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Accredited testing laboratory

DAR registration number: DAT-P-176/94-D1

| Test report no. | : 2-4576-46-02/07 |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| Type identification | : AAA-1042081-BV |
| Test specification | : IEEE P1528/D1.2 |
| FCC-ID | : PY7A1042081 |
| IC-ID | : 4170B-A1042081 |

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1 General Information

1.1 Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in 1.5. The CETECOM ICT Services GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of the CETECOM ICT Services GmbH.

1.1.1 Statement of Compliance

The SAR values found for the AAA-1042081-BV Mobile Phone 850/1900 are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1 g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C 95.1:1999, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Health Canada's Safety Code 6 and the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure.

For body worn operation, this device has been tested and meets FCC RF exposure guidelines when used with any accessory that contains no metal and that positions the handset a minimum of 15 mm from the body. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with FCC RF exposure guidelines.

The measurement together with the test system set-up is described in chapter 2.3 of this test report. A detailed description of the equipment under test can be found in chapter 1.5.

Test engineer:

2008-01-10

Date

Oleksandr Hnatovskiy Name

Signature

Technical responsibility for area of testing:

| 2008-01-10 | Thomas Vogler | Thomas Vor | |
|------------|----------------------|------------|--|
| Date | Name | Signature | |



1.2 Testing laboratory

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH Untertuerkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbruecken Germany Telephone: + 49 681 598 - 0 Fax: + 49 681 598 - 8475

e-mail: <u>info@ict.cetecom.de</u> Internet: <u>http://www.cetecom-ict.de</u>

State of accreditation: The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. DAR registration number: DAT-P-176/94-D1

Test location, if different from CETECOM ICT Services GmbH

| Name: | |
|----------|--|
| Street: | |
| Town: | |
| Country: | |
| Phone: | |
| Fax: | |

1.3 Details of applicant

Name: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

| Street: | Nya Vattentornet |
|----------|------------------|
| Town: | 22188 Lund |
| Country: | Sweden |
| G | |

| Contact: | Mr. Peter Lindeborg |
|------------|---------------------|
| Telephone: | +46-46-212-6180 |

1.4 Application details

| Date of receipt of application: | 2008-01-07 |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| Date of receipt of test item: | 2008-01-07 |
| Start/Date of test: | 2008-01-07 |
| End of test: | 2008-01-09 |
| | |
| | |



1.5 Test item

Type identification:

FCC-ID : IC: Serial number: PY7A1042081 4170B-A1042081 TP81070098

AAA-1042081-BV

Mobile Phone 850/1900

Manufacturer:

| Name: |
|----------|
| Street: |
| Town: |
| Country: |

Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB Nya Vattentornet 22188 Lund Sweden

| additional information on the DUT: | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | | | |
| device type : | portable device | | |
| IMEI No : | 00100300-155963-5 | | |
| exposure category: | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | uncontrolled environment / general population | |
| test device production information | production unit | | |
| | | | |
| device operating configurations : | | | |
| operating mode(s) | PCS | | |
| modulation | GMSK | | |
| GPRS mobile station class : | В | | |
| GPRS multislot class : | 8 | voice mode : | |
| EGPRS multislot class | voice mode : | | |
| maximum no. of timeslots in uplink : | 1 | | |
| operating frequency range(s) | PCS 1900 (tested) PCS 850 (tested) | | |
| - transmitter frequency range : | 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz | 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz | |
| - receiver frequency range : | 1930.2 MHz ~ 1989.8 MHz | | |
| Power class : | 1, tested with power level 0 (1900 MHz band) | | |
| | 4, tested with power level 5 (850 MHz band) | | |
| measured peak output power | 850 band: 33.0 dBm | | |
| (conducted): | 1900 band: 30.9 dBm | | |
| test channels (low – mid – high) : | 128 – 190 – 251 (850 MHz band) | | |
| | 512 – 661 – 810 (1900 MHz band) | | |
| hardware version : | FP1.3 | | |
| software version : | P1CB003 | | |
| antenna type : | Integrated monopole antenna | | |
| accessories / | portable hands free | | |
| body-worn configurations : | | | |
| Sony Ericsson standard battery BST-36 | | | |



1.6 Test specification(s)

Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01)

IEEE P1528/D1.2 (April 21, 2003)

RSS-102: Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 2 of November 2005)

Canada's Safety Code 6: Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz (99-EHD-237)

IEEE Std C95.3 – 1991, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave.

IEEE Std C95.1 – 1999, IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.

1.6.1 RF exposure limits

| Human Exposure | Uncontrolled Environment General Population | Controlled Environment Occupational |
|---|--|--|
| Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain) | 1.60 mW/g | 8.00 mW/g |
| Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body) | 0.08 mW/g | 0.40 mW/g |
| Spatial Peak SAR *** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist) | 4.00 mW/g | 20.00 mW/g |

Table 1: RF exposure limits

The limit applied in this test report is shown in **bold** letters

Notes:

- The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).



2 Technical test

2.1 Summary of test results

| No deviations from the technical specification(s) were ascertained in the course of the tests performed. | \square |
|--|-----------|
| The deviations as specified in 2.5 were ascertained in the course of the tests performed. | |

2.2 Test environment

General Environment conditions in the test area are as follows:

| Ambient temperature: | $20^{\circ}C - 24^{\circ}C$ |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Tissue simulating liquid: | $20^{\circ}C - 24^{\circ}C$ |
| Humidity: | 40% - 50% |

Exact temperature values for each test are shown in the table(s) under 2.5. and/or on the measurement plots.

2.3 Measurement and test set-up

The measurement system is described in chapter 2.4.

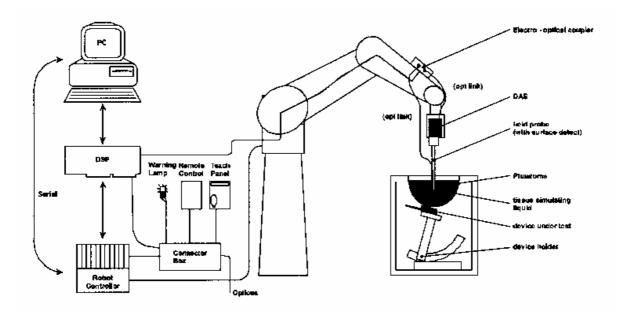
The test setup for the system validation can be found in chapter 2.4.14.

A description of positioning and test signal control can be found in chapter 2.5 together with the test results.



2.4 Measurement system

2.4.1 System Description



The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- The <u>Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC)</u> performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY4 measurement server.
- The DASY4 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2000
- DASY4 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



2.4.2 Test environment

The DASY4 measurement system is placed at the head end of a room with dimensions:

 $5 \times 2.5 \times 3 \text{ m}^3$, the SAM phantom is placed in a distance of 75 cm from the side walls and 1.1m from the rear wall. Above the test system a 1.5 x 1.5 m² array of pyramid absorbers is installed to reduce reflections from the ceiling.

Picture 1 of the photo documentation shows a complete view of the test environment.

The system allows the measurement of SAR values larger than 0.005 mW/g.

2.4.3 **Probe description**

Isotropic E-Field Probe ET3DV6 for Dosimetric Measurements

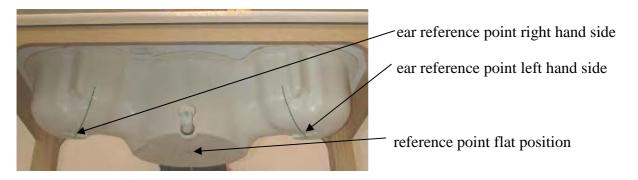
| Technical data according to manufacturer information | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core | | | |
| | Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system | | | |
| | Built-in shielding against static charges | | | |
| | PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic | | | |
| | solvents, e.g., glycolether) | | | |
| Calibration | In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz | | | |
| | In head tissue simulating liquid (HSL) at 900 (800- | | | |
| | 1000) MHz and 1.8 GHz (1700-1910 MHz) | | | |
| | (accuracy \pm 9.5%; k=2) Calibration for other liquids | | | |
| | and frequencies upon request | | | |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB | | | |
| | (30 MHz to 3 GHz) | | | |
| Directivity | \pm 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) | | | |
| | \pm 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis) | | | |
| Dynamic range | $5 \mu\text{W/g}$ to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \text{dB}$ | | | |
| Optical Surface Detection | ± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over | | | |
| | diffuse reflecting surfaces (ET3DV6 only) | | | |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 330 mm | | | |
| | Tip length: 16 mm | | | |
| | Body diameter: 12 mm | | | |
| | Tip diameter: 6.8 mm | | | |
| | Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm | | | |
| Application | General dosimetry up to 3 GHz | | | |
| | Compliance tests of mobile phones | | | |
| | Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms | | | |
| | (ET3DV6) | | | |



2.4.4 Phantom description

The used SAM Phantom meets the requirements specified in Edition 01-01 of Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65 for Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) measurements.

The phantom consists of a fibreglass shell integrated in a wooden table. It allows left-hand and right-hand head as well as body-worn measurements with a maximum liquid depth of 18 cm in head position and 22 cm in planar position (body measurements). The thickness of the Phantom shell is 2 mm +/- 0.1 mm.



2.4.5 Device holder description

The DASY4 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA's only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used.



Larger DUT's (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values.

Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.



2.4.6 Scanning procedure

The DASY4 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY4 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^{\circ}$.)
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strenth is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in x- and y- dimension. If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex 2.
- A "7x7x7 zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. This is a fine 7x7 grid where the robot additionally moves the probe in 7 steps along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom. Grid spacing for the cube measurement is 5 mm in x and y-direction and 5 mm in z-direction. DASY4 is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex 2. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see chapter 1.6.) are shown in table form in chapter 2.5.
- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x7 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can depending in the field strength also show the liquid depth. A z-axis scan of the measurement with maximum SAR value is shown in annex 2.



2.4.7 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of 7 x 7 x 7 points. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighboring volumes are evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three onedimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY4 uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compansate boundary effects on E-field probes.



2.4.8 Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

| Probe parameters: | - Sensitivity | Norm _i , a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2} |
|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | - Conversion factor | ConvF _i |
| | - Diode compression point | Dcpi |
| Device parameters: | - Frequency | f |
| | - Crest factor | cf |
| Media parameters: | - Conductivity | σ |
| | - Density | ρ |

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.



