

Prepared (also subject responsible if other)

LD/SEMC/BGLIM Magnus Söderman

Approved

LD/SEMC/BGLIR/C Mats Hansson

BGLI07:264

Rev

070723 070703 Α File

Reference

#### Report issued by Accredited SAR Laboratory

for

PY7A3022081 (T650i)

20th June - 4th July, 2007 Date of test:

Laboratory: Sony Ericsson SAR Test Laboratory

Checked

Sonyericsson Mobile Communications AB

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#### Statement of Compliance

Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB declares under its sole responsibility that the product

Sony Ericsson Type AAD-3022081-BV; FCC ID: PY7A3022081; IC: 4170B-A3022081

to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate RF exposure standards recommendations and guidelines. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(None)

This laboratory is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 (SWEDAC accreditation no. 1847).



Laboratories are accredited by the Swedish Board for Accreditation and Conformity Assessment (SWEDAC) under the terms of Swedish legislation. The accredited laboratory activities meet the requirements in SS-EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005). This report may not be reproduced other than in full, except with the prior written approval of the issuing laboratory.

The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.



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#### 2 Introduction

In this test report, compliance of the Sony Ericsson PY7A3022081 (T650i) portable telephone with RF safety guidelines is demonstrated. The applicable RF safety guidelines and the SAR measurement specifications used for the test are described in the SAR Measurement Specifications of Wireless Handsets [1].

#### 3 **Device Under Test**

#### 3.1 **Antenna Description**

Туре	Internal antenna		
Location	Inside at bottom of backside		
Dimensions	Max length	15 mm	
Dimensions	Max width	40 mm	
Configuration	Meander		

#### 3.2 **Device description**

Device model		PY7A3022	081	
Market name		T650i		
Serial numbers	CB5	510N9AY8 (	(#8053)	
Mode		GSM1900	)	
Crest factor		8.3		
Multiple Access Scheme		TDMA		
Maximum Output Power Setting [dBm]	Ch.512	Ch.699	Ch.885	
	29.4	29.4	29.4	
Factory Tolerance in Power Setting		±0.5dB		
Maximum Peak Output Power	29.9	29.9	29.9	
Mode	GS	GSM1900-GPRS2TX		
Crest factor		4.15		
Multiple Access Scheme		TDMA		
Maximum Output Power Setting [dBm]	Ch.512	Ch.699	Ch.885	
	29.4	29.4	29.4	
Factory Tolerance in Power Setting		±0.5dB		
Maximum Peak Output Power	29.9	29.9	29.9	
Transmitting Frequency Range [MHz]		1850,2 – 1909,8		
GPRS Multislot Class		10		
GPRS Capability Class		В		
Prototype or Production Unit	Prepro	Preproduction (HW:FP1.2)		
Device Category		Portable		
RF exposure environment	General p	opulation /	uncontrolled	



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### 4 Test equipment

#### 4.1 Dosimetric system

SAR measurements were made using the DASY4 professional system (software version 4.7, Build 53) with SAM twin phantom, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The list of calibrated equipment is given below.

Description	Serial Number	Due Date
DASY4 DAE V1	433	2008-01
E-field probe ET3DV6	1569	2008-01
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d002	2009-01

#### 4.2 Additional equipment

Description	Inventory Number	Due Date
Signal generator	INV 20007666	2008-03
Directional coupler	M-941548-0102	2008-03
Power meter R&S NRVD	INV 483920	2008-03
Power sensor R&S NRV-Z5	INV 2333	2008-03
Power sensor R&S NRV-Z5	INV 2334	2008-03
Network analyzer HP8753C	INV421671	2008-03
S-parameter test set HP85047A	INV 421670	2008-03
Dielectric probe kit HP8507D	INV 20000053	N/A
Base station simulator CMU	SER.833870/062	2008-03
Thermometer Fluke 51	INV 2071	2008-03



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#### 5 Electrical parameters on the tissue simulating liquid

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity,  $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}_r$ , and the conductivity,  $\boldsymbol{\sigma}_r$ , of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with the dielectric probe kit. These values are shown in the table below. The mass density,  $\boldsymbol{\rho}_r$ , entered into the DASY4 software is also given. Recommended limits for permittivity  $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}_r$ , conductivity  $\boldsymbol{\sigma}_r$  and mass density  $\boldsymbol{\rho}_r$  are also shown.

f	Tissue	Limits / Measured	Diel	ectric Parame	eters
[MHz]	type	Lillits / Weasured	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ [S/m]	ρ [g/cm³]
1900	Head	Measured,28/06/07	38.2	1.45	1.00
1900	пеац	Recommended	40.0	1.40	1.00
		Measured, 29/06/07	51.2	1.57	1.00
1900	Body	Measured, 04/07/07	50.8	1.57	1.00
		Recommended	53.3	1.52	1.00

### 6 System accuracy verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY4 was performed using the dipole validation kit listed in section 3.1. The system verification test was conducted on the same day as the measurement of the DUT. Measurement made in ambient temperature 22-23 °C and humidity 40-50%. The obtained results are displayed in the table below.

