

DFS Test Report

Applicant	:	MobileHelp, LLC
Product Type	:	LTE Module
Trade Name	:	Quectel
Model Number	:	SC20-A
Applicable Standard	:	FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART E ANSI C63.10:2013
Receive Date	:	Apr. 09, 2019
Test Period	:	May 10, 2019
Issue Date	:	Jun. 14, 2019

Issue by

A Test Lab Techno Corp. No. 140-1, Changan Street, Bade District, Taoyuan City 33465, Taiwan (R.O.C.) Tel: +886-3-2710188 / Fax: +886-3-2710190



<u>Taiwan Accreditation Foundation accreditation number</u>: 1330 Test Firm MRA designation number: TW0010

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Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
00	Jun. 14, 2019	Initial Issue	Tobey Cheng



Verification of Compliance

Issued Date: Jun. 14, 2019

Applicant	:	MobileHelp, LLC
Product Type	:	LTE Module
Trade Name	:	Quectel
Model Number	:	SC20-A
FCC ID	:	PXT-201706SC20A
EUT Rated Voltage	:	DC 3.5 V ~ DC 4.2 V
Test Voltage	:	120 Vac / 60 Hz
Applicable Standard	:	FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART E ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Result	:	Complied
Performing Lab.	:	A Test Lab Techno Corp. No. 140-1, Changan Street, Bade District, Taoyuan City 33465, Taiwan (R.O.C.) Tel : +886-3-2710188 / Fax : +886-3-2710190 Taiwan Accreditation Foundation accreditation number: 1330 http://www.atl-lab.com.tw/e-index.htm

A Test Lab Techno Corp. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by A Test Lab Techno Corp. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

(Fly Lu) Reviewed By Erc : Approved By (Testing Engineer) (Manager) (Eric Ou Yang)

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1 EUT Description

Applicant	MobileHelp, LLC 5050 Conference Way N, Suite	125, Boca Raton, F	lorida 33	3431, United	States	
Manufacturer	Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd. 7th Floor, Hongye Building, No.1801 Hongmei Road, Xuhui District, Shanghai 200233, China					
Product Type	LTE Module	LTE Module				
Trade Name	Quectel					
Model Number	SC20-A	SC20-A				
FCC ID	PXT-201706SC20A					
Class II Permissive Change	 This is to request a Class II performing originally granted on 6/13/2019. The major change filed under the Change #1: Host added, Mobile #2: Disable GSM, WCDMA B4 at #3: Reduce the Output Power the evaluated. (Only reduce WCDMA band2/L1 undescribed parts haven't chan #4: Addition antennas, the WWA original grant, WLAN/Bluetooth radiated emission has verified at undescribed parts antenna gain 	nis application is: eHelp, model number and LTE bands B7, hrough firmware, an TE band2/Wi-Fi 2.40 ges). AN WCDMA/LTE ba antenna type differe and compliance with	er: DC-TE 313,B25, Id SAR m GHz/Blue and 2 ant ent from o FCC reg	3S2-01 B26 by firmw neasurement etooth output enna gain hiq original grant	/are. were Power, other gher then . The	
Host Information	Product Type: Tablet Base Stati Trade Name: MobileHelp Model Name: DC-TBS2-01	on				
IMEI No.	015559000091890					
	Frequency Ba	nd	-	ency Range MHz)	Number of Channels	
	IEEE 802.11a	U-NII Band II-A	5260 - 5320		4	
Onerete Freewanes		U-NII Band II-C	5500 – 5700		8	
Operate Frequency	IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 20 MHz	U-NII Band II-A	526	0 – 5320	4	
		U-NII Band II-C	5500 – 5700		8	
	IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 40 MHz	U-NII Band II-A		0 – 5310	2	
		U-NII Band II-C	551	0 – 5670	3	
Modulation Type	OFDM					
Equipment Type (DFS)	Client without radar detection					
	Type Frequency Max. Gain (MHz) (dBi)					
Antenna information	SMT PCB Antenna	5260~5320)	1.	55	
		5500~5700	5500~5700 1.65		65	
Antenna Delivery	1TX					
Operate Temp. Range	-40 ~ 75 °C					



