



**FCC PART 15C
TEST REPORT
No. I15Z41513-SRD02**

for

Sony mobile communications Inc.

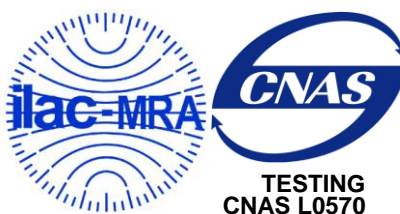
Bluetooth headset

FCC ID: PY7-RD0210

Hardware Version: A

Software Version: V1.0.A.2.2

Issued Date: 2015-09-10



Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of CTTL.

Test Laboratory:

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REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Description	Issue Date
I15Z41513-SRD02	Rev.0	1st edition	2015-07-20
I15Z41513-SRD02	Rev.1	Revised the radiated results	2015-08-19
I15Z41513-SRD02	Rev.2	Revised the EUT information	2015-08-28
I15Z41513-SRD02	Rev.3	Revised the description according to comments	2015-09-10



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1. Test Laboratory

1.1. Testing Location

Location 1:CTTL(huayuan North Road)

Address: No. 52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing,
P. R. China100191

Location 2:CTTL(Shouxiang)

Address: No. 51 Shouxiang Science Building, Xueyuan Road,
Haidian District, Beijing, P. R. China100191

1.2. Project data

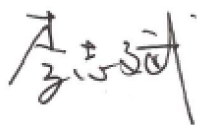
Testing Start Date: 2015-06-09

Testing End Date: 2015-07-20

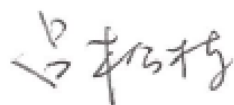
1.3. Signature



Xu Zhongfei
(Prepared this test report)



Li Zhibin
(Reviewed this test report)



Lv Songdong
(Approved this test report)



2. Client Information

2.1. Applicant Information

Company Name: Sony Mobile Communications (China) Co. Ltd
Address /Post: Sony Mobile R&D Center, No. 16, Guangshun South Street,
Chaoyang District
Contact Person: Ma, Gang
Telephone: +86-10-58656312
Fax: +86-10-58659049

2.2. Manufacturer Information

Company Name: Sony Mobile Communications Inc.
Address /Post: 1-8-15 Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 108-0075, Japan
City: Tokyo
Postal Code: 108-0075
Country: Japan

3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1. About EUT

Description	Bluetooth headset
FCC ID	PY7-RD0210
Frequency Band	ISM 2400MHz~2483.5MHz
Type of Modulation	GFSK/ $\pi/4$ DQPSK
Number of Channels	79
Power Supply	3.7V DC by Battery

3.2. Internal Identification of EUT

EUT ID*	SN or IMEI	HW Version	SW Version
EUT1	/	A	V1.0.A.2.2
EUT2	/	A	V1.0.A.2.2

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.3. Internal Identification of AE

AE ID*	Description	SN
AE1	Battery	/
AE3	RF cable	/

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

3.4. Normal Accessory setting

Fully charged battery should be used during the test.

3.5. General Description

The Equipment under Test (EUT) is a model of Bluetooth headset with integrated antenna and inbuilt battery.

It has Bluetooth (EDR) and NFC function.

It consists of normal options: mobile phone, Charger and HeadSet.

Manual and specifications of the EUT were provided to fulfil the test.

Samples undergoing test were selected by the client.



4. Reference Documents

4.1. Documents supplied by applicant

EUT feature information is supplied by the applicant or manufacturer, which is the basis of testing.

4.2. Reference Documents for testing

The following documents listed in this section are referred for testing.

Reference	Title	Version
FCC Part15	FCC CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C: 15.205 Restricted bands of operation; 15.209 Radiated emission limits, general requirements; 15.247 Operation within the bands 902–928MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz.	October, 2014
ANSI C63.10	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices	June,2013

5. Test Results

5.1. Summary of Test Results

Abbreviations used in this clause:

- P** Pass, The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard.
- F** Fail, The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard
- NA** Not Applicable, The test was not applicable
- NP** Not Performed, The test was not performed by CTTL

SUMMARY OF MEASUREMENT RESULTS	Sub-clause	Verdict
Peak Output Power - Conducted	15.247 (b)(1)	P
Frequency Band Edges	15.247 (d)	P
Conducted Emission	15.247 (d)	P
Radiated Emission	15.247, 15.205, 15.209	P
Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	15.247 (a) (1)(iii)	P
20dB Bandwidth	15.247 (a)(1)	NA
Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247 (a)(1)	P
Number of hopping channels	15.247 (a)(b)(iii)	P
AC Powerline Conducted Emission	15.107, 15.207	P

Please refer to **ANNEX A** for detail.

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10.

5.2. Statements

CTTL has evaluated the test cases requested by the applicant /manufacturer as listed in section 5.1 of this report for the EUT specified in section 3 according to the standards or reference documents listed in section 4.2

6. Test Facilities Utilized

Conducted test system

No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Period	Calibration Due date
1	Vector Signal Analyzer	FSQ26	200136	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2016-01-06
2	Bluetooth Tester	CBT32	100649	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2016-02-09
3	Shielding Room	S81	/	ETS-Lindgren	/	/
4	LISN	ENV216	101200	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2016-07-07
5	Test Receiver	ESCI	100344	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2016-03-03

Radiated emission test system

No.	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Period	Calibration Due date
1	Test Receiver	ESCI 7	100948	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2015-07-16
2	Loop antenna	HFH2-Z2	829324/00 7	Rohde & Schwarz	3 year	2017-12-16
3	BiLog Antenna	VULB9163	234	Schwarzbeck	3 year	2016-09-15
4	Dual-Ridge Waveguide Horn Antenna	3115	6914	EMCO	3 year	2017-12-15
5	Dual-Ridge Waveguide Horn Antenna	3116	2661	ETS-Lindgren	3 year	2017-06-30
6	Vector Signal Analyzer	FSV	101047	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2016-07-03
7	Semi-anechoic chamber	/	CT000332 -1074	Frankonia German	/	/
8	Bluetooth Tester	CBT	100153	Rohde & Schwarz	1 year	2015-09-18

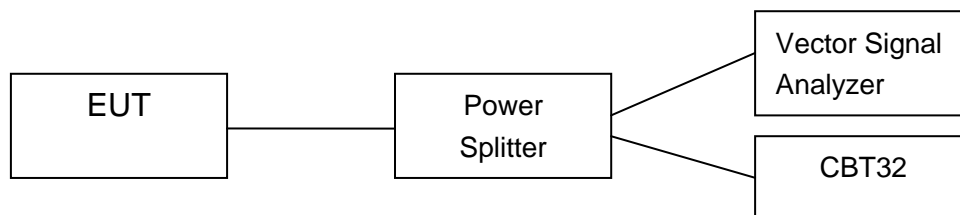
ANNEX A: Detailed Test Results

A.1. Measurement Method

A.1.1. Conducted Measurements

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10.

- 1). Connect the EUT to the test system correctly.
- 2). Set the EUT to the required work mode (Transmitter, receiver or transmitter & receiver).
- 3). Set the EUT to the required channel.
- 4). Set the EUT hopping mode (hopping or hopping off).
- 5). Set the spectrum analyzer to start measurement.
- 6). Record the values. Vector Signal Analyzer



A.1.2. Radiated Emission Measurements

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10

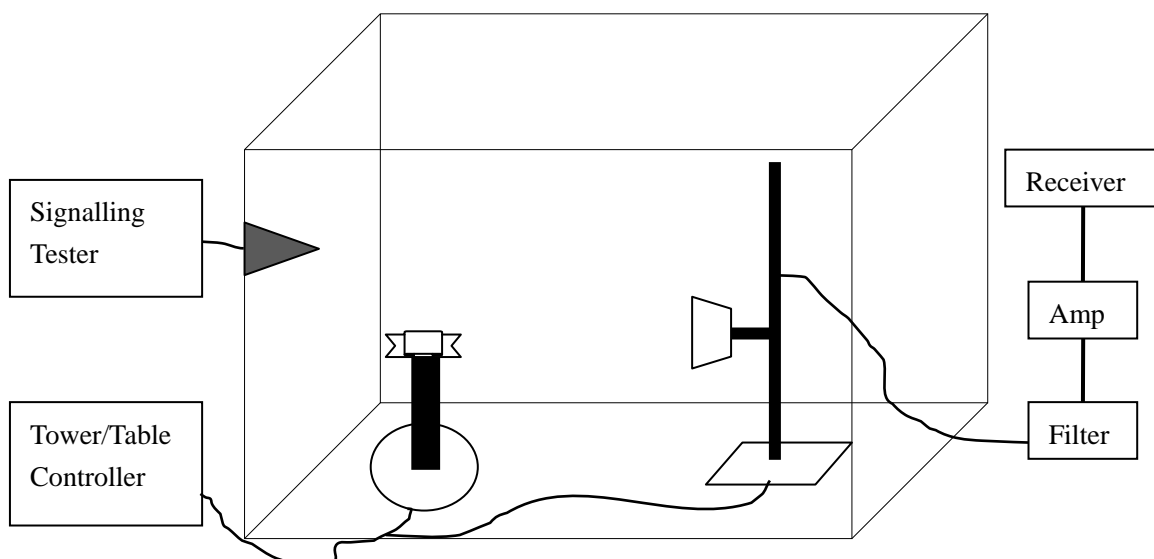
The radiated emission test is performed in semi-anechoic chamber. The distance from the EUT to the reference point of measurement antenna is 3m. The test is carried out on both vertical and horizontal polarization and only maximization result of both polarizations is kept. During the test, the turntable is rotated 360° and the measurement antenna is moved from 1m to 4m to get the maximization result.

In the case of radiated emission, the used settings are as follows,

Sweep frequency from 30 MHz to 1GHz, RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz;

Sweep frequency from 1 GHz to 26GHz, RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz;

A 1.5 meter table is been used for RE measurements.





A.2. Peak Output Power – Conducted

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.5

a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span: 6MHz
- RBW: 3MHz
- VBW: 3MHz
- Sweep time: 2.5ms
- Detector function: peak
- Trace: max hold

b) Allow trace to stabilize.

c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.

d) The indicated level is the peak output power.

e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit (dBm)
FCC Part 15.247(b)(1)	< 30

Measurement Results:

For GFSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	8.41	8.20	8.00	P

For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Ch 0 2402 MHz	Ch 39 2441 MHz	Ch 78 2480 MHz	Conclusion
Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	7.28	7.24	6.76	P

Conclusion: PASS

A.3. Frequency Band Edges – Conducted

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.6

Connect the spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described below (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).

- Span: 10 MHz
- Resolution Bandwidth: 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth: 300 kHz
- Sweep Time: 5ms
- Detector: Peak
- Trace: max hold

Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands. Save the spectrum analyzer plot. Repeat for each power and modulation for lowest and highest channel.

Observe the stored trace and measure the amplitude delta between the peak of the fundamental and the peak of the band-edge emission. This is not an absolute field strength measurement; it is only a relative measurement to determine the amount by which the emission drops at the band edge relative to the highest fundamental emission level.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit (dBc)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	> 20

Measurement Result:

For GFSK

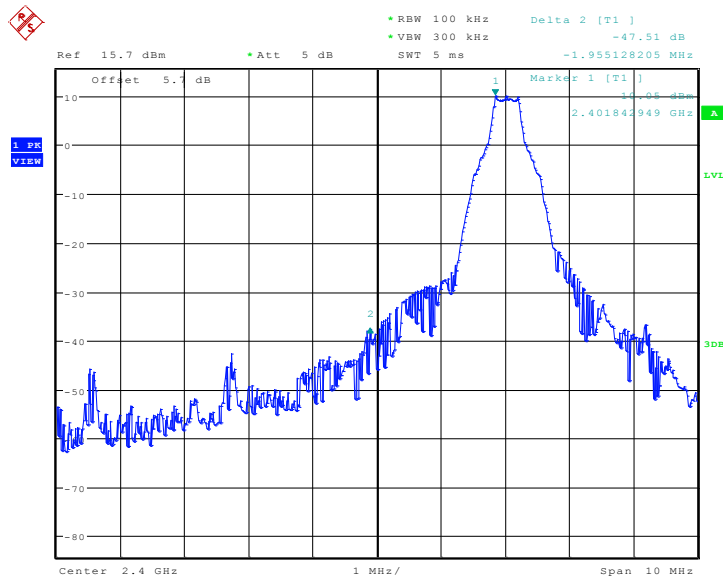
Channel	Hopping	Band Edge Power (dBc)		Conclusion
0	Hopping OFF	Fig.1	-47.51	P
	Hopping ON	Fig.2	-47.46	P
78	Hopping OFF	Fig.3	-52.27	P
	Hopping ON	Fig.4	-52.99	P

For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Hopping	Band Edge Power (dBc)		Conclusion
0	Hopping OFF	Fig.5	-46.23	P
	Hopping ON	Fig.6	-46.21	P
78	Hopping OFF	Fig.7	-51.75	P
	Hopping ON	Fig.8	-53.91	P

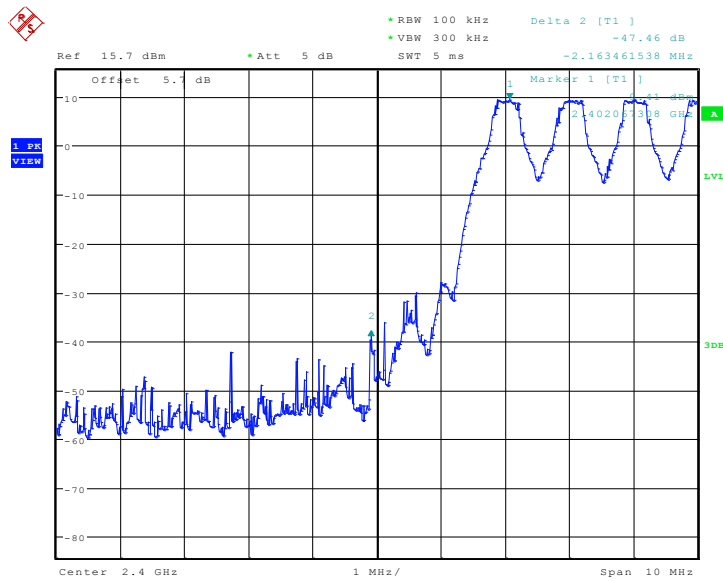
Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below



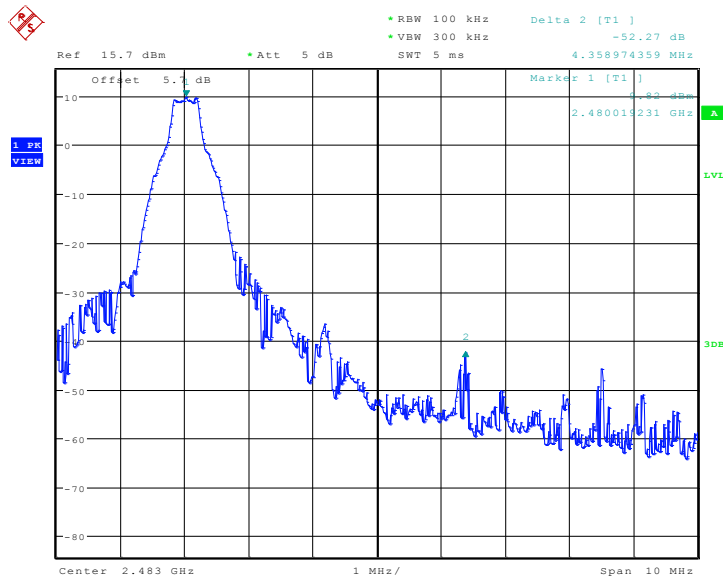
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Fig.1. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off



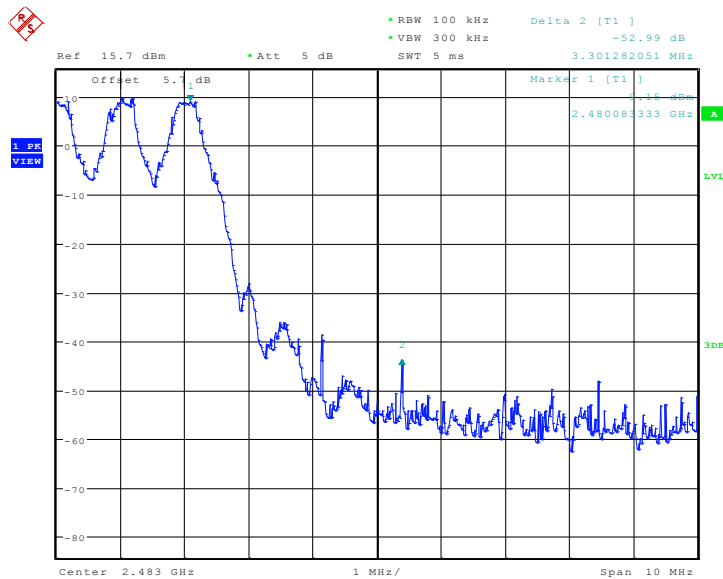
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Fig.2. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 0, Hopping On



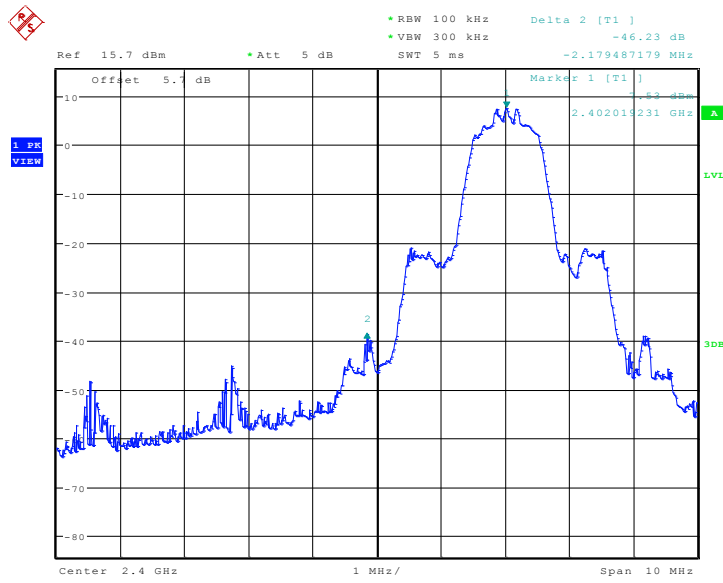
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:28:53

Fig.3. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off



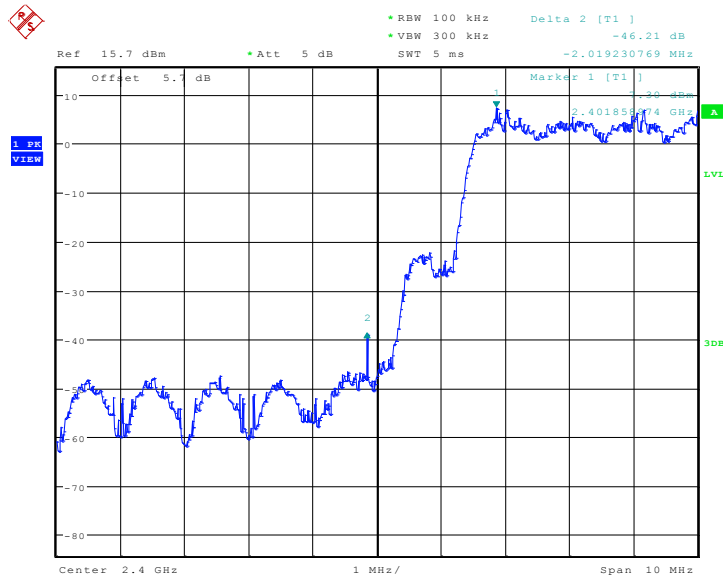
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Fig.4. Frequency Band Edges: GFSK, Channel 78, Hopping On



