## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Sporton-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045\_Sep16

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v6

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

September 27, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Calibration Equipment used (Mar	_ Cittourior cantration,		Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15)	Dec-16
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 781	02-Sep-16 (No. DAE4-781_Sep16)	Sep-17
DAE4	1011.101		
O desired and a	I <sub>ID</sub> #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Secondary Standards	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP 8482A	1 - · · · - · · · ·	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (III flodde check out 19)	
	Name	Function	Signature
0.11	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	on negit
Calibrated by:	Len Riysher		Sed My
1	Katia Bakavia	Technical Manager	1111111
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	1001111000	Sale lles

Issued: September 30, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045\_Sep16

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## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
  antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The
  maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as
  calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the
  feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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# **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10, 15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, $dy = 5 mm$	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

# Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.461 A/m ± 8.2 % (k=2)
E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	164.2 V/m = 44.31 dBV/m

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Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	164.2 V/m = 44.31 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	162.7 V/m = 44.23 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	163.4 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	106.8 V/m = 40.57 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	105.4 V/m = 40.46 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	106.1 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045\_Sep16

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

## **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	15.1 dB	38.5 $\Omega$ - 10.7 j $\Omega$
835 MHz	32.6 dB	49.1 Ω + 2.1 jΩ
900 MHz	17.9 dB	49.4 Ω - 12.7 jΩ
950 MHz	17.1 dB	52.3 Ω + 14.2 jΩ
960 MHz	12.8 dB	$68.5 \Omega + 20.3 jΩ$

# 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

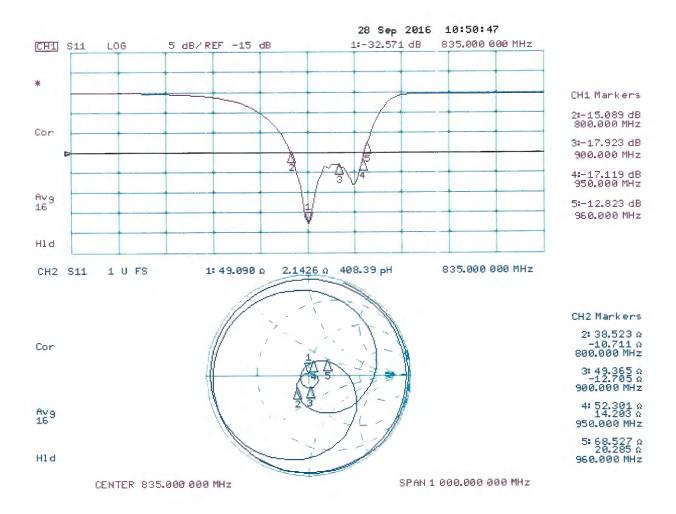
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## Impedance Measurement Plot



#### **DASY5 H-field Result**

Date: 27.09.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

# DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 1 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2015

Sensor-Surface: (Fix 5urface)

Electronics: DAE4 5n781; Calibrated: 02.09.2016

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

# Dipole H-Field measurement @ 835MHz/H-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

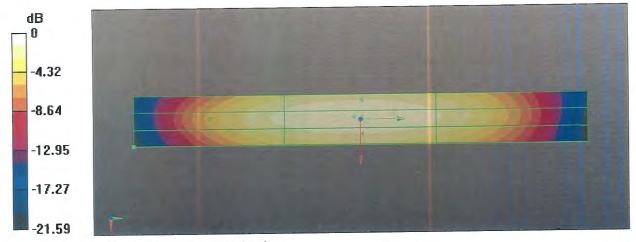
Reference Value = 0.4890 A/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4612 A/m Near-field category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

#### PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M4	Grid 2 M4	Grid 3 M4
0.378 A/m	0.413 A/m	0.399 A/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
0.424 A/m	0.461 A/m	0.447 A/m
Grid 7 M4	Grid 8 M4	Grid 9 M4
0.370 A/m	0.399 A/m	0.386 A/m



0 dB = 0.4612 A/m = -6.72 dBA/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1045\_Sep16

#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 27.09.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1045

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.09.2016

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

# Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 107.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 44.31 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3 44.09 dBV/m		Grid 3 M3 44.01 dBV/m
	Grid 5 M4 38.86 dBV/m	Grid 6 <b>M</b> 4 <b>38.63 dBV/m</b>
200	Grid 8 M3 44.23 dBV/m	Grid 9 <b>M3</b> <b>44 dBV/m</b>

# Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 106.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

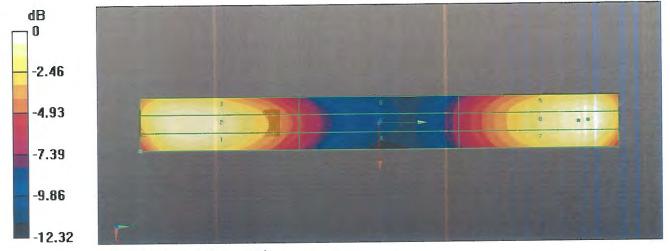
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.57 dBV/m

Emission category: M3

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M3
40.42 dBV/m	40.57 dBV/m	40.41 dBV/m
Grid 4 M4	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
35.87 dBV/m	35.99 dBV/m	35.83 dBV/m
Grid 7 M3	Grid 8 M3	Grid 9 M3
40.31 dBV/m	40.46 dBV/m	40.32 dBV/m



0 dB = 164.2 V/m = 44.31 dBV/m

# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura **Swiss Calibration Service** 

S

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Client

Sporton-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Sep16

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

CD1880V3 - SN: 1038 Object

QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

September 27, 2016 Calibration date:

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15)	Dec-16
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 781	02-Sep-16 (No. DAE4-781_Sep16)	Sep-17
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Oct-17
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-17
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Seif Illy
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	DOM.

Issued: September 30, 2016

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# Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
  (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
  In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
  distance of 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1] and [2], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (15 mm for [2]) (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Sep16 Page 2 of 10

# **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10, 15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1730 MHz ± 1 MHz 1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

# Maximum Field values at 1730 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.483 A/m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	150.3 V/m = 43.54 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	144.2 V/m = 43.18 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	147.3 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	94.5 V/m = 39.51 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	94.2 V/m = 39.48 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	94.3 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

# Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW input power	0.456 A/m ± 8.2 % (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	140.1 V/m = 42.93 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	139.3 V/m = 42.88 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	139.7 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	91.4 V/m = 39.22 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	88.1 V/m = 38.90 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	89.8 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108) Antenna Parameters

## **Nominal Frequencies**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	21.7 dB	56.6 Ω + 5.8 jΩ
1880 MHz	21.7 dB	58.4 Ω + 3.1 jΩ
1900 MHz	22.0 dB	$58.7 \Omega + 0.2 j\Omega$
1950 MHz	25.3 dB	50.4 Ω - 5.4 jΩ
2000 MHz	20.3 dB	43.3 Ω + 6.1 jΩ

## 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

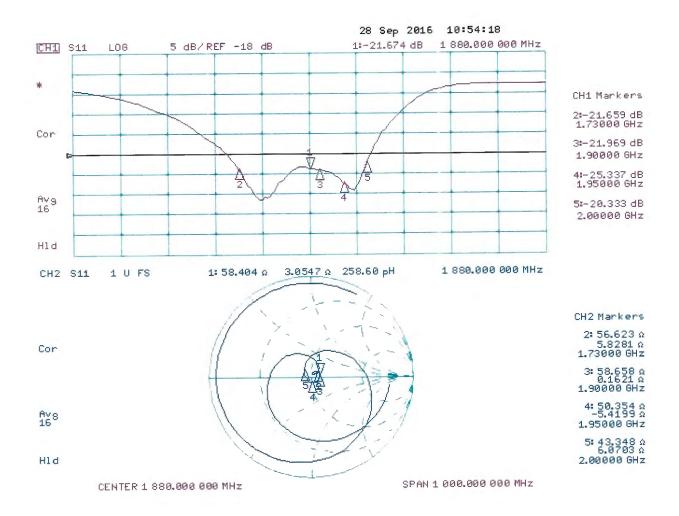
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

# Impedance Measurement Plot



#### **DASY5 H-field Result**

Date: 27.09.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz, Frequency: 1730 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2015

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.09.2016

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.4820 A/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4564 A/m Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

## PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
0.391 A/m	0.424 A/m	0.412 A/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
0.427 A/m	0.456 A/m	0.442 A/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
0.388 A/m	0.414 A/m	0.402 A/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Sep16

## Dipole H-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/H-Scan - 1730MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 0.5130 A/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

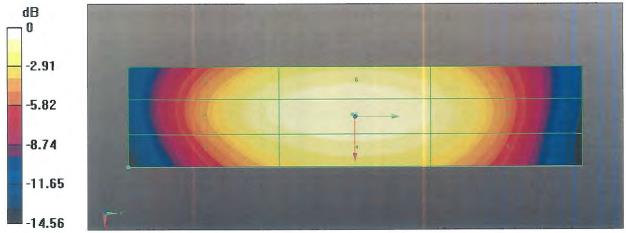
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.

