



TEST REPORT

Test Report No.: 1-2977-20-02/11



Testing Laboratory

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

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Accredited Test Laboratory:
The test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited

according to DIN ÉN ISO/IEC 17025

ict@cetecom.com

DAR registration number: DAT-P-176/94-D1

Appendix with Calibration data, Phantom certificate and system validation information

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Calibration report "Probe ET3DV6"

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Cetecom

Certificate No: ET3-1558_Aug10

Object	ET3DV6 - SN:1	558	
Calibration procedure(s)		QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2 edure for dosimetric E-field probe	Marie and the state of the stat
Calibration date:	August 11, 2010)	
All calibrations have been condu	icled in the closed laborat	probability are given on the following pages an ay	
Calibration Equipment used (Ma	ATE critical for calibration)		
	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards		Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11
Primary Standards Power meter E4419B	ID#		
Primary Standards Power meter F44198 Power sensor E4412A	ID# GB41293874	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136)	Apr-11
Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136)	Apr-11 Apr-11
Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11
Primary Standards Power meter F44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (2a) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11
Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (2c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1138) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1151) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1150) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar 11
Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (2a) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1131) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1130)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11
Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (2c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1138) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1151) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1150) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10
Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498067 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5056 (20b) SN: S5189 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1138) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1151) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1150) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Apr-11
Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Probe E53DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5089 (30b) SN: S5189 SN: 660	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1150) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Apr-11 Scheduled Check
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8848C Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3a) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID# US3642U01700	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1151) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1160) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8848C Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (2d) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 680 ID# US3642U01700 US37390585	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-C1136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1151) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-C1151) 30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-10 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-10
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zoughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/du.y_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration Is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528 2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- Techniques", December 2003
 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell: f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f < 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, dopth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical Isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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ET3DV6 SN:1558

August 11, 2010

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1558

Manufactured:

September 16, 2003

Last calibrated: Recalibrated:

August 21, 2009

August 11, 2010

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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ET3DV6 SN:1558

August 11, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1558

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m)²) ^A	1.99	1.90	1.75	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ⁸	93.6	94.8	91.8	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	С	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	×	0.00	0.00	1.00	300.0	± 1.5%
			Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00	300.0	
			z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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⁴ The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^e Numerical finearization parameter, uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



ET3DV6 SN:1558

August 11, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1558

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X C	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
750	± 50 / ± 100	41.9 ± 5%	$0.89 \pm 5\%$	6.26	6.26	€.26	0.53	2.00 ± 11.0%
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	5.92	5.92	5.92	0.42	2.28 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / = 100	41.5 ± 5%	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	5.80	5.80	5.80	0.38	2.46 ±11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	$40.1 \pm 5\%$	1.37 ± 5%	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.50	2.75 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	$40.0 \pm 5\%$	1.40 ± 5%	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.62	2.43 ±11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39 2 ± 5%	$1.80 \pm 5\%$	4.14	4.14	4.14	0.99	1.74 ± 11 0%

The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band

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ET3DV6 SN:1558

August 11, 2010

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1558

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Co	nvFY C	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
/50	\pm 50 / \pm 100	55.5 ± 5%	$0.96 \pm 5\%$	5.95	5.95	5.95	C.44	2.23 ± 11.0%
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	5.85	5.85	5.85	0.41	2.35 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	$55.0 \pm 5\%$	1.05 ± 5%	5.73	5.73	5.73	0.36	2.77 ± 11.0%
1750	$\pm 50/\pm 100$	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	4.61	4.61	4.61	0.61	2.92 ± 11.0%
1900	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	1.52 ± 5%	4.35	4.35	4.35	0.81	2.52 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	$52.7 \pm 5\%$	1.95 ± 5%	4.03	4.03	4.03	0.99	1.79 ± 11.0%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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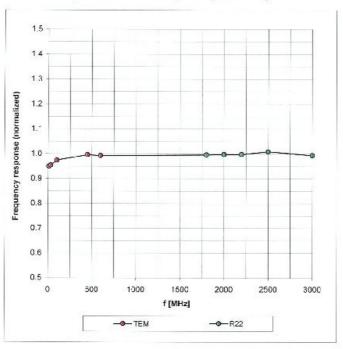


ET3DV6 SN:1558

August 11, 2010

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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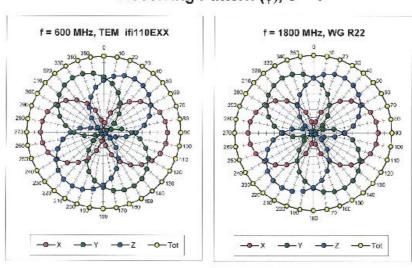
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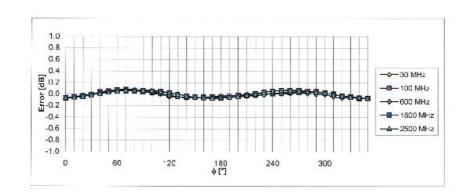
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 0°





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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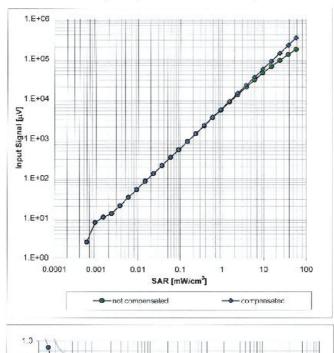
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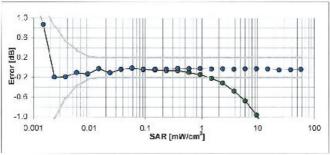


