.6	47.2	100.0	1000.0	155.0	V	206.0	2.9	26.8	74.0
A_2.10X	4875.4	34.8	100.0	1000.0	155.0	V	95.0	2.9	19.2	54.0

Remark: 1.) diagrams shows PK/AV detector measurements

\*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

(MHz)

2.778

2.79

A\_2.12x



 $(L_T)$ 74.0

(PK)

54.0

(AV)

Set-up No.:		2								
Operating M	Iode:	2 (MCS0-long	g)							
Diagram no.	Frequency	MaxPeak	Meas Time	Bandwidth	Antenna height	Polarity	Turntable position	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV /m)
					(cm)					/111)

1.55

1.55

H/V

(deg)

0°..360°

 $(C_F)$ 

--

(M)

26.35

19.4

#### 5.4.1.3.1. Radiated emissions, above 1GHz, RX-Mode according FCC §15.109 class B, RSS-Gen

(kHz)

1000

1000

(ms)

10

10

34.60 (AV) Remark: 1.) diagrams shows PK/AV detector measurements

 $(dB\mu V/m)$ 

47.65 (PK)

\*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

Set-up No.:		2								
Operating N	Iode:	2 (MCS0-long	g)							
Diagram no.	no.		Meas Time	Bandwidth	Antenna height (cm)	Polarity	Turntable position	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV /m)
	(MHz)	$(dB\mu V/m)$	(ms)	(kHz)			(deg)	(CF)	(M)	(LT)
A 2.13x	12282.5	56.43 (PK)	10	1000	1.55	H/V	0°360°		17.57	74.0 (PK)
A_2.15X	12575.5	42.20 (AV)	10	1000	1.55	Π/ ν	0		11.80	54.0 (AV)

Remark: 1.) diagrams shows PK/AV detector measurements

\*.) see also plots enclosed in separate document A1

Margin to Limit:	Abbreviations used:
$M = L_T - R_R + C_F + D_F$ = $L_T - R_R + AF_{ANTENNA} + Cable_{LOSS} + D_F$ Remark: positive margin means passed result	<ul> <li>R<sub>R</sub>: Receiver readings in dBμV/m</li> <li>CF: Transducer in dB = AF (antenna factor) + CL (cable loss)</li> <li>D<sub>F</sub>: distance correction factor (if different measurement distance used than specified in the standard</li> <li>L<sub>T</sub>: Limit in dBμV/m</li> </ul>

#### VERDICT

Summary of measurement results for radiated emissions above 1 GHz: Passed



#### 5.5. 6-dB Bandwidth

# **TEST LOCATION AND EQUIPMENT (for reference numbers please see chapter 'List of test equipment')**

-1r							
test location	CETECOM Essen (Chapter. 2.2.1)		□ Please see Chapter. 2.2.2		□ Please see Chapter. 2.2.3		
test site	441 EMISAR	□ 487 SAR NSA	□ 337 OATS	🗷 347 Radio.lab.			
receiver	□ 377 ESCS30	🗷 584 FSU8	□489 ESU	🗷 498 NGPE 40			
otherwise	⊠530 10dB Attenuator						

#### **REFERENCES:** §15.247(a)(2), RSS-210: A8.2(a)

(1) <u>Frequency hopping systems</u> shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

(2) DSSS Systems using <u>digital modulation techniques</u> may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

#### **EUT SETTINGS:**

The EUT was instructed to send with maximum power (if adjustable) according applicants instructions.

Different modulation characteristics have been checked, e.g. data rates which EUT can operate.

An external dummy battery was used with external 4.1V DC applied in order to keep the voltage constant during the test time.

#### **MEASUREMENT METHOD:**

The measurement was performed with the RBW set to 100kHz. The span was set to cover the complete carrier. Three carrier frequencies (low/middle/high) were used for showing the compliance with this requirement. A DELTA Marker method was set to measure the bandwidth compared to the highest In-Band power. The operating modes have been varied (e.g. data rate, modulation scheme, etc.).

Also the **99% emission bandwidth** was measured. Two markers are placed on frequency points such that left to lower f-marker and right to higher f-marker only 1% of the TX-power is contained. Between the markers, 99% of the power is laying.

	$\mathbf{I} = \mathbf{C} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{K} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{L} \mathbf{E} \mathbf{K} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{U},$				
Span	Set as to fully display the emissions and at least 50dB below the PEAK level				
Resolution Bandwidth	Set to approx 1% to 3% of the emission width				
(RBW)					
Video Bandwidth (VBW)	3 times the resolution bandwidth				
Sweep time	Coupled				
Detector	Sample (if bin width: Span/no. of frequency points SA < 0.5*RBW SA otherwise Peak				
	detector)				
Sweep mode	Repetitive Mode, MAX-HOLD				

#### SPECTRUM-ANALYZER SETTINGS:



#### 6dB BANDWIDTH:

Set-up no.: 1 Op. Mode: 1	6dB BANDWIDTH [MHz]					
$T_{\text{NOM}} = 21^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{\text{NOM}} = 3\text{V}$	Low channel = 1 (2412 MHz)	Middle channel = 6 (2437 MHz)	High channel = 11 (2462 MHz)			
Maximum value for CCK/PBCC Modulation 11MBit	10.8733	10.1362	10.5785			
Maximum value for 16QAM Modulation 54MBit	16.4423	16.5064	16.4743			
Maximum value for MCS0-long guard modulation	<b>17.6602</b> <sup>2.)</sup>	17.6282	17.5961			

**Remark:** 1.) see extract of diagrams and all results for different modulation types(Data rates) in separate document A1

2.) maximum 6dB value

Additional also the 99% occupied bandwidth and also 26dB bandwidth were measured for some channels/modulation types.

