

FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : SA180323C08

Applicant : Sony Mobile Communications Inc.

Address : 4-12-3, Higashi-Shinagawa, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo 140-0002 Japan

Product : Bluetooth Headset

FCC ID : PY7-80664G

Brand : Sony

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093), IEEE C95.1:1992, IEEE Std 1528:2013

KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, KDB 447498 D01 v06

Sample Received Date : Mar. 23, 2018

Date of Testing : Mar. 28, 2018

Lab Address : No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Lin Kou Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Test Location : No. 19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd, Wen Hwa Vil, Kwei Shan Dist., Taoyuan City 33383, Taiwan (R.O.C)

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

Prepared By:

Rona Chen / Specialist

Approved By:

Eli Hsu / Senior Engineer





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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

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Release Control Record

| Report No. | Reason for Change | Date Issued |
|-------------|-------------------|---------------|
| SA180323C08 | Initial release | Apr. 17, 2018 |
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1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

| Equipment Class | Mode | Highest SAR-1g Head (W/kg) | Highest SAR-1g Body Tested at 0 mm (W/kg) |
|--------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|--|
| DSS | Bluetooth | 0.24 | 0.17 |

Note:

1. The SAR criteria (Head & Body: SAR-1g 1.6 W/kg, and Extremity: SAR-10g 4.0 W/kg) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

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2. <u>Description of Equipment Under Test</u>

| EUT Type | Bluetooth Headset |
|---|--|
| FCC ID | PY7-80664G |
| Brand Name | Sony |
| Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz) | Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480 |
| Uplink Modulations | Bluetooth : GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK |
| Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm) | Please refer to section 4.6.1 of this report |
| Antenna Type | Chip Antenna |
| EUT Stage | Identical Prototype |

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

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3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY52 System

DASY52 system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY52 software defined. The DASY52 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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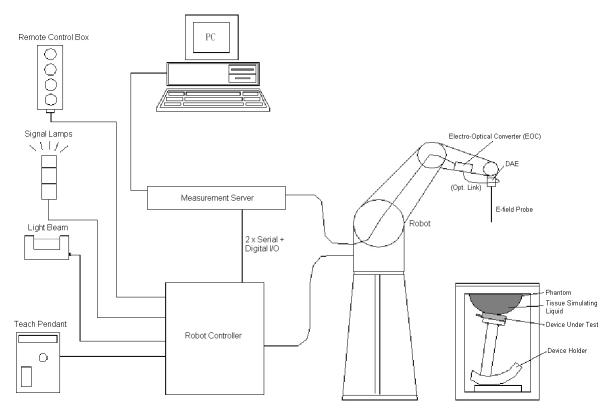
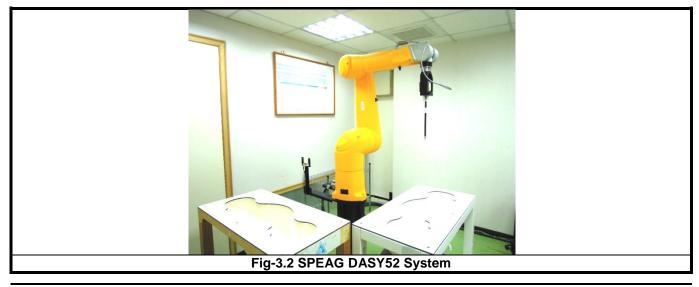


Fig-3.1 SPEAG DASY52 System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY52 systems use the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version of CS8c from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- · High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



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3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

| Model | EX3DV4 | |
|---------------|--|--|
| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE). | |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB | |
| Directivity | ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) | |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g) | |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm | |

| Model | ES3DV3 | _ |
|---------------|---|---|
| Wodei | | |
| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE). | |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB | |
| Directivity | ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) | |
| Dynamic Range | 5 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB | |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm | |

| Model | ET3DV6 | 200 |
|---------------|--|-----|
| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) | |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to 2.3 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB | |
| Directivity | ± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis) | |
| Dynamic Range | 5 μW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB | |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 6.8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm | |

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

| Model | DAE3, DAE4 | |
|-------------------------|---|--------|
| Construction | Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop. | |
| Measurement | -100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, | |
| Range | 400mV) | Nath W |
| Input Offset Voltage | < 5μV (with auto zero) | |
| Input Bias Current | < 50 fA | |
| Dimensions | 60 x 60 x 68 mm | |

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3.2.4 **Phantoms**

| Model | Twin SAM | |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Construction | The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot. | |
| Material | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF) | |
| Shell Thickness | 2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point) | |
| Dimensions | Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet | |
| Filling Volume | approx. 25 liters | |



| Model | ELI | |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Construction | Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles. | |
| Material | Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF) | |
| Shell Thickness | 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate) | |
| Dimensions | Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm | |
| Filling Volume | approx. 30 liters | |



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3.2.5 Device Holder

| Model | Mounting Device | - |
|--------------|---|---|
| Construction | In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). | |
| Material | POM | |

| Model | Laptop Extensions Kit | |
|--------------|---|--|
| Construction | Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. | |
| Material | POM, Acrylic glass, Foam | |

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

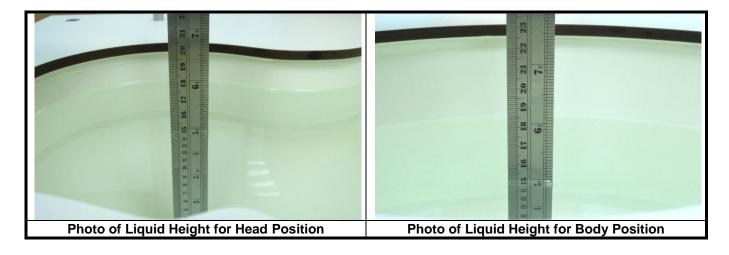
| Model | D-Serial | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Construction | Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions. | |
| Frequency | 750 MHz to 5800 MHz | |
| Return Loss | > 20 dB | |
| Power Capability | > 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz) | |

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3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

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Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

