

Prepared (also subject responsible if other)

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NM *Ramadan Plicanic*

Approved

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NMC *Peter Lindeborg*

Checked

061215

Company Internal
REPORT

No.

BGGIN06:534

Date

061214

Rev

A

Reference

File

Report issued by Accredited SAR Laboratory**for****PY7A1022071 (W888c)****Date of test:** *7 and 11 December, 2006***Laboratory:** Sony Ericsson SAR Test Laboratory
Sonyericsson Mobile Communications AB
Nya Vattentornet
SE-221 82 LUND, Sweden**Testing Engineer:** *Ramadan Plicanic*
Ramadan.Plicanic@sonyericsson.com
+46 46 19 38 62**Testing Approval** *Peter Lindeborg*
Peter.Lindeborg@sonyericsson.com
+46 46 212 61 80**Statement of Compliance**

Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB declares under its sole responsibility that the product

Sony EricssonType : AAB-1022071-BV; FCC ID : PY7A1022071; IC:4170B-A1022071

to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate RF exposure standards recommendations and guidelines. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(None)

This laboratory is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 (SWEDAC accreditation no. 1847).



Laboratories are accredited by the Swedish Board for Accreditation and Conformity Assessment (SWEDAC) under the terms of Swedish legislation. The accredited laboratory activities meet the requirements in SS-EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2000). This report may not be reproduced other than in full, except with the prior written approval of the issuing laboratory.

The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Sony Ericsson encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this report.

© Sony Ericsson Mobile Communication AB, 2006



Prepared (also subject responsible if other)

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NM *Ramadan Plicanic*

Approved

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NMC Peter Lindeborg

Checked

061215

No.

BGGIN06:534

Date

061214

Rev

A

Reference

File

1 Table of contents

2	INTRODUCTION.....	3
3	DEVICE UNDER TEST.....	3
3.1	ANTENNA DESCRIPTION	3
3.2	DEVICE DESCRIPTION	3
4	TEST EQUIPMENT.....	4
4.1	DOSIMETRIC SYSTEM.....	4
4.2	ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT	4
5	ELECTRICAL PARAMETERS ON THE TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID	5
6	SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATION.....	5
7	SAR MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	6
8	TEST RESULTS	7
9	REFERENCES.....	8
10	APPENDIX	9
10.1	PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST	10
10.2	DEVICE POSITION ON SAM TWINS PHANTOM	11



Prepared (also subject responsible if other)

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NM *Ramadan Plicanic*

Approved

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NMC Peter Lindeborg

Checked

061215

No.

BGGIN06:534

Date

061214

Rev

A

Reference

File

2 Introduction

In this test report, compliance of the Sony Ericsson PY7A1022071 portable telephone with RF safety guidelines is demonstrated. The applicable RF safety guidelines and the SAR measurement specifications used for the test are described in the *SAR Measurement Specifications of Wireless Handsets* [1].

3 Device Under Test

3.1 Antenna Description

Type	Build in	
Location	Up on the back side	
Dimensions	Max length	38mm
	Max width	28mm
Configuration	PIFA	

3.2 Device description

Device model	PY7A1022071 (W888c)					
Serial number	CB510B9RQY (#6156)					
Mode	GSM1900					
Multiple Access Scheme	TDMA			TDMA, GPRS 2slots		
Output Power Setting (dBm)	fl	fm	fh	fl	fm	fh
	29.3	30.0	30.0	30.7	30.7	30.7
Factory Tolerance in Power Setting	±0.5 dB			±0.5 dB		
Maximum Peak Output Power	fl	fm	fh	31.2dBm		
	29.8	30.5	30.5			
Crest Factor	8.3			4.15		
Transmitting Frequency Range(MHz)	1850.2 – 1909.8					
Prototype or Production Unit	Preproduction HW G-1.1					
Device Category	Portable					
RF exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled					



Prepared (also subject responsible if other)

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NM *Ramadan Plicanic*

Approved

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NMC Peter Lindeborg

Checked

061215

No.

BGGIN06:534

Date

061214

Rev

A

Reference

File

4 Test equipment

4.1 Dosimetric system

SAR measurements were made using the DASY4 professional system (software version 4.6, Built 23.7) with SAM twin phantom, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The list of calibrated equipment is given below.

Description	Serial Number	Due Date
DASY DAE V1	698	052007
E-field probe ET3DV6	3111	052007
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d073	052008

4.2 Additional equipment

Description	Inventory Number	Due Date
Signal generator R&S SML03	INV 20007666	122007
Directional coupler ET Ind	NN	032007
Power meter R&S NRVD	INV 483920	032007
Power sensor R&S NRV-Z5	INV 2333	032007
Power sensor R&S NRV-Z5	INV 2334	032007
Network analyzer HP8753C	INV421671	032007
S-parameter test set HP85047A	INV 421670	032007
Dielectric probe kit HP85070D	INV 20000053	Self cal



Prepared (also subject responsible if other)

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NM *Ramadan Plicanic*

Approved

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NMC Peter Lindeborg

Checked

061215

No.

BGGIN06:534

Date

061214

Rev

A

Reference

File

5 Electrical parameters on the tissue simulating liquid

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity, ϵ_r , and the conductivity, σ , of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with the dielectric probe kit. These values are shown in the table below. The mass density, ρ , entered into the DASY4 software is also given.

Recommended limits for permittivity ϵ_r , conductivity σ and mass density ρ are also shown.

f (MHz)	Tissue type	Measured	Dielectric Parameters		
			ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ρ (g/cm ³)
1900	Head	December 7, 2006	38.5	1.47	1.00
		Recommended	40.0	1.40	1.00
1900	Body	December 11, 2006	50,9	1.58	1.00
		Recommended	53.3	1.52	1.00

6 System accuracy verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY4 was performed using the dipole validation kit listed in section 3.1. The system verification test was conducted on the same day as the measurement of the DUT. Measurement made in ambient temperature 22.0-22.5 °C and humidity 35%. The obtained results are displayed in the table below.

RF noise had been measured in liquid when all RF equipment in lab was set off. Measured value was 0.000012mW/g in 1g mass.

f (MHz)	Liquid	Measured	SAR (W/kg) 1g/10g	Dielectric Parameters			Liquid t(°C)
				ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ρ (g/cm ³)	
1900	Head	December 7, 2006	40.1/20.6	38.5	1.47	1.00	21.6
		Reference	38.7/20.4	39.4	1.41	1.00	22.8
1900	Body	December 11, 2006	40.8/21.3	51.4	1.55	1.00	21.1
		Reference	41.6/22.0	51.6	1.58	1.00	22.7



Prepared (also subject responsible if other)

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NM *Ramadan Plicanic*

Approved

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NMC Peter Lindeborg

Checked

061215

No.

BGGIN06:534

Date

061214

Rev

A

Reference

File

7 SAR measurement uncertainty

DASY4 SAR measurement uncertainty evaluation for Sony Ericsson PY7A1022071 phone According to IEEE 1528

Uncertainty Component	Uncer. (%)	Prob Dist.	Div.	C _i	GSM 1900-Head	GSM 1900-Body
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	±5.9
Axial Isotropy	±4.7	R	√3	0.7	±1.9	±1.9
Spherical Isotropy	±9.6	R	√3	0.7	±3.9	±3.9
Boundary Effect	±1.0	R	√3	1	±1.0	±1.0
Linearity	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	±2.7
System Detection Limits	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	±0.6
Readout electronics	±0.3	N	1	1	±0.3	±0.3
Response time	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	±0.5
Integration time	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	±1.5
RF Ambient Conditions	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	±1.7
Probe Positioner	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	±0.2
Probe Positioning	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	±1.7
Max. SAR Evaluation	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	±0.6
Measurement System Uncertainty					±8.4	±8.4
Test Sample Related						
Device positioning	±2.9	N	1	1	±2.9	±2.9
Device holder uncertainty	±3.6	N	1	1	±3.6	±3.6
Power drift	-3.7/-1.6	R	√3	1	-2.1	-0.9
Test Sample Related Uncertainty					±5.1	±4.7
Phantom and Tissue Parameters						
Phantom uncertainty	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	±2.3
Liquid conductivity (meas)	±2.5	N	1	0.64	±1.6	±1.6
Liquid conductivity (target)	+4.8/+3.9	R	√3	0.64	+1.8	+1.4
Liquid Permittivity (meas)	±2.5	N	1	0.6	±1.5	±1.5
Liquid Permittivity (target)	-3.8/-4.5	R	√3	0.6	-1.3	-1.6
Phantom and Tissue Parameters Uncertainty					±3.9	±3.8
Combined standard uncertainty					±10.6	±10.3
Extended standard uncertainty (k=2)					±21.2	±20.6



Prepared (also subject responsible if other)

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NM *Ramadan Plicanic*

Approved

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NMC Peter Lindeborg

Checked

061215

No.

BGGIN06:534

Date

061214

Rev

A

Reference

File

8 Test results

The measured 1-gram averaged SAR values of the device against head and body are provided in Table 1 and Table 2. The ambient humidity and temperature of test facility were (43.3-38.4) % and (22.7–23.0) °C respectively.

The depth of the head and body tissue simulating liquids were 15.9cm and 15.6cm. A base station simulator was used to control the device during the SAR measurements. The phone was supplied with full-charged battery for each measurement.

For head measurement, the device was tested on the right-hand phantom (corresponding to the right side of the head) and the left-hand phantom in two different phones position, cheek (touch) and tilt (cheek + 15deg). For all modes, the device was tested at the lowest, middle and highest frequencies in the transmit band.

For body measurements the phone was tested in speech and data mode when the phone's antenna (Back) was against the flat section of the phantom with 15mm distance. For worst case phone was tested with front against the flat section. For speech mode it's used Sony Ericsson portable hands free HPB-60 or BT portable hands free HBH-610a.