If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf/dcp_i$$

| with | Vi | = compensated signal of channel i | (i = x, y, z) |
|------|---------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| | U_i | = input signal of channel i | (i = x, y, z) |
| | cf | = crest factor of exciting field | (DASY parameter) |
| | dcp_i | = diode compression point | (DASY parameter) |

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

| E-fiel | d probes: | $E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$ | | | | |
|-----------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| H-field probes: | | $\mathbf{H}_{i} = (V_{i})^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^{2})/f$ | | | | |
| with | $V_i \\ Norm_i \\ ConvF \\ a_{ij} \\ f \\ E_i \\ H_i \\ \end{cases}$ | = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z) = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z) [mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes = sensitivity enhancement in solution = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes = carrier frequency [GHz] = electric field strength of channel i in V/m = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m | | | | |

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\rho \cdot 1000)$$

| with | SAR | = local specific absorption rate in mW/g |
|------|------------------|--|
| | E _{tot} | = total field strength in V/m |
| | σ | = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] |
| | ho | = equivalent tissue density in g/cm ³ |

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^{2} / 3770$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^{2} \cdot 37.7$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm² E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m H = total magnetic field strength in A/m

 H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m

2.4.9 Test equipment utilized

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment

Devices used during the test described in chapter 2.5. are marked \boxtimes

| | Manufacturer | Device | Tuno | Serial number | Date of last |
|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------|---------------|---|
| | Manufacturer | Device | Туре | Serial number | |
| | | | | | calibration)* |
| \boxtimes | Schmid & Partner | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | ET3DV6 | 1558 | August 23, 2007 |
| | Engineering AG | | | | |
| | Schmid & Partner | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | ET3DV6 | 1559 | January 17, 2007 |
| | Engineering AG | | | | |
| \square | Schmid & Partner | 900 MHz System | D900V2 | 102 | August 23, 2007 |
| | Engineering AG | Validation Dipole | | | |
| | Schmid & Partner | 1800 MHz System | D1800V2 | 287 | August 21, 2007 |
| | Engineering AG | Validation Dipole | | | |
| \square | Schmid & Partner | 1900 MHz System | D1900V2 | 5d009 | August 21, 2007 |
| | Engineering AG | Validation Dipole | | | |
| | Schmid & Partner | 2450 MHz System | D2450V2 | 710 | August 20, 2007 |
| | Engineering AG | Validation Dipole | | | |
| \square | Schmid & Partner | Data acquisition | DAE3V1 | 477 | May 22, 2007 |
| | Engineering AG | electronics | | | ··· · ································ |
| \square | Schmid & Partner | Software | DASY 4 | | N/A |
| | Engineering AG | | V4.5 | | |
| \square | Schmid & Partner | Phantom | SAM | | N/A |
| | Engineering AG | | | | |
| \square | Rohde & Schwarz | Universal Radio | CMU 200 | 106826 | March 14, 2007 |
| | | Communication Tester | | | , |
| | | | | | |
| \square | Hewlett Packard)* | Network Analyser | 8753C | 2937U00269 | March 13, 2007 |
| | , | 300 kHz to 6 GHz | | | , |
| \boxtimes | Hewlett Packard)* | Network Analyser | 85047A | 2936A00872 | March 13, 2007 |
| | | 300 kHz to 6 GHz | | | , |
| \square | Hewlett Packard | Dielectric Probe Kit | 85070C | US99360146 | N/A |
| | | | | | |
| \square | Hewlett Packard | Signal Generator | 8665A | 2833A00112 | February 9, 2007 |
| \square | Amplifier | Amplifier | 25S1G4 | 20452 | N/A |
| | Reasearch | | (25 Watt) | | |
| \square | Agilent | Power Meter | 438A | 2804U01006 | February 2, 2007 |
| \boxtimes | Agilent | Power Meter Sensor | 8482A | 2703A03025 | February 2, 2007 |

)* : Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



2.4.10 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

(liquids used for tests described in chapter 2.5. are marked with \boxtimes) :

| Ingredients (% of weight) | Frequency (MHz) | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|------|--|--|
| frequency band | 450 | 835 | 900 | 1800 | ⊠ 1900 | 2450 | | |
| Tissue Type | Head | Head | Head | Head | Head | Head | | |
| Water | 38.56 | 41.45 | 40.92 | 52.64 | 54.9 | 62.7 | | |
| Salt (NaCl) | 3.95 | 1.45 | 1.48 | 0.36 | 0.18 | 0.5 | | |
| Sugar | 56.32 | 56.0 | 56.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| HEC | 0.98 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Bactericide | 0.19 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Triton X-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 36.8 | | |
| DGBE | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 47.0 | 44.92 | 0.0 | | |

Table 2: Head tissue dielectric properties

| Ingredients | Frequency (MHz) | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|------|-------|-------|--------|------|--|
| (% of weight) | | | | | | | |
| frequency band | 450 | 835 | 900 | 1800 | 🛛 1900 | 2450 | |
| Tissue Type | Body | Body | Body | Body | Body | Body | |
| Water | 51.16 | 52.4 | 56.0 | 69.91 | 69.91 | 73.2 | |
| Salt (NaCl) | 1.49 | 1.40 | 0.76 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.04 | |
| Sugar | 46.78 | 45.0 | 41.76 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| HEC | 0.52 | 1.0 | 1.21 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Bactericide | 0.05 | 0.1 | 0.27 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Triton X-100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| DGBE | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 29.96 | 29.96 | 26.7 | |

Table 3: Body tissue dielectric properties

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium ChlorideSugar: 98+% Pure SucroseWater: De-ionized, 16MΩ+ resistivityHEC: Hydroxyethyl CelluloseDGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether





2.4.11 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters

| Used Target | - | | Measured | | Measured |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| Frequency | Head | Tissue | Head | Tissue | Date |
| [MHz] | Permittivity | Conductivity | Permittivity | Conductivity | |
| | | [S/m] | | [S/m] | |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 42.2 | 0.89 | 2008-01-07 |
| 900 | 42.0 | 0.99 | 41.4 | 0.96 | 2008-01-07 |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 42.2 | 0.89 | 2008-01-08 |
| 900 | 42.0 | 0.99 | 41.4 | 0.96 | 2008-01-08 |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 40.9 | 1.45 | 2008-01-09 |

Table 4: Parameter of the head tissue simulating liquid

| Used Target Target | | Measured | | Measured | |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| Frequency | y Body Tissue | | Body | Tissue | Date |
| [MHz] | Permittivity | Conductivity | Permittivity | Conductivity | |
| | | [S/m] | | [S/m] | |
| 835 | 55.2 | 0.97 | 55.3 | 0.96 | 2008-01-08 |
| 900 | 55.0 | 1.05 | 54.7 | 1.03 | 2008-01-08 |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 52.7 | 1.54 | 2008-01-09 |

 Table 5: Parameter of the body tissue simulating liquid

Note: The dielectric properties have been measured using the contact probe method at 21°C.

2.4.12 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The overall combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system is \pm 10,3% (K=1). The expanded uncertainty (k=2) is assessed to be \pm 20.6%

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE P1528 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

| Error Sources | Uncertainty Value | Probability Distribution | Divi- sor | c _i 1g | c _i 10g | Standard Uncertainty 1g | Standard Uncertainty 10g | v_i^2 or v_{eff} |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | $\pm 4.8\%$ | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 4.8\%$ | $\pm 4.8\%$ | ∞ |
| Axial isotropy | ± 4.7% | Rectangular | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | ± 1.9% | ± 1.9% | ∞ |
| Hemispherical isotropy | ± 9.6% | Rectangular | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | ± 3.9% | ± 3.9% | ∞ |
| Spatial resolution | $\pm 0.0\%$ | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.0\%$ | $\pm 0.0\%$ | ∞ |
| Boundary effects | ± 1.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 0.6% | ± 0.6% | ∞ |
| Probe linearity | ± 4.7% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.7% | ± 2.7% | ∞ |
| System detection limits | ± 1.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.6\%$ | $\pm 0.6\%$ | ∞ |
| Readout electronics | ± 1.0% | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.0% | ± 1.0% | ∞ |
| Response time | $\pm 0.8\%$ | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.5\%$ | $\pm 0.5\%$ | ∞ |
| Integration time | $\pm 2.6\%$ | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.5% | ± 1.5% | ∞ |
| RF ambient conditions | ± 3.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.7\%$ | $\pm 1.7\%$ | ∞ |
| Probe positioner | $\pm 0.4\%$ | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.2\%$ | $\pm 0.2\%$ | ∞ |
| Probe positioning | $\pm 2.9\%$ | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.7\%$ | $\pm 1.7\%$ | ∞ |
| Max. SAR evaluation | ± 1.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.6\%$ | $\pm 0.6\%$ | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| Device positioning | $\pm 2.9\%$ | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 2.9\%$ | $\pm 2.9\%$ | 145 |
| Device holder uncertainty | ± 3.6% | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 3.6% | ± 3.6% | 5 |
| Power drift | ± 5.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.9% | ± 2.9% | ∞ |
| Phantom and Set-up | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom uncertainty | ± 4.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.3% | ± 2.3% | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (target) | ± 5.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 0.64 | 0.43 | $\pm 1.8\%$ | ± 1.2% | ∞ |
| Liquid conductivity (meas.) | ± 2.5% | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | ± 1.6% | $\pm 1.1\%$ | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (target) | ± 5.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 0.6 | 0.49 | ± 1.7% | ± 1.4% | ∞ |
| Liquid permittivity (meas.) | ± 2.5% | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | ± 1.5% | ± 1.2% | ∞ |
| Combined Uncertainty | | | | | | ± 10.3% | ± 10.0% | 330 |
| Expanded Std. Uncertainty | | | | | | ± 20.6% | ± 20.1% | |

 Table 6: Measurement uncertainties





2.4.13 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system validation

The overall combined measurement uncertainty of the measurement system is \pm 8.4% (K=1). The expanded uncertainty (k=2) is assessed to be \pm 16.8%

This measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEEE P1528 and determined by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

| Error Sources | Uncertainty Value | Probability Distribution | Divi- sor | c _i 1g | c _i 10g | Standard Uncertainty 1g | Standard Uncertainty 10g | v_i^2 or v_{eff} |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | ± 4.8% | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 4.8% | $\pm 4.8\%$ | x |
| Axial isotropy | $\pm 4.7\%$ | Rectangular | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | $\pm 1.9\%$ | $\pm 1.9\%$ | x |
| Hemispherical isotropy | $\pm 0.0\%$ | Rectangular | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | $\pm 0.0\%$ | ± 3.9% | x |
| Boundary effects | ± 1.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.6\%$ | $\pm 0.6\%$ | x |
| Probe linearity | ± 4.7% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.7% | $\pm 2.7\%$ | x |
| System detection limits | ± 1.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.6\%$ | $\pm 0.6\%$ | x |
| Readout electronics | ± 1.0% | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.0% | ± 1.0% | x |
| Response time | $\pm 0.0\%$ | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.0\%$ | $\pm 0.0\%$ | x |
| Integration time | $\pm 0.0\%$ | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.0\%$ | $\pm 0.0\%$ | x |
| RF ambient conditions | ± 3.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 1.7\%$ | $\pm 1.7\%$ | x |
| Probe positioner | $\pm 0.4\%$ | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 0.2% | $\pm 0.2\%$ | x |
| Probe positioning | ± 2.9% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.7% | $\pm 1.7\%$ | x |
| Max. SAR evaluation | ± 1.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | $\pm 0.6\%$ | $\pm 0.6\%$ | x |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| Dipole axis to liquid distance | ± 2.0% | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.2% | ± 1.2% | x |
| Power drift | ± 4.7% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.7% | $\pm 2.7\%$ | x |
| Phantom and Set-up | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom uncertainty | ± 4.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.3% | ± 2.3% | x |
| Liquid conductivity (target) | ± 5.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 0.64 | 0.43 | $\pm 1.8\%$ | ± 1.2% | x |
| Liquid conductivity (meas.) | ± 2.5% | Normal | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | ± 1.6% | $\pm 1.1\%$ | x |
| Liquid permittivity (target) | ± 5.0% | Rectangular | √3 | 0.6 | 0.49 | $\pm 1.7\%$ | ± 1.4% | x |
| Liquid permittivity (meas.) | $\pm 2.5\%$ | Normal | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | ± 1.5% | $\pm 1.2\%$ | 8 |
| Combined Uncertainty | | | | | | ± 8.4% | ± 8.1% | |
| Expanded Std. Uncertainty | | | | | | ± 16.8% | ± 16.2% | |

Table 7: Measurement uncertainties



2.4.14 System validation

The system validation is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The system validation is performed with tissue equivalent material according to IEEE P1528 (described above). The following table shows validation results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests of the test item described in chapter 1.5. (graphic plot(s) see annex 1).

| Validation Kit | Frequency | Target Peak SAR (1000 mW) | Target SAR _{1g} (1000 mW) (+/- 10%) | Measured Peak SAR | Measured SAR _{1g} | Measured date | |
|-------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | (+/- 10%) | | | | | |
| D900V2 | 900 MHz | 15.2 mW/a | 10.2 mW/a | 15.2 mW/a | 10.2 mW/a | 2009 01 07 | |
| S/N: 102 | head | 15.2 mW/g | 10.3 mW/g | 15.3 mW/g | 10.3 mW/g | 2008-01-07 | |
| D900V2 | 900 MHz | 15.2 mW/g | 10.3 mW/g | 16.4 mW/g | 10.7 mW/g | 2008-01-08 | |
| S/N: 102 | head | 13.2 mvv/g | 10.5 mw/g | 10.4 m w/g | 10.7 m w/g | 2000-01-00 | |
| D900V2 | 900 MHz | 15.2 mW/a | $10.6 \text{ mW}/\sigma$ | 15.8 mW/g | 10.8 mW/g | 2008-01-08 | |
| S/N: 102 | body | 15.2 mW/g | 10.6 mW/g | 15.0 mw/g | 10.0 m w/g | 2000-01-00 | |
| D1900V2 | 1900 MHz | (4.0))/- | 25.0 \\\/- | (5.4)))/- | 27.0 11/- | 2000 01 00 | |
| S/N: 5d009 | head | 64.0 mW/g | 35.9 mW/g | 65.4 mW/g | 37.9 mW/g | 2008-01-09 | |
| D1900V2 | 1900 MHz | 63.2 mW/a | 37.7 mW/c | 69.4 mW/g | 39.7 mW/g | 2008-01-09 | |
| S/N: 5d009 | body | 63.2 mW/g | 37.7 mW/g | 07.7 III W/g | <i>37.1</i> mw/g | 2000-01-09 | |

Table 8: Results system validation

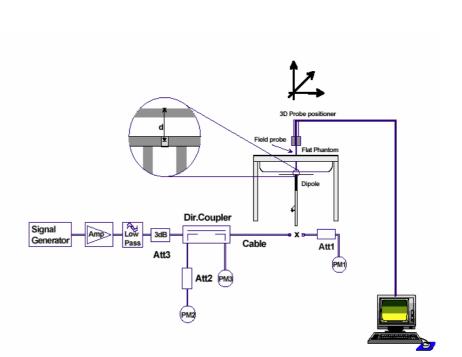


2.4.15 Validation procedure

The validation is performed by using a validation dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a plexiglass spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 1000 mW. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the validation to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

Validation results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.







| The table contains | The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Channel / frequency | Position | Left hand position | Right hand position | Limit | Liquid temperature | | |
| 128 / 824.2 MHz | cheek | 1.040 W/kg | 0.823 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.0/21.2 °C | | |
| 190 / 836.6 MHz | cheek | 1.060 W/kg | 1.110 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.0/21.2 °C | | |
| 251 / 848.8 MHz | cheek | 1.030 W/kg | 1.090 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.0/21.3 °C | | |
| 128 / 824.2 MHz | tilted 15° | 0.386 W/kg | 0.457 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.0/21.3 °C | | |
| 190 / 836.6 MHz | tilted 15° | 0.410 W/kg | 0.469 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.0/21.3 °C | | |
| 251 / 848.8 MHz | tilted 15° | 0.397 W/kg | 0.470 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.0/21.3 °C | | |
| 190 / 836.6 MHz | cheek + BT | | 1.150 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.2 °C | | |

2.5 Test results (Head and Body SAR)

Table 9: Test results (Head SAR 850 MHz)

| The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g | | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|----------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Channel / frequency | Position | Body worn | Limit | Liquid temperature | | |
| 128 / 824.2 MHz | front | 0.399 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.8°C | | |
| 128 / 824.2 MHz | front + BT | 0.403 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.9°C | | |
| 190 / 836.6 MHz | front | 0.398 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.8°C | | |
| 251 / 848.8 MHz | front | 0.373 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.9°C | | |
| 128 / 824.2 MHz | rear | 0.328 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.9°C | | |
| 190 / 836.6 MHz | rear | 0.365 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.9°C | | |
| 251 / 848.8 MHz | rear | 0.357 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.9°C | | |

Table 10: Test results (Body SAR 850 MHz)

Note: The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

Tests in body position were performed with 15 mm air gap between DUT and SAM to simulate the use of a non-metallic belt-clip or holster.



| The table contains | The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------------------|--|
| Channel / frequency | Position | Left hand position | Right hand position | Limit | Liquid temperature | |
| 512 / 1850.2 MHz | cheek | 1.380 W/kg | 1.060 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 20.2/20.3 °C | |
| 512 / 1850.2 MHz | cheek + BT | 1.390 W/kg | | 1.6 W/kg | 20.5 °C | |
| 661 / 1880.0 MHz | cheek | 1.340 W/kg | 1.090 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 20.1/20.4 °C | |
| 810 / 1909.8 MHz | cheek | 1.160 W/kg | 1.060 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 20.1/20.5 °C | |
| 512 / 1850.2 MHz | tilted 15° | 0.838 W/kg | 0.678 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 20.1/20.2 °C | |
| 661 / 1880.0 MHz | tilted 15° | 0.790 W/kg | 0.655 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 20.1/20.2 °C | |
| 810 / 1909.8 MHz | tilted 15° | 0.715 W/kg | 0.597 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 20.1/20.2 °C | |

Table 11: Test results (Head SAR 1900 MHz)

| The table contains the measured SAR values averaged over a mass of 1 g | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|------------|----------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Channel / frequency | Position | Body worn | Limit | Liquid temperature | | |
| 512 / 1850.2 MHz | front | 0.294 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 20.8°C | | |
| 661 / 1880.0 MHz | front | 0.265 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 20.9°C | | |
| 810 / 1909.8 MHz | front | 0.232 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 20.9°C | | |
| 512 / 1850.2 MHz | rear | 0.363 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 20.9°C | | |
| 661 / 1880.0 MHz | rear | 0.331 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.0°C | | |
| 810 / 1909.8 MHz | rear | 0.291 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 21.0°C | | |
| 512 / 1850.2 MHz | rear + BT | 0.398 W/kg | 1.6 W/kg | 20.9°C | | |

Table 12: Test results (Body SAR 1900 MHz)

Note: The SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

Tests in body position were performed with 15 mm air gap between DUT and SAM to simulate the use of a non-metallic belt-clip or holster.

2.5.1 General description of test procedures

The DUT is tested using a CMU 200 communications tester as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.

Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.

Tests in body position are performed with the maximum number of timeslots in uplink.

Tests in head position are performed in voice mode with 1 timeslot unless GPRS/EGPRS function allows parallel voice and data traffic on 2 or more timeslots (see chapter 1.5 for details).

Conducted output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable.



2.6 Test results (conducted power measurement)

For the measurements a Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester CMU 200 was used. The output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable. The conducted output power was measured before and after each SAR measurement. The resulting power values were within a 0.2 dB tolerance of the values shown below.

| PCS 850 | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Channel / frequency | GSM | | | | | |
| 128 / 824.2 MHz | 33.0 dBm | | | | | |
| 190 / 836.6 MHz | 32.7 dBm | | | | | |
| 251 / 848.8 MHz | 33.0 dBm | | | | | |
| PCS 1900 | | | | | | |
| Channel / frequency | GSM | | | | | |
| 512 / 1850.2 MHz | 30.8 dBm | | | | | |
| 661 / 1880.0 MHz | 30.9 dBm | | | | | |
| 810 / 1909.8 MHz | 30.9 dBm | | | | | |

Table 13: Test results conducted peak power measurement

Annex 1 System performance verification

Date/Time: 2008-01-07 13:02:41Date/Time: 2008-01-07 13:09:00

9*212*90/

SystemPerformanceCheck-D900head2008-01-07

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: 102

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

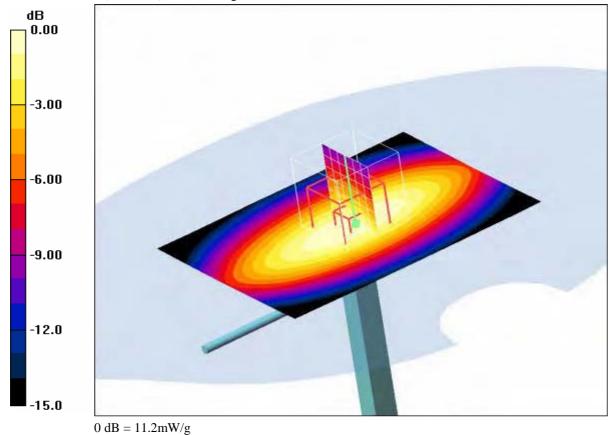
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.1 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm Reference Value = 111.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.66 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.0° C; liquid temperature: 21.0° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 08:08:47Date/Time: 2008-01-08 08:16:19