| - | | argets of Tissue Silliu | | D |
|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Frequency (MHz) | Target Permittivity | Range of ±5% | Target Conductivity | Range of ±5% |
| | • | For Head | • | |
| 750 | 41.9 | 39.8 ~ 44.0 | 0.89 | 0.85 ~ 0.93 |
| 835 | 41.5 | 39.4 ~ 43.6 | 0.90 | 0.86 ~ 0.95 |
| 900 | 41.5 | 39.4 ~ 43.6 | 0.97 | 0.92 ~ 1.02 |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 38.5 ~ 42.5 | 1.20 | 1.14 ~ 1.26 |
| 1640 | 40.3 | 38.3 ~ 42.3 | 1.29 | 1.23 ~ 1.35 |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 38.1 ~ 42.1 | 1.37 | 1.30 ~ 1.44 |
| 1800 | 40.0 | 38.0 ~ 42.0 | 1.40 | 1.33 ~ 1.47 |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 38.0 ~ 42.0 | 1.40 | 1.33 ~ 1.47 |
| 2000 | 40.0 | 38.0 ~ 42.0 | 1.40 | 1.33 ~ 1.47 |
| 2300 | 39.5 | 37.5 ~ 41.5 | 1.67 | 1.59 ~ 1.75 |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 37.2 ~ 41.2 | 1.80 | 1.71 ~ 1.89 |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 37.1 ~ 41.0 | 1.96 | 1.86 ~ 2.06 |
| 3500 | 37.9 | 36.0 ~ 39.8 | 2.91 | 2.76 ~ 3.06 |
| 5200 | 36.0 | 34.2 ~ 37.8 | 4.66 | 4.43 ~ 4.89 |
| 5300 | 35.9 | 34.1 ~ 37.7 | 4.76 | 4.52 ~ 5.00 |
| 5500 | 35.6 | 33.8 ~ 37.4 | 4.96 | 4.71 ~ 5.21 |
| 5600 | 35.5 | 33.7 ~ 37.3 | 5.07 | 4.82 ~ 5.32 |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 33.5 ~ 37.1 | 5.27 | 5.01 ~ 5.53 |
| | | For Body | | |
| 750 | 55.5 | 52.7 ~ 58.3 | 0.96 | 0.91 ~ 1.01 |
| 835 | 55.2 | 52.4 ~ 58.0 | 0.97 | 0.92 ~ 1.02 |
| 900 | 55.0 | 52.3 ~ 57.8 | 1.05 | 1.00 ~ 1.10 |
| 1450 | 54.0 | 51.3 ~ 56.7 | 1.30 | 1.24 ~ 1.37 |
| 1640 | 53.8 | 51.1 ~ 56.5 | 1.40 | 1.33 ~ 1.47 |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 50.7 ~ 56.1 | 1.49 | 1.42 ~ 1.56 |
| 1800 | 53.3 | 50.6 ~ 56.0 | 1.52 | 1.44 ~ 1.60 |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 50.6 ~ 56.0 | 1.52 | 1.44 ~ 1.60 |
| 2000 | 53.3 | 50.6 ~ 56.0 | 1.52 | 1.44 ~ 1.60 |
| 2300 | 52.9 | 50.3 ~ 55.5 | 1.81 | 1.72 ~ 1.90 |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 50.1 ~ 55.3 | 1.95 | 1.85 ~ 2.05 |
| 2600 | 52.5 | 49.9 ~ 55.1 | 2.16 | 2.05 ~ 2.27 |
| 3500 | 51.3 | 48.7 ~ 53.9 | 3.31 | 3.14 ~ 3.48 |
| 5200 | 49.0 | 46.6 ~ 51.5 | 5.30 | 5.04 ~ 5.57 |
| 5300 | 48.9 | 46.5 ~ 51.3 | 5.42 | 5.15 ~ 5.69 |
| 5500 | 48.6 | 46.2 ~ 51.0 | 5.65 | 5.37 ~ 5.93 |
| 5600 | 48.5 | 46.1 ~ 50.9 | 5.77 | 5.48 ~ 6.06 |
| 5800 | 48.2 | 45.8 ~ 50.6 | 6.00 | 5.70 ~ 6.30 |
| | | | | |

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The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

