#### **Calibration Laboratory of** Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

MRA ĥalaš

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

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- С Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: D835V2-499\_Mar16

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Sporton-TW (Auden) Client

Dbject	D835V2 - SN: 499	Э	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procee	dure for dipole validation kits abo	ve 700 MHz
Calibration date:	March 21, 2016		
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence protection the closed laborator	onal standards, which realize the physical uni robability are given on the following pages an y facility: environment temperature (22 $\pm$ 3)°(	d are part of the certificate.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	U\$37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	Oct-16
eference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	•	
		01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
		01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16 Mar-16
ype-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	
ype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4			Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15)	Mar-16 Dec-16
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) Check Date (in house)	Mar-16 Dec-16 Dec-16
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15)	Mar-16 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # 100972 US37390585 S4206	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) Check Date (in house) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	Mar-16 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-18 In house check: Oct-16
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 <u>Secondary Standards</u> RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # 100972 US37390585 S4206 Name	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) Check Date (in house) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15) Function	Mar-16 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-18
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 <u>Secondary Standards</u> RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # 100972 US37390585 S4206	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) Check Date (in house) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	Mar-16 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-18 In house check: Oct-16
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # 100972 US37390585 S4206 Name	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 31-Dec-15 (No. EX3-7349_Dec15) 30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15) Check Date (in house) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15) Function	Mar-16 Dec-16 Dec-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Jun-18 In house check: Oct-16

#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossarv:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. • No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power. •
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.7 ± 6 %	0.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.14 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.52 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.97 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.5 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.52 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.61 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.28 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

impedance, transformed to feed point	53.1 Ω - 3.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.3 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.0 Ω - 5.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.390 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 10, 2003

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 21.03.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 499

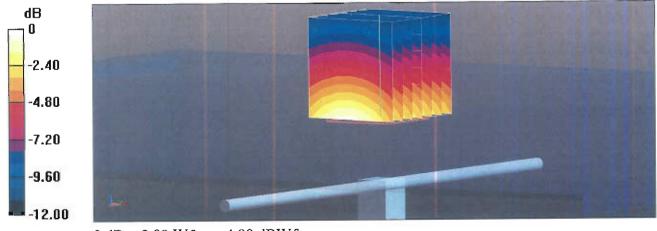
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.93$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

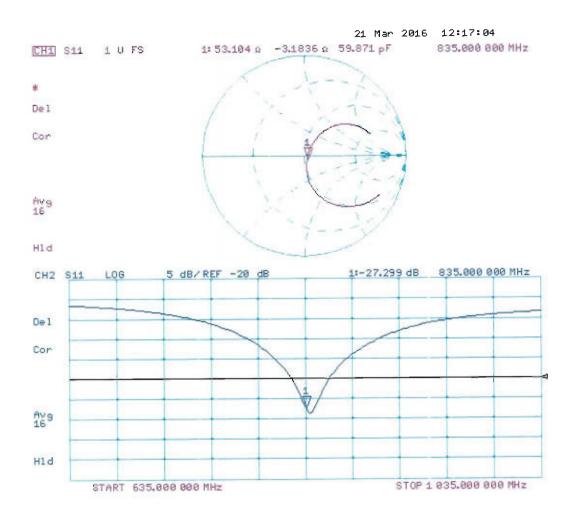
## Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue EX-Probe/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan

(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 60.98 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.47 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.09 W/kg



0 dB = 3.09 W/kg = 4.90 dBW/kg

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



#### DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.03.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 499

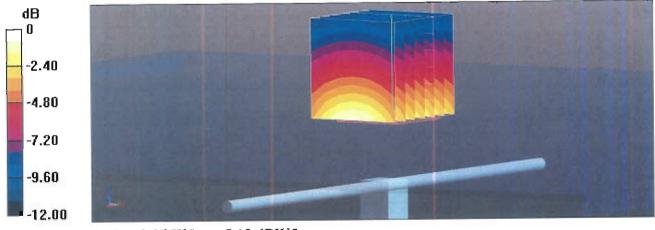
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.01$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(9.73, 9.73, 9.73); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