Mode	Channel	Power (dB)	Phone Position	Liquid t (°C)	SAR (W/kg)	
					Right-hand	Left-hand
					1g mass	1g mass
1900 GSM	512	30.0	Cheek	21.6	1.55	1.16
			Tilt	22.6	-	-
	661	30.4	Cheek	22.6	1.23	0.97
			Tilt	22.6	0.43	0.36
	810	30.5	Cheek	22.6	1.04	0.88
			Tilt	22.6	-	-

Table1: SAR measurement results for Sony Ericsson PY7A1022071 telephone at highest possible output power. Measured against the head.

Mode	Channel	Power (dBm)	Phone Position	Liquid t (°C)	SAR (W/kg) in 1 g mass
1900 GSM	512	30.0	Antenna to phantom, speech, HBH610a	21.1	0.51
			Antenna to phantom, data, GPRS 2SI	21.1	0.94
			Front to phantom, data, GPRS 2SI	21.1	0.70
	661	30.4	Antenna to phantom, speech, HBH610a	21.1	0.38
			Antenna to phantom, data, GPRS 2SI	21.1	0.74
	810	30.5	Antenna to phantom, speech, HBH610a	21.1	0.31
Antenna to phantom, data, GPRS 2SI			21.1	0.61	

Table2: SAR measurement results for Sony Ericsson PY7A1022071 telephone at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.



Company Internal
REPORT

Prepared (also subject responsible if other)

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NM *Ramadan Plicanic*

Approved

LD/SEMC/BGLI/NMC Peter Lindeborg

Checked

061215

No.

BGGIN06:534

Date

061214

Rev

A

Reference

File

9 References

[1] R.Plicanic, "SAR Measurement Specification of Wireless Handsets", Sony Ericsson SAR Test Laboratory internal document GUG/N 03:141

[2] Basic standard for the Measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300MHz-3GHz), European Standard EN 50361, July 2001

[3] FCC, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields: Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Emissions," Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97- 01).

[4] IEEE, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques," Std 1528-2003, June, 2003.

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 31.05.2006 11:49:47

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d073

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 mW/g

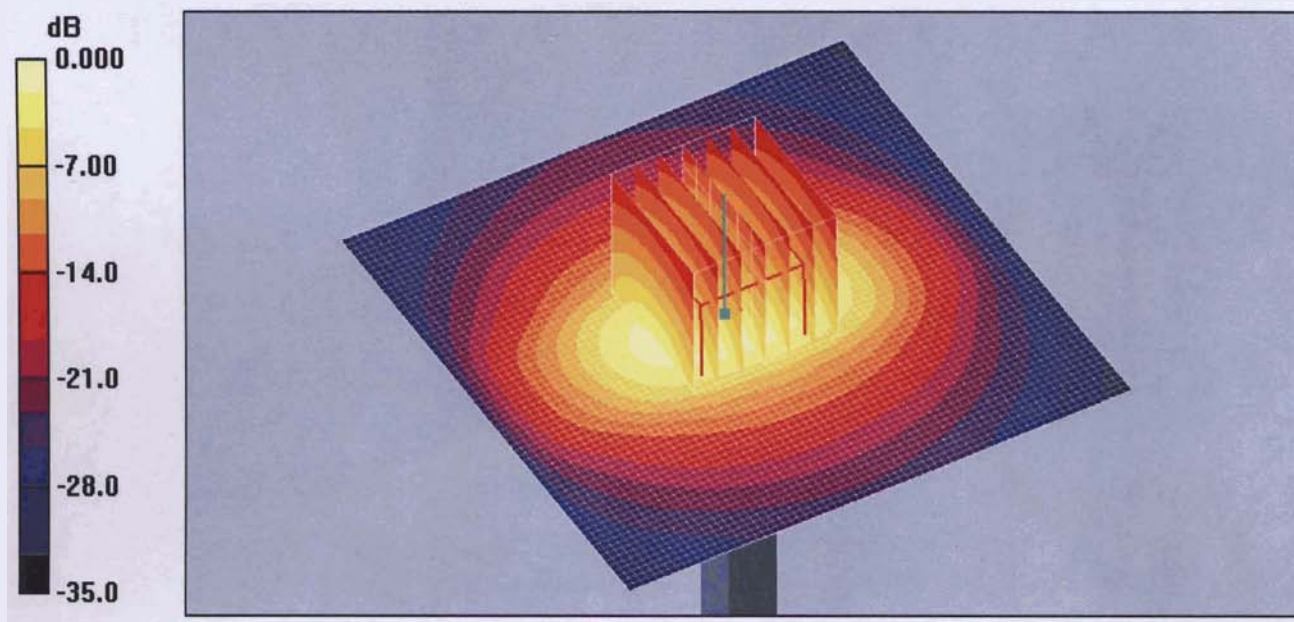
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.67 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.11 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



0 dB = 10.9mW/g

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 31.05.2006 14:35:04

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d073

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.3, 4.3, 4.3); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.6 mW/g

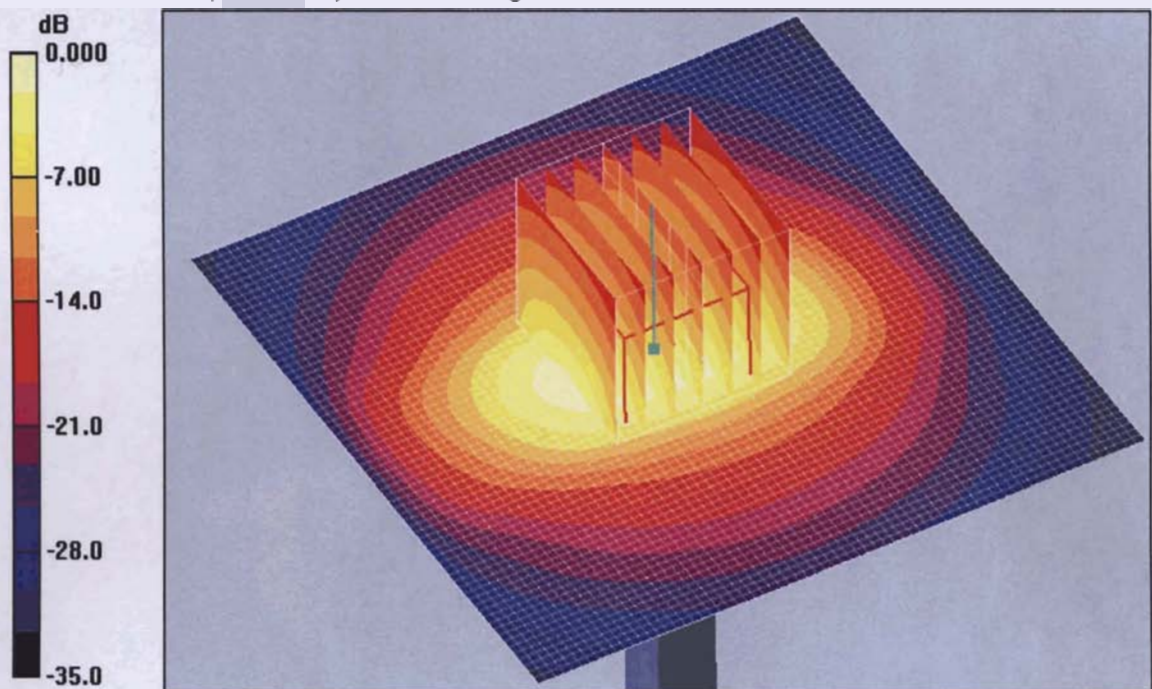
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-12-07 11:58:30

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
 File Name: [Verification_1900MHz_Head_061207_RP.da4](#)

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d073

Program Name: System Performance Check at 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3111; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 2006-05-31
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2006-05-09
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.75 mW/g

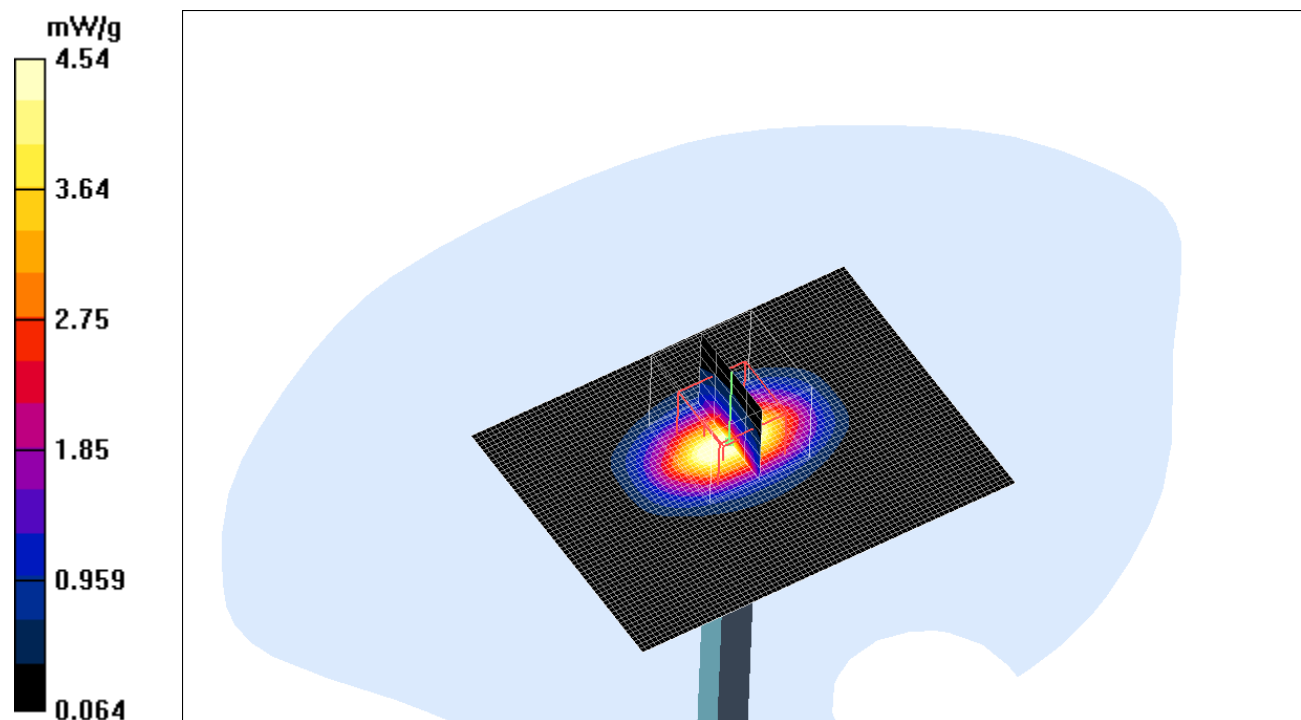
d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.54 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-12-11 12:16:46