SystemPerformanceCheck-D900 head 2008-01-08

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: 102

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.24, 6.24, 6.24); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 114.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.86 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g

 $0 \, dB = 11.6 \, mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 21.3° C; liquid temperature: 21.3° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 14:21:33Date/Time: 2008-01-08 14:27:56

SystemPerformanceCheck-D900 body 2008-01-08

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: 102

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.03 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(5.92, 5.92, 5.92); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22

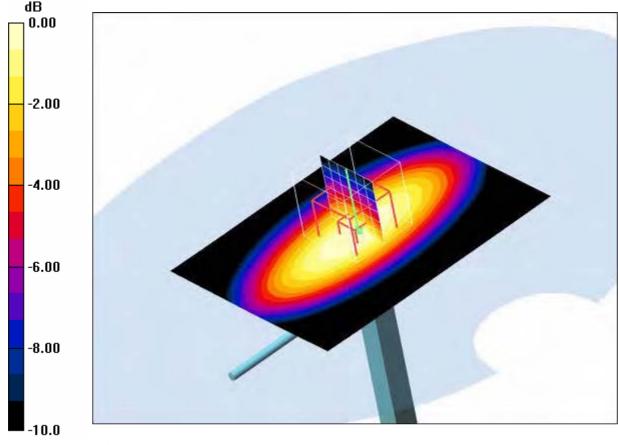
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.7 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 110.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.8 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 10.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.97 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 11.6 \, mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.8°C; liquid temperature: 21.8°C



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 09:21:09Date/Time: 2008-01-09 09:25:23

SystemPerformanceCheck-D1900 head 2008-01-09

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d009

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

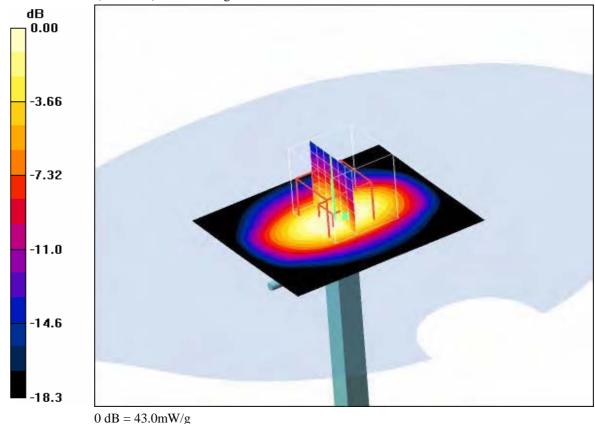
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (51x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 48.1 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 180.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 65.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 37.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 19.9 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 43.0 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 20.5°C; liquid temperature: 20.3°C



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 15:18:52Date/Time: 2008-01-09 15:23:11

SystemPerformanceCheck-D1900 body 2008-01-09

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d009

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

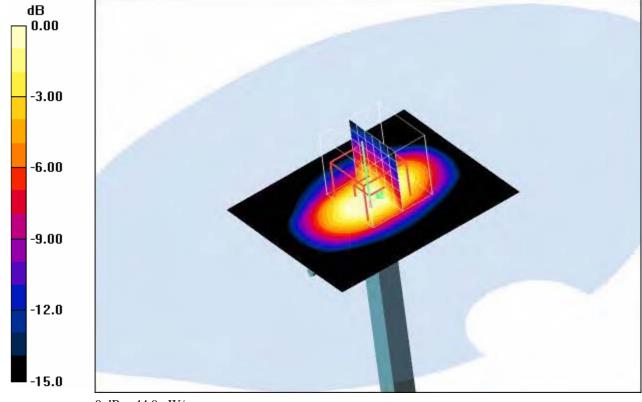
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Area Scan (51x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 52.0 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=1000mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 180.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 69.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 39.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 20.9 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 44.9 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 44.9 \, mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.8°C; liquid temperature: 20.8°C

Annex 2 Measurement results (printout from DASY TM)

Remark: results of conducted power measurements: see chapter 2.5/2.6 (if applicable)

Annex 2.1 PCS 850 MHz head

Date/Time: 2008-01-07 14:30:58Date/Time: 2008-01-07 14:38:11

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098 Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 2007-08-23 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

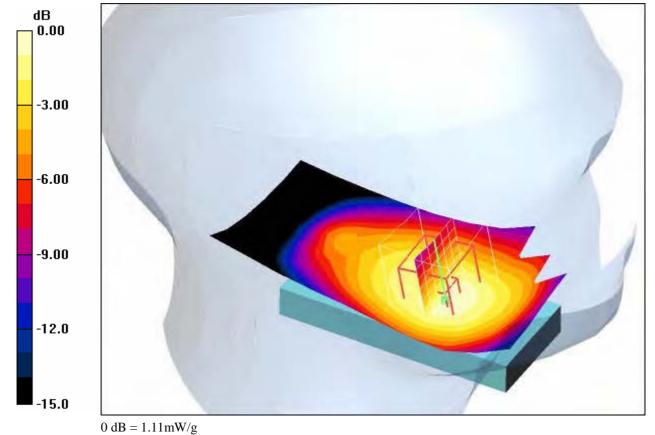
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 mW/g

Touch position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 37.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.116 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 1.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.711 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.0° C; liquid temperature: 21.0° C





Date/Time: 2008-01-07 14:54:18Date/Time: 2008-01-07 15:00:56

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

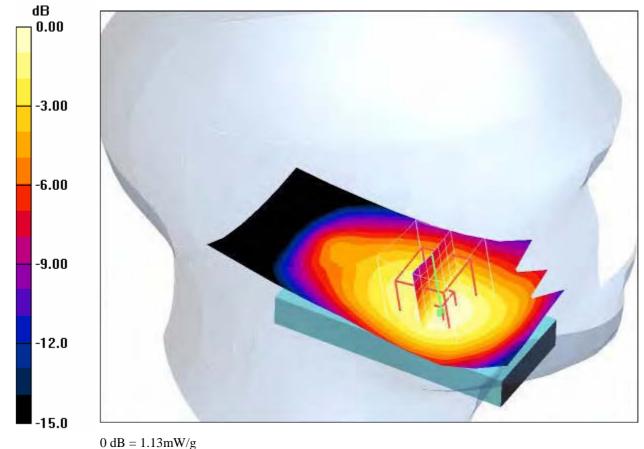
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 37.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.018 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.50 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 1.06 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.723 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.1° C; liquid temperature: 21.0° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-07 15:16:35Date/Time: 2008-01-07 15:23:32

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

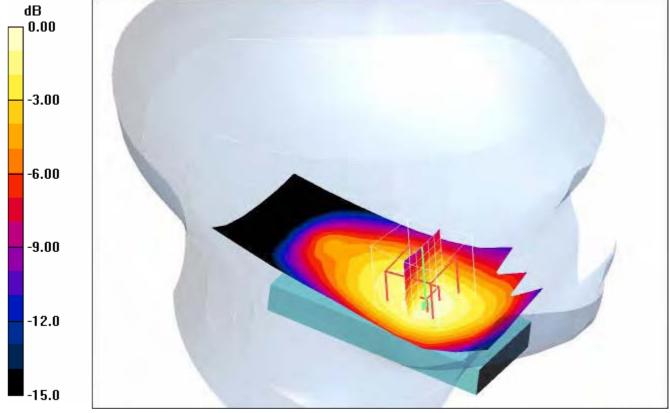
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 mW/g

Touch position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 36.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 1.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.703 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 1.11 \, mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.2°C; liquid temperature: 21.0°C



Date/Time: 2008-01-07 15:42:20Date/Time: 2008-01-07 15:49:09Date/Time: 2008-01-07 16:00:36 P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM850 DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.441 mW/g

Tilt position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.194 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.847 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.318 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.220 mW/g

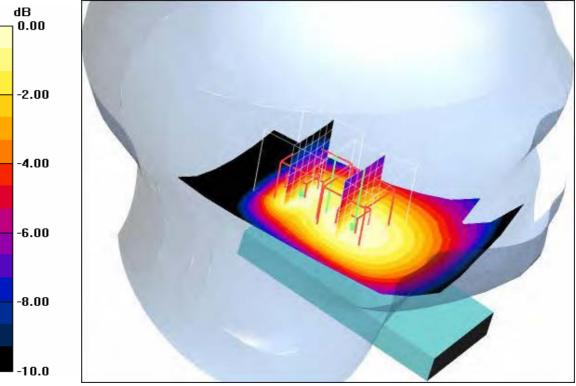
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.357 mW/g

Tilt position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.194 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.490 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.386 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.405 mW/g



$0 \, dB = 0.405 \, mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.3°C; liquid temperature: 21.0°C



 $Date/Time: 2008-01-07 \ 16:16:08 Date/Time: 2008-01-07 \ 16:22:56 Date/Time: 2008-01-07 \ 16:34:20$ $P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM850$ DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.89 mho/m; ε_r = 42.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section DASY4 Configuration: - Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 2007-08-23 - Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) - Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22 - Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043 - Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146 Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.470 mW/g Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

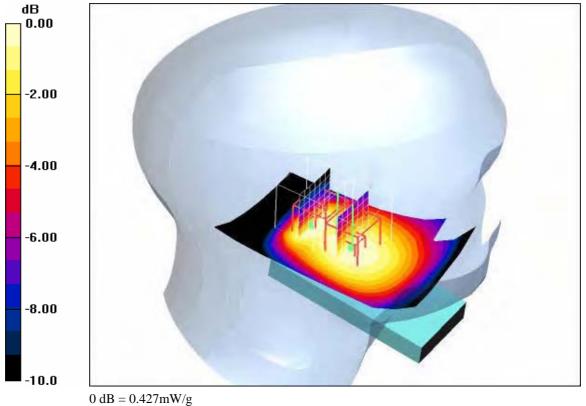
Reference Value = 22.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.067 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.921 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.339 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.232 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.381 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.067 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.513 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.410 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.427 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.4°C; liquid temperature: $21.0^{\circ}C$



Date/Time: 2008-01-07 16:50:05Date/Time: 2008-01-07 16:56:57Date/Time: 2008-01-07 17:08:21
P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM850
DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098
Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

Phantom section: Left Sect

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.491 mW/g

Tilt position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.170 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.908 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.332 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.226 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.381 mW/g

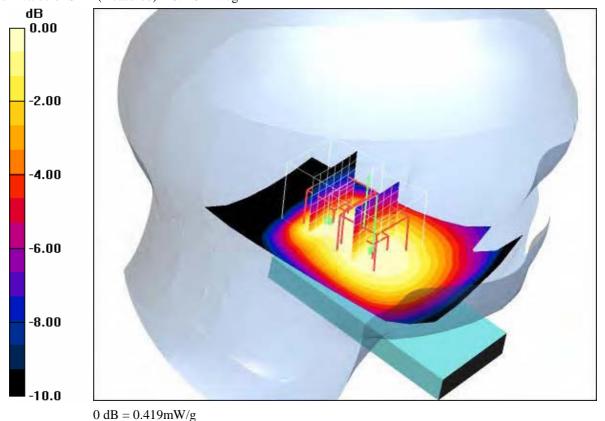
Tilt position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.170 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.505 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.397 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.291 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.419 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.4° C; liquid temperature: 21.0° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 10:37:17Date/Time: 2008-01-08 10:43:51