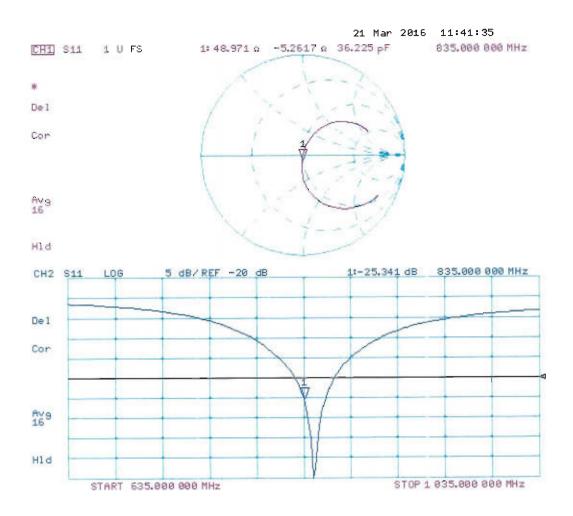
## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue EX-Probe/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan

(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 60.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.63 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.26 W/kg



0 dB = 3.26 W/kg = 5.13 dBW/kg

#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Sporton-TW (Auden) Client

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041\_Sep16

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object	D1900V2 - SN:50	1041	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits abo	ve 700 MHz
Calibration date:	September 30, 24	016	
The measurements and the uncer	tainties with confidence p ted in the closed laborato	onal standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages an ry facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C	d are part of the certificate.
		Cal Data (Catificata No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Apr-17
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17 Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17 Jun-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	15-Jun-16 (No. EX3-7349_Jun16)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	In house check: Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	In house check: Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	In house check: Oct-16
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	+ U
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	flitty
This collibration cortificate shall a	nt he reproduced except i	n full without written approval of the laboratory	Issued: September 30, 2016

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.5 ± 6 %	1.40 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	5.33 W/kg

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.6 ± 6 %	1.49 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.58 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	38.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5 Ω + 8.0 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 21.8 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.7 Ω + 7.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.1 dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.199 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 04, 2003

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 28.09.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

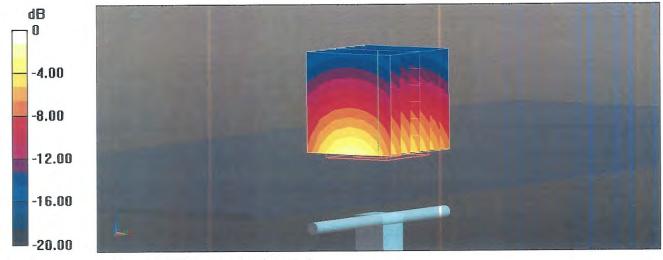
#### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.4 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.5;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

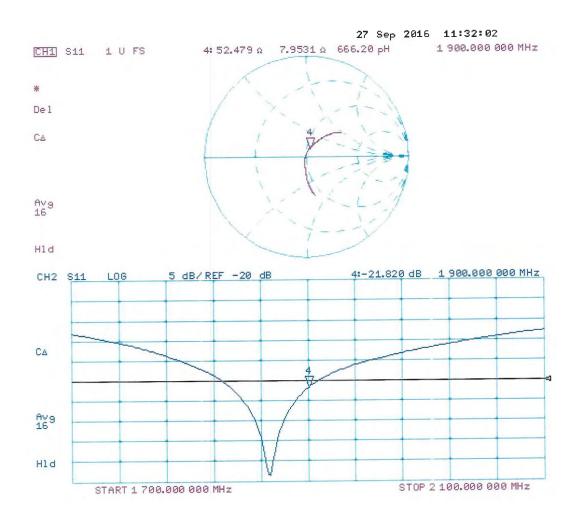
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 15.06.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 108.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.33 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



0 dB = 15.7 W/kg = 11.96 dBW/kg

## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 30.09.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

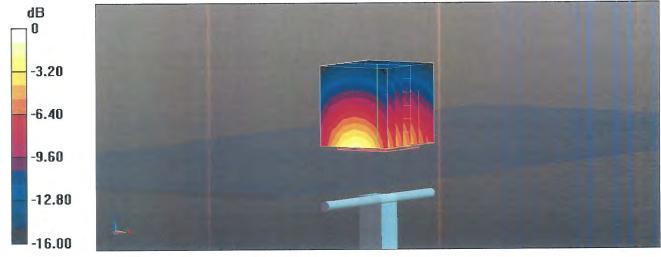
#### DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.49 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