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
 File Name: [Verification_1900MHz_Body_061211_RP.da4](#)

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d073
Program Name: System Performance Check at 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3111; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 2006-05-31
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2006-05-09
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.01 mW/g

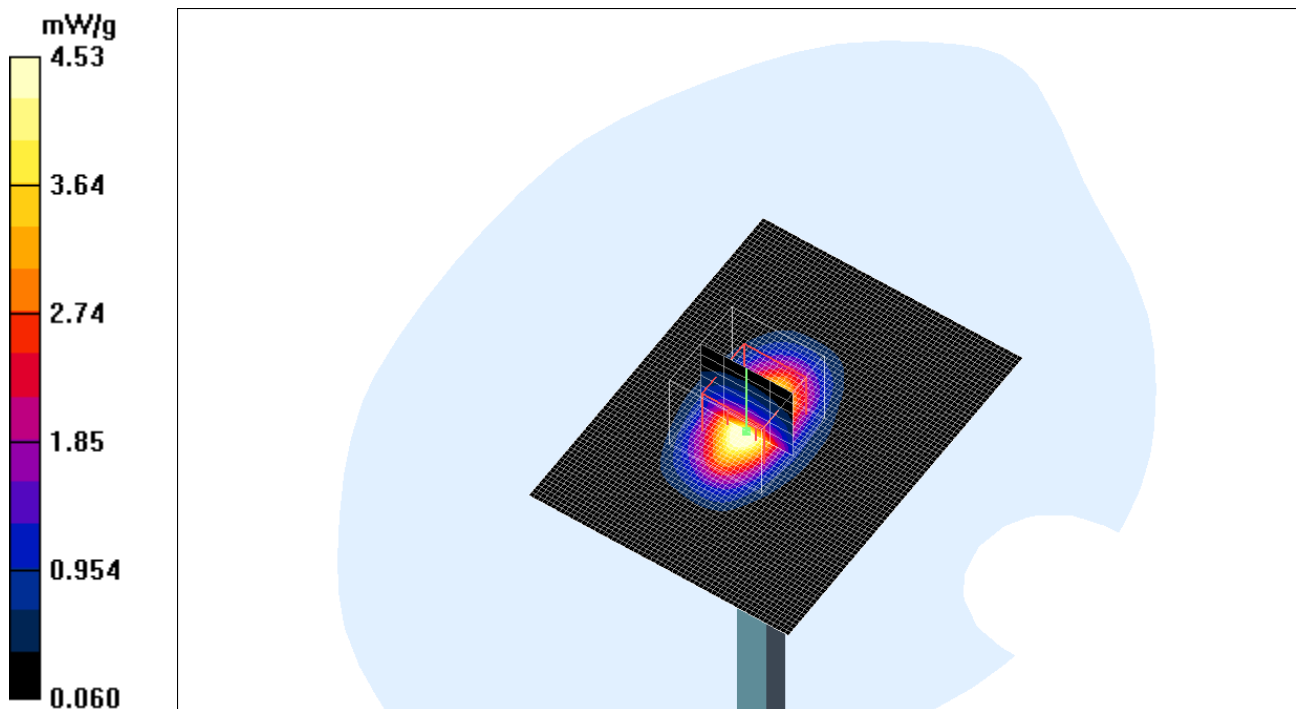
d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,
 dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.53 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-12-07 12:39:52

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
 File Name: [ch661_LeftTilt_061207_RP.da4](#)

DUT: PY7A1022071; Type: GSM900, GSM1800, GSM1900; Serial: CB510B9RQY, #6156
Program Name: SAR Measurement on the Head

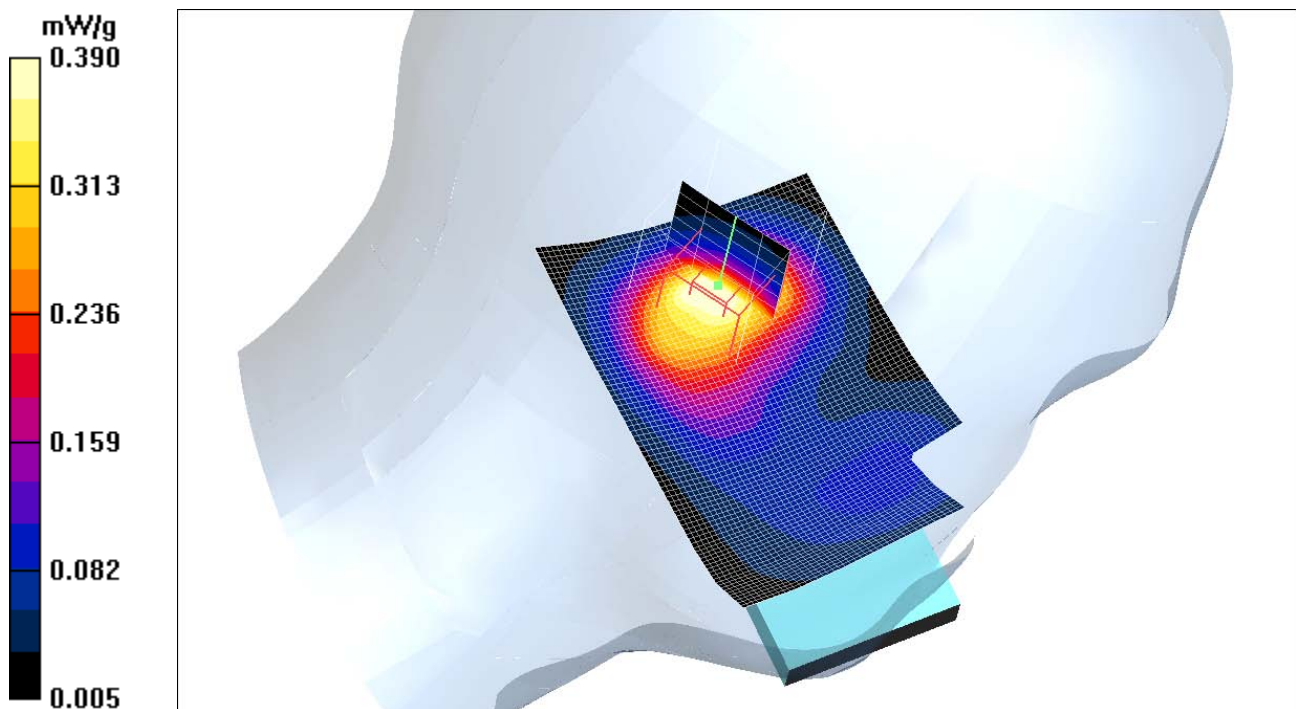
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3111; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 2006-05-31
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2006-05-09
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Left Tilt/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.429 mW/g

Left Tilt/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 17.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.005 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.534 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.356 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.215 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.390 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-12-07 15:09:14

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: [ch512_RightCheek_061207_RP.da4](#)

DUT: PY7A1022071; Type: GSM900, GSM1800, GSM1900; Serial: CB510B9RQY, #6156
Program Name: SAR Measurement on the Head

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3111; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 2006-05-31
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2006-05-09
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Right Cheek/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.84 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.160 dB

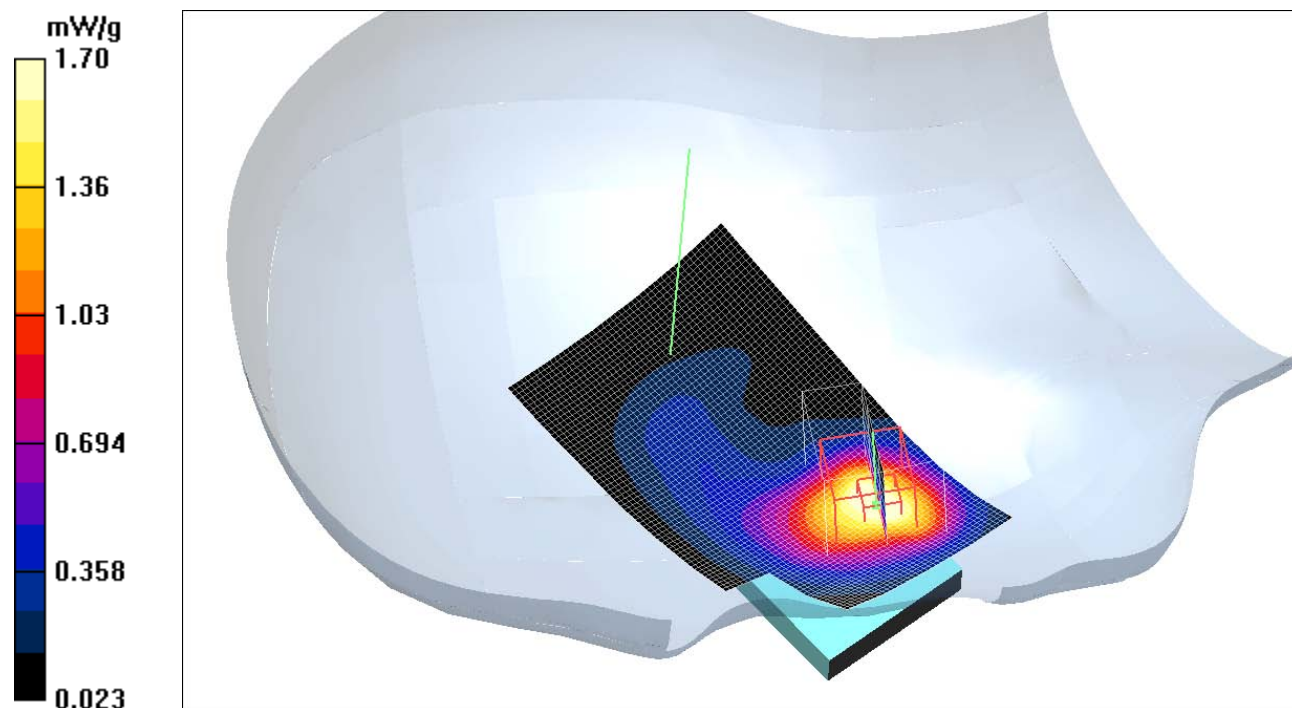
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.43 W/kg