RF noise had been measured in liquid when all RF equipment in lab was set off. Measured value was 0.0002 mW/g in 1g mass.

f	Tissue	Measured / Reference	e Massured / Reference SAR [W/kg]		Diele	Liquid	
[MHz]	type		1g / 10g	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ [S/m]	ρ [g/cm³]	T[°C]
	Head	Measured, 28/06/07	37.6 / 19.7	38.2	1.45	1.00	22.2
		Reference	37.4 / 19.8	40.0	1.40	1.00	22
1900		Measured, 29/06/07	37.6 / 20.1	51.2	1.57	1.00	22.3
	Body	Measured, 04/07/07	38.8 / 20.8	50.8	1.57	1.00	22.3
		Reference	38.6 / 20.6	53.3	1.52	1.00	22



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### 7 SAR measurement uncertainty

SAR measurement uncertainty evaluation for SonyEricsson PY7A3022081 (T650i) phone

SAR measurement uncertaint	y cvaraation	<u> </u>	<u> 19 = 1100</u>	3011 1 1		
Uncertainty Component	Uncer. (%)	Prob Dist.	Div.	Ci	GSM 1900 Head	GSM 1900 Body
Measurement System						-
Probe Calibration	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	±5.9
Axial Isotropy	±4.7	R	√3	0.7	±1.9	±1.9
Spherical Isotropy	±9.6	R	√3	0.7	±3.9	±3.9
Boundary effect	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	±0.6
Probe linearity	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	±2.7
Detection limit	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	±0.6
Readout electronics	±0.3	N	1	1	±0.3	±0.3
Response time	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	±0.5
Integration time	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	±1.5
RF Ambient Conditions	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	±1.7
Mech. Constraints of robot	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	±0.2
Probe positioning	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	±1.7
Extrap, interpolation and integration	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	±0.6
Measurement System Uncertainty					±8.4	±8.4
Test Sample Related						
Device positioning	±3.5	N	1	1	±3.5	±3.5
Device holder uncertainty	±3.5	N	1	1	±3.5	±3.5
Power drift	-4.6 / +4.1	R	√3	1	-2.7	+2.4
Test Sample Related Uncertainty					±5.3	±5.2
Phantom and Tissue Parameters						
Phantom uncertainty	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	±2.3
Liquid conductivity (meas)	+5.0 / +3.2	R	1	0.64	+3.2	+2.0
Liquid conductivity (target)	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.7	±1.7
Liquid Permittivity (meas)	-5.0 / -3.9	R	1	0.6	-3.0	-2.3
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	±1.7
Phantom and Tissue Parameters					±5.6	±4.6
Uncertainty					±0.0	±4.0
Combined standard uncertainty					±11.0	±10.9
Extended standard uncertainty (k=2)	)				±22.0	±21.8



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#### 8 Test results

The measured 1-gram averaged SAR values of the DUT against the head are provided in Table 1. The ambient humidity and temperature of test facility were 40-50% and 22-23°C respectively. A base station simulator was used to control the device during the SAR measurement. The DUT was supplied with a fully charged battery for each measurement.

For head measurement, the DUT was tested on the right-hand phantom (corresponding to the right side of the head) and the left-hand phantom in two phone positions, cheek (touch) and tilt (cheek + 15deg). For all modes, the DUT was tested at the lowest, middle and highest frequencies in the transmission band.

For body measurements was the DUT tested with the back(antenna) and front toward the phantom flat section with 15 mm distance both in speech and data(GPRS) mode. DUT was tested in both modes at the low, middle and high frequency in the transmittion band. The SonyEricsson hands free set (HPB-60) and Blutooth set (HBH-PV705) was used for measurement at the worst case SAR for body in speech mode. The measured 1-gram averaged SAR values of the DUT against the body are provided in Table 2.

		Power Phone Lig		Liquid	SAR [V	V/kg]
Mode	Chanel	[dBm]	Position	T [°C]	Right-hand 1g mass	Left-hand 1g mass
	512	29.9	Cheek	22.3	1.45	1.33
	312	29.9	Tilt	22.3	0.53	0.37
GSM	661 810	29.9	Cheek	22.3	1.22	1.04
1900			Tilt	-	-	-
		810 29.8	Cheek	22.3	1.16	1.13
			Tilt	-	-	-

Table1: SAR measurement result for Sony Ericsson PY7A3022081 telephone at highest possible output power. Measured against the head.

Mode	Channel	Power [dBm]	Phone Position	Mode	Liquid T [ °C]	SAR [W/kg] 1 g mass
	512	29.9	Antenna to phantom	BlueTooth	22.3	0.35
	312	29.9	Antenna to phantom	GPRS2TX	22.3	0.72
	661	29.9	Antenna to phantom	BlueTooth	22.3	0.34
GSM		29.9	Antenna to phantom	GPRS2TX	22.3	0.67
1900	810	29.8	Antenna to phantom	BlueTooth	22.3	0.35
		29.8	Antenna to phantom	GPRS2TX	22.3	0.74
		29.8	Front to phantom	GPRS2TX	22.3	0.69
		29.8	Antenna to phantom	HandsFree	22.3	0.28

Table2: SAR measurement result for Sony Ericsson PY7A3022081 telephone at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.



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Date Rev Reference 070703 A File

#### 9 References

- [ 1 ] R.Plicanic, "SAR Measurement Specification of Wireless Handsets", Sony Ericsson SAR Test Laboratory internal document GUG/N 03:141
- [2] FCC, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields: Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Emissions," Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01).
- [3] IEEE, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques," Std 1528-2003, June, 2003.



