
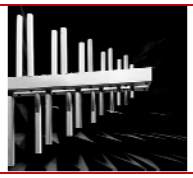
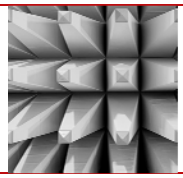

CETECOM™
CETECOM ICT Services
consulting - testing - certification

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-3430/11-01-11-C

ilac-MRA DAkkS Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle D-PL-12076-01-01

Testing laboratory

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH
Untertuerkheimer Strasse 6 – 10
66117 Saarbruecken / Germany
Phone: + 49 681 5 98 - 0
Fax: + 49 681 5 98 - 9075
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e-mail: ict@cetecom.com

Accredited Testing Laboratory:
The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)
The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-01
Area of Testing: Radio/Satellite Communications

Applicant

Ericsson AB
Lindholmspiren 11
41756 Gothenburg / SWEDEN
Phone: +46 10 7129 00 00
Fax: +46 10 712 60 33
Contact: Anna Jansson
e-mail: anna.jansson@ericsson.com
Phone: +46 10 712 21 38

Manufacturer

Ericsson AB
Lindholmspiren 11
41756 Gothenburg / SWEDEN

Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 22	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I Part 22 - Public mobile services
47 CFR Part 24	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I Part 24 - Personal communications services
RSS - 132 Issue 2	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Policy - Radio Standards Specifications Cellular Telephones Employing New Technologies Operating in the Bands 824-849 MHz and 869-894 MHz

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test item

Kind of test item:	**PCIe Wireless mini card**
Model name:	**C5621**
FCC ID:	**VV7-MBMC5621**
IC:	**287AG-MBMC5621**
Frequency:	**GSM: 824.2 – 848.8 MHz, 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz** **UMTS: 826.4 – 848.6 MHz, 1852.4 – 1907.6 MHz**
Power supply:	**3.60 V DC by Power Supply**
Temperature range:	**-30 °C to 60 °C**

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwriting signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorised:

cn=Stefan Boes, o=CETECOM ICT Services GmbH, ou=BOE-111011, email=Stefan.Boes@cetecom.com, c=DE
2011.11.23 07:01:50 +01'00'

Stefan Bös
Senior Testing Manager

Test performed:

cn=Jakob Reschke, o=CETECOM ICT Services GmbH, ou=RES-101109, email=Jakob.Reschke@cetecom.com, c=DE
2011.11.23 06:59:34 +01'00'

Jakob Reschke
Testing Manager

1 Table of contents

2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CETECOM ICT Services GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.
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This test report replaces the test report with the number 1-3430/11-01-11-B and dated 2011-11-15

2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2011-09-06
Date of receipt of test item:	2011-09-07
Start of test:	2011-11-03
End of test:	2011-11-08
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

3 Test standard/s

Test standard	Date	Test standard description
47 CFR Part 22	2010-10	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I Part 22 - Public mobile services
47 CFR Part 24	2010-10	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I Part 24 - Personal communications services
RSS - 132 Issue 2	2005-09	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Policy - Radio Standards Specifications Cellular Telephones Employing New Technologies Operating in the Bands 824-849 MHz and 869-894 MHz
RSS - 133 Issue 5	2009-02	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Policy - Radio Standards Specifications 2 GHz Personal Communication Services

4 Test environment

Temperature:	T_{nom}	23	°C during room temperature tests
	T_{max}	60	°C during high temperature tests
	T_{min}	-30	°C during low temperature tests
Relative humidity:		51 %	
Air pressure:		not relevant for this kind of testing	
Power supply:	V_{nom}	3.60 V	DC by Power Supply
	V_{max}	4.40 V	
	V_{min}	3.30 V	

5 Test item

Kind of test item	:	**PCIe Wireless mini card**
Type identification	:	**C5621**
S/N serial number	:	**RX: C37Z00128R IMEI: 004401701020220** **TX: C37003MPUH IMEI: 004401701020568**
HW hardware status	:	**R1**
SW software status	:	**R1C08**
Frequency band [MHz]	:	**GSM: 824.2 – 848.8 MHz, 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz** **UMTS: 826.4 – 848.6 MHz, 1852.4 – 1907.6 MHz**
Type of modulation	:	**GMSK; 8-PSK; QPSK; 16QAM**
Antenna	:	**Tested on developer board** **SMA connector with delivered rod antenna**
Power supply	:	**3.60 V DC by Power Supply**
Temperature range	:	**-30°C to 60 °C**

The receiver measurements were performed with the module with Ser.Nr. C37Z00128R. The transmitter measurements were performed with the module with Ser.Nr. C37003MPUH. According manufacturer declaration these modules only have modified transmitter parameter. The hardware and firmware are identical.

6 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

7 Summary of measurement results

☒	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained

TC identifier	Description	verdict	date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 22, 24 RSS 132, 133	passed	2011-11-23	-/-

7.1 GSM 850

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	

Note:
NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

7.2 PCS 1900

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	

Note:
NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

7.3 UMTS band II

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	

Note:
NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

7.4 UMTS band V

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
RF Output Power	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Frequency Stability	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Spurious Emissions Conducted	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Block Edge Compliance	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	
Occupied Bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	

Note:
NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

7.5 Receiver

Test Case	temperature conditions	power source voltages	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
Spurious Emissions Radiated	Nominal	Nominal	☒	☐	☐	☐	

Note:
NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

8 RF measurements

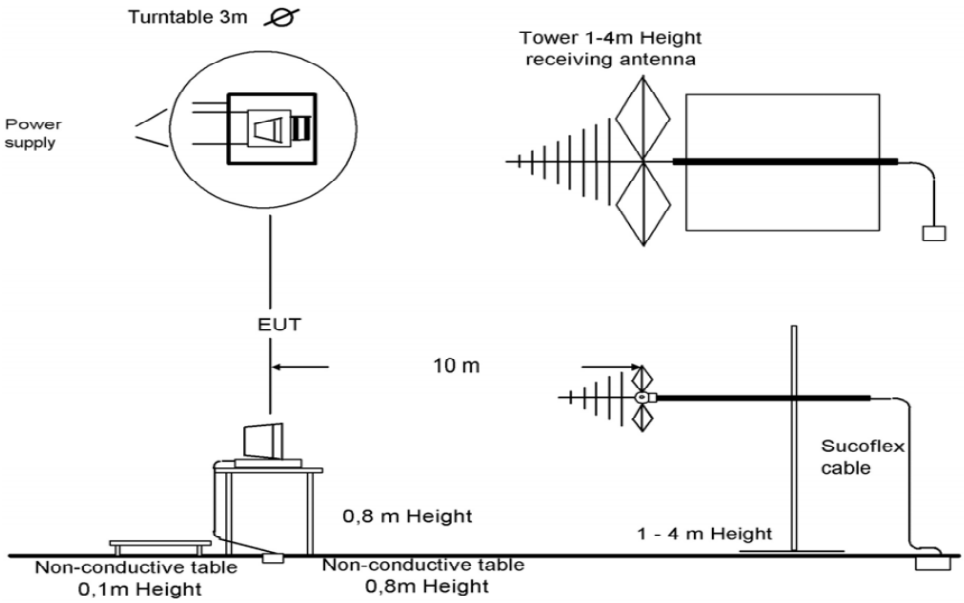
8.1 Description of test setup

For the spurious measurements we use the substitution method according TIA/EIA 603.

8.1.1 Radiated measurements

The radiated emissions from the EUT are performed in a semi anechoic chamber. The EUT is placed on a conductive turntable and powered with nominal voltage. The signalling is performed either from outside the chamber with a signalling unit (AP or other) by air link using a signalling antenna or directly by special test software from the customer.

Semi anechoic chamber

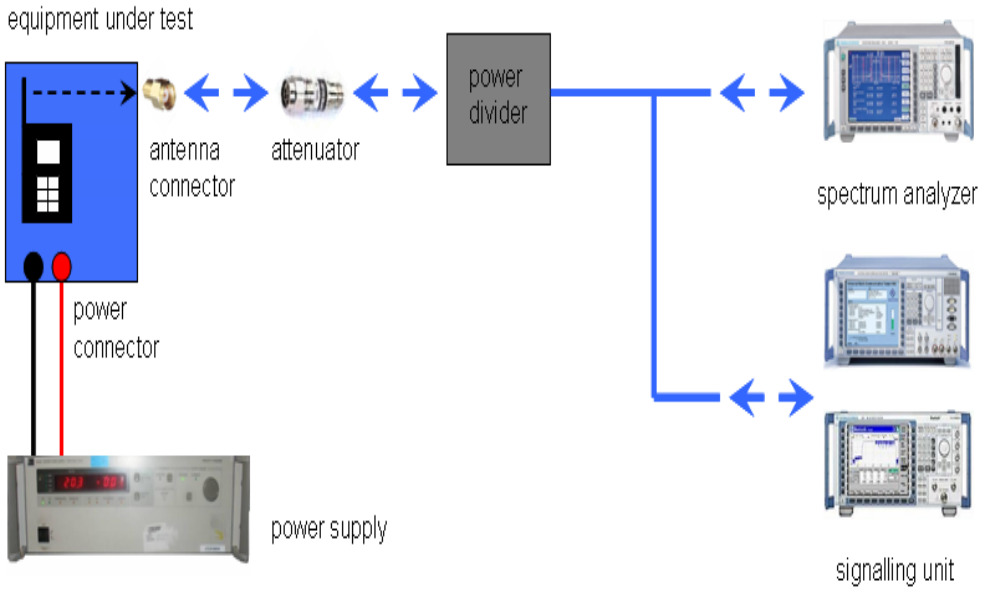


Picture 1: Diagram radiated measurements

9 kHz - 30 MHz:	active loop antenna
30 MHz – 1 GHz:	tri-log antenna
> 1 GHz:	horn antenna

8.1.2 Conducted measurements

The EUT's RF signal is coupled out by the antenna connector which is supplied by the manufacturer. The signal is first 10dB attenuated before it is power divided (~6dB loss per branch). One of the signal paths is connected to the signalling unit (AP or other), the other one is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The specific losses for both signal paths are first checked within a calibration. The measurement readings on the signalling unit/spectrum analyzer are corrected by the specific test set-up loss. The attenuator, power divider, signalling unit and the spectrum analyzer are impedance matched on 50 Ohm. If special software is used, there is no power divider necessary.



Picture 2: Diagram conducted measurements

The term measuring receiver refers to either a selective voltmeter or a spectrum analyser.

Frequency being measured f	Measuring receiver bandwidth 6 dB	Spectrum analyser bandwidth 3dB
f < 150 kHz	200 Hz or	300 Hz
150 kHz ≤ f < 25 MHz	9 kHz or	10 kHz
25 MHz ≤ f < 1000 MHz	120 kHz or	100 kHz
1000 MHz ≤ f		1 MHz
NOTE: Specific requirements in CEPT/ERC/Recommendation 70-03 [2] shall be applied where applicable.		