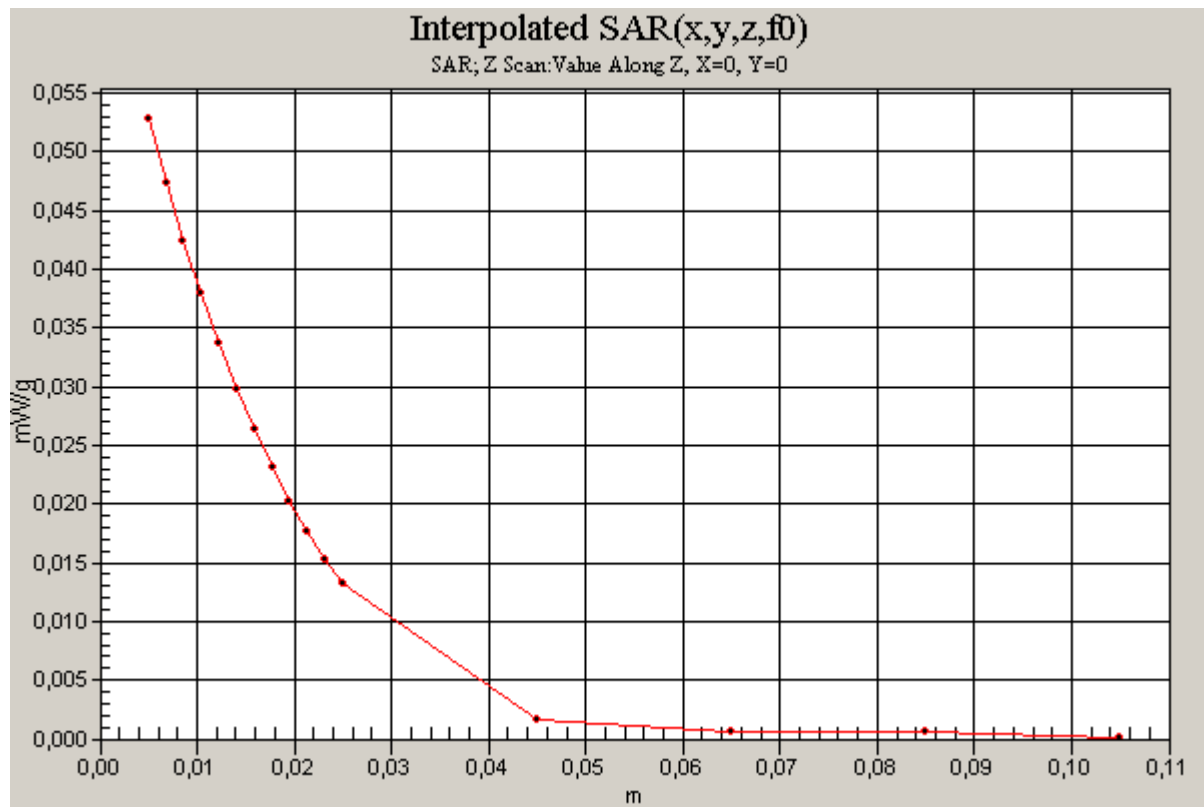
SAR(1 g) = 1.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.898 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.70 mW/g

Right Cheek/Z Scan (1x1x16): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.053 mW/g





Date/Time: 2006-12-07 13:02:17

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB
File Name: [ch512_LeftCheek_061207_RP.da4](#)

DUT: PY7A1022071; Type: GSM900, GSM1800, GSM1900; Serial: CB510B9RQY, #6156
Program Name: SAR Measurement on the Head

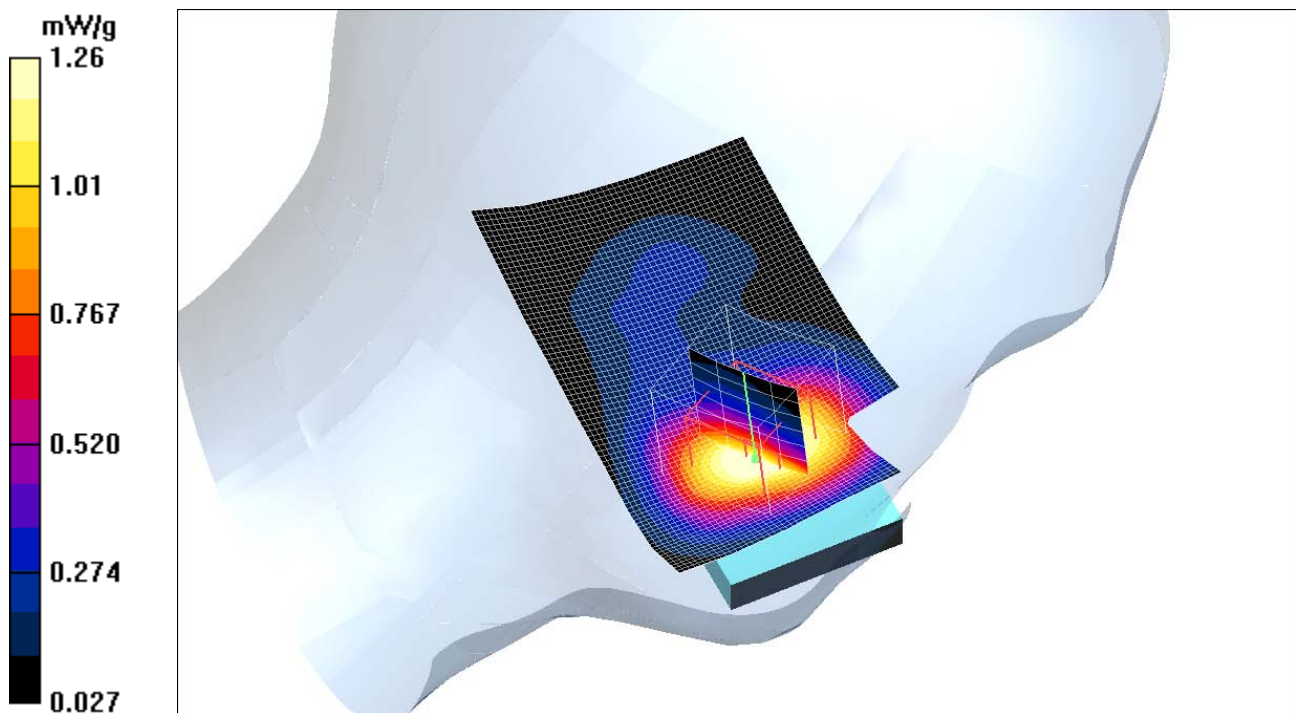
Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3111; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 2006-05-31
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2006-05-09
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Left Cheek/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.35 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.043 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.72 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.733 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-12-07 14:02:29

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: [ch661_RightTilt_061207_RP.da4](#)

DUT: PY7A1022071; Type: GSM900, GSM1800, GSM1900; Serial: CB510B9RQY, #6156
Program Name: SAR Measurement on the Head

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3111; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 2006-05-31

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2006-05-09

- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Right Tilt/Area Scan (51x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.466 mW/g

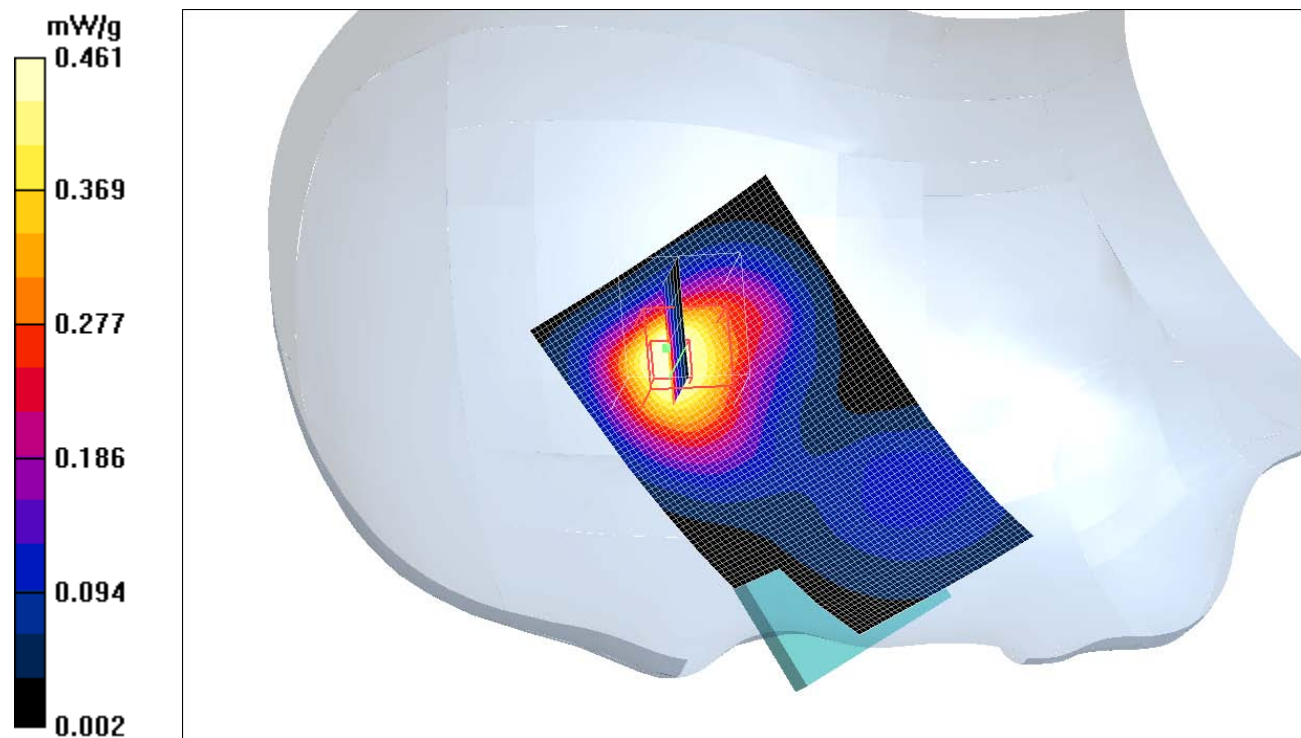
Right Tilt/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.697 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.432 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.253 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.461 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-12-11 12:40:19