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#### **Appendix** 10

#### 10.1 Photographs of the device under test



Front and back



Left and right side



Battery and batterycover removed



Top and bottom



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No.

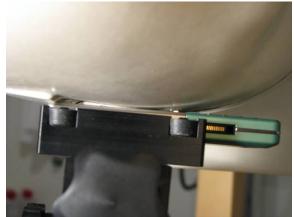
BGLI07:264

Date Rev Reference 070703 A File

### 10.2 Device position at SAM Twin Phantom

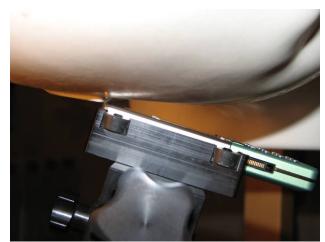
Checked

070723





DUT position towards the head: Cheek (touch) phone position





DUT position towards the head: Tilt (touch + 15°) phone position



DUT position towards the body: 15 mm distance between SAM and DUT



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Company Internal REPORT

No.

BGLI07:264

Date Rev Reference
070703 A File

#### 10.3 Attachments

- Measurement plots and system validation
- Probe and dipole calibration

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Date/Time: 2007-06-28 09:00:52

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: SystemPerformanceCheck-D1900.da4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d002

Program Name: System Performance Check at 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.45$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1569; ConvF(5.33, 5.33, 5.33); Calibrated: 2007-01-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn433; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

**d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (41x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.42 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

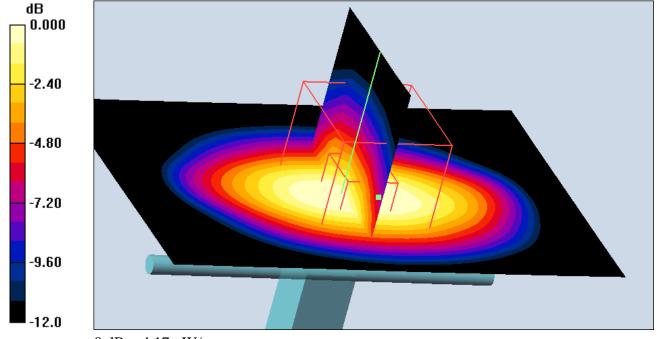
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.51 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.76 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.97 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.17 mW/g



0 dB = 4.17 mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-06-28 09:33:28

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: LeftHandSide-GSM1900.da4

# DUT: AAD-3022081-BV (Sania); Type: GSM Quad Band; Serial:CB510N9AY8 Program Name: Compliance Testing: (Left-Hand Side)

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Left Section

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1569; ConvF(5.33, 5.33, 5.33); Calibrated: 2007-01-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn433; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

**Touch position - Low/Area Scan (51x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.49 mW/g

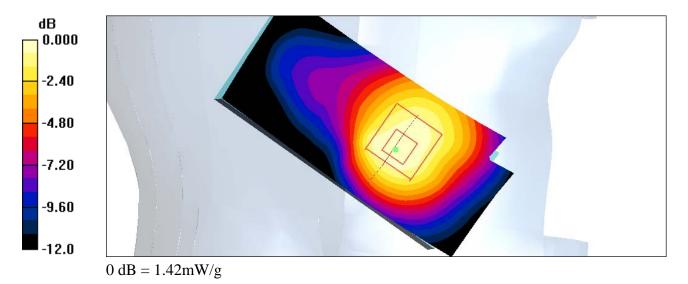
# **Touch position - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.042 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.91 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.33 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.815 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-06-28 10:34:52

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: LeftHandSide-GSM1900.da4

## DUT: AAD-3022081-BV (Sania); Type: GSM Quad Band; Serial:CB510N9AY8 Program Name: Compliance Testing: (Left-Hand Side)

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Left Section

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1569; ConvF(5.33, 5.33, 5.33); Calibrated: 2007-01-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn433; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

**Tilt position - Low/Area Scan (51x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.426 mW/g

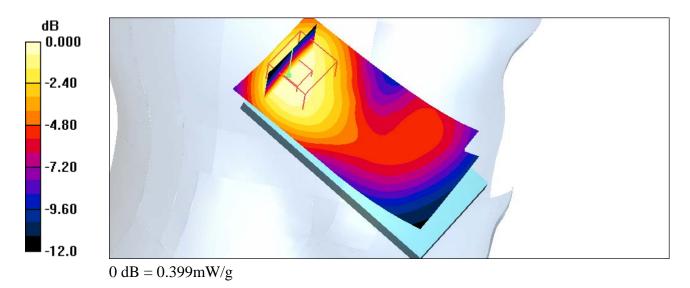
### **Tilt position - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.548 W/kg

#### SAR(1 g) = 0.372 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.233 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.399 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-06-28 10:54:42

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: RightHandSide-GSM1900.da4

## DUT: AAD-3022081-BV (Sania); Type: GSM Quad Band; Serial:CB510N9AY8 Program Name: GSM-1900 (Right-Hand Side)

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Right Section

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1569; ConvF(5.33, 5.33, 5.33); Calibrated: 2007-01-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn433; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