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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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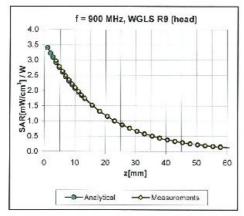
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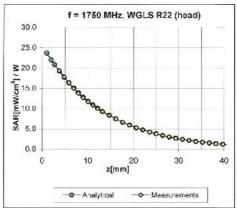
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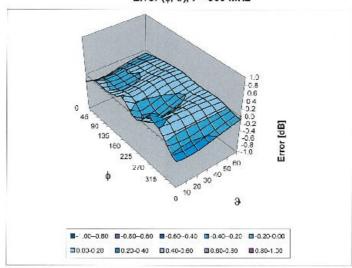
Conversion Factor Assessment





Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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August 11, 2010

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm

Certificate No: FT3-1558_Aug10

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3 Calibration report "Probe ET3DV6"

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Cetecom

Certificate No: ET3-1559 Jan11

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Object	ET3DV6 - SN:1	559	
Calibration procedure(s)		QA CAL-12.v6, QA CAL-23.v4 and sedure for dosimetric E-field probes	
Calibration date:	January 19, 201	11	
	50	tional standards, which realize the physical uni probability are given on the following pages and	
		ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M8			9-200 NO 19-20-20-20-20
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B	TE critical for calibration)		9-200 NO 19-20-20-20-20
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A	ID # GB41293874	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A	ID# GB41293874 MY41495277	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11 Apr-11
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Recondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11 Apr-11 Scheduled Check
	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID # US3642U01700	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
Calibration Equipment used (M8 Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Recondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	ID # GB41293874 MY41495277 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5086 (20b) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160) 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) 20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	Scheduled Calibration Apr-11 Apr-11 Apr-11 Mar-11 Mar-11 Dec-11 Apr-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11

Certificate No: ET3-1559_Jan11

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
 exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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ET3DV6 SN:1559 January 19, 2011

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1559

Manufactured: December 1, 2000 Last calibrated: January 20, 2010 Recalibrated: January 19, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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ET3DV6 SN:1559 January 19, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1559

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	1.79	1.59	1.64	± 10.1%
DCP (mV) ^B	96.9	97.6	96.3	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	С	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	×	0.00	0.00	1.00	132.1	± 2.9 %
			Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00	137.8	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	128.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



ET3DV6 SN:1559 January 19, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1559

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Co	nvFY C	onvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	7.39	7.39	7.39	0.18	2.07 ± 13.3%
835	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	$0.90 \pm 5\%$	6.33	6.33	6.33	0.25	3.00 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.26	3.00 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	5.28	5.28	5.28	0.79	1.69 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	5.02	5.02	5.02	0.79	1.60 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	4.38	4.38	4.38	0.79	2.02 ± 11.0%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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ET3DV6 SN:1559 January 19, 2011

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1559

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X C	onvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	7.73	7.73	7.73	0.12	2.07 ± 13.3%
835	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	6.22	6.22	6.22	0.25	2.98 ±11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	6.10	6.10	6.10	0.29	2.87 ±11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.79	2.39 ±11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	4.40	4.40	4.40	0.79	2.32 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	3.91	3.91	3.91	0.70	3.00 ± 11.0%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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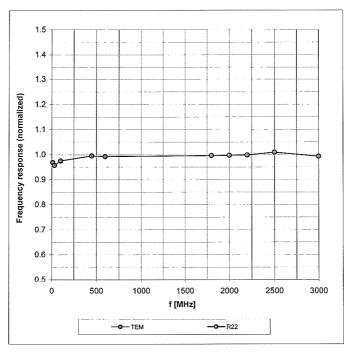
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ET3DV6 SN:1559 January 19, 2011

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: \pm 6.3% (k=2)

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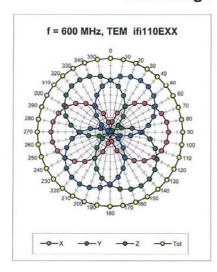
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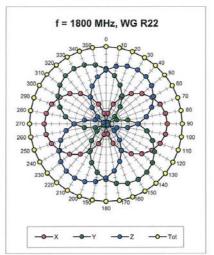


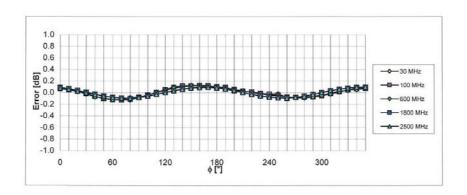
ET3DV6 SN:1559

January 19, 2011

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1559_Jan11

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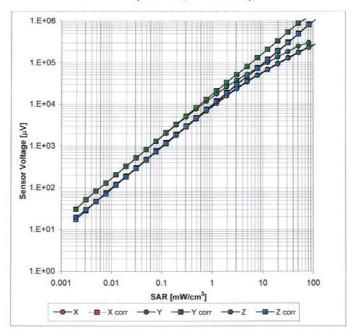
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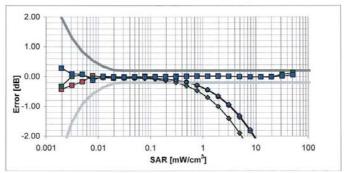


