FCC ID : PY7-24870P

Equipment : GSM/WCDMA/LTE Phone with BT, DTS/UNII

a/b/g/n/ac, NFC, FM receiver and GNSS

Brand Name : SONY

Applicant : Sony Corporation

1-7-1 Konan Minato-ku Tokyo, 108-0075 Japan

Manufacturer : Sony Corporation

1-7-1 Konan Minato-ku Tokyo, 108-0075 Japan

Standard : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

We, Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and FCC KDB and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan), the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Tony Zhang

Reviewed by: Tony Zhang / Supervisor

kat lin

Approved by: Kat Yin / Manager





Report No.: FA1D0405

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan)

No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China

 TEL: 86-512-57900158
 Page
 1 of 41

 FAX: 86-512-57900958
 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

Table of Contents

1. Statement of Compliance	
2. Guidance Applied	4
3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information	
3.1 General Information	
3.2 Device IMEI Code	
3.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations	
4. RF Exposure Limits	
4.1 Uncontrolled Environment	
4.2 Controlled Environment	
5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	8
5.1 Introduction	8
5.2 SAR Definition	
6. System Description and Setup	
6.1 Test Site Location	
6.2 E-Field Probe	
6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	10
6.4 Phantom	11
6.5 Device Holder	12
7. Measurement Procedures	
7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	13
7.2 Power Reference Measurement	
7.3 Area Scan	14
7.4 Zoom Scan	
7.5 Volume Scan Procedures	15
7.6 Power Drift Monitoring	15
8. Test Equipment List	
9. System Verification	
9.1 Tissue Verification	
9.2 System Performance Check Results	
10. RF Exposure Positions	
10.1 Ear and handset reference point	19
10.2 Definition of the cheek position	20
10.3 Definition of the tilt position	21
10.4 Body Worn Accessory	21
10.5 Product Specific Exposure	22
10.6 Wireless Router	22
11. UMTS/ LTE Output Power (Unit: dBm)	23
12. Spot Check Verification power for Conducted Power	32
13. RF Exposure Conditions	32
14. SAR Test Results	33
14.1 Head SAR	34
14.2 Hotspot SAR	35
14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR	
15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	37
15.1 Head Exposure Conditions	38
15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions	39
15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions	40
16. Uncertainty Assessment	
17. References	
Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check	
Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement	
Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate	
Appendix D. Test Setup Photos and Antenna Location	

History of this test report

Report No. : FA1D0405

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA1D0405	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Mar. 17, 2022
FA1D0405	Rev. 02	Remove BT/WLAN verified test result on section 15.1~15.3	Mar. 18, 2022

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 3 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

1. Statement of Compliance

Applicant Name	Sony Corporation
EUT Description	GSM/WCDMA/LTE Phone with BT, DTS/UNII a/b/g/n/ac, NFC, FM receiver and GNSS
Brand Name	SONY
FCC ID	PY7-24870P
HW Version	A
SW Version	0.306
RF Exposure Conditions	Equipment Class
RF Exposure Conditions	Licensed
Head (1g SAR W/kg)	0.66
Body-Worn (1g SAR W/kg)	0.99
Hotspot (1g SAR W/kg)	0.99
Highest Simultaneous Transmission (1g SAR W/kg)	1.55
Date Tested	2022/1/20~2022/1/29
Test Result	Pass
Remark:	

Report No.: FA1D0405

- 1. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation and Bluetooth supports tethering applications.
- 2. This is a variant report. The difference between current and previous project is enabled WCDMA Band IV and LTE B4 by software for full SAR testing, disabled WCDMA Band V and LTE B41 by software, and other bands only the worse cases from reference original report (Sporton Report Number FA1D0404) were verified for difference. BT/WLAN test results were still leverage from the original report (Sporton Report Number FA1D0404) to do co-located analysis. Other WWAN bands Chose higher SAR between original applications and verified to perform max SAR.

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg for Partial-Body 1g SAR, 4.0 W/kg for Product Specific 10g SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- · FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- · ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- KDB 941225 D05A Rel.10 LTE SAR Test Guidance v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 4 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

3. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

3.1 General Information

Wireless Technologies	Frequency	Operating Mode		
GSM	850 1900	. GSM Voice . GPRS (GMSK) . EDGE (8PSK)	Multi-Slot Class: Class 33	
	Does device support dual transfer mod	e? (No)		
W-CDMA (UMTS)	Band IV	. AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps . HSDPA . HSUPA . DC-HSDPA . HSPA+		
LTE (FDD)	Band 4 / Band 12	. QPSK . 16QAM . 64QAM		
	2.4GHz: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz	. 11b . 11g . 11g/n (HT20)		
WiFi	5GHz: 5.2GHz: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz 5.3GHz: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz 5.5GHz: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz 5.8GHz: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz	. 11a . 11n (HT20) . 11n (HT40) . 11ac (VHT20) . 11ac (VHT40) . 11ac (VHT80)		
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	. BR / EDR / LE		
NFC	13.56MHz	. ASK		

Report No. : FA1D0405

3.2 Device IMEI Code

Band	IMEI
WWAN/WLAN	SIM1: 004402543285750 SIM2: 004402543285757

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 5 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

3.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarize	ed necessary ite	ms addres	sed in KD	B 94122	5 D05 v02	r05		
FCC ID	PY7-24870P	PY7-24870P						
Equipment Name	GSM/WCDMA/L	TE Phone	with BT, D	TS/UNII	a/b/g/n/ac,	NFC, FM	eceiver an	d GNSS
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE	LTE Band 4: 17							
transmission band	LTE Band 12: 6							
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 4: 1.4 LTE Band 12:1.4				5MHz, 20N	ИHz		
uplink modulations used	QPSK / 16QAM	/ 64QAM						
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data							
LTE Release Version	R15, Cat 5							
	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 1, 2 and 3 Modulation Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (NRB) MPR (dB)							
	2010/02/03/03/03/03/03/03/03/03/03/03/03/03/03/	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20	
		MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
	64 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 2
	64 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 3
	256 QAM	<u> </u>			≥ 1			≤ 5
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)							
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.							

Report No. : FA1D0405

						LTE Ba	nd 4					
	Bandwidth	1.4 MHz	Bandwid	th 3 MHz	Bandwid	th 5 MHz		h 10 MHz	Bandwidt	h 15 MHz	Bandwi	dth 20 MHz
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
М	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
Н	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
			Transmi	ssion (H, N	I, L) chanı	nel number	s and freq	uencies ir	each LTE	band		
						LTE Bar	ıd 12					
	Ban	dwidth 1.4	MHz	Bar	ndwidth 3 I	ИНz	Baı	ndwidth 5	MHz	Ban	dwidth 10) MHz
	Ch. #	Fre	q. (MHz)	Ch. #	Fre	eq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Fr	eq. (MHz)	Ch. #	F	req. (MHz)
L	23017	,	699.7	23025	5	700.5	23035	5	701.5	23060)	704
М	23095	,	707.5	23095	5	707.5	23095	5	707.5	23095	5	707.5
Н	23173	3	715.3	23165	5	714.5	23155	5	713.5	23130)	711

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 6 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

4. RF Exposure Limits

4.1 <u>Uncontrolled Environment</u>

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Report No.: FA1D0405

4.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 7 of 41

FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

5. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

5.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

Report No.: FA1D0405

5.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

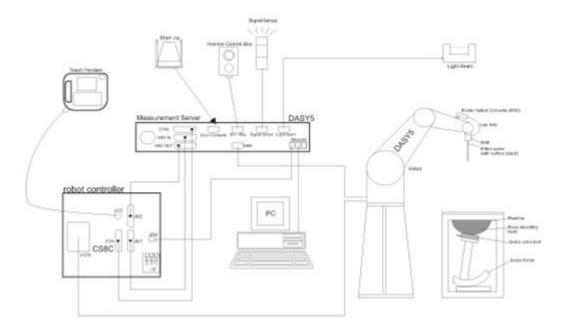
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 8 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

6. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Report No.: FA1D0405

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

6.1 Test Site Location

Sporton International Inc. (Kunshan) is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation with Certificate Number 5145.02.

