#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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#### Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045\_Sep17

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# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

September 27, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)	Apr-18
SN: 5058 (20k)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
SN: 5047.2 / 06327	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)	Apr-18
SN: 2336	30-Dec-16 (No. ER3-2336_Dec16)	Dec-17
SN: 6065	30-Dec-16 (No. H3-6065_Dec16)	Dec-17
SN: 781	13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781_Jul17)	Jul-18
ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17
SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17
Name	Function	Signature
Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	+ ICe
Jeton Kastrati	Technical Manager	lone
	ID #         SN: 104778         SN: 103244         SN: 103245         SN: 5058 (20k)         SN: 5047.2 / 06327         SN: 5047.2 / 06327         SN: 5047.2 / 06327         SN: 5047.2 / 06327         SN: 6065         SN: 781         ID #         SN: GB42420191         SN: US37495597         SN: US37390585         Name         Jeton Kastrati	ID #         Cal Date (Certificate No.)           SN: 104778         04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)           SN: 103244         04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)           SN: 103245         04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522)           SN: 5058 (20k)         07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)           SN: 5047.2 / 06327         07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529)           SN: 2336         30-Dec-16 (No. ER3-2336_Dec16)           SN: 6065         30-Dec-16 (No. H3-6065_Dec16)           SN: 781         13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781_Jul17)           ID #         Check Date (in house)           SN: US38485102         05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)           SN: 832283/011         27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)           SN: US37390585         18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)           Name         Function           Jeton Kastrati         Technical Manager

Issued: September 28, 2017

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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

#### Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	107.9 V/m = 40.66 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	105.8 V/m = 40.49 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	106.8 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.5 dB	41.7 Ω - 11.1 jΩ
835 MHz	32.7 dB	49.0 Ω + 2.0 jΩ
900 MHz	18.8 dB	48.2 Ω - 11.2 jΩ
950 MHz	17.6 dB	53.4 Ω + 13.3 jΩ
960 MHz	12.8 dB	66.8 Ω + 21.4 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

#### **Impedance Measurement Plot**



Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

#### DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 30.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 13.07.2017
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

#### **Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

MIF scaled E-field

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 109.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dBApplied MIF = 0.00 dBRF audio interference level = 40.66 dBV/m**Emission category: M3** 

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M3
40.28 dBV/m	40.49 dBV/m	40.42 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
35.86 dBV/m	36.03 dBV/m	35.91 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
40.48 dBV/m	40.66 dBV/m	40.59 dBV/m



0 dB = 107.9 V/m = 40.66 dBV/m

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038 Sep17

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Client

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#### Sporton (Auden)

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object CD1880V3 - SN: 1038 QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipoles in air Calibration date: September 27, 2017 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) **Primary Standards** ID # Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter NRP SN: 104778 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522) Apr-18 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103244 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521) Apr-18 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103245 04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02522) Apr-18 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5058 (20k) 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528) Apr-18 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02529) Apr-18 Probe ER3DV6 SN: 2336 30-Dec-16 (No. ER3-2336\_Dec16) Dec-17 Probe H3DV6 SN: 6065 30-Dec-16 (No. H3-6065\_Dec16) Dec-17 DAE4 SN: 781 13-Jul-17 (No. DAE4-781\_Jul17) Jul-18 Secondary Standards ID # Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power meter Agilent 4419B SN: GB42420191 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) In house check: Oct-17 Power sensor HP E4412A SN: US38485102 05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14) In house check: Oct-17 Power sensor HP 8482A SN: US37295597 09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14) In house check: Oct-17 RF generator R&S SMT-06 SN: 832283/011 27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15) In house check: Oct-17 Network Analyzer HP 8753E SN: US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16) In house check: Oct-17 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic **Technical Manager** 

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Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011

American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	<u>,                                     </u>
Frequency	1730 MHz ± 1 MHz 1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

# Maximum Field values at 1730 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	96.3 V/m = 39.67 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	95.6 V/m = 39.61 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	96.0 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	91.8 V/m = 39.26 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	88.2 V/m = 38.91 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	90.0 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters

#### Nominal Frequencies

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	21.9 dB	56.0 Ω + 6.1 jΩ
1880 MHz	22.0 dB	58.2 Ω + 2.5 jΩ
1900 MHz	22.2 dB	58.4 Ω - 0.4 jΩ
1950 MHz	26.9 dB	50.8 Ω - 4.5 jΩ
2000 MHz	20.5 dB	43.5 Ω + 6.0 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

