

Appendix B. Maximum Permissible Exposure

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Maximum Permissible Exposure

1.1. Applicable Standard

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2 m normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

(A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time E 2, H 2 or S (minutes)	
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6	
3.0-30	1842 / f	4.89 / f	(900 / f)*	6	
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6	
300-1500			F/300	6	
1500-100,000			5	6	

(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time E 2, H 2 or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz; *Plane-wave equivalent power density

1.2. MPE Calculation Method

$$E (V/m) = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
 Power Density: $Pd (W/m^2) = \frac{E^2}{377}$

E = Electric field (V/m)

P = Average RF output power (W)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$

From the EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.2m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.

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1.3. Calculated Result and Limit

For 5GHz UNII Band: Antenna Type: PCB Antenna

Max Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11n MCS0 40MHz: 16.90 dBm

Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Average Output Power (dBm)			Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Test Result
3.00	1.9953	16.9042	49.0252	0.019470	1	Complies

For 5GHz ISM Band:

Antenna Type: PCB Antenna

Max Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11ac MCS0 VHT 20MHz: 27.19 dBm

Directional Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Test Result
5.56	3.5975	27.1922	523.8625	0.375118	1	Complies

Note: Directional gain=GANT+10log(NANT/Nss)

For 2.4GHz Band:

Antenna Type: PCB Antenna

Max Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11g: 26.24 dBm

Antenna Gain (dB		Average Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Test Result
1.50	1.4125	26.2432	421.0413	0.118379	1	Complies

CONCULSION:

Both of the WLAN 2.4GHz Band and WLAN 5GHz Band can transmit simultaneously, the formula of calculated the MPE is:

CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 +etc. < 1

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

Therefore, the worst-case situation is 0.118379 / 1 + 0.375118 / 1 = 0.493497, which isless than "1". This confirmed that the device comply with FCC 1.1310 MPE limit.

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