	Testing Laboratory							
Test Firm	Sporton International Inc.	(Kunshan)						
Test Site Location	No. 1098, Pengxi North Road, Kunshan Economic Development Zone Jiangsu Province 215300 People's Republic of China TEL: +86-512-57900158 FAX: +86-512-57900958							
Took Site No	Sporton Site No.	FCC Designation No.	FCC Test Firm Registration No.					
Test Site No.	SAR06-KS	CN1257	314309					

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 9 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

6.2 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)	160
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	500
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)	
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1	
	mm	



Report No.: FA1D0405

6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 10 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

6.4 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

Report No. : FA1D0405

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

VEEL I Halltonia		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 11 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

6.5 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





Report No.: FA1D0405

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 12 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

7. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

Report No.: FA1D0405

- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

7.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 13 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

7.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Report No.: FA1D0405

7.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution is x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be \leq the corresponding device with at least one

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 14 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

7.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Report No.: FA1D0405

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	graded grid	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
		Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

7.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

7.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 15 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8. Test Equipment List

Manufactures	Name of Emilians	Towns (Manufall	O a stall Normalis and	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	2019/3/27	2022/3/24
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d258	2020/5/7	2023/5/6
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2019/3/27	2022/3/25
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2019/3/26	2022/3/24
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	690	2021/3/17	2022/3/16
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1279	2021/9/21	2022/9/20
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7627	2021/2/10	2022/2/9
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	SAM Twin	TP-2022	NCR	NCR
Testo	Thermo-Hygrometer	608-H1	1241332126	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8821C	6201432831	2021/4/13	2022/4/12
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46106933	2021/7/31	2022/7/30
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1138	2021/6/9	2022/6/8
Anritsu	Vector Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201682672	2022/1/6	2023/1/5
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101246	2021/4/12	2022/4/11
EXA	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2021/10/14	2022/10/13
FLUKE	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	51II	97240029	2021/8/13	2022/8/12
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter	NRVD	102081	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100538	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor	NRV-Z5	100539	2021/8/12	2022/8/11
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 0830-3	087193A	No	te 1
BONN	POWER AMPLIFIER	BLMA 2060-2	087193B	No	te 1
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	Note 1	
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	te 1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	20500	No	te 1
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	11691D	MY48151020	No	te 1

Report No. : FA1D0405

General Note:

- 1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.
- 2. The dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification according to KDB 865664 D01. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval. The justification data in appendix C can be found which the return loss is < -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration, the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration for each dipole.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 16 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

9. System Verification

9.1 Tissue Verification

The tissue dielectric parameters of tissue-equivalent media used for SAR measurements must be characterized within a temperature range of 18° C to 25° C, measured with calibrated instruments and apparatuses, such as network analyzers and temperature probes. The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium during SAR measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within \pm 2° C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The tissue dielectric measurement system must be calibrated before use. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements.

Report No. : FA1D0405

The liquid tissue depth was at least 15cm in the phantom for all SAR testing

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	22.8	0.916	43.392	0.89	41.90	2.92	3.56	±5	2022/1/20
835	22.7	0.946	43.124	0.93	41.82	1.72	3.12	±5	2022/1/23
1750	22.7	1.409	40.664	1.37	40.10	2.85	1.41	±5	2022/1/26
1900	22.6	1.455	40.693	1.40	40.00	3.93	1.73	±5	2022/1/29

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 17 of 41

FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

9.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2022/1/20	750	50	1087	7627	690	0.432	8.36	8.64	3.35
2022/1/23	835	50	4d258	7627	690	0.438	9.44	8.76	-7.20
2022/1/26	1750	50	1090	7627	690	1.940	36.40	38.8	6.59
2022/1/29	1900	50	5d170	7627	690	2.040	39.00	40.8	4.62

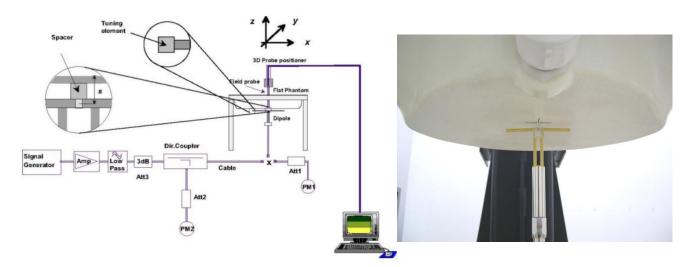


Fig 9.2.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 9.2.2 Setup Photo

Report No. : FA1D0405

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 18 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

10. RF Exposure Positions

10.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 10.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 10.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 10.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 10.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

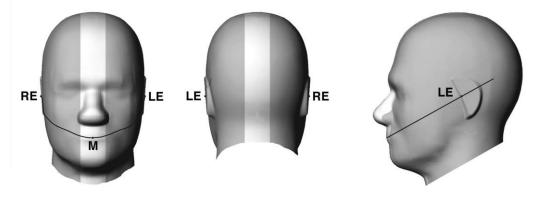


Fig 10.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

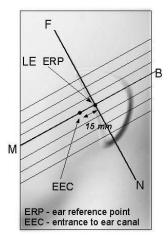
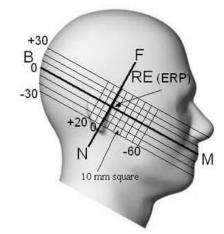


Fig 10.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



Report No.: FA1D0405

Fig 10.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 19 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

10.2 Definition of the cheek position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 10.2.1 and Figure 10.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 10.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 10.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- 3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 10.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- 6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
- 7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 10.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

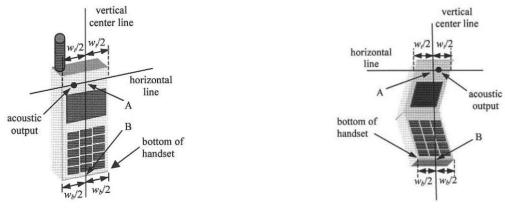


Fig 10.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 10.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

Report No.: FA1D0405

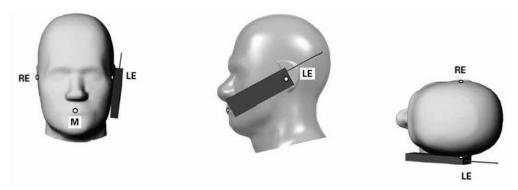


Fig 10.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 20 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

10.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

Report No.: FA1D0405

- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 10.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

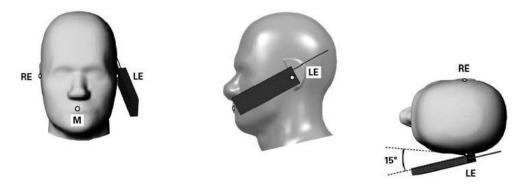


Fig 10.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

10.4 Body Worn Accessory

Template version: 200414

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 10.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

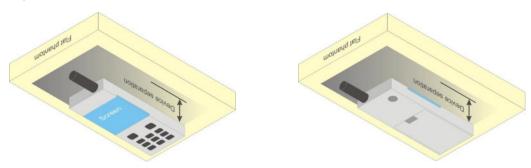


Fig 10.4 Body Worn Position

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 21 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

10.5 Product Specific Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

Report No.: FA1D0405

- 1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.
- 2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

10.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \ge 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 22 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

11. <u>UMTS/ LTE Output Power (Unit: dBm)</u>

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

Report No.: FA1D0405

- 3. For HSPA+ devices supporting 16 QAM in the uplink, power measurements procedure is according to the configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1.
- 4. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βс	βd	βd (SF)	βс/βа	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: \triangle_{ACK} , \triangle_{NACK} and $\triangle_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and \triangle CQI = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c .