8.2 RSP100 test report cover sheet / performance test data

Test Report Number	:	**1-3430/11-01-11-C**			
Equipment Model Number	:	**C5621**			
Certification Number	:	**287AG-MBMC5621**			
Manufacturer (complete Address)	:	**Ericsson AB Lindholmspiren 11 41756 Gothenburg / SWEDEN**			
Tested to radio standards specification no.	:	**RSS - 132 Issue 2, RSS - 133 Issue 5**			
Open Area Test Site IC No.	:	**IC 3462C-1**			
Frequency Range	:	**GSM: 824.2 – 848.8 MHz, 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz UMTS: 826.4 – 848.6 MHz, 1852.4 – 1907.6 MHz**			
GPS receiver turned	:	**Off**			
RF-power [dBm] (max.)	:	**Band**	**Conducted**	**ERP / EIRP**	**Mode**
		GSM850	**32.3**	**32.3**	**GMSK**
			27.1	**27.2**	**8-PSK**
		GSM1900	**29.4**	**32.9**	**GMSK**
			26.0	**29.6**	**8-PSK**
		WDCMA 850	**23.6**	**23.8**	**QPSK**
		WDCMA 1900	**23.1**	**26.7**	**QPSK**
Occupied bandwidth (99%-BW) [kHz]	:	**GSM850**	**242**		**GMSK**
			248		**8-PSK**
		GSM1900	**240**		**GMSK**
			251		**8-PSK**
		WDCMA 850	**4208**		**QPSK**
		WDCMA 1900	**4208**		**QPSK**
Type of modulation	:	**GMSK; 8-PSK; QPSK; 16QAM**			
Emission Designator (TRC-43)	:	**GSM850**	**242KGXW**		**GMSK**
			248KG7W		**8-PSK**
		GSM1900	**240KGXW**		**GMSK**
			251KG7W		**8-PSK**
		WDCMA 850	**4M21F9W**		**QPSK**
		WDCMA 1900	**4M21F9W**		**QPSK**
Antenna Information	:	**Tested on developer board SMA connector with delivered rod antenna**			
Transmitter Spurious (worst case) [dBm]	:	**-48.7 @ 3345.6 MHz**			
Receiver Spurious (worst case) [µV/m @ 3m]:		**126 @ 12.7 GHz (Noise floor)**			

ATTESTATION:
DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE:

I attest that the testing was performed or supervised by me; that the test measurements were made in accordance with the above-mentioned Industry Canada standard(s); and that the equipment identified in this application has been subjected to all the applicable test conditions specified in the Industry Canada standards and all of the requirements of the standard have been met.

Laboratory Manager:

2011-11-23	Jakob Reschke	
Date	Name	Signature

8.3 Results GSM 850

All GSM-band measurements are done in GSM mode only (circuit switched).
All relevant tests have been repeated using 8-PSK modulation if EDGE mode is supported. All tests were performed with one timeslot in uplink activated and one timeslot in downlink activated. For each mode the highest output power was determined and used.

8.3.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and ERP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Span:	Zero Span
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.913 CFR Part 2.1046	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.4 and 6.4
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+38.45 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

Results:

Output Power (conducted) GMSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB)**
824.2	32.3	0.10
836.4	32.2	0.20
848.8	32.1	0.20
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (conducted) 8-PSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB)**
824.2	27.1	3.20
836.4	27.1	3.10
848.8	27.0	3.20
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (radiated) GMSK mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP**
824.2	32.0
836.4	32.2
848.8	32.3
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

Output Power (radiated) 8-PSK mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP**
824.2	26.8
836.4	27.1
848.8	27.2
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

8.3.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a “call mode”. This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.
1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom}, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 189 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom}. Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max}, in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMU200
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.355 CFR Part 2.1055	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.3 and 6.3
Frequency Stability	
± 0.1 ppm	

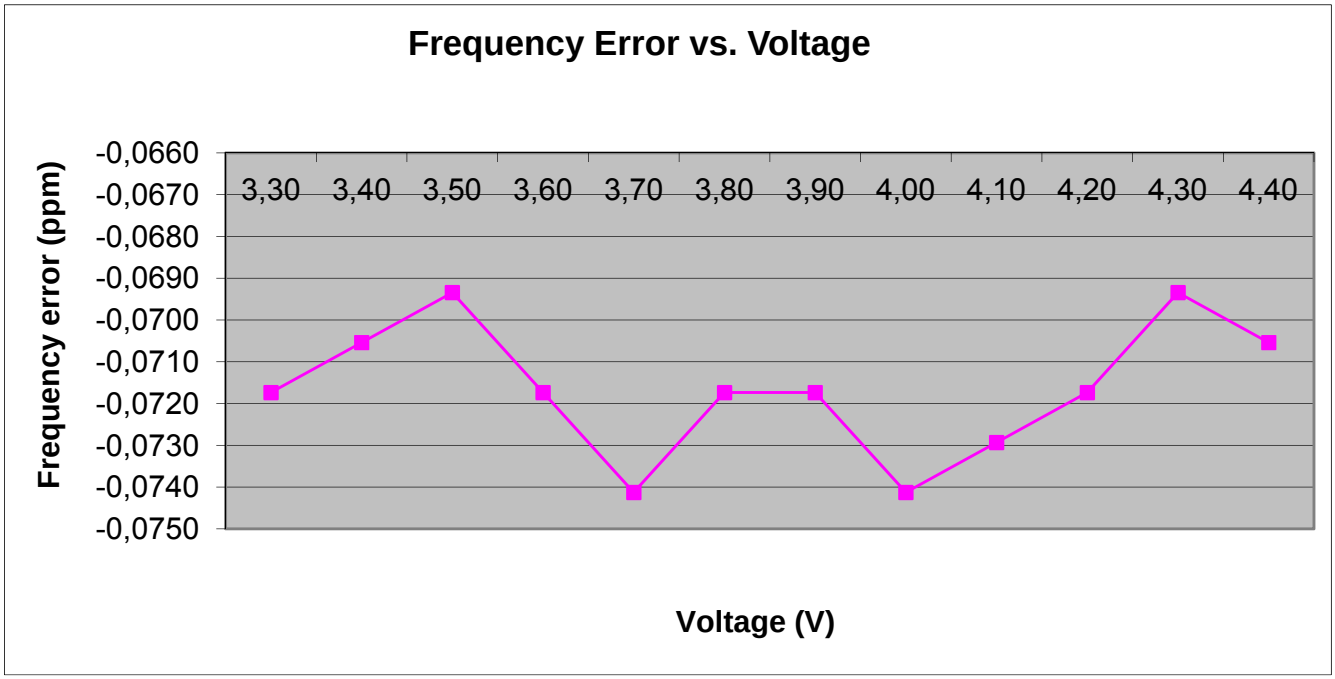
Results:

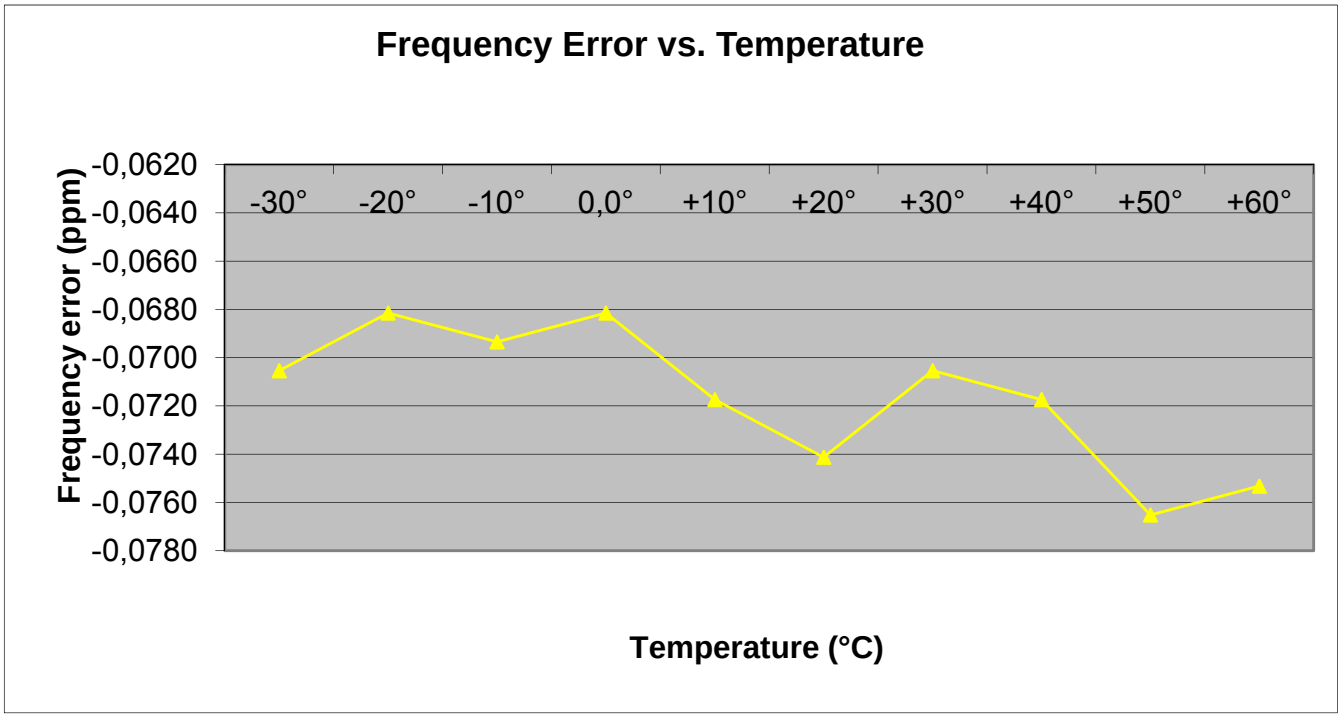
AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	-60	-0,00000717	-0,0717
3.4	-59	-0,00000705	-0,0705
3.5	-58	-0,00000693	-0,0693
3.6	-60	-0,00000717	-0,0717
3.7	-62	-0,00000741	-0,0741
3.8	-60	-0,00000717	-0,0717
3.9	-60	-0,00000717	-0,0717
4.0	-62	-0,00000741	-0,0741
4.1	-61	-0,00000729	-0,0729
4.2	-60	-0,00000717	-0,0717
4.3	-58	-0,00000693	-0,0693
4.4	-59	-0,00000705	-0,0705

AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-59	-0,00000705	-0,0705
-20	-57	-0,00000681	-0,0681
-10	-58	-0,00000693	-0,0693
± 0	-57	-0,00000681	-0,0681
10	-60	-0,00000717	-0,0717
20	-62	-0,00000741	-0,0741
30	-59	-0,00000705	-0,0705
40	-60	-0,00000717	-0,0717
50	-64	-0,00000765	-0,0765
60	-63	-0,00000753	-0,0753





Result: The result of the measurement is passed.

8.3.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 848.8 MHz. This was rounded up to 12 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 22.917. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the GSM-850 band.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603 .