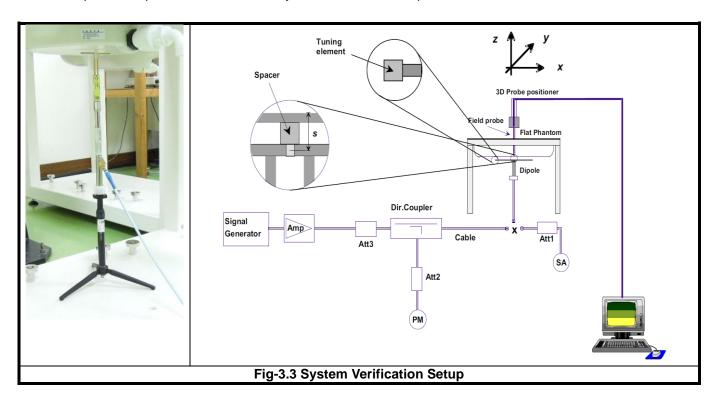
| Tissue Type | Bactericide | DGBE | HEC | NaCl | Sucrose | Triton X-100 | Water | Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether |
|----------------|-------------|------|-----|------|---------|-----------------|-------|---|
| H750 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 1.5 | 56.0 | - | 42.1 | - |
| H835 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 1.5 | 57.0 | - | 41.1 | - |
| H900 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 1.4 | 58.0 | - | 40.2 | - |
| H1450 | - | 43.3 | - | 0.6 | - | - | 56.1 | - |
| H1640 | - | 45.8 | - | 0.5 | - | - | 53.7 | - |
| H1750 | - | 47.0 | - | 0.4 | - | - | 52.6 | - |
| H1800 | - | 44.5 | - | 0.3 | - | - | 55.2 | - |
| H1900 | - | 44.5 | - | 0.2 | - | - | 55.3 | - |
| H2000 | - | 44.5 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 55.4 | - |
| H2300 | - | 44.9 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 55.0 | - |
| H2450 | - | 45.0 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 54.9 | - |
| H2600 | - | 45.1 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 54.8 | - |
| H3500 | - | 8.0 | - | 0.2 | - | 20.0 | 71.8 | - |
| H5G | - | | - | - | - | 17.2 | 65.5 | 17.3 |
| B750 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 0.8 | 48.8 | - | 50.0 | - |
| B835 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 0.9 | 48.5 | - | 50.2 | - |
| B900 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 | 0.9 | 48.2 | - | 50.5 | - |
| B1450 | - | 34.0 | - | 0.3 | - | - | 65.7 | - |
| B1640 | - | 32.5 | - | 0.3 | - | - | 67.2 | - |
| B1750 | - | 31.0 | - | 0.2 | - | - | 68.8 | - |
| B1800 | - | 29.5 | - | 0.4 | - | - | 70.1 | - |
| B1900 | - | 29.5 | - | 0.3 | - | - | 70.2 | - |
| B2000 | - | 30.0 | - | 0.2 | - | - | 69.8 | - |
| B2300 | - | 31.0 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 68.9 | - |
| B2450 | - | 31.4 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 68.5 | - |
| B2600 | - | 31.8 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 68.1 | - |
| B3500 | - | 28.8 | - | 0.1 | - | - | 71.1 | - |
| B5G | - | - | - | - | - | 10.7 | 78.6 | 10.7 |

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3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

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3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

| Items | <= 2 GHz | 2-3 GHz | 3-4 GHz | 4-5 GHz | 5-6 GHz |
|-----------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Area Scan (Δx, Δy) | <= 15 mm | <= 12 mm | <= 12 mm | <= 10 mm | <= 10 mm |
| Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy) | <= 8 mm | <= 5 mm | <= 5 mm | <= 4 mm | <= 4 mm |
| Zoom Scan (Δz) | <= 5 mm | <= 5 mm | <= 4 mm | <= 3 mm | <= 2 mm |
| Zoom Scan Volume | >= 30 mm | >= 30 mm | >= 28 mm | >= 25 mm | >= 22 mm |

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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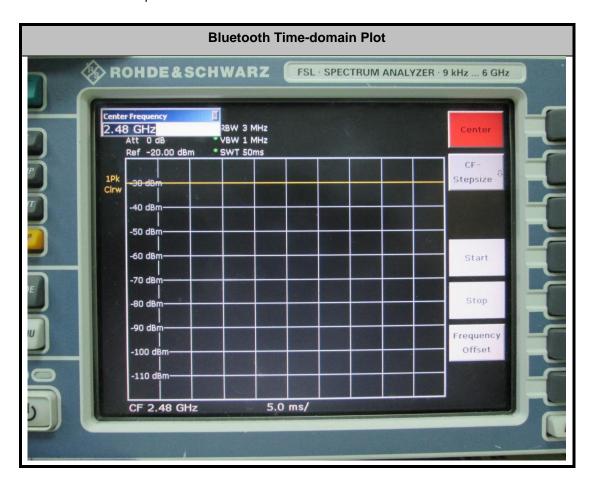
4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

<Considerations Related to Bluetooth for Setup and Testing>

This device has installed Bluetooth engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During Bluetooth SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

The Bluetooth duty cycle is 100% as following figure, according to 2016 Oct. TCB workshop for Bluetooth SAR scaling need further consideration and the max duty cycle is 100%, therefore the actual duty cycle will be scaled up to the max value of Bluetooth reported SAR calculation.



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4.2 EUT Testing Position

SAR evaluation was tested in four positions. We performed SAR testing on Front Face, Rear Face, Right Side, Top Side, and Bottom Side positions for BT antenna. In these positions, the air gap between the EUT and the phantom is 0 mm.