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_o/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_0/β_0 ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_0 = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 23 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022



HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

Report No.: FA1D0405

- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βd	βd (SF)	βс/βа	Внs (Note1)	Вес	β _{ed} (Note 4) (Note 5)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0	-	-	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c . For sub-test 5, Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 5/15 with β_{hs} = 5/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{he}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the βc/βa ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 10/15 and βd = 15/15.
- Note 4: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 5: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
- Note 6: For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly smaller MPR values.

Setup Configuration

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 24 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - Set Cell Power = -25 dBm ii.
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK) iii.
 - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121

Report No.: FA1D0405

- a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
- b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$ c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$

- d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$ Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
- Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3 vii.
- Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms viii.
- ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
- Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value			
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60			
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTI's	1			
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces	6			
		ses	0			
Informati	on Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120			
Number Code Blocks 1						
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI Bits 96						
Total Available SML's in UE SML's 19200						
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc. SML's 3200						
Coding F	Coding Rate 0.15					
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1			
Modulati			QPSK			
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used for	or DC-HSD	PA			
	mode and both cells shall transmit	with ident	ical			
	parameters as listed in the table.					
Note 2:						
	retransmission is not allowed. The		icy and			
	constellation version 0 shall be us	ed.				

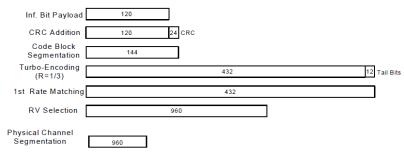


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 25 of 41 FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date : Mar. 18, 2022



HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E

Report No.: FA1D0405

- iii. Set Channel Parms
- iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- v. Set Channel Type = HSPA
- vi. Set UE Target Power =21 dBm
- vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
- viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
- ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
- x. Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
- xi. Set HS-SCCH Configs
- xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
- xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
- xiv. Set Serving Grant
- xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub- test	β _c (Note3)	β _d	β _{HS} (Note1)	β _{ec}	β _{ed} (2xSF2)	β _{ed} (2xSF4)	CM (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG Index	(Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)	
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	(Note 4) β _{ed} 1: 30/15 β _{ed} 2: 30/15	(Note 4) β _{ed} 3: 24/15 β _{ed} 4: 24/15	(Note 2) 3.5	(Note 2) 2.5	(Note 4) 14	105	105	

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and β_d = 0 by default.

Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

Setup Configuration

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 26 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

< WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

Report No.: FA1D0405

2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+ , and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA, HSPA+) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA / HSPA+.

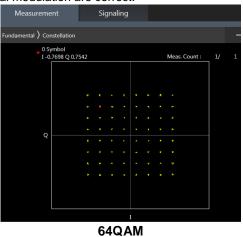
	Band		WCDMA IV Ant1			
	TX Channel	1312	1413	1513	Tune-up Limit	
	Rx Channel	1537	1638	1738	(dBm)	
	Frequency (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6		
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.16	22.21	22.18	23.00	
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.17	22.24	22.20	23.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.11	21.23	21.03	21.50	
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	20.99	21.19	21.23	21.50	
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	20.59	20.52	20.47	21.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	20.67	20.55	20.64	21.00	
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	21.20	21.00	20.89	21.50	
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	20.92	20.92	21.02	21.50	
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	20.72	20.60	20.57	21.00	
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	20.78	20.60	20.55	21.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.11	21.02	20.92	22.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	18.94	19.19	18.98	20.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	19.93	20.26	20.06	21.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	19.23	19.20	19.02	20.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.07	20.79	21.11	22.00	
3GPP Rel 7	HSPA+ (16QAM) Subtest-1	19.89	19.92	19.98	20.50	

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 27 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

- Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For B4 / B12 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- 9. According to 2017 TCB workshop, for 64 QAM and 16 QAM should be verified by checking the signal constellation with a call box to avoid incorrect maximum power levels due to MPR and other requirements associated with signal modulation, and the following figure is taken from the "Fundamental Measurement >> Modulation Analysis >> constellation" mode of the device connect to the MT8821C base station, therefore, the device 64QAM and 16QAM signal modulation are correct.





TEL: 86-512-57900158 FAX: 86-512-57900958 Template version: 200414 Page 28 of 41 Issued Date : Mar. 18, 2022

Report No.: FA1D0405



SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR TEST REPORT

<LTE Band 4-ANT1>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low	Power Middle	Power High		
DVV [IVITZ]	Modulation	RD Size	RD Ollset	Ch. / Freq.	Ch. / Freq.	Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Char	nnel		20050	20175	20300	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		1720	1732.5	1745	` ′	
20	QPSK	1	0	19.74	19.86	19.79		
20	QPSK	1	49	19.74	19.82	19.76	21	0
20	QPSK	1	99	19.64	19.74	19.62		
20	QPSK	50	0	18.88	18.94	18.81		
20	QPSK	50	24	18.84	18.92	18.85	-	
20	QPSK	50	50	18.65	18.76	18.76	20	1
20	QPSK	100	0	18.64	18.78	18.69		
20	16QAM	1	0	18.94	18.94	19.01		
20	16QAM	1	49	18.84	18.87	18.94	20	1
20	16QAM	1	99	18.69	18.75	18.85		
20	16QAM	50	0	17.84	17.86	17.82		
20	16QAM	50	24	17.82	17.92	17.97		
20	16QAM	50	50	17.71	17.77	17.78	19	2
20	16QAM	100	0	17.87	17.82	17.75		
20	64QAM	1	0	17.70	17.78	17.72		
20	64QAM	1	49	17.62	17.66	17.62	19	2
20	64QAM	1	99	17.78	17.84	17.87		
20	64QAM	50	0	16.75	16.85	16.89		
20	64QAM	50	24	16.71	16.70	16.76		
20	64QAM	50	50	16.83	16.78	16.69	18	3
20	64QAM	100	0	16.96	16.87	16.76		
	Char	nnel	1	20025	20175	20325	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	v (MHz)		1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	19.58	19.78	19.69	(dDIII)	
15	QPSK	1	37	19.75	19.77	19.77	21	0
15	QPSK	1	74	19.64	19.59	19.53		
15	QPSK	36	0	18.71	18.78	18.81		
15	QPSK	36	20	18.95	18.90	18.79		
15	QPSK	36	39	18.57	18.77	18.54	20	1
15	QPSK	75	0	18.65	18.70	18.55		
15	16QAM	1	0	18.96	18.74	18.94		
15	16QAM	1	37	18.76	18.83	18.74	20	1
15	16QAM	1	74	18.60	18.65	18.66		
15	16QAM	36	0	17.69	17.76	17.81		
15	16QAM	36	20	17.63	17.93	17.85	4.0	
15	16QAM	36	39	17.67	17.72	17.64	19	2
15	16QAM	75	0	17.68	17.79	17.75		
15	64QAM	1	0	17.56	17.66	17.73		
15	64QAM	1	37	17.61	17.58	17.50	19	2
15	64QAM	1	74	17.76	17.63	17.87		
15	64QAM	36	0	16.70	16.63	16.87		
15	64QAM	36	20	16.69	16.50	16.56	1	
15	64QAM	36	39	16.78	16.73	16.70	18	3
15	64QAM	75	0	16.79	16.76	16.64		

Report No.: FA1D0405

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 29 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022



SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR TEST REPORT

PORTON LAB. F	CC SAR TE	ST REPO	RT				Report No.	: FA1D0405
	Char	nnel		20000	20175	20350	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		1715	1732.5	1750	limit (dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	19.62	19.74	19.65	(dBIII)	
10	QPSK	1	25	19.56	19.75	19.55	21	0
10	QPSK	1	49	19.44	19.73	19.57	=	
10	QPSK	25	0	18.72	18.69	18.69		
10	QPSK	25	12	18.96	18.85	18.64		
10	QPSK	25	25	18.61	18.69	18.63	20	1
10	QPSK	50	0	18.49	18.57	18.62		
10	16QAM	1	0	18.88	18.76	18.87		
10	16QAM	1	25	18.65	18.71	18.90	20	1
10	16QAM	1	49	18.63	18.66	18.85		
10	16QAM	25	0	17.83	17.70	17.77		
10	16QAM	25	12	17.80	17.84	17.97	10	
10	16QAM	25	25	17.49	17.74	17.78	19	2
10	16QAM	50	0	17.74	17.77	17.54		
10	64QAM	1	0	17.50	17.76	17.51		
10	64QAM	1	25	17.57	17.55	17.41	19	2
10	64QAM	1	49	17.78	17.80	17.67		
10	64QAM	25	0	16.65	16.66	16.89		
10	64QAM	25	12	16.60	16.66	16.73	10	0
10	64QAM	25	25	16.75	16.71	16.66	18	3
10	64QAM	50	0	16.83	16.68	16.69		
	Char	nnel		19975	20175	20375	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		1712.5	1732.5	1752.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	19.61	19.81	19.63	(dBIII)	
5	QPSK	1	12	19.65	19.69	19.57	21	0
5	QPSK	1	24	19.57	19.69	19.61		
5	QPSK	12	0	18.68	18.82	18.63		
5	QPSK	12	7	18.73	18.76	18.74		
5	QPSK	12	13	18.62	18.65	18.68	20	1
5	QPSK	25	0	18.52	18.48	18.54		
5	16QAM	1	0	18.81	18.90	18.86		
5	16QAM	1	12	18.75	18.78	18.81	20	1
5	16QAM	1	24	18.66	18.58	18.63		
5	16QAM	12	0	17.68	17.83	17.70		
5	16QAM	12	7	17.75	17.76	17.99	Ī ,_	
5	16QAM	12	13	17.54	17.59	17.70	19	2
5	16QAM	25	0	17.89	17.83	17.64		
5	64QAM	1	0	17.58	17.73	17.74		
5	64QAM	1	12	17.57	17.58	17.62	19	2
5	64QAM	1	24	17.60	17.77	17.72		
5	64QAM	12	0	16.74	16.79	16.86		
5	64QAM	12	7	16.61	16.59	16.56	1 ,,	
5	64QAM	12	13	16.69	16.59	16.52	18	3
5	64QAM	25	0	16.84	16.86	16.70		

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 30 of 41 FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date : Mar. 18, 2022



SPORTON LAB. FCC SAR TEST REPORT

PRTON LAB.	CC SAR TE	ST REPO	RT				Report No.	: FA1D040
	Char	nnel		19965	20175	20385	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		1711.5	1732.5	1753.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
3	QPSK	1	0	19.57	19.76	19.73	(dBIII)	
3	QPSK	1	8	19.60	19.68	19.69	21	0
3	QPSK	1	14	19.56	19.66	19.46	-	
3	QPSK	8	0	18.66	18.74	18.69		
3	QPSK	8	4	18.77	18.72	18.72		
3	QPSK	8	7	18.63	18.63	18.66	20	1
3	QPSK	15	0	18.58	18.50	18.62		
3	16QAM	1	0	18.93	18.90	18.98		
3	16QAM	1	8	18.66	18.66	18.91	20	1
3	16QAM	1	14	18.70	18.61	18.80		
3	16QAM	8	0	17.77	17.70	17.76		
3	16QAM	8	4	17.63	17.77	17.84	1.0	
3	16QAM	8	7	17.58	17.72	17.74	19	2
3	16QAM	15	0	17.73	17.78	17.72		
3	64QAM	1	0	17.57	17.66	17.58		
3	64QAM	1	8	17.48	17.55	17.57	19	2
3	64QAM	1	14	17.68	17.67	17.87		
3	64QAM	8	0	16.57	16.75	16.79		
3	64QAM	8	4	16.64	16.56	16.68		_
3	64QAM	8	7	16.68	16.74	16.48	18	3
3	64QAM	15	0	16.77	16.82	16.61		
	Char	nnel		19957	20175	20393	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	y (MHz)		1710.7	1732.5	1754.3	limit (dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	19.57	19.76	19.81	(dBIII)	
1.4	QPSK	1	3	19.57	19.82	19.62		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	19.58	19.63	19.46		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	19.52	19.63	19.61	21	0
1.4	QPSK	3	1	19.50	19.51	19.48		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	19.57	19.65	19.42		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	18.90	18.83	18.70	20	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	18.74	18.89	18.72		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	18.47	18.76	18.68		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	18.45	18.69	18.63		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	18.94	18.78	18.89	20	1
1.4	16QAM	3	1	18.76	18.85	18.82		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	18.68	18.66	18.82		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	17.68	17.76	17.77	19	2
1.4	64QAM	1	0	17.74	17.83	17.76		
1.4	64QAM	1	3	17.66	17.64	17.77		
1.4	64QAM	1	5	17.76	17.64	17.60		
1.4	64QAM	3	0	17.49	17.65	17.70	19	2
1.4	64QAM	3	1	17.60	17.60	17.59		
1.4	64QAM	3	3	17.68	17.82	17.87		
1.4	64QAM	6	0	16.67	16.64	16.89	18	3

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 31 of 41 FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date : Mar. 18, 2022

12. Spot Check Verification power for Conducted Power

Note: Conducted power test against the variant model based on the worst-case SAR condition from the original model was performed in this filing to demonstrate the test data from original model remains representative for the variant model. Summary for power spot check for each rule entry and technology is listed as below:

Report No. : FA1D0405

Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)		Average Power (dBm) For Variant	Difference (dB)
GSM850	-	-	-	Ī	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Ant0	189	836.4	27.97	27.87	0.1
GSM1900	-	-	-	i	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Ant1	661	1880	22.32	22.27	0.05
LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	-	Ant0	23095	707.5	23.33	23.42	-0.09

13. RF Exposure Conditions

	Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge											
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side						
WWAN Ant 0	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm						
WWAN Ant 1	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm						
BT & 2.4GHz& 5GHz WLAN Ant 6	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm						
2.4GHz & 5GHz WLAN Ant 7	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm						

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode											
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side					
WWAN Ant 0	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes					
WWAN Ant 1	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes					
BT & 2.4GHz& 5GHz WLAN Ant 6	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes					
2.4GHz & 5GHz WLAN Ant 7	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No					

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge, The detail antenna location please refers to Appendix D.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 32 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

Report No.: FA1D0405

- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR (W/kg) = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- 5. For 5GHz WLAN product specific SAR is necessary too, due to an overall diagonal dimension is > 16cm.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 33 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

14.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant0	189	836.4	27.87	29.00	1.297	-0.03	0.512	0.664
02	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	661	1880	22.27	24.00	1.489	-0.01	0.089	0.133

Report No. : FA1D0405

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	1413	1732.6	22.24	23.00	1.191	-0.1	0.138	0.164
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	1413	1732.6	22.24	23.00	1.191	-0.19	0.083	0.099
03	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	1413	1732.6	22.24	23.00	1.191	0.08	0.141	0.168
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	1413	1732.6	22.24	23.00	1.191	0.07	0.106	0.126

