

Appendix B. Maximum Permissible Exposure



1. Maximum Permissible Exposure

1.1. Applicable Standard

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 35 cm normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842 / f	4.89 / f	(900 / f)*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			F/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6

(A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

(B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time E ² , H ² or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz ; *Plane-wave equivalent power density

1.2. MPE Calculation Method

$$E (V/m) = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
 Power Density: $Pd (W/m^2) = \frac{E^2}{377}$

E = Electric field (V/m)

P = Average RF output power (W)

G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric)

d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)

The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$

From the EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.35m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.



1.3. Calculated Result and Limit

For 2.4GHz Band:

Antenna Type : Print Antenna

Max Conducted Power for IEEE 802.11g: 26.41 dBm

Directional Antenna Gain (dBi)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (mW)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm²)	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm ²)	Test Result
5.12	3.2509	26.4067	437.1912	0.092373	1	Complies

Note: Directional Antenna Gain = $10\log(10^{G1/20}+10^{G2/20}+10^{G2/20})^2/n$

LTE Module (FCC ID: N7NMC7700)

Frequency range: 824 MHz

Antenna Type: Print Antenna (7.5 dBi)

Max Conducted Power: 32.5 dBm

EIRP power(dBm)	EIRP power(mW)	Power Density (S)	Limit of Power Density (S)	
		(mW/cm²)	(mW/cm²)	
40	10000	0.497	0.55	

CONCULSION:

Both of the WLAN function and LTE function can transmit simultaneously, the formula of calculated the MPE is:

CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 +etc. < 1

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density

Therefore, the worst-case situation is 0.092373 / 1+ 0.497 / 0.55 = 0.996009, which isless than "1". This confirmed that the device comply with FCC 1.1310 MPE limit.