H-field emissions = 0.4827 A/m

Near-field category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

PMF scaled H-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
0.396 A/m	0.433 A/m	0.419 A/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
0.448 A/m	0.483 A/m	0.467 A/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
0.390 A/m	0.419 A/m	0.403 A/m



0 dB = 0.4564 A/m = -6.81 dBA/m

## **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 27.09.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1038

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz, Frequency: 1730 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  S/m,  $\varepsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.09.2016

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

# Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 156.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 42.93 dBV/m

Emission category: M1

#### MIF scaled E-field

 Grid 2 <b>M1</b> <b>42.88 dBV/m</b>	Grid 3 <b>M1</b> 42.73 dBV/m
 Grid 5 M2 39.13 dBV/m	Grid 6 M2 38.83 dBV/m
 Grid 8 M1 42.93 dBV/m	Grid 9 <b>M1</b> <b>42.75 dBV/m</b>

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Sep16 Page 8 of 10

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 157.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.22 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

#### MIF scaled E-field

	Grid 2 M2 39.22 dBV/m	Grid 3 M2 <b>39.12 dBV/m</b>
Grid 4 M2 36.81 dBV/m	Olla 5 mil	Grid 6 M2 36.85 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2 38.69 dBV/m	and and	Grid 9 M2 38.82 dBV/m

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 167.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 43.54 dBV/m

Emission category: M1

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M1 42.85 dBV/m	0.1.0	Grid 3 <b>M1</b> 4 <b>3.01 dBV/m</b>
		Grid 6 M2 39.81 dBV/m
	Grid 8 M1 43.54 dBV/m	Grid 9 <b>M1</b> 43.36 dBV/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1038\_Sep16 Page 9 of 10

# Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1730MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 167.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

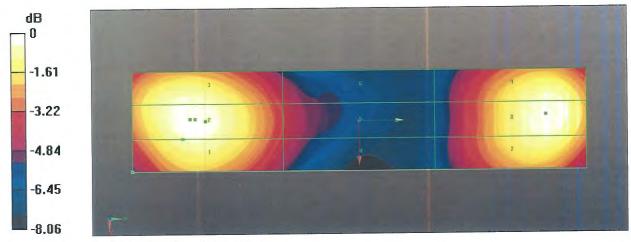
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 39.51 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M2	Grid 2 M2	Grid 3 M2
39.3 dBV/m	39.48 dBV/m	39.37 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
37.39 dBV/m	37.52 dBV/m	37.39 dBV/m
Grid 7 M2	Grid 8 M2	Grid 9 M2
39.26 dBV/m	39.51 dBV/m	39.43 dBV/m



0 dB = 140.1 V/m = 42.93 dBV/m

## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Sporton-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: ER3-2358\_Jan16

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object ER3DV6 - SN:2358

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date: January 19, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	12-Oct-15 (No. ER3-2328_Oct15)	Oct-16
DAE4	SN: 789	16-Mar-15 (No. DAE4-789_Mar15)	Mar-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

Calibrated by:

Michael Weber

Laboratory Technician

Michael Weber

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: January 20, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

## Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z

sensitivity in free space

DCP

diode compression point

CF A, B, C, D crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
- b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.0, November 2013

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 for XY sensors and 9 = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

January 19, 2016 ER3DV6 - SN:2358

# Probe ER3DV6

SN:2358

Manufactured: July 7, 2005 Calibrated: January 19,

January 19, 2016

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

January 19, 2016

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2358

**Basic Calibration Parameters** 

Dagio Gailbration i ara	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	1.71	1.56	1.59	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	98.6	97.9	98.0	