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power		Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	19.86	21.00	1.300	-0.17	0.064	0.083
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.00	1.276	0.17	0.053	0.068
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	19.86	21.00	1.300	0.04	0.044	0.057
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	0mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.00	1.276	-0.06	0.034	0.043
04	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	19.86	21.00	1.300	0.04	0.066	0.086
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	0mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.00	1.276	0.07	0.053	0.068
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	19.86	21.00	1.300	0.03	0.055	0.072
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	0mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.00	1.276	0.05	0.044	0.056
05	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	0mm	Ant0	23095	707.5	23.42	24.50	1.282	0.09	0.215	0.276

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 34 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022



14.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
11	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10mm	Ant0	189	836.4	27.87	29.00	1.297	0.09	0.763	0.990
12	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10mm	Ant1	661	1880	22.27	24.00	1.489	-0.07	0.254	0.378

Report No. : FA1D0405

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Ant1	1413	1732.6	22.24	23.00	1.191	0.08	0.326	0.388
13	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	Ant1	1413	1732.6	22.24	23.00	1.191	-0.09	0.464	0.553
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	1413	1732.6	22.24	23.00	1.191	0.04	0.179	0.213
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	1413	1732.6	22.24	23.00	1.191	0.01	0.265	0.316

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	19.86	21.00	1.300	0.04	0.166	0.216
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.00	1.276	0.06	0.137	0.175
14	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	19.86	21.00	1.300	-0.04	0.236	0.307
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.00	1.276	0.11	0.195	0.249
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	19.86	21.00	1.300	0.04	0.087	0.113
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.00	1.276	0.06	0.074	0.094
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	19.86	21.00	1.300	-0.06	0.131	0.170
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.00	1.276	0.02	0.109	0.139
15	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	Ant0	23095	707.5	23.42	24.50	1.282	-0.06	0.440	0.564

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 35 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Dower		Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
20	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10mm	Ant0	189	836.4	27.87	29.00	1.297	0.09	0.763	0.990
21	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10mm	Ant1	661	1880	22.27	24.00	1.489	-0.07	0.254	0.378

Report No.: FA1D0405

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Gap Position (mm)		Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	Ant1	1413	1732.6	22.24	23.00	1.191	0.08	0.326	0.388
22	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	Ant1	1413	1732.6	22.24	23.00	1.191	-0.09	0.464	0.553

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.		BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Antenna	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		Tune-up Scaling Factor		Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	19.86	21.00	1.300	0.04	0.166	0.216
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.00	1.276	0.06	0.137	0.175
23	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	19.86	21.00	1.300	-0.04	0.236	0.307
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	Ant1	20175	1732.5	18.94	20.00	1.276	0.11	0.195	0.249
24	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10mm	Ant0	23095	707.5	23.42	24.50	1.282	-0.06	0.440	0.564

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 36 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations		Portable Handset	
NO.	. Simultaneous transmission Comigurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
1.	WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz SISO/MIMO	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	WWAN + WLAN 5GHz SISO/MIMO	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	WLAN 5GHz SISO/MIMO + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	WWAN + WLAN 5GHz SISO/MIMO + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes

Report No.: FA1D0405

General Note:

- 1. For simultaneously transmission SAR analysis, WWAN SAR Chose higher SAR between original project and variant project to perform co-located SAR analysis, BT/WLAN test results were chosen from the original data which released from original report (Sporton Report Number FA1D0404) to do co-located analysis.
- 2. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE operation.
- 3. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 4. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 5. This device 2.4GHz WLAN/ 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN support hotspot operation, and 5.2GHz WLAN/5.8GHz WLAN supports WLAN Direct (GC/GO), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz supports WLAN Direct (GC only).
- 6. WLAN 2.4GHz ANT6 and Bluetooth ANT6 share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
- 7. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 2.4GHz ANT7 and Bluetooth Ant6 can't transmit simultaneously.
- 8. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz and Bluetooth can transmit simultaneously.
- 9. According to the EUT characteristic, WLAN 5GHz and WLAN 2.4GHz can't transmit simultaneously.
- 10. For simultaneously analysis, since the SAR summation of 3 transmitters can cover others combination of 2 transmitters, therefore in this section did not additional to evaluate 2TX combination of simultaneously transmission.
- 11. Chose the worst zoom scan SAR of WLAN correspondingly for co-located with WWAN analysis.
- 12. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 13. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) 1g Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg and 10g Scalar SAR summation < 4.0W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = $(SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm)$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04 for 1g SAR and SPLSR≤ 0.10 for 10g SAR, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band 1g SAR < 1.6W/kg and 10g SAR < 4.0W/kg.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 37 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022



15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

		1	2	3	4	5	6	1+2+3	1+4+5+6
WWAN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 6	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 7	WLAN5GHz Ant 6	WLAN5GHz Ant 7	Bluetooth Ant 6	Summed	Summed
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	Right Cheek	0.664	0.210	0.025	0.243	0.181	0.075	0.90	1.16
GSM850 Ant 0	Right Tilted	0.396	0.300	0.017	0.265	0.159	0.099	0.71	0.92
GSIVIOSO ATIL O	Left Cheek	0.576	0.115	0.033	0.174	0.133	0.006	0.72	0.89
	Left Tilted	0.340	0.137	0.024	0.214	0.116	0.002	0.50	0.67
	Right Cheek	0.138	0.210	0.025	0.243	0.181	0.075	0.37	0.64
GSM1900 Ant 1	Right Tilted	0.085	0.321	0.017	0.265	0.159	0.099	0.42	0.61
	Left Cheek	0.141	0.115	0.034	0.174	0.133	0.006	0.29	0.45
	Left Tilted	0.103	0.137	0.024	0.214	0.116	0.002	0.26	0.44
WCDMA IV Ant 1	Right Cheek	0.164	0.210	0.025	0.243	0.181	0.075	0.40	0.66
	Right Tilted	0.099	0.321	0.017	0.265	0.159	0.099	0.44	0.62
	Left Cheek	0.168	0.115	0.034	0.174	0.133	0.006	0.32	0.48
	Left Tilted	0.126	0.137	0.024	0.214	0.116	0.002	0.29	0.46
	Right Cheek	0.083	0.210	0.025	0.243	0.181	0.075	0.32	0.58
LTE Band 4 Ant 1	Right Tilted	0.057	0.321	0.017	0.265	0.159	0.099	0.40	0.58
LTE Banu 4 Ant 1	Left Cheek	0.086	0.115	0.034	0.174	0.133	0.006	0.24	0.40
	Left Tilted	0.072	0.137	0.024	0.214	0.116	0.002	0.23	0.40
	Right Cheek	0.276	0.210	0.025	0.243	0.181	0.075	0.51	0.78
LTE Band 12 Ant	Right Tilted	0.168	0.321	0.017	0.265	0.159	0.099	0.51	0.69
0	Left Cheek	0.233	0.115	0.034	0.174	0.133	0.006	0.38	0.55
	Left Tilted	0.143	0.137	0.024	0.214	0.116	0.002	0.30	0.48

Report No.: FA1D0405

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 38 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022