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.89 mho/m; ϵ_r = 42.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

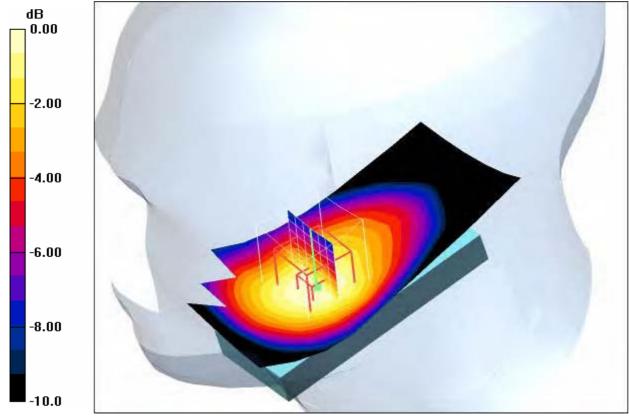
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.887 mW/g

Touch position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.066 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.823 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.573 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.872 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 0.872 \, mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 21.6°C; liquid temperature: 21.2°C



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 11:22:45Date/Time: 2008-01-08 11:29:13

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; σ = 0.89 mho/m; ϵ_r = 42.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

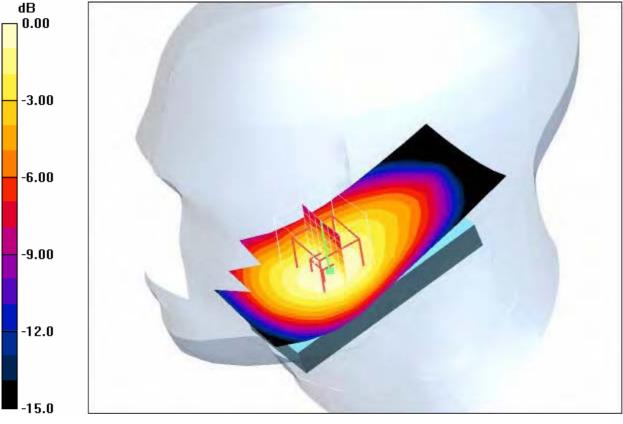
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 36.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.760 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 1.15 \, mW/g$

Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 11:44:59Date/Time: 2008-01-08 11:51:41

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

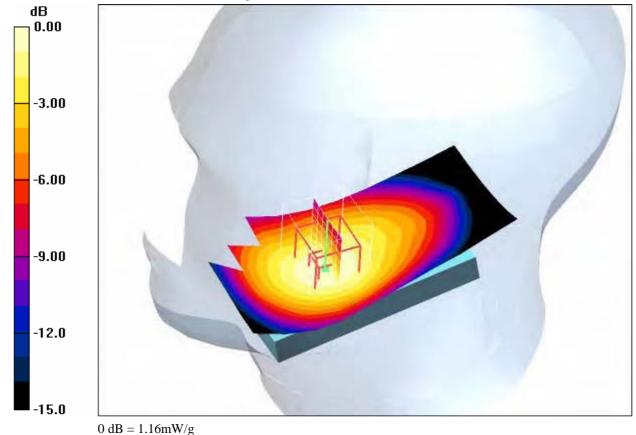
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.16 mW/g

Touch position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 36.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.015 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 1.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.754 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 21.8° C; liquid temperature: 21.3° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 08:47:56Date/Time: 2008-01-08 08:54:24Date/Time: 2008-01-08 09:06:00

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.501 mW/g

Tilt position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.196 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.966 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.364 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.251 mW/g

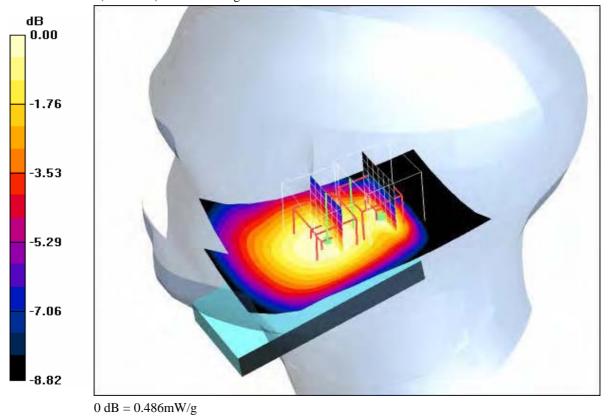
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.412 mW/g

Tilt position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.196 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.583 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.457 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.338 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.486 mW/g



Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 09:29:39Date/Time: 2008-01-08 09:36:09Date/Time: 2008-01-08 09:47:46

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.519 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.066 dB

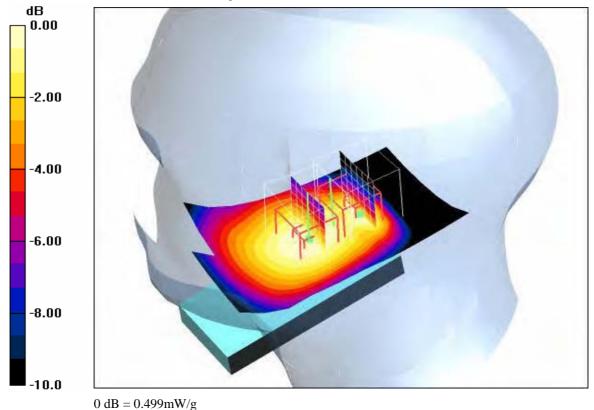
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.375 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.254 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.414 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.066 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.600 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.469 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.345 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.499 mW/g



Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 10:03:32Date/Time: 2008-01-08 10:10:13Date/Time: 2008-01-08 10:21:50

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.519 mW/g

Tilt position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.378 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.252 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.416 mW/g

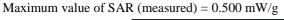
Tilt position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

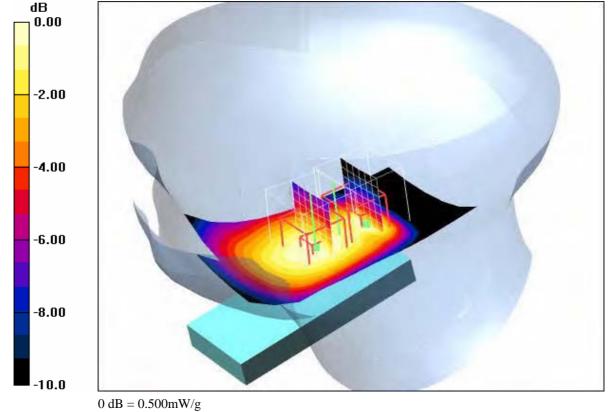
dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.602 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.470 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.345 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.500 mW/g





Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 21.5° C; liquid temperature: 21.3° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 13:24:42Date/Time: 2008-01-08 13:31:20

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM850 + BT

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(6.39, 6.39, 6.39); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22

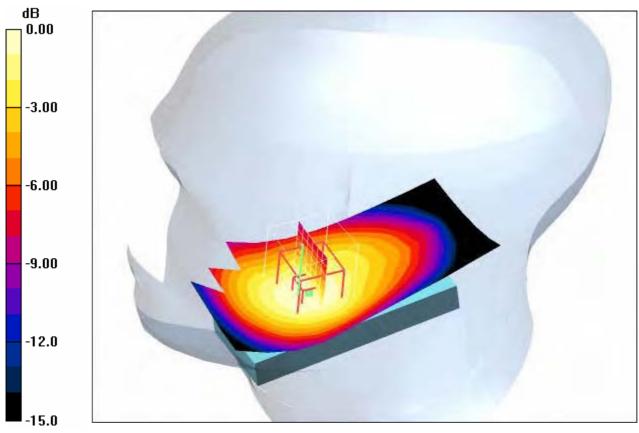
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position – Middle + BT/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.24 mW/g

Touch position – Middle + BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 37.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.15 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.808 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 1.22 \, mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 21.7° C; liquid temperature: 21.2° C



Annex 2.2 PCS 850 MHz body

Date/Time: 2008-01-08 14:46:12Date/Time: 2008-01-08 14:52:41

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 8

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Front position - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

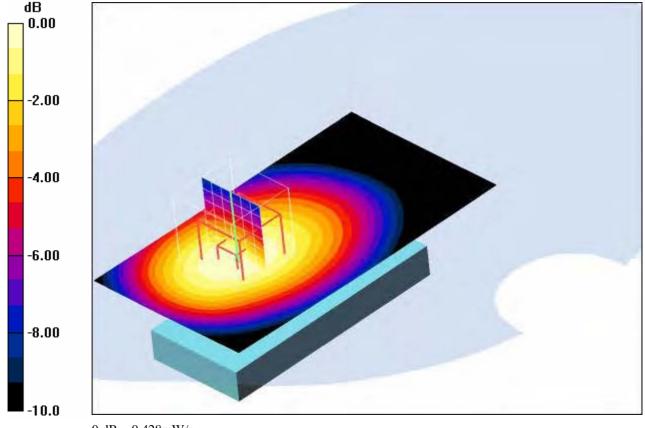
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.429 mW/g

Front position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.193 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.539 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.399 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.428 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 0.428 \, mW/g$

Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 15:07:44Date/Time: 2008-01-08 15:14:16

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 8

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

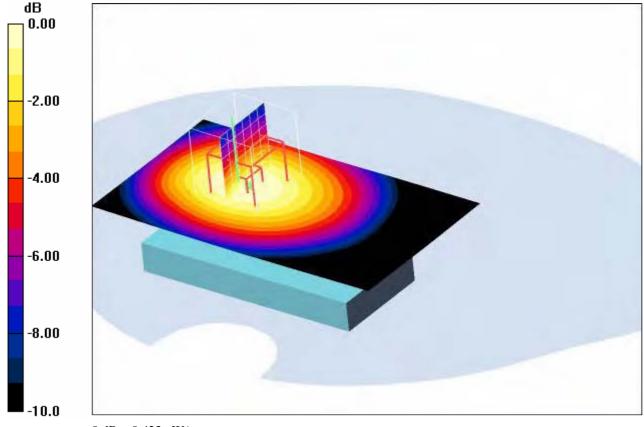
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

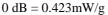
Front position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.428 mW/g

Front position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.534 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.398 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.282 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.423 mW/g





Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 15:32:02Date/Time: 2008-01-08 15:38:19