4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

| Test Date | Tissue Type | Frequency (MHz) | Liquid Temp. (℃) | Measured Conductivity (σ) | Measured Permittivity (ε _r) | Target Conductivity (σ) | Target Permittivity (ε _r) | Conductivity Deviation (%) | Permittivity Deviation (%) |
|---------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Mar. 28, 2018 | Head | 2450 | 23.2 | 1.87 | 39.037 | 1.8 | 39.2 | 3.89 | -0.42 |
| Mar. 28, 2018 | Body | 2450 | 23.2 | 2.011 | 51.429 | 1.95 | 52.7 | 3.13 | -2.41 |

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within $\pm 2\%$.

4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

| Tool | Ducks | | | | Measured | Validation for CW | | | Validation for Modulation | | |
|---------------|--------------|-------------------|------|------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------|-----|
| Test Date | Probe S/N | Calibration Point | | Conductivity (σ) | Permittivity (ε _r) | Sensitivity Range | Probe Linearity | Probe Isotropy | Modulation Type | Duty Factor | PAR |
| Mar. 28, 2018 | 7346 | Head | 2450 | 1.87 | 39.037 | Pass | Pass | Pass | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Mar. 28, 2018 | 7346 | Body | 2450 | 2.011 | 51.429 | Pass | Pass | Pass | N/A | N/A | N/A |

4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

| Test Date | Mode | Frequency (MHz) | 1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg) | Measured SAR-1g (W/kg) | Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg) | Deviation (%) | Dipole S/N | Probe S/N | DAE S/N |
|---------------|------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---|------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| Mar. 28, 2018 | Head | 2450 | 50.80 | 13.50 | 54.00 | 6.30 | 737 | 7346 | 360 |
| Mar. 28, 2018 | Body | 2450 | 49.70 | 12.4 | 49.60 | -0.20 | 737 | 7346 | 360 |

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

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4.6 Maximum Output Power

4.6.1 Maximum Target Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

| Mode | 2.4G Bluetooth |
|--------------|----------------|
| Bluetooth DH | 8.5 |

4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

| Mode | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Average Power |
|---------------|---------|-----------------|---------------|
| Bluetooth EDR | 0 | 2402 | 6.88 |
| | 39 | 2441 | 8.18 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 8.36 |

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4.7 SAR Testing Results

4.7.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- (2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

4.7.2 SAR Results for Head Exposure Condition

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Ch. | Max. Tune-up Power (dBm) | Measured Conducted Power (dBm) | Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured SAR-1g (W/kg) | Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg) |
|-------------|------|------|------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | ВТ | GFSK | Front Face | 78 | 8.5 | 8.36 | 1.03 | 0.05 | 0.033 | 0.03 |
| 01 | BT | GFSK | Rear Face | 78 | 8.5 | 8.36 | 1.03 | -0.10 | 0.228 | <mark>0.24</mark> |
| | BT | GFSK | Right Side | 78 | 8.5 | 8.36 | 1.03 | 0.00 | 0.001 | 0.00 |
| | BT | GFSK | Top Side | 78 | 8.5 | 8.36 | 1.03 | 0.00 | 0.001 | 0.00 |
| | ВТ | GFSK | Bottom Side | 78 | 8.5 | 8.36 | 1.03 | 0.03 | 0.083 | 0.09 |
| | BT | GFSK | Rear Face | 0 | 8.5 | 6.88 | 1.45 | 0.06 | 0.091 | 0.13 |
| | BT | GFSK | Rear Face | 39 | 8.5 | 8.18 | 1.08 | 0.08 | 0.176 | 0.19 |

Note: The "< 0.001" means there is no SAR value or the SAR is too low to be measured.

