

Training Research Co., Ltd.

255 Nanyang Street, Shijr, Taipei Hsien 221, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: 886-2-26935155 FAX: 886-2-26934440

Measurement of MPE

1. Foreword

In adopt with the Human Exposure IEEE C95.1, and according to the FCC 1.1310. The *Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)* is obligated to measure in order to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body.

The *Gain* of the antenna used is measured in an *Anechoic chamber*. The *maximum total* power to the antenna is to be recorded. By adopting the *Friis Transmission Formula* and the power gain of the antenna, we can find the distance right away from the product, where the limit of the MPE is.

2. Description of EUT

EUT : Wireless Cable Modem Gateway

Classification : Mobile Device

(i)Under normal use condition, the antenna is at least $20\mathrm{cm}$ away

from the user;

(ii) Warning statement for keeping 20cm separation distance and the prohibition of operating next to the person has been printed

in the user's manual

Model No. : CG814WH

Granted FCC ID: PY3CG814WH

Frequency Range: 2.412 GHz ~ 2.462GHz

Supported Channel: 11 Channel

Modulation Skill : DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK

Power Type : Powered by the PCMCIA slot of the client's device

Applicant: Netgear Inc.

4500 Great America Parkway, Santa Clara, CA 95054.

(Remarks: The original MPE evaluation solely concerning about the PCMCIA radio card, with the FCC ID: PD5LMWP200, performed by the ADT is attached as a reference.)



Training Research Co., Ltd.

255 Nanyang Street, Shijr, Taipei Hsien 221, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: 886-2-26935155 FAX: 886-2-26934440

3. Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Filed Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm2)	Averaging Time $ \mathbf{E} ^2$, $ \mathbf{H} ^2$ or S (minutes)	
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure					
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	100	6	
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	$900/f^2$	6	
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6	
300-1500			f/300	6	
1500-100,000			5	6	
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure					
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	100	30	
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$180/f^2$	30	
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30	
300-1500			f/1500	30	
1500-100,000			1.0	30	

[The EUT is tested in transmit and receive modes and in the first, middle and the last channel separately. The following shows only our observation have the greatest emissions.]

According to OET BULLETIN 56 Fourth Edition/August 1999, Equation for Predicting RF Fields:

Friis Transmission Formula:
$$S = \frac{PG}{4pR^2} = \frac{30.76 \times 0.79}{4p(20)^2} = 4.834 \times 10^{-3} \, \text{mW} / \text{cm}^2$$

Estimated safe separation: $R = \sqrt{\frac{PG}{4p}} = \sqrt{\frac{30.76 \times 0.79}{4p}} = 1.391 \text{cm}$

Remarks: "The safe estimated separation that the user must maintain from the antenna is at least 1.391 cm."

Where: S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm2)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW)

 $G = power\ gain$ of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

The *Numeric gain G* of antenna with a gain specified in dB is determined by:

$$G = Log^{-1}$$
 (dB antenna gain/10)

$$G = Log^{-1} (-1 / 10) = 0.79$$



FCC TEST REPORT

REPORT NO.: RF900809R01

MODEL NO.: LM-WP200 (for DELTA)

MA401 rev.B (for Netgear)

ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure

IEEE C95.1

APPLICANT: DELTA NETWORKS, INC.

ADDRESS: 8, Kon Jan West Road, Liutu Industrial Zone Keelung,

Taiwan, R.O.C.

ISSUED BY: Advance Data Technology Corporation

LAB LOCATION: 47 14th Lin, Chiapau Tsun, Linko, Taipei,

Taiwan, R.O.C.





Lab Code: 200102-0



RF Exposure Measurement (Mobile Device)

1. Introduction

2.4 GHz frequency band is regarded specially as a dangerous band for its heating harmfulness to the human body. That's why microwave oven is operating in this frequency band. The manufacturer whose product is working in this frequency band is obligatory to prove the harmfulness of his product.

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC), and the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

2. Classification

The antenna of the product, under normal use condition, is at least 20 cm away from the body of the user. Warning statement for keeping 20 cm separation distance and the prohibition of operating next to a person has been printed on the users manual. So, this product is classified as the **Mobile Device**.

3. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b).



LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Average Time
Range	Strength (V/m)	Strength (A/m)	(mW/cm²)	(minutes)
(MHz)				
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures				
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500	•••		F/300	6
1500-100,000	•••	•••	5	6
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure				
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	•••	•••	F/1500	30
1500-100,000		•••	1.0	30

F = Frequency in MHz

4. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : Pd = $(Pout*G) / (4*pi*r^2)$

where

Pd = power density in mW/cm²

Pout = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

Pi = 3.1416

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm². If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

Ref.: David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition, Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

5. EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.



6. Test Results

6.1 Antenna Gain

The maximum Gain measured in Fully Anechoic Chamber is -1 dBi or 0.79 (numeric).

6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure Distance :

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	OUTPUT POWER TO ANTENNA (mW)	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE DISTANCE (r) FROM SKIN (Centi-Meter)
1	2412	68.87	2.08
6	2437	64.57	2.01
11	2462	66.07	2.04

The minimum allowable distance is very close to the enclosure of the antenna and is very far away from the human being under normal use condition.



FCC TEST REPORT

REPORT NO.: RF900809R01

MODEL NO.: LM-WP200 (for DELTA)

MA401 rev.B (for Netgear)

ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure

IEEE C95.1

APPLICANT: DELTA NETWORKS, INC.

ADDRESS: 8, Kon Jan West Road, Liutu Industrial Zone Keelung,

Taiwan, R.O.C.

ISSUED BY: Advance Data Technology Corporation

LAB LOCATION: 47 14th Lin, Chiapau Tsun, Linko, Taipei,

Taiwan, R.O.C.







Lab Code: 200102-0



RF Exposure Measurement (Mobile Device)

1.Introduction

2.4 GHz frequency band is regarded specially as a dangerous band for its heating harmfulness to the human body. That's why microwave oven is operating in this frequency band. The manufacturer whose product is working in this frequency band is obligatory to prove the harmfulness of his product.

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC), and the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

2. Classification

The antenna of the product, under normal use condition, is at least 20 cm away from the body of the user. Warning statement for keeping 20 cm separation distance and the prohibition of operating next to a person has been printed on the users manual. So, this product is classified as the **Mobile Device**.

3. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b).



LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency	Electric Field	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Average Time
Range	Strength (V/m)	Strength (A/m)	(mW/cm²)	(minutes)
(MHz)				
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures				
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500	•	•••	F/300	6
1500-100,000	411		5	6
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure				
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500		•••	F/1500	30
1500-100,000		•••	1.0	30

F = Frequency in MHz

4. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : $Pd = (Pout*G) / (4*pi*r^2)$

where

Pd = power density in mW/cm²

Pout = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

Pi = 3.1416

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm². If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

Ref.: David K. Cheng, Field and Wave Electromagnetics, Second Edition, Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

5. EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

FCC ID: PD5LMWP200



6. Test Results

6.1 Antenna Gain

The maximum Gain measured in Fully Anechoic Chamber is -1 dBi or 0.79 (numeric).

6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure Distance :

CHANNEL	CHANNEL FREQUENCY (MHz)	OUTPUT POWER TO ANTENNA (mW)	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE DISTANCE (r) FROM SKIN (Centi-Meter)
1	2412	68.87	2.08
6	2437	64.57	2.01
11	2462	66.07	2.04

The minimum allowable distance is very close to the enclosure of the antenna and is very far away from the human being under normal use condition.