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 8

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

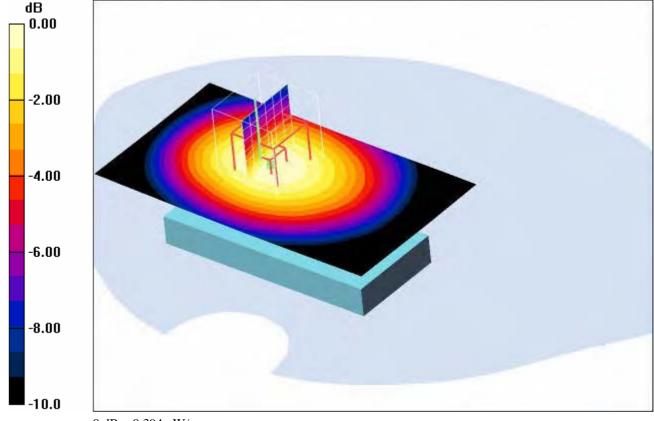
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

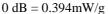
Front position - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.397 mW/g

Front position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.033 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.496 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.373 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.394 mW/g





Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 15:56:39Date/Time: 2008-01-08 16:03:14

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 8

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

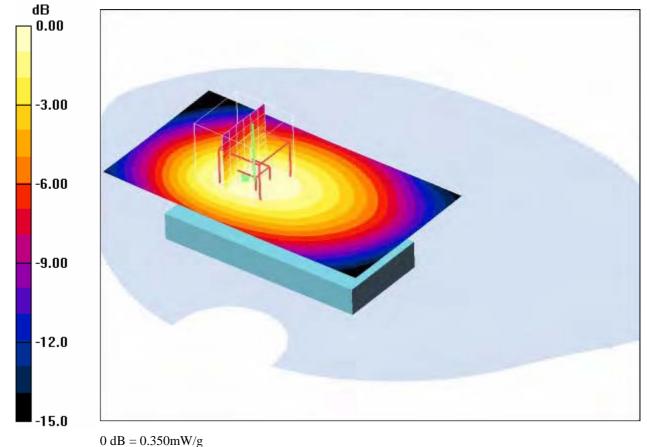
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.357 mW/g

Rear position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.075 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.453 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.328 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.229 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.350 mW/g



Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 16:17:58Date/Time: 2008-01-08 16:24:41

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 8

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

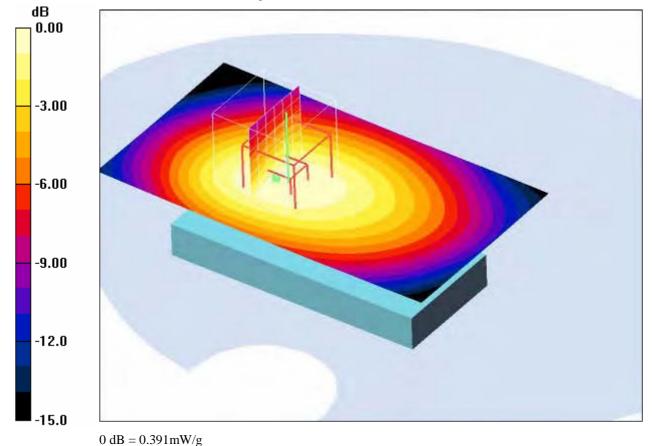
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.392 mW/g

Rear position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.500 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.365 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.255 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.391 mW/g



Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 16:39:06Date/Time: 2008-01-08 16:45:44

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 8

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

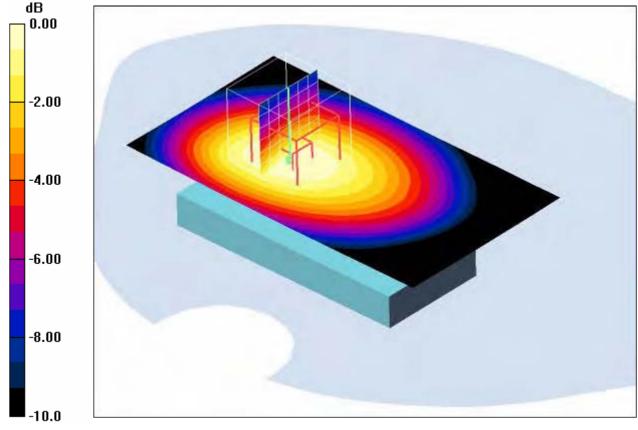
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.389 mW/g

Rear position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.489 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.357 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.249 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.381 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.381 \ mW/g$

Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-08 17:20:58Date/Time: 2008-01-08 17:28:32

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM850 GPRS class 8

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 850 GPRS; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M850 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

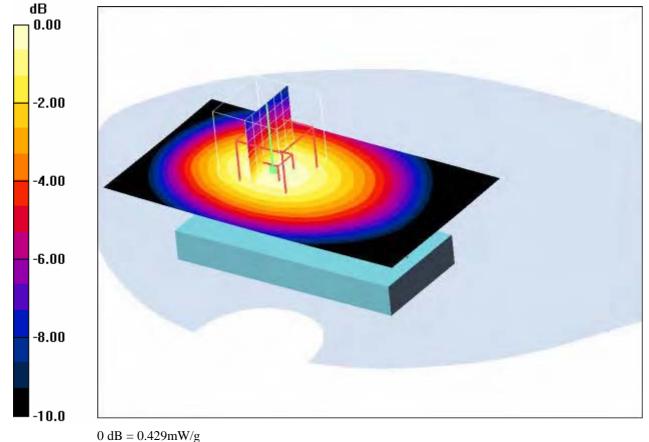
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Front position - Low BT/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.421 mW/g

Front position - Low BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 21.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.147 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.546 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.403 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.285 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.429 mW/g



Additional information:

Annex 2.3 PCS 1900 MHz head

Date/Time: 2008-01-09 09:41:04Date/Time: 2008-01-09 09:47:41

CETECON

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

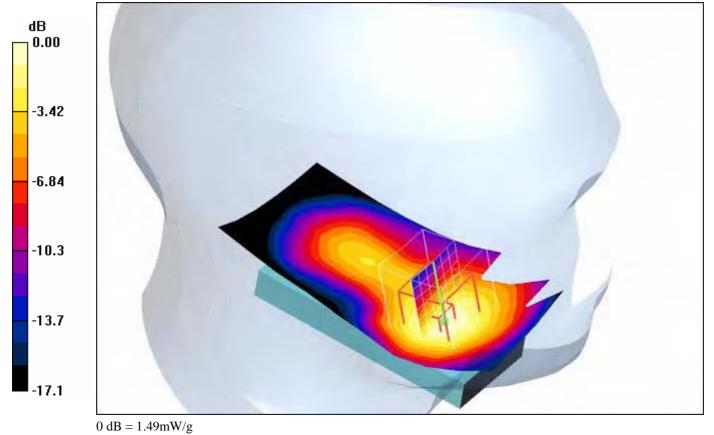
Touch position - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.55 mW/g

Touch position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 34.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.05 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.38 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.804 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.49 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 20.7° C; liquid temperature: 20.2° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 10:10:39Date/Time: 2008-01-09 10:17:05

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.45 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

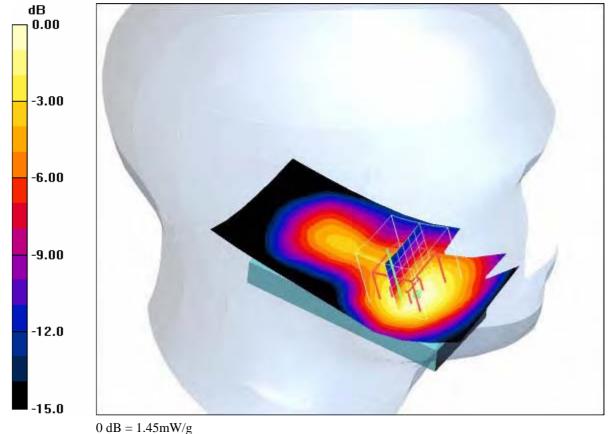
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.54 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.98 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 1.34 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.784 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.45 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 20.7° C; liquid temperature: 20.1° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 10:32:21Date/Time: 2008-01-09 10:39:44

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

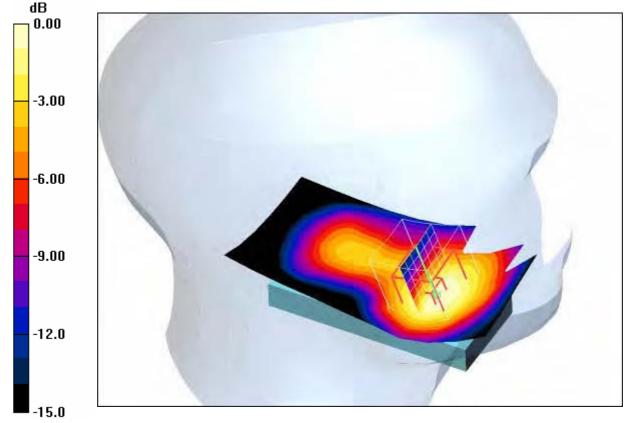
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.32 mW/g

Touch position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.70 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 1.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.683 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 mW/g



0 dB = 1.24 mW/g

Additional information:

CETECOM

Date/Time: 2008-01-09 10:59:19Date/Time: 2008-01-09 11:05:50

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

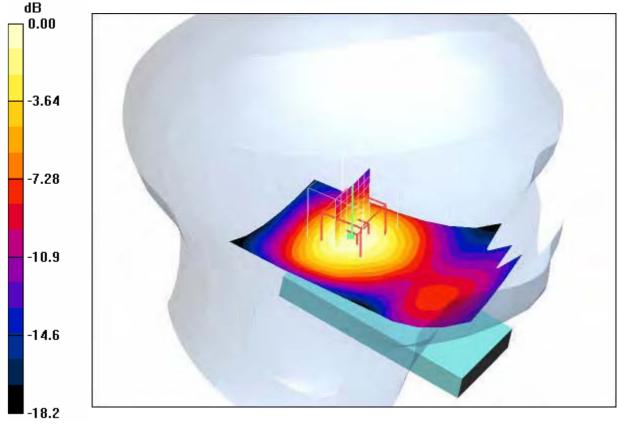
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.999 mW/g

Tilt position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.838 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.514 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.922 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 0.922 mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 21.0° C; liquid temperature: 20.1° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 11:22:16Date/Time: 2008-01-09 11:28:58

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.45 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