#### **Impedance Measurement Plot**



Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: RF Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 30.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 13.07.2017
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Reference Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 158.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.26 dBV/mEmission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
39.02 dBV/m	39.26 dBV/m	39.18 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
36.98 dBV/m	37.13 dBV/m	37.02 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
38.73 dBV/m	38.91 dBV/m	38.90 dBV/m

# Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mmDevice Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm Reference Value = 170.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Applied MIF = 0.00 dB RF audio interference level = 39.67 dBV/m Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
39.45 dBV/m	39.67 dBV/m	39.58 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
37.65 dBV/m	37.83 dBV/m	37.72 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
39.3 dBV/m	39.61 dBV/m	39.58 dBV/m



0 dB = 91.84 V/m = 39.26 dBV/m

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#### Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-778\_May17

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 778		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)		
Calibration date:	May 22, 2017		
This calibration certificate documer The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte	nts the traceability to nation ainties with confidence pro ad in the closed laboratory	nal standards, which realize the physical units of bability are given on the following pages and are facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°C and	measurements (SI). part of the certificate. humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Primany Standards	ם #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	09-Sep-16 (No:19065)	Sep-17
	1		
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	05-Jan-17 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-18
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	05-Jan-17 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-18
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Adrian Gehring	Technician	100
			AJE
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	: V. Bunn
This calibration certificate shall not	be reproduced except in f	ull without written approval of the laboratory.	Issued: May 22, 2017

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#### Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

#### **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal<br/>High Range:1LSB =6.1μV ,full range =-100...+300 mVLow Range:1LSB =61nV ,full range =-1.....+3mVDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.717 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.514 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.071 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98763 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96503 ± 1.50% (k=2)	4.00094 ± 1.50% (k=2)

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	270.0 ° ± 1 °
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#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

#### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199994.64	-1.22	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20002.84	1.48	0.01
Channel X	- input	-19998.43	2.86	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199993.51	-2.70	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20002.24	0.88	0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-19999.71	1.54	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199996.74	0.89	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19998.38	-2.84	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20005.15	-3.75	0.02

Low Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.64	0.53	0.03
Channel X	+ Input	200.99	-0.35	-0.17
Channel X	- Input	-199.14	-0.59	0.30
Channel Y	+ Input	2000.89	-0.14	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	201.17	-0.12	-0.06
Channel Y	- Input	-199.26	-0.60	0.30
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.81	-0.14	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	199.84	-1.33	-0.66
Channel Z	- Input	-199.58	-0.90	0.45

2. Common mode sensitivity DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-4.36	-6.06
	- 200	6.36	4.97
Channel Y	200	-1.03	-1.77
	- 200	0.28	-0.17
Channel Z	200	-12.38	-12.25
	- 200	9.83	10.04

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	-0.44	-2.21
Channel Y	200	8.52	-	0.05
Channel Z	200	3.63	7.19	-

#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters:	Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16052	16464
Channel Y	16192	17676
Channel Z	16439	15882

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.36	-0.69	1.24	0.39
Channel Y	-0.04	-1,05	1.13	0.50
Channel Z	-0.69	-2.03	0.82	0.54

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

#### **Calibration Laboratory of** Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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#### Client Sporton (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-853\_Jul17

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

	DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 853		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration proced	dure for the data acquisition ele	ctronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	July 19, 2017		
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been conduc Calibration Equipment used (M&1	ents the traceability to natio rtainties with confidence pro cted in the closed laboratory FE critical for calibration)	nal standards, which realize the physical u obability are given on the following pages a r facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) <sup>c</sup>	nits of measurements (SI). nd are part of the certificate. °C and humidity < 70%.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	09-Sep-16 (No:19065)	Sep-17
Secondary Standards		Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Secondary Standards Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002	<u>Check Date (in house)</u> 05-Jan-17 (in house check) 05-Jan-17 (in house check)	Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-18 In house check: Jan-18
Secondary Standards Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1 Calibrated by:	SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 Name Eric Hainfeld	Check Date (in house) 05-Jan-17 (in house check) 05-Jan-17 (in house check) Function Laboratory Technician	Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-18 In house check: Jan-18 Signature
Secondary Standards Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1 Calibrated by:	SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UWS 006 AA 1002 Name Eric Hainfeld Sven Kühn	Check Date (in house) 05-Jan-17 (in house check) 05-Jan-17 (in house check) Function Laboratory Technician Deputy Manager	Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-18 In house check: Jan-18 Signature