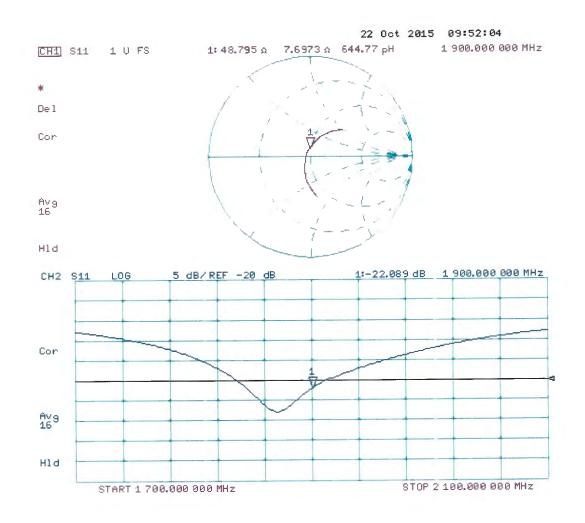
#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.03, 8.03, 8.03); Calibrated: 15.06.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 102.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.7 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 9.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.1 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg



0 dB = 14.3 W/kg = 11.55 dBW/kg





Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Client

**Sporton TW** 

**Certificate No:** 

Z16-97132

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2600V2 - SN: 1008

Http://www.chinattl.cn

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-2-003-01 Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

August 30, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	01-Jul-15 (CTTL, No.J15X04256)	Jun-16
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3801	29-Jun-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-3801_Jun16)	Jun-17
DAE4	SN 777	22-Aug-16(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z16-97138)	Aug-17
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	01-Feb-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00893)	Jan-17
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)	Jan-17
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	AND
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	Sol
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	12.002. FZ
		Issued: Sep	tember 1, 2016
This calibration certificate sh	all not be reproc	duced except in full without written approval	of the laboratory.



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#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.8.1258
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	-
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.97 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.8 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.40 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.6 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.2 ± 6 %	2.18 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	55.2 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.28 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.0 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)



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#### Appendix

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.3Ω- 1.82jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.8dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.8Ω- 1.91jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.4dB	

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.046 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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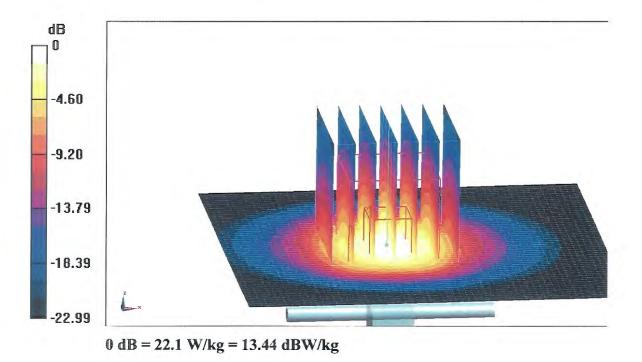
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**DASY5** Validation Report for Head TSL Date: 08.30.2016 Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1008 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.974 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon r = 39.43$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}3$ Phantom section: Right Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) **DASY5** Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3801; ConvF(6.64, 6.64, 6.64); Calibrated: 6/29/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 8/22/2016
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372) •

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 107.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.0 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.4 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.1 W/kg

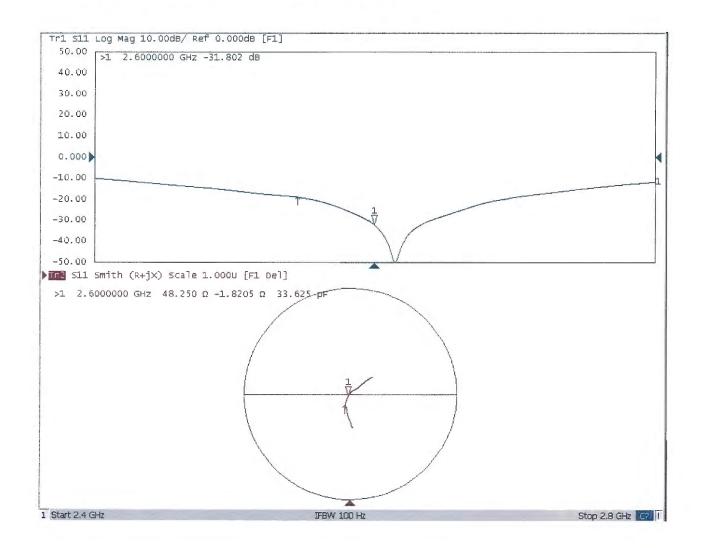




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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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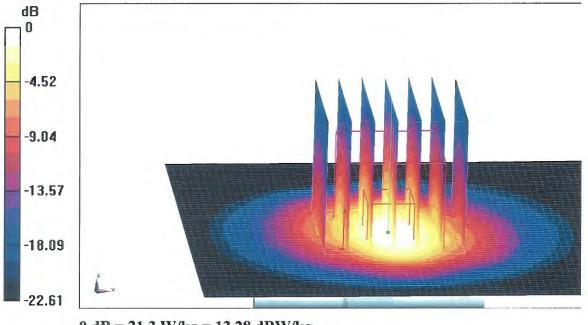
Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