#### 99% OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH:

Set-up no.: 1	99% Bandwidth							
Op. Mode: 1 $T_{NOM} = 21^{\circ}C, V_{NOM} = 3V$	[MHz]       Low channel = 1     Middle channel = 6     High channel = 11							
	(2412 MHz)	(2437 MHz)	(2462 MHz)					
Maximum value for CCK/PBCC Modulation 11 MBit	14.4076							
Maximum value for 16QAM Modulation 54MBit		16.6057						
Maximum value for MCS0-long guard modulation	<b>17.8750</b> <sup>2.)</sup>							

**Remark:** 1.) see also separate document A1 for diagrams 2.) maximum 99% o.bandwidth value

#### 26dB emission bandwidth:

Set-up no.: 1 Op. Mode: 1	26dB emission bandwidth [MHz]						
$T_{\rm NOM}$ =21°C, $V_{\rm NOM}$ = 3V	Low channel = 1 (2412 MHz)	Middle channel = 6 (2437 MHz)	High channel = 11 (2462 MHz)				
Maximum value for CCK/PBCC Modulation 11 MBit	18.1490						
Maximum value for 16QAM Modulation 54MBit		22.7884					
Maximum value for MCS0-long guard modulation	<b>22.9326</b> <sup>2.)</sup>						

**Remark:** 1.) see also separate document A1 for diagrams

2.) maximum 26dB e.bandwidth value

### VERDICT: pass



#### 5.6. Power specification

TEST LOCA	<b>FEST LOCATION AND EQUIPMENT</b> (for reference numbers please see chapter 'List of test equipment')							
test location 🗵 CETECOM Essen (Chapter. 2.2.1) 🗆 443 System CTC-FA				AR-EMI-	Please see Chapt	ter. 2.2.3		
test site	441 EMISAR	□ 487 SAR NSA	□ 337 OATS	🗷 347 Radio.lab.				
receiver	□ 377 ESCS30	🗷 584 FSU9	□ 489 ESU					
spectr. analys.	□ 489 ESU	□ 120 FSEM	□ 264 FSEK					
power supply	🗆 456 EA 3013A	🗆 457 EA 3013A	□ 459 EA 2032-50	□ 268 EA- 3050	□ 494 AG6632A	🗷 498 NGPE 40		
otherwise	≤530 10dB Attenua	tor						

#### **REFERENCE:** §15.247(B)(1) AND RSS-210: A8.4 (4)

The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

(1) For frequency hopping systems (FHHS) operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: I watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

(2) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.

(3) For systems using digital modulation (DSSS) in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signalling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### **ANTENNA CHARACTERISTICS:**

E Directional Gain < 6 dBi (measured: difference between measured conducted and radiated eirp. power)  $\Box$  Directional Gain > 6 dBi (measured / applicant's declaration) -> conducted power reduction necessary

#### **EUT SETTINGS:**

The EUT was instructed to send with maximum power (if adjustable) according applicants instructions. Different modulation characteristics have been checked, e.g. data rates which EUT can operate. An external dummy battery was used with external 4.1V DC applied in order to keep the voltage constant during the test time.

#### **MEASUREMENT METHOD:**

The measurement was performed in non-hopping transmission mode with the carrier set to lowest/middle and highest channel. The power was also checked for different data rates, modulation scheme or packet types if applicable.



SETTINGS ON SPECIAL	DETTINGS ON SPECTROW-ANALTZER;					
Center Frequency	Nominal channel frequency					
Span	150 MHz					
Resolution Bandwidth (RBW)	50 MHz > 6dB-bandwidth of the signal, ANSI 63.10: 2009, chapter 6.10.2.1a					
Sweep time	coupled					
Detector	Peak, Max hold mode					
Sweep Mode	Repetitive mode					

#### SETTINGS ON SPECTRUM-ANALYZER:

#### 5.6.1. CONDUCTED MEASUREMENT: MAX. CONDUCTED PEAK POWER

- Maximum declared antenna gain [isotropical]: -4.1 dBi
- External Path Loss: 10.3dB

#### RESULTS

Different modulation types and data rates were tested in order to find the maximum peak conducted output power. **Enclosed are only the maximum values for each modulation format**, pls. compare separate document A1 for all results. To all values shown there 10.3dB external path loss must be added.

	MAX PEAK POWER (conducted) [dBm]								
Set-up no.: 1 Op-Mode: 1	p no.: 1 Low channel = 1 Middle channel = 6 High channel = 11								
IEEE802.11 b-Mode: 1 MBit/ 2Mbit		21.53							
IEEE802.11 g-Mode: 9MBit		22.55							
IEEE802.11 n-mode: MCS0 long guard		22.49							
Limit	1 Watt (30dBm) Peak								

**VERDICT:** MAXIMUM VALUE OF 22.53dBm = 179.88mW -> passed



#### 5.6.1. Radiated measurement: Max. E.I.R.P Power

Test locatio	Test location and equipment (for reference numbers please see chapter 'List of test equipment')							
test site	441	EMI SAR	□ 348	EMI cond.	🗷 443 EMI FAR	□ 347 Radio.lab.	□ 337 OATS	
equipment	□ 331	HC 4055						
Spectr. analys.	489	ESU	□ 120	FSEM	□ 264 FSEK	🗷 489 ESU		
antenna meas	<b>×</b> 549	HL025		CBL 6141	□ 439 HL 562	□ 133 EMCO3115	□ 302 BBHA9170	□ 477 GPS
antenna subst	071	HUF-Z2	$\Box 020$	EMCO3115	🗆 063 LP 3146	□ 303 BBHA9170		
power meter	009	NRV	010	URV5-Z2	□011 URV5-Z2			
Signalgener.		SMG	□ 140	SMHU	□ 263 SMP04			
power meter	262	NRV-S	$\Box 266$	NRV-Z31	□265 NRV-Z33	□ 261 NRV-Z55	🗆 356 NRV-Z1	
DC power	$\Box 086$	LNG50-10		EA3013	□ 354 NGPE 40	□ 349 car battery	□ 350 Car battery	

Test location and equipment (for reference numbers places see chapter 'List of test equipment')

#### **EUT SETTINGS:**

For FHHS-systems hopping mode was switched-off so fixed three different channels could be measured. The EUT was instructed to send with maximum power (if adjustable) according applicants instructions. Different modulation characteristics have been checked, e.g. data rates which EUT can operate.