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: [ch512_FB+15_TS2slot_061211_RP.da4](#)

DUT: PY7A1022071; Type: GSM900, GSM1800, GSM1900; Serial: CB510B9RQY, #6156
Program Name: SAR Measurement on the Body

Communication System: GSM1900_GPRS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3111; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 2006-05-31
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2006-05-09
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

FB + 15mm/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.15 mW/g

FB + 15mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB

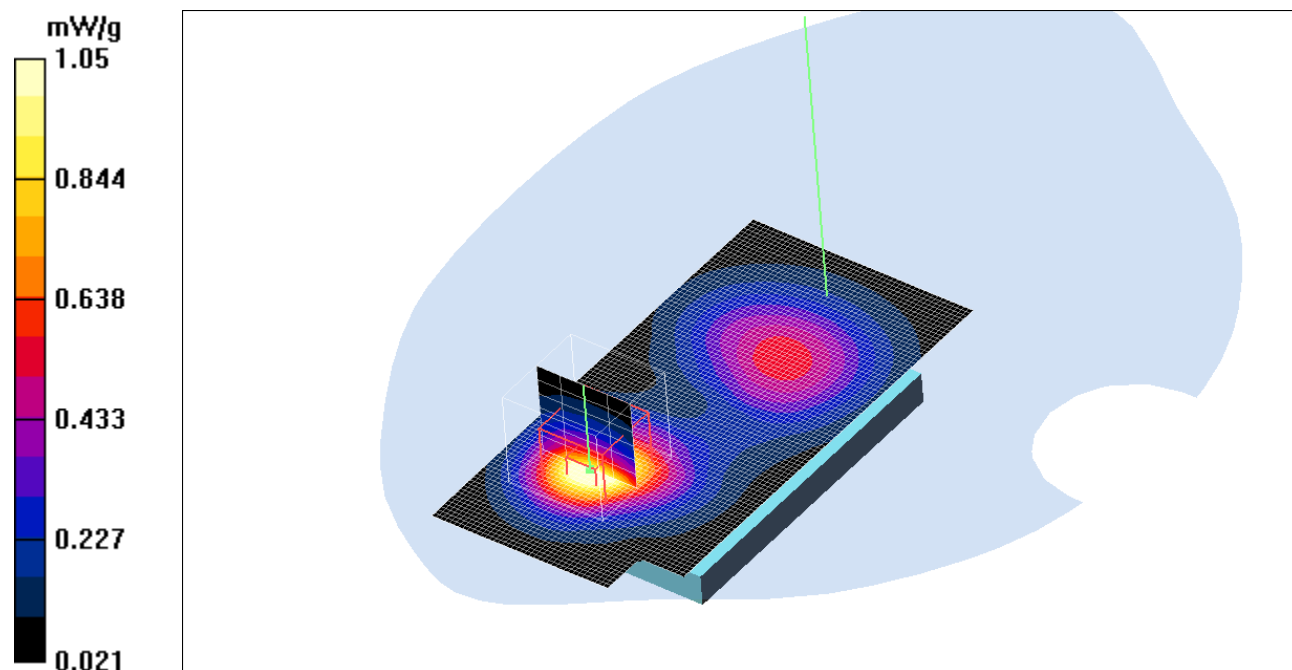
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

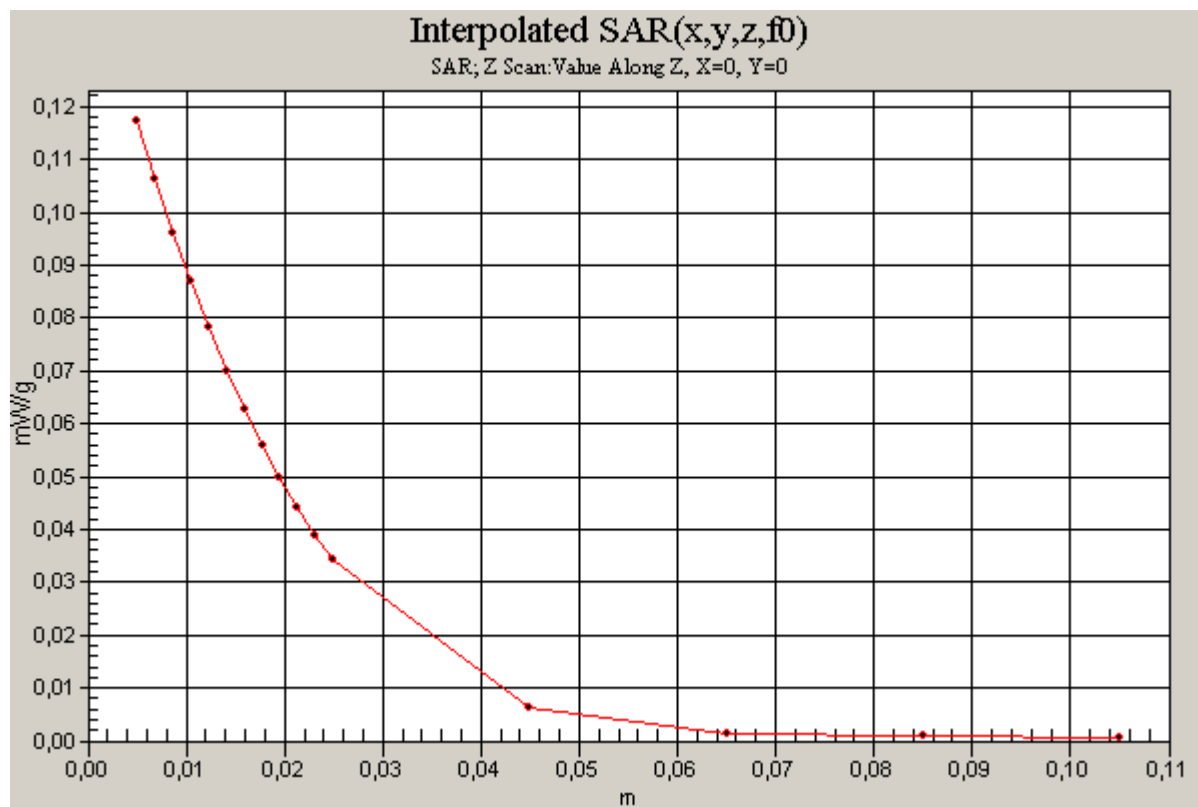
SAR(1 g) = 0.943 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.532 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g

FB + 15mm/Z Scan (1x1x16): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.117 mW/g





Date/Time: 2006-12-11 14:54:00

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: [ch512_FB+15_BT_061211_RP.da4](#)

DUT: PY7A1022071; Type: GSM900, GSM1800, GSM1900; Serial: CB510B9RQY, #6156
Program Name: SAR Measurement on the Body

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3111; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 2006-05-31

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2006-05-09

- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

FB + 15mm, BT/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.588 mW/g

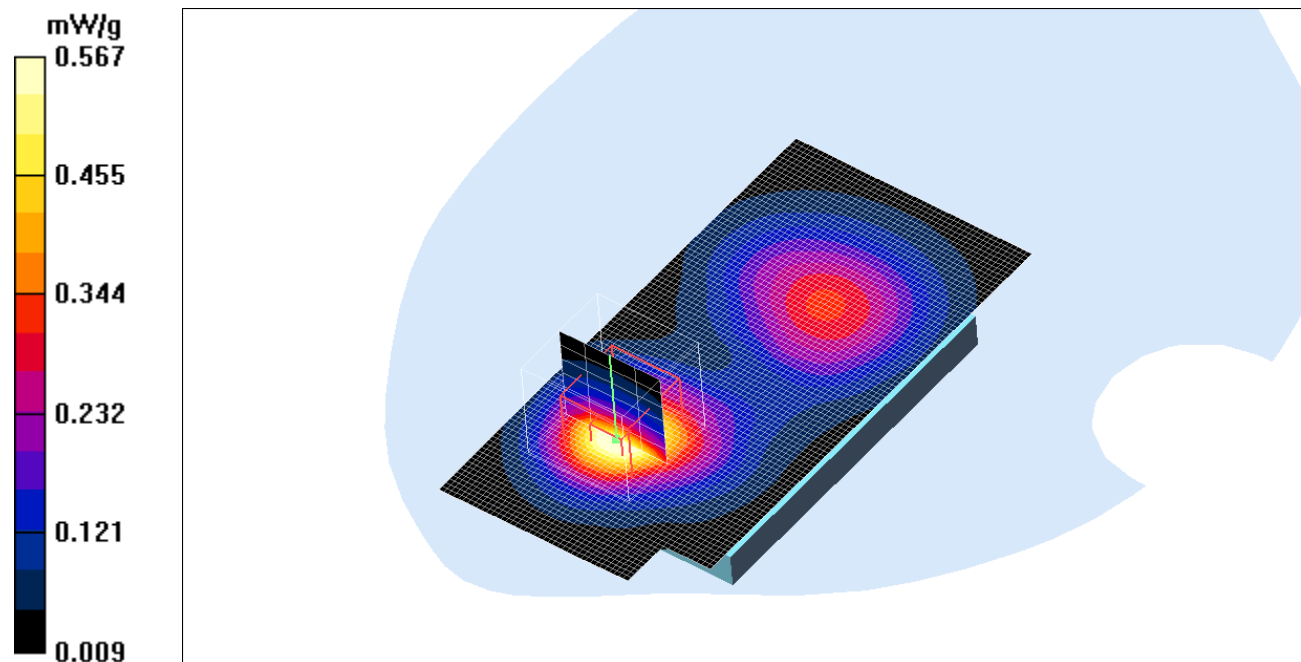
FB + 15mm, BT/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.841 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.511 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.288 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.567 mW/g