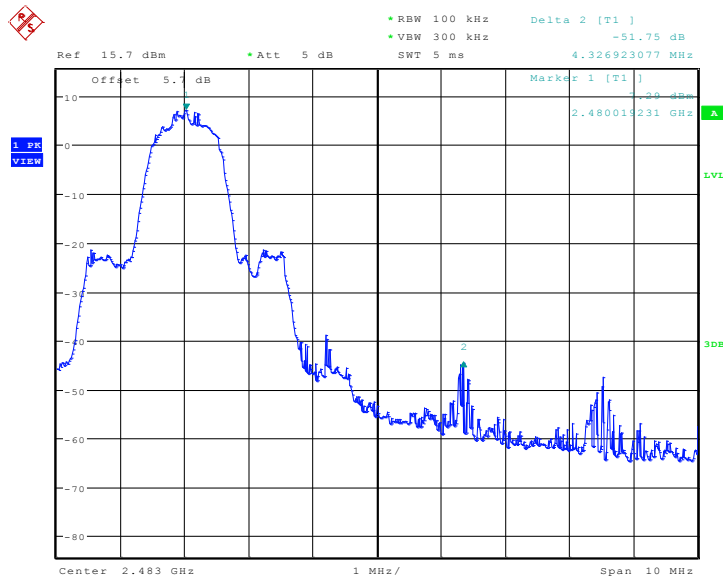
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Fig.5. Frequency Band Edges: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, Hopping Off



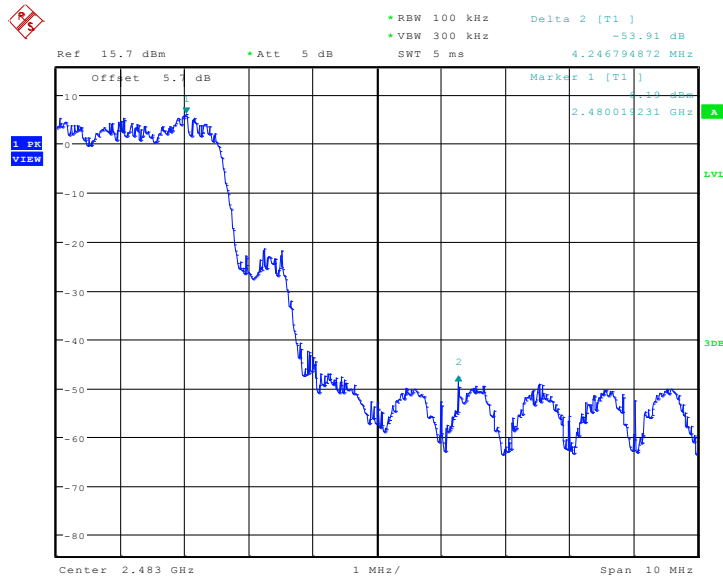
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Fig.6. Frequency Band Edges: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, Hopping On



Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:51:28

Fig.7. Frequency Band Edges: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, Hopping Off



Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:55:33

Fig.8. Frequency Band Edges: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, Hopping On



A.4. Conducted Emission

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.8

Measurement Procedure – Reference Level

1. Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
2. Set the VBW = 300 kHz.
3. Set the span to 5-30 % greater than the EBW.
4. Detector = peak.
5. Sweep time = auto couple.
6. Trace mode = max hold.
7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
8. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 100 kHz band segment within the fundamental EBW. Next, determine the power in 100 kHz band segments outside of the authorized frequency band using the following measurement:

Measurement Procedure - Unwanted Emissions

1. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
2. Set VBW = 300 kHz.
3. Set span to encompass the spectrum to be examined.
4. Detector = peak.
5. Trace Mode = max hold.
6. Sweep = auto couple.
7. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified above.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247 (d)	20dB below peak output power in 100 kHz bandwidth

Measurement Results:

For GFSK

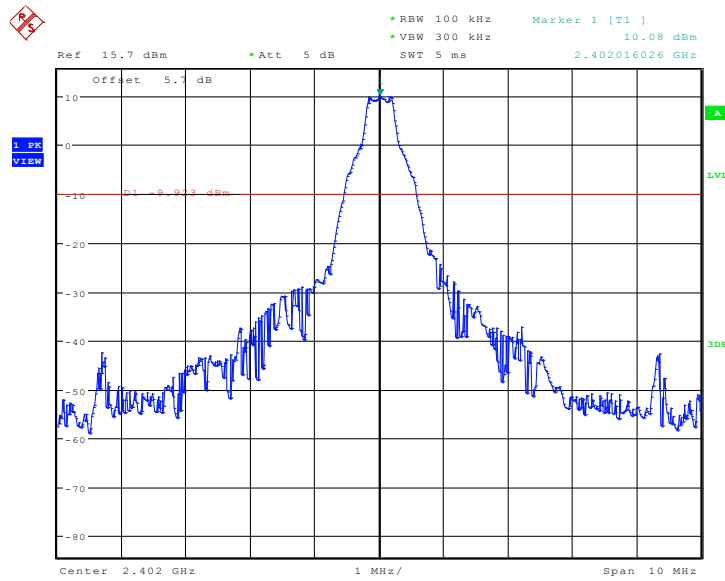
Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0 2402 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.9	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.10	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.11	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.12	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.13	P
Ch 39 2441 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.14	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.15	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.16	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.17	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.18	P
Ch 78 2480 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.19	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.20	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.21	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.22	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.23	P

For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0 2402 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.24	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.25	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.26	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.27	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.28	P
Ch 39 2441 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.29	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.30	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.31	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.32	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.33	P
Ch 78 2480 MHz	Center Frequency	Fig.34	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.35	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.36	P
	3 GHz ~ 10 GHz	Fig.37	P
	10 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.38	P

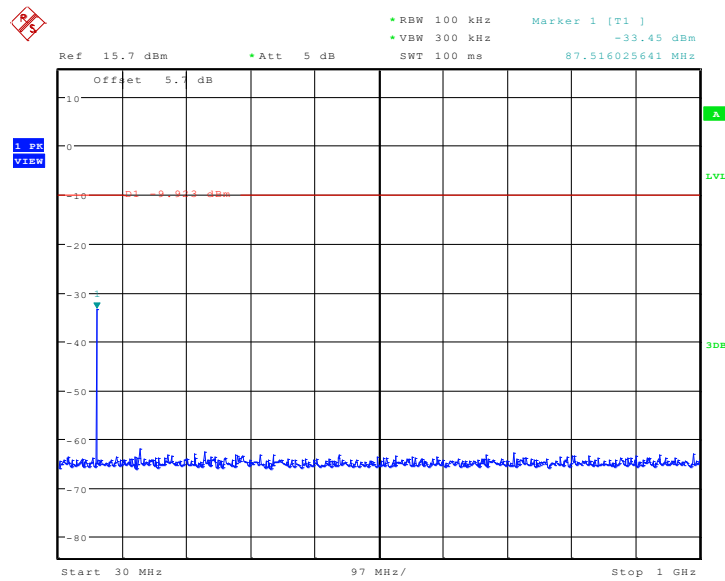
Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below



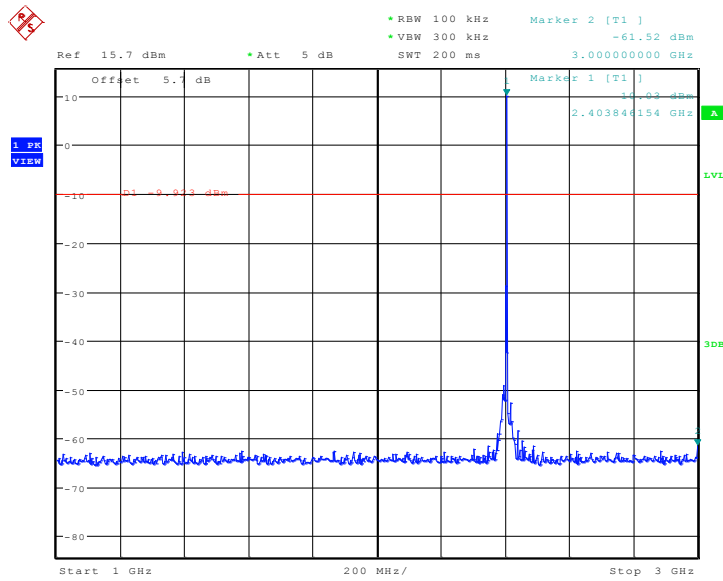
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Fig.9. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0,2402MHz



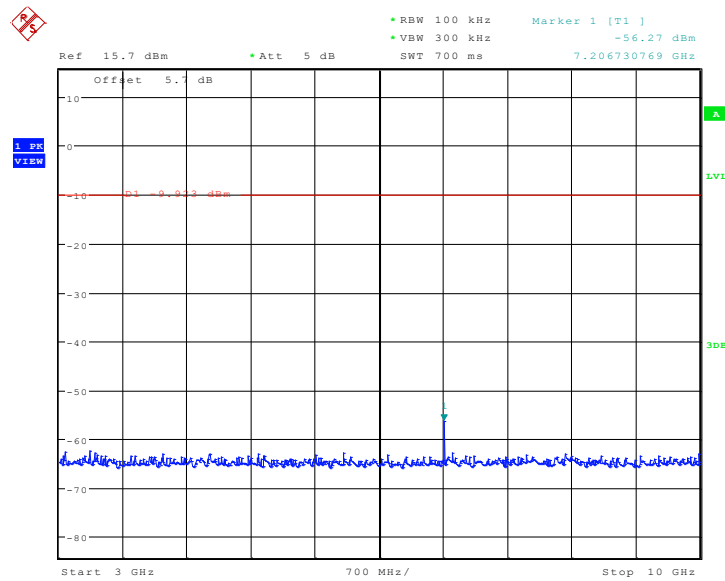
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:33:34

Fig.10. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz



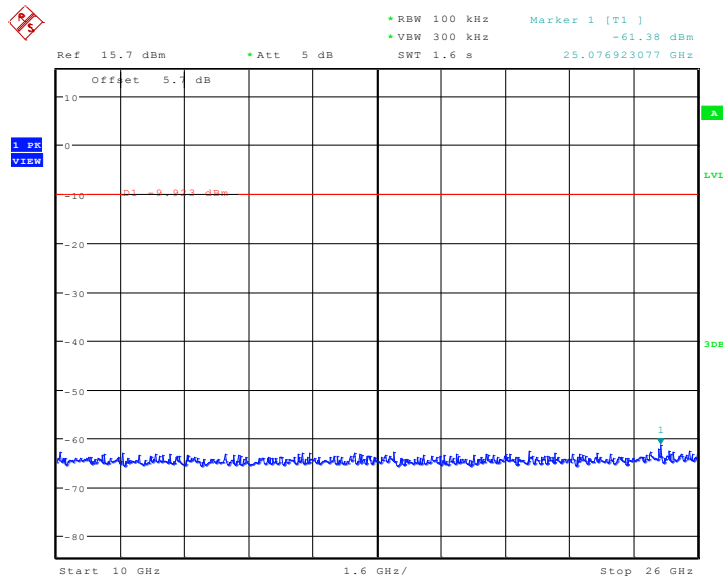
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Fig.11. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz



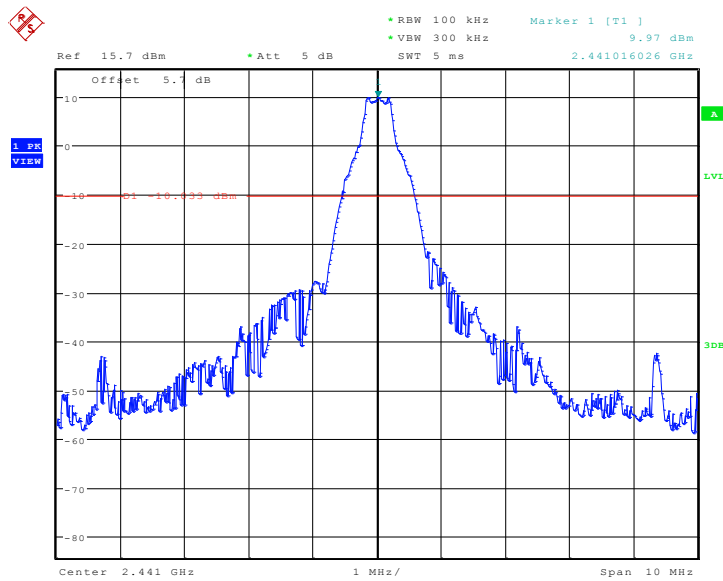
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:34:22

Fig.12. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 3GHz - 10GHz



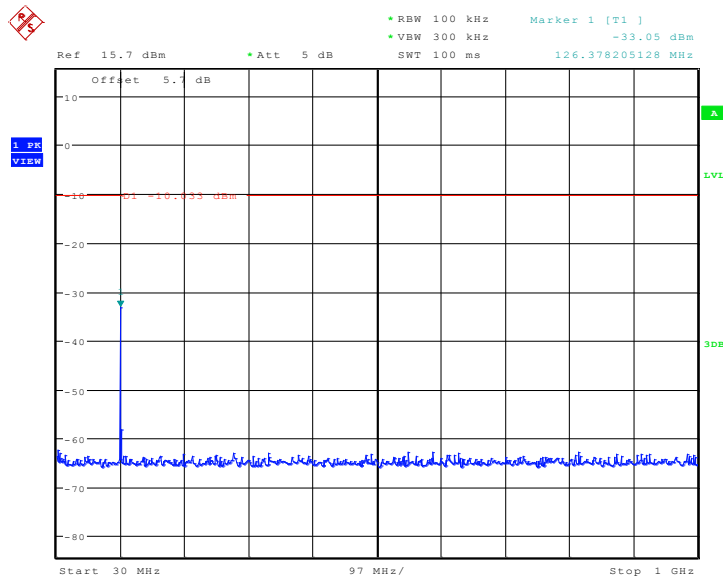
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:34:39

Fig.13. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 0,10GHz - 26GHz



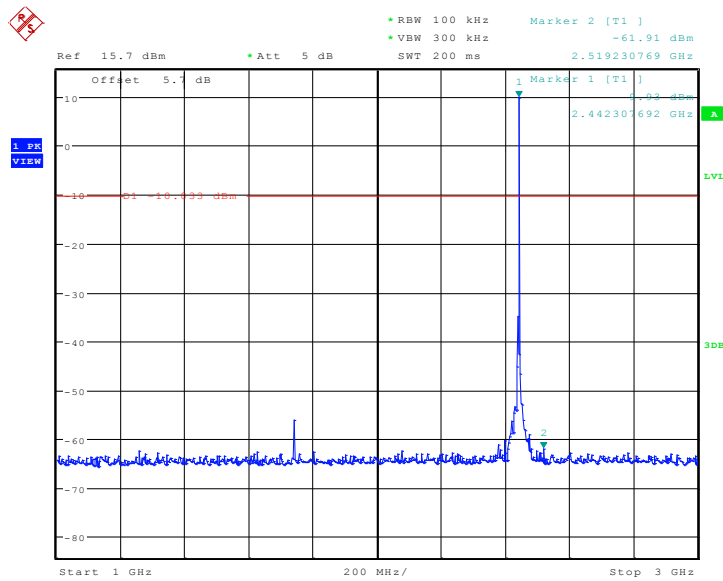
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Fig.14. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 2441MHz



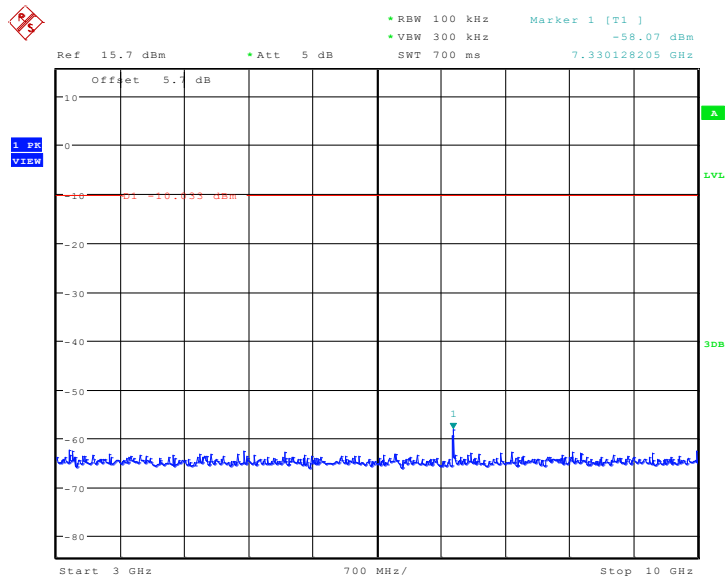
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:35:12

Fig.15. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 30MHz - 1GHz



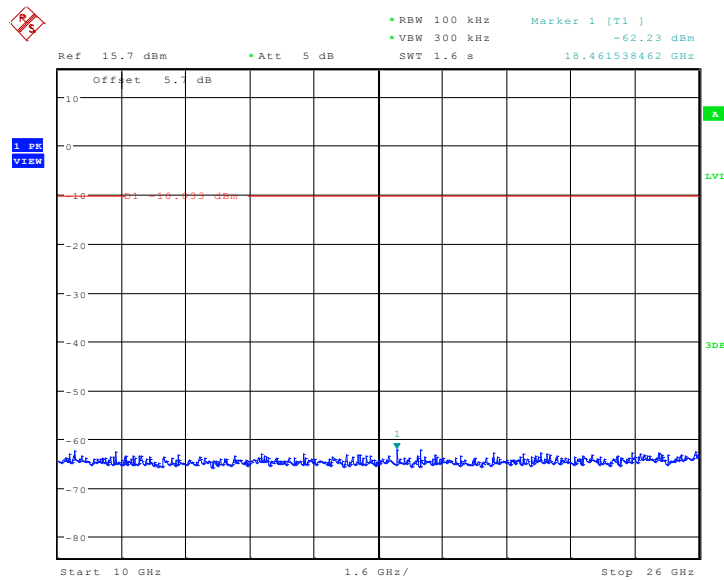
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:35:44

Fig.16. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 1GHz - 3GHz



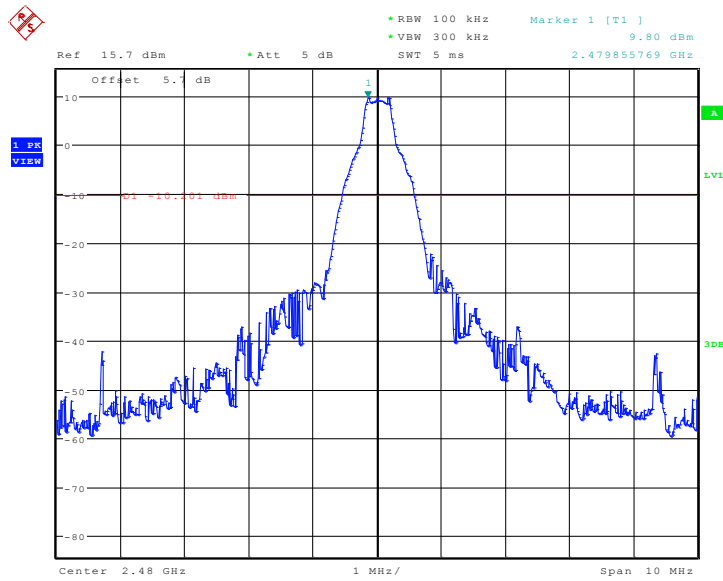
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:36:00