Modulation	Calibration	<b>Parameters</b>
		I allallice in

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>t</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	169.9	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		195.6	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		187.1	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	Х	3.27	67.0	19.0	2.91	136.2	±0.7 %
		Y	3.11	65.6	18.0		115.3	
		Z	3.24	66.2	17.9		148.6	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	Х	2.90	68.7	19.3	1.87	138.5	±0.9 %
		Υ	2.71	66.8	18.0		117.3	
			2.66	66.1	17.2		109.6	
10021- DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	21.53	100.0	28.7	9.39	148.9	±1.7 %
		Y_	20.06	99.3	28.9		124.6	
_		Z	22.77	99.5	28.8		123.0	
10039- CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	Х	4.92	67.3	19.7	4.57	138.0	±1.2 %
		Y	4.71	66.1	18.9		116.8	
		Z	4.79	66.7	18.9	_	148.2	
10081- CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	Х	3.94	66.0	18.9	3.97	132.4	±0.7 %
		Υ	3.82	65.1	18.3		113.4	
		Z	3.63	64.1	17.3		108.8	
10172- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	8.20	77.3	28.5	9.21	106.5	±2.5 %
<u> </u>		Y	9.69	82.1	30.8		129.9	
		Z	9.45	79.8	28.7		129.9	
10173- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	8.51	77.6	28.6	9.48	106.3	±2.5 %
		Y	10.11	82.6	31.0		130.9	
		Z	9.59	79.6	28.6		123.7	
10235- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	8.40	77.2	28.4	9.48	106.2	±2.7 %
		Y_	10.08	82.4	30.8		131.7	
		Z	9.59	79.5	28.6		124.3	
10237- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.35	78.0	28.9	9.21	106.3	±2.7 %
		Y	10.08	83.3	31.3		131.5	
		Z	9.12	78.7	28.1		125.1	

January 19, 2016 ER3DV6 - SN:2358

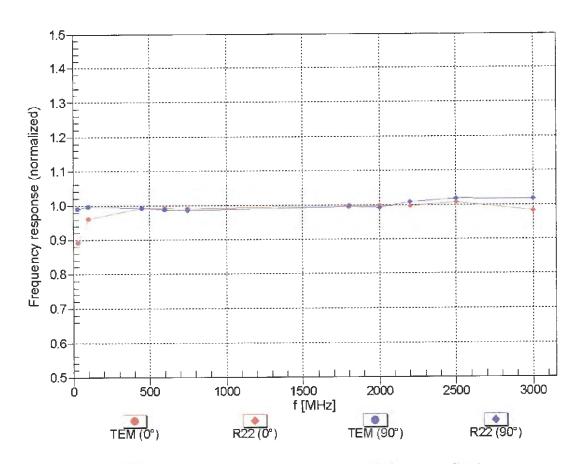
10295- AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	Х	16.21	98.8	40.3	12.49	127.1	±2.7 %
7010		Υ	16.40	99.2	40.6		107.0	
		Z	16.85	97.4	38.6		106.0	
10297- AAA	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	6.76	69.0	21.2	5.81	147.9	±2.5 %
, , , , ,		Υ	6.44	67.5	20.2		126.6	
		Z	6.07	66.1	19.1		118.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

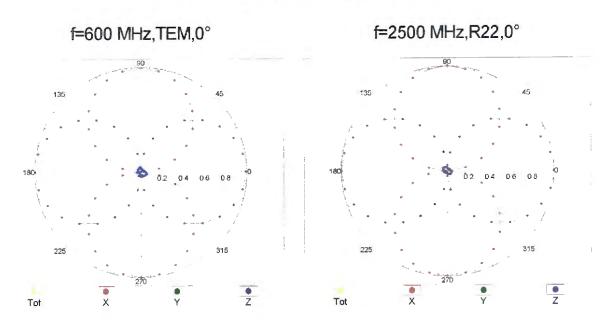
# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



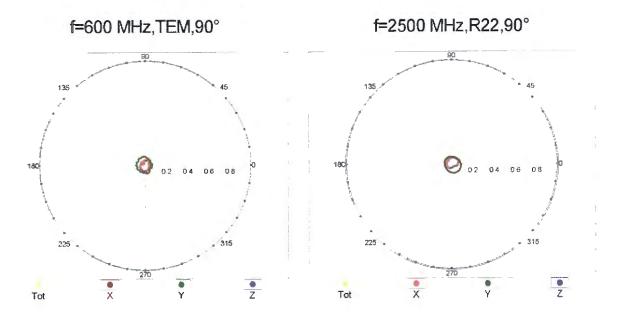
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