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#### Glossary

DAE Connector angle

data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

# DC Voltage Measurement A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1μV,	full range =	-100.,.+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV,	full range =	-1 _+3mV
DASY measurement p	arameters: Aut	o Zero Time: 3	sec; Measuring	time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	402.602 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.267 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.445 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.95476 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96544 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96662 ± 1.50% (k=2)

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	134.5 ° ± 1 °

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

High Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200032.34	-1.72	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20007.23	2.14	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20002.92	1.88	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200032,83	-1.31	-0,00
Channel Y	+ Input	20004.73	-0.35	-0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20006.55	-1.74	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200040.33	6.37	0,00
Channel Z	+ Input	20004.71	-0.33	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20008.02	-3.12	0.02

#### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.66	0.35	0.02
Channel X	+ Input	201.67	0.28	0.14
Channel X	- input	-198.01	0.61	-0.31
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.27	0.05	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200.65	-0.72	-0.36
Channel Y	- Input	-199.27	-0.58	0.29
Channel Z	+ input	2000.81	-0.40	-0.02
Channel Z	+ input	199.74	-1.51	-0.75
Channel Z	- Input	-200.02	-1.26	0.63

2. Common mode sensitivity DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-6.81	-8.25
	- 200	10.16	8.50
Channel Y	200	4.33	4.41
	- 200	-5.81	-6.18
Channel Z	200	2.40	2.38
	- 200	-4.45	-4.60

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Υ (μV)	Channel Ζ (μV)
Channel X	200	-	1.24	-2.01
Channel Y	200	7.20	-	2.53
Channel Z	200	10.31	4.71	-

## 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16247	16895
Channel Y	16088	16351
Channel Z	16248	17044

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	-0.70	-1.52	0.31	0.39
Channel Y	-0.77	-1.78	0.39	0.37
Channel Z	0.22	-1.06	1.36	0.47

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

## 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	0.01	-8	-9

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Sporton-TW (Auden) Client

#### Certificate No: ER3-2358\_Jan17

С

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object	ER3DV6 - SN:2358
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field evaluations in air
Calibration date:	January 19, 2017
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unc	nents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). ertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02293)	Apr-17
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	14-Oct-16 (No. ER3-2328_Oct16)	Oct-17
DAE4	SN: 789	11-Nov-16 (No. DAE4-789_Nov16)	Nov-17
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	gebe
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Jole Ky
			Issued: January 21, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

#### **Calibration Laboratory of** Schmid & Partner

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Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:	
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B <i>,</i> C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, " IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.0, November 2013

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMX, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  for XY sensors and  $\vartheta = 90$  for Z sensor (f  $\leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide),
- *NORM(f)x,y,z* = *NORMx,y,z* \* *frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax, y, z; Bx, y, z; Cx, y, z; Dx, y, z; VRx, y, z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

# Probe ER3DV6

# SN:2358

Manufactured: Calibrated:

July 7, 2005 January 19, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2358

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	1.66	1.50	1.53	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	97.9	98.2	100.9	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	168.7	±3.8 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		196.8	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		188.5	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	×	3.20	66.2	18.4	2.91	135.8	±0.7 %
		Y	3.21	66.4	18.4		117.9	
		Z	3.11	66.1	18.2		111.8	
10021- DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	18.59	<mark>99.1</mark>	28.5	9.39	136.9	±2.2 %
		Y	18.44	99.3	28.9		118.8	
		Z	17.05	94.9	27.0		120.3	
10069- CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	X	12.02	72.4	25.8	10.56	88.1	±2.2 %
		Y	11.47	70.6	24.5		74.6	
		Z	11.46	70.7	24.3		99.0	
10077- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	X	11.25	72.3	26.3	11.00	77.6	±2.7 %
		Y	11.33	72.0	25.7		98.5	
		Z	10.73	70.5	24.7		88.8	
10172- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	x	11.48	89.6	35.1	9.21	149.2	±2.2 %
		Y	8.39	77.9	28.4		129.8	
		Z	8.68	78.3	28.1		123.2	
10173- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	×	11.79	89.6	35.0	9.48	149.9	±2.2 %
		Y	9.38	81.2	30.5		127.8	
		Z	9.09	79.0	28.5		121.2	
10295- AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	X	15.49	99.1	40.8	12.49	118.3	±2.7 %
		Y	15.66	99.5	41.1		100.7	
		Z	16.03	97.5	38.8	_	100.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.



# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$ 





Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$ 

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\vartheta$  = 90°



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



# Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (\oplus, \oplus), f = 900 MHz

Certificate No: ER3-2358\_Jan17

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2358

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	117.7
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm