

**Test Report:**

**2015\_SONY-CDTLE\_S0007\_04\_SAR\_0007\_V1.0**

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| <b>Test report for:</b>  | CDTLE_S0007   |
|                          | Sony SWR50 / RD-0090  |
| <b>Client Name:</b>      | Sony Mobile Communications Inc.   |
| <b>Client address</b>    | 1-8-15 Konan, Minato-ku<br>108-0075 Tokyo, Japan  |
| <b>According to:</b>     | IEEE Std. 1528-2013<br>& Published KDB procedures   |
| <b>Report Issued By:</b> | Niall Forrester / Technical Manager<br><br><i>N. Forrester</i>                                    |
| <b>Issue Date:</b>       | 2015-01-19  |
| <b>On Behalf of:</b>     | CDTL Europe, Tech Mahindra Ltd.   |
| <b>Lab Address</b>       | 4th Floor, Mobilvägen 10<br>SE-22188 Lund, Sweden<br>Tel: +46 46 272 5746<br>Org. Nr. 516405-4115 |
| <b>Test Engineer(s):</b> | Niall Forrester<br><br><i>N. Forrester</i>  |
| <b>Test Date(s):</b>     | 2015-01-15  |
| <b>Authorised By:</b>    | Håkan Sjöberg<br><br><i>Håkan Sjöberg</i>   |
| <b>Review Date:</b>      | 2015-01-16  |

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This test report includes annexes and therefore the total number of pages is 90.

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\*DETAILS OF PROPOSAL USED AS INPUT TO KDB INQUIRY

## 1 COMPETENCIES AND ASSURANCE

- CDTL Europe, Tech Mahindra Ltd. (referred to as 'The Lab' herewith) is a communication device testing laboratory competent to carry out the tests described in this report.
- In order to assure the traceability to other national and international laboratories, the Lab has a calibration and maintenance program for its measurement equipment according to the ISO/IEC 17025 standard
- The Lab assures the reliability of the data presented in this report, which is the result of the measurements and the tests performed on the item under test on the date and under the conditions stated on the report and, it is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at Lab at the time of performance of the test.
- The Lab is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.

## 2 GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. This report refers only to the item or items that have undergone the test (see section 4.) The Lab assumes no responsibility for any conclusions or generalisations made based on the results in this report unless explicitly stated within the report.
2. This report does not constitute or imply on its own an approval of the device by the Certification Bodies or Competent Authorities.
3. This report is only valid if complete; no partial reproduction can be made without previous written permission from the Lab.
4. This report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written permission from the Lab, and the relevant Accreditation Bodies.
5. The authors and reviewers of this report, on behalf of the Lab, have done their utmost to ensure the accuracy of the information in the report. In the case of suspected errors or other queries, the Lab can be contacted at the address mentioned above. Questions and complaints will be handled in accordance with the Lab's Quality Management System and any required changes may be addressed through the release of a new version of the report, where appropriate. In accordance with the contract with the customer, the Lab cannot be held responsible for damages to the customer or any third party arising from errors in this test report unless this is explicitly stated in the contract.

# FINAL TEST REPORT – SAR TESTING

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## 3 APPLICATION

### 3.1 APPLICANT DETAILS

| Table 3.1 Applicant Details |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <b>Company Name</b>         | Sony Mobile Communications Inc.  |
| <b>Address:</b>             | 1-8-15 Konan, Minato-ku  |
|                             | 108-0075 Tokyo, Japan  |
| <b>Telephone:</b>           | +81 3 5782 5085  |
|                             |  |
| <b>Contact Name</b>         | Fredrik Svensson   |
| <b>e-mail</b>               | <a href="mailto:fredrik3.svensson@sonymobile.com">fredrik3.svensson@sonymobile.com</a> |
| <b>Telephone:</b>           | +46 10 801 7253  |

### 3.2 TYPE OF TESTING REQUIRED

| Table 3.2 Type of Testing Requested |   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Testing according to:</b>        | IEEE Std. 1528-2013                                       |
|                                     | & Published KDB procedures                                |
| <b>Testing Detail</b>               | SAR Testing for WLAN 2.4GHz<br>(for additional accessory) |

For further details of the test specifications used, please see Section 7.

### 3.3 DATES OF RECEIPT AND TESTING

| Table 3.3 Dates of Receipt and testing |             |
|--|-------------|
| <b>Receipt of Application</b>          | 2015-01-14  |
| <b>Receipt of Test Items</b>           | 2015-01-14  |
| <b>Testing Commenced</b>               | 2015-01-15* |
| <b>Testing Completed</b>               | 2015-01-15  |

\*Note that existing results for conducted power testing from 2014-07-11  
Have been re-used for the scaling of SAR values in this report

**4 TEST ITEM****4.1 DETAILS OF DEVICE UNDER TEST (DUT)**

| <b>Table 4.1 Details of Device Under Test (DUT)</b> |                                      |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| <b>Description of DUT:</b>                          | Smart Watch                          |
| <b>Device Type for Test Purposes:</b>               | Portable Device (Wrist-worn)         |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b>                                | Sony Mobile Communications Inc.      |
| <b>Model Name:</b>                                  | RD-0090                              |
| <b>Other Model Names:</b>                           | SWR50                                |
| <b>FCC ID</b>                                       | PY7-RD0090                           |
| <b>Industry Canada ID</b>                           | 4170B-RD0090                         |
| <b>Project ID:</b>                                  | CDTLE_S0007                          |
| <b>Sample Identification (DUT #00037):</b>          | S/N 14271D14A372674                  |
| <b>Sample Identification (DUT #00038):</b>          | S/N 14271D18A372010                  |
| <b>Device Hardware Version:</b>                     | AP                                   |
| <b>Device Software Version:</b>                     | ANDROID-20140704.154857 (DUT #00038) |
| <b>Alternative Device Software:</b>                 | ETS_13 (DUT #00037 & #00038)         |
| <b>DUT Status</b>                                   | Identical Prototype                  |

- Note: DUT #00037 used for previous Conducted Power measurements only
- Note: DUT #00038 used for SAR testing only

**4.2 DETAILS OF ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT TO THE DUT****Table 4.2 Details of Ancillary Equipment to the DUT**

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Description of Item:</b>                | Watch Strap (Plastic/Leather)                   |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b>                       | Sony  |
| <b>Model Name:</b>                         | 1294-5702 (Carrier)<br>1276-4067 (Leather Band) |
| <b>Sample Identification (DUT #00087):</b> | Internal ID 00087                               |

Note: the RD-00090 Smart Watch product will be available with a number of different strap types. The tables of SAR results in this report show the DUT ID for the device and also the DUT ID for the strap so the exact configuration under test can be easily identified.

For further technical details of the DUT, please see Section 10.

For photographs of the DUT and Ancillary Equipment, please Appendix I

## 5 COMPLIANCE

### 5.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The highest SAR value measured for the device of type RD0090 with accessories 1294-5702 (Carrier) and 1276-4067 (Leather Band) was below the maximum recommended level of 4W/Kg (averaged over 10g of tissue) for a device used at the limbs (extremities) for the general population (uncontrolled exposure) according to the following documents:

FCC 47 CFR rule §2.1093

RSS-102 Issue 4 Section 4.1

Testing was carried out in accordance with the specifications listed in Section 7 of this report together with the methods documented in Appendix K.