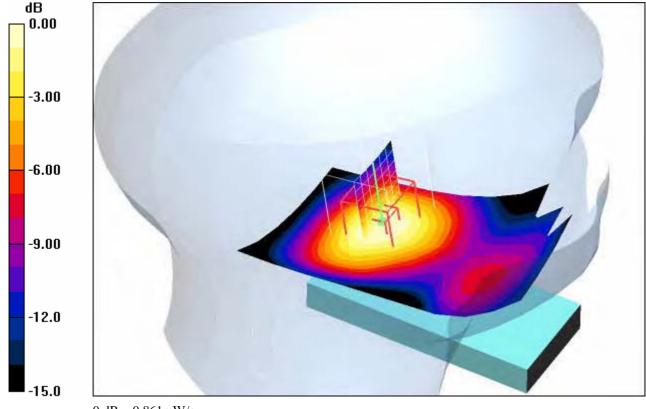
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.958 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.022 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.790 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.482 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.861 mW/g



0 dB = 0.861 mW/g

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 21.1° C; liquid temperature: 20.1° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 11:44:03Date/Time: 2008-01-09 11:50:55

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

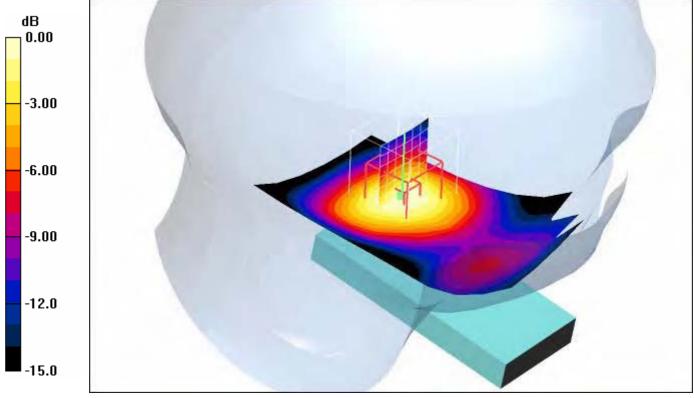
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.863 mW/g

Tilt position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm Reference Value = 23.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.012 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.715 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.430 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.789 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 0.789 mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 21.2° C; liquid temperature: 20.1° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 14:36:47Date/Time: 2008-01-09 14:44:31

P1528_OET65-LeftHandSide-GSM1900 + BT

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

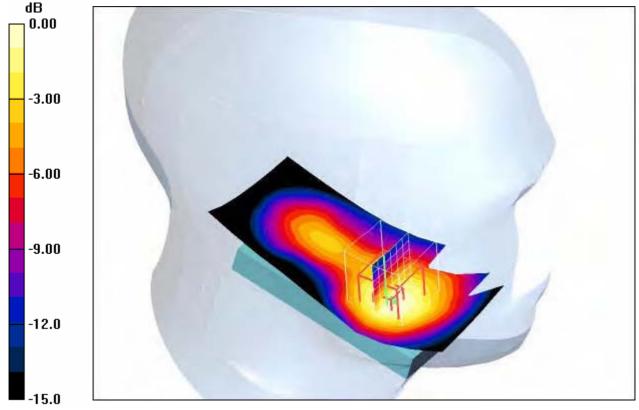
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Low + BT/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.57 mW/g

Touch position - Low + BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 34.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.06 W/kg**SAR(1 g) = 1.39 \text{ mW/g}; SAR(10 g) = 0.819 \text{ mW/g}** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.52 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 1.52 mW/g$

Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 13:17:09Date/Time: 2008-01-09 13:23:36

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.45 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

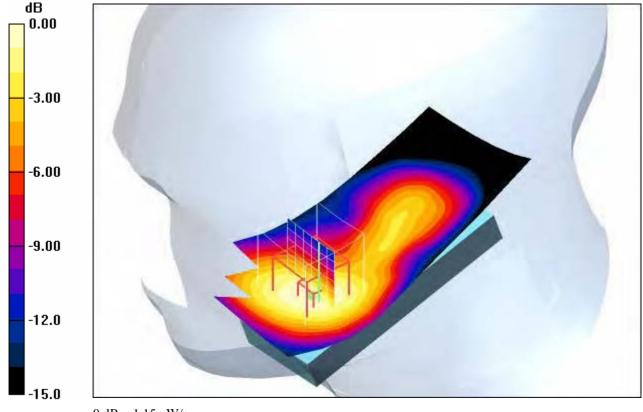
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.16 mW/g

Touch position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm Reference Value = 27.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.49 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.06 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.649 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 mW/g



 $0 \; dB = 1.15 mW/g$

Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 13:38:40Date/Time: 2008-01-09 13:45:08

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

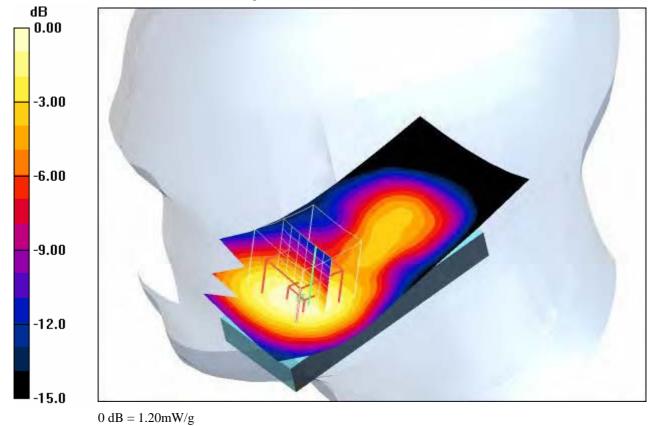
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 1.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.662 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 mW/g



Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 22.0° C; liquid temperature: 20.4° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 14:00:14Date/Time: 2008-01-09 14:06:44

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

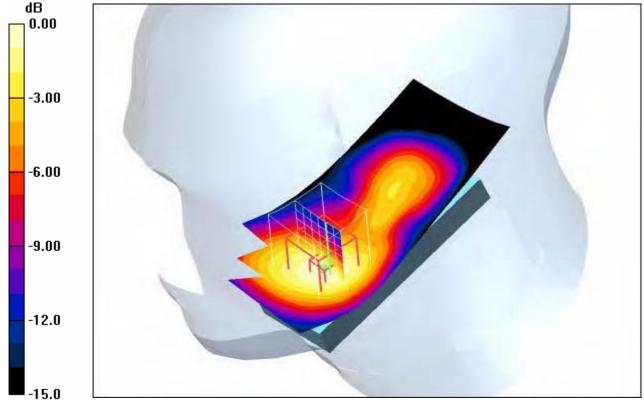
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Touch position - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 mW/g

Touch position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm Reference Value = 28.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.06 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.624 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 1.16 mW/g$

Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 12:09:32Date/Time: 2008-01-09 12:15:59

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

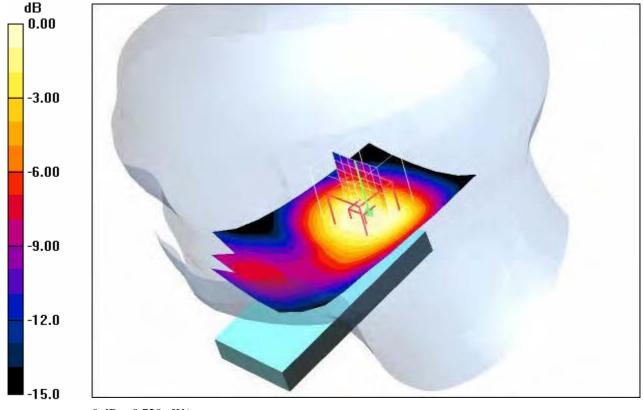
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.835 mW/g

Tilt position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm Reference Value = 23.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.886 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.678 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.445 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.728 mW/g



 $0 \ dB = 0.728 mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 21.5° C; liquid temperature: 20.2° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 12:30:10Date/Time: 2008-01-09 12:36:37

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.45 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

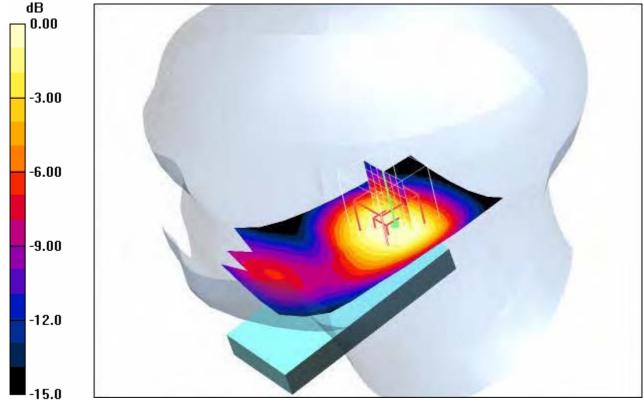
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.806 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.879 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.655 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.424 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.703 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 0.703 mW/g$

Additional information:

position or distance of DUT to SAM (if not standard head positions) : ambient temperature: 21.6° C; liquid temperature: 20.2° C



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 12:51:00Date/Time: 2008-01-09 12:57:31

P1528_OET65-RightHandSide-GSM1900

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.45 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

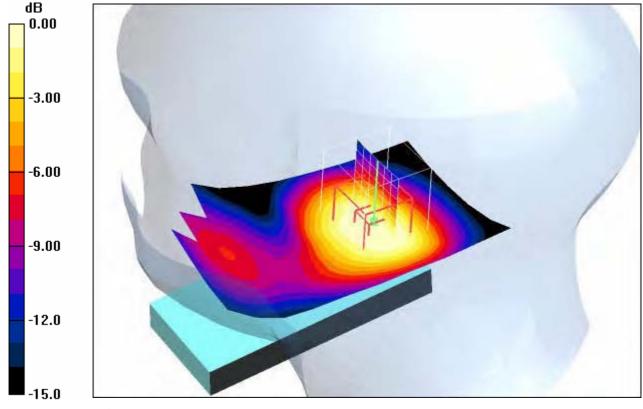
- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Tilt position - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.751 mW/g

Tilt position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm Reference Value = 21.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.811 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.597 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.384 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.639 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 0.639 mW/g$

Additional information:



Annex 2.4 PCS 1900 MHz body

Date/Time: 2008-01-09 15:43:47Date/Time: 2008-01-09 15:50:08Date/Time: 2008-01-09 16:01:57 P1528 OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Front position - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.325 mW/g

Front position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

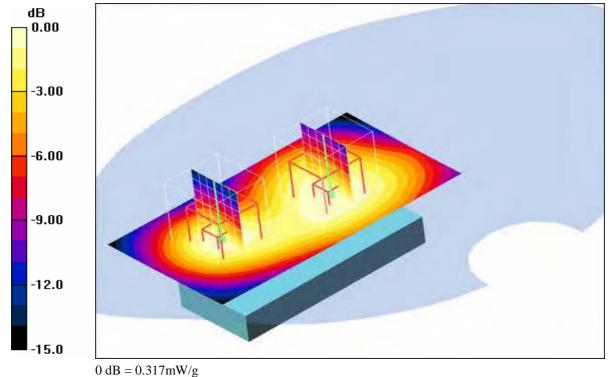
Reference Value = 15.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.091 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.465 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.279 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.303 mW/g