Fig.17. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 3GHz – 10GHz



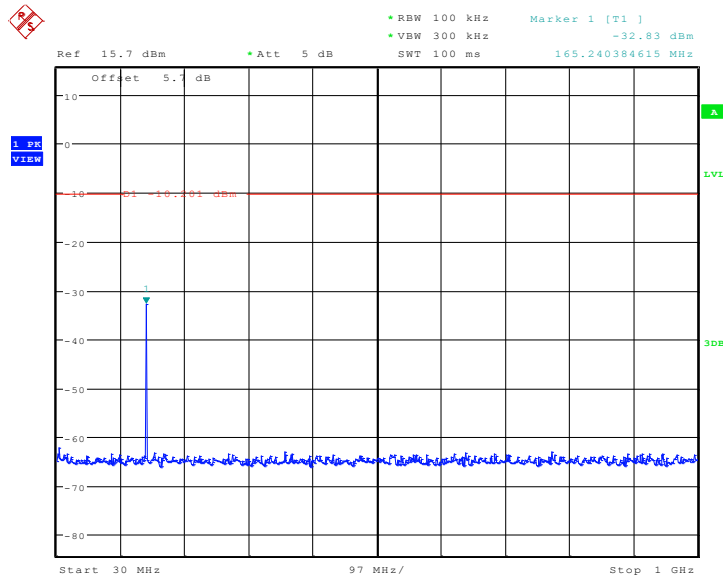
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:36:17

Fig.18. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 10GHz – 26GHz



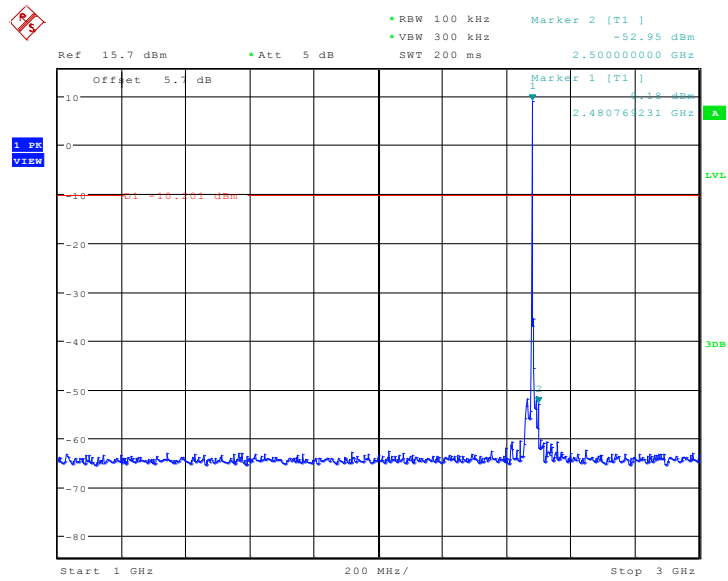
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:36:33

Fig.19. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz



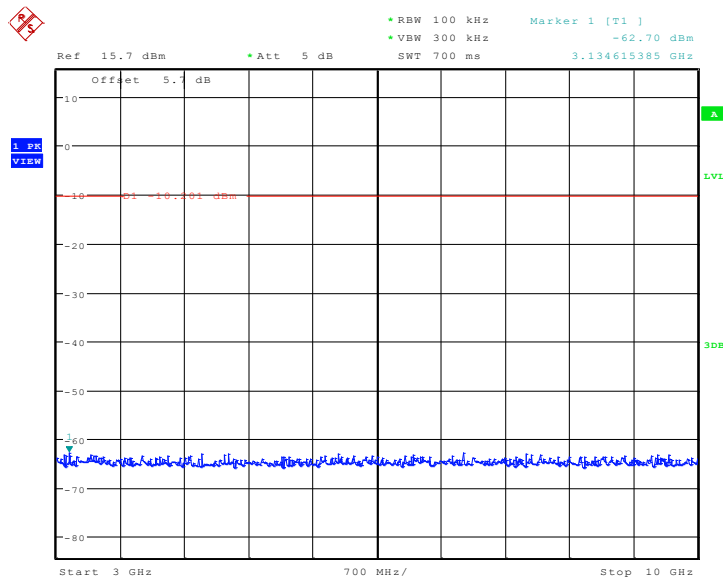
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:36:50

Fig.20. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz



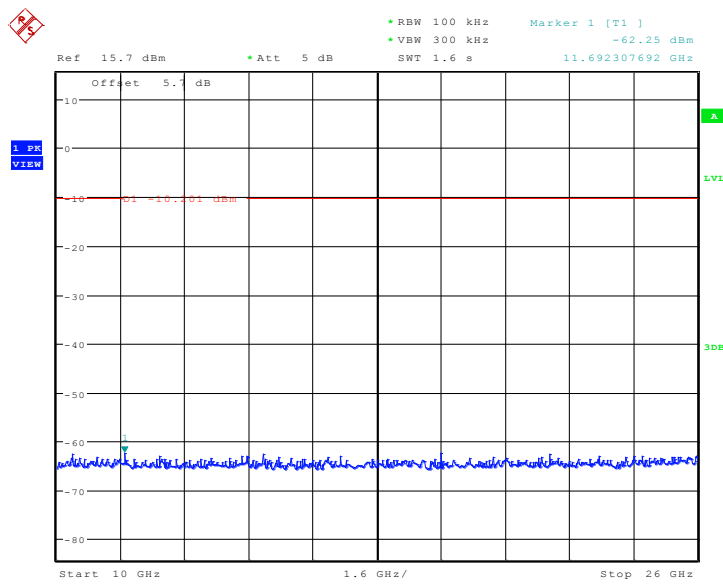
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:37:22

Fig.21. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz



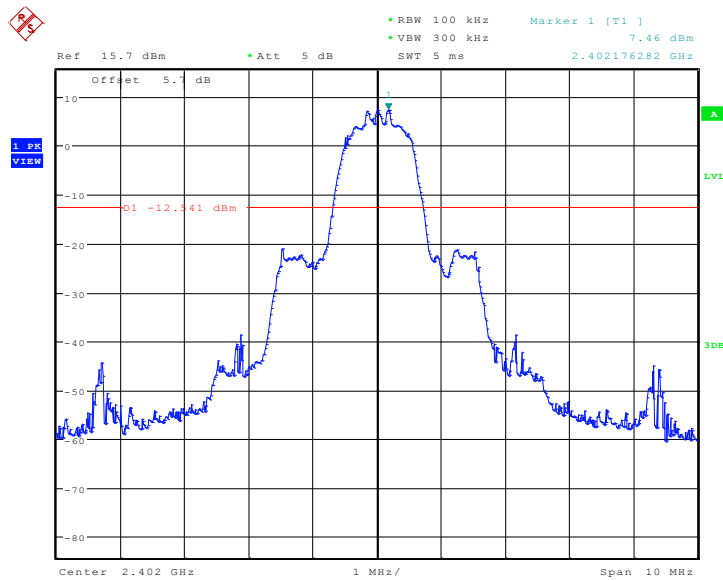
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:37:38

Fig.22. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz



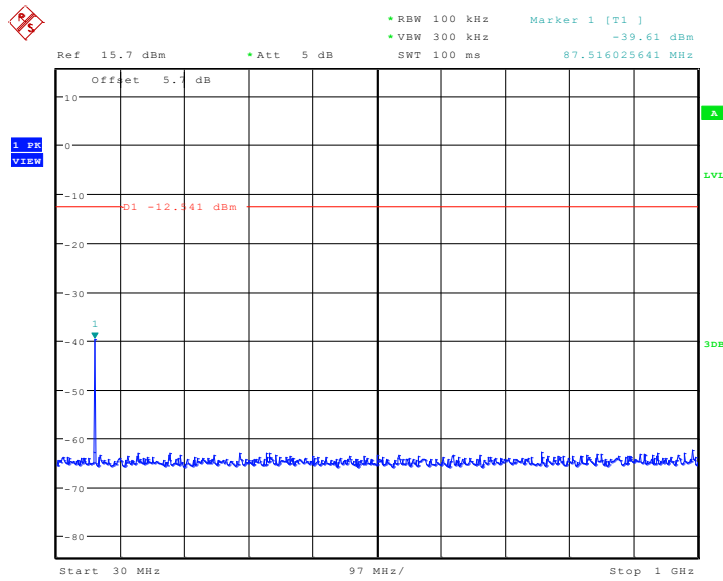
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:37:55

Fig.23. Conducted spurious emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz



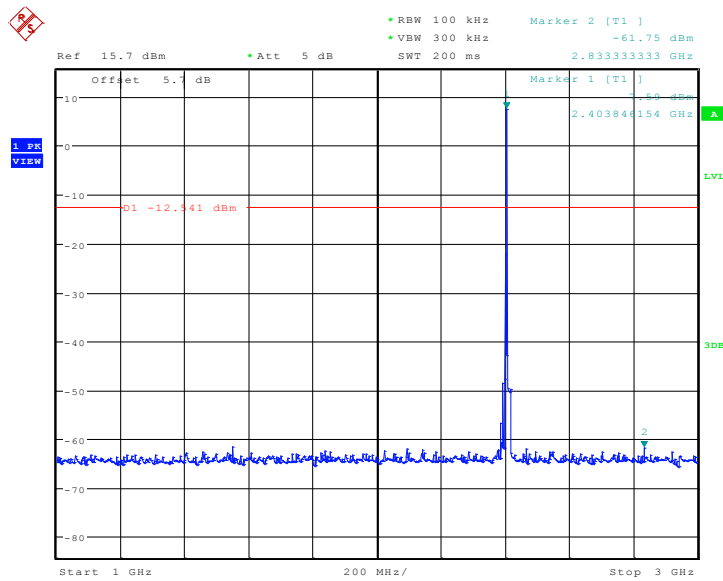
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:55:51

Fig.24. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0,2402MHz



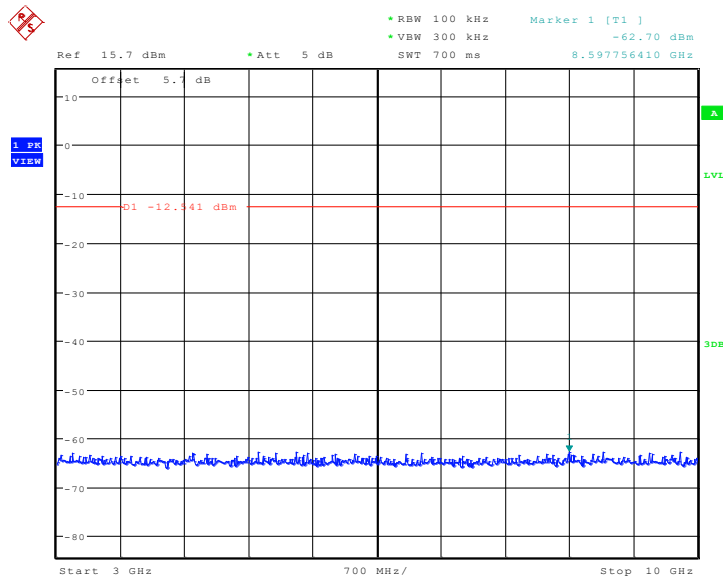
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:56:08

Fig.25. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, 30MHz - 1GHz



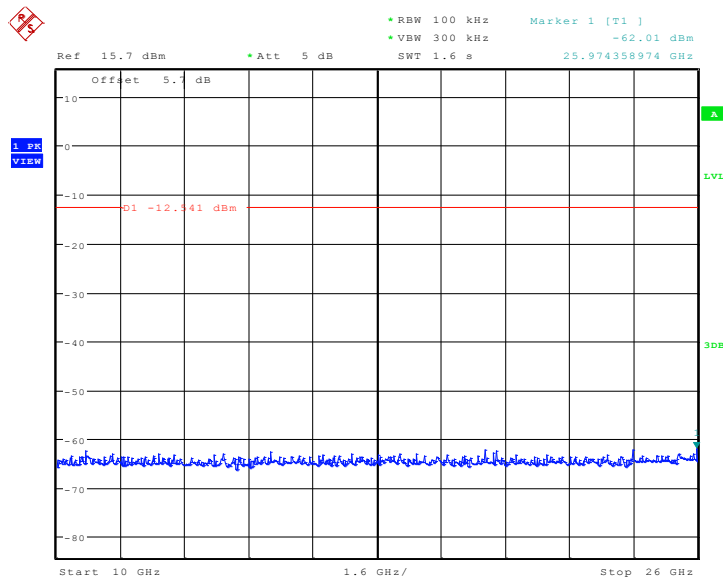
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:56:40

Fig.26. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, 1GHz - 3GHz



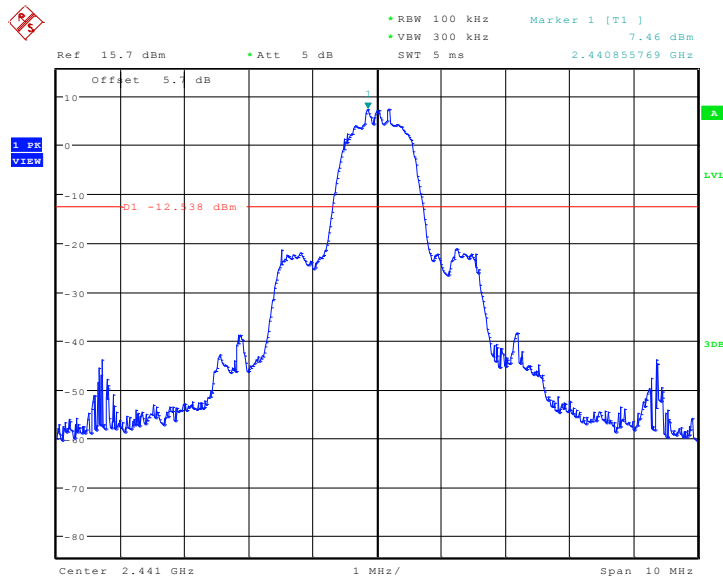
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:56:56

Fig.27. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, 3GHz - 10GHz



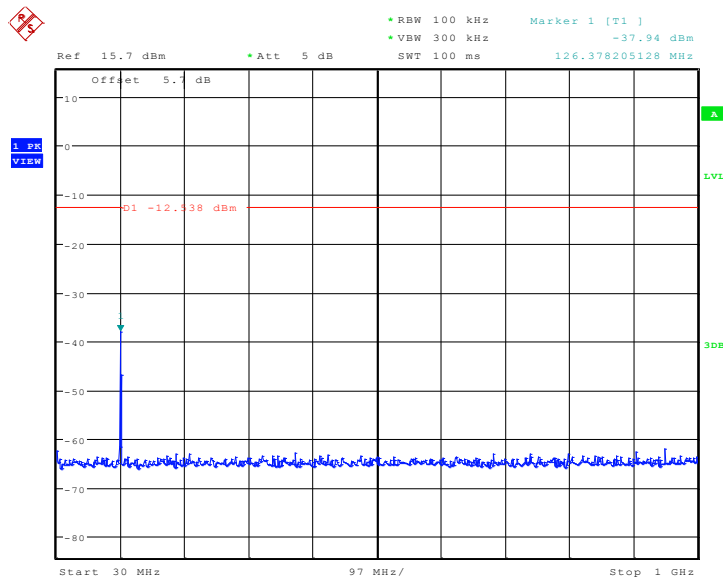
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:57:13

Fig.28. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, 10GHz - 26GHz



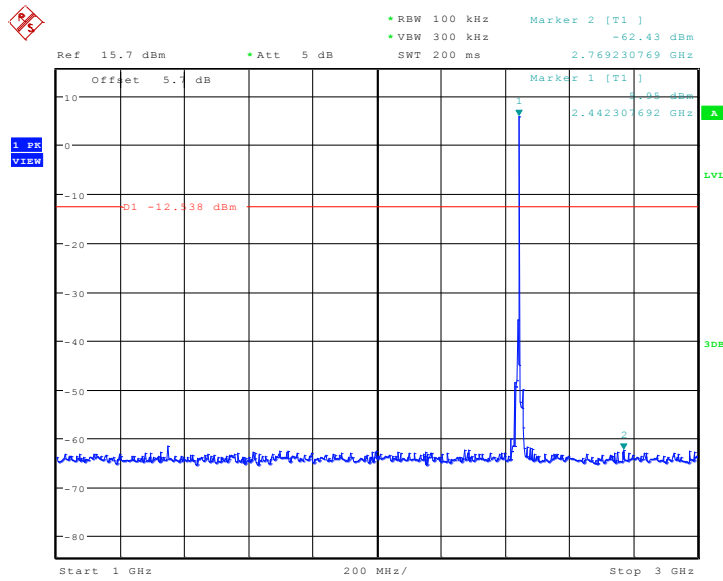
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:57:30

Fig.29. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39, 2441MHz



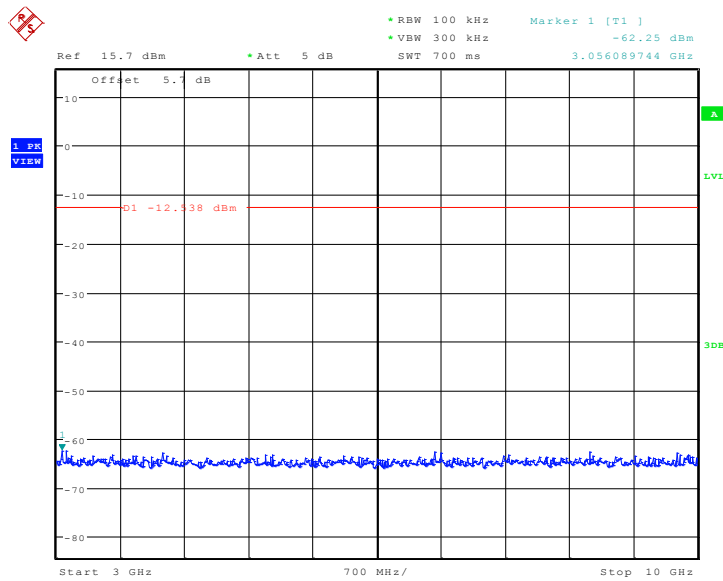
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:57:46

Fig.30. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39, 30MHz - 1GHz



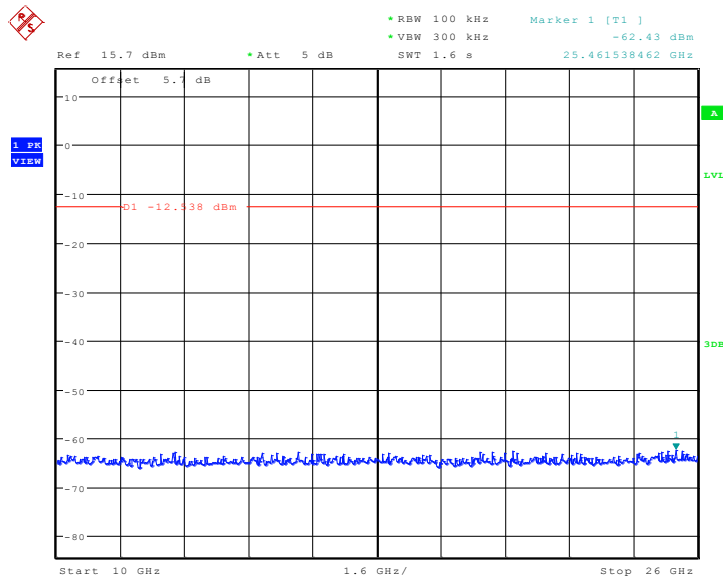
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:58:18