### 5.2 DETAILS OF COMPLIANCE

#### Details of Compliance

**Table 5.2 Details of Compliance**

| Test Type                      | Details  | Requirement Reference(s)                               | Result          |
|--------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|
| Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) | WLAN 2.4GHz<br>Extremities<br>General Population | FCC 47 CFR rule §2.1093<br>RSS-102 Issue 4 Section 4.1 | <b>COMPLIED</b> |

### 5.3 EXPOSURE LIMITS

**Table 5.3 Exposure Limits**  
**As defined by FCC 47 CFR rule §2.1093 and RSS-102 Issue 4 Section 4.1**

| Exposure Type  | Limit for General Population<br>[Uncontrolled Environment]<br>(W/Kg) | Occupational Limit<br>[Controlled Environment]<br>(W/Kg) |
|--|--|--|
| Whole Body<br>(Averaged over whole body)                   | 0.08   | 0.4  |
| Localised [Head and Trunk]<br>(Averaged over 1g of tissue) | 1.6  | 8  |
| Extremities [Limbs]<br>(Averaged over 10g of tissue)       | 4  | 20   |

**6 SUMMARY OF HIGHEST REPORTED SAR VALUES BY CONFIGURATION / CLASS****Summary of Measurement Results by Configuration and Class****Table 6 Summary of Measurement Results by Configuration and Class**

| <b>Test Configuration</b> | <b>Maximum reported SAR value (W/Kg) for 10g by Equipment Class</b> |
|---------------------------|---|
|                           | <b>DTS</b>  |
| Extremities               | 0.62  |

This table shows only the highest reported SAR value for each combination of test configuration (e.g. Use at the Ear, Body-worn accessory, Use at the Extremities) and Equipment Class. For detailed SAR results please refer to the tables in Section 13.

**7 TEST SPECIFICATION REFERENCES****7.1 PRIMARY TEST SPECIFICATIONS**

*Evaluation of the Device Under Test was conducted according to the requirements in the following standard(s):*

**IEEE Std. 1528-2013**

IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

**IEEE Std. 1528-2003**

IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

**RSS-102 Issue 4**

Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)

**KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02**

Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

**KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03**

SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

**KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11 a b g v01r02**

SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters

**7.2 FURTHER REFERENCES FOR TEST METHODS AND REPORTING PROCEDURES**

*In addition to the primary test specifications, the methods documented in Appendix K of this report were used.*

*The following test specifications were also used in determining the information to be included in the report:*

**KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01**

RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

**RSS-102 Issue 4 Annex E**

Information that should be included in the RF Exposure Technical Brief to Document SAR Compliance

**7.3 ADDITIONAL REFERENCES**

*The following specifications were referred to in determining the maximum allowable SAR level for the device under test:*

**FCC 47 CFR rule §2.1093**

Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.

**ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005**

IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz

**RSS-102 Issue 4 Section 4.1**

SAR Limits for Devices Used by the General Public (Uncontrolled Environment)

**8 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS IN THE LAB****8.1 TEMPERATURE**

The temperature is monitored and logged automatically by a calibrated temperature/humidity reader and the logs are reviewed regularly. In case of any deviations, immediate corrective actions are taken to ensure that the Lab temperature is maintained within the specified range.

The temperature of the Tissue Simulating Liquids is measured at the time of test. The measured temperatures are included with the SAR results in section 13.

**8.2 HUMIDITY**

The relative humidity (RH) is maintained between 20% and 75%. The relative humidity is monitored and logged automatically by a calibrated temperature/humidity reader and the logs are reviewed regularly. In case of any deviations, immediate corrective actions are taken to ensure that the Lab humidity is maintained within the specified range.

**8.3 RF SHIELDING**

At the Lab, all relevant test equipment is placed inside shielded rooms (Faraday cages) which ensure that RF interference is within the bounds set by the test requirements, where this is necessary.

The Lab staff are made aware of the test requirements and the proper operation of these shielded chambers. Lab engineers periodically verify the performance of the chambers through appropriate checks. The Technical Manager is primarily responsible to ensure that these checks are carried out correctly and if required necessary corrective actions are taken immediately to rectify any problem.

**9 GENERALISED SAR TEST METHODS AND PROCEDURES****9.1 OVERVIEW**

Testing has been performed according to established standard methods as listed in section 7. This overview section is intended to summarise the fundamental concepts that are used in all the SAR testing carried out in the Lab. For full and precise details, please refer to the specifications mentioned above.

In order to find the highest SAR values for the DUT, a number of steps are necessary. Firstly, the correct configurations (combinations of radio link parameters and physical placement of the device) must be determined. The performance of the test apparatus must be verified, and environmental conditions recorded. The various test configurations are set up and measurements are taken. Finally the results are analysed and presented in this report. The equipment used for testing is compliant with appropriate standards. For a full list of the equipment used, see APPENDIX A.

**9.2 DETERMINING THE CONFIGURATIONS TO BE TESTED**

To determine the configurations that need to be tested, it is first necessary to consult the technical details of the DUT provided by the manufacturer. Using this information, appropriate frequency bands, wireless technologies and operating modes can be tested, and configurations that are not supported by the DUT may be excluded from the test scope.

From the manufacturer's technical documentation other parameters are also determined, such as the test separation for testing body-worn and hotspot configurations (where appropriate) and some test positions may be excluded: for example it may not be necessary to test certain orientations of the DUT depending on the location of the antenna(s).

In addition, the conducted output power is measured for a various radio link configurations for the different technologies and frequency bands supported by the DUT, and this data is used to select the 'worst case' configurations for which SAR testing is performed. Tables of these conducted power measurements are included in Section 11 together with a description of the test setup.

Details of the configurations that were selected prior to testing are shown in Section 0, together with justification of these selections.

During the testing of the device, it may be necessary to include additional test configurations depending on the SAR levels measured, for example if the reported SAR is above a certain threshold, it may be necessary to repeat certain test configurations. These additional configurations, if required, are documented in Section 14.1.

**9.3 ENSURING THE MEASUREMENTS ARE ACCURATE**

Prior to SAR testing, the performance of the measuring apparatus is verified through checking of the dielectric properties of the tissue simulating fluids and by using the test apparatus to measure the SAR for a source with known characteristics. The results are then compared with previous reference measurements with the same equipment. These checks are known as "System Checks"

At regular intervals, after critical equipment has been calibrated or when new equipment is introduced to the lab, further checks of the equipment are performed in a similar way to the System Checks, but with additional checks and measurements made. These checks are known as "System Validation".

The results of these checks are presented in APPENDIX F.

**9.4 SETTING UP THE RADIO LINK**

In most cases, the desired radio link configuration for cellular wireless services is set up via the air interface between a Radio Communication Tester and the DUT and the power levels are controlled by commands from this instrument also. In some cases, special software or applications may be installed on the DUT in order to control the test configurations and output power of the device.

**9.5 PERFORMING THE TESTS**

Environmental conditions are logged (air temperature and humidity and the temperature of the fluid). The DUT is placed in a device holder at the appropriate position relative to a SAR phantom containing a suitable tissue simulating fluid, and measurements are then made by the SAR test system, which measures the fields induced in the fluid, and uses the results to calculate the SAR value over a specified volume of tissue. For technical details of the apparatus and its operation, please see APPENDIX B.

The process is repeated using different radio link configurations, different DUT positions and different tissue simulating fluids (where appropriate) until all the required combinations have been tested. Results are stored electronically and are summarised in this report. Examples of the original SAR scan data from the SAR test system are also attached to this report: see APPENDIX H.

**9.6 PRESENTING THE RESULTS**

The individual results from each test scan are stored electronically. The results are summarised in tables in Section 13. Statements regarding the compliance of the DUT are shown in Section 5.

## 10 TECHNICAL DETAILS OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

### 10.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE DUT

The Device Under Test is a Smart Watch supporting WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth / Bluetooth LE Configurations, as detailed below. The device is configured as a wristwatch and is intended for use when worn on the wrist (i.e. extremities conditions) by the General Population.

### 10.2 WIRELESS TECHNOLOGIES AND FREQUENCY BANDS SUPPORTED BY THE DUT

**Table 10.2 Wireless Technologies and Frequency Bands supported by the DUT**

| Technology        | Band    | Frequency Range (Tx) | Power Class | Modulations | Results Included * |
|-------------------|---------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|
| WLAN 802.11 b/g/n | 2.4 GHz | 2412 MHz – 2462 MHz  | N/A         | OFDM, CCK   | YES                |
| Bluetooth / BT LE | 2.4 GHz | 2402 MHz – 2480 MHz  | 1           | GFSK        | NO                 |

\* Note that details are included here for all wireless configurations supported by the DUT.

Configurations marked with a "NO" in this column are not relevant for the scope of this report and hence no test results are included for these configurations. For justifications of SAR test configurations and exclusions, see Section 12.

