FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT: Sony Mobile Communications Inc.

EQUIPMENT: Smart phone

BRAND NAME: SONY

TYPE NAME : PM-0631-BV FCC ID : PY7-PM0631

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

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Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

lac-MRA



Report No.: FA4O2139

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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Revision History

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REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	
FA4O2139	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Dec. 04, 2014	
FA4O2139	Rev. 02	Updated KDB 941225 D06 standard	Dec. 19, 2014	

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Sony Mobile Communications Inc.**, **Smart phone**, **PM-0631-BV**, are as follows.

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				Highe	st 1g SAR Sur	nmary		
Equipment Frequency		ead ion 0mm)		-worn on 15mm)		s Router on 10mm)	Simultaneous	
Class	Band	Maximum Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
PCE	GSM850	28.00	0.34	28.00	0.50	28.00	0.63	1.44
PGE	GSM1900	25.00	0.33	25.00	0.41	25.00	0.77	1.44
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	18.00	1.01	18.00	0.32	18.00	0.67	1.44
Date	of Testing:	10/30/2014~11/04/2014						

		Highest 10g SAR Summary						
Frequency			ead ion 0mm)		-worn on 15mm)		s Router on 10mm)	Simultaneous
	Band	Maximum Power (dBm)	10g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power (dBm)	10g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power (dBm)	10g SAR (W/kg)	Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	28.00	0.26	28.00	0.38	28.00	0.48	0.79
GSIVI	GSM1900	25.00	0.21	25.00	0.23	25.00	0.41	0.79
WLAN	2.4GHz Band	18.00	0.46	18.00	0.16	18.00	0.32	0.79
Date	of Testing:	10/30/2014~11/04/2014						

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

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2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory			
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.			
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978		

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Applicant Applicant				
Company Name	Company Name Sony Mobile Communications Inc.			
Address	Nya Vattentornet, 22188 Lund, Sweden			

Manufacturer			
Company Name Arima Communications Corp.			
Address	6F, No. 866, Jhongjheng Rd., Jhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 23586, Taiwan		

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02

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4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

4.1 General Information

The equipment under test is a smart phone supporting, GSM850/900/1800/1900, UMTS I / VIII, 802.11b/g/n, Bluetooth, FM Receiver and GPS features, and below is details of information. For FCC, only wireless modes in US frequency bands are tested.

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are tested.	
	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Smart phone
Brand Name	SONY
Type Name	PM-0631-BV
FCC ID	PY7-PM0631
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 Bluetooth v3.0+EDR Bluetooth v4.0-LE
HW Version	A
SW Version	24.0.B.0.16
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Production Unit
Pomark:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Remark:

- This device supports VoIP in EGPRS, WCDMA (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP) and supports EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
- 2. This device has 2 SIM slots and supports Dual SIM Dual Standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (Single active).

4.2 Device Serial Number

Sample	Serial Number	IMEI Code
WWAN SAR measurements	WUJ01EL5B5	004402147900876
WLAN SAR measurements	WUJ01ELWKT	004402147905156
WWAN Conducted measurements	WUJ01EL5B5	004402147900876
BT/WLAN Conducted measurements	FR4A12D59194	004402147947539

Note: Several samples were used with identical hardware to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device tested gave the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

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4.3 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode	Burst average	e power(dBm)
Mode	GSM 850	GSM 1900
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.50	31.00
GPRS/EDGE (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.50	31.00
GPRS/EDGE (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	30.00	27.00
GPRS/EDGE (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	28.00	25.00
GPRS/EDGE (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	28.00	25.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.50	27.50
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	26.00	24.50
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	26.00	24.00
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	26.00	24.00

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Mode		Average Power (dBm)
	802.11b	18.00
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11g	15.00
2.4GHZ WLAN	802.11n-HT20	11.50
	802.11n-HT40	11.50
Bluetooth v3.0+EDR		6.00
Blueto	oth v4.0+LE	3.00

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

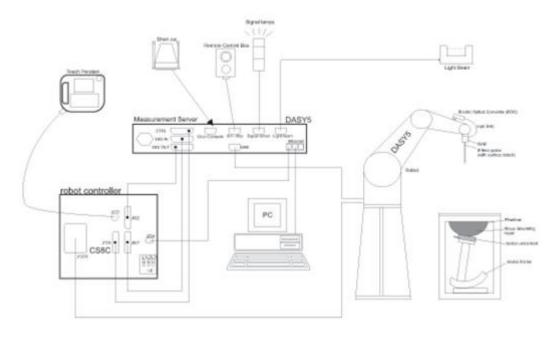
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding device with at least one