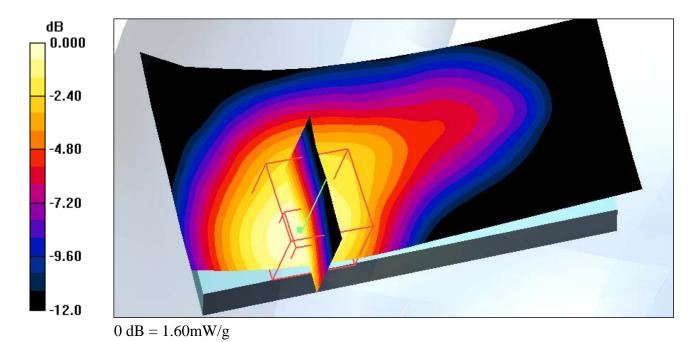
**Touch position - Low/Area Scan (51x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.61 mW/g

**Touch position - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.66 V/m; Power Drift = -0.257 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.824 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.60 mW/g



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Date/Time: 2007-06-28 13:03:26

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: RightHandSide-GSM1900.da4

## DUT: AAD-3022081-BV (Sania); Type: GSM Quad Band; Serial:CB510N9AY8 Program Name: GSM-1900 (Right-Hand Side)

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 38.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Right Section

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1569; ConvF(5.33, 5.33, 5.33); Calibrated: 2007-01-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn433; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

**Tilt position - Low/Area Scan (51x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.564 mW/g

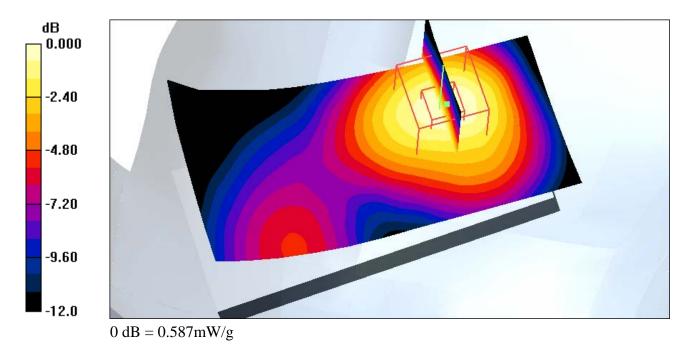
**Tilt position - Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.186 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.810 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.530 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.317 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.587 mW/g



# Interpolated SAR(x,y,z,f0)SAR HSL-1900; Z Scan: Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0 0,030-0,025-0,020mW/g 0,015-0,010-0,005-0,000 0,06 0,12 0,02 0,04 0,08 0,10 m

Date/Time: 2007-06-29 10:24:22

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB File Name: SystemPerformanceCheck-D1900 Body.da4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d002 Program Name: System Performance Check at 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.57 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1569; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79); Calibrated: 2007-01-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn433; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

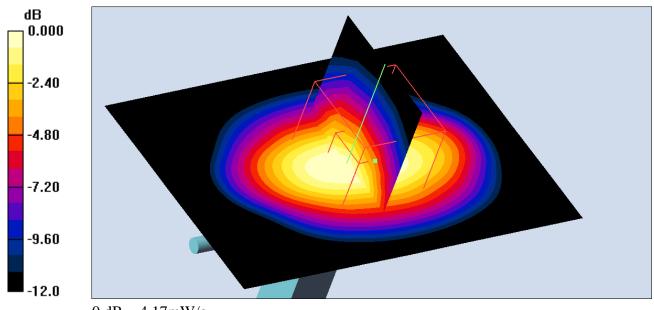
**d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (41x61x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.53 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.76 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.01 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.17 mW/g



0 dB = 4.17 mW/g

Date/Time: 2007-06-29 11:25:44

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: Body GPRS-1900.da4

## DUT: AAD-3022081-BV (Sania); Type: GSM Quad Band; Serial:CB510N9AY8 Program Name: Body GSM-1900

Communication System: GSM1900\_GPRS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.58$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

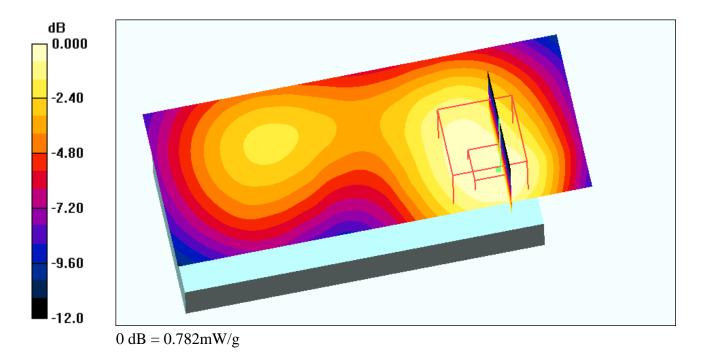
Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1569; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79); Calibrated: 2007-01-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn433; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

# **High/Area Scan (51x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.806 mW/g

**High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 19.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.740 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.445 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.782 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-06-29 11:50:19

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: Body GPRS-1900.da4

## DUT: AAD-3022081-BV (Sania); Type: GSM Quad Band; Serial:CB510N9AY8 Program Name: Body GSM-1900

Communication System: GSM1900\_GPRS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.58$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1569; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79); Calibrated: 2007-01-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn433; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