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1053	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5 and 6.5
Spurious Emissions Radiated	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the GSM-850 band (824.2 MHz, 836.4 MHz and 848.8 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the GSM-850 band into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

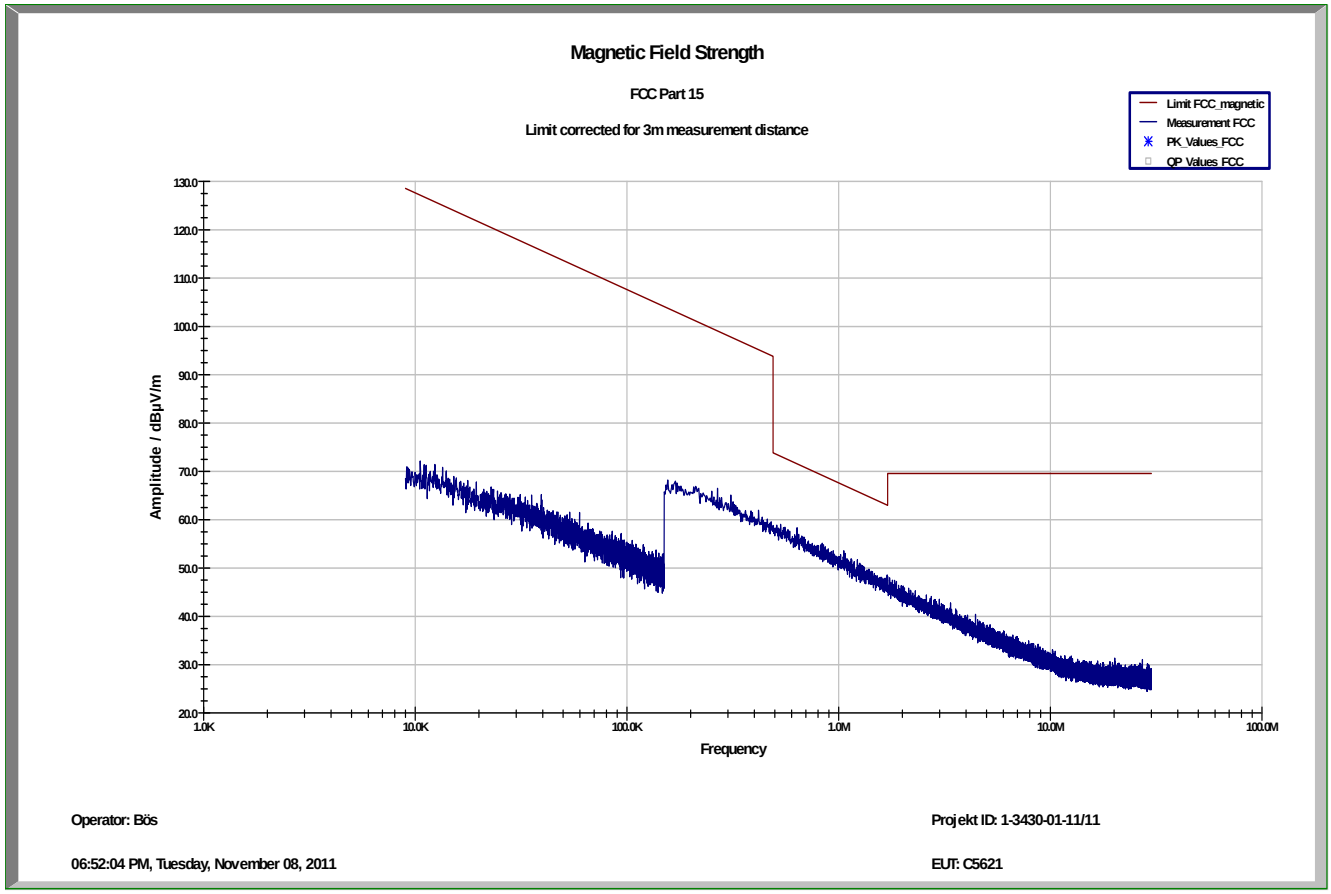
The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.
All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.
The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

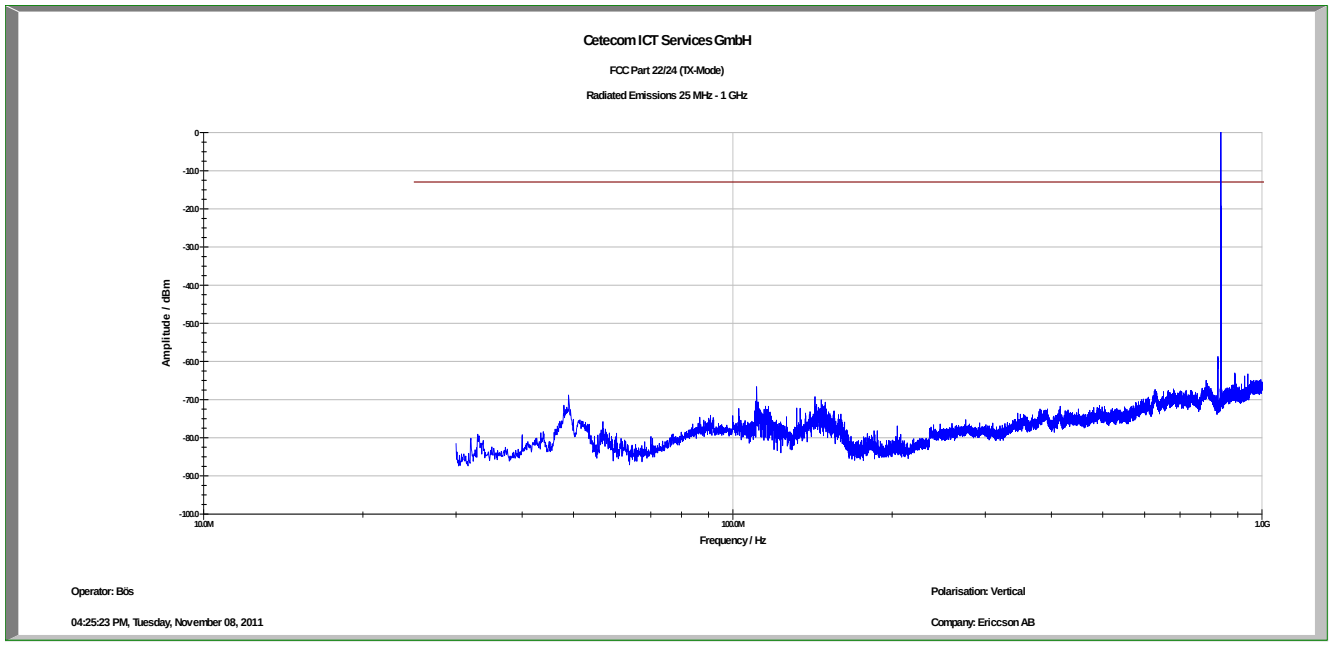
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 128 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 189 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 251 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1648.4	-	2	1672.8	-	2	1697.6	-
3	2472.6	-	3	2509.2	-	3	2546.4	-
4	3296.8	-	4	3345.6	-	4	3395.2	-
5	4121.0	-	5	4182.0	-	5	4244.0	-
6	4945.2	-	6	5018.4	-	6	5092.8	-
7	5769.4	-	7	5854.8	-	7	5941.6	-
8	6593.6	-	8	6691.2	-	8	6790.4	-
9	7417.8	-	9	7527.6	-	9	7639.2	-
10	8242.0	-	10	8364.0	-	10	8488.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB					

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

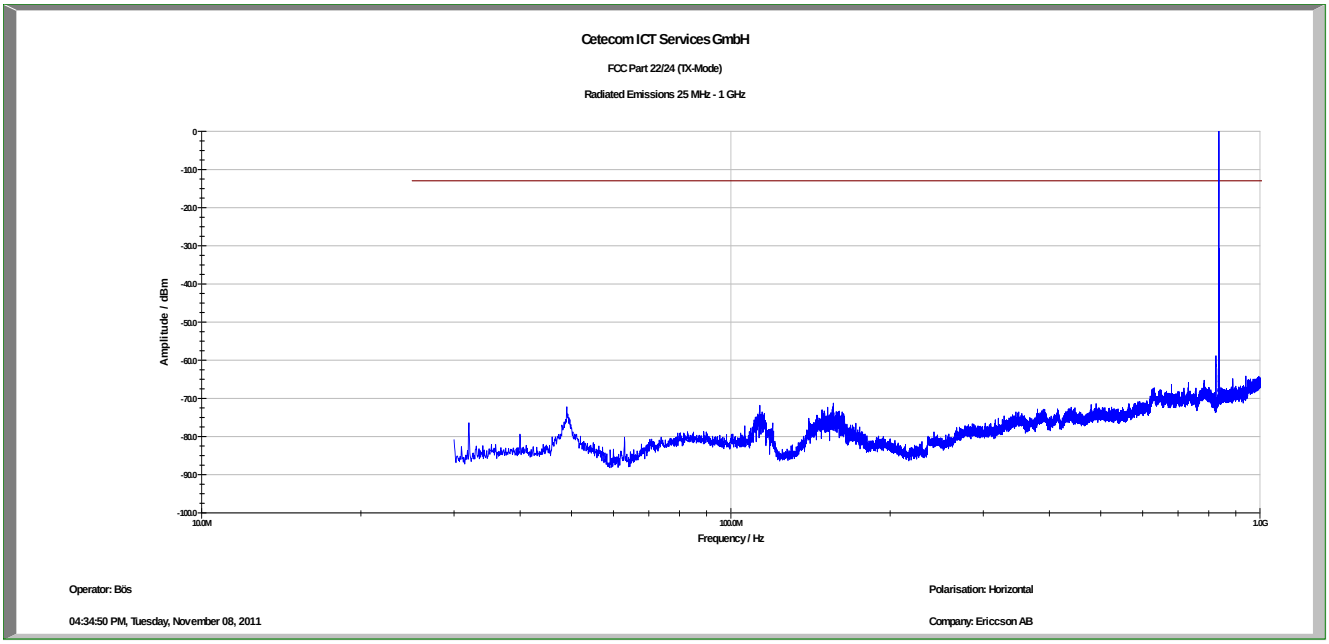
Plot 1: Channel 189 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