Measurement method: a field strength measurement was performed in 3m distance to the EUT. General measurement procedures as shown in chapter 5.3 applies therefore. Using transformation formula between field strength and e.i.r.p. power as shown in ANSI63.10: 2009, chapter 7.8.2 is used for conversion. In addition a bandwidth correction factor applied: 10\*log(6dB BW/RBW=1MHz)

#### 5.6.1.1. b-Mode, 2Mbit

Maximum Radiated field strength@3m distance						
Set-up no.: 2 Op. Mode: 1	Low channel $= 1$ (2412 MHz)	Middle channel = 6 (2437 MHz)	High channel = 11 (2462 MHz)			
Determined field strength [dBuV/m] in 3m distance with RBW=1MHz	101.0 (PK) 97.7 (AV)	105.5 (PK) 102.2 (AV)	105.2 (PK) 101.9 (AV)			
Value in dBm using conversion formula and assumed numeric Gain=1: $E = \sqrt{\left(\frac{30*P*G}{d^2}\right)}$	6.0 dBm (PK)	10.5 (PK)	10.2 (PK)			
Bandwidth correction factor <sup>1.)</sup>	9.87	9.84	9.93			
e.i.r.p. power [dBm] assumed 0dBi gain	15.87	20.34	20.13			
Actual declared gain of antenna by applicant [dBi]		-4.1				
Final Result e.i.r.p. [dBm]:	11.77	16.24	16.03			

Remark: 1.) see 6dB BW results before



#### 5.6.1.2. g-Mode, 9MBit

Maximum Radiated field strength@3m distance							
Set-up no.: 2 Op. Mode: 1	Low channel = $1$ (2412 MHz)	Middle channel = 6 (2437 MHz)	High channel $= 11$ (2462 MHz)				
Determined field strength [dBuV/m] in 3m distance with RBW=1MHz	104.1 (PK) 92.0 (AV)	104.73 (PK) 95.1 (AV)	102.4 (PK) 94.9 (AV)				
Value in dBm using conversion formula and assumed numeric Gain=1: $E=\sqrt{\left(\frac{30*P*G}{d^2}\right)}$	9.1 (PK)	9.73 (PK)	7.4 (PK)				
Bandwidth correction factor <sup>1.)</sup>	11.97	11.97	11.99				
e.i.r.p. power [dBm] assumed 0dBi gain	21.07	21.7	19.39				
Actual declared gain of antenna by applicant [dBi]		-4.1					
Final Result e.i.r.p. [dBm]:	16.97	17.6	15.29				

Remark: 1.) see 6dB BW results before

#### 5.6.1.3. n-Mode, MCS0-long guard

Maximum Radiated field strength@3m distance							
Set-up no.: 2 Op. Mode: 1	Low channel $= 1$ (2412 MHz)	Middle channel = $6$ (2437 MHz)	High channel $= 11$ (2462 MHz)				
Determined field strength [dBuV/m] in 3m distance with RBW=1MHz	102.4 (PK) 92.9 (AV)	104.4 (PK) 94.8 (AV)	103.46 (PK) 94.5 (AV)				
Value in dBm using conversion formula and assumed numeric Gain=1: $\sum_{E=\sqrt{\left(\frac{30*P*G}{d^2}\right)}}$	7.4 dBm (PK)	9.4 dBm (PK)	8.46 dBm (PK)				
Bandwidth correction factor <sup>1.)</sup>	12.11	12.18	12.24				
e.i.r.p. power [dBm] assumed 0dBi gain	19.51	21.58	20.7				
Actual declared gain of antenna by applicant [dBi]		-4.1					
Final Result e.i.r.p. [dBm]:	15.41	17.48	16.6				

Remark: 1.) see 6dB BW results before

**VERDICT:** pass, Maximum value: 17.6 dBm (antenna gain < 6 dBi)



#### 5.7. 20dBc Emission specification

	TEST LOCATION AND EQ	)UIPMENT (	(for reference nu	umbers please see	chapter 'List	of test equipment')
--	----------------------	------------	-------------------	-------------------	---------------	---------------------

test location	CETECOM E	(Charten 2.2.1)	$\square$ D1 C1		D Disease of Chart	
test location	CETECOM Esser	n (Chapter, 2.2.1)	Please see Chapte	er. 2.2.2	Please see Chapt	er. 2.2.3
test site	□ 441 EMI SAR	□ 487 SAR NSA	□ 337 OATS	🗷 347 Radio.lab.		
spectr. analys.	□ 489 ESU	□ 120 FSEM	□ 264 FSEK	🗷 584 FSU8		
power supply	🗆 456 EA 3013A	🗆 457 EA 3013A	□ 459 EA 2032-50	□ 268 EA- 3050	□ 494 AG6632A	🗷 498 NGPE 40
otherwise	≤530 10dB Attenua	tor		🗷 cable N-SMA		

#### REFERENCES: §15.247(d), §15.205, RSS-210: A8.5

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

#### **EUT SETTINGS:**

The EUT was instructed to send with maximum power (if adjustable) according applicants instructions. An external dummy battery was used with external 4.1V DC applied in order to keep the voltage constant during the test time.

#### **MEASUREMENT METHOD:**

The frequency spectrum was investigated for **conducted** spurious emissions values lower than 20dB related to the RF-carrier power value which is reference. Three carrier frequencies (low/middle/high channel) were used for showing the compliance with this requirement. The detector were chosen according §15.209(d). The video bandwidth (VBW) was chosen at least three times the resolution bandwidth (RBW). The spectrum-analyzer was set to PEAK Detector, MAX-Hold Mode.

The full spectrum was checked <u>for data rates which shows maximum power as determined</u> before. Path losses were set as offset value in the measurement spectrum analyzer so shown display value is directly measurement final value.

Set-up no.: 1 Op. Mode 1: IEEE 802.11 b-Mode, 2MBit		CONDUCTED TEST: 20 dBc SPURIOUS EMISSIONS						
Frequency	Low cha	nnel =1	Middle ch	annel = 6	High char	nnel = 11		
Range	(2402)	MHz)	(2437)	MHz)	(2482)	MHz)		
	Level Referen	ce (In-Band)	Level Referen = 117.54		Level Referen	ace (In-Band)		
	Frequency	Value	Frequency	Value	Frequency	Value		
	[MHz]	[dBc]	[MHz]	[dBc]	[MHz]	[dBc]		
30 1000 MHz			Peaks from set-up (AE- equipment)	No remarkable harmonics/				
1 GHz 18 GHz				peaks found				
				Margin>20				
				dB to limit				
				97.54 dBµV				
18GHz 25 GHz		Only radiat	ted tests performed	ed -> no remarl	kable peaks found			

**Remark**: see diagrams in separate document A1

The limit on the diagrams is 20dB under the reference level measured In-Band for each channel



Set-up no.: 1 Op. Mode 1: IEEE 802.11 g-Mode, 9MBit	Conducted tes	Conducted test: 20 dBc spurious emissions						
Frequency	Low channel =	:1	Middle chann	el = 6	High channel $= 1$	1		
Range	(2402 MHz)		(2437 MHz)		(2482 MHz)			
	Level Reference	ce (In-Band)	Level Reference = 112.22 dBµV	· · · · ·	Level Reference (	In-Band)		
	Frequency	Value	Frequency	Value	Frequency	Value		
	[MHz]	[dBc]	[MHz]	[dBc]	[MHz]	[dBc]		
301000			Peaks from	No				
MHz			set-up (AE-	remarkable				
			equipment)	harmonics/				
1 GHz 18				peaks found				
GHz								
				Margin>20				
				dB to limit				
				92.22				
18GHz 25		Only rodici	ad tasts parform	$dB\mu V$	able peoles found			
GHz 25		Only radiat	eu tests performe	eu -> no reimari	cable peaks found			