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8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Medal	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manuracturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d092	Jun. 23, 2014	Jun. 22, 2015
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d182	Nov. 12, 2013	Nov. 11, 2014
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	924	Nov. 13, 2013	Nov. 12, 2014
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	Aug. 21, 2014	Aug. 20, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	495	May. 19, 2014	May. 18, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3270	Sep. 26, 2014	Sep. 25, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3925	May. 22, 2014	May. 21, 2015
Wisewind	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM642	Oct. 21, 2014	Oct. 20, 2015
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5015	TM225	Oct. 21, 2014	Oct. 20, 2015
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266977	May. 27, 2014	May. 26, 2015
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
R&S	Signal Generator	SMU200A	102502	Jul. 07, 2014	Jul. 06, 2015
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAKS-3.5	0004	Mar. 04, 2014	Mar. 03, 2015
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46101588	May. 31, 2014	May. 30, 2015
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1036004	Aug. 09, 2014	Aug. 08, 2015
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1027253	Aug. 11, 2014	Aug. 10, 2015
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 7	101131	Jul. 10, 2014	Jul. 09, 2015
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	No	te1
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te1
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te1
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te1
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	No	te1
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	No	te1
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	No	te1

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General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

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10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)			
For Head											
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9			
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5			
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5			
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0			
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2			
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0			
				For Body							
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5			
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2			
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0			
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3			
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7			
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5			

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	HSL	22.5	0.905	42.127	0.90	41.50	0.56	1.51	±5	2014/11/4
835	MSL	22.2	0.969	54.882	0.97	55.20	-0.10	-0.58	±5	2014/11/4
1900	HSL	22.4	1.456	41.765	1.40	40.00	4.00	4.41	±5	2014/11/4
1900	MSL	22.5	1.516	53.631	1.52	53.30	-0.26	0.62	±5	2014/11/3
2450	HSL	22.2	1.860	39.200	1.80	39.20	3.33	0.00	±5	2014/10/30
2450	MSL	22.5	1.930	53.600	1.95	52.70	-1.03	1.71	±5	2014/10/31

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10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2014/11/4	835	HSL	250	D835V2-4d092	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	2.24	9.25	8.96	-3.14
2014/11/4	835	MSL	250	D835V2-4d092	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	2.36	9.47	9.44	-0.32
2014/11/4	1900	HSL	250	D1900V2-5d182	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	9.26	40.10	37.04	-7.63
2014/11/3	1900	MSL	250	D1900V2-5d182	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE3 Sn495	9.66	39.50	38.64	-2.18
2014/10/30	2450	HSL	250	D2450V2-924	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn778	12.90	52.40	51.60	-1.53
2014/10/31	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-924	ES3DV3 - SN3270	DAE4 Sn778	13.20	50.20	52.80	5.18

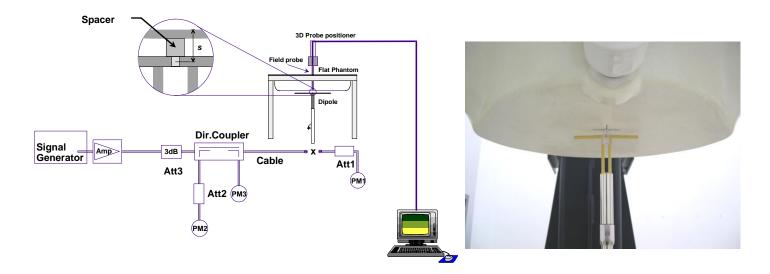


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.



Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

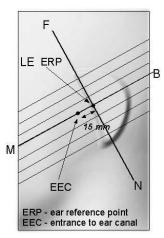
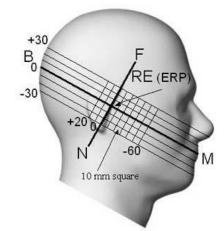


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

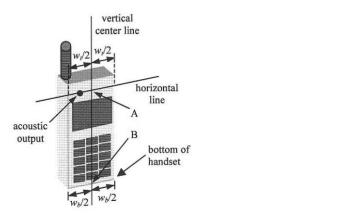
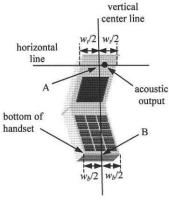


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case



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Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

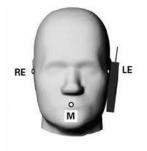






Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

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- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

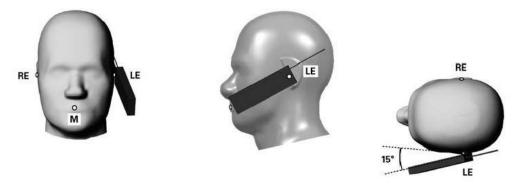


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

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Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

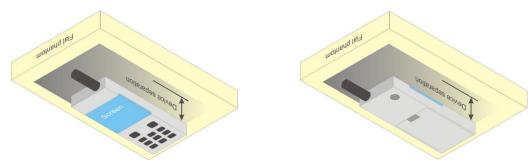


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L \times W \ge 9 cm \times 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

Band GSM850	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Tune-up Frame-Average Power			Tune-up
TX Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.39	33.42	33.47	33.50	24.39	24.42	24.47	24.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.40	33.43	33.48	33.50	24.40	24.43	24.48	24.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	29.59	29.68	29.74	30.00	23.59	23.68	23.74	24.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	27.91	27.92	27.94	28.00	23.65	23.66	23.68	23.74
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	27.43	27.46	27.49	28.00	24.43	24.46	24.49	25.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.29	28.31	28.23	28.50	19.29	19.31	19.23	19.50
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	25.96	25.94	25.95	26.00	19.96	19.94	19.95	20.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	25.95	25.93	25.94	26.00	21.69	21.67	21.68	21.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	25.99	25.96	25.94	26.00	22.99	22.96	22.94	23.00

Band GSM1900	Burst Av	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-A	Frame-Average Power (dBm)		
TX Channel	512	661	810	Tune-up Limit	512	661	810	Tune-up Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	30.94	30.96	30.85	31.00	21.94	21.96	21.85	22.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	30.95	30.97	30.88	31.00	21.95	21.97	21.88	22.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	26.97	26.95	26.89	27.00	20.97	20.95	20.89	21.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	24.97	24.93	24.85	25.00	20.71	20.67	20.59	20.74
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	24.99	25.00	24.89	25.00	21.99	22.00	21.89	22.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	27.05	27.11	27.00	27.50	18.05	18.11	18.00	18.50
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	24.40	24.33	24.21	24.50	18.40	18.33	18.21	18.50
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	23.98	24.00	23.89	24.00	19.72	19.74	19.63	19.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	22.44	22.40	22.23	24.00	19.44	19.40	19.23	21.00

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<2.4GHz WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

For IEEE802.11b/g SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. 802.11g were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

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- For IEEE802.11n, SAR testing can be conducted on channel with the highest output power when taking into 2. consideration tune-up tolerance for same test configuration that was identified during SAR evaluations for IEEE802.11b/g (as applicable) provided bandwidth and test position are the same.
- For IEEE802.11n with multiple channel BW configurations, highest channel BW configuration with highest output 3. power limit shall be tested.
- 4. Testing of lower BW configurations is not required when the maximum average output of the default test channels in each lower BW configuration is less than 1/4dB higher than the default test channel in the highest BW configuration.

	WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b Average Power (dBm)										
Power vs. Channel											
Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	2Mbpo	5.5Mbps	11Mbps						
Chamei	(MHz)	1Mbps	2Mbps	3.5lvlbps							
CH 1	2412	16.48									
CH 6	2437	16.35	16.46	16.47	16.46						
CH 11	2462	16.49									

	WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11g Average Power (dBm)											
Po	Power vs. Channel				Power vs. Data Rate							
Channel	Frequency	Data Rate	9Mbps 12Mb	01/16-2- 4.01/16-2-	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps			
Channel	(MHz)	6Mbps		TZIVIDPS	121/101/05			40101049	34WDP5			
CH 1	2412	13.33		13.13		13.25	13.26	13.34	13.33			
CH 6	2437	13.11	13.36		13.13							
CH 11	2462	13.38										