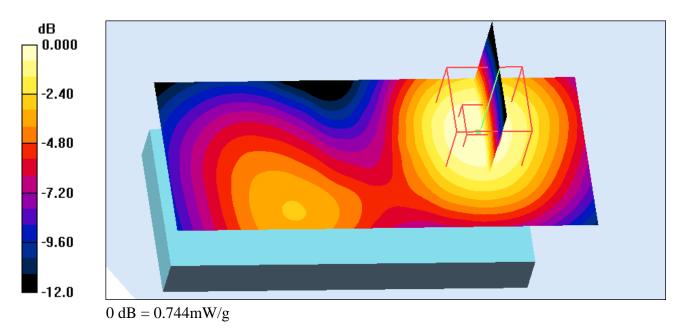
**High 2 Front/Area Scan (51x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.752 mW/g

**High 2 Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.691 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.416 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.744 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-07-04 09:37:09

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: Body GSM-1900 2.da4

### DUT: AAD-3022081-BV (Sania); Type: GSM Quad Band; Serial:CB510N9AY8

**Program Name: Body GSM-1900** 

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1569; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79); Calibrated: 2007-01-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn433; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

#### Low BT/Area Scan (51x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.384 mW/g

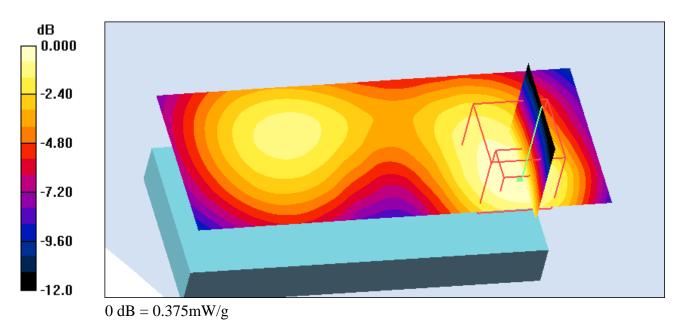
Low BT/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.009 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.552 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.346 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.207 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.375 mW/g



Date/Time: 2007-06-29 13:23:01

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: Body GSM-1900.da4

## DUT: AAD-3022081-BV (Sania); Type: GSM Quad Band; Serial:CB510N9AY8 Program Name: Body GSM-1900

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.58$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1569; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79); Calibrated: 2007-01-16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn433; Calibrated: 2007-01-18
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

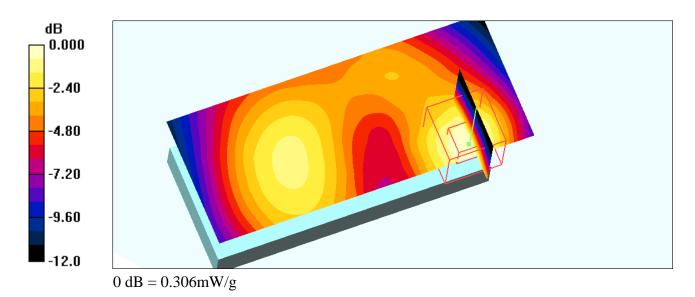
# **High PHF/Area Scan (51x121x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.295 mW/g

# **High PHF/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.170 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.473 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.275 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.306 mW/g



Interpolated SAR(x,y,z,f0)SAR MSL-1900; Z Scan: Value Along Z, X=0, Y=0 0,25 0,20 თ0,15− Ж ⊑ 0,100,05-0,00-

0,06 m 0,08

0,10

0,12

0,02

0,00

0,04

#### **Calibration Laboratory of** Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client		Cartificate Shall	
Object	ETSDV6 SEN	(6715)	
Calibration procedure(s)	PAYEAL-101 VA		
	Calibration proc	edure for dosimetric E-field probes	
Calibration date:			
Salibration date.	January 16, 200		
Condition of the calibrated item	In/Tolerance		
This calibration certificate docu	ments the traceability to na	ntional standards, which realize the physical units o	of measurements (SI).
		probability are given on the following pages and a	
All calibrations have been con	ducted in the closed laborat	ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C ar	nd humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M	l&TE critical for calibration)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592)	Aug-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558)	Apr-07
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013 Jan07)	Jan-08
DAE4	SN: 654	21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06)	Jun-07
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07
Calibrated by:	Name Kalla Pokovio	Function <b>Technical Manager</b>	Signature
Approved by:	Nes Kuste	Quality/Mayager	

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ET3-1815\_Jan07

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#### Glossary:

TSL NORMx.v.z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,v,z

DCP Polarization φ diode compression point φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 8

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz 3 GHz), July 2001

#### **Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
  linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of
  the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a
  flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: ET3-1815 Jan07 Page 2 of 9

# Probe ET3DV6

SN:1815

Manufactured: February 27, 2004
Last calibrated: January 20, 2006
Recalibrated: January 16, 2007

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ET3-1815\_Jan07 Page 3 of 9

### DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1815

Sensitivity in Fre	Diode C	compression <sup>l</sup>	В		
NormX	<b>1.93</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu$ V/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>	DCP X	<b>90</b> mV	
NormY	<b>1.97</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Y	<b>93</b> mV	
NormZ	<b>2.07</b> ± 10.1%	μ <b>V/(V/m)</b> ²	DCP Z	<b>96</b> mV	

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

#### **Boundary Effect**

TSL 900 MHz	Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm
-------------	----------------------------------