### 10.3 DUT MAXIMUM POWER CAPABILITIES

**Table 10.3 DUT Maximum Power capabilities**

| Technology        | Band    | Maximum Average Output Power* |
|-------------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| WLAN 802.11 b/g/n | 2.4 GHz | 19.0 dBm                      |
| Bluetooth / BT LE | 2.4 GHz | 9.5 dBm                       |

\*These figures represent the maximum average output power attainable by the device type, including manufacturing tolerances. They are based on the manufacturer's own data.

Further details of the maximum power capabilities for each wireless configuration tested are included together with the scaling factors in Section 11.2

**10.4 DUT RELEASE VERSIONS, CLASSES AND CATEGORIES****Table 10.4 DUT Release Versions, Classes and Categories**

| Technology  | Detail    | Supported |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| WLAN 2.4GHz | Protocols | b/g/n     |

**10.5 ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL DETAILS OF THE DUT****Table 10.5 Additional Technical Details of the DUT**

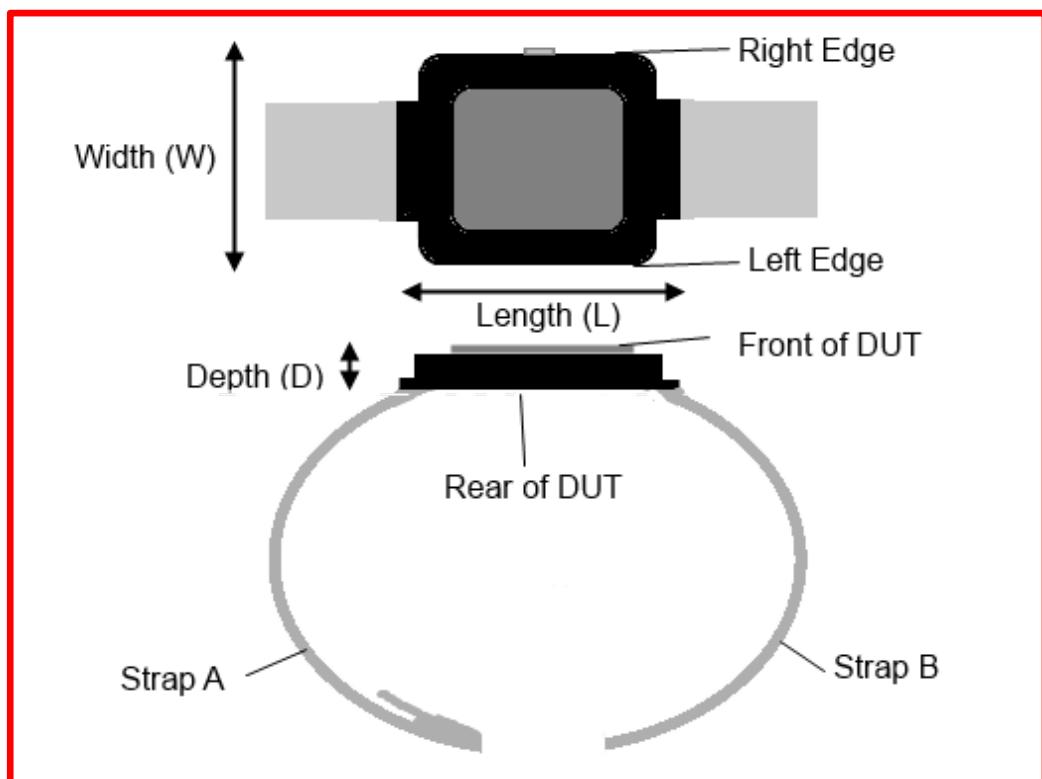
| Technology                    | Supported           |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Battery Voltage (Max):        | 4.35V               |
| Battery Type:                 | Lithium-Ion Polymer |
| WiFi Hotspot Supported:       | NO                  |
| Inductive Charging Supported: | NO                  |
| Connection for Headset        | NO                  |

**10.6 SPECIAL OPERATION DETAILS**

There are no special power reduction configurations supported by the device.

It is not possible to make or receive voice calls (either through cellular technologies or Voice Over IP) from the device.

There is no connector intended for physical connection of accessories such as a headset whilst the device is worn by the user. The USB connector that is present is intended for charging only and, due to its placement on the rear of the device, it cannot be used while the device is worn by the user. Connection of a headset via Bluetooth is possible.

**10.7 OVERALL DIMENSIONS OF THE DUT**

Note: This diagram is not intended to accurately represent the actual appearance of the DUT

**Table 10.7 Approximate Overall Dimensions of the DUT**

| Dimension                                   | Size   |
|---|--------|
| Width (W)                                   | 41 mm  |
| Depth (D)                                   | 10 mm  |
| Length not including straps (L)*            | 60 mm  |
| Length of Strap A ("Plastic/Leather" type)* | 88 mm  |
| Length of Strap B ("Plastic/Leather" type)* | 109 mm |

\* The figures above for the length of the device are approximate as the straps are flexible and can be positioned at varying angles in relation to the carrier.

**10.8 ANTENNA TYPES AND PLACEMENT****Table 10.8 Antenna Types and Placement**

| Antenna       | Type | Technologies (Tx) | Technologies (Rx)       | Minimum Distance (mm) from Edges and Sides |      |      |       |     |        |
|---------------|------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|------|------|-------|-----|--------|
|               |      |                   |                         | Front                                      | Back | Left | Right | Top | Bottom |
| BT/WLAN /GNSS | IFA  | BT/WLAN           | BT/WLAN/<br>GPS/GLONASS | <25  | <25  | <25  | <25   | N/A | N/A    |
| NFC           | COIL | NFC               | NFC                     | <25  | <25  | <25  | <25   | N/A | N/A    |

Note: Both antennas are within 25mm of all relevant sides / edges of the device, so precise measurements have not been given.

Due to the rounded shape of the device, there is no “top” or “bottom” edge (all measurements have been performed with the back of the device positioned closest to the SAR phantom).

**10.9 SUPPORTED SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION CONFIGURATIONS**

No simultaneous transmission configurations are supported by the device.

Bluetooth and WLAN can be ‘active’ at the same time, but only through interleaving of packages switched on board level. For the purposes of SAR testing, this means that they do not transmit at the same time.

## 11 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS AND SCALING FACTORS

The conducted power measurements were made by connecting the RF output of the device to a calibrated Power Sensor via a 3dB attenuator (Method two in APPENDIX D). The test sample used for these measurements was specially modified with a short semi-rigid cable and RF connector.

The devices were supplied with additional software installed by the manufacturer that allowed for direct control of the WLAN parameters. These parameters were controlled via USB using a software interface supplied by the manufacturer that allowed the operator to directly select WLAN modes and channels and set the output power to the maximum attainable level.

The device was set to transmit dummy data in such a way as to ensure the duty factor was as close as possible to 100%.

Note that conducted power testing was performed for previous testing of the RD-0090 device, and those results are replicated here. As the only changes for this report involved accessories that have no effect on conducted power, the tests were not repeated. Results shown here are from 2014-07-11.

### 11.1 CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT RESULTS – WLAN 2.4GHz

#### Conducted Power Measurements for WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b

**Table 11.1a Conducted Power Measurements for WLAN 2.4 802.11b**

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Modulation Type | WLAN Mode | Bit Rate | Average Power (dBm) |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|---------------------|
| 1       | 2412            | CCK             | 802.11b   | 1 Mbps   | 18.03               |
| 6       | 2437            | CCK             | 802.11b   | 1 Mbps   | 18.17               |
| 11      | 2462            | CCK             | 802.11b   | 1 Mbps   | 18.29               |
| 1       | 2412            | CCK             | 802.11b   | 2 Mbps   | 18.00               |
| 6       | 2437            | CCK             | 802.11b   | 2 Mbps   | 18.24               |
| 11      | 2462            | CCK             | 802.11b   | 2 Mbps   | 18.39               |
| 1       | 2412            | CCK             | 802.11b   | 5.5 Mbps | 17.96               |
| 6       | 2437            | CCK             | 802.11b   | 5.5 Mbps | 18.32               |
| 11      | 2462            | CCK             | 802.11b   | 5.5 Mbps | 18.53               |
| 1       | 2412            | CCK             | 802.11b   | 11 Mbps  | 17.99               |
| 6       | 2437            | CCK             | 802.11b   | 11 Mbps  | 18.28               |
| 11      | 2462            | CCK             | 802.11b   | 11 Mbps  | 18.49               |