4.7.3 SAR Results for Body Exposure Condition (Test Separation Distance is 0 mm)

| Plot No. | Band | Mode | Test Position | Ch. | Max. Tune-up Power (dBm) | Measured Conducted Power (dBm) | Scaling Factor | Power Drift (dB) | Measured SAR-1g (W/kg) | Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg) |
|-------------|------|------|------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | BT | GFSK | Front Face | 78 | 8.5 | 8.36 | 1.03 | 0.03 | 0.032 | 0.03 |
| 02 | BT | GFSK | Rear Face | 78 | 8.5 | 8.36 | 1.03 | -0.13 | 0.163 | <mark>0.17</mark> |
| | BT | GFSK | Right Side | 78 | 8.5 | 8.36 | 1.03 | 0.00 | 0.001 | 0.00 |
| | BT | GFSK | Top Side | 78 | 8.5 | 8.36 | 1.03 | 0.00 | 0.001 | 0.00 |
| | BT | GFSK | Bottom Side | 78 | 8.5 | 8.36 | 1.03 | 0.12 | 0.103 | 0.11 |
| | BT | GFSK | Rear Face | 0 | 8.5 | 6.88 | 1.45 | -0.11 | 0.106 | 0.15 |
| | BT | GFSK | Rear Face | 39 | 8.5 | 8.18 | 1.08 | 0.06 | 0.140 | 0.15 |

Note: The "< 0.001" means there is no SAR value or the SAR is too low to be measured.

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4.7.4 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

Since all the measured SAR are less than 0.8 W/kg, the repeated measurement is not required.

4.7.5 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

There is no simultaneous transmission configuration in this device.

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5. Calibration of Test Equipment

| Equipment | Manufacturer | Model | SN | Cal. Date | Cal. Interval |
|------------------------------|--------------|---------|------------|---------------|---------------|
| System Validation Dipole | SPEAG | D2450V2 | 737 | Aug. 17, 2017 | 1 Year |
| Dosimetric E-Field Probe | SPEAG | EX3DV4 | 7346 | Oct. 24, 2017 | 1 Year |
| Data Acquisition Electronics | SPEAG | DAE3 | 360 | Nov. 02, 2017 | 1 Year |
| Spectrum Analyzer | R&S | FSL6 | 102006 | Mar. 23, 2018 | 1 Year |
| ENA Series Network Analyzer | Agilent | E5071C | MY46214281 | Jun. 09, 2017 | 1 Year |
| MXG Analong Signal Generator | Agilent | N5181A | MY50143868 | Jul. 10, 2017 | 1 Year |
| Vector Signal Generator | Anritsu | MG3710A | 6201599977 | Mar. 16, 2018 | 1 Year |
| Power Meter | Anritsu | ML2495A | 1218009 | Jul. 12, 2017 | 1 Year |
| Power Sensor | Anritsu | MA2411B | 1207252 | Jul. 12, 2017 | 1 Year |
| Thermometer | YFE | YF-160A | 130504591 | Mar. 23, 2018 | 1 Year |

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6. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty is needless to be listed in the test report, since the highest SAR level is less than 1.5W/kg per KDB 865664D01

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7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Taiwan HwaYa EMC/RF/Safety Lab:

Add: No.19, Hwa Ya 2nd Rd., Wen Hwa Vil., Kwei Shan Dist., Taoyuan City 33383, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-3-318-3232 Fax: 886-3-327-0892

Taiwan LinKo EMC/RF Lab:

Add: No. 47-2, 14th Ling, Chia Pau Vil., Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 244, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-2-2605-2180 Fax: 886-2-2605-1924

Taiwan HsinChu EMC/RF/Telecom Lab:

Add: E-2, No.1, Li Hsin 1st Road, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu City 30078, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-3-666-8565 Fax: 886-3-666-8323

Email: service.adt@tw.bureauveritas.com
Web Site: www.bureauveritas-adt.com

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

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System Check_H2450_180328

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H19T27N1_0328 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.87$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.037$; $\rho =$