Sensor Center to	Phantom Surface Distance	3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	5.0	2.3
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.0	0.0

TSL 1750 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	6.8	3.9
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.3

#### Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center 2.7 mm

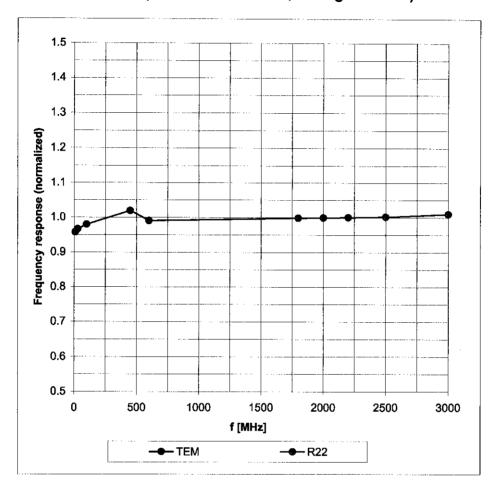
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

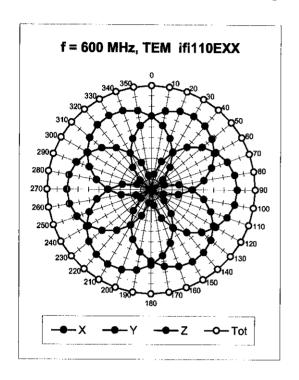
### Frequency Response of E-Field

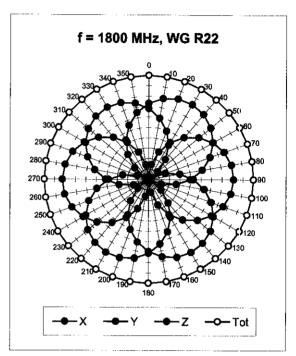
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

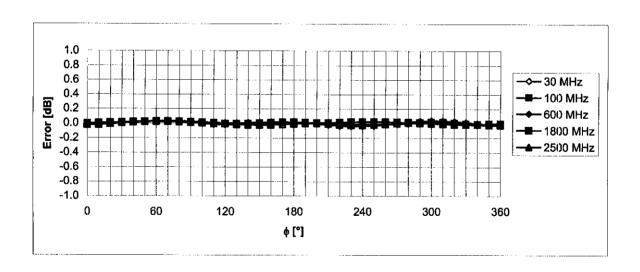


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$ 





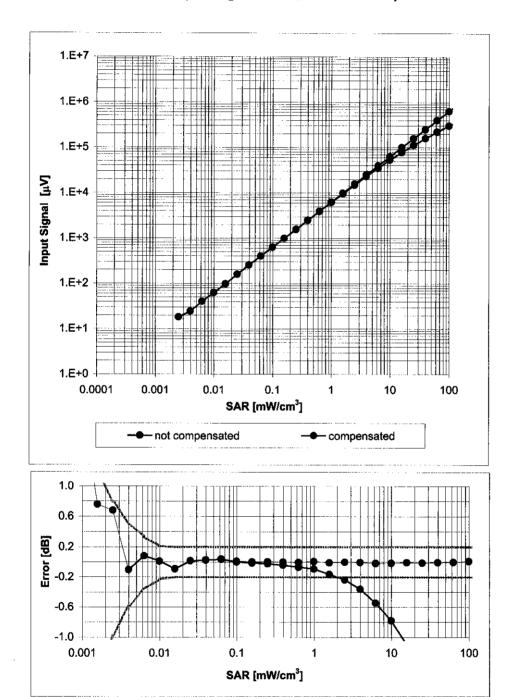


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1815\_Jan07

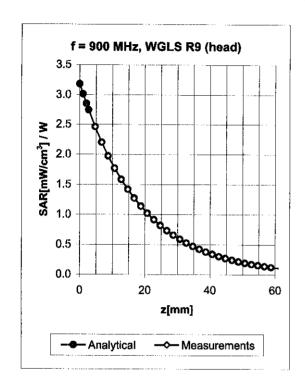
### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

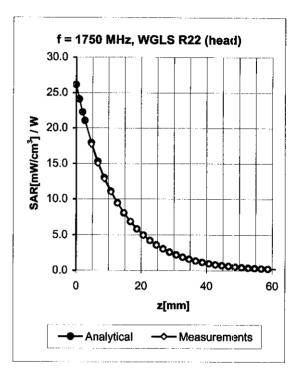
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

### **Conversion Factor Assessment**



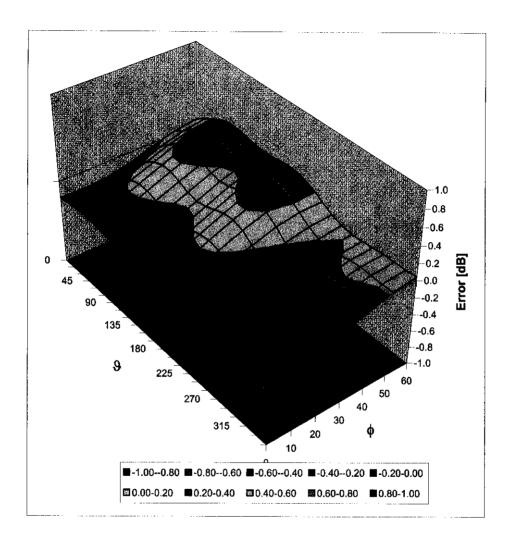


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup>	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.27	2.57	6.79 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.28	2.64	6.73 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.48	2.54	5.36 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.52	2.59	5.21 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.65	2.05	4.71 ± 11.8% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.25	2.85	6.86 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.28	2.87	6.50 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.50	2.87	4.97 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.65	2.45	4.75 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.66	1.82	4.16 ± 11.8% (k=2)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