ER3DV6 - SN:2358 January 19, 2016

Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$ 

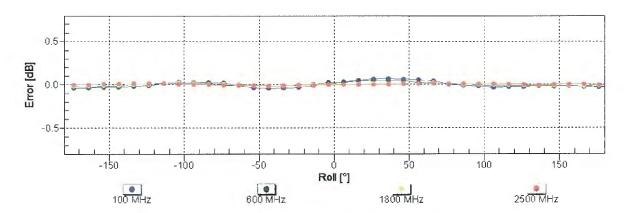


Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$ 



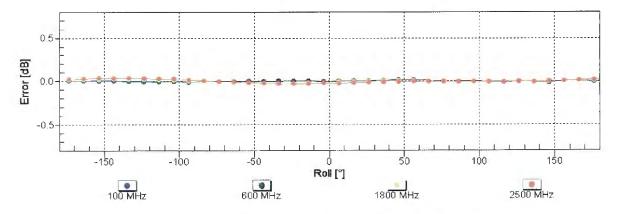
ER3DV6 – SN:2358 January 19, 2016

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

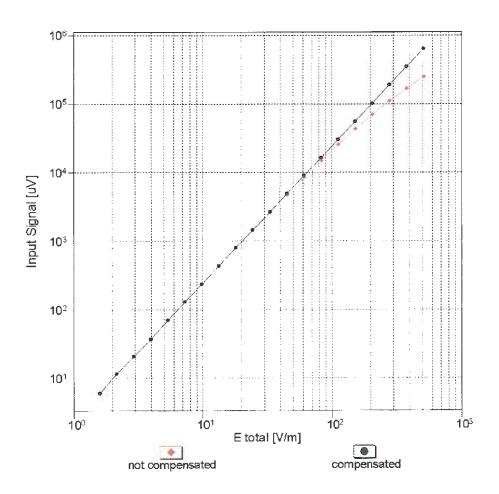
# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

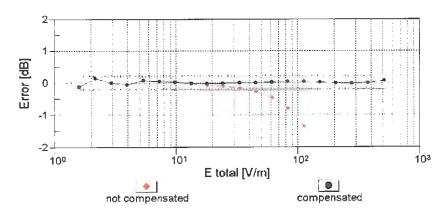


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

ER3DV6 - SN:2358 January 19, 2016

# Dynamic Range f(E-field) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)



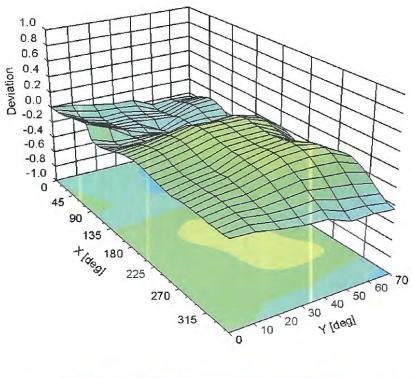


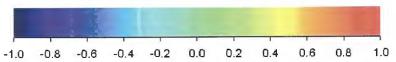
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

ER3DV6 - SN:2358 January 19, 2016

# **Deviation from Isotropy in Air**

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\vartheta$ ), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

ER3DV6 – SN:2358 January 19, 2016

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2358

## **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	116.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2218 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2209 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn



Sporton



Certificate No: Z16-97185

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SN: 1388

Calibration Procedure(s) FD-Z11-002-01

Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics

(DAEx)

Calibration date: October 10, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	27-June-16 (CTTL, No:J16X04778)	June-17

Name

**Function** 

Signature

Calibrated by:

Yu Zongying

SAR Test Engineer

Reviewed by:

Qi Dianyuan

SAR Project Leader

Approved by:

Lu Bingsong

Deputy Director of the laboratory

Issued October 11, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X

to the robot coordinate system.

# Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

Certificate No: Z16-97185 Page 2 of 3



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## DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:  $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$ ,

 $6.1\mu V$ , full range =

-100...+300 mV

Low Range:

1LSB = 0

61nV, full range =

-1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors X		Υ	Z	
High Range	403.527 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.425 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.211 ± 0.15% (k=2)	
Low Range	3.97413 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98786 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99357 ± 0.7% (k=2)	

# **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	155° ± 1 °
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Certificate No: Z16-97185 Page 3 of 3