ET3DV6 SN:1559 January 19, 2011

Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$

(TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1559_Jan11

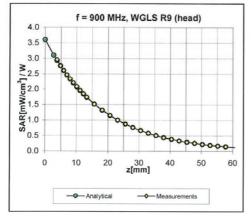
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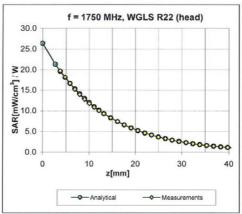
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ET3DV6 SN:1559 January 19, 2011

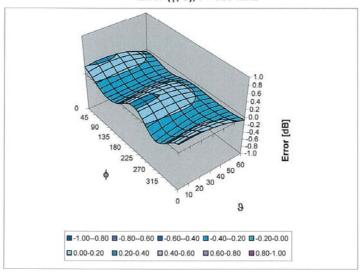
Conversion Factor Assessment





Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1559_Jan11

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ET3DV6 SN:1559 January 19, 2011

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3.7 mm

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4 Calibration report "900 MHz System validation dipole"

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kelibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Cetecom

Certificate No: D900V2-102_Aug10

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Object	D900V2 - SN: 10	2	
Cal bration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	August 16, 2010		
		y facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3) $^{\circ}$	C and humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	TE critical for calibration)	Cel Date (Cerificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
alibration Equipment used (M& rimary Standards ower meter =PM-442A	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	Cel Date (Cerificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01098)	Schedulad Calibration Oct-10
alibration Equipment used (M& rimary Standards ower meter =PM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB37480704 US37292783	Cel Date (Cerrificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10
alibration Equipment used (M& rimary Standards ower meter =PM-442A ower sensor HP 8481A eference 20 dB Attenuator	IC # G337480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)	Cel Date (Cerrificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01096) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01096) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11
ialibration Equipment used (M& trimary Standards lower meter =PM-442A lower sensor HP 8481A teference 20 dB Attenuator type-N mismatch combination	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cel Date (Cerrificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sonsor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	IC # G337480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)	Cel Date (Cerrificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01096) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01096) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	Cel Date (Cerrificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01098) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01198) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Scheduled Collibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power mater EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	Cel Date (Cerificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01083) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01093) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Colibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter =PM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB37480704 US37292793 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	Cel Date (Cerificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01083) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01083) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01152) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun13) Check Date (in house)	Schedulad Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	ID # GB37480704 US37292793 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317	Cel Date (Cerificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01083) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01093) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house)	Schedulod Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter =PM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cel Date (Cerrificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01088) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01088) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01152) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in frouse) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	Schedulad Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-10 In house check: Oct-10
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Recondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RE generator R&S SMT-06 Retwork Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name	Cel Date (Cerrificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01088) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01088) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01152) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in trouse) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Schedulad Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter FPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Recondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RE generator R&S SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cel Date (Cerrificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01088) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01088) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01152) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in frouse) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-10 In house check: Oct-10

Certificate No: D900V2-102_Aug10

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Foderal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D900V2-102_Aug10

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	900 MHz ⊥ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.2 °C	41.5	0.97 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.2 ± 6 %	0.97 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.9 ± 0.2) °C	Television (Mhs-

SAR result with Head TSL

Certificate No: D900V2-102_Aug10

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.80 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	11.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	11.2 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.79 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	7.16 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	7.15 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.0	1.05 mhc/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.2 ± 6 %	1.07 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 + 0.2) °C		107777

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.88 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	11.5 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	11.3 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.85 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	7.40 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	7.31 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.9 Ω - 4.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.3 Ω - 6.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.6 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.393 ns	
----------------------------------	----------	--

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The cipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	January 24, 2001	

Certificate No: D900V2-102_Aug10

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 09.08.2010 15:19:24

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:102

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 41.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.88, 5.88, 5.88); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Su601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010

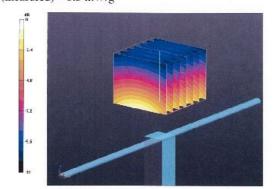
Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52,2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

Head/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe) 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube

0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 60.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00742 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.27 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.79 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.3 mW/g



0 dB = 3.3 mW/g

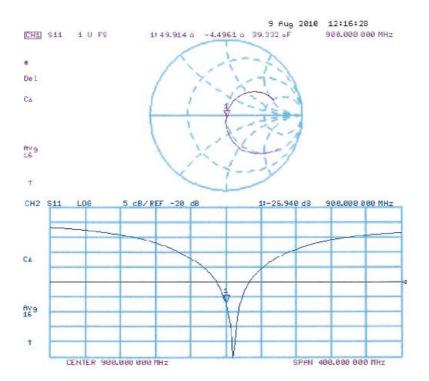
Certificate No: D900V2-102_Aug10

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Certificate No: D900V2-102_Aug10

2011-04-15



DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 16.08.2010 13:40:10

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Scrial: D900V2 - SN:102

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M900

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.07 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_c = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.81, 5.81, 5.81); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- · Sensor Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 5n601; Calibrated: 10.06,2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom: 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

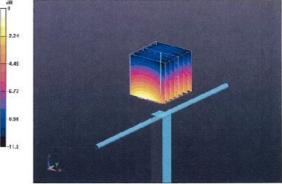
Body/d=15mm, Pin250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe) 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 57.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.034 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.85 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.34 mW/g