Date: 08.30.2016 **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL** Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1008 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.184 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.15$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Phantom section: Left Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3801; ConvF(6.7, 6.7, 6.7); Calibrated: 6/29/2016; •
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 8/22/2016
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372) .

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.8 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 13.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.28 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.3 W/kg



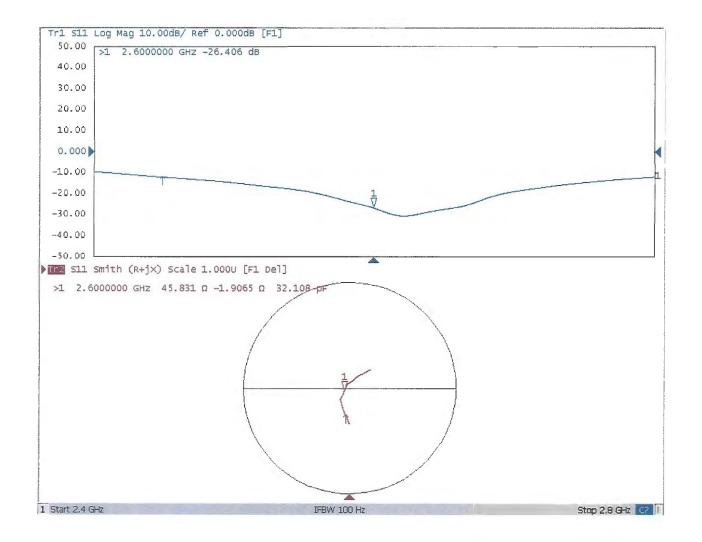
0 dB = 21.3 W/kg = 13.28 dBW/kg



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#### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



#### **Calibration Laboratory of** Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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#### Client Sporton - TW (Auden)

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 778 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE) Calibration date: May 12, 2016 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID # Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 SN: 0810278 09-Sep-15 (No:17153) Sep-16 Secondary Standards ID # Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Auto DAE Calibration Unit SE UWS 053 AA 1001 05-Jan-16 (in house check) In house check: Jan-17 Calibrator Box V2.1 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 05-Jan-16 (in house check) In house check: Jan-17 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Dominique Steffen Technician Approved by: Fin Bomholt **Deputy Technical Manager** Issued: May 12, 2016 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Certificate No: DAE4-778 May16

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Swiss Calibration Service

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#### Glossary DAE data acquisition electronics Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a . result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an • input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter 0 corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of . zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset . current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, . during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery . alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

## **DC Voltage Measurement**

<b>Calibration Factors</b>	X	Y	z
High Range	404.712 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.516 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.068 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98678 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96495 ± 1.50% (k=2)	4.00091 ± 1.50% (k=2)

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system		270.0 ° ± 1 °
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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

#### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200032.14	-1.38	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20005.68	0.79	0.00
Channel X	- Input	-20003.61	1.31	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200030.28	-3.73	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20006.01	1.25	0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20003.00	1.89	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200035.46	1.52	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20002.36	-2.31	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20008.31	-3.27	0.02

Low Range	Reading (μV) Difference (μV)		Error (%)	
Channel X + Input	2001.27	0.01	0.00	
Channel X + Input	201.37	0.21	0.10	
Channel X - Input	-198.61	-0.02	0.01	
Channel Y + Input	2001.38	0.24	0.01	
Channel Y + Input	200.13	-0.97	-0.48	
Channel Y - Input	-198.84	-0.10	0.05	
Channel Z + Input	2001.29	0.21	0.01	
Channel Z + Input	200.34	-0.69	-0.34	
Channel Z - Input	-200.58	-1.74	0.88	

#### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	-4.35	-5.61
	- 200	7.07	5.78
Channel Y	200	-1.79	-1.82
	- 200	0.49	0.20
Channel Z	200	-12.55	-12.56
	- 200	10.17	10.19

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	-0.66	-2.54
Channel Y	200	8.70		-0.26
Channel Z	200	3.71	7.16	-

## 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16054	16869
Channel Y	16191	17846
Channel Z	16441	16314

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.48	-0.60	1.44	0.42
Channel Y	-0.09	-1.42	2.50	0.58
Channel Z	-1.11	-2.45	-0.19	0.45

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

## 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

## 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



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Client

Sporton\_TW

Certificate No: Z16-97123

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3270

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-2-004-01 Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date:

August 26, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

#### Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration		
Power Meter NRP2	101919	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17		
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17		
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17		
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL,No.J16X01547)	Mar-18		
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548)	Mar-18		
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	19-Feb-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_Feb16)	Feb-17		
DAE4	SN 1331	21-Jan-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1331_Jan16)	Jan -17		
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration		
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04776)	Jun-17		
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)	Jan -17		
	Name	Function	Signature		
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	Artico		
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	soz		
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	Ja wists		
		Issued: August	27, 2016		
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Issued: August 27, 2016 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.					

Certificate No: Z16-97123



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#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i
	$\theta$ =0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system **Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:** 

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- *DCPx, y, z*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z:*A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).



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# Probe ES3DV3

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# SN: 3270

## Calibrated: August 26, 2016

## Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: Z16-97123

Page 3 of 11



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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3270

## **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	1.09	1.22	1.19	±10.8%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	100.9	103.3	101.0	

## **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication		Α	В	С	D	VR	Unc
	System Name		dB	dBõV		dB	mV	(k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	274.7	±2.7%
		Υ	0.0	0.0	1.0		295.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		288.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6). <sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



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## DASY/EASY -- Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3270

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>⊦</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>⊦</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.19	6.19	6.19	0.50	1.35	±12%
835	41.5	0.90	6.03	6.03	6.03	0.42	1.47	±12%
900	41.5	0.97	6.09	6.09	6.09	0.37	1.61	±12%
1750	40.1	1.37	5.21	5.21	5.21	0.52	1.53	±12%
1900	40.0	1.40	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.55	1.50	±12%
2000	40.0	1.40	4.98	4.98	4.98	0.57	1.47	±12%
2100	39.8	1.49	5.02	5.02	5.02	0.68	1.41	±12%
2450	39.2	1.80	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.73	1.30	±12%
2600	39.0	1.96	4.37	4.37	4.37	0.90	1.13	±12%

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of  $\pm$ 100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$ 50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is  $\pm$  10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm$  110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. <sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3270

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.09	6.09	6.09	0.50	1.35	±12%
835	55.2	0.97	6.01	6.01	6.01	0.42	1.60	±12%
1750	53.4	1.49	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.50	1.66	±12%
1900	53.3	1.52	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.53	1.64	±12%
2450	52.7	1.95	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.90	1.20	±12%
2600	52.5	2.16	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.90	1.18	±12%

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

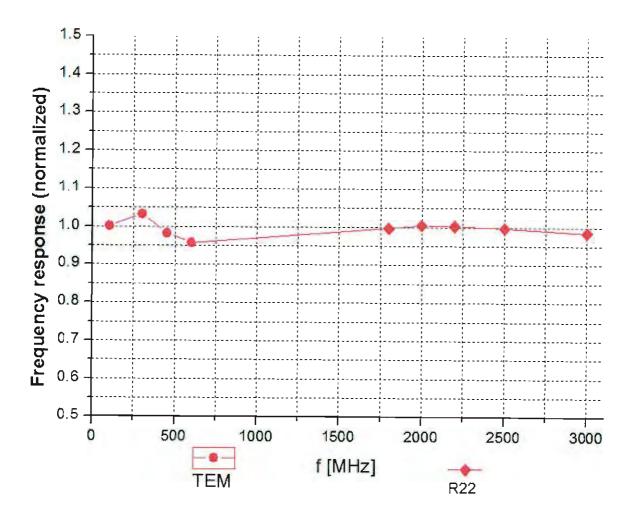
<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