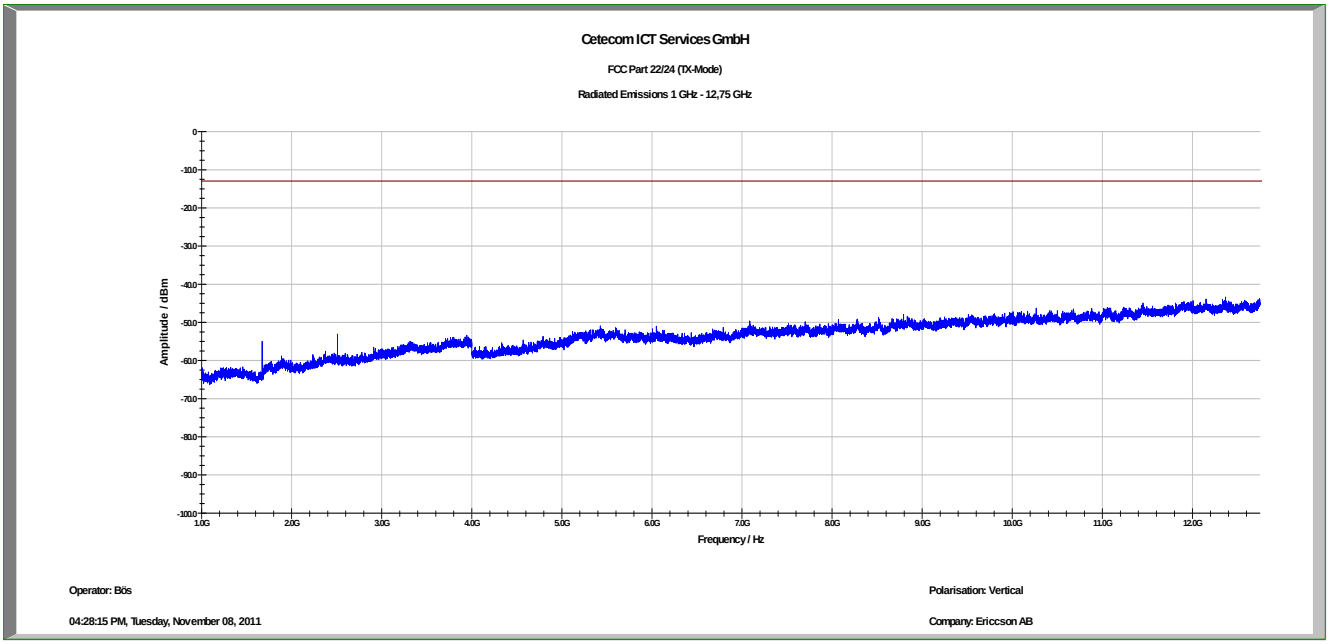
Plot 2: Channel 189 (30 MHz - 1 GHz), Antenna vertical



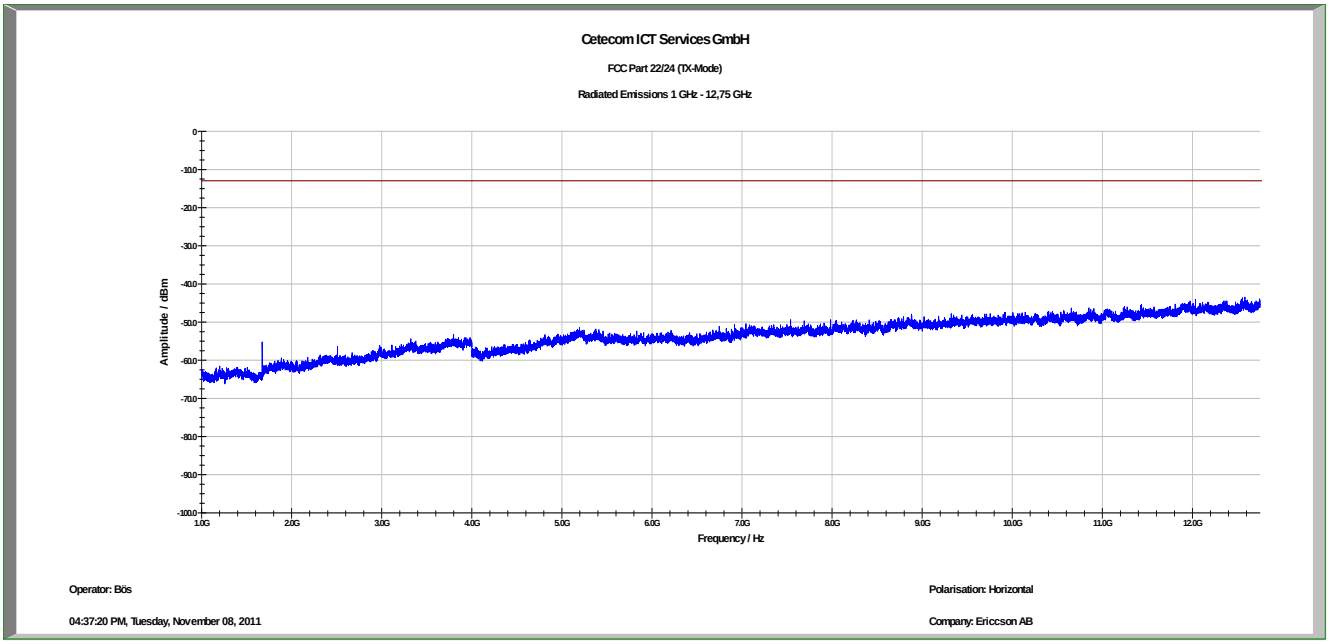
Plot 3: Channel 189 (30 MHz - 1 GHz), Antenna horizontal



Plot 4: Channel 189 (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz) , Antenna vertical



Plot 5: Channel 189 (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz) , Antenna horizontal



8.3.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.
1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 9 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 12 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

GSM-850 Transmitter Channel Frequency
128 824.2 MHz
189 836.4 MHz
251 848.8 MHz

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	30 MHz – 25 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

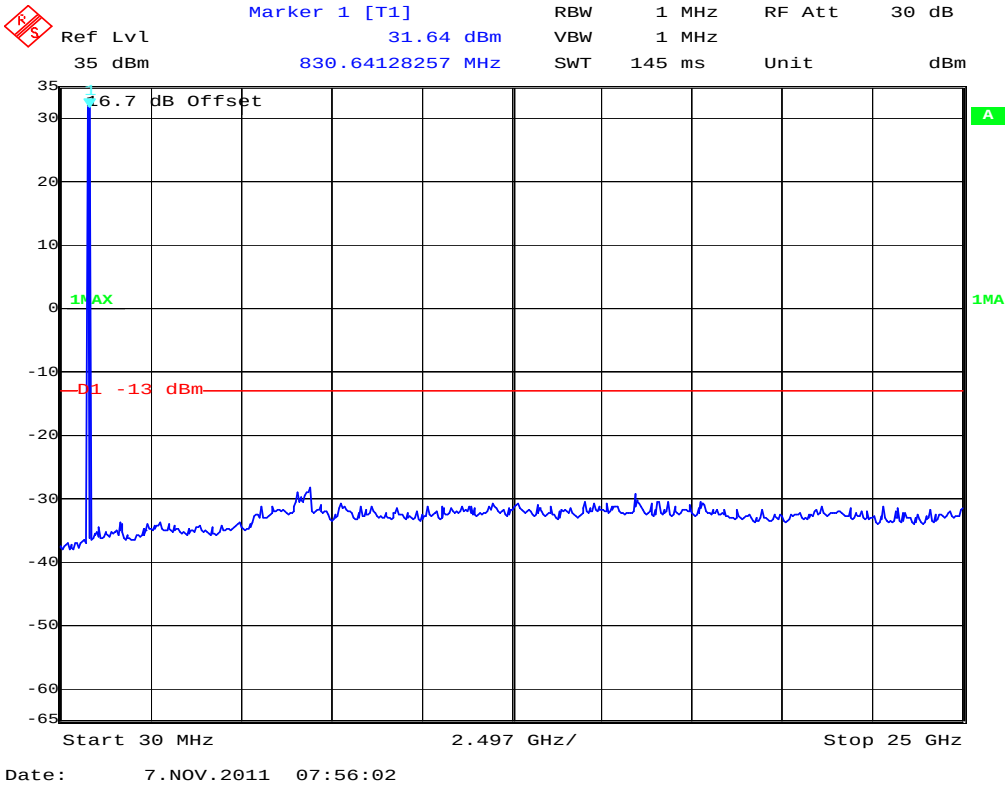
FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5 and 6.5
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

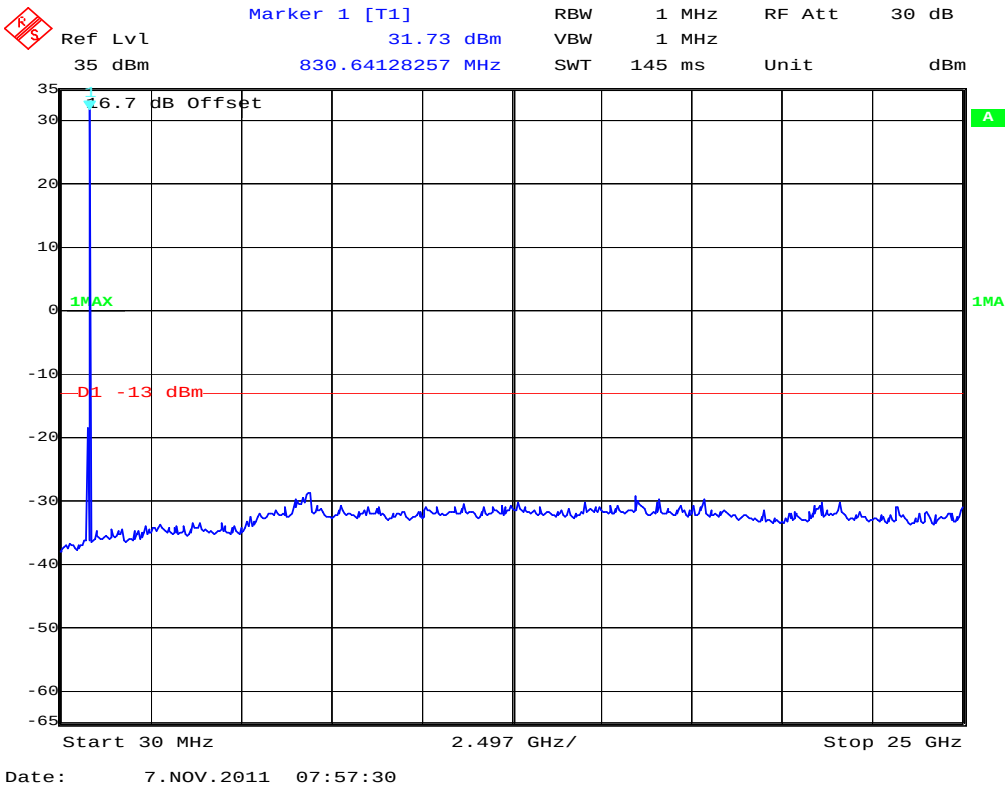
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 128 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 189 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 251 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1648.4	-	2	1672.8	-	2	1697.6	-
3	2472.6	-	3	2509.2	-	3	2546.4	-
4	3296.8	-	4	3345.6	-	4	3395.2	-
5	4121.0	-	5	4182.0	-	5	4244.0	-
6	4945.2	-	6	5018.4	-	6	5092.8	-
7	5769.4	-	7	5854.8	-	7	5941.6	-
8	6593.6	-	8	6691.2	-	8	6790.4	-
9	7417.8	-	9	7527.6	-	9	7639.2	-
10	8242.0	-	10	8364.0	-	10	8488.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB					