Fig.31. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39, 1GHz - 3GHz



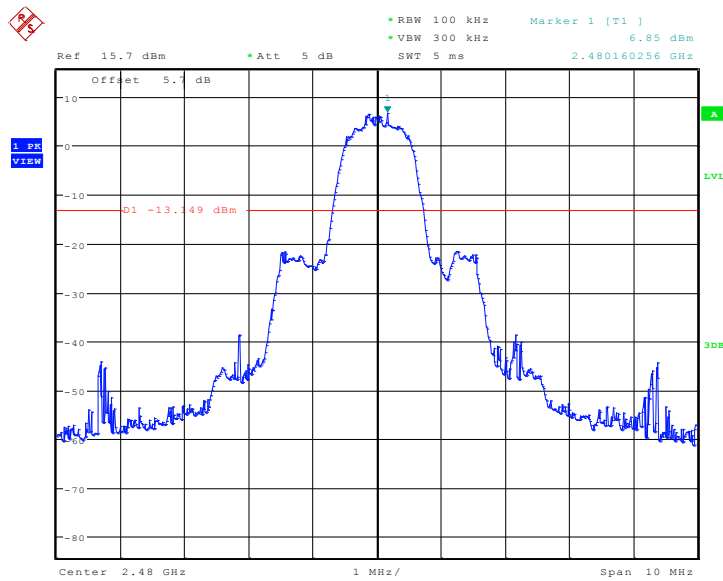
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:58:34

Fig.32. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39, 3GHz - 10GHz



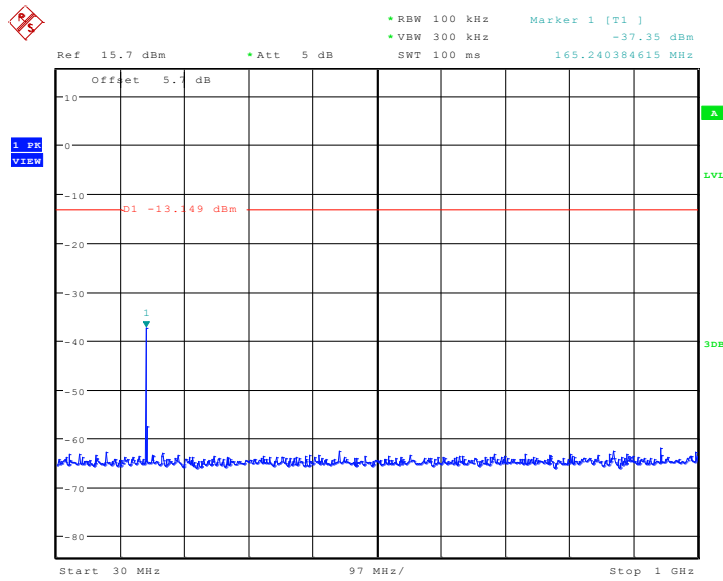
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:58:51

Fig.33. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39, 10GHz – 26GHz



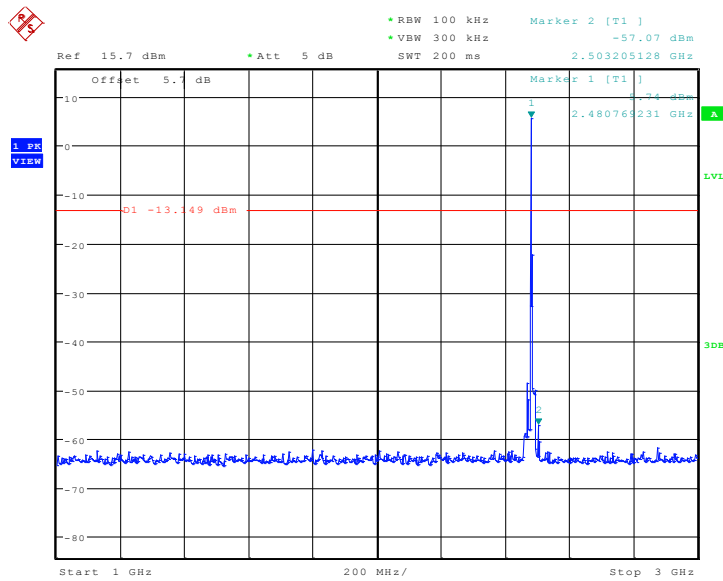
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:59:07

Fig.34. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, 2480MHz



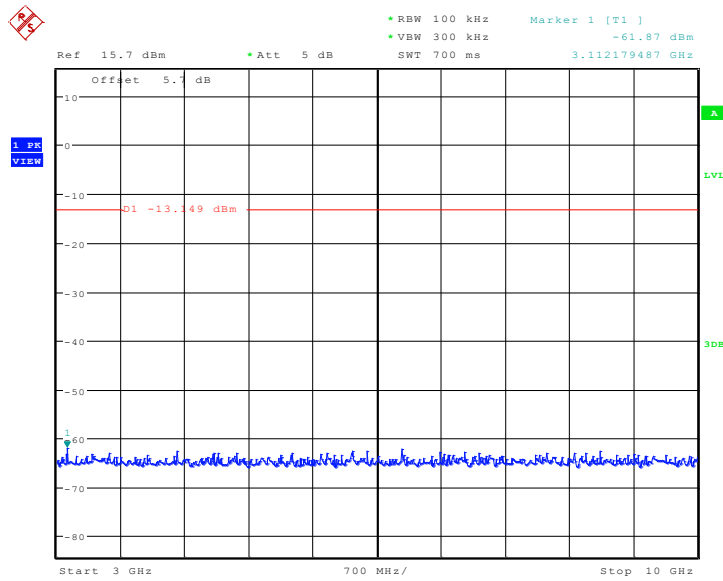
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:59:24

Fig.35. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, 30MHz - 1GHz



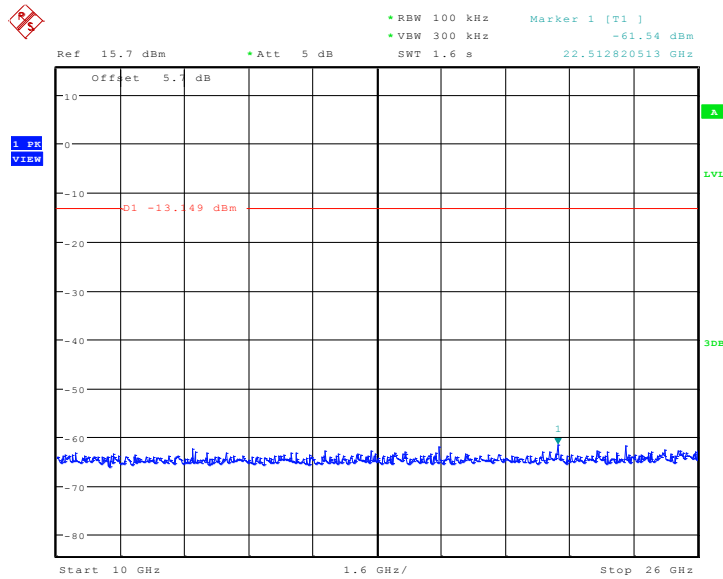
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:59:56

Fig.36. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, 1GHz - 3GHz



Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:00:12

Fig.37. Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, 3GHz - 10GHz



Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:00:29

Fig.38. Fig.30 Conducted spurious emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, 10GHz - 26GHz

A.5. Radiated Emission

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247, 15.205, 15.209	20dB below peak output power

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10

Limit in restricted band:

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

Test Condition

The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table. The measurement antenna was placed at a distance of 3 meters from the EUT. During the tests, the antenna height and the EUT azimuth were varied in order to identify the maximum level of emissions from the EUT. This maximization process was repeated with the EUT positioned in each of its three orthogonal orientations.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	RBW/VBW	Sweep Time(s)
30-1000	100KHz/300KHz	5
1000-4000	1MHz/1MHz	15
4000-18000	1MHz/1MHz	40
18000-26500	1MHz/1MHz	20

Measurement Results:

Result= $P_{Mea} + ARPL$

For GFSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0 2402 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.39	P
	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.40	P
Ch 39 2441 MHz	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Fig.41	P
	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.42	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.43	P
	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.44	P
Ch 78 2480 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.45	P
	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.46	P
Power	2.38GHz~2.4GHz---L	Fig.47	P
Power	2.45GHz~2.5GHz---H	Fig.48	P
For all channels	18 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.49	P

Forπ/4 DQPSK

Channel	Frequency Range	Test Results	Conclusion
Ch 0 2402 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.50	P
	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.51	P
Ch 39 2441 MHz	30 MHz ~ 1 GHz	Fig.52	P
	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.53	P
	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.54	P
Ch 78 2480 MHz	1 GHz ~ 3 GHz	Fig.55	P
	3 GHz ~ 18 GHz	Fig.56	P
Power	2.38GHz~2.4GHz---L	Fig.57	P
Power	2.45GHz~2.5GHz---H	Fig.58	P
For all channels	18 GHz ~ 26 GHz	Fig.59	P

GFSK Ch 0 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	PMea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2382.915	45.4	-11.1	56.5	V
17897.250	46.9	27.1	19.8	V
17991.000	46.9	27.9	19.0	H
17913.750	46.7	27.1	19.6	V
17976.000	46.7	27.9	18.8	H
17964.750	46.7	27.9	18.8	H

GFSK Ch 39 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
17999.250	46.8	27.9	18.900	V
17995.500	46.7	27.9	18.800	H
17970.750	46.7	27.9	18.800	H
17971.500	46.5	27.9	18.600	H
17989.500	46.5	27.9	18.600	H
17966.250	46.5	27.9	18.600	V

GFSK Ch 78 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2483.515	53.5	-11.2	64.7	H
17977.500	46.2	27.9	18.3	H
17974.500	46.2	27.9	18.3	V
17981.250	46.2	27.9	18.3	H
17986.500	46.1	27.9	18.2	H
17985.000	46.1	27.9	18.2	H

$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 0 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2383.505	45.0	-11.1	56.1	V
17985.750	46.8	27.9	18.9	V
17980.500	46.8	27.9	18.9	V
17956.500	46.8	27.9	18.9	H
17976.750	46.8	27.9	18.9	V
17929.500	46.6	27.9	18.7	H

$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 39 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
17998.500	47.0	27.9	19.1	V
17950.500	46.9	27.9	19.0	H
17889.000	46.6	27.1	19.5	H
17979.750	46.4	27.9	18.5	H
17997.000	46.4	27.9	18.5	V
17987.250	46.4	27.9	18.5	H

$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 78 - Average

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2483.560	49.4	-11.2	60.6	V
17991.750	46.8	27.9	18.9	V
17957.250	46.7	27.9	18.8	H
17973.000	46.7	27.9	18.8	H
17981.250	46.6	27.9	18.7	V
17997.750	46.6	27.9	18.7	V

GFSK Ch 0 - Peak

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	PMea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2381.480	56.3	-11.1	67.4	V
17822.250	58.0	27.1	30.9	H
17979.000	57.8	27.9	29.9	V
17950.500	57.7	27.9	29.8	H
17982.000	57.5	27.9	29.6	H
17914.500	57.5	27.9	29.6	H

GFSK Ch 39 - Peak

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
17966.250	57.9	27.9	30.0	H
17952.750	57.8	27.9	29.9	H
17996.250	57.7	27.9	29.8	V
17946.000	57.7	27.9	29.8	H
17762.250	57.4	27.1	30.3	V
17845.500	57.4	27.1	30.3	H

GFSK Ch 78 - Peak

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2483.550	59.1	-11.2	70.3	H
17943.750	58.5	27.9	30.6	H
17977.500	58.0	27.9	30.1	V
17973.750	57.9	27.9	30.0	H
17884.500	57.8	27.1	30.7	V
17988.750	57.8	27.9	29.9	H

$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 0 - Peak

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2386.490	56.4	-11.1	67.5	H
17988.750	58.4	27.9	30.5	V
17964.750	58.3	27.9	30.4	H
17975.250	57.8	27.9	29.9	H
17977.500	57.6	27.9	29.7	V
17870.250	57.4	27.1	30.3	H

$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 39 - Peak

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
17939.250	58.7	27.9	30.8	H
18000.000	58.3	-1.1	59.4	V
17998.500	58.2	27.9	30.3	H
17951.250	58.0	27.9	30.1	H
17992.500	58.0	27.9	30.1	V
17909.250	57.9	27.1	30.8	H

$\pi/4$ DQPSK Ch 78 - Peak

Frequency(MHz)	Result(dBuv/m)	ARPL (dB)	Pmea(dBuv/m)	Polarization
2483.890	56.9	-11.2	68.1	V
17916.000	58.1	27.9	30.2	V
18000.000	57.8	-1.1	58.9	H
17991.750	57.4	27.9	29.5	H
17940.750	57.3	27.9	29.4	H
17971.500	56.9	27.9	29.0	V

Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below:

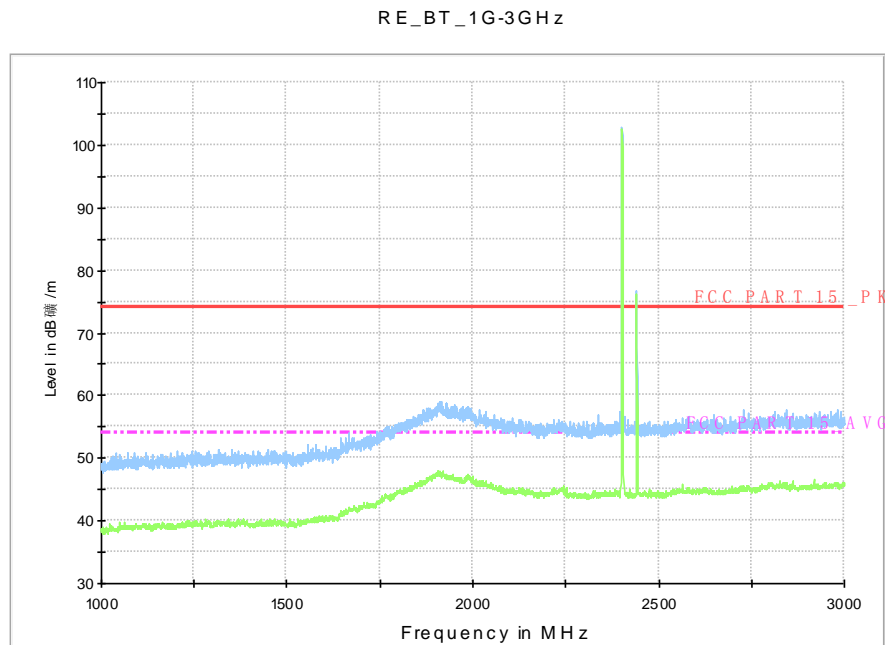


Fig.39. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 1 GHz - 3 GHz

Normal RE_3G-18GHz_filter

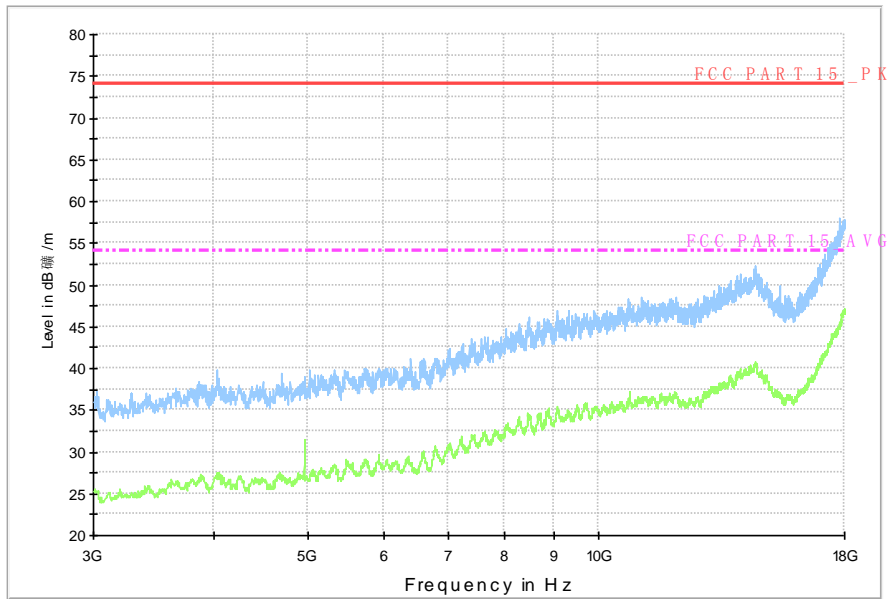


Fig.40. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 0, 3 GHz - 18 GHz

RE_9kHz-30MHz

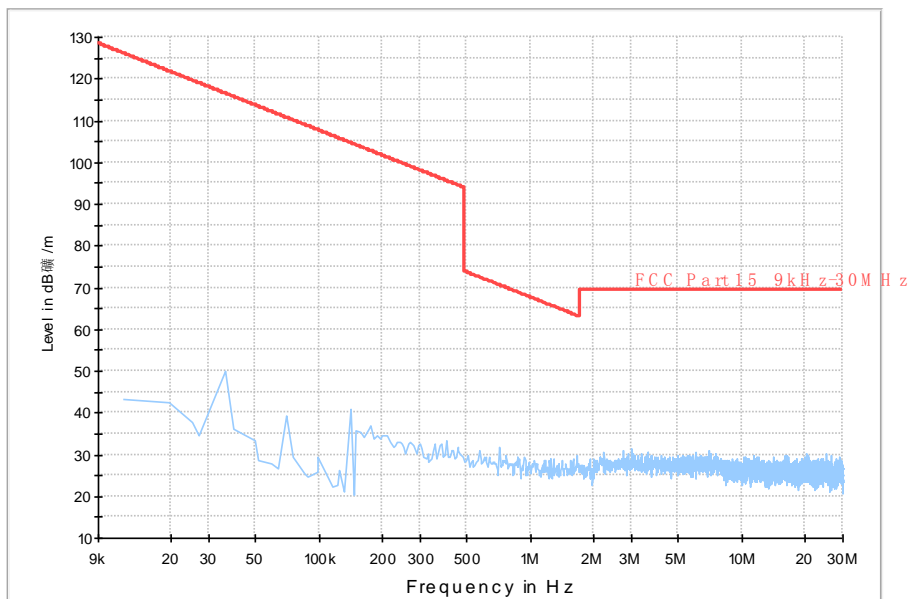


Fig.41. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 9 kHz - 30 MHz

Normal RE_30M-1GHz_10m

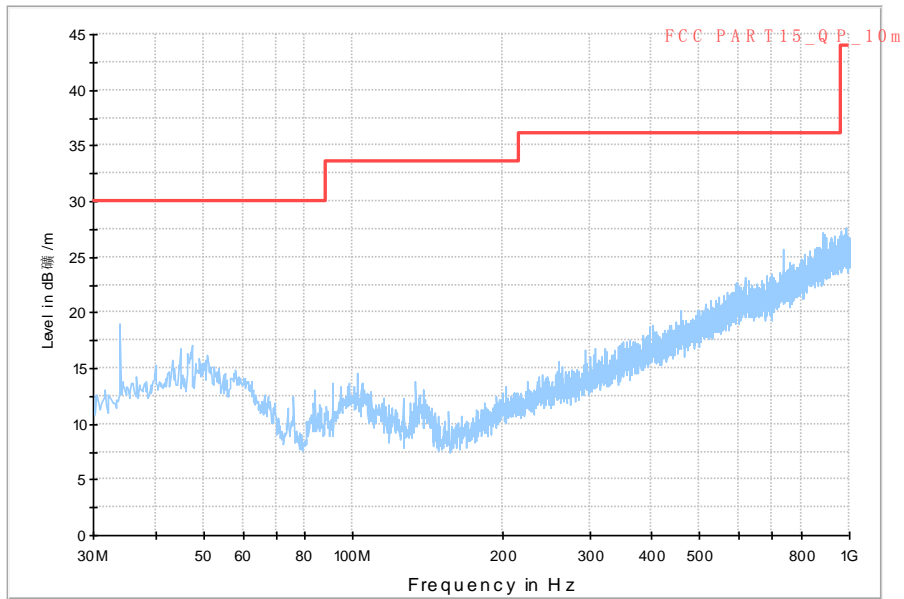


Fig.42. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

RE_BT_1G-3GHz

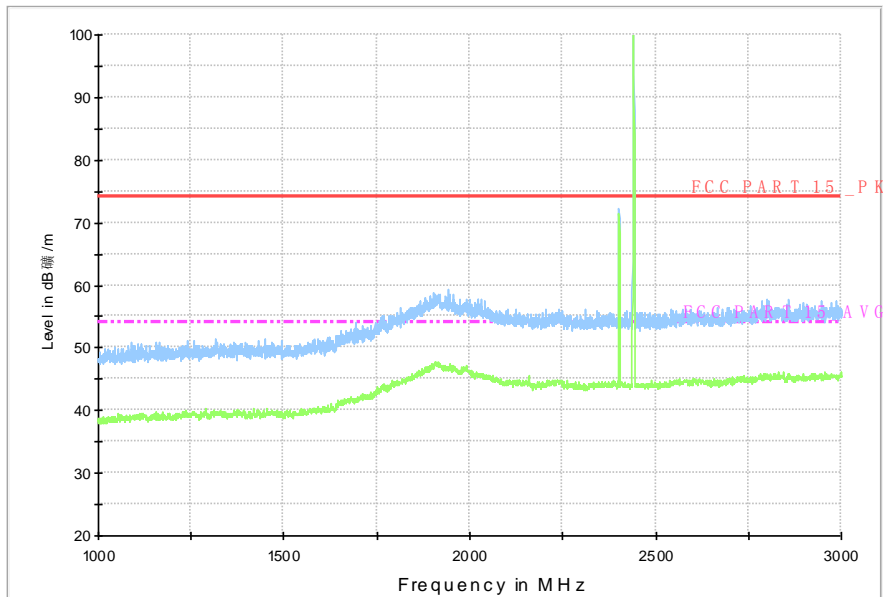


Fig.43. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 1 GHz - 3 GHz

Normal RE_3G-18GHz_filter

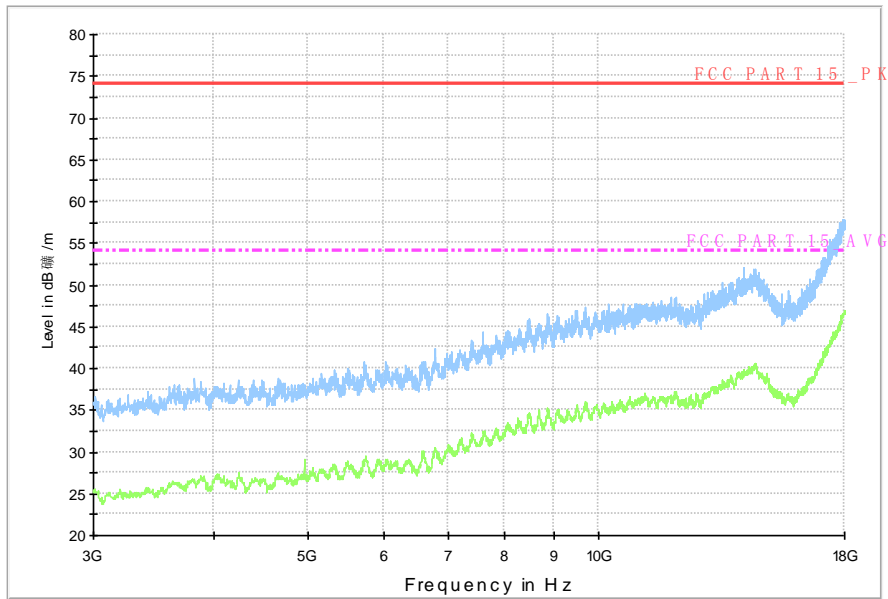


Fig.44. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 39, 3 GHz - 18 GHz

RE_BT_1G-3GHz

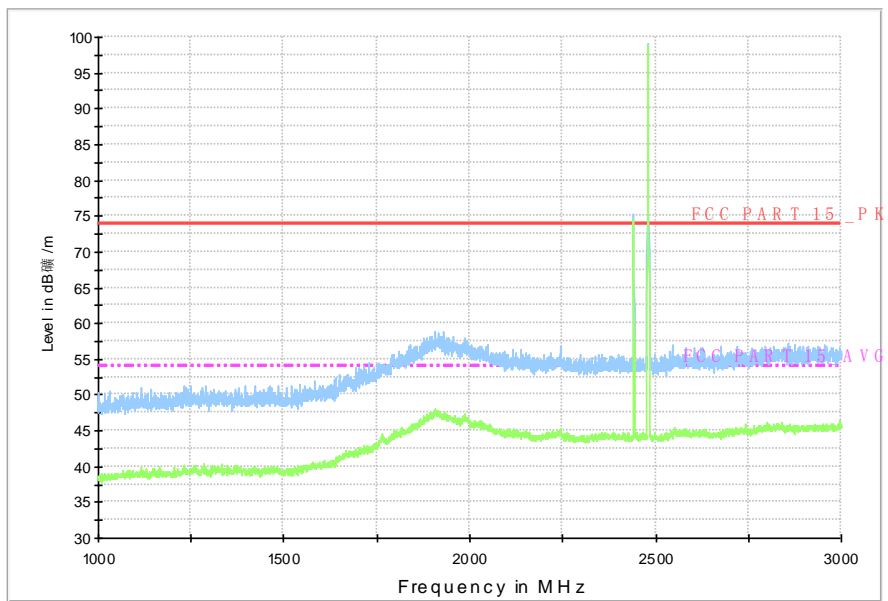


Fig.45. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 1 GHz - 3 GHz

Normal RE_3G-18GHz_filter

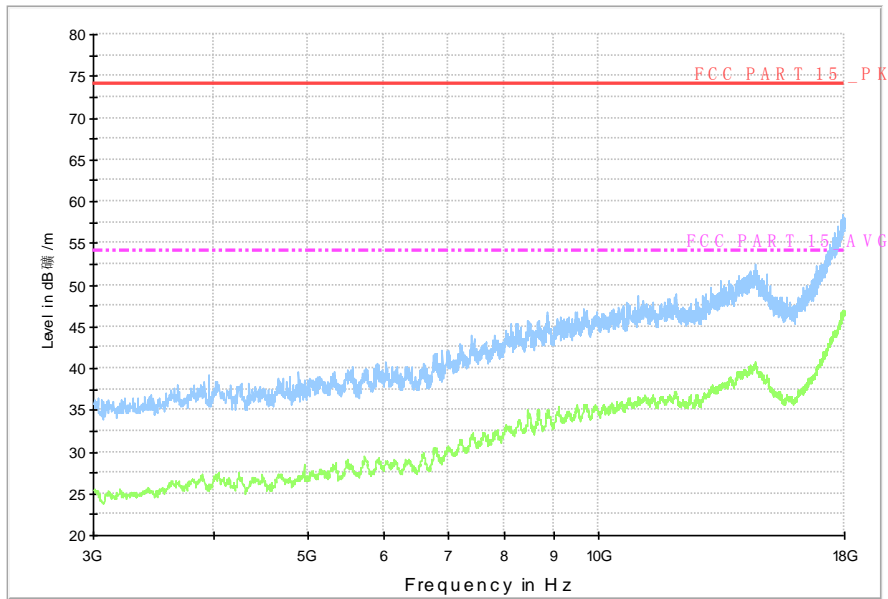


Fig.46. Radiated emission: GFSK, Channel 78, 3 GHz - 18 GHz

RE-BT-Power_2.38G-2.43GHz

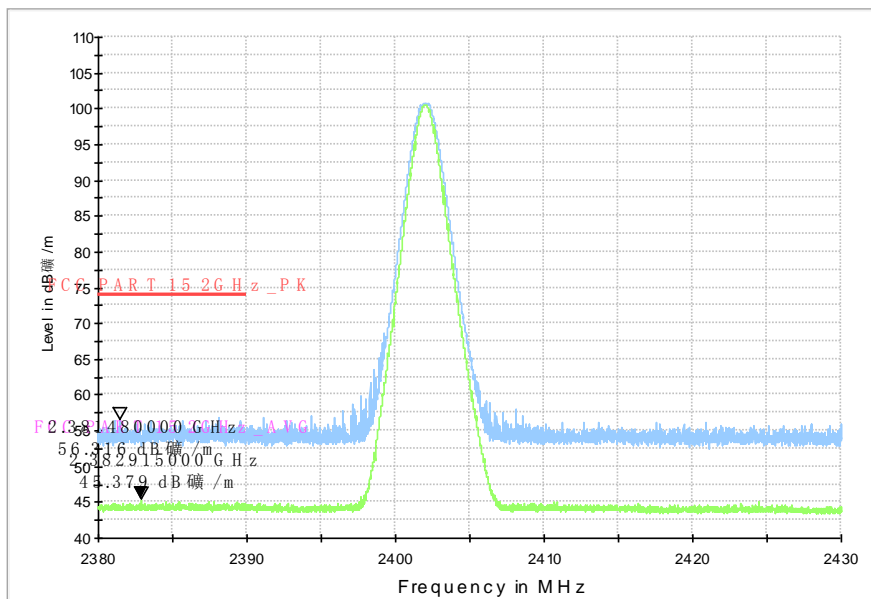


Fig.47. Radiated emission (Power): GFSK, low channel

RE-BT-Power_2.45G-2.5GHz

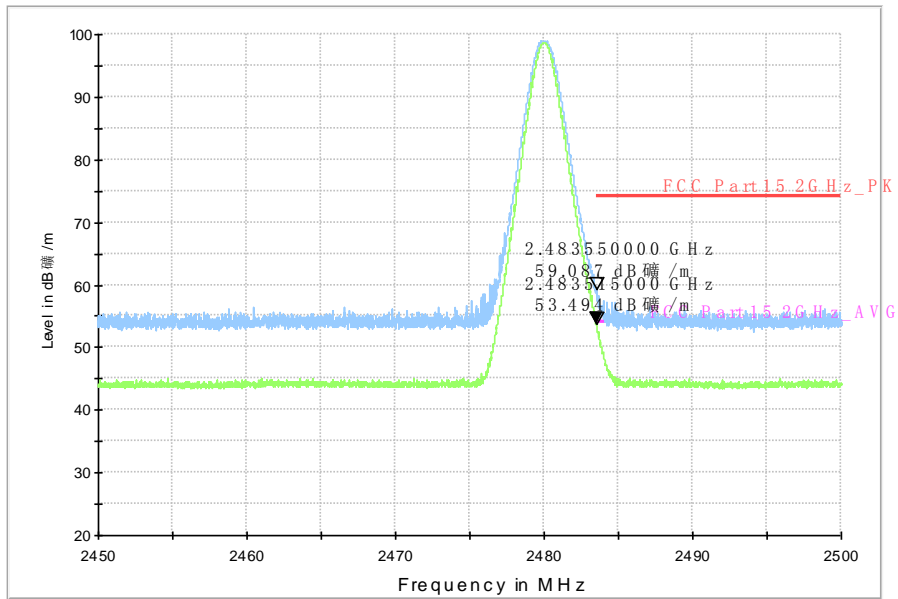


Fig.48. Radiated emission (Power) GFSK, high channel

Normal RE_18G-26.5GHz

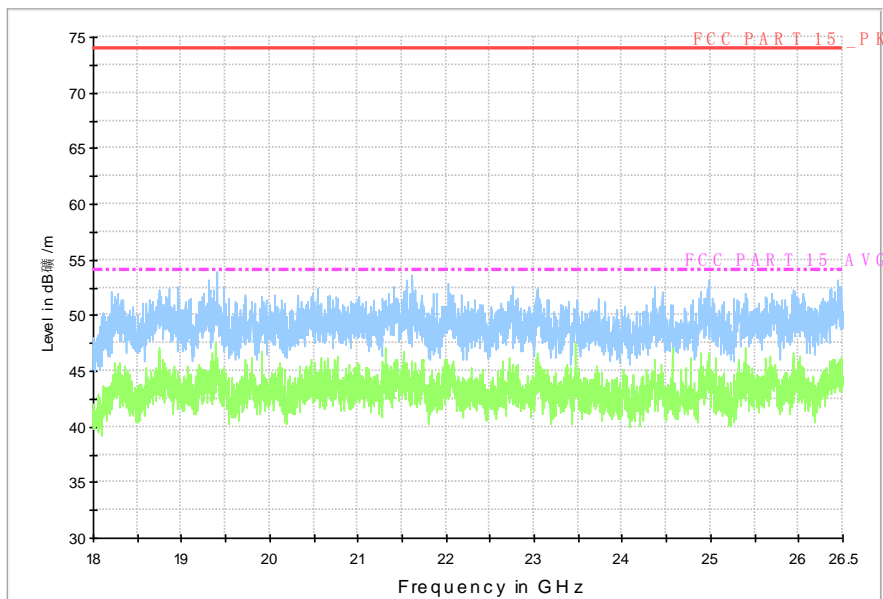


Fig.49. Radiated emission: GFSK, 18 GHz - 26 GHz

RE_BT_1G-3GHz

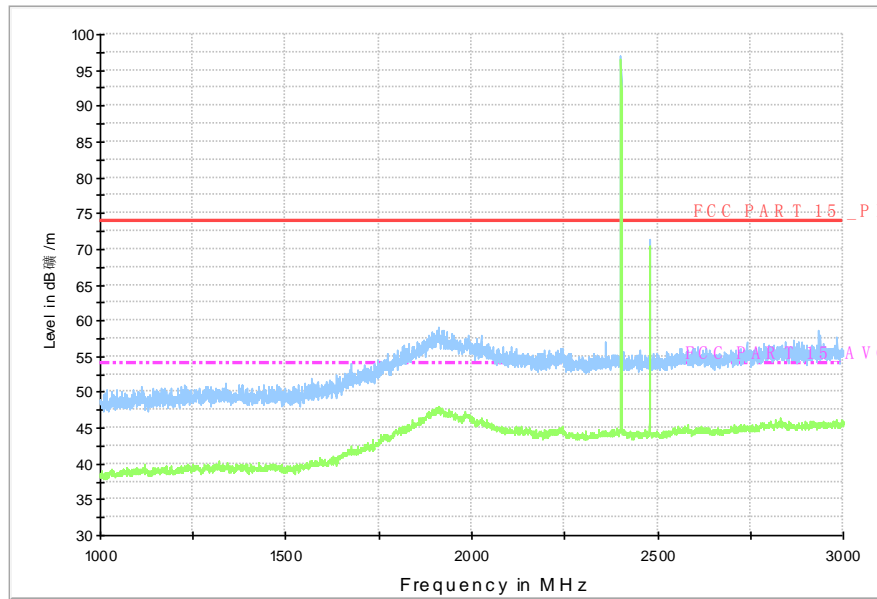


Fig.50. Radiated emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, 1 GHz - 3 GHz

Normal RE_3G-18GHz_filter

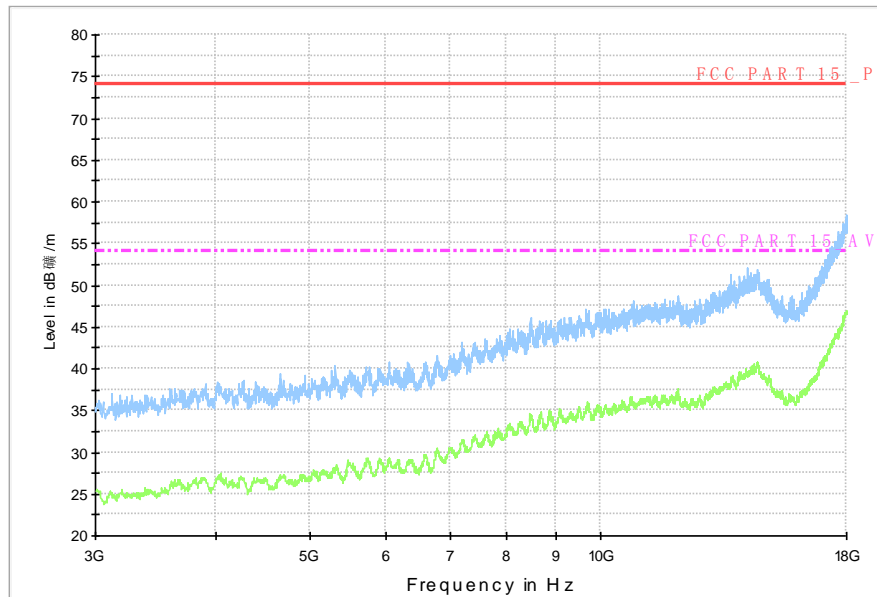


Fig.51. Radiated emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0, 3 GHz - 18 GHz