Date/Time: 2006-12-11 13:53:39

Test Laboratory: Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB

File Name: [ch512_FF+15_TS2slot_061211_RP.da4](#)

DUT: PY7A1022071; Type: GSM900, GSM1800, GSM1900; Serial: CB510B9RQY, #6156
Program Name: SAR Measurement on the Body

Communication System: GSM1900_GPRS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3111; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 2006-05-31

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn698; Calibrated: 2006-05-09

- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1396

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

FF + 15mm/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.791 mW/g

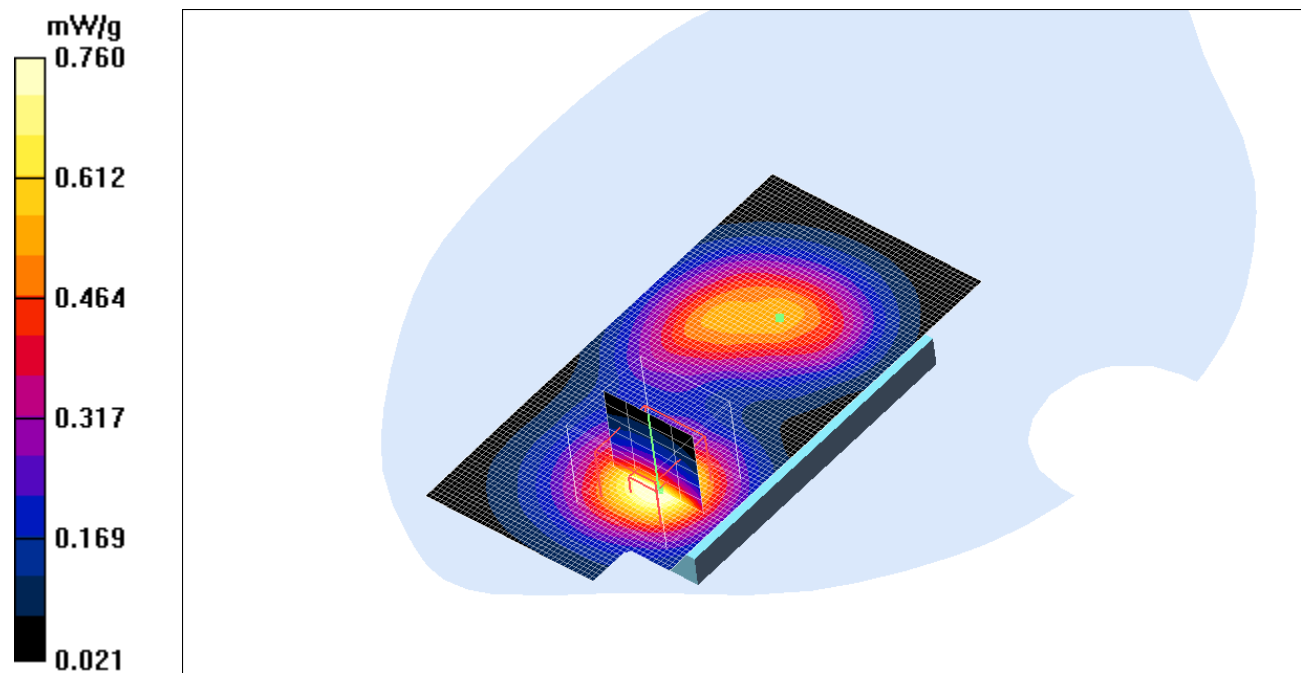
FF + 15mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.695 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.410 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.760 mW/g





Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sony Ericsson Lund**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d073_May06**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d073**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **May 31, 2006**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN: 1507	28-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct05)	Oct-06
DAE4	SN: 601	15-Dec-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Dec05)	Dec-06
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-06

Calibrated by: **Mike Meili** Name: **Mike Meili** Function: **Laboratory Technician** Signature: *[Signature]*

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** Name: **Katja Pokovic** Function: **Technical Manager** Signature: *[Signature]*

Issued: June 1, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 15 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	39.4 \pm 6 %	1.41 mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.8 \pm 0.2) °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.67 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	38.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	38.2 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.11 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	20.3 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.7 ± 6 %	1.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.7 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	41.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.50 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	22.2 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6 Ω + 5.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 24.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.9 Ω + 6.4 j Ω
Return Loss	- 23.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.192 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 24, 2006

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 31.05.2006 11:49:47

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d073

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.67 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.11 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



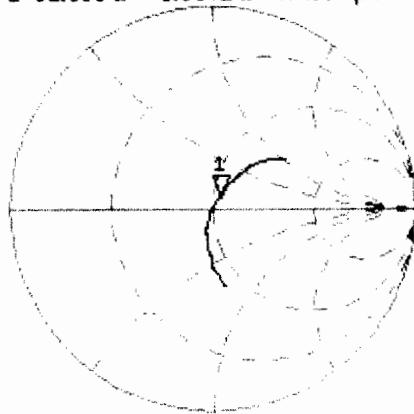
0 dB = 10.9mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

31 May 2006 09:41:45

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 52.600 Ω 5.6641 Ω 474.45 pF 1 900.000 000 MHz

*
Del
CA



Avg
16

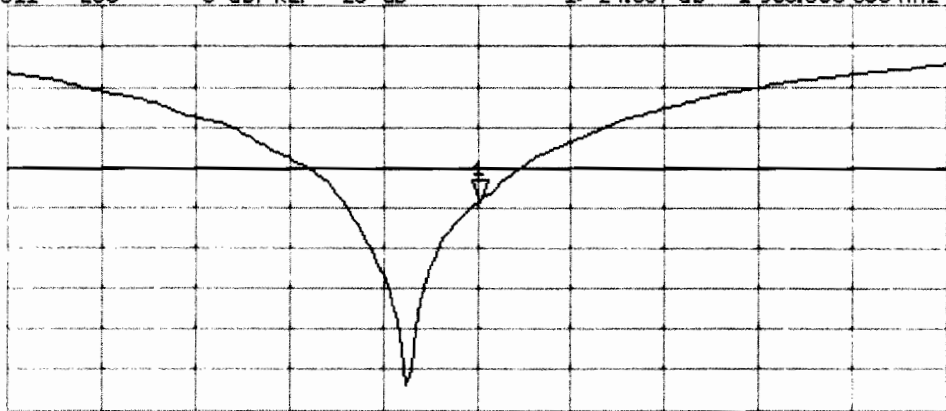
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1:-24.337 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg
16

↑



CENTER 1 900.000 000 MHz

SPAN 400.000 000 MHz

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 31.05.2006 14:35:04

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d073

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.3, 4.3, 4.3); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.6 mW/g

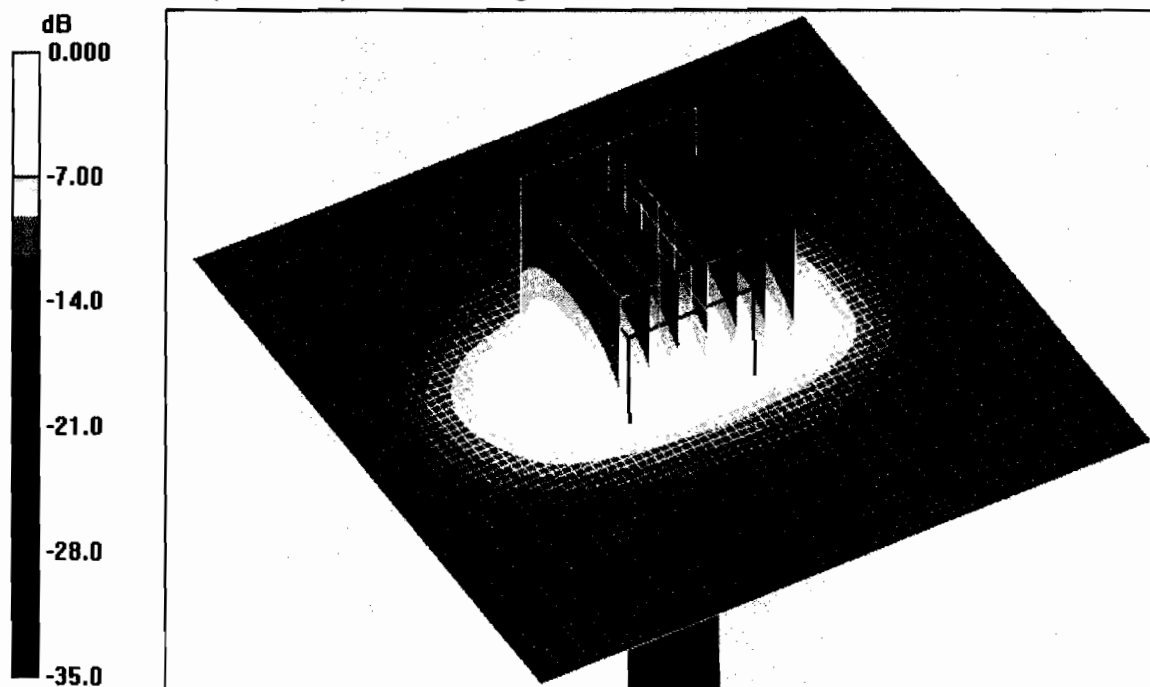
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.5 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 mW/g