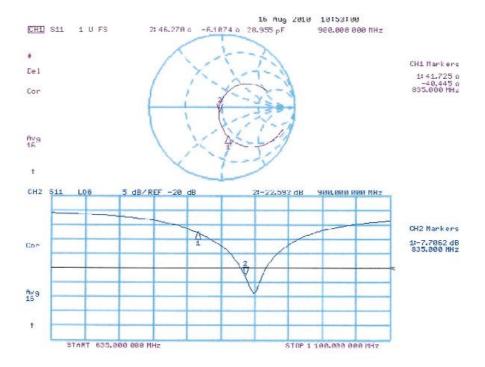
0 dB = 3.34 mW/g

Certificate No: D900V2-102_Aug10

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D90CV2-102 Aug10

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5 Calibration report "1900 MHz System validation dipole"

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
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S Swiss Calibration Service

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Cetecom

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d009 Aug10

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION (PEDTICIOATE		
CALIBRATION	ERIIFICATE		
Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5	id009	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits		
Calibration date:	August 17, 2010		
	1 (A)	onal standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a	
	ated in the aloned laborate	ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)	PC and humidity > 7/1%
All calibrations have been condu	med in the closed laborator	ry raciity, environment temperature (22 ± 3,	, o ara namary c. 70%.
		y racing, environment temperature (22 ± 3)	, o ard running v. 76%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power moter EPM-442A	ID # GB37480704	Cal Date (Certificate Nc.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB37483704 US37292783	Cal Date (Certificate Nc.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 2C dB Attenuator	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)	Cal Date (Certificate No.; 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01006) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 2C dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 2C dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)	Cal Date (Certificate No.; 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01006) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 2C dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06927 SN: 3206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01006) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Mar-10 (No. 253-3205_Apr10) 10 Jun 10 (No. DAE4 601_Jun10)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 2C dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	ID # GB37490704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01188) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01182) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun 11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 2C dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standarcs Power sensor HP 8481A	ID # GB37490704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01006) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01189) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01182) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10 Jun 10 (No. DAE4 601 Jun10) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun 11 Scheduled Check
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 2C dB Attenuator Type-N mismetch combination Reference Probe ES2DV3 DAE4	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06927 SN: 3206 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01188) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01182) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10 Jun 10 (No. DAE4 601_Jun10) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun 11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 2C dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3206 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01188) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01182) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10 Jun 10 (No. DAE4 601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mair-11 Apr-11 Jun 11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-10
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 2C dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standarcs Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB37489704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06927 SN: 3206 SN: 601 ID # WY41092317 100005 US37390585 \$4206	Cal Date (Certificate Nc.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01188) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01182) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10 Jun 10 (No. DAE4 601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 2-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun 11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 2C dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ID # GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3206 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01188) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01182) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10 Jun 10 (No. DAE4 601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mair-11 Apr-11 Jun 11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-10
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 2C dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standarcs Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # GB37489704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / 06927 SN: 3206 SN: 601 ID # WY41092317 100005 US37390585 \$4206	Cal Date (Certificate Nc.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01188) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01182) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10 Jun 10 (No. DAE4 601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 2-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mair-11 Apr-11 Jun 11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-10

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d009_Aug10

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-hold devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d0C9 Aug10

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Measurement Conditions

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.3 = 6 %	1.43 mho/m + 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.1 ± 0.2) °C	(

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	∠0.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.0 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.26 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.9 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d009 Aug10

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Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.9 ± 6 %	1.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.9 ± 0.2) °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.5 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	42.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	41.8 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.68 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.6 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d009_Aug10

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.3~\Omega + 2.4~j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 32.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$47.1 \Omega + 3.0 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 27.5 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.161 ns
Listeria Datay (Cita direction)	1.10 118

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	February 22, 2002



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 10.08.2010 13:43:32

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d009

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cyclc: 1:1

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_t = 40.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

· Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

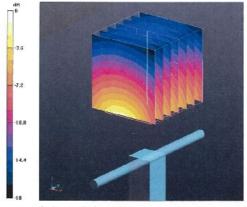
Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.26 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.6 mW/g



0 dB = 12.6 mW/g

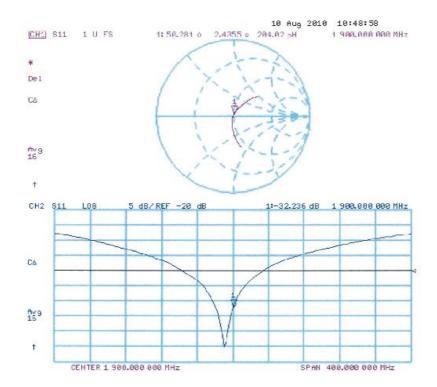
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Certificate No: D1900V2-5c0C9 Aug10

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D1900V2-5d009 Aug10

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 17.08.2010 15:54:28

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d009

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard; DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

· Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06,2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

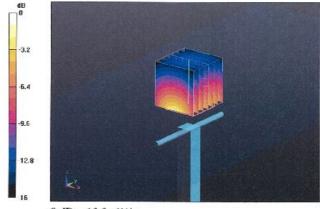
Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx-5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.68 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 mW/g



0 dB = 13.3 mW/g

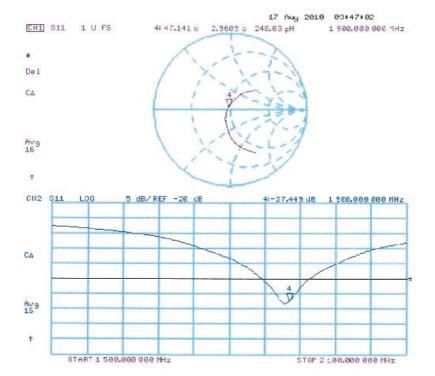
Certificate No: D1900V2-5d009_Aug10

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D1900V2-5d009_Aug10

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6 Calibration report "2450 MHz System validation dipole"