15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

		1	2	3	4	5	6	1+2+3	1+4+5+6
WWAN Band	Exposure	WWAN	WLAN2.4GHz Ant	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 7	WLAN5GHz Ant 6	WLAN5GHz Ant 7	Bluetooth Ant 6	Summed	Summed
	Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	Front	0.608	0.031	0.014	0.087	0.052	0.033	0.65	0.78
GSM850 Ant 0	Back	0.991	0.114	0.030	0.105	0.058	0.053	1.14	1.21
GSM850 Apt 0	Left side	0.483	0.004		0.074		0.002	0.49	0.56
GSIVIOSO ATIL O	Right side	0.704	0.001	0.006	0.093	0.047	0.028	0.71	0.87
	Top side		0.072	0.014	0.094	0.054	0.002	0.09	0.15
	Bottom side	0.464						0.46	0.46
	Front	0.249	0.031	0.014	0.087	0.052	0.033	0.29	0.42
	Back	0.452	0.114	0.030	0.105	0.058	0.053	0.60	0.67
CCM1000 Amt 1	Left side	0.141	0.004		0.074		0.002	0.15	0.22
GSM1900 Ant 1	Right side		0.001	0.006	0.093	0.047	0.028	0.01	0.17
	Top side		0.072	0.014	0.094	0.054	0.002	0.09	0.15
	Bottom side	0.246						0.25	0.25
WCDMA IV Ant 1	Front	0.388	0.031	0.014	0.087	0.052	0.033	0.43	0.56
	Back	0.553	0.114	0.030	0.105	0.058	0.053	0.70	0.77
	Left side	0.213	0.004		0.074		0.002	0.22	0.29
	Right side		0.001	0.006	0.093	0.047	0.028	0.01	0.17
	Top side		0.072	0.014	0.094	0.054	0.002	0.09	0.15
	Bottom side	0.316						0.32	0.32
	Front	0.216	0.031	0.014	0.087	0.052	0.033	0.26	0.39
	Back	0.307	0.114	0.030	0.105	0.058	0.053	0.45	0.52
LTE David 4 Av. 4	Left side	0.113	0.004		0.074		0.002	0.12	0.19
LTE Band 4 Ant 1	Right side		0.001	0.006	0.093	0.047	0.028	0.01	0.17
	Top side		0.072	0.014	0.094	0.054	0.002	0.09	0.15
	Bottom side	0.170						0.17	0.17
	Front	0.292	0.031	0.014	0.087	0.052	0.033	0.34	0.46
	Back	0.567	0.114	0.030	0.105	0.058	0.053	0.71	0.78
LTE Band 12	Left side	0.312	0.004		0.074		0.002	0.32	0.39
Ant 0	Right side	0.483	0.001	0.006	0.093	0.047	0.028	0.49	0.65
	Top side		0.072	0.014	0.094	0.054	0.002	0.09	0.15
	Bottom side	0.170						0.17	0.17

Report No.: FA1D0405

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 39 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022



15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

		1	2	3	4	5	6	1+2+3	1+4+5+6
WWAN Band	Exposure	WWAN	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 6	WLAN2.4GHz Ant 7	WLAN5GHz Ant 6	WLAN5GHz Ant 7	Bluetooth Ant 6	Summed	Summed
	Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
GSM850 Ant 0	Front	0.608	0.031	0.014	0.087	0.094	0.033	0.65	0.82
GSIVIOSO ATIL O	Back	0.991	0.114	0.030	0.294	0.210	0.053	1.14	1.55
GSM1900 Ant 1	Front	0.249	0.031	0.014	0.087	0.094	0.033	0.29	0.46
GSWI1900 Ant 1	Back	0.452	0.114	0.030	0.294	0.210	0.053	0.60	1.01
WCDMA IV Ant 1	Front	0.388	0.031	0.014	0.087	0.094	0.033	0.43	0.60
WCDIVIA IV ANT I	Back	0.553	0.114	0.030	0.294	0.210	0.053	0.70	1.11
LTC Dand 4 Ant 1	Front	0.216	0.031	0.014	0.087	0.094	0.033	0.26	0.43
LTE Band 4 Ant 1	Back	0.307	0.114	0.030	0.294	0.210	0.053	0.45	0.86
LTE Band 12 Ant 0	Front	0.292	0.031	0.014	0.087	0.094	0.033	0.34	0.51
LIE DAIIU 12 ANI U	Back	0.567	0.114	0.030	0.294	0.210	0.053	0.71	1.12

Report No.: FA1D0405

Test Engineer: Bruce Li, Martin Li, Ricky Gu

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 40 of 41
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

16. Uncertainty Assessment

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\le 30\%$, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg and highest measured 10-g SAR is less 3.75W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

Report No.: FA1D0405

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded is presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

17. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D05A v01r02, "Rel. 10 LTE SAR Test Guidance and KDB Inquiries", Oct 2015
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [13] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page 41 of 41

FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

Report No.: FA1D0405

The plots are shown as follows.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page: A1 of A1 FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

System Check_Head_750MHz

DUT: D750V3 - SN:1087

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; $\sigma = 0.916$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.392$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2022.1.20

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(10.47, 10.47, 10.47); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

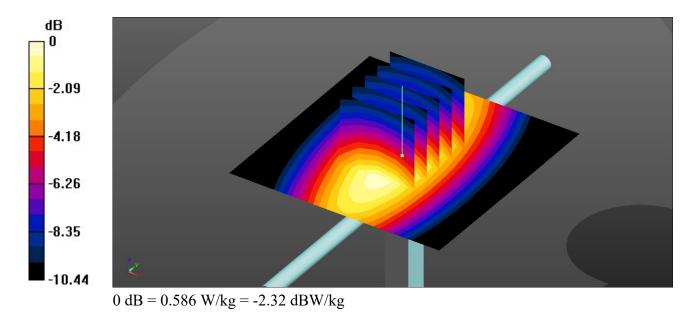
Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.588 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 26.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.674 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.432 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.285 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.586 W/kg



System Check_Head_835MHz

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d258

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.946$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.124$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2022.1.23

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

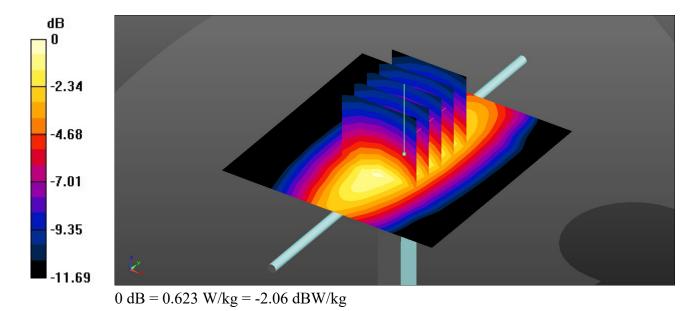
Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.591 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 25.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.738 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.438 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.623 W/kg



System Check_Head_1750MHz

DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.409$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.664$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2022.1.26

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

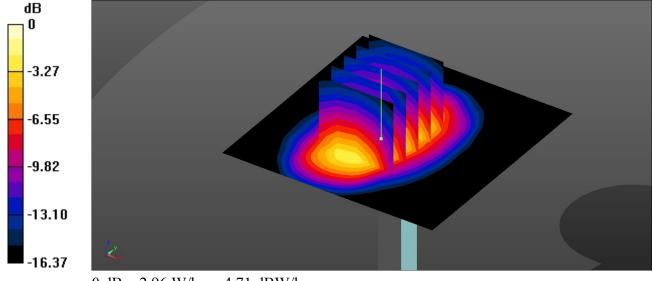
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.73, 8.73, 8.73); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.94 W/kg

Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 45.03 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.04 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.96 W/kg



0 dB = 2.96 W/kg = 4.71 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.455$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.693$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2022.1.29

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.46, 8.46, 8.46); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Pin=50mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.22 W/kg

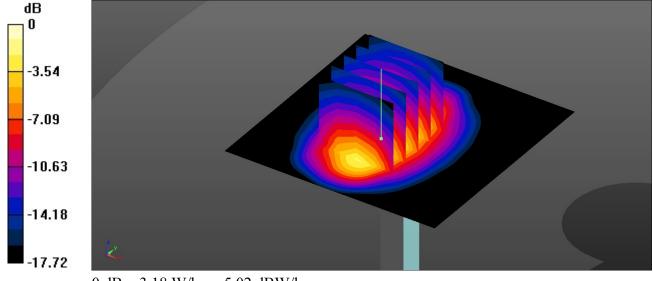
Pin=50mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 45.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.80 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.07 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.18 W/kg