Remark: see diagrams in separate document A1

The limit on the diagrams is 20dB under the reference level measured In-Band for each channel

Set-up no.: 1 Op. Mode: 1 IEEE 802.11 n-Mode, MCS0-long- guard	Conducted test	Conducted test: 20 dBc spurious emissions						
Frequency	Low channel =	1	Middle channe	el = 6	High channel $= 11$	1		
Range	(2402 MHz)		(2437 MHz)		(2482 MHz)			
	Level Reference		Level Reference = 112.11 dBµV	7	Level Reference (			
	Frequency	Value	Frequency	Value	Frequency	Value		
	[MHz]	[dBc]	[MHz]	[dBc]	[MHz]	[dBc]		
30 1000 MHz			Peaks from set-up (AE- equipment)	No remarkable harmonics/				
1 GHz 18 GHz				peaks found				
				Margin>20 dB to limit 92.11 dBµV				
18GHz 25 GHz	Only radiated t		-> no remarkabl	e peaks found				

Remark: see diagrams in separate document A1

The limit on the diagrams is 20dB under the reference level measured In-Band for each channel

VERDICT: pass



#### 5.8. Power Spectral Density (PSD)

<b>TEST LOCATION AND EQUIPMENT</b> (for reference numbers please see chapter 'List of test equipment')
--

					1	
test location	CETECOM Essen (Chapter. 2.2.1)		er. 2.2.2		er. 2.2.3	
test site	□ 441 EMISAR	□487 SAR NSA	□ 337 OATS	🗷 347 Radio.lab.		
receiver	🗵 584 FSU8	□ 001 ESS	□489 ESU			
spectr. analys.	□ 489 ESU	□ 120 FSEM	□ 264 FSEK			
power supply	🗆 456 EA 3013A	457 EA 3013A	□ 459 EA 2032-50	□ 268 EA- 3050	□ 494 AG6632A	🗷 498 NGPE 40
otherwise	■530 10dB Attenuator					

#### REFERENCES: §15.247(e), RSS-210:A8.2(b)

(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

#### **EUT SETTINGS:**

The EUT was instructed to send with maximum power (if adjustable) according applicants instructions.

Different modulation characteristics have been checked, e.g. data rates which EUT can operate.

An external dummy battery was used with external 4.1V DC applied in order to keep the voltage constant during the test time.

#### **MEASUREMENT METHOD:**

A frequency sweep around nominal carrier frequency is performed over the complete power envelope of the signal with PEAK detector, MAX hold mode. The maximum peak is located and the frequency recorded. With the nominal frequency set to the determined frequency in the step before, a new frequency sweep is performed with requiered resolution bandwidth of 3kHz.

The method is as shown in ANSI63.10:2009, chapter 6.11.2.3

The measured value is corrected due to external measuring set-up path-loss and the resulting value is compared with the standard requirement.

Set-up no.: 1	POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY					
Op. Mode: 1	Low channel = 1 (2412 MHz)	Middle channel = 6 (2437 MHz)	High channel = 1 (2462 MHz)			
Measured Level [dBm/3kHz]	1.)	-12.67 dBm (b-Mode, 2Mbit) -18.08 dBm (g-Mode, 9MBit) -18.87 dBm (n-Mode, MCS0-long) -19.16 dBm (n-mode, MCS0-short)	1.)			
Correction factor- Path loss: [dB]		10.3				
Resulting Power spectral density [dBm/3kHz]		-2.37 dBm (b-Mode, 2Mbit) -7.78 dBm (g-Mode, 9MBit) -8.57 dBm (n-Mode, MCS0-long) -8.86 dBm (n-mode, MCS0-short)				
Limit		< 8dBm/3kHz				

#### RESULTS

Remark: see diagrams enclosed in separate annex A1

1.) Not maximum peak conducted power -> channel 6 tested only

VERDICT: maximum value over modulation/data rates: -2.37dBm in b-Mode, 2Mbit -> passed



#### 5.9. Radiated band-edge compliance measurements

<b>TEST LOCATION AND EQUIPMENT</b> (for reference numbers please see chapter 'List of test equipment')								
test location	CETECOM Essen (Chapter. 2.2.1) 443 System CTC-FA		FAR-EMI- Please see Chapter. 2.2.2		ter. 2.2.3			
test site	□ 441 EMISAR	□487 SAR NSA	□ 337 OATS	□ 347 Radio.lab.				
antenna meas	🗷 549 HL025	289 CBL 6141	□ 439 HL 562	□ 133 EMCO3115				
receiver	□ 377 ESCS30	□ 001 ESS	🗷 489 ESU					
spectr. analys.	□ 489 ESU	□ 120 FSEM	□ 264 FSEK					
power supply	🗆 456 EA 3013A	457 EA 3013A	□ 459 EA 2032-50	268 EA- 3050	□ 494 AG6632A	498 NGPE 40		
otherwise	□530 10dB Attenuator			□ cable K15				

TEST LOCATION AND EQUIPMENT (for reference numbers please see chapter 'List of test equipment')

#### **MEASUREMENT METHOD:**

For **left band-edge** a absolute measurement with RBW=1MHz was performed. If increased resolution is necessary also a relative delta-measurement can be performed.

For **right band-edge** a relative delta marker method at restricted band 2483.5MHz was used for showing compliance to restricted bands according §15.205. The method is according Public Notice "Marker-Delta method", Extract from DA00-705 or ANSI 63.10:2009. The method consists of three independent steps:

- 1. <u>Step</u>: Prior to the measurement the fundamental radiated In-Band field strength was performed. The determined value is used as reference value.
- 2. <u>Step</u>: Second step consist of finding the relative attenuation between the fundamental emission and the maximum local out-of-band emission (within 2 MHz range around the band edge either on the band-edge directly or some modulation product if the level is greater than that on the band-edge) when measured with lower resolution bandwidth.
- 3. <u>Step</u>: The delta value recorded in step 2 will be subtracted from value recorded in step 1, thus giving the required field strength at the band-edge. This value must fulfil the requirements for radiated spurious emissions in restricted bands in §15.205 with the general limits of §15.209.