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Cetecom

Certificate No: D2450V2-710 Aug10

Object	D2450V2 - SN: 7	10	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits	
Calibration date:	August 19, 2010		
All calibrations have been conductions		robability are given on the following pages ar	
		ry launty, environment temperature (22 ± 3)	Cana ining s Ara.
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)		
Calibration Equipment used (M&) Primary Standards		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-412A	TE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-112A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Altenuator	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01085)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-142A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Altenuator Type-N mismatch combination	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB374807C4 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01085) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Altenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB374807C4 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / D6327	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-112A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Altenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB374807C4 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / D6327 SN: 3205	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01085) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-412A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Altenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB374807C4 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / D5327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01085) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-412A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Altenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB374807C4 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / D6327 SN: 3205 SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01085) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01085) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr-10) 10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-412A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Affenuator (Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ESSDV3) DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB374807C4 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / D6327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01085) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01188) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-cun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-412A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Altenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB374807C4 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / D6327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01085) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-cun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-412A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB374807C4 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / D5327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01085) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01168) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-, un-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-412A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB374807C4 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / D5327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01085) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-, un-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11
Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-412A Power sensor HP 8481A Reference 20 db Artenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E Calibrated by:	TE critical for calibration) ID # GB374807C4 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 / D5327 SN: 3205 SN: 601 ID # MY41092317 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086) 06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01085) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158) 30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10) 10-, un-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10) Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09) 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	Scheduled Calibration Oct-10 Oct-10 Mar-11 Mar-11 Apr-11 Jun-11 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-11 In house check: Oct-11

Certificate No: D2450V2-710 Aug10

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D2450V2-710_Aug10

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.2 ± 6 %	1.77 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.6 ± 0.2) °C		1000

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.8 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	51.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.6 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.03 mW / g
SAR normal zed	normalized to 1W	24.1 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.2 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D2450V2-710_Aug10

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Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity	
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m	
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.3 ± 6 %	1.95 mho/m ± 6 %	
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.5 ± 0.2) °C			

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.6 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	54.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	54.4 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.47 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.9 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)



Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.0 Ω - 0.4 jΩ		
Return Loss	- 30.7 dB		

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to food point	48.7 Ω + 1.3 jΩ		
Return Loss	- 34.6 dB		

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.129 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Certificate No: D2450V2-710_Aug10

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 05, 2002

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 11.08.2010 13:11:39

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:710

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Mcdium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.77 \text{ mho/m}$; $c_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF (4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06,2010

Pharitom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

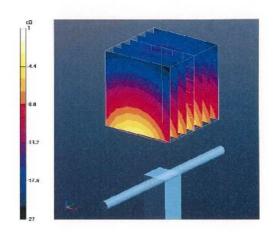
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 100.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.5 mW/g



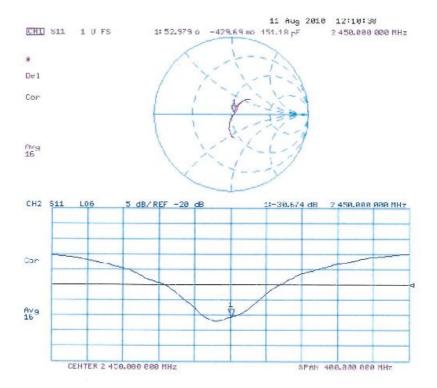
0 dB = 16.5 mW/g

Certificate No: D2450V2-710_Aug10 Page 6 of 9

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D2450V2-710_Aug10

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 19.08.2010 10:18:08

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:710

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.94 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.2 Build 0, Version 52.2.0 (163)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.2 Build 2, Version 14.2.2 (1685)

Pin250 mW/d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

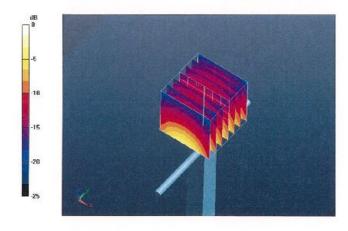
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00803 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.47 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 mW/g



0 dB = 17.9 mW/g

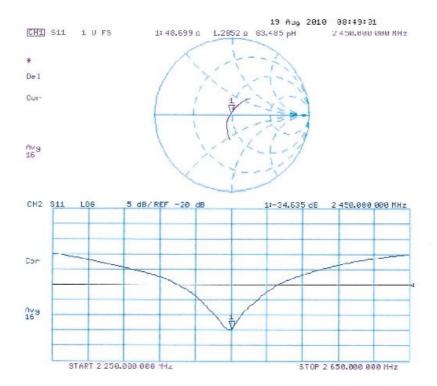
Certificate No: D2450V2-710_Aug10

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D2450V2-710_Aug10

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7 Calibration certificate of Data Acquisition Unit (DAE)

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: DAE3-413_Jan11 Cetecom CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 413 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v22 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) Calibration date: January 13, 2011 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 SN: 0810278 28-Sep-10 (No:10376) Sep-11 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Calibrator Box V1.1 SE UMS 006 AB 1004 07-Jun-10 (in house check) In house check: Jun-11 Function Signature Calibrated by: Andrea Guntli Technician Approved by: Fin Bomholt R&D Director Issued: January 13, 2011 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: DAE3-413_Jan11 Page 1 of 5