Front position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.091 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.427 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.294 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.196 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.317 mW/g



Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 16:18:04Date/Time: 2008-01-09 16:24:11Date/Time: 2008-01-09 16:35:41

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Front position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

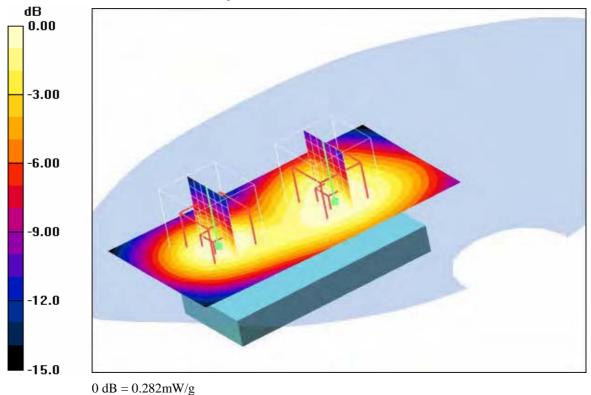
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.302 mW/g

Front position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.055 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.440 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.264 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.288 mW/g

Front position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.055 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.377 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.265 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.177 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.282 mW/g



Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 16:50:28Date/Time: 2008-01-09 16:56:38Date/Time: 2008-01-09 17:08:10

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Front position - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

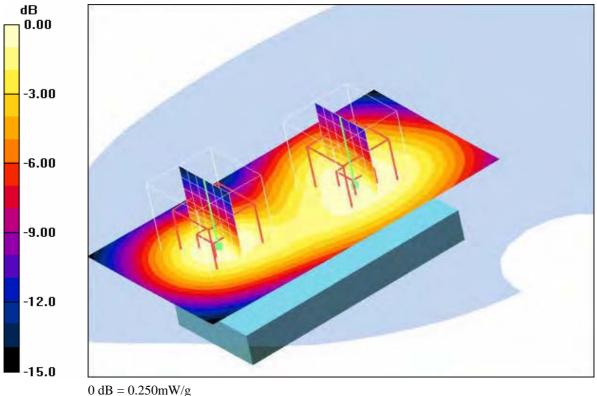
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.266 mW/g

Front position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.067 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.394 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.232 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 mW/g

Front position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.067 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.346 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.232 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 mW/g



Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 17:14:05Date/Time: 2008-01-09 17:20:25Date/Time: 2008-01-09 17:31:53
P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS
DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Low/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.417 mW/g

Rear position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.596 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.363 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.394 mW/g

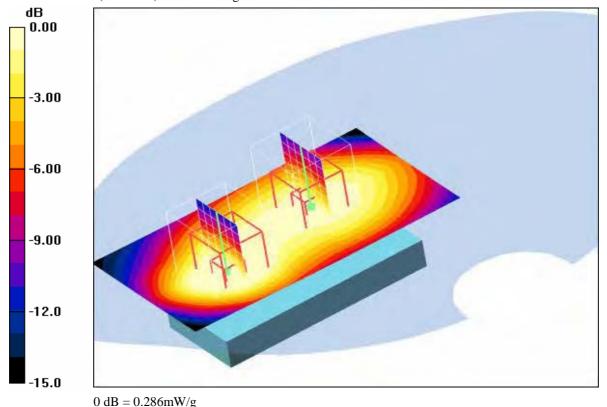
Rear position - Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm,

dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.398 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.268 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.180 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.286 mW/g



Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 17:47:29Date/Time: 2008-01-09 17:53:56Date/Time: 2008-01-09 18:05:25 **P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS** DUT: Sony Friegeon: Type: AAA 10042081 BV EC: Soriel: TP81070008

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Phantom section: Flat Sect

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.393 mW/g

Rear position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

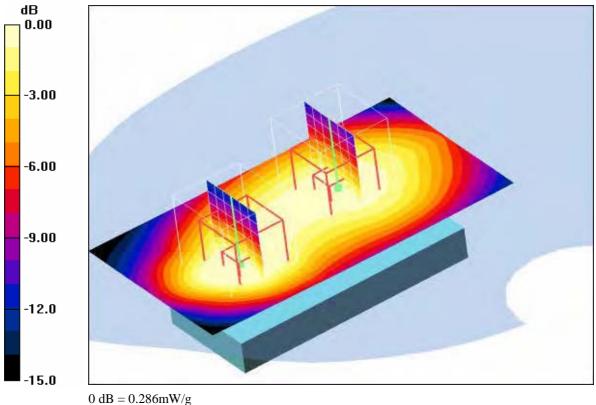
Reference Value = 16.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.018 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.563 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.331 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.194 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.359 mW/g

Rear position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.018 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.407 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.270 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.286 mW/g



Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 18:20:04Date/Time: 2008-01-09 18:26:33Date/Time: 2008-01-09 18:38:03 P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Rear position -High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.338 mW/g

Rear position -High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.016 dB

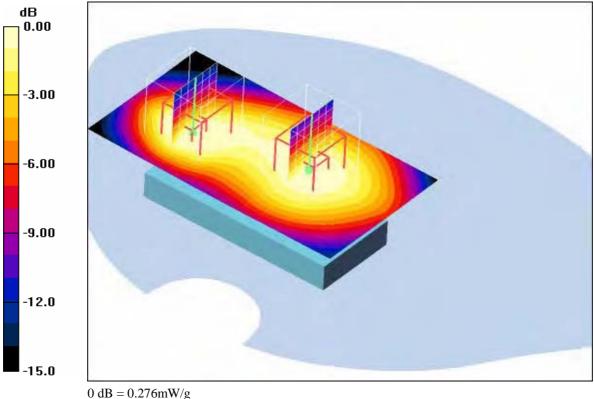
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.507 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.291 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.316 mW/g

Rear position -High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.016 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.401 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.259 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.276 mW/g



Additional information:



Date/Time: 2008-01-09 18:43:40Date/Time: 2008-01-09 18:51:06Date/Time: 2008-01-09 19:02:44

P1528_OET65-Body-GSM1900 GPRS + BT

DUT: Sony Ericsson; Type: AAA-10042081-BV FG; Serial: TP81070098

Communication System: PCS 1900 GPRS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: M1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1558; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 2007-08-23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn477; Calibrated: 2007-05-22
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM; Serial: 1043
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

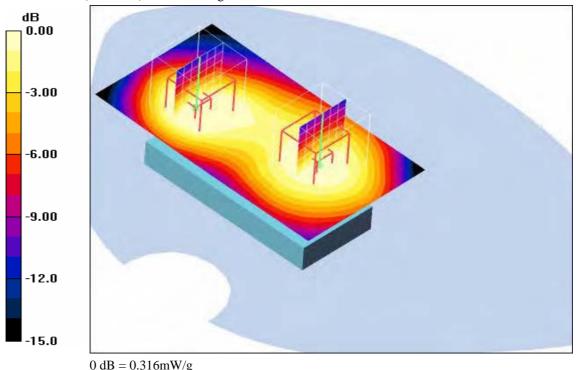
Rear position - Low + BT/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.461 mW/g

Rear position - Low + BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 17.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.658 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.398 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.234 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.437 mW/g

Rear position - Low + BT/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

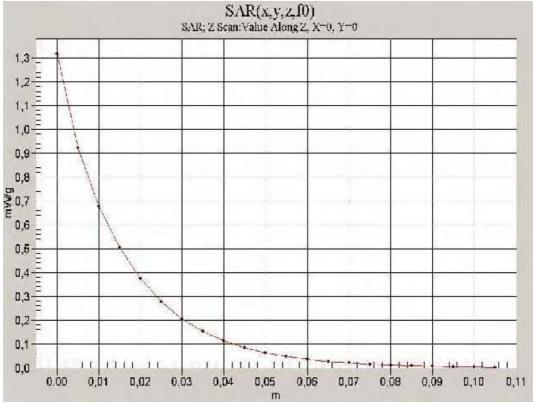
Reference Value = 17.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.435 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.296 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.316 mW/g



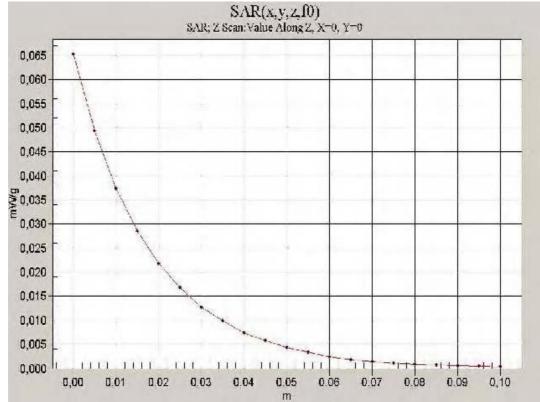
Additional information:



Annex 2.5 Z-axis scans



Z-axis scans 850 MHz head

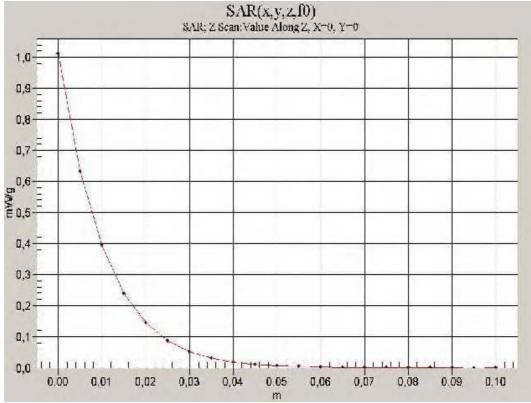


Z-axis scans 850 MHz body

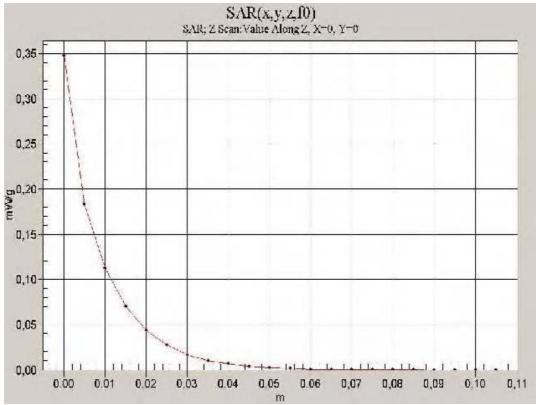
CETECOM ICT Services GmbH



Test report no.: 2-4576-46-02/07



Z-axis scans 1900 MHz head



Z-axis scans 1900 MHz body