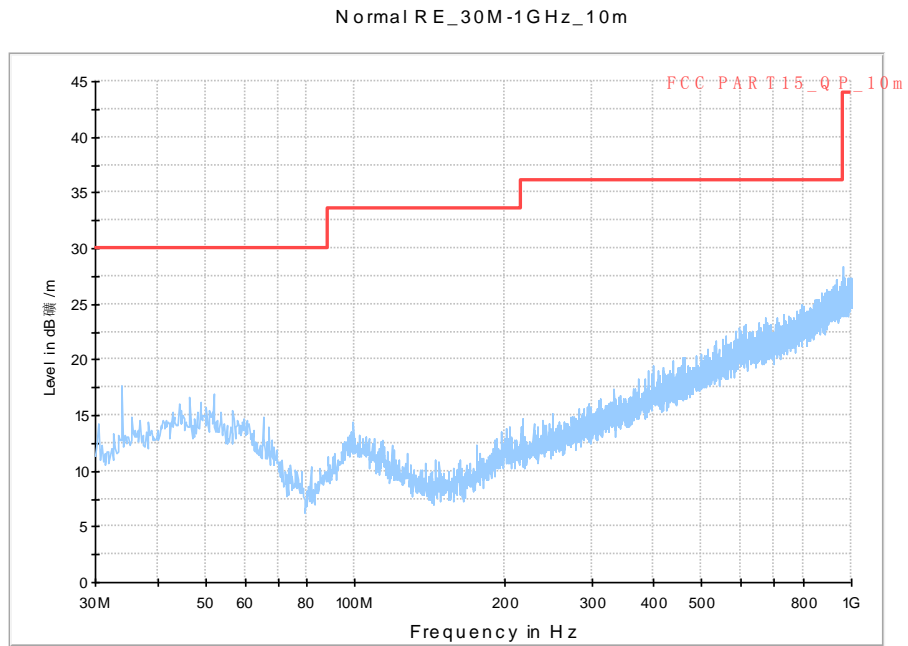


Fig.52. Radiated emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

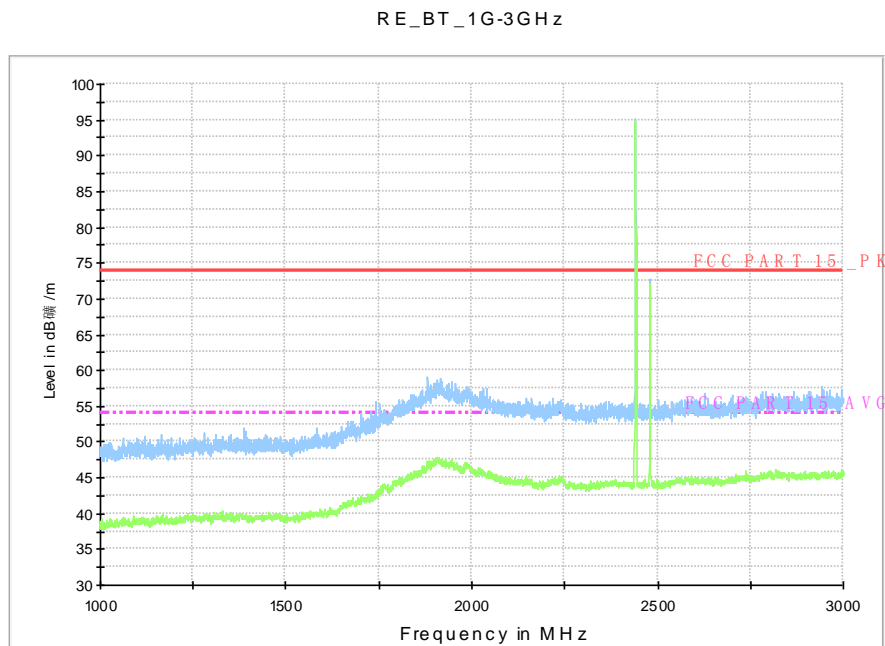


Fig.53. Radiated emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39, 1 GHz - 3 GHz

Normal RE_3G-18GHz_filter

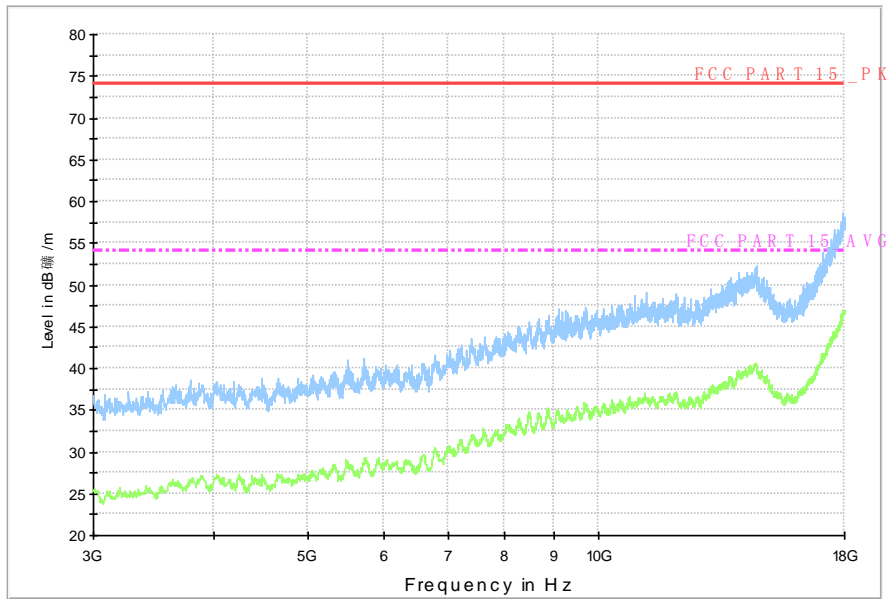


Fig.54. Radiated emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39, 3 GHz - 18 GHz

RE_BT_1G-3GHz

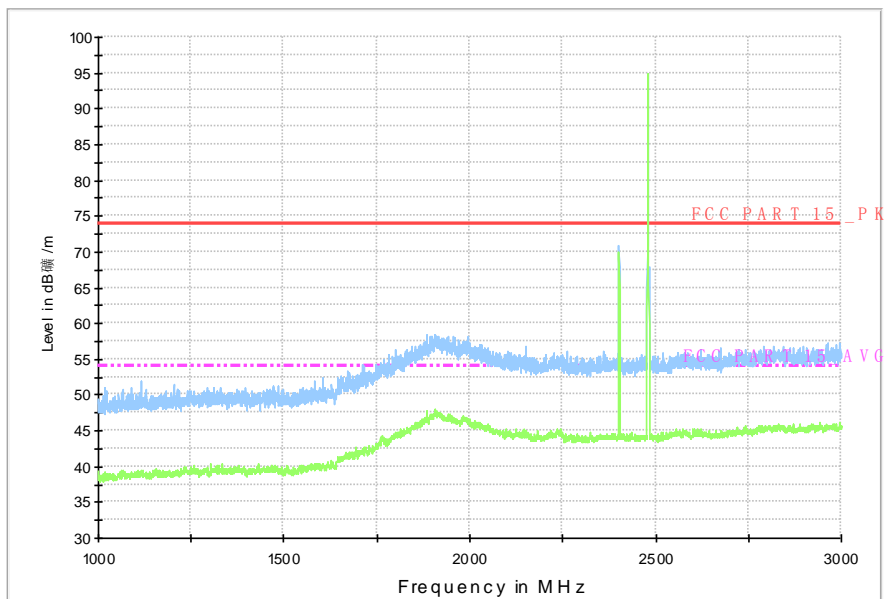


Fig.55. Radiated emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, 1 GHz - 3 GHz

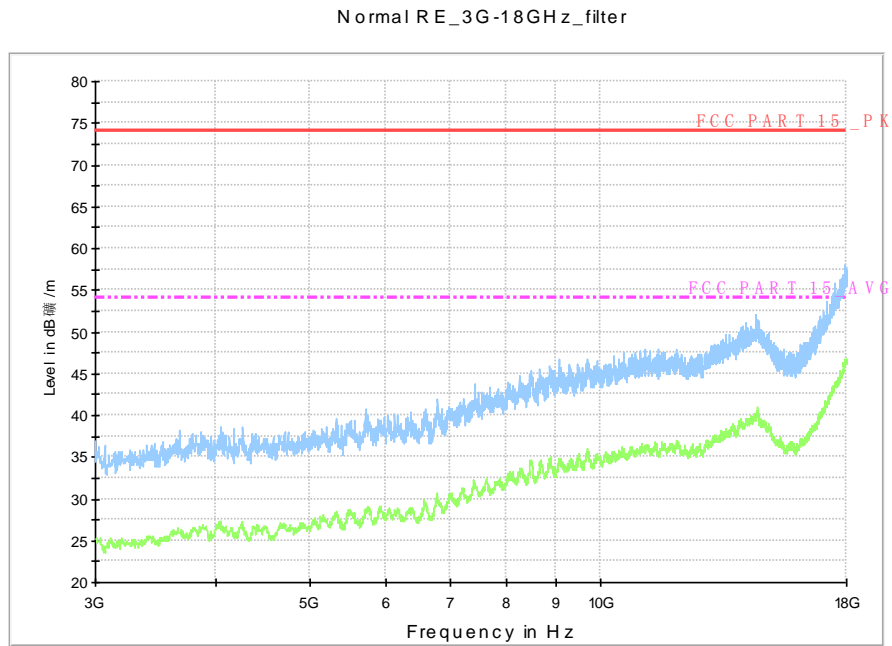


Fig.56. Radiated emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78, 3 GHz - 18 GHz

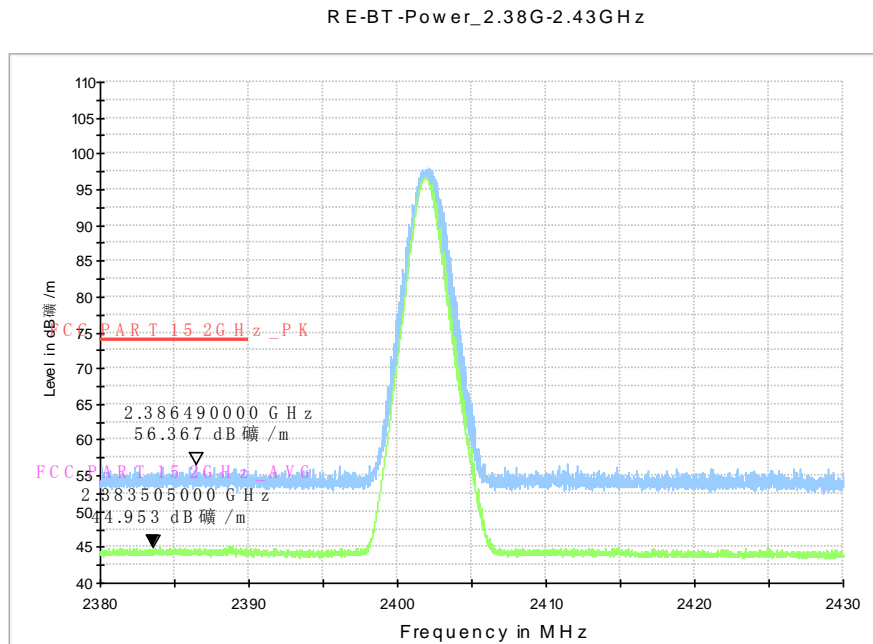


Fig.57. Radiated emission (Power): $\pi/4$ DQPSK, low channel

RE-BT-Power_2.45G-2.5GHz

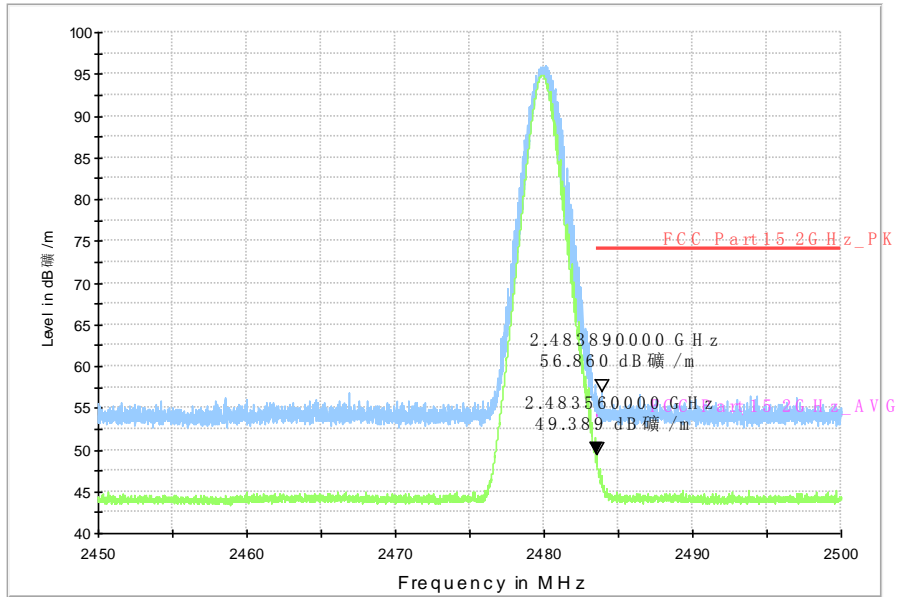


Fig.58. Radiated emission (Power): $\pi/4$ DQPSK, high channel

Normal RE_18G-26.5GHz

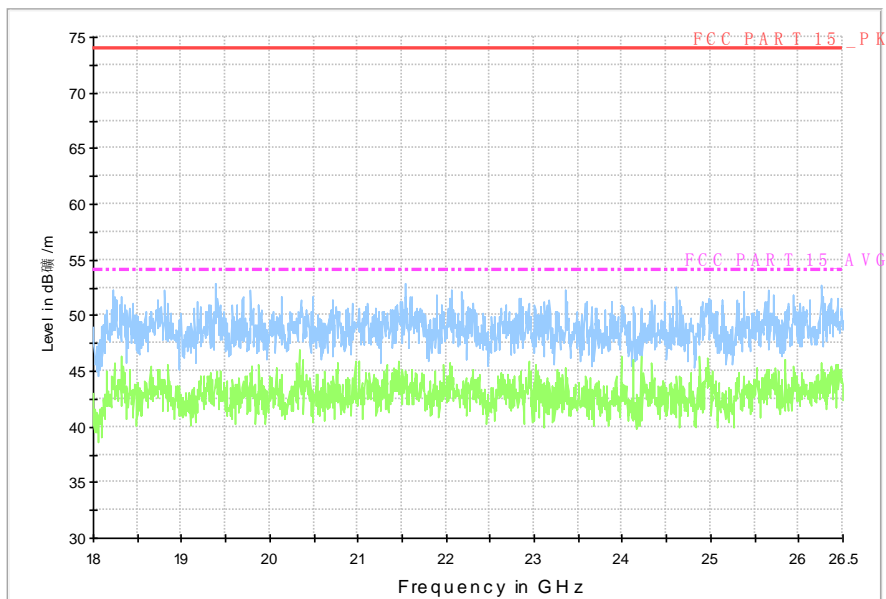


Fig.59. Radiated emission: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 18 GHz - 26 GHz

A.6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.4

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW ≥ RBW
- Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold

Measure a pulse time in time domain at middle frequency and then count the hopping number in 31.6s(which equals with 0.4 multiply 79) of middle frequency ,then multiply the pulse time and hopping number and record them.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit (ms)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a) (1)(iii)	< 400

Measurement Result:

For GFSK

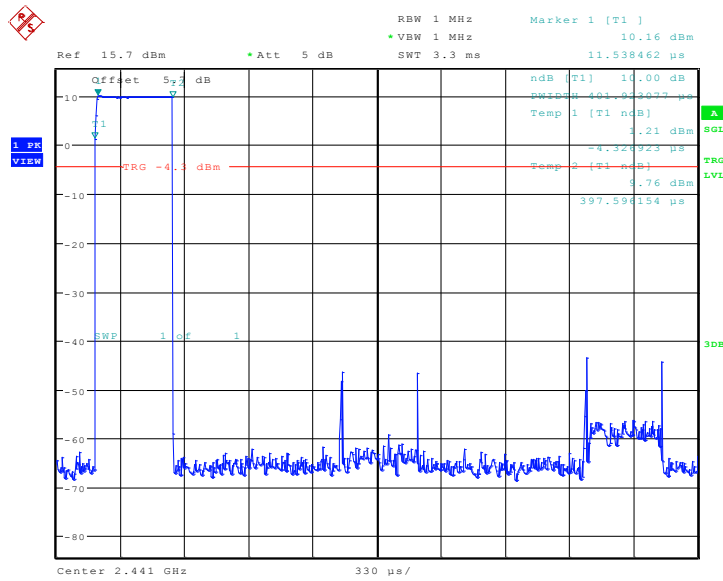
Channel	Packet	Dwell Time (ms)		Conclusion
		Fig.	Value	
39	DH1	Fig.60	113.34	P
		Fig.61		
	DH3	Fig.62	163.25	P
		Fig.63		
	DH5	Fig.64	216.41	P
		Fig.65		

For π/4 DQPSK

Channel	Packet	Dwell Time (ms)		Conclusion
		Fig.	Value	
39	DH1	Fig.66	120.53	P
		Fig.67		
	DH3	Fig.68	164.92	P
		Fig.69		
	DH5	Fig.70	222.26	P
		Fig.71		

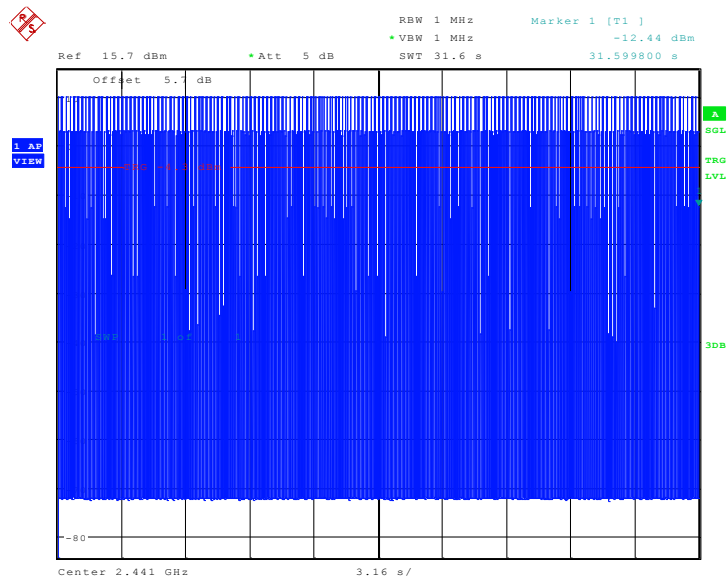
Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below:



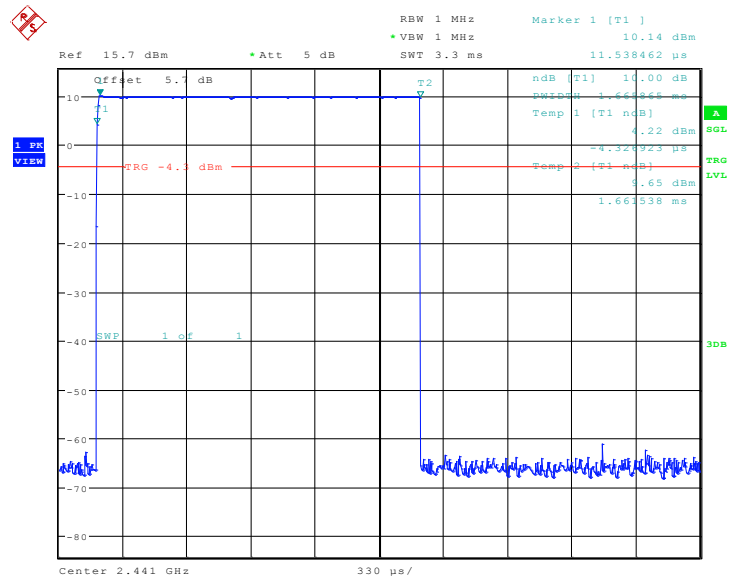
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:39:19