**Deviation from Isotropy in HSL** 

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\vartheta$ ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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Client

Sony Ericsson Lund

Certificate No: D835V2-4d039\_May06

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D835V2 - SN: 4d039

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v6

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: May 31, 2006

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
GB37480704	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
US37292783	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
SN: 5086 (20g)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
SN: 5047.2 (10r)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
SN 1507	28-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct05)	Oct-06
SN 601	15-Dec-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Dec05)	Dec-06
iD#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-06
Name	Function	Signature
Mike Meili	Laboratory Technician	Fr fpil
		i s very
Katia Pokovic	Technical Manager	Marke
Tagar Grown		/Sono las
	GB37480704 US37292783 SN: 5086 (20g) SN: 5047.2 (10r) SN 1507 SN 601 ID # MY41092317 MY41090675 US37390585 S4206 Name	GB37480704

Issued: June 1, 2006

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Certificate No: D835V2-4d039\_May06

Page 1 of 9

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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#### Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### **Additional Documentation:**

d) DASY4 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 15 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.9 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(23.0 ± 0.2) °C		

#### **SAR result with Head TSL**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.31 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.24 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	9.29 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.50 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.00 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	6.03 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d039\_May06 Page 3 of 9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.8 ± 6 %	0.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(23.2 ± 0.2) °C	********	

#### **SAR result with Body TSL**

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.39 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.56 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	9.66 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.56 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.24 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	6.31 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-4d039\_May06 Page 4 of 9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

# **Appendix**

# **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.1 Ω - 2.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 32.5 dB

# **Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.9 Ω - 3.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.6 dB

# **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.382 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 20, 2005

Certificate No: D835V2-4d039\_May06

## **DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 31.05.2006 10:59:32

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d039** 

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB 060425;

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.912$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

#### **DASY4** Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 28.10.2005

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA;;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.44 mW/g

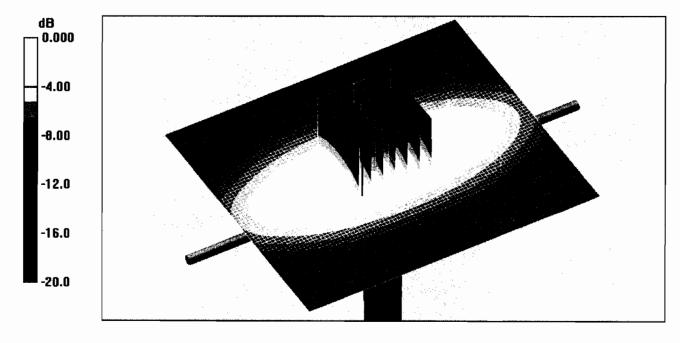
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.48 W/kg

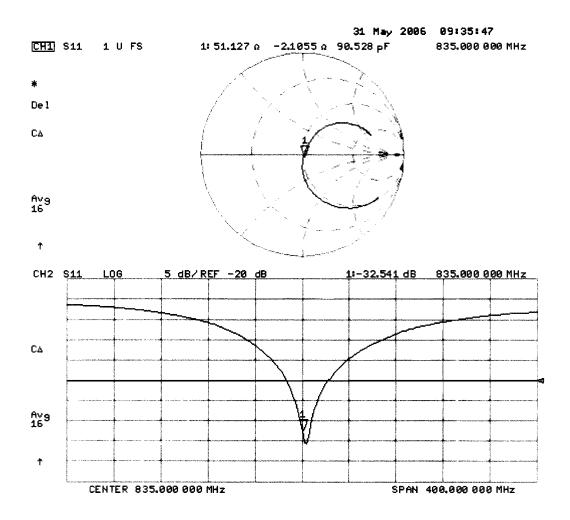
SAR(1 g) = 2.31 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.48 mW/g



0 dB = 2.48 mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# **DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date/Time: 31.05.2006 13:23:15

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### **DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d039**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.997$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 56.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

#### DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.84, 5.84, 5.84); Calibrated: 28.10.2005

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA;;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

# Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.59 mW/g

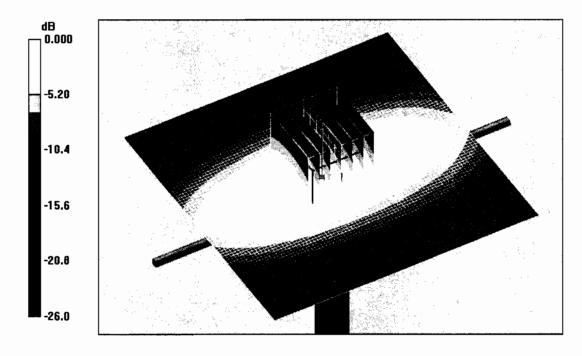
# Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.39 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g