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**Conducted Power Measurements for WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11g****Table 11.1b Conducted Power Measurements for WLAN 2.4 802.11g**

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Modulation Type | WLAN Mode | Bit Rate | Average Power (dBm) |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|---------------------|
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 6 Mbps   | 16.74               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 6 Mbps   | 16.90               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 6 Mbps   | 17.00               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 9 Mbps   | 16.69               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 9 Mbps   | 16.90               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 9 Mbps   | 17.03               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 12 Mbps  | 16.69               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 12 Mbps  | 16.89               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 12 Mbps  | 17.00               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 18 Mbps  | 16.69               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 18 Mbps  | 16.89               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 18 Mbps  | 17.03               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 24 Mbps  | 16.89               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 24 Mbps  | 17.00               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 24 Mbps  | 17.13               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 36 Mbps  | 16.79               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 36 Mbps  | 16.97               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 36 Mbps  | 17.13               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 48 Mbps  | 16.25               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 48 Mbps  | 16.42               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 48 Mbps  | 16.62               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 54 Mbps  | 15.33               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 54 Mbps  | 15.55               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11g   | 54 Mbps  | 15.70               |

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**Conducted Power Measurements for WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n**

**Table 11.1c Conducted Power Measurements for WLAN 2.4 802.11n**

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Modulation Type | WLAN Mode | Bit Rate  | Average Power (dBm) |
|---------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 6.5 Mbps  | 16.60               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 6.5 Mbps  | 16.82               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 6.5 Mbps  | 16.98               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 13 Mbps   | 16.60               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 13 Mbps   | 16.83               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 13 Mbps   | 16.95               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 19.5 Mbps | 16.58               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 19.5 Mbps | 16.79               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 19.5 Mbps | 16.94               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 26 Mbps   | 16.58               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 26 Mbps   | 16.81               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 26 Mbps   | 16.95               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 39 Mbps   | 16.63               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 39 Mbps   | 16.86               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 39 Mbps   | 16.99               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 52 Mbps   | 16.08               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 52 Mbps   | 16.33               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 52 Mbps   | 16.49               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 58.5 Mbps | 15.17               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 58.5 Mbps | 15.42               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 58.5 Mbps | 15.56               |
| 1       | 2412            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 65 Mbps   | 13.77               |
| 6       | 2437            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 65 Mbps   | 13.99               |
| 11      | 2462            | OFDM            | 802.11n   | 65 Mbps   | 14.14               |

**11.2 SAR SCALING FACTORS**

Where 'Reported' SAR values are listed together with 'Measured' SAR values, the former were obtained by multiplying the measured values by a factor based on the following equation

$$\text{Scaling Factor} = 10 ^ {[(\text{Maximum Power} - \text{Measured Power}) / 10]}$$

The actual scaling factors used for each tested wireless link configuration are listed below:

**Table 11.2 SAR Scaling Factors**

| Band     | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Wireless Link Configuration | Measured Average Power (dBm) | Maximum* Average Power (dBm) | Scaling Factor |
|----------|---------|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| WLAN_2.4 | 1       | 2412            | 802.11b - 1 Mbps            | 18.03                        | 19.0                         | 1.25           |
| WLAN_2.4 | 6       | 2437            | 802.11b - 1 Mbps            | 18.17                        | 19.0                         | 1.21           |
| WLAN_2.4 | 11      | 2462            | 802.11b - 1 Mbps            | 18.29                        | 19.0                         | 1.18           |

\* The maximum power is based on figures from the manufacturer and includes manufacturing tolerances.

## 12 TEST CONFIGURATIONS, EXCLUSIONS AND JUSTIFICATIONS

This section details the configurations (DUT orientations, test separations and wireless channel configurations) chosen for test in each band, together with justifications for these choices. Any configurations that have been excluded from testing are tabulated below.

### 12.1 TEST EXCLUSIONS

Based on the requirements in the published KDBs, the table below shows which stand-alone test configurations have been excluded from SAR testing due to the maximum output power of the various wireless technologies supported by the device.

The result for comparison is calculated according to the maximum output power, test separation and RF channel frequency and where the value is lower than the threshold for a particular configuration, this configuration may be excluded from stand-alone SAR testing.

**Table 12.1 Stand Alone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations**

| Technology        | Band    | F (GHz) | Max. Pwr (dBm) | M (mW) | Configuration     | S (mm) | Result* | Threshold | Testing Excluded |
|-------------------|---------|---------|----------------|--------|-------------------|--------|---------|-----------|------------------|
| WLAN 802.11 b/g/n | 2.4 GHz | 2.45    | 19             | 79.4   | Extremities (10g) | 5 {0}  | 24.9    | 7.5       | NO               |
| Bluetooth / BT LE | 2.4 GHz | 2.45    | 9.5            | 8.9    | Extremities (10g) | 5 {0}  | 2.8     | 7.5       | YES              |

\*The result for comparison is derived from the equation:

$$\text{Result} = [M / S] \times [\sqrt{F}]$$

Where

- “M” is the maximum output power of the device (including tune-up tolerance) in mW declared by the manufacturer for this configuration.
- “S” is the minimum separation for this test configuration in mm. If the actual separation is less than 5mm, a value of 5 is used for the purposes of this calculation.
- “F” is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

**12.2 TEST CONFIGURATIONS FOR WLAN 2.4GHz**

The device is only intended for use when worn on the wrist; hence the requirements in KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 6.2 have been applied.

The device does not support voice communications, so “next to the mouth” configurations have been excluded from SAR testing.

For WLAN 2.4GHz modes, SAR testing for wrist-worn configurations has been performed with the rear of the device positioned in direct contact against a SAR phantom. The shape of the device means that testing against a flat phantom would create a space between the device and the phantom that would not be representative of actual use conditions. Because of this, a position on the neck region of a SAM phantom has been used for SAR testing. Details are included as Appendix K to this report.

The WLAN channels selected for testing are those specified in KDB 248227 D01 v01r02: channels 1, 6, 11.

The maximum average output power for 802.11g and 802.11n is less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than that measured on corresponding 802.11b channels, so SAR testing has been performed with the device operating in 802.11b mode, in accordance with KDB 248227 D01 v01r02.

The maximum average power for higher data rates is less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than that measured for the lowest data rate; therefore, in accordance with KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, SAR testing has been performed with the device operating at the lowest data rate (1Mbps).

**12.3 TEST CONFIGURATIONS FOR BLUETOOTH**

The device is only intended for use when worn on the wrist. Based on the test exclusion considerations listed in Section 12.1, no SAR testing is required for Bluetooth mode for this device when used at the extremities.

Therefore, all SAR testing has been excluded for Bluetooth modes.

## 13 DETAILED SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

### 13.1 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS – WLAN 2.4 GHz

**TABLE 13.1.1 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS – WLAN 2.4 GHZ Extremities\***

**DUT #00038 with watch strap #00087 [accessories 1294-5702 (Carrier) and 1276-4067 (Leather Band)]**

| Tissue Simulating Fluid Temperature Range: 20.9°C to 22.5°C<br>Tissue Simulating Fluid Depth: 15.4cm (Measured at test position) |               |          |      |             |                 |                        | Measured 2015-01-15         |                         |                         |
|--|---------------|----------|------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Scan No.   | DUT ID        | Band     | Chn. | Freq. (MHz) | Modulation Type | Position               | Wireless Link Configuration | Measured 10g SAR (W/Kg) | Reported 10g SAR (W/Kg) |
| <u>1</u>   | 00038 + 00087 | WLAN_2.4 | 1    | 2412        | CCK             | Special* - Back - 0 mm | 802.11b - 1 Mbps            | 0.42                    | 0.52                    |
| <u>2</u>   | 00038 + 00087 | WLAN_2.4 | 6    | 2437        | CCK             | Special* - Back - 0 mm | 802.11b - 1 Mbps            | 0.48                    | 0.58                    |
| <u>3</u>   | 00038 + 00087 | WLAN_2.4 | 11   | 2462        | CCK             | Special* - Back - 0 mm | 802.11b - 1 Mbps            | <b>0.53</b>             | <b>0.62</b>             |

#### Position Notes:

- Special\* – The device was tested in a position on the neck region of a SAM phantom as it was not possible to place it against a flat SAR phantom. See Appendix K for further details.
- Back – The back of the device was placed closest to the phantom.
- 0mm – The device was placed at distance of 0mm from the phantom (touching) at the closest point.