0 dB = 3.18 W/kg = 5.02 dBW/kg

Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

Report No.: FA1D0405

The plots are shown as follows.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page: B1 of B1
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022

01_GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.947$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 43.123$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.23

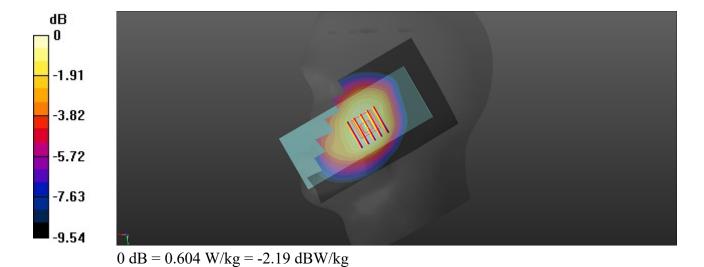
Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.613 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 26.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.653 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.512 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.396 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.604 W/kg



02_GSM1900_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, PCS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f=1880 MHz; $\sigma=1.444$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=40.721$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.29

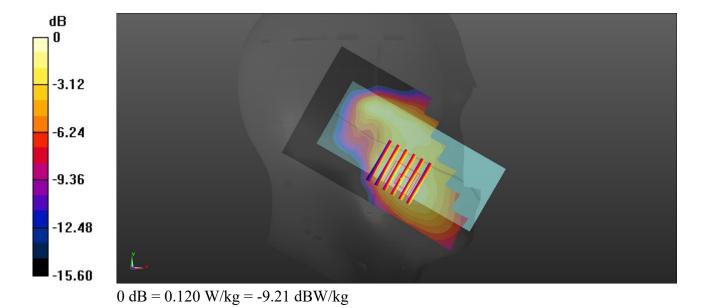
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.46, 8.46, 8.46); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.128 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.623 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.141 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.089 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 W/kg



03_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.399$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.747$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.26

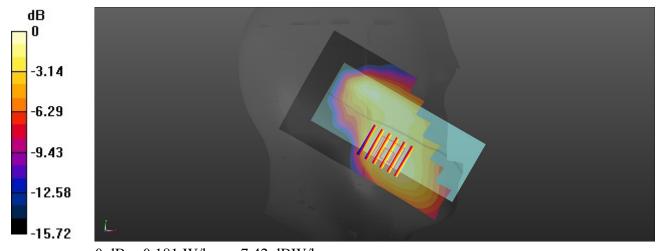
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.73, 8.73, 8.73); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.184 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 11.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.213 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.141 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.094 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.181 W/kg



0 dB = 0.181 W/kg = -7.42 dBW/kg

04_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.399$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.747$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.26

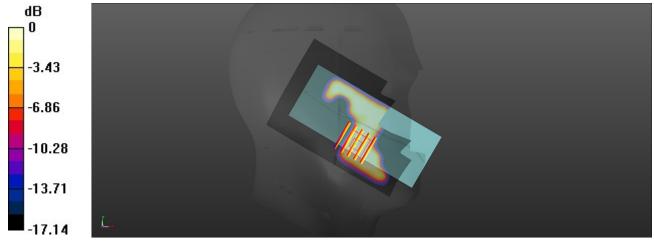
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.73, 8.73, 8.73); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.199 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 8.241 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0980 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.066 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0857 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0857 W/kg = -10.67 dBW/kg

05 LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Right Cheek 0mm Ch23095

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: f = 707.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.899$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.526$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.20

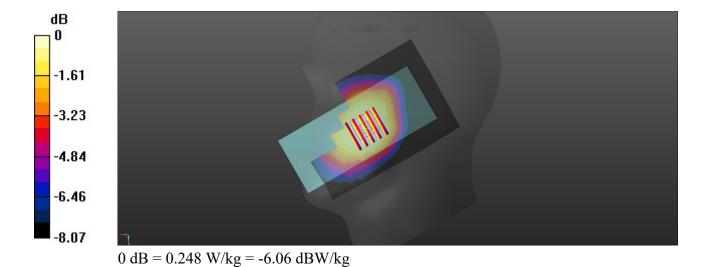
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(10.47, 10.47, 10.47); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.256 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.030 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.271 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.215 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.170 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.248 W/kg



11_GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.947$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.123$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.23

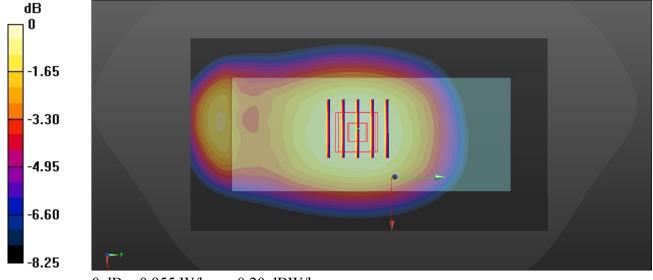
Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.933 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 32.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.763 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.594 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.955 W/kg



0 dB = 0.955 W/kg = -0.20 dBW/kg

12_GSM1900_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, PCS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.444$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.721$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.29

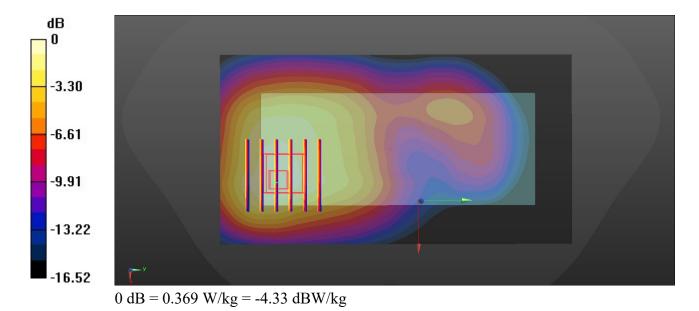
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.46, 8.46, 8.46); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.385 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.443 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.254 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.369 W/kg



13_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.399$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.747$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.26

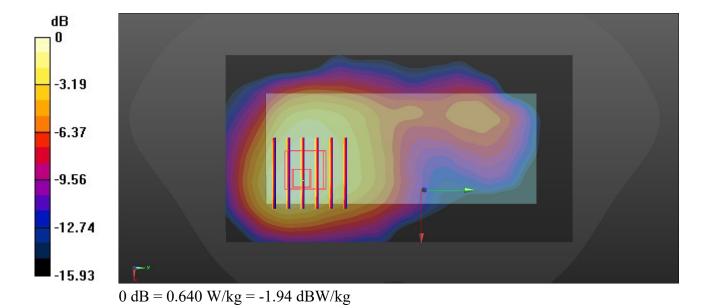
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.73, 8.73, 8.73); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.656 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 22.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.747 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.464 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.295 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.640 W/kg



14 LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Back 10mm Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.399$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.747$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.26

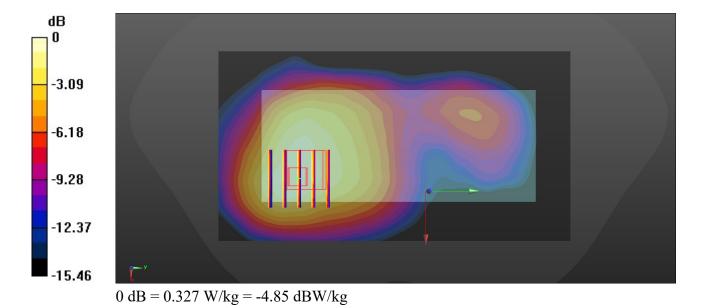
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.73, 8.73, 8.73); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.334 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 15.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.387 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.236 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.327 W/kg