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

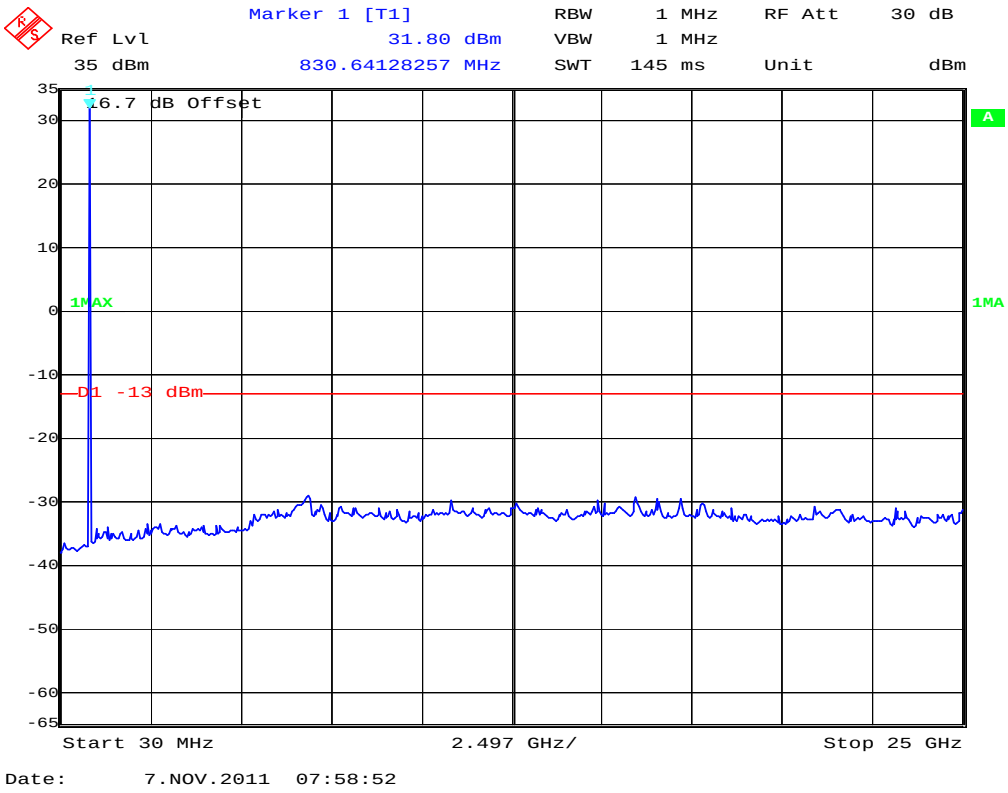
Plot 1: Channel 128 (30 MHz - 25 GHz)



Plot 2: Channel 189 (30 MHz - 25 GHz)



Plot 3: Channel 251 (30 MHz - 25 GHz)



8.3.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

Measurement:

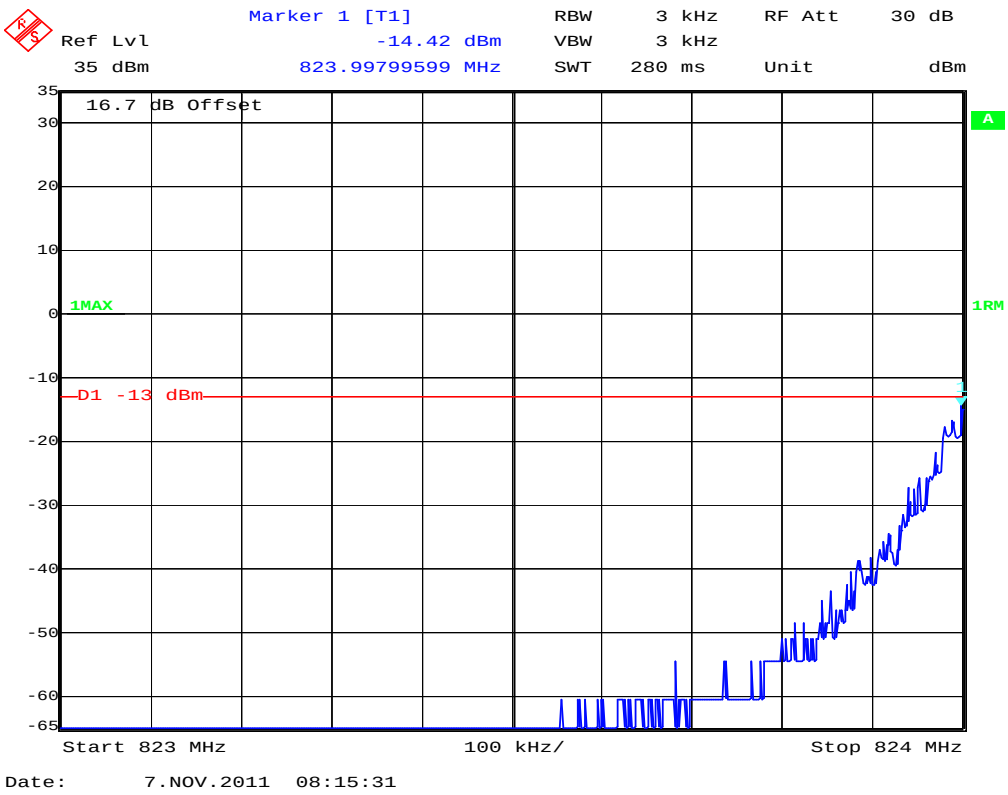
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

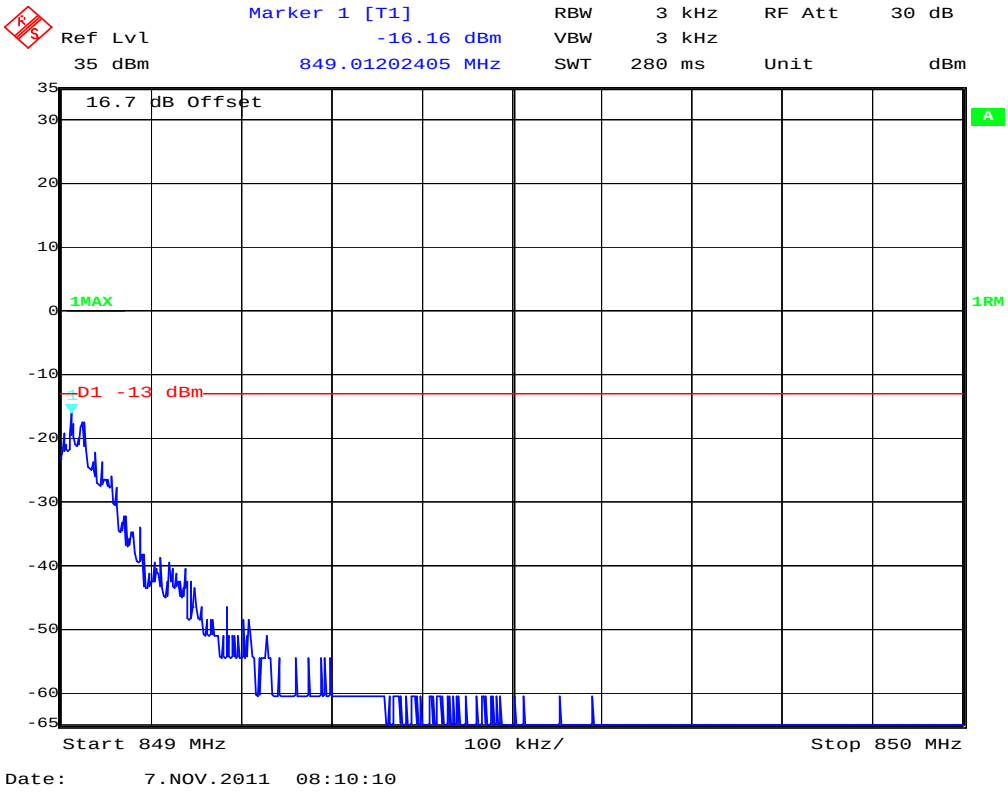
FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 6.5
Block Edge Compliance	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

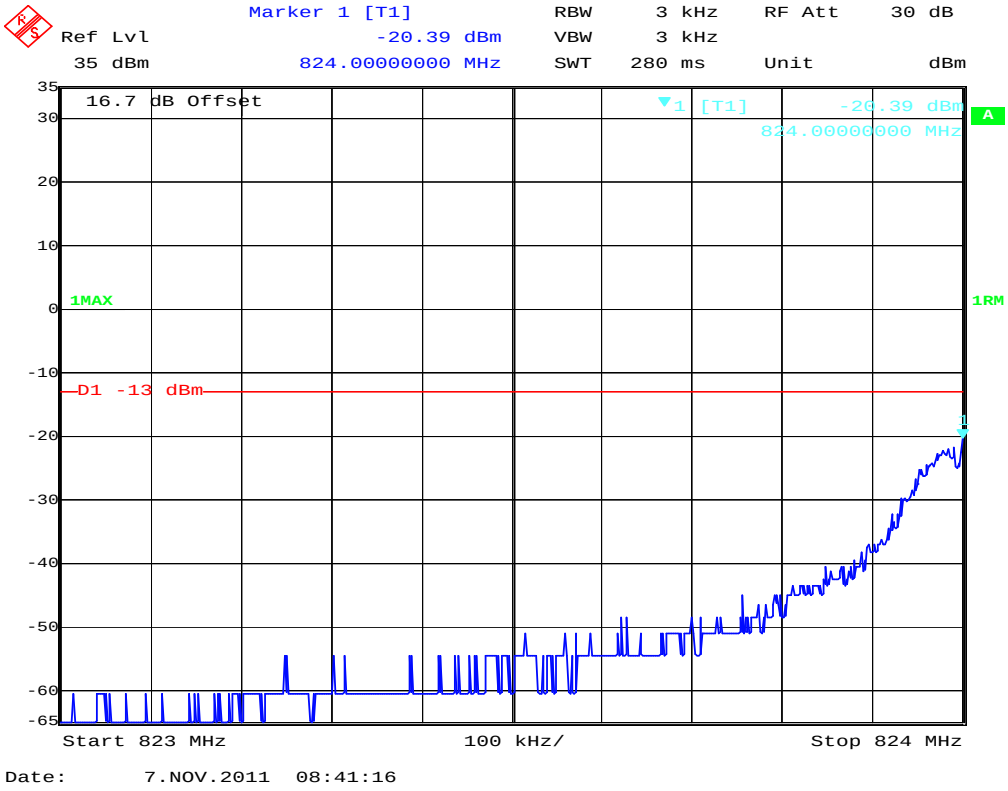
Plot 1: Channel 128 (GSM-mode)



Plot 2: Channel 251 (GSM-mode)



Plot 3: Channel 128 (EDGE-mode)



Plot 4: Channel 251 (EDGE-mode)

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

8.3.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the GSM-850 frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 22.917 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 300 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 3 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 3.0 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1049	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5.1
Occupied Bandwidth	
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	