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8 Calibration certificate of Data Acquisition Unit (DAE)

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstresse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client CETECOM

Certificate No: DAE3-477 May10

Object	DAE3 - SD 000 D	03 AA - SN: 477	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v21 Calibration proced	dure for the data acquisition	electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	May 7, 2010		
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence proceed in the closed laboratory	nal standards, which realize the physic obability are given on the following pag r facility: environment temperature (22	ges and are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	lip#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Ceithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	1-Oct-09 (Not 9055)	Oct-10
Secondary Standards	lib#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
alibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1004	05-Jun-39 (in house check)	In house check: Juri-10
DELIDITATOR DOX V1.1	3		
Calibrated by:	Name Dominique Steffen	Furction Technician	Signature
al brated by:	DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	OF MANUFACTURE OF THE PARTY OF	Signature Note:
	Dominique Steffen	Technician	Signature Nyfer ; V. TS/ LULLEV

Certificate No: DAE3-477_May10

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9 Certificate of "SAM Twin Phantom V4.0/V4.0C"

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Certificate of conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0	
Type No	QD 000 P40 BA	
Series No	TP-1002 and higher	
Manufacturer / Origin	Untersee Composites Hauptstr. 69 CH-8559 Fruthwilen Switzerland	

Tests

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles. Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series units (called samples).

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Shape	Compliance with the geometry according to the CAD model.	IT'IS CAD File (*)	First article, Samples
Material thickness	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards	2mm +/- 0.2mm in specific areas	First article, Samples
Material parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	200 MHz – 3 GHz Relative permittivity < 5 Loss tangent < 0.05.	Material sample TP 104-5
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards	Liquid type HSL 1800 and others according to the standard.	Pre-series, First article

Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361
- [2] IEEE P1528-200x draft 6.5
- [3] IEC PT 62209 draft 0.9
- (*) The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of [1] and [3].

Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standard [1] and draft standards [2] and [3].

Date

18.11.2001

Signature / Stamp

Schmid & Partner Fin Brubelt

Zeughausstrassa 43, CH-8004 Zurich Tel. +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Doc No 881 - QD 000 P40 BA - B

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10 Application Note System Performance Check

10.1 Purpose of system performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.

The measurement of the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is a complicated task and the result depends on the proper functioning of many components and the correct settings of many parameters. Faulty results due to drift, failures or incorrect parameters might not be recognized, since they often look similar in distribution to the correct ones. The Dosimetric Assessment System DASY4 incorporates a system performance check procedure to test the proper functioning of the system. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup (the flat section of the SAM Twin Phantom) with a well characterized source (a matched dipole at a specified distance). This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time (e.g., probe, liquid parameters, and software settings) and a low sensitivity to external effects inherent in the system (e.g., positioning uncertainty of the device holder). The system performance check does not replace the calibration of the components. The accuracy of the system performance check is not sufficient for calibration purposes. It is possible to calculate the field quite accurately in this simple setup; however, due to the open field situation some factors (e.g., laboratory reflections) cannot be accounted for. Calibrations in the flat phantom are possible with transfer calibration methods, using either temperature probes or calibrated E-field probes. The system performance check also does not test the system performance for arbitrary field situations encountered during real measurements of mobile phones. These checks are performed at SPEAG by testing the components under various conditions (e.g., spherical isotropy measurements in liquid, linearity measurements, temperature variations, etc.), the results of which are used for an error estimation of the system. The system performance check will indicate situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

10.2 System Performance check procedure

Preparation

The conductivity should be measured before the validation and the measured liquid parameters must be entered in the software. If the measured values differ from targeted values in the dipole document, the liquid composition should be adjusted. If the validation is performed with slightly different (measured) liquid parameters, the expected SAR will also be different. See the application note about SAR sensitivities for an estimate of possible SAR deviations. Note that the liquid parameters are temperature dependent with approximately - 0.5% decrease in permittivity and + 1% increase in conductivity for a temperature decrease of 1° C. The dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the Generic Twin Phantom with the correct distance holder in place. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking (little hole) and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. Accurate positioning is not necessary, since the system will search for the peak SAR location, except that the dipole arms should be parallel to the surface. The device holder for mobile phones can be left in place but should be rotated away from the dipole. The forward power into the dipole at the dipole SMA connector should be determined as accurately as possible. See section 4 for a description of the recommended setup to measure the dipole input power. The actual dipole input power level can be between 20mW and several watts. The result can later be normalized to any power level. It is strongly recommended to note the actually used power level in the "comment"-window of the measurement file; otherwise you loose this crucial information for later reference.

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System Performance Check

The DASY4 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks, so you must save the finished validation under a different name. The validation document requires the Generic Twin Phantom, so this phantom must be properly installed in your system. (You can create your own measurement procedures by opening a new document or editing an existing document file). Before you start the validation, you just have to tell the system with which components (probe, medium, and device) you are performing the validation; the system will take care of all parameters. After the validation, which will take about 20 minutes, the results of each task are displayed in the document window. Selecting all measured tasks and opening the predefined "validation" graphic format displays all necessary information for validation. A description of the different measurement tasks in the predefined document is given below, together with the information that can be deduced from their results:

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the amplifier output power. If it is too high (above ± 0.1dB) the validation should be repeated; some amplifiers have very high drift during warm-up. A stable amplifier gives drift results in the DASY4 system below ± 0.02 dB.
- The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY4 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1mm). In that case it is better to abort the validation and stir the liquid. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within ± 30°.) However, varying breaking indices of different liquid compositions might also influence the distance. If the indicated difference varies from the actual setting, the probe parameter "optical surface distance" should be changed in the probe settings (see manual). For more information see the application note about SAR evaluation.
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to
 locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The proposed scan uses
 large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field the peak detection is reliable. If a
 finer graphic is desired, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence
 on the SAR result.
- The zoom scan job measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous "area" scan (for more information see the application note on SAR evaluation).