Fig.60. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH1



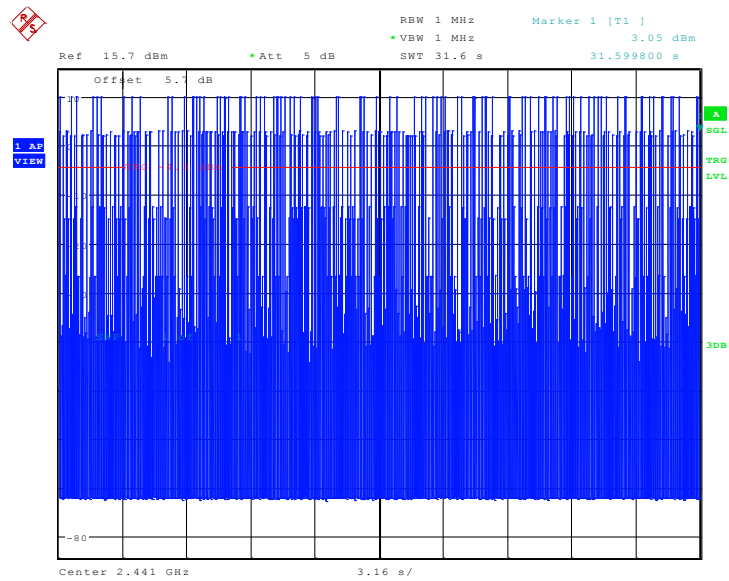
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:39:07

Fig.61. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH1



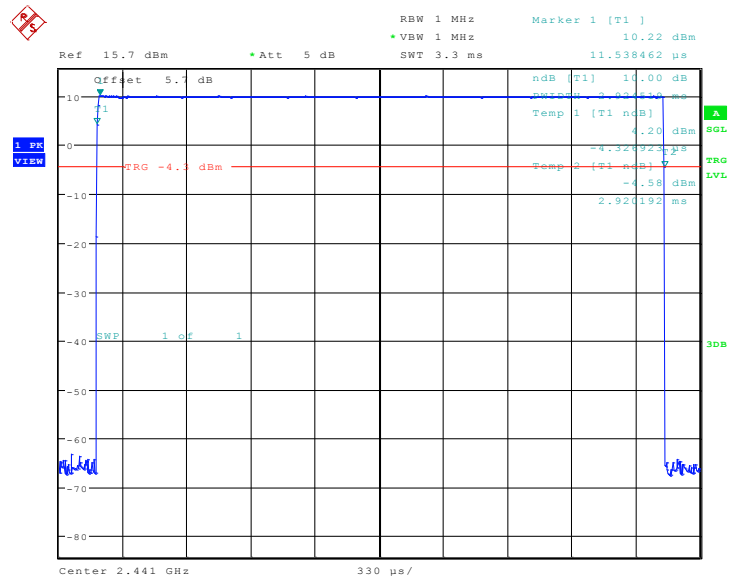
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:40:39

Fig.62. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH3



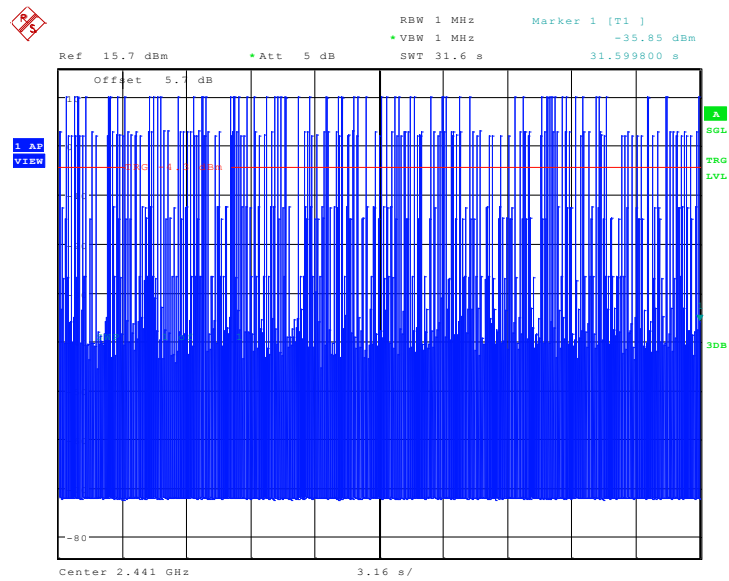
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:40:27

Fig.63. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH3



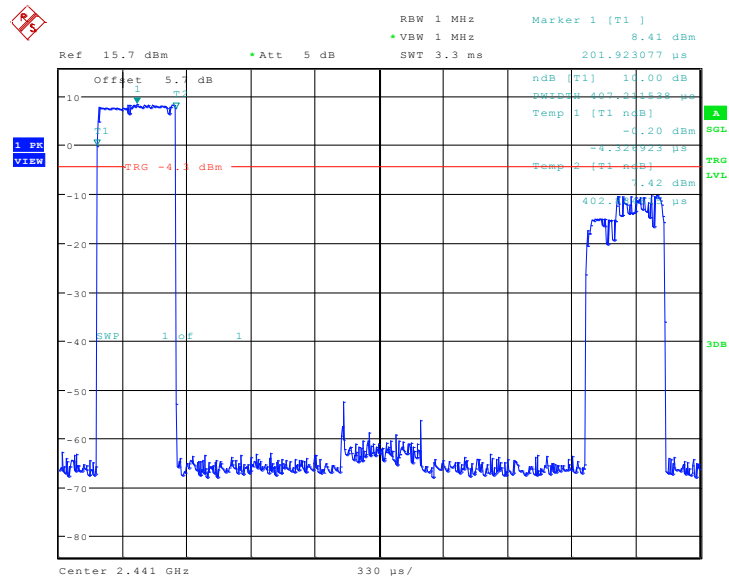
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:41:55

Fig.64. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet DH5



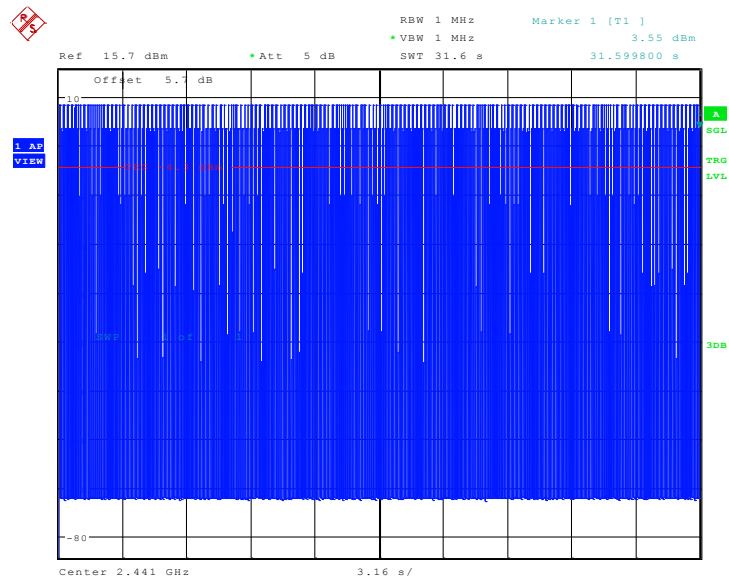
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:41:44

Fig.65. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet DH5



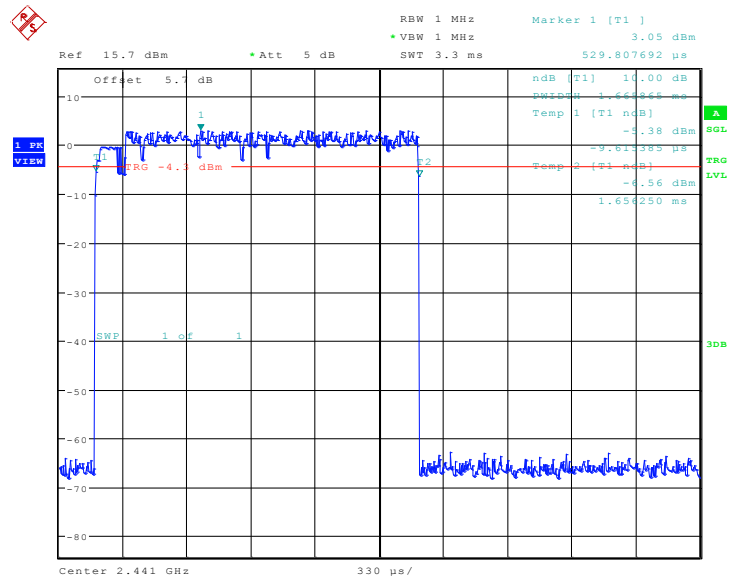
Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:01:55

Fig.66. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH1



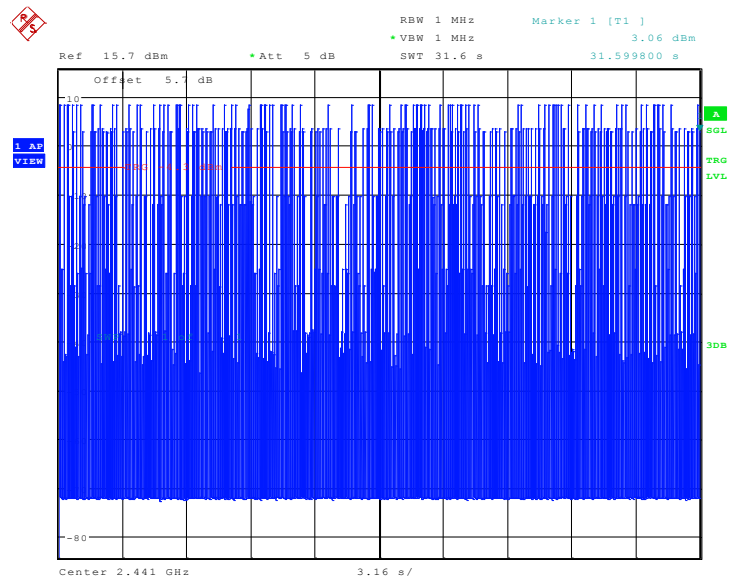
Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:01:43

Fig.67. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH1



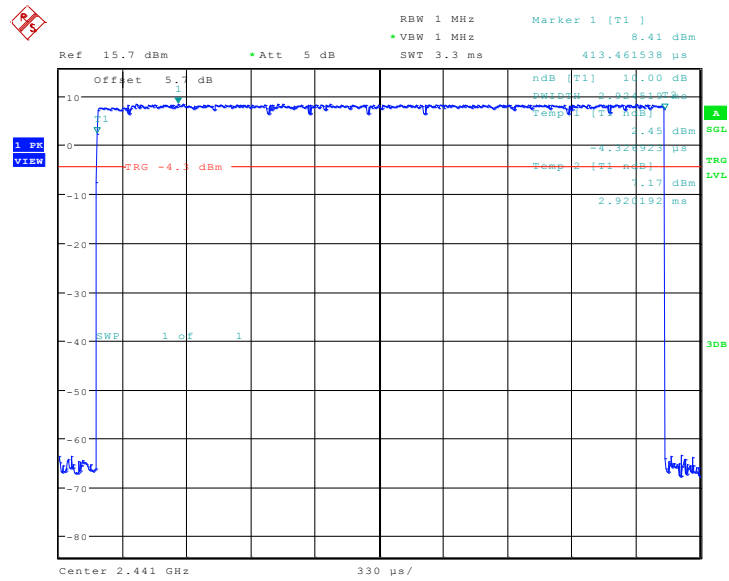
Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:03:15

Fig.68. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH3



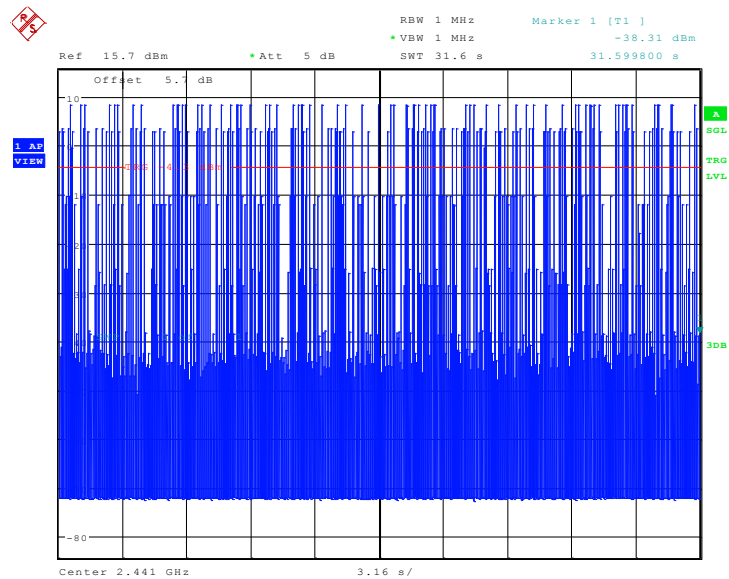
Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:03:03

Fig.69. Number of Transmissions Measurement:Channel 39,Packet 2-DH3



Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:04:31

Fig.70. Time of occupancy (Dwell Time): Channel 39, Packet 2-DH5



Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:04:19

Fig.71. Number of Transmissions Measurement: Channel 39, Packet 2-DH5

A.7. 20dB Bandwidth

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 6.9.2

Measurement Procedure - Unwanted Emissions

1. Set RBW = 20kHz.
2. Set VBW = 100 kHz.
3. Set span to 3MHz
4. Detector = peak.
5. Trace Mode = max hold.
6. Sweep = auto couple.
7. Allow the trace to stabilize (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span).

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	NA *

Use NdB Down function of the SA to measure the 20dB Bandwidth

* Comment: This test case is not required according to the latest FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247. But the test results are necessary for “carrier frequency separation” test case, in Annex A.8.

Measurement Results:

For GFSK

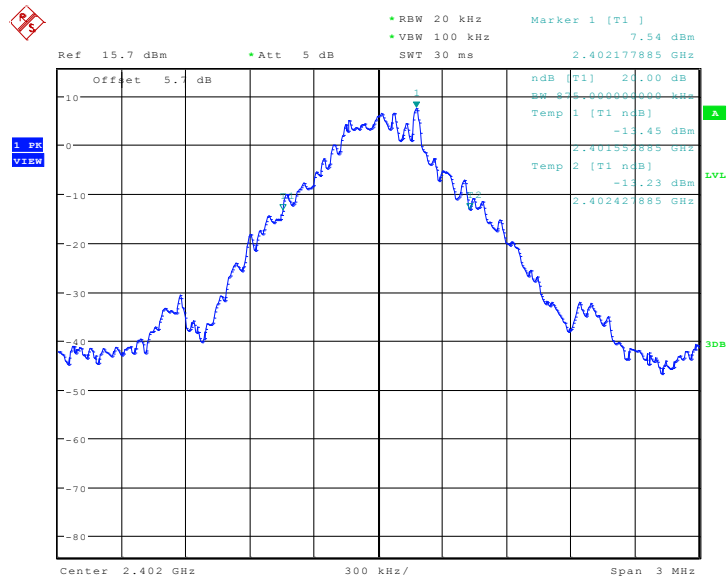
Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.72	875.00	NA
39	Fig.73	870.19	NA
78	Fig.74	875.00	NA

For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)		Conclusion
0	Fig.75	1307.69	NA
39	Fig.76	1326.92	NA
78	Fig.77	1326.92	NA

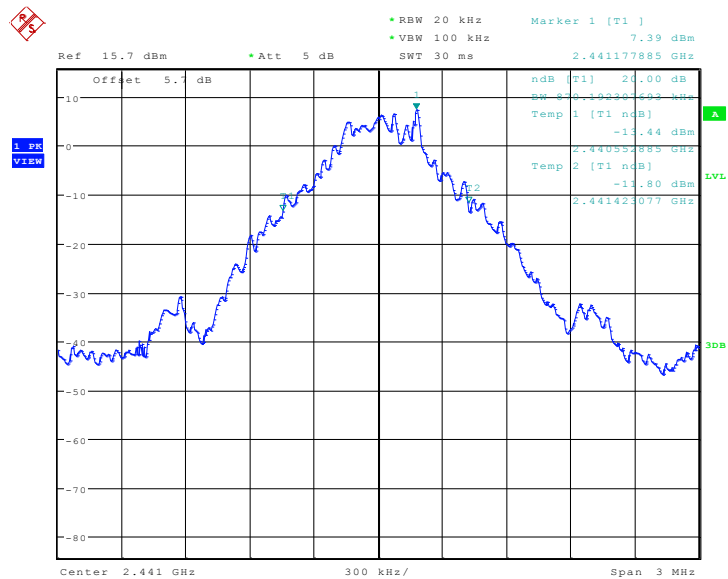
Conclusion: NA

Test graphs as below:



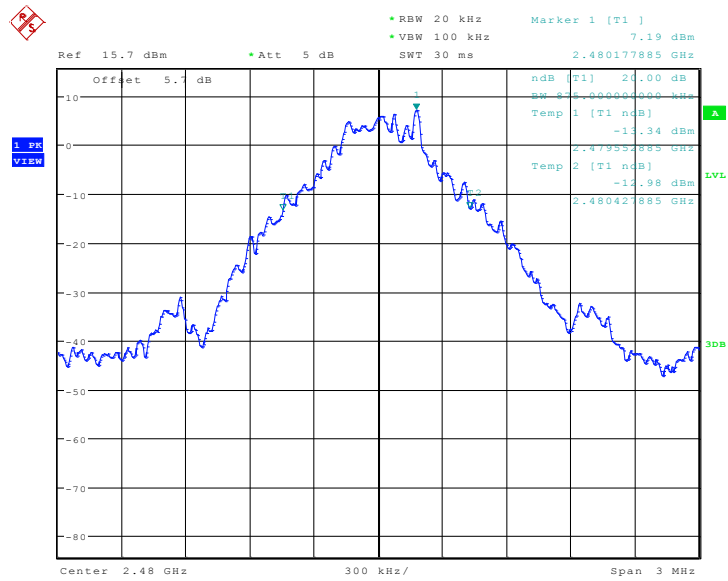
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:42:29

Fig.72. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 0



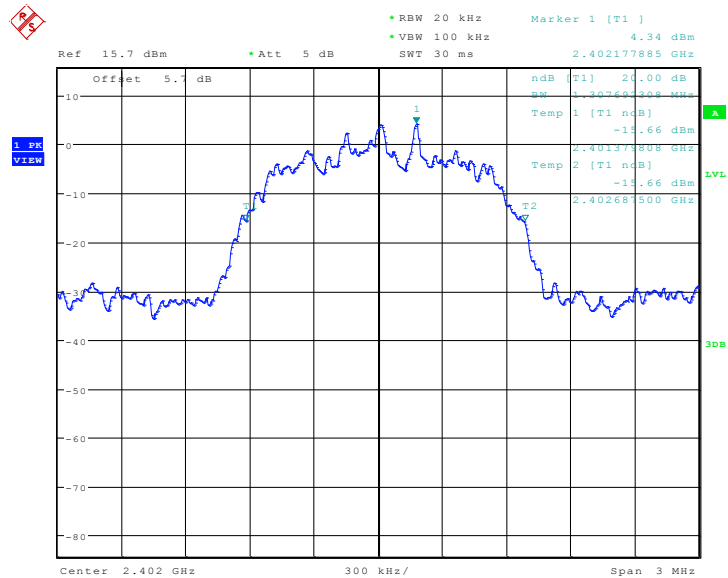
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:43:01

Fig.73. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 39



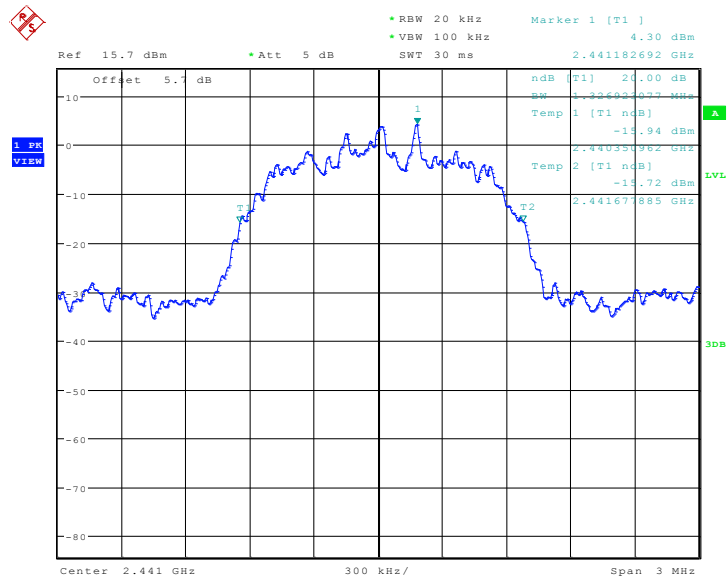
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:43:33

Fig.74. 20dB Bandwidth: GFSK, Channel 78



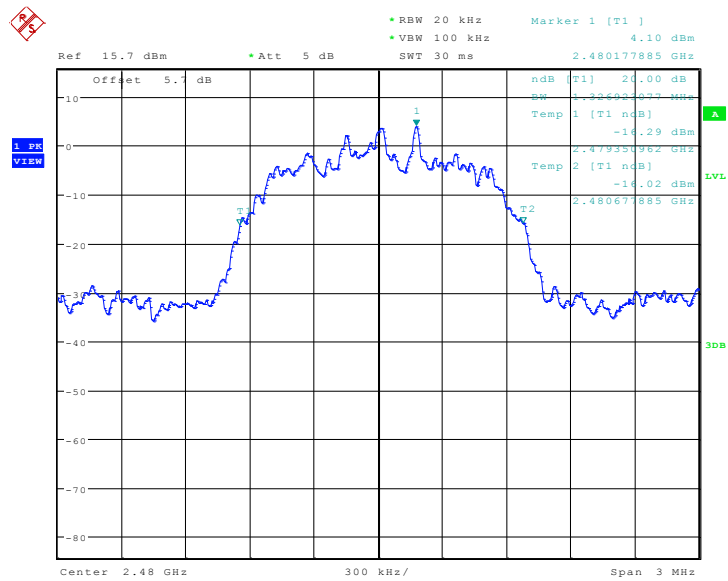
Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:05:05

Fig.75. 20dB Bandwidth: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0



Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:05:37

Fig.76. 20dB Bandwidth: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39



Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:06:08

Fig.77. 20dB Bandwidth: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 78

A.8. Carrier Frequency Separation

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = 3MHz
- RBW=300kHz
- VBW=1MHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

Search the peak marks of the middle frequency and adjacent channel, then record the separation between them.