**14 MEASURMENT UNCERTAINTY & VARIABILITY****14.1 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY**

As the highest measured SAR value is below the thresholds stated in KDB 865664 D01, no SAR variability analysis is included in this report.

**14.2 SAR MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

As with any real-life measurement, imperfections occur during the measurement of SAR values that give rise to some amount of error in the results. The tables set out below summarise the effects of the various factors involved and give an estimate of the total uncertainty, using standard methods.

These tables represent a worst-case analysis and are included as part of the requirements for ISO/IEC 17025. Depending on exact test configurations, the uncertainty could be smaller.

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## DASY 5 Uncertainty Budget for SAR Tests

**Table 14.2 DASY 5 Uncertainty Budget for SAR Tests  
According to IEEE 1528-2013 (0.3 – 3.0 GHz Range)**

| Uncertainty Component                     | Uncertainty Value | Probability Distribution | Divisor    | $C_i$<br>(10g) | Standard Uncertainty (10g) | $V_i$ or $V_{eff}$ |
|---|-------------------|--------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>- Measurement System</b>               |                   |                          |            |                |                            |                    |
| Probe Calibration                         | ±6.0%             | Normal                   | 1          | 1.00           | ±6.0%                      | ∞                  |
| Axial Isotropy                            | ±4.7%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.70           | ±1.9%                      | ∞                  |
| Hemispherical Isotropy                    | ±9.6%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.70           | ±3.9%                      | ∞                  |
| Boundary Effects                          | ±1.0%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1.00           | ±0.6%                      | ∞                  |
| Linearity                                 | ±4.7%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1.00           | ±2.7%                      | ∞                  |
| System Detection Limits                   | ±1.0%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1.00           | ±0.6%                      | ∞                  |
| Modulation Response                       | ±2.4%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1.00           | ±1.4%                      | ∞                  |
| Readout Electronics                       | ±0.3%             | Normal                   | 1          | 1.00           | ±0.3%                      | ∞                  |
| Response Time                             | ±0.8%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1.00           | ±0.5%                      | ∞                  |
| Integration Time                          | ±2.6%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1.00           | ±1.5%                      | ∞                  |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Noise             | ±3.0%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1.00           | ±1.7%                      | ∞                  |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections       | ±3.0%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1.00           | ±1.7%                      | ∞                  |
| Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance     | ±0.4%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1.00           | ±0.2%                      | ∞                  |
| Probe Positioning w.r.t. Phantom Shell    | ±2.9%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1.00           | ±1.7%                      | ∞                  |
| Maximum SAR Evaluation                    | ±2.0%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1.00           | ±1.2%                      | ∞                  |
| <b>- Test Sample Related</b>              |                   |                          |            |                |                            |                    |
| Test Sample Positioning                   | ±6.8%             | Normal                   | 1          | 1.00           | ±6.8%                      | 5                  |
| Device Holder Disturbance                 | ±3.6%             | Normal                   | 1          | 1.00           | ±3.6%                      | 5                  |
| Power Drift                               | ±5.0%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1.00           | ±2.9%                      | ∞                  |
| <b>- Phantom and Liquid Parameters</b>    |                   |                          |            |                |                            |                    |
| Phantom Shell Uncertainty                 | ±6.1%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1.00           | ±3.5%                      | ∞                  |
| Liquid Conductivity Measurement           | ±2.5%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.71           | ±1.0%                      | ∞                  |
| Liquid Permittivity Measurement           | ±2.5%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.26           | ±0.4%                      | ∞                  |
| Liquid Conductivity Deviation from Target | ±5.0%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.43           | ±1.2%                      | ∞                  |
| Liquid Permittivity Deviation from Target | ±5.0%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.49           | ±1.4%                      | ∞                  |
| Temperature Uncertainty (Conductivity)    | ±3.4%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.71           | ±1.4%                      | ∞                  |
| Temperature Uncertainty (Permittivity)    | ±0.4%             | Rectangular              | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.26           | ±0.1%                      | ∞                  |
| <b>COMBINED STANDARD UNCERTAINTY</b>      |                   |                          |            |                | <b>±12.8%</b>              | 58                 |
| <b>EXPANDED STANDARD UNCERTAINTY</b>      |                   |                          | k=2        |                | <b>±25.6%</b>              |                    |

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| Version       | Date       | Author(s)/Function | Reviewed by    | Approved by   | Nature of Changes |
|---------------|------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Initial Draft | 2015-01-15 | Niall Forrester    |                |               | Initial Draft     |
| V1.0          | 2015-01-19 | Niall Forrester    | Kent Lorentzon | Håkan Sjöberg | First Release     |
|               |            |                    |                |               |                   |

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## APPENDIX A. TEST EQUIPMENT

### A1 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

**Table A.1 Test Equipment Used**

| Manufacturer    | Model       | Type                        | Serial Number | Unique ID  | Calibrated  | Cal. Due    |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------------------------|---------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| SPEAG           | Twin SAM    | SAR Phantom                 | TP-1144       | LB000143AA | N/A         | N/A         |
| SPEAG           | DAE4        | Data Aquisition Electronics | 798           | LB000031AA | 2014-06-18  | 2015-06-17  |
| SPEAG           | ES3DV3      | Dosimetric Probe            | 3164          | LB000003AA | 2014-06-17  | 2015-06-16  |
| SPEAG           | MSL2450V2   | SAR Fluid                   | -             | LB000182AA | N/A         | N/A         |
| Rohde & Schwarz | NRP-Z91*    | Power Sensor                | 100510        | LE000094AA | 2013-12-18* | 2014-12-18* |
| SPEAG           | D2450V2     | System Validation Kit       | 745           | LB000042AA | 2014-06-13  | 2015-06-12  |
| Rohde & Schwarz | NRVD        | Power Meter                 | 846068/016    | LB000090AA | 2014-07-30  | 2015-07-29  |
| Rohde & Schwarz | NRV-Z5      | Power Sensor                | 100374        | LB000093AA | 2014-07-30  | 2015-07-29  |
| Rohde & Schwarz | NRV-Z5      | Power Sensor                | 100385        | LB000094AA | 2014-07-30  | 2015-07-29  |
| Hewlett Packard | E4433A      | Signal Generator            | GB37420224    | LB000082AA | 2014-07-30  | 2015-07-29  |
| Bonn Elektronik | BLMA 0830-3 | Power Amplifier             | 056144A-02    | LB000071AA | 2014-10-14  | 2015-10-13  |
| ET Industries   | C-0520-10   | Directional Coupler         | 071           | LB000075AA | 2014-08-13  | 2015-08-12  |
| SPEAG           | DAK         | Dielectric Probe            | 0009          | LB000243AE | 2014-03-04  | 2015-03-03  |
| Copper Mountain | R140        | Vector Reflectometer        | 60913         | LB000243AB | N/A         | N/A         |
| Fluke           | 51          | Digital Thermometer         | 6913171       | LB000076AA | 2014-12-01  | 2015-13-30  |

\*The NRP-Z91 sensor was used only for the conducted power measurements performed on 2014-07-11, the results of which are replicated in this report. As no new conducted power measurements were necessary for this report, the calibration status at the time of those tests is listed here.

For copies of relevant calibration documents, please see Appendix J.

**APPENDIX B. SAR TEST SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

The Tech Mahindra CDTL-Europe SAR Lab uses the DASY5 system from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) for SAR measurements. The Lab contains three complete DASY5 systems each located in its own shielded chamber to allow for parallel use.

For the purpose of verifying the performance of the Tissue Simulating Fluids used with the DASY5 systems, the lab uses a SPEAG "DAKS" Dielectric Assessment Kit or alternatively a Hewlett Packard 85070 Dielectric Probe Kit, together with an HP 8753D Network Analyzer, also from Hewlett Packard.