If the validation measurements give reasonable results, the peak 1g and 10g spatial SAR values averaged between the two cubes and normalized to 1W dipole input power give the reference data for comparisons. The next section analyzes the expected uncertainties of these values. Section 6 describes some additional checks for further information or troubleshooting.

10.3 Uncertainty Budget

Please note that in the following Tables, the tolerance of the following uncertainty components depends on the actual equipment and setup at the user location and need to be either assessed or verified on-site by the end user of the DASY4 system:

- · RF ambient conditions
- Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance
- Input power and SAR drift measurement
- Liquid permittivity measurement uncertainty
- Liquid conductivity measurement uncertainty

Note: All errors are given in percent of SAR, so 0.1 dB corresponds to 2.3%. The field error would be half of that. The liquid parameter assessment give the targeted values from the dipole document. All errors are given in percent of SAR, so 0.1dB corresponds to 2.3%. The field error would be half of that.

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System validation

In the table below, the system validation uncertainty with respect to the analytically assessed SAR value of a dipole source as given in the P1528 standard is given. This uncertainty is smaller than the expected uncertainty for mobile phone measurements due to the simplified setup and the symmetric field distribution.

Error Sources	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Divi- sor	c _i 1g	c _i 10g	Standard Uncertainty 1g	Standard Uncertainty 10g	v _i ² or v _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	± 4.8%	Normal	1	1	1	± 4.8%	± 4.8%	∞
Axial isotropy	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9%	± 1.9%	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 0.0%	± 3.9%	∞
Boundary effects	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7%	± 2.7%	∞
System detection limits	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Readout electronics	± 1.0%	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.0%	± 1.0%	∞
Response time	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.0%	± 0.0%	∞
Integration time	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.0%	± 0.0%	∞
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7%	± 1.7%	∞
Probe positioner	± 0.4%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2%	± 0.2%	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7%	± 1.7%	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6%	± 0.6%	∞
Test Sample Related		<u> </u>						
Dipole axis to liquid distance	± 2.0%	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.2%	± 1.2%	∞
Power drift	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7%	± 2.7%	∞
Phantom and Set-up	± 4.7 70	rtcotarigatar	10			± 2.1 /0	± 2.1 /0	
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3%	± 2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8%	± 1.2%	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 2.5%	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6%	± 1.1%	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7%	± 1.4%	8
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.5%	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5%	± 1.2%	∞
Combined Uncertainty						± 8.4%	± 8.1%	
Expanded Std.						± 16.8%	± 16.2%	
Uncertainty								

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Performance check repeatability

The repeatability check of the validation is insensitive to external effects and gives an indication of the variations in the DASY4 measurement system, provided that the same power reading setup is used for all validations. The repeatability estimate is given in the following table:

Error Sources	Uncertainty Value	Probability Distribution	Divi- sor	c _i 1g	c _i 10g	Standard Uncertainty 1g	Standard Uncertainty 10g	v _i ² or v _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	± 4.8%	Normal	1	1	1	0	0	∞
Axial isotropy	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	0	0	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	0	0	∞
Boundary effects	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
System detection limits	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Readout electronics	± 1.0%	Normal	1	1	1	0	0	∞
Response time	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration time	± 0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Probe positioner	± 0.4%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Max. SAR evaluation	± 1.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Test Sample Related								
Dipole axis to liquid distance	± 2.0%	Normal	1	1	1	± 1.2%	± 1.2%	8
Power drift	± 4.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7%	± 2.7%	8
Phantom and Set-up								
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3%	± 2.3%	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8%	± 1.2%	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	± 2.5%	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6%	± 1.1%	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0%	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7%	± 1.4%	∞
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	± 2.5%	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5%	± 1.2%	8
Combined Uncertainty						± 5.3%	± 4.9%	
Expanded Std. Uncertainty						± 10.6%	± 9.7%	

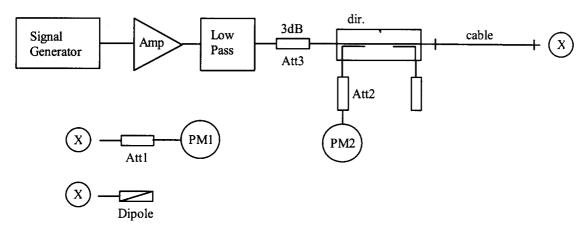
The expected repeatability deviation is low. Excessive drift (e.g., drift in liquid parameters), partial system failures or incorrect parameter settings (e.g., wrong probe or device settings) will lead to unexpectedly high repeatability deviations. The repeatability gives an indication that the system operates within its initial specifications. Excessive drift, system failure and operator errors are easily detected.