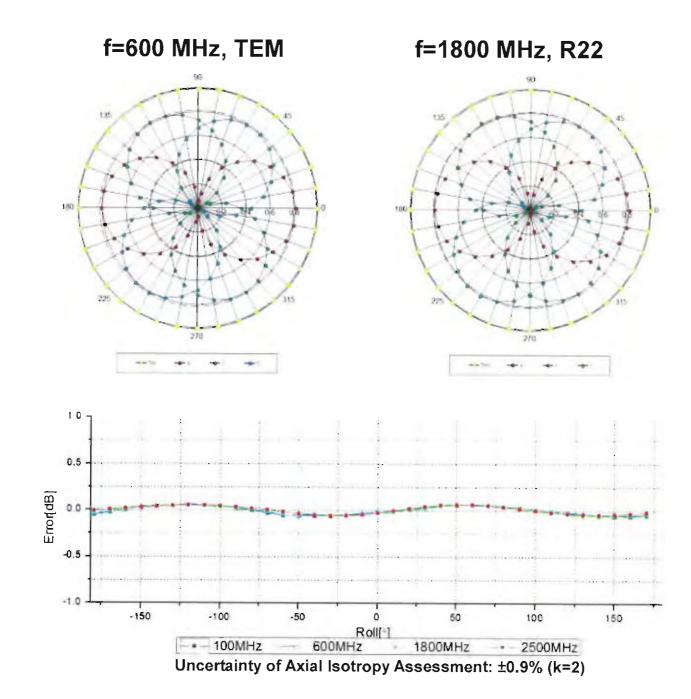


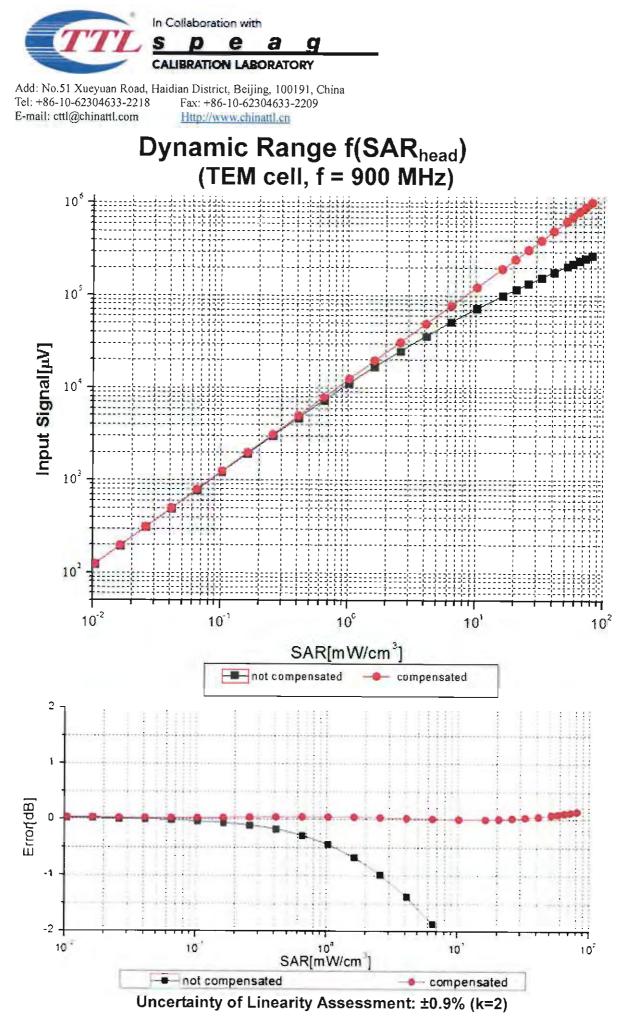
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.5% (k=2)



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## Receiving Pattern ( $\Phi$ ), $\theta$ =0°





Certificate No: Z16-97123

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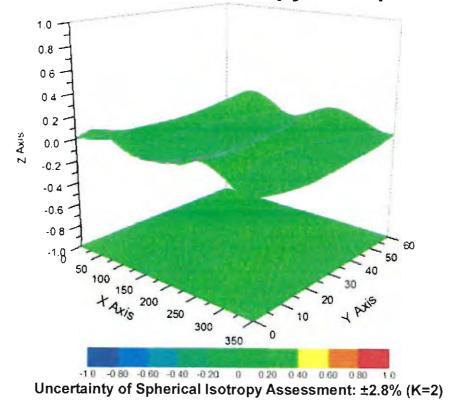


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## **Conversion Factor Assessment**

f=900 MHz, WGLS R9(H convF) f=1750 MHz, WGLS R22(H convF) 4.00 30.00 3.50 25.00 3.00 20,00 250 250 200 200 200 200 W(64/M)15 00 10.00 1.00 5.00 0.50 0.00 0 00 D 20 100 40 60 80 Ū 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 2[mm] z[mm] -measured analytical -measured analytical

# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**





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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN: 3270

Other Probe Parameters	
Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	168.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	10mm
Tip Diameter	4mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3mm