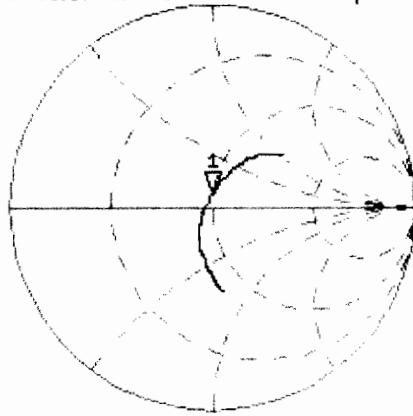
0 dB = 11.7mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

31 May 2006 12:30:26

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 48.850 Ω 6.3867 Ω 534.99 pF 1 900.000 000 MHz

*
Del
CA

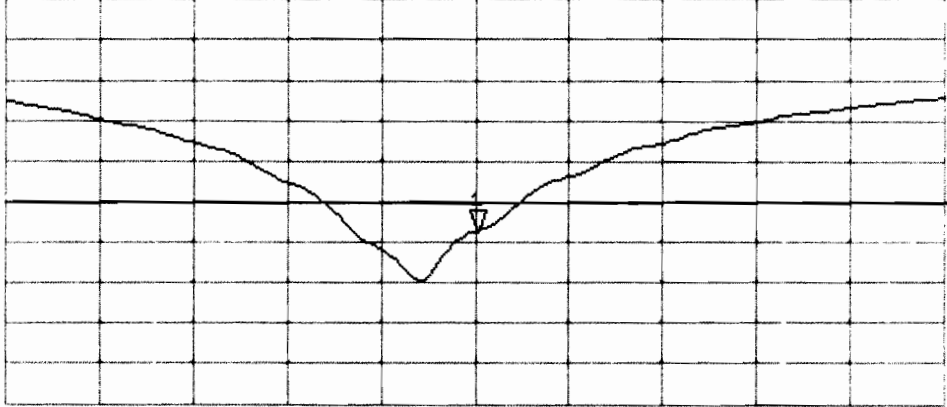


Avg
16
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1:-23.676 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg
16
↑



CENTER 1 900.000 000 MHz

SPAN 400.000 000 MHz



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sony Ericsson Lund**

Certificate No. **ES3-3111_May06**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN: 3111**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v5
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **May 31, 2006**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499)	Aug-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558)	Apr-07
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan06)	Jan-07
DAE4	SN: 654	2-Feb-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Feb06)	Feb-07

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov 06

Calibrated by: **Katja Pokovic** (Name) **Technical Manager** (Function)  (Signature)

Approved by: **Niels Kuster** (Name) **Quality Manager** (Function)  (Signature)

Issued: May 31, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3111

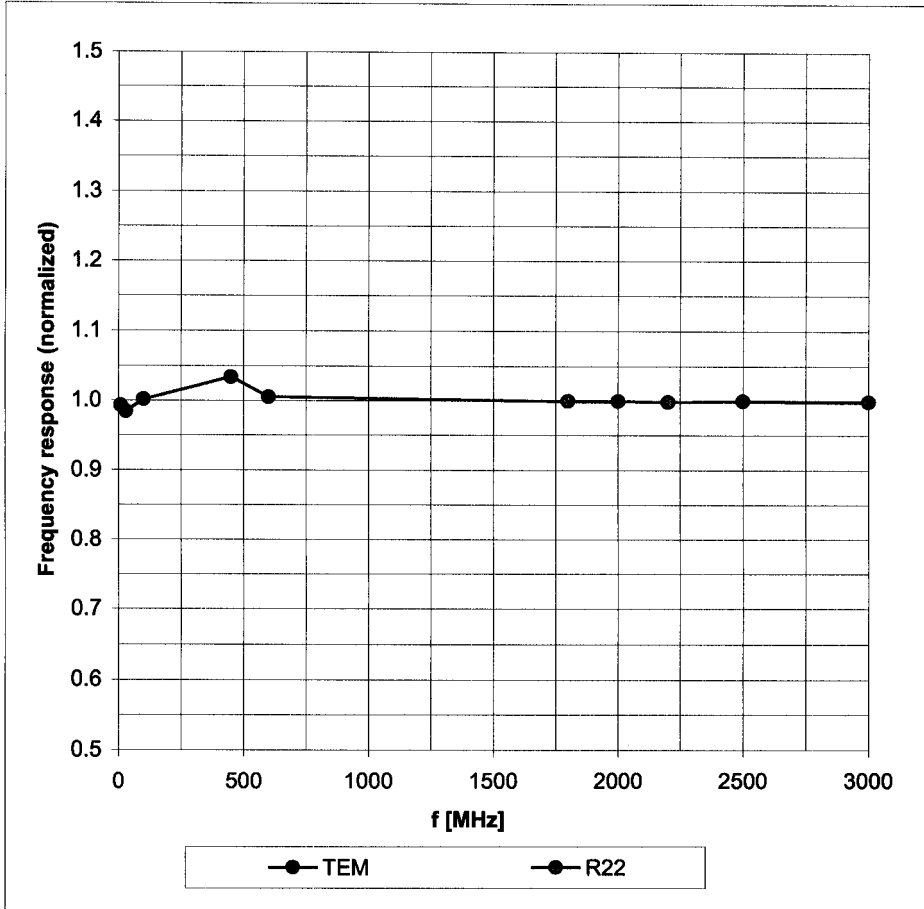
Manufactured:	March 6, 2006
Calibrated:	May 31, 2006

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

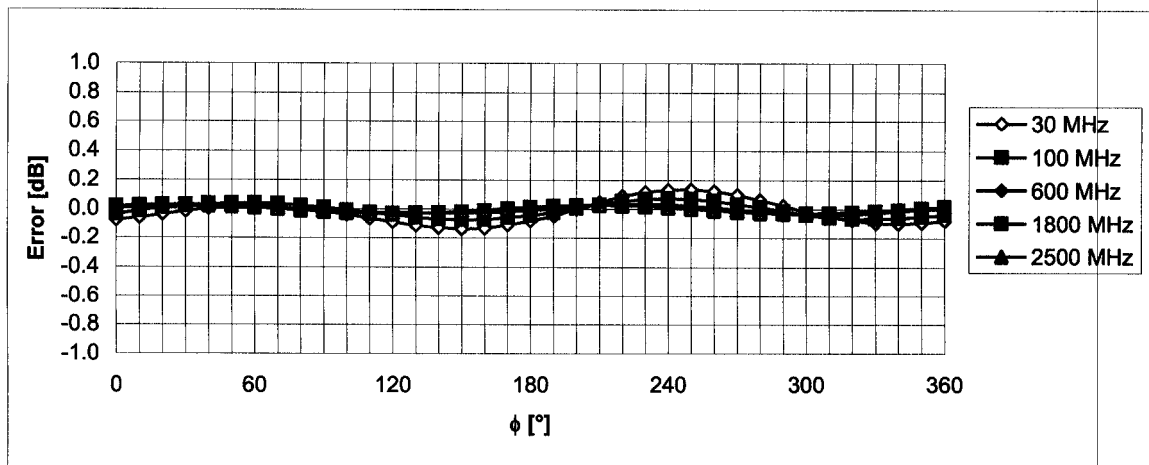
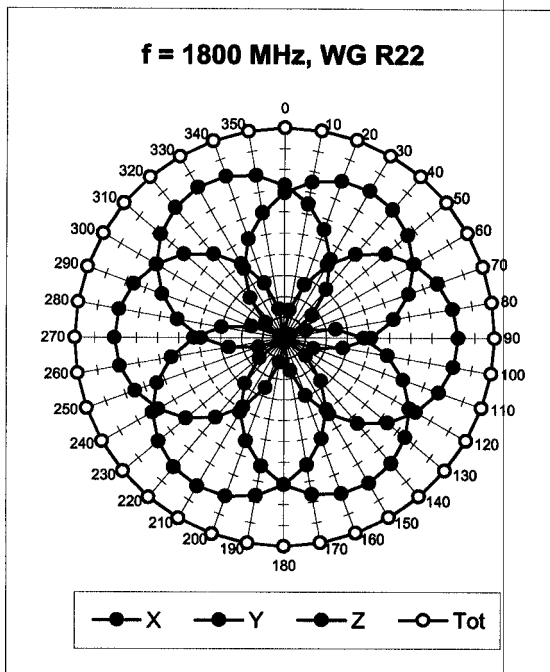
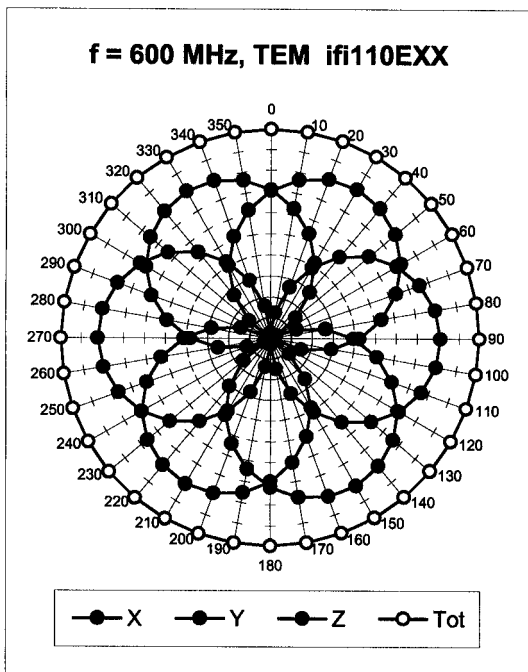
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