In addition to this, the Lab maintains a pool of equipment required for additional verification of the systems performance and, where necessary, to emulate the wireless networks used by the devices under test.

**B1 DASY5 OVERVIEW**

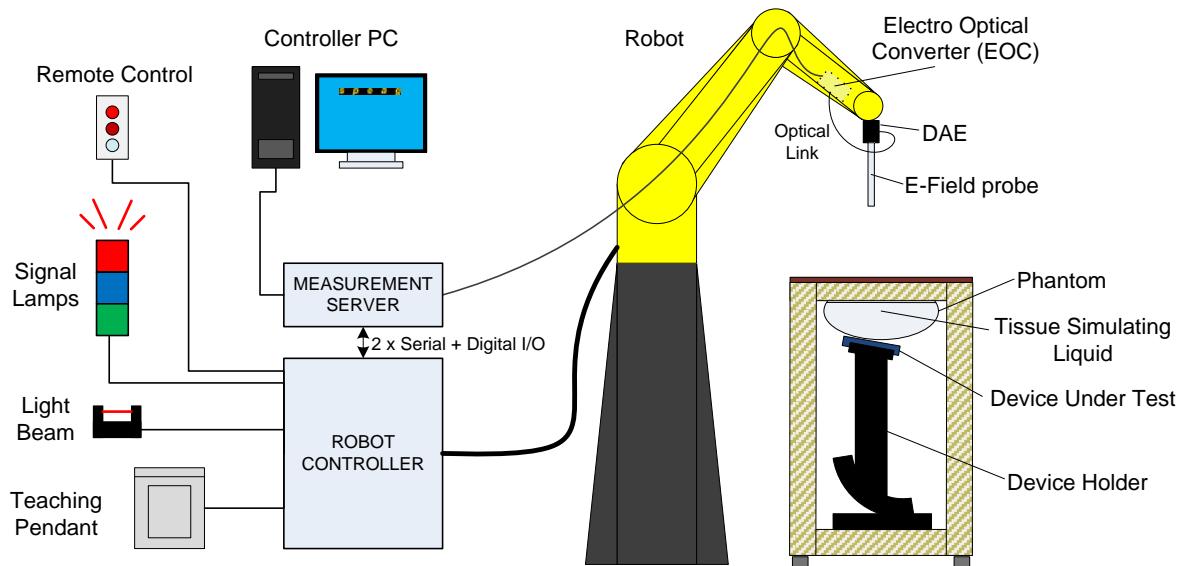
Each of the lab's DASY5 (Dosimetric Assessment SYstem, 5<sup>th</sup> generation) consists of the following items

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX90B L) with controller.
- Remote control and teaching pendant for the robot
- An isotropic E-Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A "Data Acquisition Electronics" (DAE) which performs signal processing and other tasks.
- An "Electro-Optical Converter" (EOC) which performs conversion from optical to electrical signals.
- A measurement server to perform time-critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A Light Beam for probe alignment.
- A computer running "Windows 7 Professional" operating system and the DASY5 software.
- One or more phantoms (Twin SAM or ELI types) which contain the Tissue Simulating Fluid and hold it in the required form.
- Tissue Simulating Liquid(s)
- A Device Holder
- Other circuitry to ensure robot safety including warning lamps and cut-off switches.

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Figure B1 – DASY 5 Block Diagram



## B2

## STÄUBLI RX90B L ROBOT DETAILS

The Stäubli robot is a standard industrial robot arm with 6 axes. In this application, it is used to position the E-Field probe in 3-dimensions with high accuracy and repeatability.

| Specifications | RX90B L        |
|----------------|----------------|
| Number of Axes | 6              |
| Nominal Load   | 3.5 kg         |
| Maximum Load   | 6 kg           |
| Reach          | 1100 mm        |
| Repeatability  | $\pm 0.025$ mm |
| Weight         | 113 kg         |

**B3****E-FIELD PROBE DETAILS**

For SAR testing, the Lab uses two types of Dosimetric E-Field probes from SPEAG. These are the ES3DV3 type and the EX3DV4 type. These probes are specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities.

| Specifications       | ES3DV3 Probe   |
|----------------------|--|
| <b>Frequency</b>     | 10 MHz to 4 GHz;<br>Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)  |
| <b>Directivity</b>   | $\pm 0.2$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)<br>$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)                        |
| <b>Dynamic Range</b> | 5 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g;<br>Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB  |
| <b>Dimensions</b>    | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)<br>Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)<br>Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm |

| Specifications       | EX3DV4 Probe   |
|----------------------|--|
| <b>Frequency</b>     | 10 MHz to > 6 GHz<br>Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)   |
| <b>Directivity</b>   | $\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)<br>$\pm 0.5$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)                              |
| <b>Dynamic Range</b> | 10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g<br>Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)   |
| <b>Dimensions</b>    | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)<br>Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)<br>Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm |

## B4

## DATA ACQUISITION ELECTRONICS DETAILS

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4 or DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

| Specifications         | DAE  |
|------------------------|--|
| Measurement Range      | -100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV) |
| Input Offset Voltage   | < 5 $\mu$ V (with auto zero)   |
| Input Resistance       | 200 M $\Omega$   |
| Input Bias Current     | < 50 fA  |
| Battery Power          | > 10 hours of operation (with two 9.6 V NiMH accus)                    |
| Dimensions (L x W x H) | 60 x 60 x 68 mm  |
| Calibration            | ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.                           |

**B5****SAR PHANTOM DETAILS**

Currently available in the Lab are two types of phantom, both supplied by SPEAG. To allow for testing of devices that are intended for use at the ear, several "Twin SAM" phantoms are in place. For testing of larger devices in other positions, an "ELI" model phantom is also available

| Specifications  |   | Twin SAM Phantom |
|---|---|------------------|
| The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot. |   |                  |
| <b>Material</b>   | Vinylester, glass fibre reinforced (VE-GF)                  |                  |
| <b>Liquid Compatibility</b>   | Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating                 |                  |
| <b>Shell Thickness</b>  | 2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)                        |                  |
| <b>Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)</b>  | Length: 1000 mm<br>Width: 500 mm<br>Height: adjustable feet |                  |
| <b>Filling Volume</b>   | approx. 25 litres   |                  |
| <b>Wooden Support</b>   | SPEAG standard phantom table                                |                  |

| Specifications  |   | ELI Phantom |
|---|---|-------------|
| Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles. |   |             |
| <b>Material</b>   | Vinylester, glass fibre reinforced (VE-GF)  |             |
| <b>Liquid Compatibility</b>   | Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating |             |
| <b>Shell Thickness</b>  | 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)                 |             |
| <b>Dimensions</b>   | Major axis: 600 mm<br>Minor axis: 400 mm    |             |
| <b>Filling Volume</b>   | approx. 30 litres                           |             |
| <b>Wooden Support</b>   | SPEAG standard phantom table                |             |

**B6****TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID DETAILS**

The Lab stocks quantities of multiple Tissue Simulating Liquids to cover a wide range of test frequencies, from around 700MHz to above 5GHz and for different test requirements: e.g. simulating head tissue or muscle tissue. The ingredients vary depending on the frequency and can include substances such as water, Sugar, Salt, Diethylene Glycol Butyl Ether (DGBE), emulsifiers such as 'Tween', and oil.

The liquids are supplied ready-mixed and conform to the suggested recipes in the various test specifications.

**B7****DEVICE HOLDER DETAILS**

The mounting device for hand-held transmitters supplied by SPEAG enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).

In addition, an extension for laptop devices is available which facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the standard mounting device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and other flat phantoms.