* Comment: This limit should be over 25 kHz or $(2/3) * 20\text{dB}$ bandwidth, whichever is greater.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit(kHz)
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a)(1)	over 25 kHz or $(2/3) * 20\text{dB}$ bandwidth

Measurement Result:

For GFSK

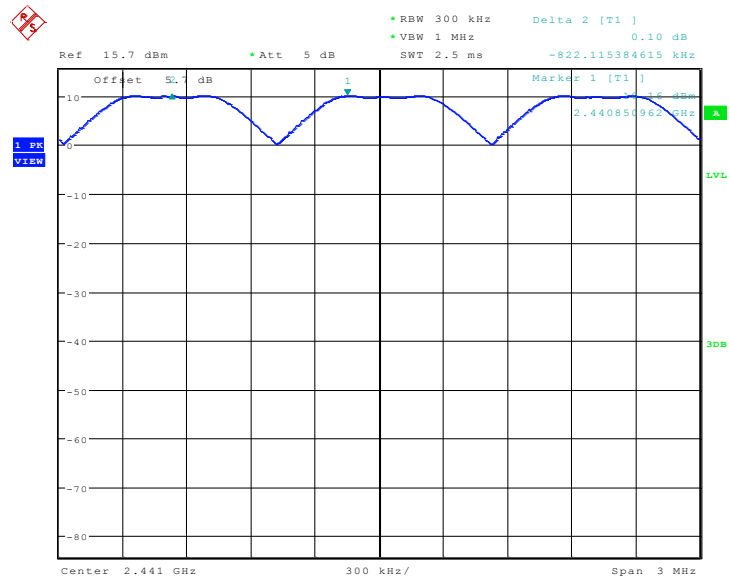
Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz)		Conclusion
39	Fig.78	822.12	P

For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Carrier frequency separation (kHz)		Conclusion
39	Fig.79	894.23	P

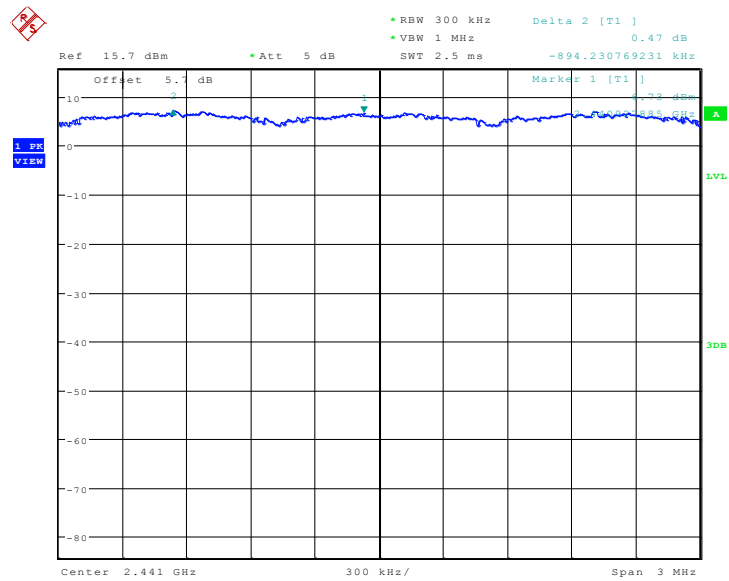
Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below:



Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:45:37

Fig.78. Carrier frequency separation measurement: GFSK, Channel 39



Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:47:52

Fig.79. Carrier frequency separation measurement: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 39

A.9. Number of Hopping Channels

Method of Measurement: See ANSI C63.10-clause 7.8.3

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- Span = the frequency band of operation
- RBW = 500kHz
- VBW = 500kHz
- Sweep = auto
- Detector function = peak
- Trace = max hold
- Allow the trace to stabilize

It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies. Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined for the number of hopping channels. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

Measurement Limit:

Standard	Limit
FCC 47 CFR Part 15.247(a) (1)(iii)	At least 15 non-overlapping channels

Measurement Result:

For GFSK

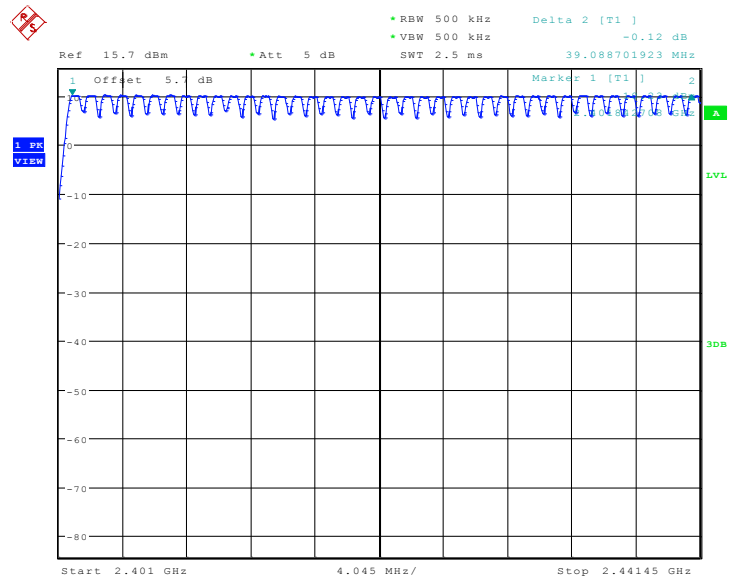
Channel	Number of hopping channels		Conclusion
0~39	Fig.80	79	P
40~78	Fig.81		

For $\pi/4$ DQPSK

Channel	Number of hopping channels		Conclusion
0~39	Fig.82	79	P
40~78	Fig.83		

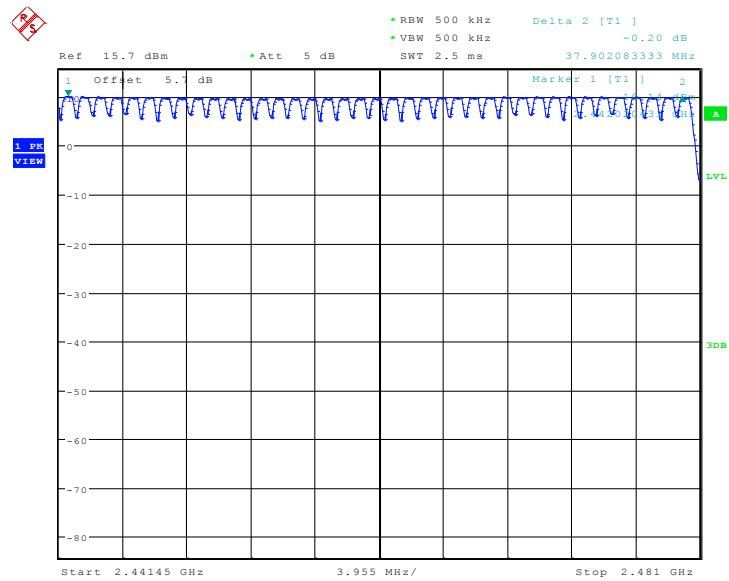
Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below:



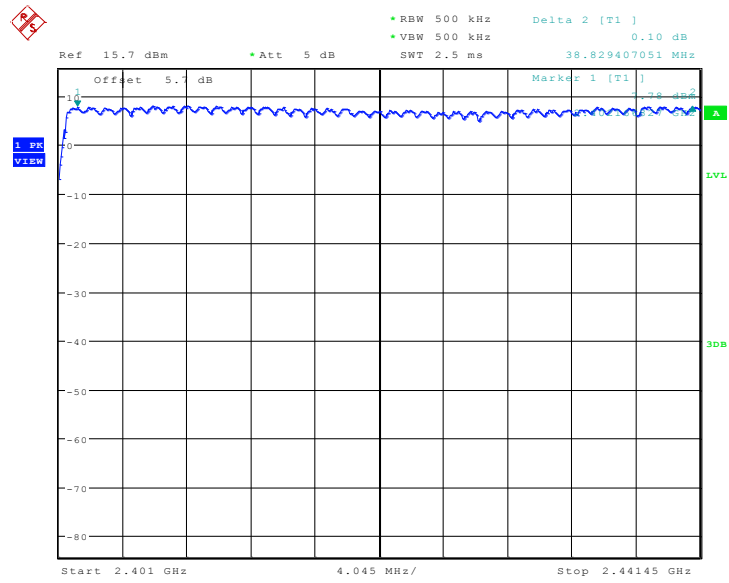
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:47:42

Fig.80. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 0 - 39



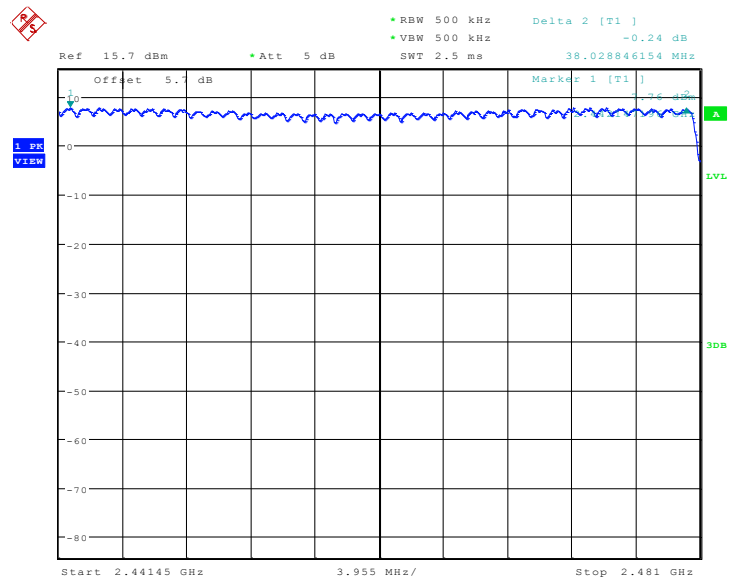
Date: 11.JUN.2015 15:49:44

Fig.81. Number of hopping frequencies: GFSK, Channel 40 - 78



Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:10:17

Fig.82. Number of hopping frequencies: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 0 - 39



Date: 11.JUN.2015 16:12:19

Fig.83. Number of hopping frequencies: $\pi/4$ DQPSK, Channel 40 - 78

A.10. AC Powerline Conducted Emission

Test Condition

Voltage (V)	Frequency (Hz)
120	60

Measurement Result and limit:

Bluetooth (Quasi-peak Limit)

Frequency range (MHz)	Quasi-peak Limit (dB μ V)	Conclusion
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56	P
0.5 to 5	56	
5 to 30	60	

NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

Bluetooth (Average Limit)

Frequency range (MHz)	Average Limit (dB μ V)	Conclusion
0.15 to 0.5	56 to 46	P
0.5 to 5	46	
5 to 30	50	

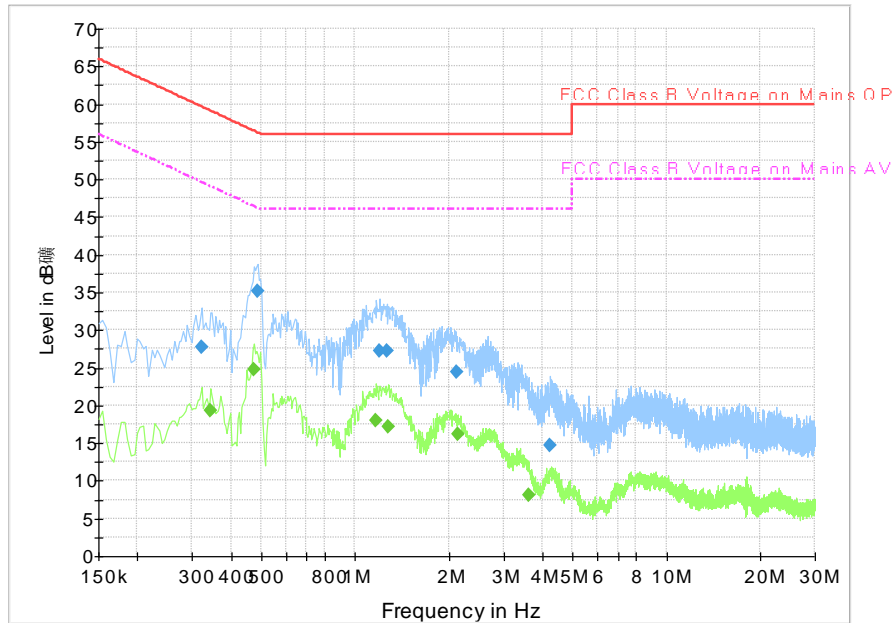
NOTE: The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.

The measurement is made according to ANSI C63.10

Conclusion: PASS

Test graphs as below:

Traffic:



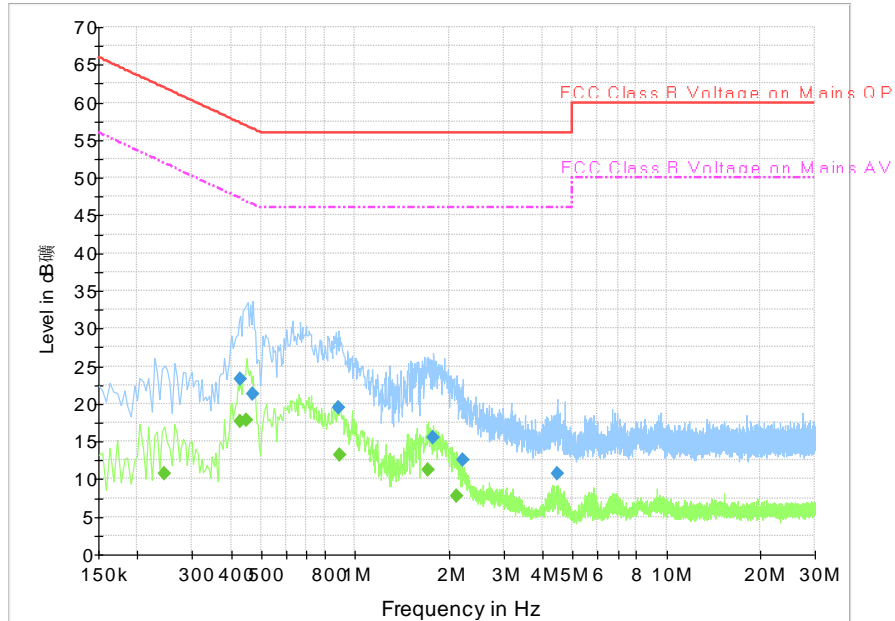
Final Result 1

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.321000	27.7	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	32.0	59.7
0.487500	35.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	21.0	56.2
1.198500	27.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	28.8	56.0
1.266000	27.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	28.8	56.0
2.125500	24.4	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	31.6	56.0
4.245000	14.6	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	41.4	56.0

Final Result 2

Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)
0.343500	19.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	29.9	49.1
0.474000	24.8	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	21.6	46.4
1.171500	18.0	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	28.0	46.0
1.284000	17.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	28.8	46.0
2.134500	16.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	29.8	46.0
3.619500	8.1	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	37.9	46.0

Idle:



Final Result 1

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)	Comment
0.429000	23.3	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	33.9	57.3	
0.469500	21.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	35.3	56.5	
0.883500	19.4	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	36.6	56.0	
1.788000	15.6	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	40.4	56.0	
2.220000	12.5	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	43.5	56.0	
4.452000	10.8	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	45.2	56.0	

Final Result 2

Frequency (MHz)	CAverage (dBµV)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Filter	Line	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV)	Comment
0.244500	10.8	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	41.2	51.9	
0.429000	17.6	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	29.7	47.3	
0.447000	17.8	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.8	29.1	46.9	
0.897000	13.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	32.8	46.0	
1.711500	11.2	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.7	34.8	46.0	
2.130000	7.8	2000.0	9.000	On	L1	19.6	38.2	46.0	

ANNEX B: Accreditation Certificate

 
China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment
LABORATORY ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE
(No. CNAS L0570)
Telecommunication Technology Labs, Academy of Telecommunication Research, MIIT <u>No.52, Huayuan North Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China</u> <u>No.51, Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, China</u>
<i>to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories(CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing and calibration.</i>
<i>The scope of accreditation is detailed in the attached schedule bearing the same accreditation number as above. The schedule forms an integral part of this certificate.</i>
Date of Issue: 2014-10-29 Date of Expiry: 2017-06-19 Date of Initial Accreditation: 1998-07-03

Signed on behalf of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment
<small>China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) is authorized by Certification and Accreditation Administration of the People's Republic of China (CNCA) to operate the national accreditation schemes for conformity assessment. CNAS is the signatory to International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (ILAC MRA) and Asia Pacific Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (APLAC MRA).</small>
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END OF REPORT