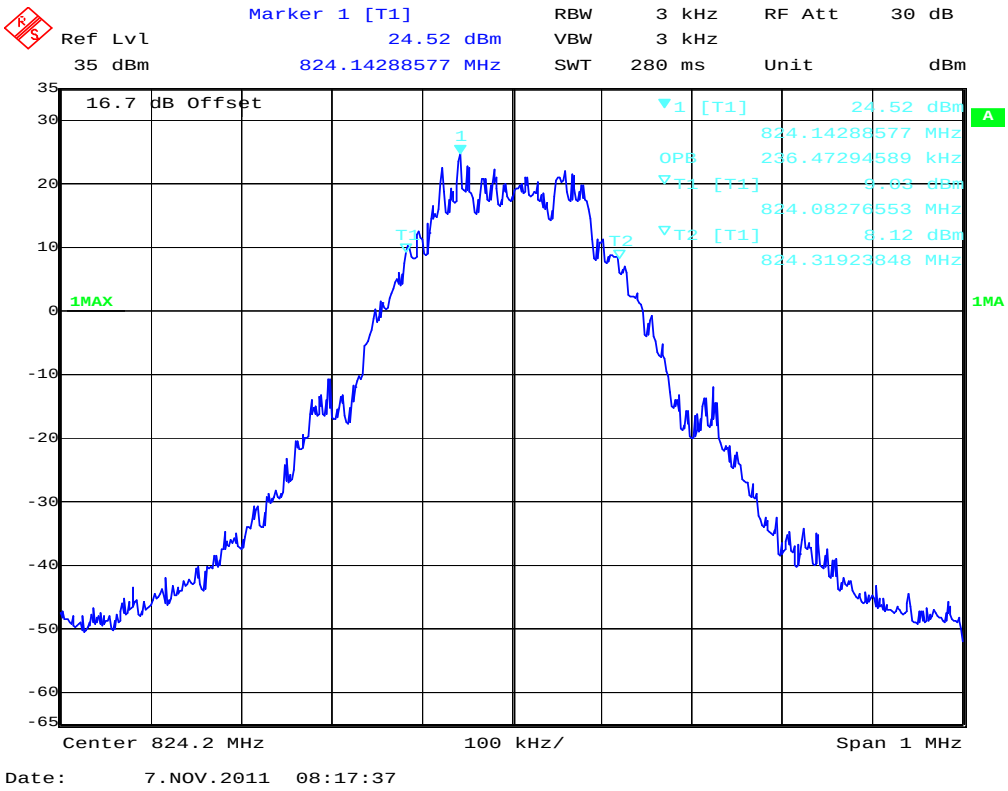
Results:

Occupied Bandwidth - GMSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**99% OBW (kHz)**	**-26 dBc BW (kHz)**
824.2	238	311
836.4	238	311
848.8	242	309
Measurement uncertainty	± 3 kHz	

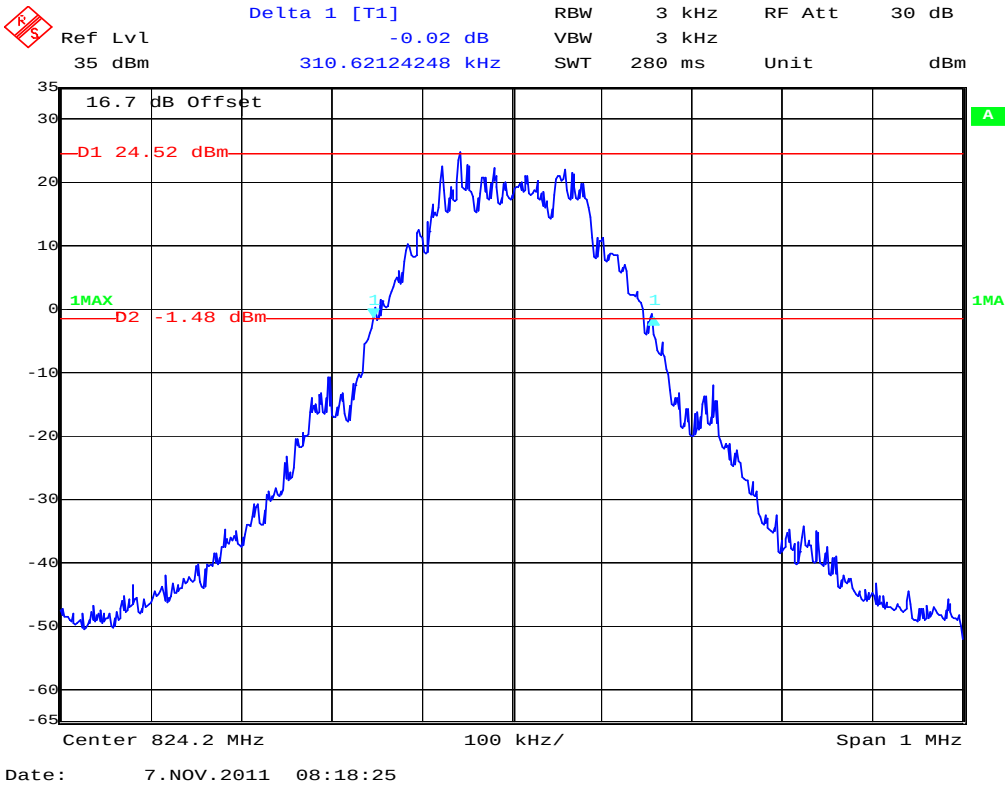
Occupied Bandwidth - EDGE mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**99% OBW (kHz)**	**-26 dBc BW (kHz)**
824.2	244	317
836.4	248	313
848.8	248	311
Measurement uncertainty	± 3 kHz	

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

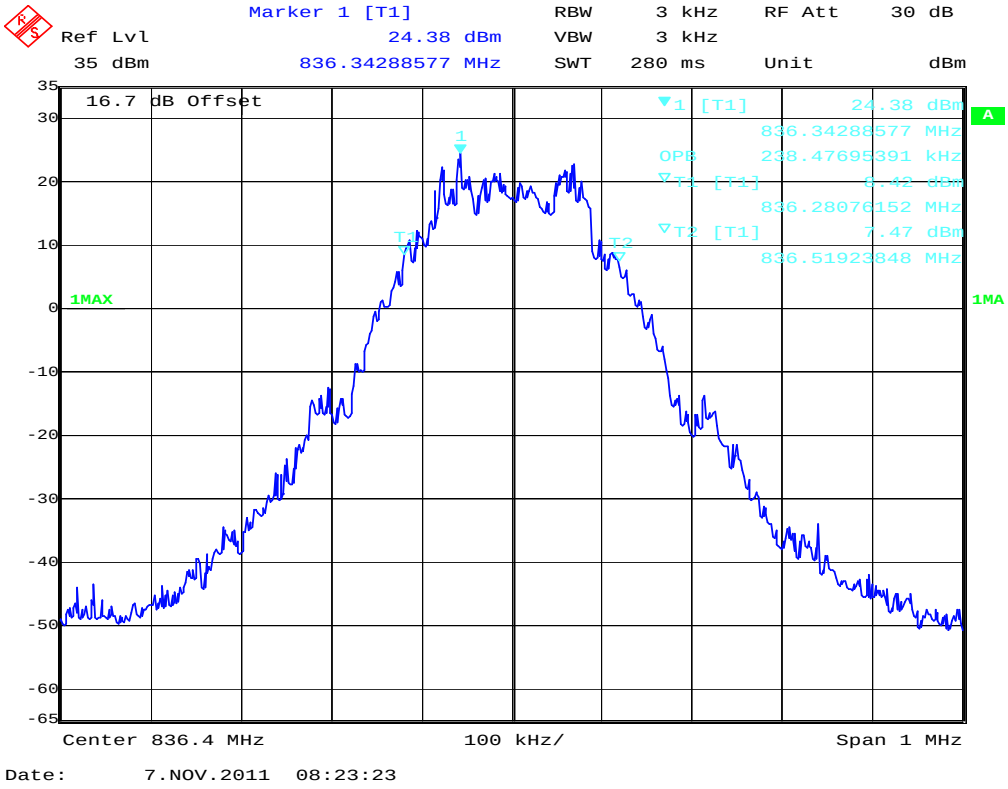
Plot 1: Channel 128 (99% - OBW)



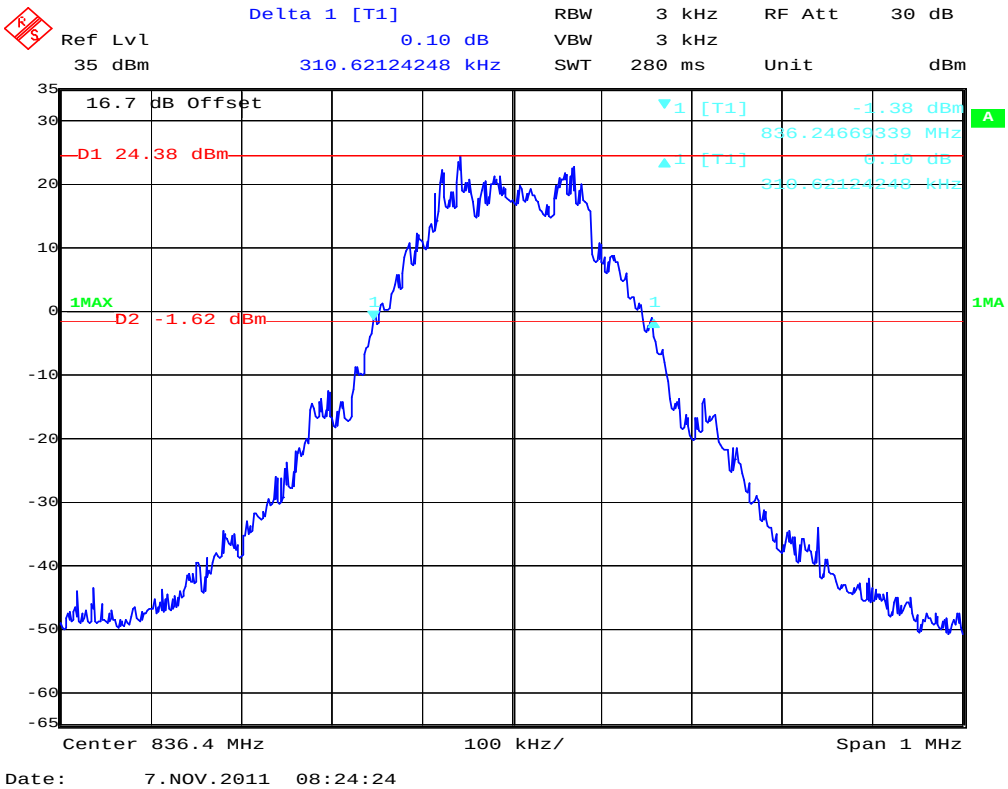
Plot 2: Channel 128 (-26 dBc BW)