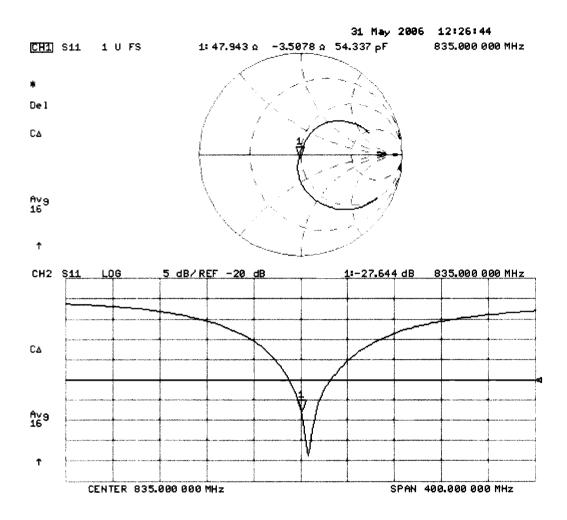
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 mW/g



0 dB = 2.58 mW/g

Certificate No: D835V2-4d039\_May06

# Impedance Measurement Plot Body TSL



# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client Sony Ericsson Lund

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d073\_May06

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D1900V2 - SN: 5d073

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v6

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

May 31, 2006

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN: 1507	28-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct05)	Oct-06
DAE4	SN: 601	15-Dec-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Dec05)	Dec-06
	1		
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-06
	Name	Function	Signature
l	500 - Aug. 110 - 110 - 110 110	the second of th	Section 1
Calibrated by:	Mike Meili	Laboratory Technician	n. dein
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Alic King
			Issued: June 1, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

# **Calibration Laboratory of**

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### **Additional Documentation:**

d) DASY4 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d073\_May06 Page 2 of 9

### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 15 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.41 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.8 ± 0.2) °C		

# SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.67 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	38.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	38.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.11 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	20.3 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

# **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

The following parameters and carearasis is in the apparameters and carearasis in the apparameters and apparameters and apparameters and apparameters are apparameters.	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.7 ± 6 %	1.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.7 ± 0.2) °C		

# SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	41.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.50 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>2</sup>	normalized to 1W	22.2 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

# **Appendix**

# Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6 Ω + 5.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.3 dB

### **Antenna Parameters with Body TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.9 Ω + 6.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.7 dB

# **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.192 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 24, 2006

# **DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date/Time: 31.05.2006 11:49:47

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d073

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.41$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

#### DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 28.10.2005

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA;;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 mW/g

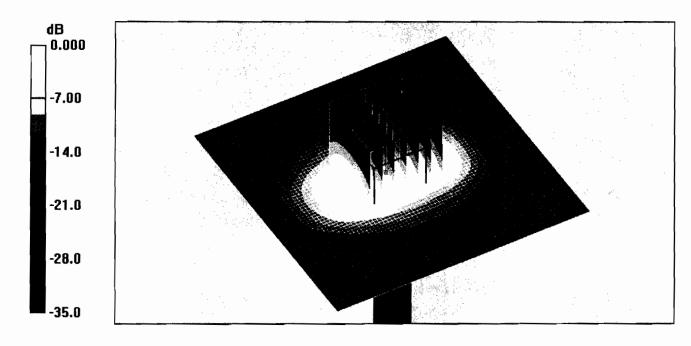
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

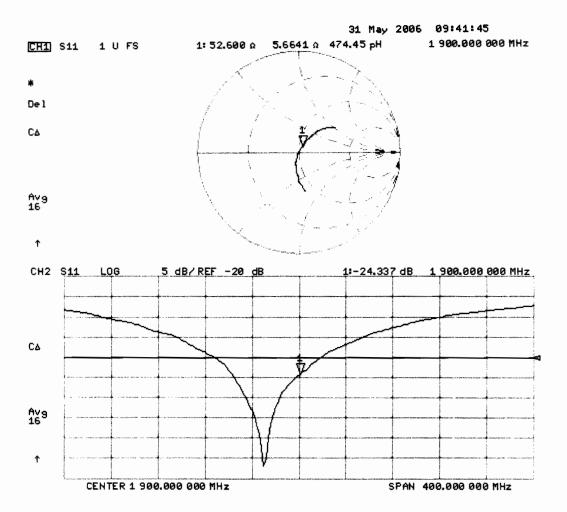
SAR(1 g) = 9.67 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.11 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



0 dB = 10.9 mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 31.05.2006 14:35:04

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d073

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10;

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.54$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 54.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

## DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.3, 4.3, 4.3); Calibrated: 28.10.2005

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA;;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

# Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.6 mW/g

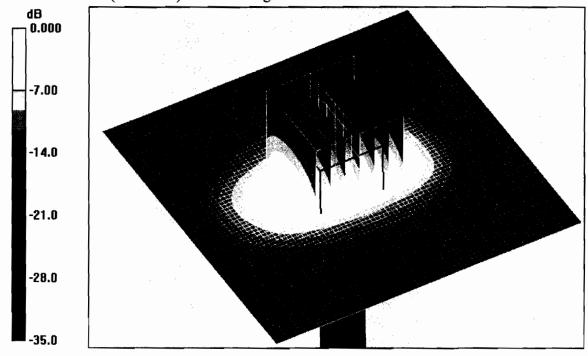
# Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

# SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 mW/g



0 dB = 11.7 mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