			WLAN 2.4GH	Hz 802.11n-H	T20 Average I	Power (dBm)				
Po	wer vs. Chan	nel			Pow	er vs. MCS Ir	ndex			
Channel	Frequency	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	
Channel	(MHz)	MCS0	MCST	IVICSZ	MCSS	101034	IVICSS	MCS6	IVICS7	
CH 1	2412	9.82								
CH 6	2437	9.73	9.93	9.87	9.86	9.85	9.92	9.89	9.93	
CH 11	2462	9.94								

			WLAN 2.4GI	Hz 802.11n-H	T40 Average I	Power (dBm)				
Po	wer vs. Chani	nel			Pow	er vs. MCS Ir	ndex			
Channel	Frequency	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7	
Charine	(MHz)	MCS0	IVICST	IVICSZ	MCSS	MC34	IVICSS	IVICSO	WC37	
CH 3	2422	9.95								
CH 6	2437	9.99	9.97	9.96	9.94	9.92	9.95	9.96	9.98	
CH 9	2452	9.74								

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<Bluetooth Conducted Power>

Mode Band	Average po	wer(dBm)
ivioue bariu	v3.0+EDR	v4.0+LE
2.4GHz Bluetooth	6.0	3.0

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

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- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
6	< 5	2.48	1.26

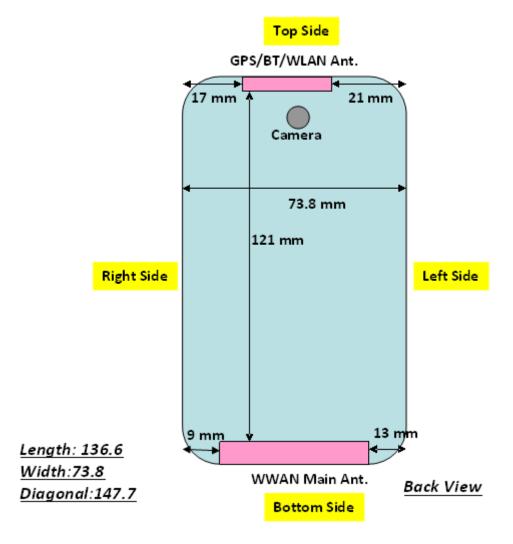
Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.26 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

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13. Antenna Location

<Smart Phone>



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	Distanc	e of the Antenna	to the EUT surfac	ce/edge									
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm							
BT&WLAN ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm > 25mm ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm													

	Po	ositions for SAR to	ests; Hotspot mod	de										
Antennas	Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side													
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes								
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes								

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

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14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
- 5. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

14.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Modulation	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	251	848.8	27.49	28.00	1.125	-0.02	0.302	0.340	0.232	<mark>0.261</mark>
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	128	824.2	27.43	28.00	1.140	-0.03	0.194	0.221	0.150	0.171
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	189	836.4	27.46	28.00	1.132	-0.04	0.229	0.259	0.177	0.200
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	251	848.8	27.49	28.00	1.125	0.02	0.134	0.151	0.103	0.116
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	251	848.8	27.49	28.00	1.125	0.02	0.282	0.317	0.217	0.244
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	251	848.8	27.49	28.00	1.125	-0.04	0.131	0.147	0.100	0.112
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	661	1880	25.00	25.00	1.000	0	0.243	0.243	0.151	0.151
02	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	24.99	25.00	1.002	0.04	0.327	0.328	0.205	0.205
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	24.89	25.00	1.026	-0.04	0.178	0.183	0.110	0.113
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	661	1880	25.00	25.00	1.000	0.05	0.100	0.100	0.063	0.063
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	661	1880	25.00	25.00	1.000	0.02	0.161	0.161	0.105	0.105
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	661	1880	25.00	25.00	1.000	0.07	0.132	0.132	0.079	0.079

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<WLAN SAR>

Plo No		Modulation	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle		Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	11	2462	16.49	18.00	1.416	98.13	1.019	0.084	0.370	0.534	0.178	0.257
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	11	2462	16.49	18.00	1.416	98.13	1.019	0.02	0.400	0.577	0.193	0.278
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	11	2462	16.49	18.00	1.416	98.13	1.019	0.079	0.540	0.779	0.260	0.375
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	11	2462	16.49	18.00	1.416	98.13	1.019	0.045	0.631	0.910	0.282	0.407
03	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	1	2412	16.48	18.00	1.419	98.13	1.019	0.038	0.695	1.005	0.315	<mark>0.455</mark>
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	6	2437	16.35	18.00	1.462	98.13	1.019	0.055	0.606	0.903	0.274	0.408
	WLAN2.4GHz	OFDM	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Left Tilted	6	2437	9.99	11.50	1.416	79.13	1.264	0.015	0.114	0.204	0.051	0.091

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14.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Modulation	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	1cm	251	848.8	27.49	28.00	1.125	0	0.399	0.449	0.311	0.350
04	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	251	848.8	27.49	28.00	1.125	-0.04	0.557	0.626	0.424	0.477
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	128	824.2	27.43	28.00	1.140	-0.01	0.430	0.490	0.329	0.375
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	189	836.4	27.46	28.00	1.132	-0.05	0.483	0.547	0.368	0.417
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Side	1cm	251	848.8	27.49	28.00	1.125	0.03	0.142	0.160	0.099	0.111
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Side	1cm	251	848.8	27.49	28.00	1.125	-0.04	0.272	0.306	0.192	0.216
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1cm	251	848.8	27.49	28.00	1.125	0.04	0.200	0.225	0.103	0.116
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	1cm	661	1880	25.00	25.00	1.000	-0.03	0.303	0.303	0.173	0.173
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	661	1880	25.00	25.00	1.000	-0.02	0.744	0.744	0.393	0.393
05	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	512	1850.2	24.99	25.00	1.002	0.12	0.768	0.770	0.413	<mark>0.414</mark>
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	810	1909.8	24.89	25.00	1.026	-0.01	0.528	0.542	0.279	0.286
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Side	1cm	661	1880	25.00	25.00	1.000	0.03	0.067	0.067	0.041	0.041
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Side	1cm	661	1880	25.00	25.00	1.000	0.03	0.103	0.103	0.062	0.062
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1cm	661	1880	25.00	25.00	1.000	0.14	0.629	0.629	0.331	0.331

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Modulation	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1cm	11	2462	16.49	18.00	1.416	98.13	1.019	-0.021	0.167	0.241	0.089	0.128
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1cm	11	2462	16.49	18.00	1.416	98.13	1.019	0.039	0.404	0.583	0.195	0.281
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1cm	1	2412	16.48	18.00	1.419	98.13	1.019	-0.119	0.379	0.548	0.186	0.269
06	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1cm	6	2437	16.35	18.00	1.462	98.13	1.019	0.039	0.449	0.669	0.212	0.316
	WLAN2.4GHz	OFDM	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	1cm	6	2437	9.99	11.50	1.416	79.13	1.264	-0.021	0.082	0.147	0.040	0.072
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	1cm	11	2462	16.49	18.00	1.416	98.13	1.019	0.049	0.017	0.025	0.009	0.013
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	1cm	11	2462	16.49	18.00	1.416	98.13	1.019	0.136	0.059	0.085	0.033	0.048
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	1cm	11	2462	16.49	18.00	1.416	98.13	1.019	-0.063	0.334	0.482	0.161	0.232

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14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Modulation	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	1.5cm	251	848.8	27.49	28.00	1.125	-0.01	0.378	0.425	0.292	0.328
07	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	1.5cm	251	848.8	27.49	28.00	1.125	-0.01	0.445	0.500	0.337	0.379
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	1.5cm	128	824.2	27.43	28.00	1.140	-0.01	0.359	0.409	0.274	0.312
	GSM850	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	1.5cm	189	836.4	27.46	28.00	1.132	0.01	0.401	0.454	0.305	0.345
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	1.5cm	661	1880	25.00	25.00	1.000	0.04	0.141	0.141	0.085	0.085
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	1.5cm	661	1880	25.00	25.00	1.000	-0.03	0.323	0.323	0.186	0.186
08	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	1.5cm	512	1850.2	24.99	25.00	1.002	-0.02	0.404	0.405	0.233	0.234
	GSM1900	GMSK	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	1.5cm	810	1909.8	24.89	25.00	1.026	0	0.243	0.249	0.138	0.142

