Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzeriand





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates					
Client Sony Chesner					
WATER AND STA					
Object					
Calibration procedure(s)	CAPRATIR				
Calibration date:	action version				
Condition of the calibrated item	Intellectors				
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce	ents the traceability to na rtainties with confidence	tional standards, which realize the physical units of probability are given on the following pages and are	i measurements (SI). a part of the certificate.		
All calibrations have been conduc	cted in the closed laboration	bry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C and	d humidity < 70%.		
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)				
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration		
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08		
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08		
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08		
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00719)	Aug-08		
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671)	Mar-08		
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00720)	Aug-08		
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan08)	Jan-09		
DAE4	SN: 654	20-Apr-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Apr07)	Apr-08		
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check		
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09		
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08		
A. 11	Name	Function	Signature		
Approved by:					
, ,pp. 0100 by.					
			Issued: January 23, 2008		

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at
	measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z* = *NORMx,y,z* * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z* * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3062

Manufactured: Last calibrated: Recalibrated:

January 30, 2004 January 16, 2007 January 23, 2008

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3062

Sens	itivity in F	Free Spa	ce ^A		Diode	Compression ^B
	NormX	1	.16 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²	DCP X	93 mV
	NormY	1	.24 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²	DCP Y	96 mV
	NormZ	1	.08 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²	DCP Z	94 mV
Sens	itivity in 1	lissue Si	mulating L	iquid (Convers	sion Factor	s)
Please	see Page 8					
Boun	dary Effe	ect				
TSL		900 MHz	Typical S	AR gradient: 5 % p	er mm	
	Sensor Ce	nter to Phar	ntom Surface D	Distance	3.0 mm	4.0 mm
	SAR _{be} [%]	Witho	out Correction	t Correction Algorithm		5.3
	SAR _{be} [%]	With	Correction Alg	orithm	0.9	0.8
TSL		1750 MHz	Typical S	AR gradient: 10 %	per mm	
	Sensor Ce	nter to Phar	itom Surface D	Distance	3.0 mm	4.0 mm
	SAR _{be} [%]	Witho	ut Correction /	Algorithm	10.7	6.5
	SAR _{be} [%]	With	Correction Algo	orithm	0.8	0.7
Sense	or Offset					
	Probe Tip 1	o Sensor C	enter		2.0 mm	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



Conversion Factor Assessment

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.88	1.22	6.15 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.90	1.17	6.06 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.51	1.74	4.83 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.89	1.14	4.74 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.72	1.26	4.29 ± 11.8% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.92	1.20	6.00 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.93	1.17	5.77 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.96	1.13	4.72 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.90	1.19	4.56 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.70	1.43	3.95 ± 11.8% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (φ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)