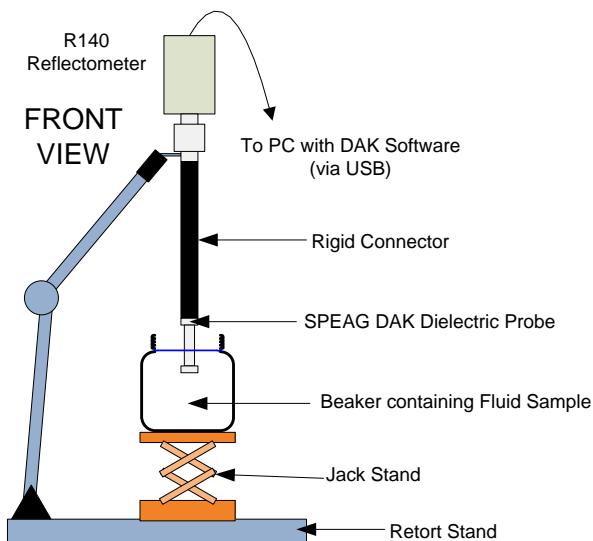
## APPENDIX C. TEST SETUP FOR DIELECTRIC MEASUREMENTS

For measuring the dielectric properties of the various Tissue Simulating Fluids, a SPEAG "DAKS" Dielectric Assessment Kit is used. The DAK probe is mounted on a retort stand using the supplied clamp and is connected to the R140 Reflectometer via a rigid connector that provides very good stability and allows for a high degree of repeatability compared to a flexible cable. The reflectometer is connected to a standard Personal Computer via a USB cable.

A jack stand is placed under the probe to allow for raising and lowering the sample. Alternatively, the rigid connector makes it possible to move the probe and reflectometer together to the phantom where the SAR fluid is placed and perform measurements directly in the phantom. Calculations and control of the instruments are performed by the SPEAG DAK software supplied with the kit.

The measurement system is calibrated prior to each set of measurements using three references: Open Air, a Short Circuit and De-Ionised Water.

Figure C1 – Dielectric Measurement equipment Setup



**APPENDIX D. TEST SETUP FOR CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS**

There are two different methods for measuring the conducted power of a DUT. Which of these is chosen depends on how the output of the DUT can be controlled. If the DUT supports multiple wireless technologies, a mixture of these two methods may be necessary.

**Method 1**

For wireless technologies where the DUT output is controlled by the network (or in this case the test network), the DUT antenna connector can be connected to a Network Emulator that has the capability to measure output power, and measurement can be read directly from this instrument. This is typically the case for GSM, UMTS and LTE devices, for example

**Method 2**

For wireless technologies where the DUT output can be controlled directly by a test engineer, power measurements can be performed by connecting the DUT antenna connector to a power meter and/or power probe via a suitable attenuator.

**Network emulators used in the lab include:**

Rohde & Schwarz CMU200

Rohde & Schwarz CMW500

**Power Meter and Power Probe models used in the lab:**

Rohde & Schwarz NRV

Rohde & Schwarz NRV-Z5

Rohde & Schwarz NRP-Z91

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## APPENDIX E. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

### E1 DETAILS OF TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS USED

The following fluids were used when performing the SAR tests detailed in this report:

**Table E.1 Tissue Simulating Fluids Used**

| Manufacturer | Type      | Used to simulate | Nominal Frequency(s) | Main Ingredients*      | Unique ID  |
|--------------|-----------|------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------|
| SPEAG        | MSL2450V2 | Body Tissue      | 2450 MHz             | H <sub>2</sub> O, DGBE | LB000182AA |

\*The recipes for these fluids are proprietary to the manufacturers and hence the exact proportions of ingredients are not available.

DGBE = Diethylene-Glycol-Monobutyl-Ether

H<sub>2</sub>O = De-ionised water

### E2 DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

The tables below show the measured dielectric parameters for each fluid by date and frequency, together with deviation from the target values.

**Table E.2.1 Dielectric Parameters of LB000182AA MSL2450V2**

| Date       | Tech. / Band | Channel No. | Channel Frequency (MHz) | Actual Permittivity | Actual Conductivity | Target Permittivity | Target Conductivity | Permittivity Deviation | Conductivity Deviation |
|------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 15/01/2015 | Sys. Check   | 2450        | 2450.0                  | 52.46               | 2.01                | 52.70               | 1.95                | -0.5%                  | 3.2%                   |
| 15/01/2015 | WLAN_2.4     | 1           | 2412.0                  | 52.57               | 1.95                | 52.75               | 1.91                | -0.3%                  | 2.1%                   |
| 15/01/2015 | WLAN_2.4     | 6           | 2437.0                  | 52.50               | 1.99                | 52.72               | 1.94                | -0.4%                  | 2.9%                   |
| 15/01/2015 | WLAN_2.4     | 11          | 2462.0                  | 52.41               | 2.03                | 52.68               | 1.97                | -0.5%                  | 3.3%                   |

## APPENDIX F. SAR SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### F1 DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM VERIFICATION METHODS

System verification consists of two procedures:

- 1) A “System Check” which is performed at least once in each period of 24 hours for each test setup (combination of SAR Test System, E-Field Probe, Tissue Simulating Liquid and Phantom).
- 2) “System Validation” which is performed when new equipment is added to the lab, and on a periodic basis to check existing equipment.

In both cases, the method is described by the manufacturer of the equipment (Schmid & Partners Engineering AG) and their instructions are followed carefully, together with any requirements listed in the test methods.

In short, a dipole antenna with known characteristics is placed at a set position relative to the SAR Phantom, and a measurement or series of measurements are taken by the SAR system with the relevant peripherals (e.g. E-Field probe) in place. The SAR results can then be compared to reference results and the performance of the test system can be assessed.

### F2 SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS

The following tables show the results for the system checks for each fluid and each day of testing.

**TABLE F2 System Check Results**

|                          |                |             | Equipment IDs  |                |     |                           | Normalised SAR (W/Kg) |       | Target SAR (W/Kg) |       | Deviation From Target |      |
|--------------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|-----|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------------------|-------|-----------------------|------|
| Date & Fluid ID          | Sys. ID        | Freq. (MHz) | Sys. Val. Kit  | E-Probe        | DAE | Fluid Type                | 1g                    | 10g   | 1g                | 10g   | 1g                    | 10g  |
| 15/01/2015<br>LB000182AA | DASY 1<br>LUND | 2450        | D2450V2<br>745 | ES3DV3<br>3164 | 798 | MSL2450V2<br>(Body Fluid) | 53.74                 | 24.92 | 50.30             | 23.30 | 6.9%                  | 7.0% |

### F3 SYSTEM CHECK REPORTS

The following pages contain copies of the DASY system reports for each System Check routine performed:

## FINAL TEST REPORT – SAR TESTING

2015\_SONY-CDTLE\_S0007\_04\_SAR\_0007\_V1.0

Date/Time: 2015-01-15 09:15:43

Test Laboratory: Tech Mahindra: Device Testing Lab - Europe (SAR Lab 1)

## SystemPerformanceCheck-D2450V2\_LAB1\_2015-01-15

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:745

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.012$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.457$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3164; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 2014-06-17;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 2.0, 32.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn798; Calibrated: 2014-06-18
- Phantom: SAM 1 (30deg probe tilt); Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1144
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

## System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=251.19 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.3 W/kg

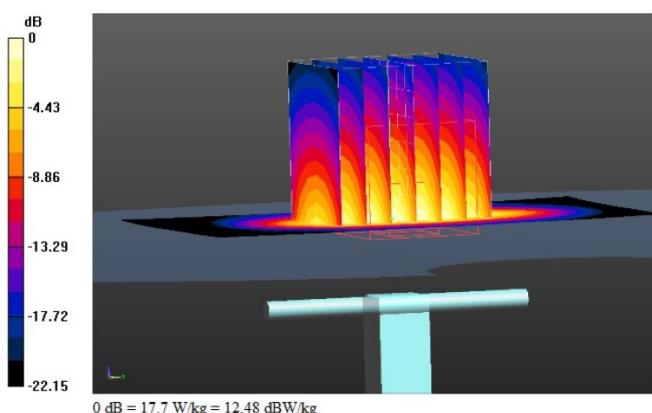
## System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=251.19 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.7 W/kg



**F4****SYSTEM VALIDATION DETAILS**

The following table shows the results of System Validation for relevant systems and components at the frequencies relevant for the tests presented in this report.