15 LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Back 10mm Ch23095

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: f = 707.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.899$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.526$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.20

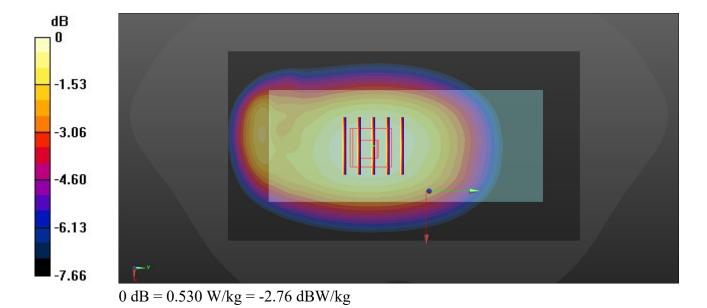
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(10.47, 10.47, 10.47); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.534 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 25.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.578 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.440 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.337 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.530 W/kg



20_GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch189

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.947$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.123$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.23

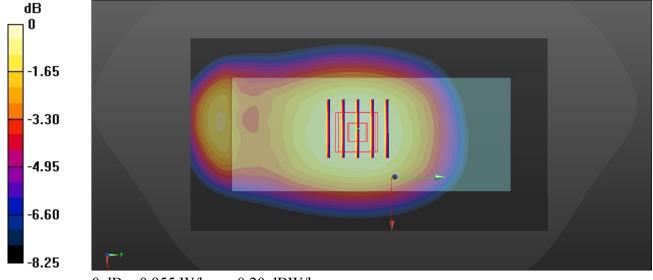
Ambient Temperature: 23.1 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.933 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 32.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.763 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.594 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.955 W/kg



0 dB = 0.955 W/kg = -0.20 dBW/kg

21_GSM1900_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, PCS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.444$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.721$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.29

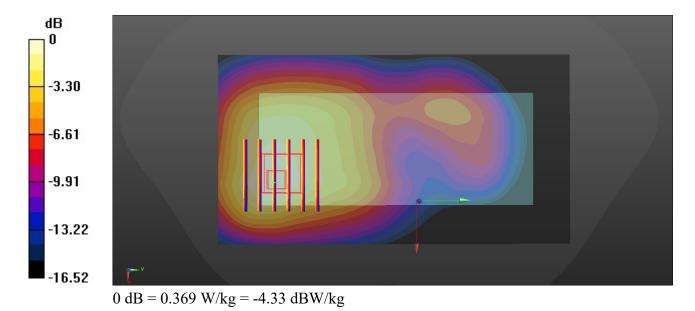
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.46, 8.46, 8.46); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.385 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.443 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.254 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.156 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.369 W/kg



22_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.399$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.747$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.26

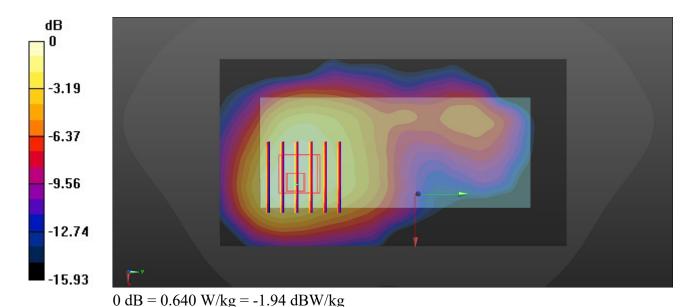
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.73, 8.73, 8.73); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.656 W/kg

Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 22.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.747 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.464 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.295 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.640 W/kg



23 LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Back 10mm Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.399$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.747$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.26

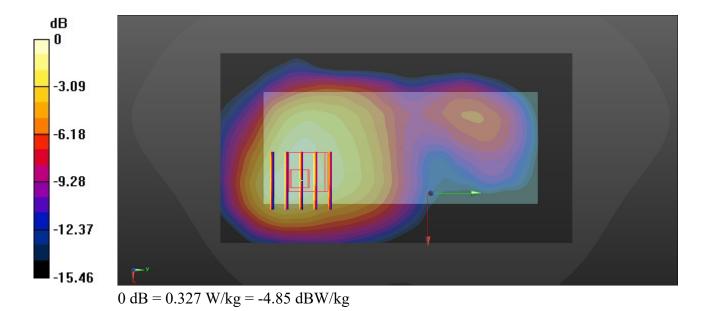
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(8.73, 8.73, 8.73); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.334 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 15.65 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.387 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.236 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.327 W/kg



24_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Back_10mm_Ch23095

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_750 Medium parameters used: f = 707.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.899$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.526$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2022.1.20

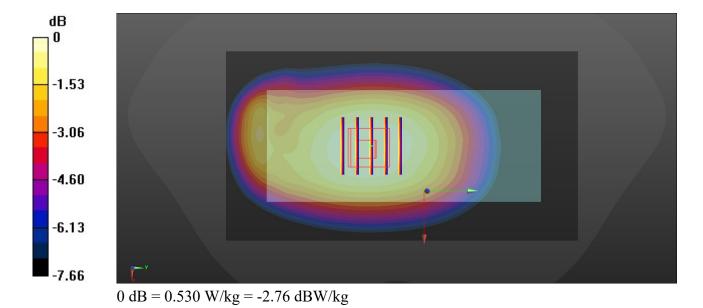
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7627; ConvF(10.47, 10.47, 10.47); Calibrated: 2021.2.10
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn690; Calibrated: 2021.3.17
- Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom; Type: SAM Twin; Serial: TP-2022
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.534 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 25.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.578 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 0.440 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.337 W/kg**Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.530 W/kg



Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

Report No.: FA1D0405

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

TEL: 86-512-57900158 Page: C1 of C1
FAX: 86-512-57900958 Issued Date: Mar. 18, 2022



In Collaboration with

CALIBRATION LABORATORY





Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

Client

Sporton

Certificate No:

Z19-60081

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D750V3 - SN: 1087

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

March 27, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)℃ and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) ug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862) an-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19) an-10(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19) Aug-19 Jan-20
an-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19) Jan-20
ob 10/CDEACN - DAEA 1204 E-140
eb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19) Feb-20
Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration
an-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336) Jan-20
oui zo
ا

Calibrated by:

Function

Signature

Zhao Jing

Name

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Lin Hao

SAR Test Engineer

Approved by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Issued: March 29, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z19-60081

Page 1 of 8

Glossary:

TSL ConvF tissue simulating liquid

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z19-60081



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	43.0 ± 6 %	0.90 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.36 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.65 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.9 ± 6 %	0.94 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.58 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.75 W/kg ±18.7 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z19-60081

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.4Ω- 2.59jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.3dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6Ω- 3.86jΩ	
Return Loss	- 27.7dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	0.898 ns	
	0.000113	

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
-----------------	-------

Certificate No: Z19-60081

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1087

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.903 S/m; ϵ_r = 43.01; ρ = 1000 kg/m3

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019

Date: 03.26.2019

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

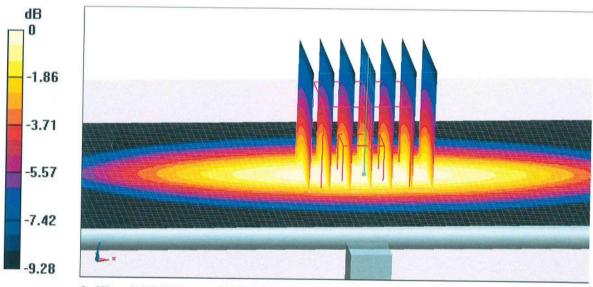
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.00 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.72 W/kg



0 dB = 2.72 W/kg = 4.35 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