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Modulation	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1.5cm	11	2462	16.49	18.00	1.416	98.13	1.019	0.039	0.098	0.141	0.054	0.078
09	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1.5cm	11	2462	16.49	18.00	1.416	98.13	1.019	-0.05	0.222	0.320	0.114	<mark>0.164</mark>
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1.5cm	1	2412	16.48	18.00	1.419	98.13	1.019	-0.022	0.220	0.318	0.113	0.163
	WLAN2.4GHz	DBPSK	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1.5cm	6	2437	16.35	18.00	1.462	98.13	1.019	0.048	0.196	0.292	0.102	0.152
	WLAN2.4GHz	OFDM	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	Back	1.5cm	6	2437	9.99	11.50	1.416	79.13	1.264	0.013	0.043	0.077	0.022	0.039



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15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations		Smart Phone	Note	
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1.	GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
2.	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
3.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
4.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering

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General Note:

- 1. This device supported VoIP in EGPRS (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation, and 2.4GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (Group Client / Group Owner).
- 3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 4. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 5. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.

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- ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
- iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
- iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]-[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Head	Hotspot	Body-worn
Max Power	Test separation	0 mm	10 mm	15 mm
6.0 dBm	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	0.168 W/kg	0.084 W/kg	0.056 W/kg
	Estimated 10g SAR (W/kg)	0.067 W/kg	0.034 W/kg	0.022 W/kg

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15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

	WWAN Band		1	2	3		
1AWW			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	2.4GHz Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Right Cheek	0.340	0.534	0.168	0.87	0.51
	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.151	0.577	0.168	0.73	0.32
		Left Cheek	0.317	0.779	0.168	1.10	0.49
GSM		Left Tilted	0.147	1.005	0.168	1.15	0.32
GSIVI		Right Cheek	0.328	0.534	0.168	0.86	0.50
	GSM1900	Right Tilted	0.100	0.577	0.168	0.68	0.27
		Left Cheek	0.161	0.779	0.168	0.94	0.33
		Left Tilted	0.132	1.005	0.168	1.14	0.30

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WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1 WWAN 10g SAR	2 2.4GHz WLAN 10g SAR	3 2.4GHz Bluetooth Estimated	1+2 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)
			(W/kg)	(W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)		(' 3)
	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.261	0.257	0.067	0.52	0.33
		Right Tilted	0.116	0.278	0.067	0.39	0.18
	GSIVIOSO	Left Cheek	0.244	0.375	0.067	0.62	0.31
GSM		Left Tilted	0.112	0.455	0.067	0.57	0.18
GSIVI		Right Cheek	0.205	0.257	0.067	0.46	0.27
	GSM1900	Right Tilted	0.063	0.278	0.067	0.34	0.13
	GSM1900	Left Cheek	0.105	0.375	0.067	0.48	0.17
		Left Tilted	0.079	0.455	0.067	0.53	0.15

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15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3		1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
1AWW	WWAN Band		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	2.4GHz Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
		Front	0.449	0.241	0.084	0.69	0.53
		Back	0.626	0.669	0.084	1.30	0.71
	GSM850	Left side	0.160	0.025	0.084	0.19	0.24
		Right side	0.306	0.085	0.084	0.39	0.39
		Top side		0.482	0.084	0.48	0.08
GSM		Bottom side	0.225			0.23	0.23
GSIVI		Front	0.303	0.241	0.084	0.54	0.39
		Back	0.770	0.669	0.084	1.44	0.85
	GSM1900	Left side	0.067	0.025	0.084	0.09	0.15
	G2M1900	Right side	0.103	0.085	0.084	0.19	0.19
		Top side		0.482	0.084	0.48	0.08
		Bottom side	0.629			0.63	0.63

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WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1 WWAN 10g SAR (W/kg)	2 2.4GHz WLAN 10g SAR (W/kg)	3 2.4GHz Bluetooth Estimated 10g SAR (W/kg)	1+2 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)
		Front	0.35	0.128	0.034	0.48	0.38
		Back	0.477	0.316	0.034	0.79	0.51
	GSM850	Left side	0.111	0.013	0.034	0.12	0.15
		Right side	0.216	0.048	0.034	0.26	0.25
		Top side		0.232	0.034	0.23	0.03
GSM		Bottom side	0.116			0.12	0.12
GSIVI		Front	0.173	0.128	0.034	0.30	0.21
		Back	0.414	0.316	0.034	0.73	0.45
	GSM1900	Left side	0.041	0.013	0.034	0.05	0.08
	G2INI 1900	Right side	0.062	0.048	0.034	0.11	0.10
		Top side		0.232	0.034	0.23	0.03
		Bottom side	0.331			0.33	0.33