#### **EUT SETTINGS:**

For DTS systems the measurement was performed with different modulation, but it follows the rule to check the channel with widest 6dB bandwidth (see previous results).

A fully loaded battery was used and changed if required in order to keep the voltage constant over the test time.

#### **RESULTS:**

$T_{NOM} = 21^{\circ}$	C, $V_{NOM} = 4.1 V$				
Set-up: 2, O	p. Mode: 1				
		Fundamental field	Delta Marker Value	Value at Band-Edge	Verdict
		strength-radiated			
				[dBµV/m]	
		[dBµV/m]	[dB]		
	Channel Low=1	101.0 (PK)	> 20dB		Passed
b-Mode,		97.7 (AV)			
2Mbit	Channel High=11	105.2 (PK)		<54.0	Passed
		101.9 (AV)			
	Channel Low=1	107.5 (PK)	45.8 > 20dB		Passed
b-Mode,		99.7 (AV)			
11 Mbit	Channel High=11	104.9 (PK)	56.24	48.96 (PK)	Passed
		101.8 (AV)		45.66 (AV)	

Remark: Pls. compare diagrams in separate annex A1



$T_{NOM} = 21^{\circ}C, V_{NOM} = 4.1 V$ Set-up: 2, Op. Mode: 1								
		Fundamental field	Delta Marker Value	Value at Band-Edge	Verdict			
		strength-radiated		[dBµV/m]				
		[dBµV/m]	[dB]					
	Channel High=1	104.1 (PK)	>20		Passed			
g-Mode,	-	92.9 (AV)						
9Mbit	Channel High=11	102.4 (PK)	45.67	56.73 (PK)	Passed			
		94.9 (AV)		49.23 (AV)				
	Channel Low=1	102.6 (PK)	31.72 > 20dB		Passed			
g-Mode,		91.8 (AV)						
54 Mbit	Channel High=11	102.6 (PK)	46.76	55.84 (PK)	Passed			
	_	92.0 (AV)		45.24 (AV)				

Remark: Pls. compare diagrams in separate annex A1

$T_{NOM} = 21^{\circ}C, V_{NOM} = 4.1 V$ Set-up: 2, Op. Mode: 1								
		Fundamental field strength-radiated [dBuV/m]	Delta Marker Value	Value at Band-Edge [dBµV/m]	Verdict			
		[αδμ ν/m]	լաքյ					
MCS0-	Channel Low=1	102.4 PK 92.8 AV	>20		Passed			
long- Mode	Channel High=11	103.46 PK 94.5 AV		<54.0	Passed			
MCS7- long- Mode	Channel Low=1	101.9 PK 90.0 AV	31.49 > 20 dB		Passed			
	Channel High=11	104.2 PK 92.1 AV	46.72	57.28 PK 45.18 AV	Passed			

Remark: Pls. compare diagrams in separate annex A1

VERDICT: pass



#### **5.10.** Measurement uncertainties

The reported uncertainties are calculated based on the standard uncertainty multiplied with the appropriate coverage factor  $\mathbf{k}$ , such that a confidence level of approximately 95% is achieved.

For uncertainty determination, each component used in the concrete measurement set-up was taken in account and it's contribution to the overall uncertainty according it's statistical distribution calculated.

Calculated uncertainty based Measurement Frequency range Remarks: on a confidence level of 95% **RF-Power Output** 9 kHz .. 20 GHz 1.0 dB -conducted 30 MHz .. 4 GHz **RF-Power** Output 3.17 dB Substitution method radiated Conducted RF-emissions 9 kHz .. 20 GHz 1.0 dB -on antenna ports 150 kHz .. 30 MHz 5.0 dB Magnetic field 30 MHz .. 1 GHz 4.2 dB E-Field Radiated RF-emissions enclosure 1 GHz .. 18GHz 4.8 dB E-Field 1 GHz .. 20 GHz Substitution method 3.17 dB Occupied bandwidth 9 kHz .. 4 GHz 0.1272 ppm Frequency error (Delta Marker method) 1 dB Power Emission bandwidth 9 kHz .. 4 GHz 0.1272 ppm Frequency error (Delta Marker method) 1 dB Power Frequency stability 9 kHz .. 20 GHz 0.0636 ppm 9 kHz .. 150 kHz 4.0 dB Conducted emissions 150 kHz .. 30 MHz on AC-mains port 3.6 dB  $(U_{\text{CISPR}})$ 

Following table shows expectable uncertainties for each measurement type performed.

Table : measurement uncertainties, valid for conducted/radiated measurements



## 6. Instruments and Ancillary

#### 6.1. Used equipment "CTC"

The "Ref.-No" in the left column of the following tables allows the clear identification of the laboratory equipment.