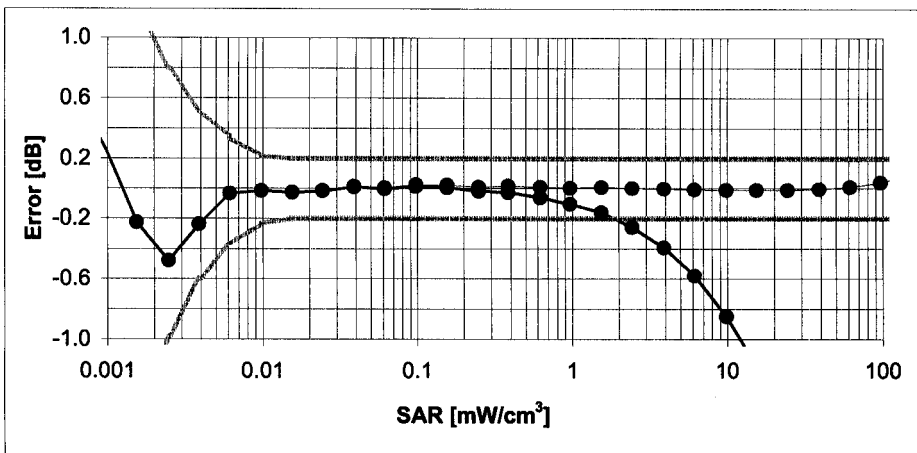
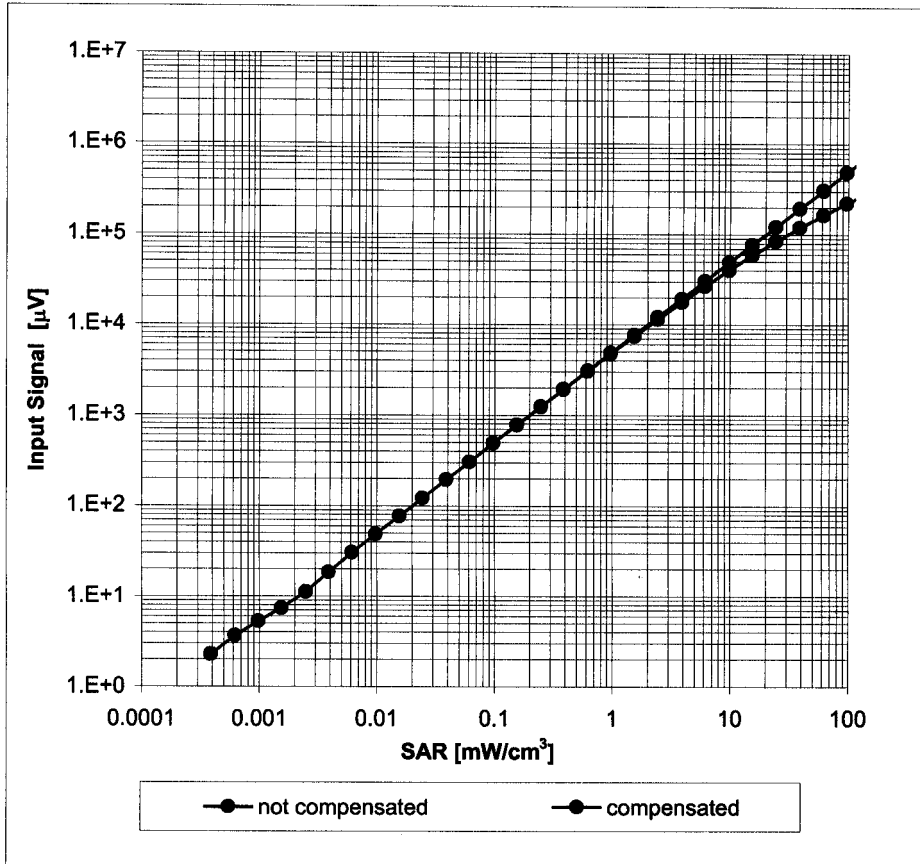
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



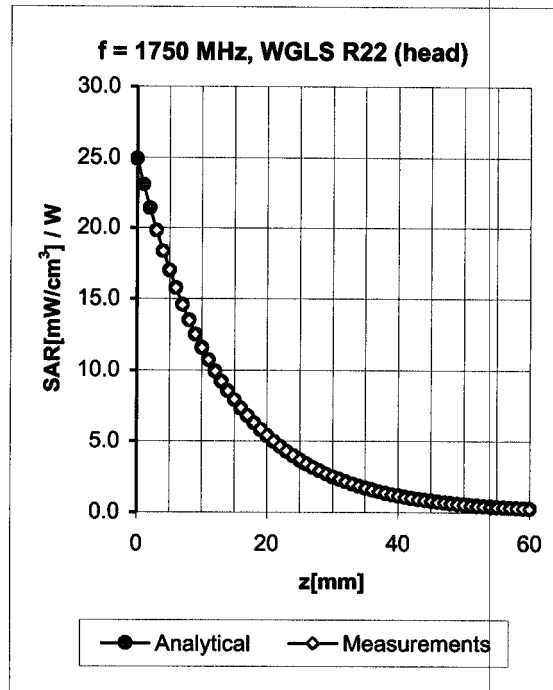
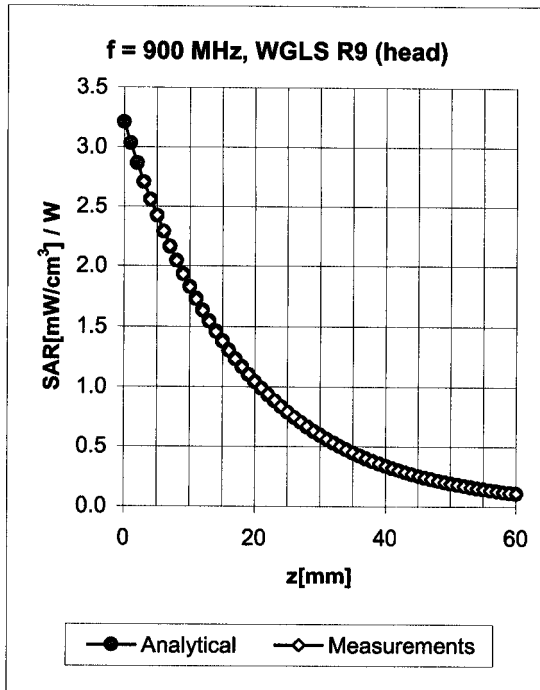
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment

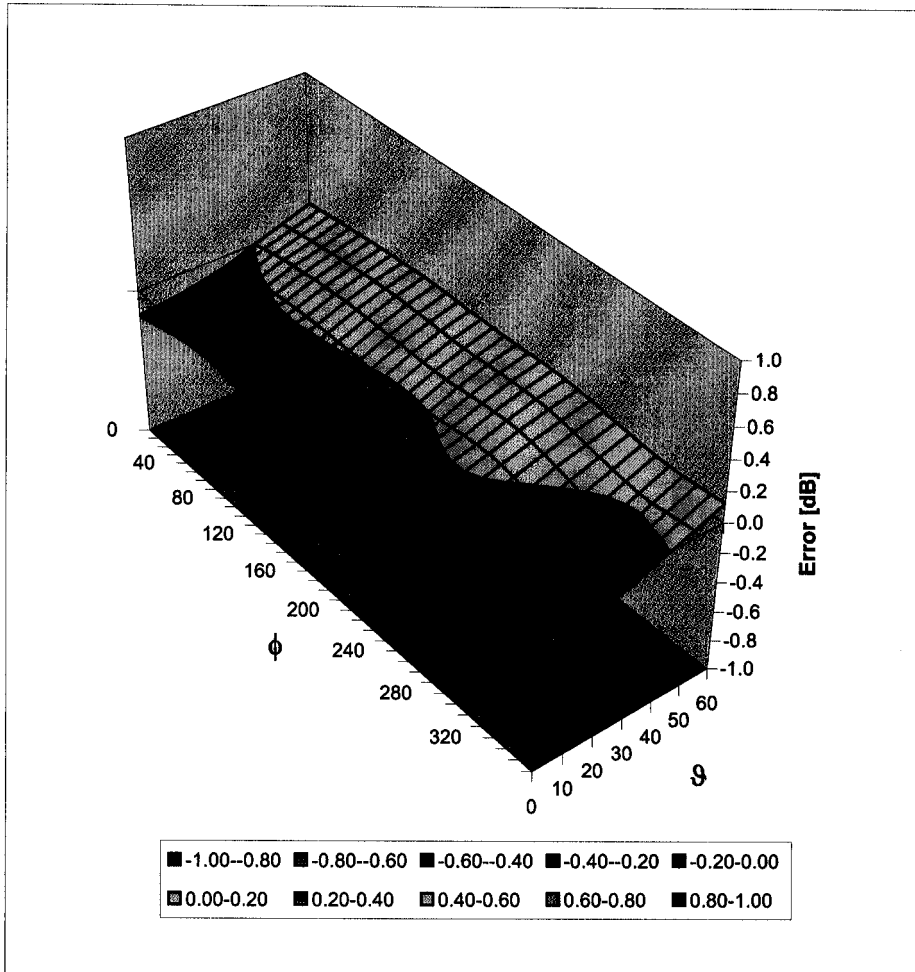


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF	Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.37	1.51	5.93	± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.39	1.51	5.78	± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.30	2.68	5.09	± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.31	2.48	4.91	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.50	1.72	4.41	± 11.8% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.41	1.51	5.92	± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.49	1.38	5.72	± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.26	2.99	4.66	± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.29	2.77	4.52	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.63	1.38	4.14	± 11.8% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)