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10.4 Power set-up for validation

The uncertainty of the dipole input power is a significant contribution to the absolute uncertainty and the expected deviation in interlaboratory comparisons. The values in Section 2 for a typical and a sophisticated setup are just average values. Refer to the manual of the power meter and the detector head for the evaluation of the uncertainty in your system. The uncertainty also depends on the source matching and the general setup. Below follows the description of a recommended setup and procedures to increase the accuracy of the power reading:



The figure shows the recommended setup. The PM1 (incl. Att1) measures the forward power at the location of the validation dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2. If the signal generator does not allow a setting in 0.01dB steps, the remaining difference at PM2 must be noted and considered in the normalization of the validation results. The requirements for the components are:

- The signal generator and amplifier should be stable (after warm-up). The forward power to the dipole should be above 10mW to avoid the influence of measurement noise. If the signal generator can deliver 15dBm or more, an amplifier is not necessary. Some high power amplifiers should not be operated at a level far below their maximum output power level (e.g. a 100W power amplifier operated at 250mW output can be quite noisy). An attenuator between the signal generator and amplifier is recommended to protect the amplifier input.
- The low pass filter after the amplifier reduces the effect of harmonics and noise from the amplifier. For most amplifiers in normal operation the filter is not necessary.
- The attenuator after the amplifier improves the source matching and the accuracy of the power head. (See power meter manual.) It can also be used also to make the amplifier operate at its optimal output level for noise and stability. In a setup without directional coupler, this attenuator should be at least 10dB.
- The directional coupler (recommended ³ 20dB) is used to monitor the forward power and adjust the signal generator output for constant forward power. A medium quality coupler is sufficient because the loads (dipole and power head) are well matched. (If the setup is used for reflective loads, a high quality coupler with respect to directivity and output matching is necessary to avoid additional errors.)
- The power meter PM2 should have a low drift and a resolution of 0.01dBm, but otherwise its accuracy has no impact on the power setting. Calibration is not required.
- The cable between the coupler and dipole must be of high quality, without large attenuation and phase changes when it is moved. Otherwise, the power meter head PM1 should be brought to the location of the dipole for measuring.
- The power meter PM1 and attenuator Att1 must be high quality components. They should be calibrated, preferably together. The attenuator (310dB) improves the accuracy of the power reading. (Some higher power heads come with a built-in calibrated attenuator.) The exact attenuation of the attenuator at the frequency used must be known; many attenuators are up to 0.2dB off from the specified value.

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- Use the same power level for the power setup with power meter PM1 as for the actual measurement to
 avoid linearity and range switching errors in the power meter PM2. If the validation is performed at
 various power levels, do the power setting procedure at each level.
- The dipole must be connected directly to the cable at location "X". If the power meter has a different connector system, use high quality couplers. Preferably, use the couplers at the attenuator Att1 and calibrate the attenuator with the coupler.
- Always remember: We are measuring power, so 1% is equivalent to 0.04dB.

10.5 Laboratory reflection

In near-field situations, the absorption is predominantly caused by induction effects from the magnetic nearfield. The absorption from reflected fields in the laboratory is negligible. On the other hand, the magnetic field around the dipole depends on the currents and therefore on the feed point impedance. The feed point impedance of the dipole is mainly determined from the proximity of the absorbing phantom, but reflections in the laboratory can change the impedance slightly. A 1% increase in the real part of the feed point impedance will produce approximately a 1% decrease in the SAR for the same forward power. The possible influence of laboratory reflections should be investigated during installation. The validation setup is suitable for this check, since the validation is sensitive to laboratory reflections. The same tests can be performed with a mobile phone, but most phones are less sensitive to reflections due to the shorter distance to the phantom. The fastest way to check for reflection effects is to position the probe in the phantom above the feed point and start a continuous field measurement in the DASY4 multi-meter window. Placing absorbers in front of possible reflectors (e.g. on the ground near the dipole or in front of a metallic robot socket) will reveal their influence immediately. A 10dB absorber (e.g. ferrite tiles or flat absorber mats) is probably sufficient, as the influence of the reflections is small anyway. If you place the absorber too near the dipole, the absorber itself will interact with the reactive near-field. Instead of measuring the SAR, it is also possible to monitor the dipole impedance with a network analyzer for reflection effects. The network analyzer must be calibrated at the SMA connector and the electrical delay (two times the forward delay in the dipole document) must be set in the NWA for comparisons with the reflection data in the dipole document. If the absorber has a significant influence on the results, the absorber should be left in place for validation or measurements. The reference data in the dipole document are produced in a low reflection environment.

10.6 Additional system checks

While the validation gives a good check of the DASY4 system components, it does not include all parameters necessary for real phone measurements (e.g. device modulation or device positioning). For system validation (repeatability) or comparisons between laboratories a reference device can be useful. This can be any mobile phone with a stable output power (preferably a device whose output power can be set through the keyboard). For comparisons, the same device should be sent around, since the SAR variations between samples can be large. Several measurement possibilities in the DASY software allow additional tests of the performance of the DASY system and components. These tests can be useful to localize component failures:

- The validation can be performed at different power levels to check the noise level or the correct compensation of the diode compression in the probe.
- If a pulsed signal with high peak power levels is fed to the dipole, the performance of the diode compression compensation can be tested. The correct crest factor parameter in the DASY software must be set (see manual). The system should give the same SAR output for the same averaged input power.
- The probe isotropy can be checked with a 1D-probe rotation scan above the feed point. The automatic probe alignment procedure must be passed through for accurate probe rotation movements (optional DASY4 feature with a robot-mounted light beam unit). Otherwise the probe tip might move on a small circle during rotation, producing some additional isotropy errors in gradient fields.

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