#### 6.1.1. Test software and firmware of equipment

RefNo.	Equipment	Туре	Serial-No.	Version of Firmware or Software during the test
001	emi test receiver	ESS	825132/017	Firm.= 1.21, OTP=2.0, GRA=2.0
012	signal generator (EMS-cond.)	SMY 01	839069/027	Firm.= V 2.02
013	power meter (EMS cond.)	NRVD	839111/003	Firm.= V 1.51
017	Communication Tester	CMD 60 M	844365/014	Firmware = V 3.52 .22.01.99, DECT Firmware D2.87
053	audio analyzer	UPA3	860612/022	Firm. V 4.3
119	RT harmonics analyser/dig. flickermeter	B10	G60547	Firm.= V 3.1DHG
140	signal generator	SMHU	831314/006	Firm.= 3.21
261	thermal power sensor	NRV-Z55	825083/0008	EPROM-Datum 02.12.04, SE EE 1 B
262	power meter	NRV-S	825770/0010	Firm.= 2.6
263	signal generator	SMP 04	826190/0007	Firm.=3.21
264	spectrum analyzer	FSEK 30	826939/005	Bios=2.1, Analyzer= 3.20
295	Racal Digital Radio Test Set	6103	1572	UNIT Firmware= 4.04, SW-Main=4.04, SW-BBP=1.04,
298	Univ. Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	832221/091	R&S Test Firmware =3.53 /3.54 (current Testsoftw. f.
323	Communication Tester	CMD 055	825878/0034	Firm.= 3.52 .22.01.99
331	climatic test chamber -40/+80 Grad	HC 4055	43146	TSI 1.53
335	System-CTC-EMS-Conducted	System EMS Conducted	-	EMS-K1 Immunity Test-Software 1.20SR10
340	Univ. Communication Tester	CMD 55	849709/037	Firm.= 3.52 .22.01.99
355	power meter	URV 5	891310/027	Firm.= 1.31
365	10V Insertion Unit 50 Ohm	URV5-Z2	100880	Eprom Data = 31.03.08
366	Ultra Compact Simulator	UCS 500 M4	V0531100594	Firm. UCS 500=001925/3.06a02, rc=ISMIEC 4.10
371	Bluetooth Tester	CBT32	100153	CBT V5,30+ SW-Option K55
377	emi test receiver	ESCS 30	100160	Firm.= 2.30, OTP= 02.01, GRA= 02.36
378	broadband RF field monitor	RadiSense III	03D00013SNO-08	Firm.= V.03D13
383	signal generator	SME 03	842 828 /034	Firm.= 4.61
389	digital multimeter	Keithley 2000	0583926	Firm. = A13 (Mainboard) A02 (Display)
392	Radio Communication Tester	MT8820A	6K0000788	Firm.= 4.50 #005, IPL=4.01#001,OS=4.02#001,
441	System CTC-SAR-EMI Cable Loss	System EMI field (SAR)	-	EMC 32 Version 8.40
442	System CTC-SAR-EMS	System EMS field (SAR)	-	EMC 32 Version 8.40
443	System CTC-FAR-EMI-Spuri	System CTC-FAR-EMI-	-	Spuri 7.2.5
444	System CTC FAR-EMS	System EMS-Field (FAR)	-	EMS-K1 Immunity-Software 1.20SR10
460	Univ. Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	108901	R&S Test Firmware Base=5.14/Messsoftware=
489	emi test receiver	ESU40	1000-30	Firmware=4.43 SP3, Bios=V5.1-16-3,
491	ESD Simulator dito	ESD dito	dito307022	V 2.30
		VDS 200	0196-16	Software Nr: 000037 Version V4.20a01
526	Burst Generator	EFT 200 A	0496-06	Software Nr. 000034 Version V2.32
527	Micro Pulse Generator	MPG 200 B	0496-05	Software-Nr. 000030 Version V2.43
528		LD 200B	0496-06	Software-Nr. 000031 Version V2.35a01
547	Univ. Radio Communikation Tester	CMU 200	835390/014	R&S Test Firmware Base=V5.1403 (current Testsoftw.
584	Spectrum Analyzer	FSU 8	100248	2.82 SP3
594	Communikation Tester	CMW500	101757	Firmware Base=2.0.20.9, LTE=2.0.20.8. CDMA= 2.0.10
597	Univ. Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	100347	R&S Test Firmware Base=5.01 /Messsoftware=
598	Spectrum Analyser	FSEM 30 (Reserve)	831259/013	Firmware Bios 3.40, Analyzer 3.40 Sp 2