Items	Description			
Communication Mode	■IP Based (Load Based)	□Frame Based		
TPC Function	□With TPC	Without TPC		
Weather Band (5600 ~ 5650 MHz)	□With 5600 ~ 5650 MHz	■Without 5600 ~ 5650 MHz		
Beamforming Function	With Beamforming	Without Beamforming		
	Outdoor access point (point-to-point)	nt)		
	Outdoor access point (point-to-mu	tipoint)		
Equipment Type	□Indoor access point			
	□Fixed point-to-point access points			
	Client devices			
	□Master			
	Client with radar detection			
Operating mode	Client without radar detection			
Operating mode	Ad-Hoc			
	Bridge			
	MESH			
Test AP FCC ID	PY315100319			

Note : DFS controls (hardware or software) related to radar detection are NOT accessible to the user.

Manufacturer statement confirming that information regarding the parameters of the detected Radar Waveforms is not available to the end user.



2 Test Methodology

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013, FCC CFR 47 Part 2, FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC KDB request:

- FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02
- FCC KDB 905462 D03 UNII Clients Without Radar Detection New Rules v01r02



3 Dynamic Frequency Selection

3.1. Limits

§15.407 (h) and FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02 Compliance measurement procedures for unlicensed-national information infrastructure devcies operating in the 5250-5350 MHZ and 5470-5725 MHZ bands incorporating dynamic frequency selection.

Table 1: Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel				
	Operational Mode			
Requirement	Master Client (without radar detection) Client (with radar detection)			
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes	
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes	
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes	

Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation					
	Operational Mode				
Requirement	Master Device or Client With Radar Detection				
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes Not required				
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes			
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes			
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required			

Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master Device or Client With Radar Detection	Client without Radar Detection
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required
	h and frequencies near the edge of elect frequencies in all 20 MHz chan	the radar detection bandwidth. For



Table 3: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices With Radar Detection			
Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1,2 and 3)		
EIRP ≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm		
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and Power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm		
IRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral -64 dBm -64 dBm			
Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna. Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response. Note 3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to FCC KDB Publication 662911			

D01.

Table 4: DFS Response Requirement Values			
Parameter	Value		
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes		
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds		
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. See Notes 1 and 2.		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100 % of the U-NII 99 % transmission power bandwidth. See Note 3.		
Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type			

Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.



se Width µsec) 1	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of
1				Trials
	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in <u>Table 5a</u> Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Roundup} \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{360}\right) \\ \left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{\text{PRI}_{\mu \text{sec}}}\right) \end{cases} \end{array}$	60 %	30
1-5	150-230	23-29	60 %	30
6-10	200-500	16-18	60 %	30
11-20	200-500	12-16	60 %	30
es 1-4)			80 %	120
1	6-10 11-20 es 1-4)	selected from the list of 23 PRI values in <u>Table 5a</u> Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A 1-5 150-230 6-10 200-500 11-20 200-500 es 1-4) adar Type 0 should be used for the	Selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a Roundup Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A Roundup 1-5 19·10 ⁶ 10 1-5 150-230 23-29 6-10 200-500 16-18 11-20 200-500 12-16 es 1-4) adar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwice	selected from the list of 23 PRI values in <u>Table 5a</u> Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A Roundup (<u>19·10⁶</u>) 1-5 150-230 23-29 6-10 200-500 16-18 11-20 200-500 12-16 60 % 80 % adar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel model



Table 5a	Table 5a: Pulse Repetition Intervals Values for Test A				
Pulse Repetition Frequency Number	Pulse Repetition Frequency (Pulses Per Second)	Pulse Repetition Interval (Microseconds)			
1	1930.5	518			
2	1858.7	538			
3	1792.1	558			
4	1730.1	578			
5	1672.2	598			
6	1618.1	618			
7	1567.4	638			
8	1519.8	658			
9	1474.9	678			
10	1432.7	698			
11	1392.8	718			
12	1355	738			
13	1319.3	758			
14	1285.3	778			
15	1253.1	798			
16	1222.5	818			
17	1193.3	838			
18	1165.6	858			
19	1139	878			
20	1113.6	898			
21	1089.3	918			
22	1066.1	938			
23	326.2	3066			

	Table 6 – Long Pulse Radar Test Signal							
Radar Waveform	Bursts	Pulses per Burst	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials	
5	8-20	1-3	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	80 %	30	

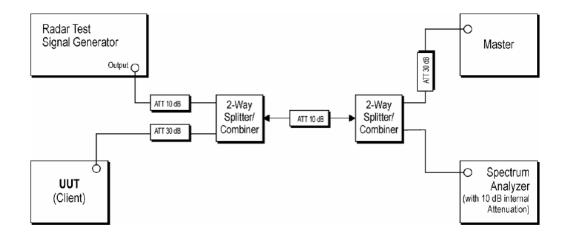
	Table 7 – Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal							
Radar Waveform	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Burst Length (ms)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials	
6	1	333	300	9	0.333	70 %	30	



3.2. Test and Measurement System

3.2.1. Setup for Client with injection at the Master

Example Radiated Setup where UUT is a Client and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master



Tested System Details

The types for all equipments, plus descriptions of all cables used in the tested system (including inserted cards) are:

Product		Product Manufacturer		ID	
1.	Netgear Access Point	Netgear	R7800	FCC : PY35100319	

3.2.2. System Calibration

The short pulse types 0,1,2, 3 and 4, and the long pulse type 5 parameters are randomized at run-time. The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the May 2014 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02 The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from FL to FH for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.



3.2.3. System Calibration

The Interference Radar Detection Threshold Level is (-64 dBm), The above equipment setup was used to calibrate the radiated Radar Waveform. A vector signal generator was utilized to establish the test signal level for each radar type. During this process there were replace 50 ohm terminal form Master and Client device and no transmissions by either the Master or Client Device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero span (Time Domain) at the frequency of the Radar Waveform generator. Peak detection was used. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to at least 3 MHz.

The vector signal generator amplitude was set so that the power level measured at the spectrum analyzer was (-64 dBm). Capture the spectrum analyzer plots on short pulse radar types, long pulse radar type and hopping radar waveform.

3.2.4. Adjustment of Displayed Traffic Level

A link is established between the Master and Slave and the distance between the units is adjusted as needed to provide a suitable received level at the Master and Slave devices. Software to ping the client is permitted to simulate data transfer but must have random ping intervals. The monitoring antenna is adjusted so that the WLAN traffic level, as displayed on the spectrum analyzer, is at lower amplitude than the radar detection threshold.

3.3. Test Instruments

Test Pe	riod	Ma	ay 10, 2	019		
					 _	

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer (20 Hz~26.5 GHz)	Agilent	N9020A	US47520902	09/25/2018	1 year
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182B	MY53050382	05/24/2018	1 year

Note N.C.R. = No Calibration Request.



4 Test Methodology

4.1. Mode of Operation

Decision of Test ATL has verified the construction and function in typical operation. All the test modes were carried out with the EUT in normal operation, which was shown in this test report and defined as: Test Mode

Mode 1: IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 40 MHz Continuous TX mode

IEEE 802.11n 5 GHz 40 MHz Continuous TX mode Unless otherwise noted, all tests were performed with the radar burst at the channel center frequency of 5550 MHz.

4.2. EUT Test Step

1.	Setup the EUT shown on 3.2.1
2.	Turn on the power of all equipment.
3.	Turn on Wi-Fi function link to Notebook.
4.	The EUT is operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency for the purposes of measurement.

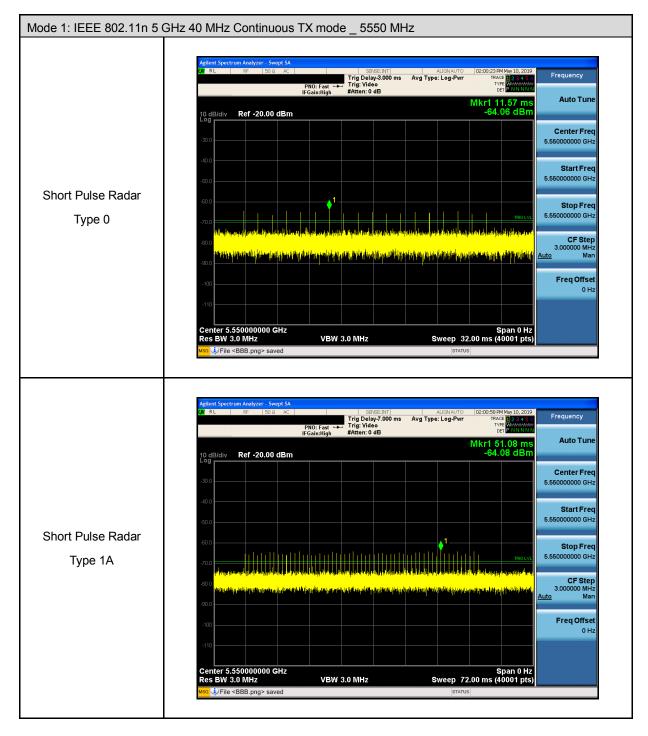
4.3. Test Site Environment

Items	Required (IEC 60068-1)	Actual
Temperature (°C)	15-35	26
Humidity (%RH)	25-75	60
Barometric pressure (mbar)	860-1060	990

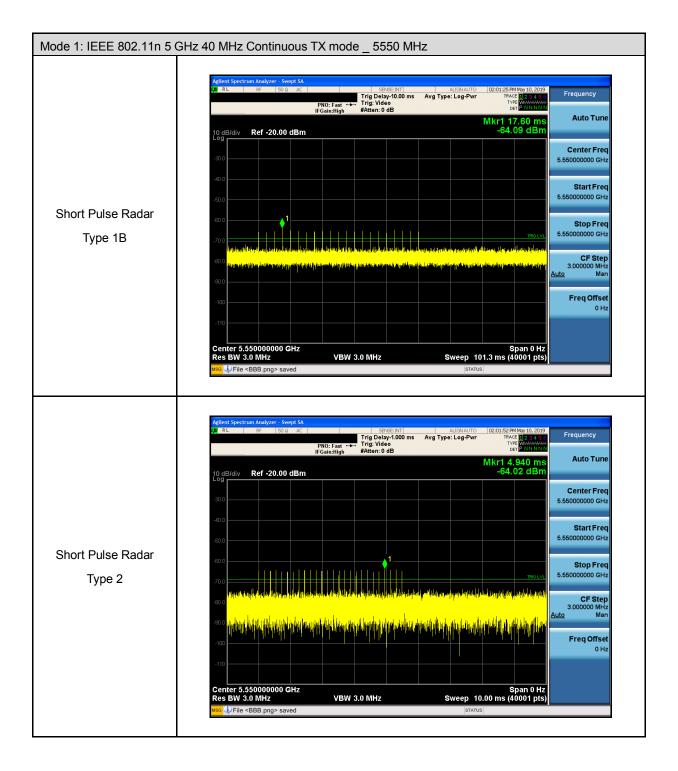


5 Test Results

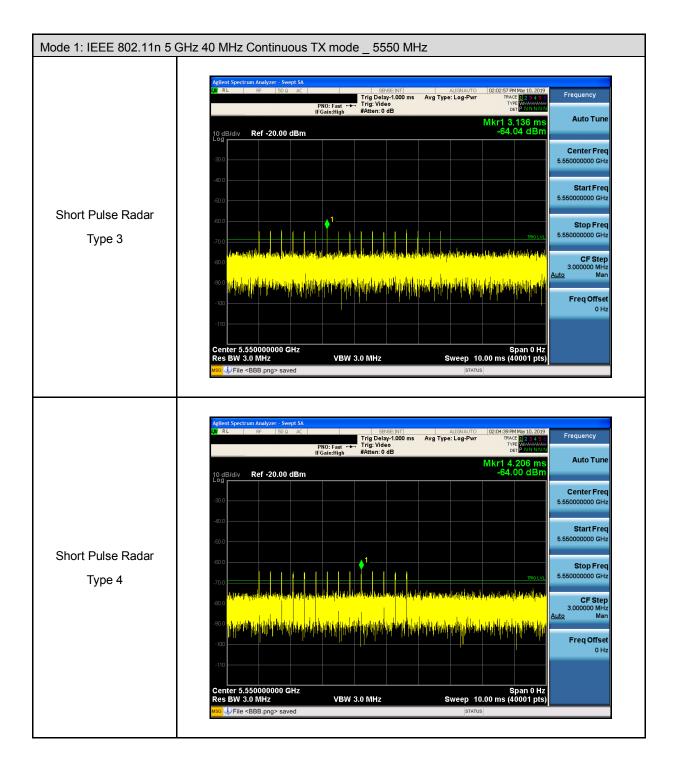
5.1. Radar Waveforms and Traffic



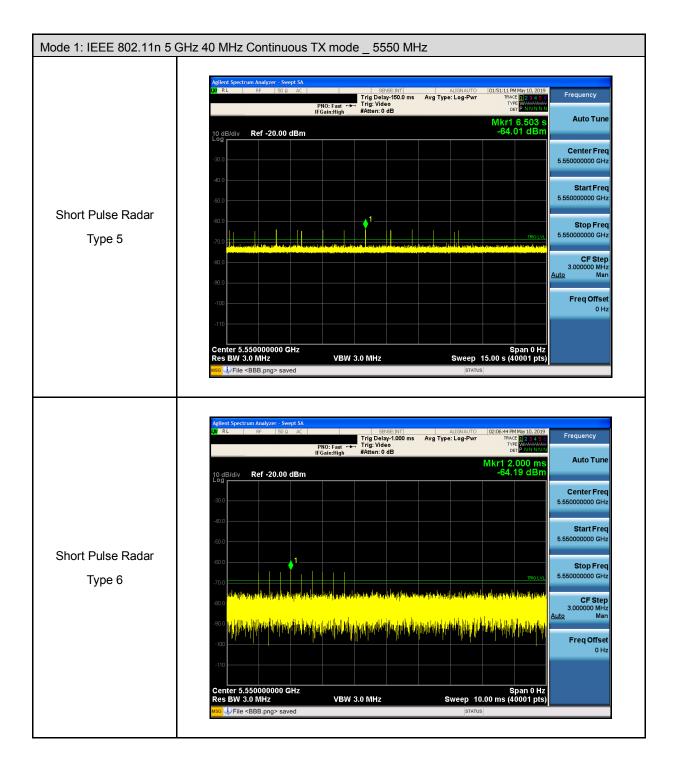














5.2. Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time

5.2.1. Reporting Notes

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

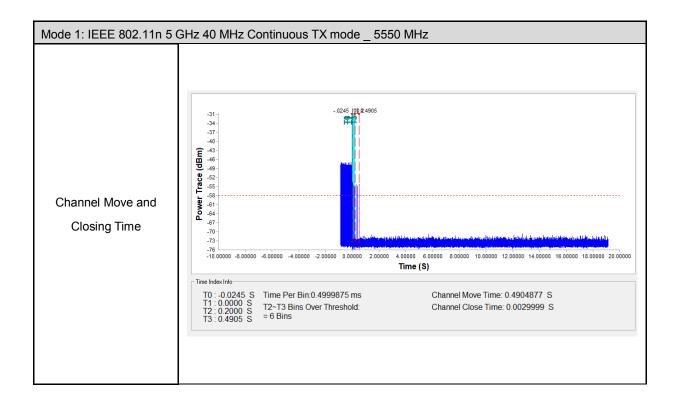
The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows: Aggregate Transmission Time = (Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

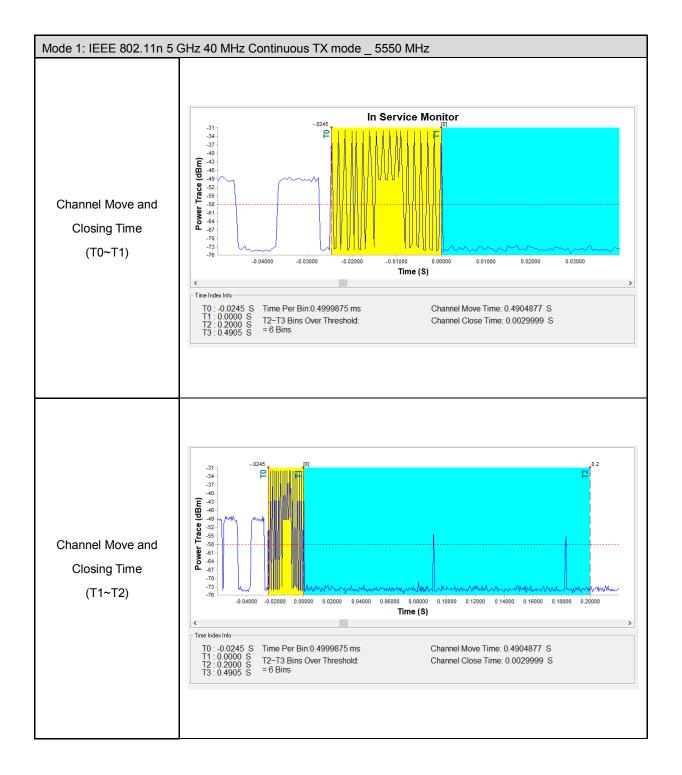
Results

Frequency	Radar Type	Channel Move Time	Limit
(MHz)		(sec)	(sec)
5550	Туре 0	0.4905	10

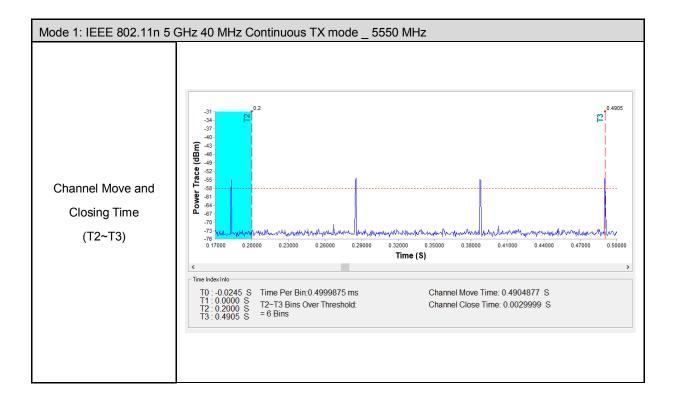
Frequency (MHz)	Radar Type	Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time (msec)	Limit (msec)
5550	Туре 0	2.9999	60





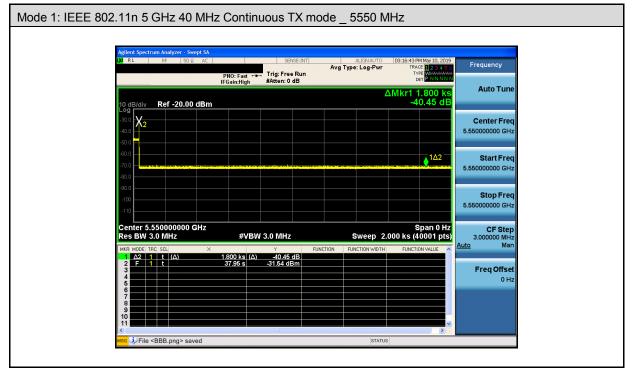








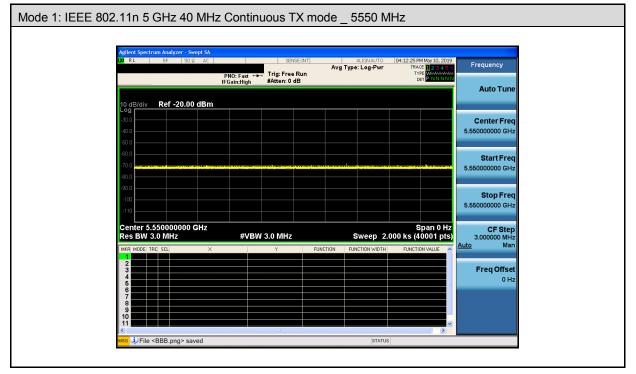
5.3. Non-Occupancy Period



Note: Non-Occupancy Period time is 30 minute during which a Channel will not be utilized after a Radar Waveform is detected on that Channel.



5.4. Non-Associated Test



Note: The non-associated Client Beacon Test is during the 30 minutes observation time. The EUT should not make any transmissions in the DFS band after EUT power up.