Date: 2018/03/28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 23.2°C

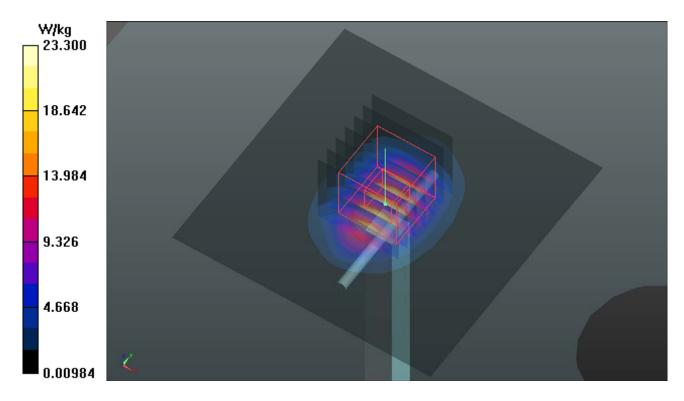
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2017/10/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2017/11/02
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom 1654; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.3 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 107.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.12 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.4 W/kg



System Check_B2450_180328

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 737

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B19T27N1_0328 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.011$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.429$; $\rho =$

Date: 2018/03/28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C; Liquid Temperature: 23.2°C

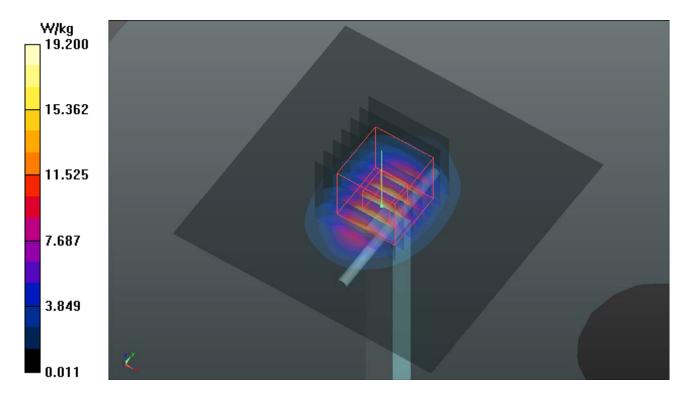
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 2017/10/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2017/11/02
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom 1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.2 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 97.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.69 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.69 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg







Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

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P01 BT_GFSK_Rear Face_0mm_Ch78

DUT: 180323C08

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: H19T27N1_0328 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 1.908$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.973$; $\rho =$

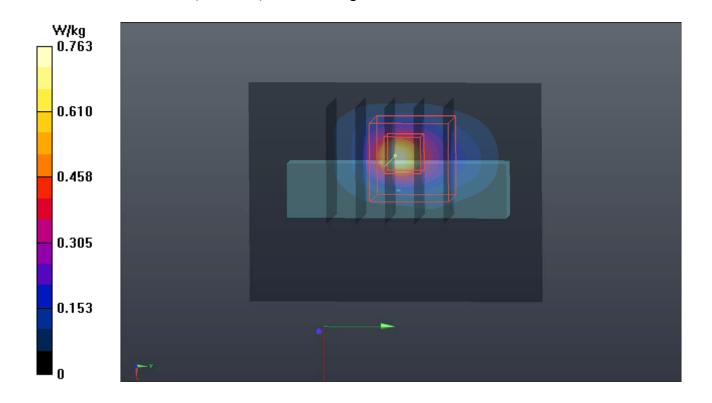
Date: 2018/03/28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 $^{\circ}\text{C}$; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2017/10/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2017/11/02
- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom 1654; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.763 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.974 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.228 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.715 W/kg



P02 BT_GFSK_Rear Face_0mm_Ch78

DUT: 180323C08

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: B19T27N1_0328 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; $\sigma = 2.056$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.569$; $\rho =$

Date: 2018/03/28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 23.2 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7346; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68); Calibrated: 2017/10/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn360; Calibrated: 2017/11/02

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.478 W/kg

- Phantom: Twin SAM Phantom 1822; Type: QD000P40;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7373)
- Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.302 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 12.15 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.570 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.163 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 W/kg