**System Validation Results****TABLE F4 System Validation Results**

|            |                |             | Equipment IDs  |                |     |                           |                |                   |
|------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|-----|---------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Date       | Sys. ID        | Freq. (MHz) | Sys. Val. Kit  | E-Probe        | DAE | Fluid Type                | Signal Type(s) | Result            |
| 2014-07-09 | DASY 1<br>LUND | 2450        | D2450V2<br>745 | ES3DV3<br>3164 | 798 | MSL2450V2<br>(Body Fluid) | CW             | All parameters OK |

## APPENDIX G. DETAILS OF SAR TEST METHODS USED

- Testing was performed according to the technical requirements in:
  - IEEE Std. 1528-2013 / IEEE Std. 1528-2003
  - KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- Appropriate WLAN configurations were chosen based on the requirements in:
  - KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11 a b g v01r02
- The devices were supplied with additional software installed by the manufacturer that allowed for direct control of the WLAN parameters. These parameters were controlled via USB using a software interface supplied by the manufacturer that allowed the operator to directly select WLAN modes and channels and set the output power to the maximum attainable level.
- The device was mounted against the SAR phantom using the SPEAG device holder for hand-held transmitters, together with a small piece of low-loss foam (see test setup photographs in Appendix I)
- All testing was performed with the rear of the device (i.e. the side that is normally in contact with the wearers wrist) placed against the SAR phantom with no gap at the closest point.
- As it was not possible to mount the device against a flat phantom, a position on the neck region of the SAM phantom was used. This position was chosen as being as close as possible to the position required for extremities testing. See Appendix K for details.
- The test position was marked on the outer surface of the phantom to allow for accurate and repeatable placement of the DUT.
- To allow probe access to the neck region of the SAM phantom, settings were chosen in the DASY system interface (using a standard configuration file provided by SPEAG that was delivered with the system) that allowed the probe to deviate a maximum of 30° from the normal to the phantom surface.
- Area Scans, Zoom Scans and other test procedures were performed in the usual manner, as defined in the technical requirements above. The Area Scan size was chosen so that the whole of the central module and carrier was covered with sufficient overlap on all sides. As much as possible of the strap was also included in the area scan, see appendix K for details.
- For additional details specific to the testing of the device with accessories 1294-5702 (Carrier) and 1276-4067 (Leather Band)], see Appendix L.

**APPENDIX H. SAR RESULT REPORTS**

The following pages contain copies of the relevant SAR Result Reports generated from the SAR Test systems. Each Result Report is identified by a unique “Scan” number which corresponds to the numbers listed in the SAR result tables.

Table H shows the details for each scan.

**TABLE H List of SAR Result Reports**

| Scan No. | DUT ID        | Band     | Chn. | Freq. (MHz) | Modulation Type | Position               | Wireless Link Configuration |
|----------|---------------|----------|------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <u>1</u> | 00038 + 00087 | WLAN_2.4 | 1    | 2412        | CCK             | Special* - Back - 0 mm | 802.11b - 1 Mbps            |
| <u>2</u> | 00038 + 00087 | WLAN_2.4 | 6    | 2437        | CCK             | Special* - Back - 0 mm | 802.11b - 1 Mbps            |
| <u>3</u> | 00038 + 00087 | WLAN_2.4 | 11   | 2462        | CCK             | Special* - Back - 0 mm | 802.11b - 1 Mbps            |

# FINAL TEST REPORT – SAR TESTING

## 2015\_SONY-CDTLE\_S0007\_04\_SAR\_0007\_V1.0

Date/Time: 2015-01-15 09:49:02

Test Laboratory: Tech Mahindra: Device Testing Lab - Europe (SAR Lab 1)

Scan1\_CDTLE\_S0007 DUT00038 with 00087 WLAN 2\_4 Extremities - Special Placement - FCC

DUT: CDTLE\_S0007; Type: Wristwatch; Serial: 00038 (with strap 00087)

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 802.11 2.4GHz (0); Communication System Band: WLAN 802.11 a/b/g/n; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

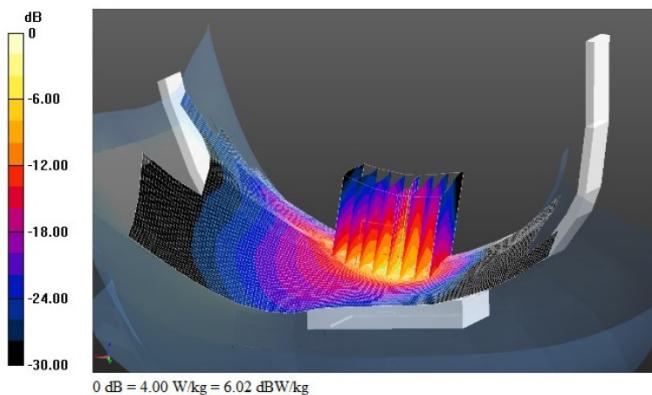
Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.954$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.573$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3164; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 2014-06-17;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 2.0, 32.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn798; Calibrated: 2014-06-18
- Phantom: SAM 1 (30deg probe tilt); Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1144
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

**Back - Phantom (Special Placement)/80211.b 1MBps CH1/Area Scan (81x161x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.966 W/kg**Back - Phantom (Special Placement)/80211.b 1MBps CH1/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 21.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.731 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.419 W/kg  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.892 W/kg

# FINAL TEST REPORT – SAR TESTING

## 2015\_SONY-CDTLE\_S0007\_04\_SAR\_0007\_V1.0

Date/Time: 2015-01-15 13:38:11

Test Laboratory: Tech Mahindra: Device Testing Lab - Europe (SAR Lab 1)

Scan2\_CDTLE\_S0007 DUT00038 with 00087 WLAN 2\_4 Extremities - Special Placement - FCC

DUT: CDTLE\_S0007; Type: Wristwatch; Serial: 00038 (with strap 00087)

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 802.11 2.4GHz (0); Communication System Band: WLAN 802.11 a/b/g/n; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2437.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.994$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.501$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

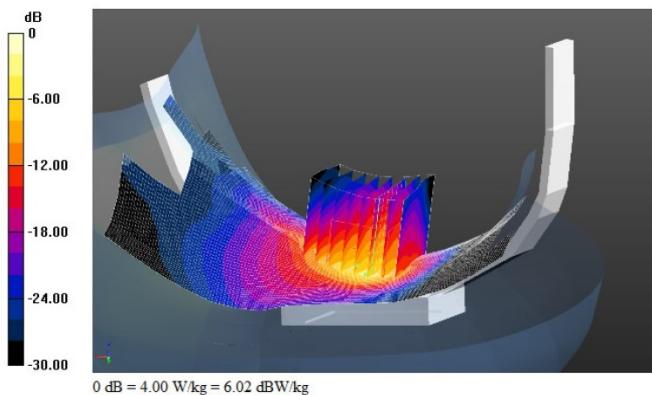
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3164; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 2014-06-17;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 2.0, 32.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn798; Calibrated: 2014-06-18
- Phantom: SAM 1 (30deg probe tilt); Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1144
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

**Back - Phantom (Special Placement)/80211.b 1MBps CH6/Area Scan (81x161x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.24 W/kg

**Back - Phantom (Special Placement)/80211.b 1MBps CH6/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 22.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.806 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.476 W/kg  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.963 W/kg



# FINAL TEST REPORT – SAR TESTING

## 2015\_SONY-CDTLE\_S0007\_04\_SAR\_0007\_V1.0

Date/Time: 2015-01-15 15:04:17

Test Laboratory: Tech Mahindra: Device Testing Lab - Europe (SAR Lab 1)

Scan3\_CDTLE\_S0007 DUT00038 with 00087 WLAN 2\_4 Extremities - Special Placement - FCC

DUT: CDTLE\_S0007; Type: Wristwatch; Serial: 00038 (with strap 00087)

Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 802.11 2.4GHz (0); Communication System Band: WLAN 802.11 a/b/g/n; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB; PMF: 1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2462.5$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.032$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.41$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3164; ConvF(4.2, 4.2, 4.2); Calibrated: 2014-06-17;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 2.0, 32.0
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn798; Calibrated: 2014-06-18
- Phantom: SAM 1 (30deg probe tilt); Type: SAM; Serial: TP:1144
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

**Back - Phantom (Special Placement)/80211.b 1MBps CH11/Area Scan (81x161x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.36 W/kg

**Back - Phantom (Special Placement)/80211.b 1MBps CH11/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 24.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.918 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.531 W/kg  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg