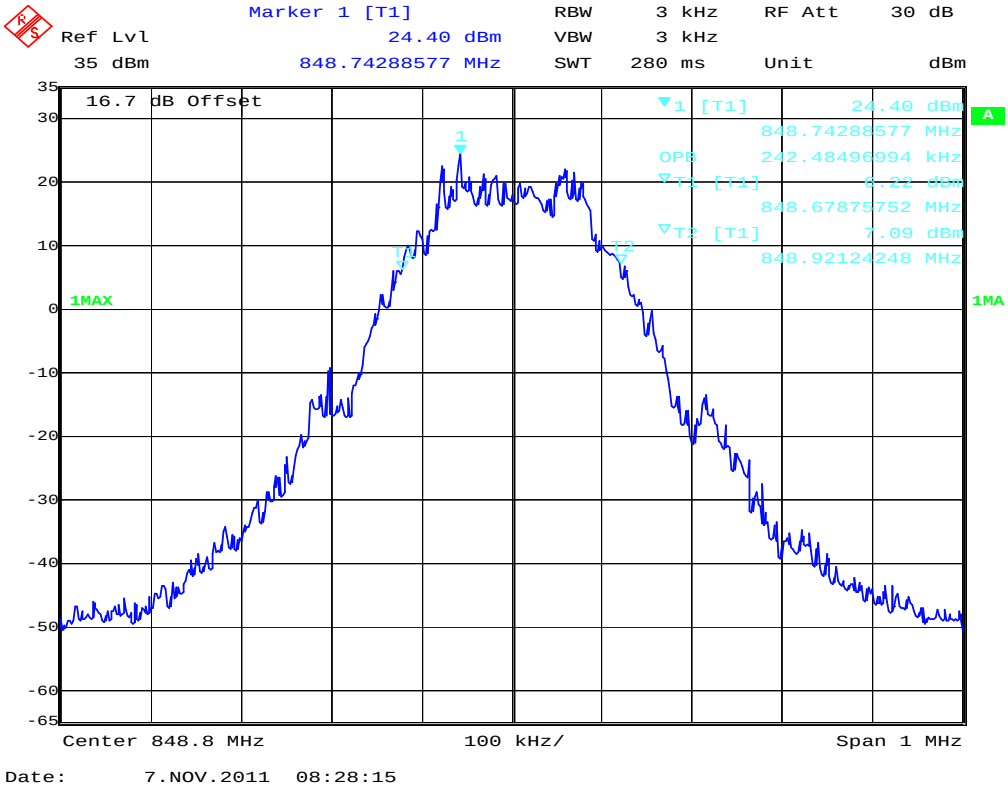
Plot 3: Channel 189 (99% - OBW)



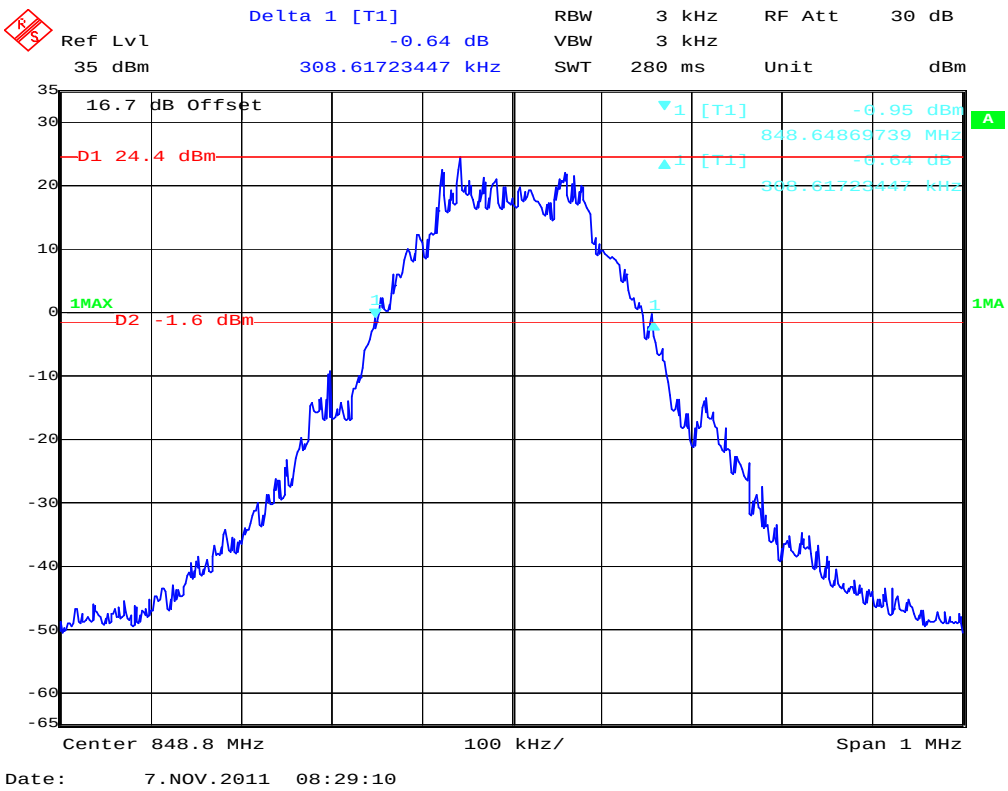
Plot 4: Channel 189 (-26 dBc BW)



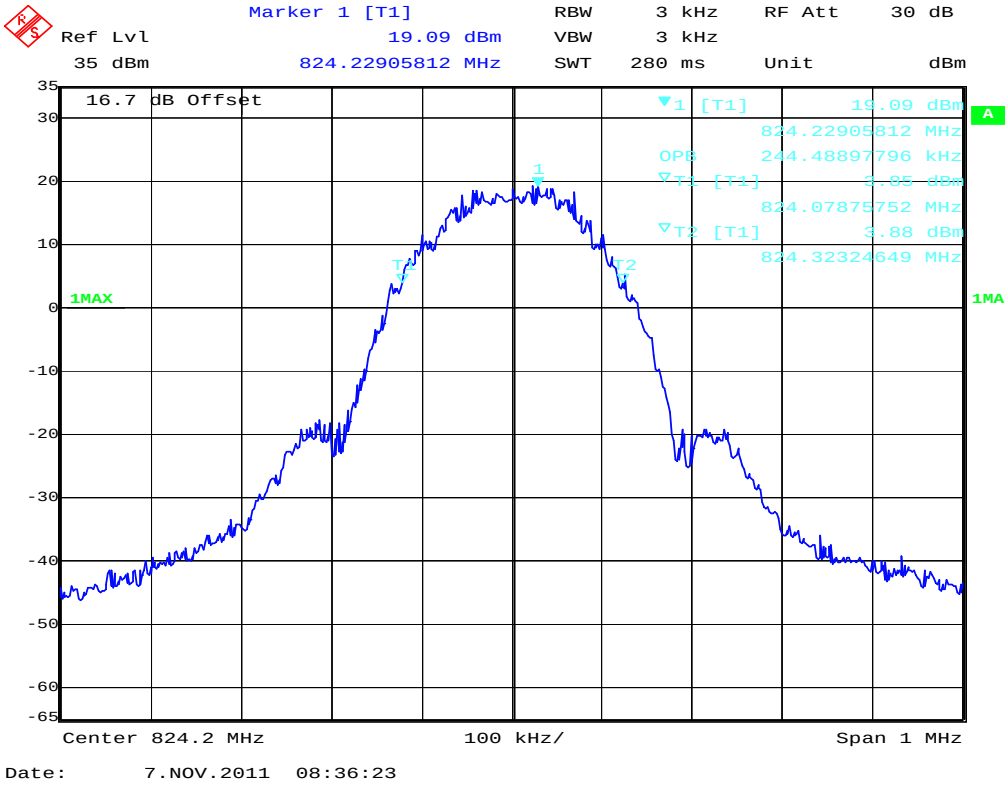
Plot 5: Channel 251 (99% - OBW)



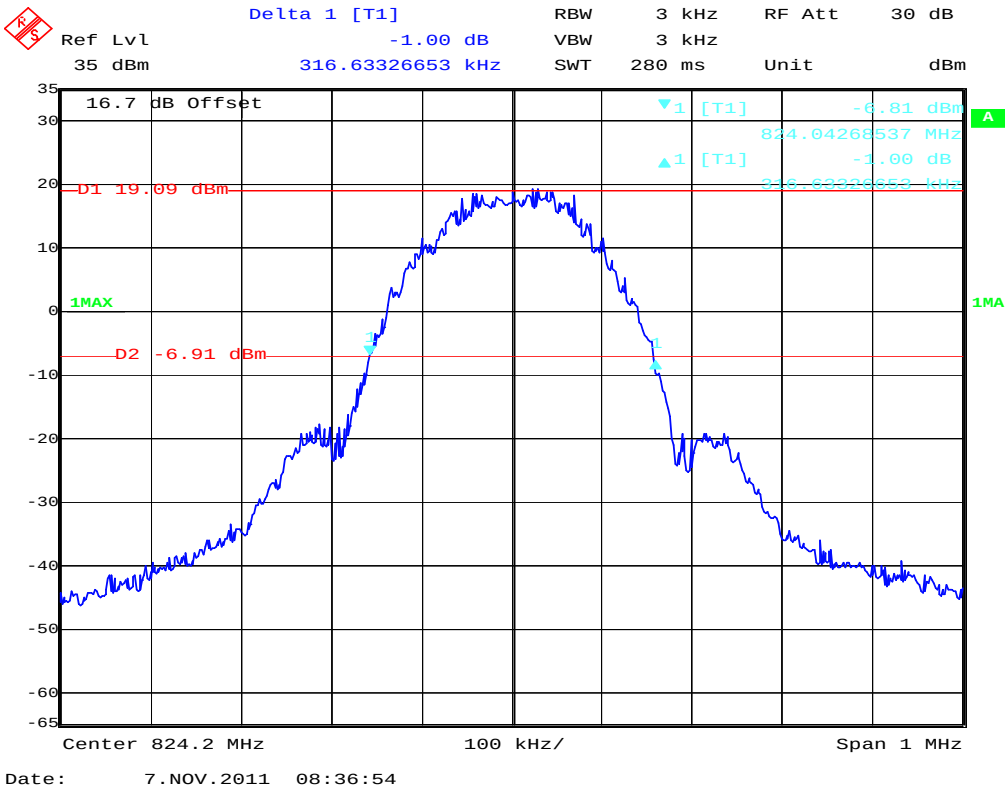
Plot 6: Channel 251 (-26 dBc BW)