#### 6.1.2. Single instruments and test systems

RefNo.	Equipment	Туре	Serial-No.	Manufacturer	Interval of calibration	Remark	
001	emi test receiver	ESS	825132/017	Rohde & Schwarz	12 M	-	31.03.2012
005	AC - LISN (50 Ohm/50µH, test site 1)	ESH2-Z5	861741/005	Rohde & Schwarz	24/12 M	-	31.03.2012
007	DC - LISN (50 Ohm/5µH)	ESH3-Z6	892563/002	Rohde & Schwarz	24/12 M		31.03.2012
009	power meter (EMS-radiated)	NRV	863056/017	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M	-	31.03.2013
016	line impedance simulating network	Op. 24-D	B6366	Spitzenberger+Spies	36 M	-	31.03.2013
020	horn antenna 18 GHz (Subst 1)	3115	9107-3699	EMCO	36/12 M	-	31.03.2013
020	loop antenna (H-Field)	6502	9206-2770	EMCO	36 M	-	31.03.2013
	loop antenna (H-field)	HFH-Z2				-	31.03.2013
030			879604/026	Rohde & Schwarz	36 M	-	
033	RF-current probe (100kHz-30MHz)	ESH2-Z1	879581/18	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M	-	31.03.2013
060	power amplifier (DC-2kHz)	PAS 5000	B6363	Spitzenberger+Spies	-	3	
066	notch filter (WCDMA; FDD1)	WRCT 1900/2200-5/40-	5	Wainwright GmbH	12 M	-	30.05.2011
086	DC - power supply, 0 -10 A	LNG 50-10	-	Heinzinger Electronic	pre-m	2	
087	DC - power supply, 0 -5 A	EA-3013 S	-	Elektro Automatik	pre-m	2	
090	Helmholtz coil: 2x10 coils in series	-	-	RWTÜV	pre-m	4	
091	USB-LWL-Converter	OLS-1	007/2006	Ing. Büro Scheiba	_	4	
099	passive voltage probe	ESH2-Z3	299.7810.52	Rohde & Schwarz	36 M	-	31.03.2012
100	passive voltage probe	Probe TK 9416	without	Schwarzbeck	36 M	-	31.03.2012
110	USB-LWL-Converter	OLS-1	without	Extreme USB	-	4	51.05.2012
			-			-	21.02.2012
119	RT harmonics analyser/dig. flickermeter	B10	G60547	BOCONSULT	36 M		31.03.2013
134	horn antenna 18 GHz (Subst 2)	3115	9005-3414	EMCO	12 M	-	31.03.2012
136	adjustable dipole antenna (Dipole 1)	3121C-DB4	9105-0697	EMCO	12 M	-	31.03.2012
140	signal generator	SMHU	831314/006	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M	-	31.03.2012
248	attenuator	SMA 6dB 2W	-	Radiall	pre-m	2	
249	attenuator	SMA 10dB 10W	-	Radiall	pre-m	2	
252	attenuator	N 6dB 12W	-	Radiall	pre-m	2	
256	attenuator	SMA 3dB 2W	-	Radiall	pre-m	2	
257	hybrid	4031C	04491	Narda	pre-m	2	
260	hybrid coupler	4032C	11342	Narda	pre-m	2	
261	thermal power sensor	NRV-Z55	825083/0008	Rohde & Schwarz	24/12 M	-	31.03.2012
262	power meter	NRV-S	825770/0010	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M		31.03.2012
263	signal generator	SMP 04	826190/0007	Rohde & Schwarz	36 M	-	31.03.2012
						-	
264	spectrum analyzer	FSEK 30	826939/005	Rohde & Schwarz	12 M	-	31.03.2014
265	peak power sensor	NRV-Z33, Model 04	840414/009	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M	-	31.03.2012
266	peak power sensor	NRV-Z31, Model 04	843383/016	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M	-	31.03.2012
268	AC/DC power supply	EA 3050-A	9823636	-	pre-m	2	
270	termination	1418 N	BB6935	Weinschel	pre-m	2	
271	termination	1418 N	BE6384	Weinschel	pre-m	2	
272	attenuator (20 dB) 50 W	Model 47	BF6239	Weinschel	pre-m	2	
273	attenuator, (10 dB) 100 W	Model 48	BF9229	Weinschel	pre-m	2	
274	attenuator (10 dB) 50 W	Model 47 (10 dB) 50 W	BG0321	Weinschel	pre-m	2	
275	DC-Block	Model 7003 (N)	C5129	Weinschel	pre-m	2	
276	DC-Block	Model 7006 (SMA)	C7061	Weinschel	pre-m	2	
279	power divider	1515 (SMA)	LH855	Weinschel	pre-m	2	
287	pre-amplifier 25MHz - 4GHz	AMF-2D-100M4G-35-10P	379418	Miteq	12 M	-	30.05.2011
291	high pass filter GSM 850/900	WHJ 2200-4EE	14	Wainwright GmbH	12 M	-	30.05.2011
298	Univ. Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	832221/091	Rohde & Schwarz	pre-m	-	
300	AC LISN (50 Ohm/50µH, 1-phase)	ESH3-Z5	892 239/020	Rohde & Schwarz	24/12 M	-	31.03.2012
301	attenuator (20 dB) 50W, 18GHz	47-20-33	AW0272	Lucas Weinschel	pre-m	2	
302	horn antenna 40 GHz (Meas 1)	BBHA9170	155	Schwarzbeck	36 M	-	31.03.2014
303	horn antenna 40 GHz (Subst 1)	BBHA9170	156	Schwarzbeck	36 M	-	31.03.2014
331	climatic test chamber -40/+80 Grad	HC 4055	43146	Heraeus Vötsch	24 M	-	30.11.2012
-	digital multimeter	Fluke 112	81650455		24 M 24 M	<u> </u>	31.03.2012
341				Fluke	24 M 24 M	-	
342	digital multimeter	Voltcraft M-4660A	IB 255466	Voltcraft	24 IVI		31.03.2013
347	laboratory site	radio lab.	-	-	-	3	
348	laboratory site	EMI conducted	-	- D-1-1-0-0-1	-	3	<b>↓</b>
354	DC - power supply 40A	NGPE 40/40	448	Rohde & Schwarz	pre-m	-	21.02.2017
355	power meter	URV 5	891310/027	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M	-	31.03.2012
356	power sensor	NRV-Z1	882322/014	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M	<u> </u>	31.03.2013
357	power sensor	NRV-Z1	861761/002	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M	-	31.03.2013
373	V-Network 5µH/50 Ohm	ESH3-Z6	100535	Rohde & Schwarz	24/12 M	-	31.03.2012
376	horn antenna 6 GHz	BBHA9120 E	BBHA 9120 E 179	Schwarzbeck	12 M	-	31.03.2012
377	emi test receiver	ESCS 30	100160	Rohde & Schwarz	12 M	-	31.03.2012
389	digital multimeter	Keithley 2000	0583926	Keithley	24 M	-	31.03.2013
392	Radio Communication Tester	MT8820A	6K00000788	Anritsu	12 M	-	31.03.2012
431	Model 7405	Near-Field Probe Set	9305-2457	EMCO	-	4	
441	System CTC-SAR-EMI Cable Loss	System EMI field (SAR)	-	ETS	12 M	5	31.08.2011
443	System CTC-FAR-EMI-Spuri	System CTC-FAR-EMI-	-	ETS-Lindgren/Cetecom	12 M	5	30.06.2011
448	notch filter WCDMA FDD II	WRCT 1850.0/2170.0-	5	Wainwright Instruments	12 M	1c	30.05.2011
449	notch filter WCDMA FDD V	WRCT 824.0/894.0-5/40-	1	Wainwright Instruments	12 M	1c	30.05.2011
454	Oscilloscope	HM 205-3	9210 P 29661	Hameg	-	4	2010012011
456	DC-Power supply 0-5A	EA 3013 S	207810	Elektro Automatik	- pre-m	2	
-	DC -power supply 0-5 A , 0-32 V	EA-PS 2032-50	910722	Elektro Automatik		2	
459 460	Univ. Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	108901		pre-m 12 M	-	31.03.2012
				Rohde & Schwarz	1 4 IVI	- 4	31.03.2012
463	Universal source	HP3245A Elulia 112	2831A03472	Agilent	-		21.02.2012
466	digital multimeter	Fluke 112	89210157	Fluke USA	24 M	-	31.03.2012
467	digital multimeter	Fluke 112	89680306	Fluke USA	24 M	-	31.03.2012
			1 10 0 0 0 1/155	Fluke USA	24 M	-	31.03.2012
468	digital multimeter	Fluke 112	90090455			-	
	digital multimeter ReRadiating GPS-System power meter (Fula)	AS-47 NRVS	- 838392/031	Automotive Cons. Fink Rohde & Schwarz	- 24 M	3	31.03.2013



RefNo.	Equipment	Туре	Serial-No.	Manufacturer	Interval of calibration	Remark	Cal due
482	filtermatrix	FilterMatrix SAR 1	-	CETECOM (Brl)	-	1d	
484	pre-amplifier 2,5 - 18 GHz	AMF-5D-02501800-25-	1244554	Miteq	12 M	-	01.06.2011
487	System CTC NSA-Verification SAR-EMI	System EMI field (SAR)	-	ETS	12 M	-	30.09.2011
489	emi test receiver	ESU40	1000-30	Rohde & Schwarz	12 M	-	31.03.2012
502	band reject filter	WRCG 1709/1786-	SN 9	Wainwright	-	2	1
503	band reject filter	WRCG 824/849-814/859-	SN 5	Wainwright	-	2	1
517	relais switc matrix	HF Relais Box Keithley	SE 04	Keithley	-	2	1
523	Digitalmultimeter	L4411A	MY46000154	Agilent	24 M	-	31.03.2013
529	6 dB Broadband resistive power divider	Model 1515	LH 855	Weinschel	pre-m	2	
530	10 dB Broadband resistive power divider	R 416110000	LOT 9828	-	pre-m	2	
547	Univ. Radio Communikation Tester	CMU 200	835390/014	Rohde & Schwarz	12 M	-	31.03.2012
548	Digital-Barometer	GBP 2300	without	Greisinger GmbH	36/12 M	-	31.03.2012
549	Log.Per-Antenna	HL025	1000060	Rohde & Schwarz	36/12 M	-	31.03.2012
552	high pass filter 2,8-18GHz	WHKX 2.8/18G-10SS	4	Wainwright	12 M	-	30.06.2011
558	System CTC FAR S-VSWR	System CTC FAR S-	-	CTC	24 M	-	31.08.2011
574	Biconilog Hybrid Antenna	BTA-L	980026L	Frankonia	36/12 M	-	30.03.2013
584	Spectrum Analyzer	FSU 8	100248	Rohde & Schwarz	12 M	-	31.03.2012
594	Communikation Tester	CMW500	101757	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M	-	31.03.2012
597	Univ. Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	100347	Rohde & Schwarz	12 M	-	31.03.2012
598	Spectrum Analyser	FSEM 30 (Reserve)	831259/013	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M	-	13.01.2013
600	power meter	NRVD (Reserve)	834501/018	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M	-	31.03.2013
601	medium-sensitivity diode sensor	NRV-Z5 (Reserve)	8435323/003	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M	-	12.01.2013
602	peak power sensor	NRV-Z32 (Reserve)	835080	Rohde & Schwarz	24 M	-	12.01.2013
608	UltraLog-Antenna	HL 562	830547/009	Rohde & Schwarz	36/12 M	-	31.03.2014
611	DC power supply	E3632A	KR 75305854	Agilent	pre-m	2	
612	DC power supply	E3632A	MY 40001321	Agilent	pre-m	2	
613	Attenuator	R416120000 20dB 10W	Lot. 9828	Radiall	pre-m	2	1

#### 6.1.3. Legend

Note / remarks		Calibrated during system calibration:	
	1a	System CTC-SAR-EMS (RefNo. 442)	
	1b	System-CTC-EMS-Conducted (RefNo. 335)	
	1c	System CTC-FAR-EMI-spurious emission (RefNo . 443)	
	1d	System CTC-SAR-EMI (RefNo . 441)	
	1e	System CTC-OATS (EMI radiated) (RefNo. 337)	
	1 f	System CTC-CTIA-OTA (RefNo . 420)	
	1 g	System CTC-FAR-EMS (RefNo . 444)	
	2	Calibration or equipment check immediately before measurement	
	3	Regulatory maintained equipment for functional check or support purpose,	
	4	Ancillary equipment without calibration e.g. mechanical equipment or monitoring equipment	
	5	Test System	

Interval of calibration	12 M	12 month
	24 M	24 month
36 M 36 month		36 month
24/12 M Calibration every 24 months, between this every 12 months internal validation		Calibration every 24 months, between this every 12 months internal validation
36/12 M Calibration every 36 months, between this every 12 months internal validation		Calibration every 36 months, between this every 12 months internal validation
Pre-m Check before starting the measurement		Check before starting the measurement
	-	Without calibration



## 7. Annex – Correction factors due to reduced meas. distance (f< 30 MHz)

The used correction factors when the measurement distance is reduced, are taken from IEEC Transaction EMC, Vol 47, No.3, Aug. 2005, Journal Paper "*EXTRAPOLATING NEAR-FIELD EMISSIONS OF LOW-FREQUENCY LOOP TRANSMITTERS*".

Used Transd	ucer factors (f < 30	MHz)			
		,			
1	2	3	4	5	6
					=2+3+4+5
Frequency	Antenna factor	Corection		Cable loss	Transducer factor
		300m to 3m	30m to 3m		
kHz	dB µV/m	<b>dB</b> -116,7	dB	dB	dB µV/m
9,0 10,6	20,0 20,0	-116,7		0,0	-96,7 -96,7
12,6	20,0	-116,7		0,0	-96,7
14,8	20,0	-116,7		0,0	-96,7
17,5	20,0	-116,6		0,0	-96,6
20,7	20,0	-116,6		0,0	-96,6
24,4	20,0 20,0	-116,6		0,0	-96,6
28,9 34.1	20,0	-116,6 -116,5		0,0	-96,6 -96,5
40,3	20,0	-116,4		0,0	-96,4
47,6	20,0	-116,3		0,0	-96,3
56,2	20,0	-116,2		0,0	-96,2
66,4	20,0	-116,0		0,0	-96,0
78,4	20,0	-115,8		0,0	-95,8
92,7 109,4	20,0 20,0	-115,4 -115,0		0,0	-95,4 -95,0
129,3	20,0	-114,5		0,0	-94,5
152,7	20,0	-113,9		0,0	-93,9
180,4	20,0	-113,1		0,0	-93,1
213,1	20,0	-112,2		0,0	-92,2
251,7	20,0 20,0	-111,3		0,0	-91,3
297,3 351,2	20,0	-108,3 -105,2		0,0	-88,3 -85,2
414,8	20,0	-102,1		0,0	-82,1
490,0	20,0	-99,1		0,0	-79,1
490,0	20,0		-56,4	0,1	-36,3
582,0	20,0		-56,2	0,1	-36,1
690,0 820,0	20,0 20,0		-56,0 -55,7	0,2	-35,8 -35,5
973,0	20,0		-55,4	0,2	-35,2
1.155,0	20,0		-54,9	0,3	-34,6
1.371,0	20,0		-54,4	0,3	-34,1
1.627,0	20,0		-53,7	0,3	-33,4
1.931,0	20,0		-52,9	0,4	-32,5
2.292,0 2.721,0	20,0 20,0		-52,0 -49,8	0,4 0,5	-31,6 -29,3
3.230,0	20,0		-49,8	0,5	-29,3
3.834,0	20,0		-43,3	0,6	-22,7
4.551,0	20,0		-40,1	0,6	-19,5
5.402,0	20,0		-36,8	0,7	-16,1
6.412,0	20,0		-33,5	0,7	-12,8
7.612,0 9.035,0	20,0 20.0		-30,3 -27,0	0,8 0,8	-9,5 -6,2
10.725,0	20,0		-23,9	0,8	-0,2 -3,0
12.730,0	20,0		-21,2	0,9	-0,3
15.111,0	20,0		-19,3	1,0	1,7
17.937,0	20,0		-18,4	1,0	2,6
21.292,0 25.274,0	20,0		-18,2 -18,3	1,1 1,1	2,9 2,8
30.000,0	20,0 20,0		-18,3 -18,4	1,1	2,8
00.000,0	20,0		10,7	1,2	2,0
				1	
				1	