15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band			1	2	3		
		Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	2.4GHz Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
	GSM850	Front	0.425	0.141	0.056	0.57	0.48
GSM		Back	0.500	0.320	0.056	0.82	0.56
GSIVI	GSM1900	Front	0.141	0.141	0.056	0.28	0.20
		Back	0.405	0.320	0.056	0.73	0.46

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WWAN Band		Exposure Position 1 WWAN 10g SAR (W/kg)	1	2	3	1+2 Summed 10g SAR	1+3 Summed 10g SAR
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	2.4GHz Bluetooth		
			10g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 10g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
	GSM850 GSM1900	Front	0.328	0.078	0.022	0.41	0.35
GSM		Back	0.379	0.164	0.022	0.54	0.40
GSIVI		Front	0.085	0.078	0.022	0.16	0.11
		Back	0.234	0.164	0.022	0.40	0.26

Test Engineer: Tom Jiang, Mood Huang, Lawrence Chen, Jerry Hu, Steven Chang and Domo Hsiao

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16. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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Uncertainty Standard Standard **Probability** Ci Ci **Error Description** Value Divisor Uncertainty Uncertainty Distribution (1g) (10g) (±%) (10g) (1g)**Measurement System Probe Calibration** 6.0 Normal 1 1 ± 6.0 % ± 6.0 % 0.7 Axial Isotropy 4.7 Rectangular √3 0.7 ± 1.9 % ± 1.9 % √3 0.7 0.7 Hemispherical Isotropy 9.6 Rectangular ± 3.9 % ± 3.9 % **Boundary Effects** 1.0 Rectangular √3 1 1 ± 0.6 % ± 0.6 % 4.7 √3 1 1 Linearity Rectangular $\pm 2.7 \%$ $\pm 2.7 \%$ System Detection Limits 1.0 Rectangular 1 1 √3 \pm 0.6 % $\pm 0.6 \%$ Readout Electronics 0.3 Normal 1 1 1 ± 0.3 % ± 0.3 % 8.0 √3 1 ± 0.5 % ± 0.5 % Response Time Rectangular 1 1 Integration Time 2.6 Rectangular √3 ± 1.5 % ± 1.5 % **RF Ambient Noise** 3.0 √3 1 1 ± 1.7 % Rectangular ± 1.7 % **RF Ambient Reflections** 3.0 Rectangular √3 1 1 ± 1.7 % ± 1.7 % Probe Positioner 0.4 ± 0.2 % ± 0.2 % Rectangular 1 1 √3 **Probe Positioning** 2.9 Rectangular √3 1 1 ± 1.7 % ± 1.7 % √3 1 Max. SAR Eval. 1.0 1 Rectangular \pm 0.6 % \pm 0.6 % **Test Sample Related Device Positioning** 2.9 Normal 1 1 1 ± 2.9 % ± 2.9 % Device Holder 3.6 Normal 1 1 1 ± 3.6 % ± 3.6 % Power Drift 5.0 Rectangular √3 1 1 ± 2.9 % $\pm 2.9 \%$ **Phantom and Setup** Phantom Uncertainty 4.0 Rectangular 1 1 $\pm 2.3 \%$ $\pm 2.3 \%$ √3 Liquid Conductivity (Target) 5.0 0.64 0.43 ± 1.2 % Rectangular √3 ± 1.8 % Liquid Conductivity (Meas.) 2.5 1 0.64 Normal 0.43 ± 1.6 % ± 1.1 % √3 Liquid Permittivity (Target) 5.0 Rectangular 0.6 0.49 ± 1.7 % ± 1.4 % Liquid Permittivity (Meas.) 2.5 Normal 1 0.6 0.49 ± 1.5 % ± 1.2 % Combined Standard Uncertainty ± 11.0 % ± 10.8 % Coverage Factor for 95 % K=2 **Expanded Uncertainty** ± 22.0 % ± 21.5 %

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Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

17. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
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