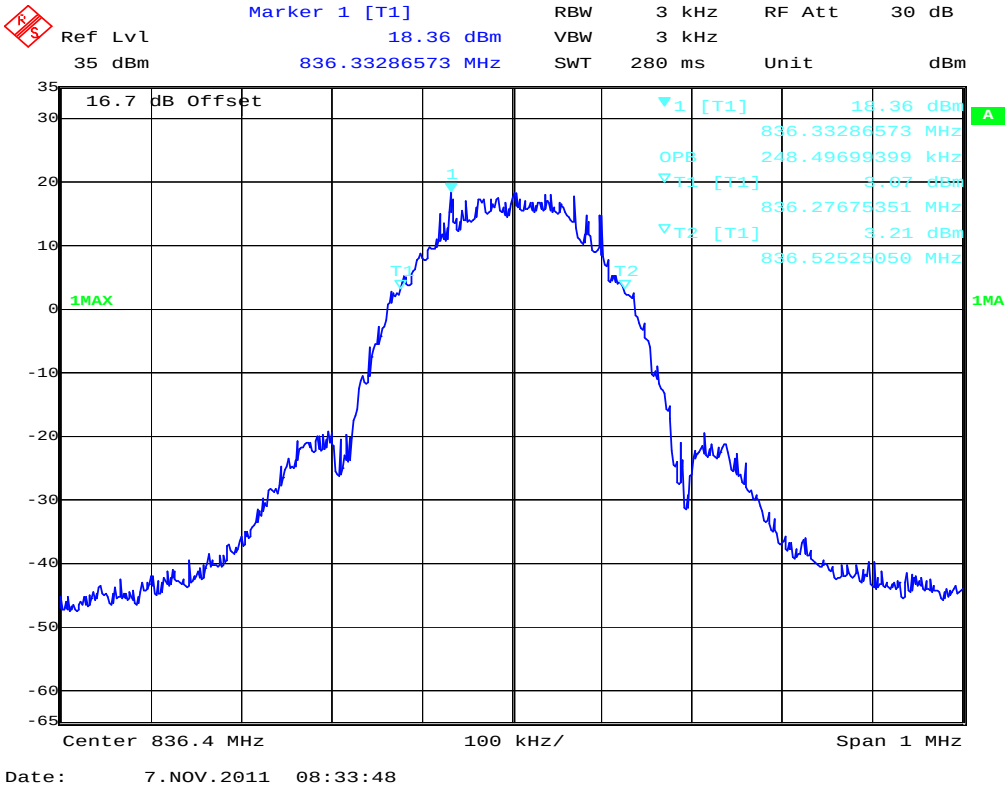
Plot 7: Channel 128 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



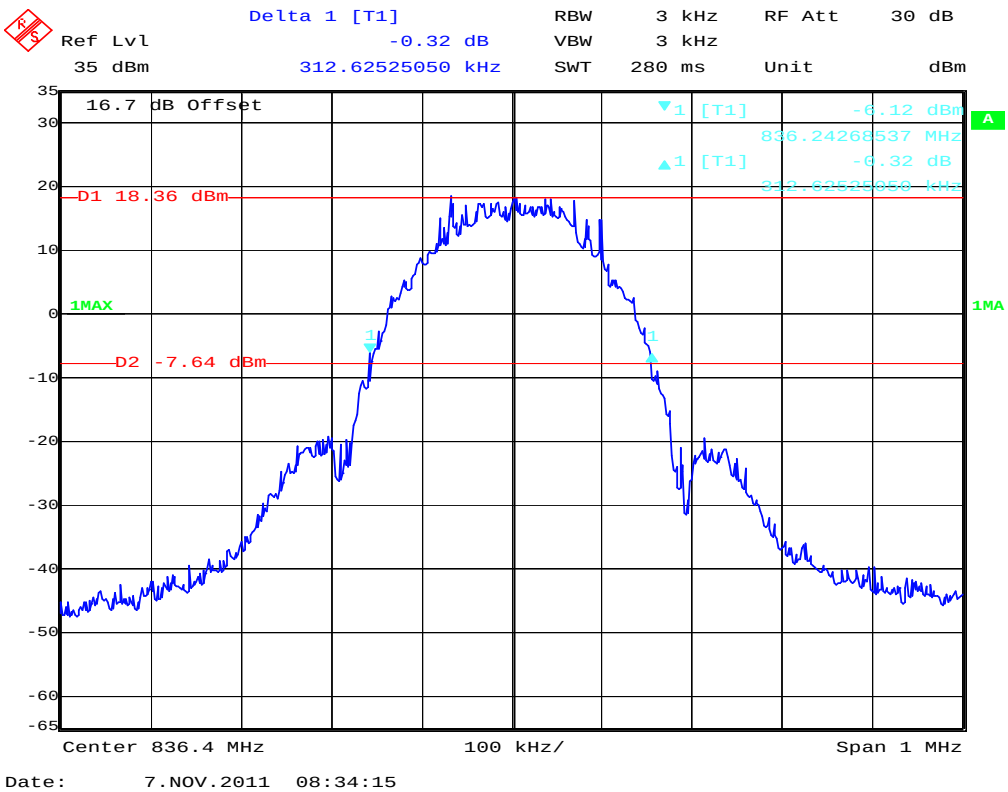
Plot 8: Channel 128 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



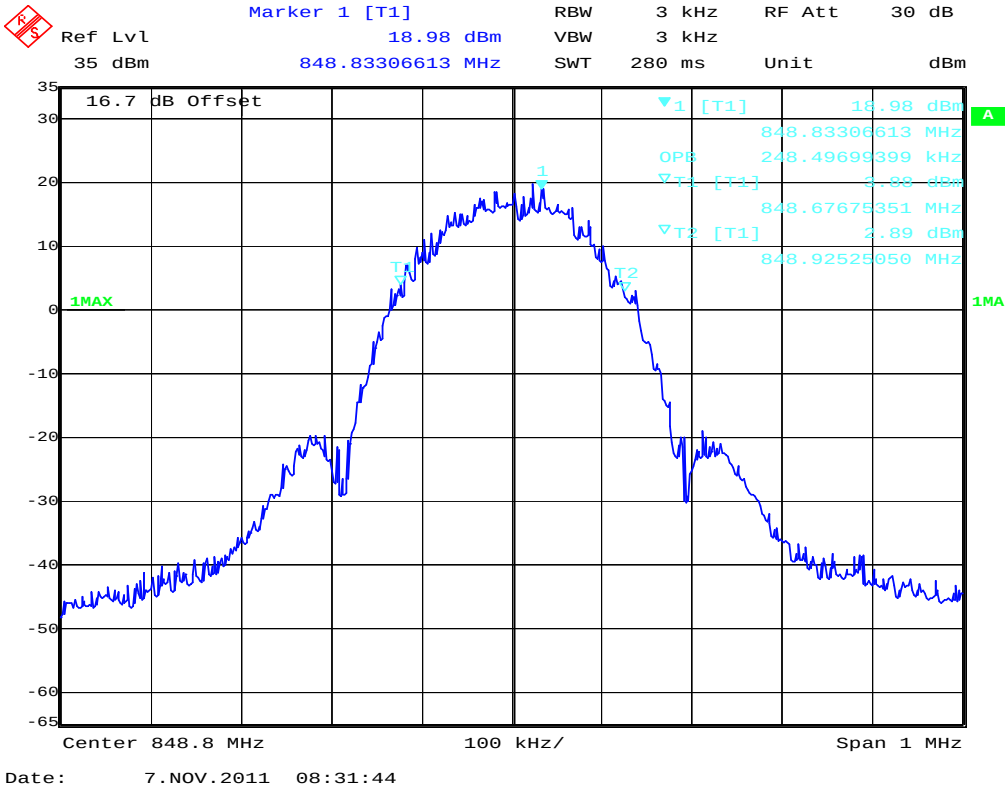
Plot 9: Channel 189 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



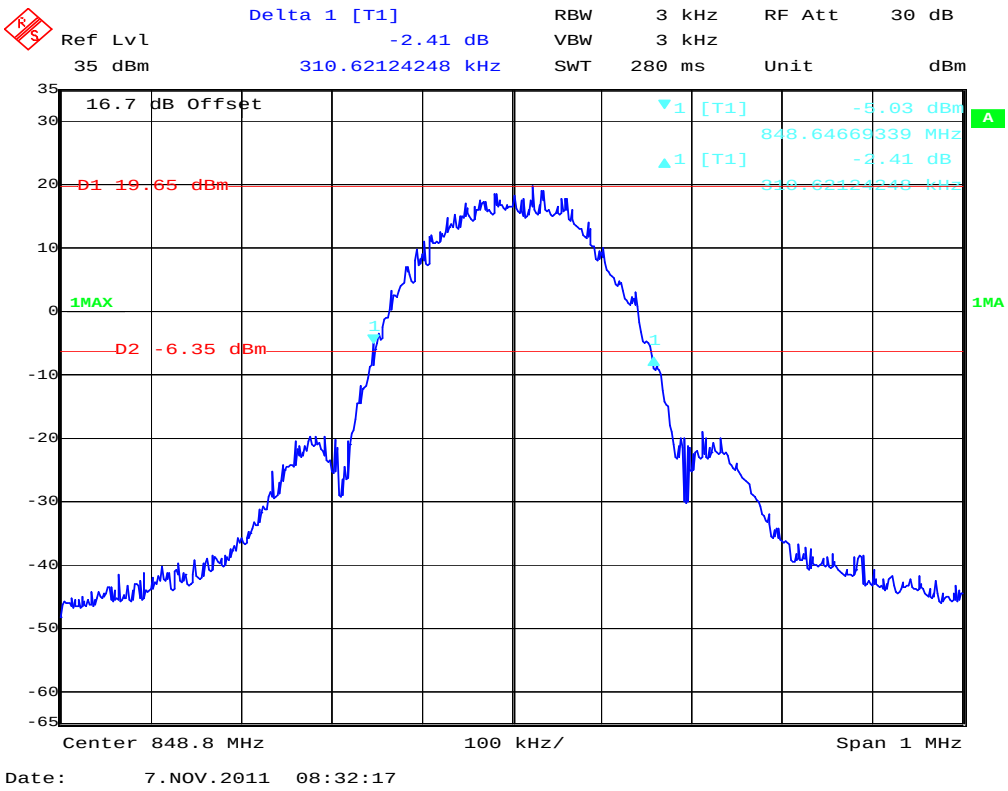
Plot 10: Channel 189 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



Plot 11: Channel 251 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



Plot 12: Channel 251 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



8.4 Results PCS 1900

All GSM-band measurements are done in GSM mode only (circuit switched).
All relevant tests have been repeated using 8-PSK modulation if EDGE mode is supported. All tests were performed with one timeslot in uplink activated and one timeslot in downlink activated. For each mode the highest output power was determined and used.

8.4.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Span:	Zero Span
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.232 CFR Part 2.1046	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.4
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+33.00 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

Results:

Output Power (conducted) GMSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB)**
1850.2	29.3	0.20
1880.0	29.0	0.20
1909.8	29.4	0.20
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (conducted) 8-PSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB)**
1850.2	26.0	3.20
1880.0	25.8	3.20
1909.8	25.7	3.20
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (radiated) GMSK mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP**
1850.2	32.9
1880.0	31.9
1909.8	31.6
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

Output Power (radiated) 8-PSK mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP**
1850.2	29.6
1880.0	28.7
1909.8	27.9
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

8.4.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a “call mode”. This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.
1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom}, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 661 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom}. Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max}, in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMU200
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.235 CFR Part 2.1055	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.3
Frequency Stability	
± 0.1 ppm	

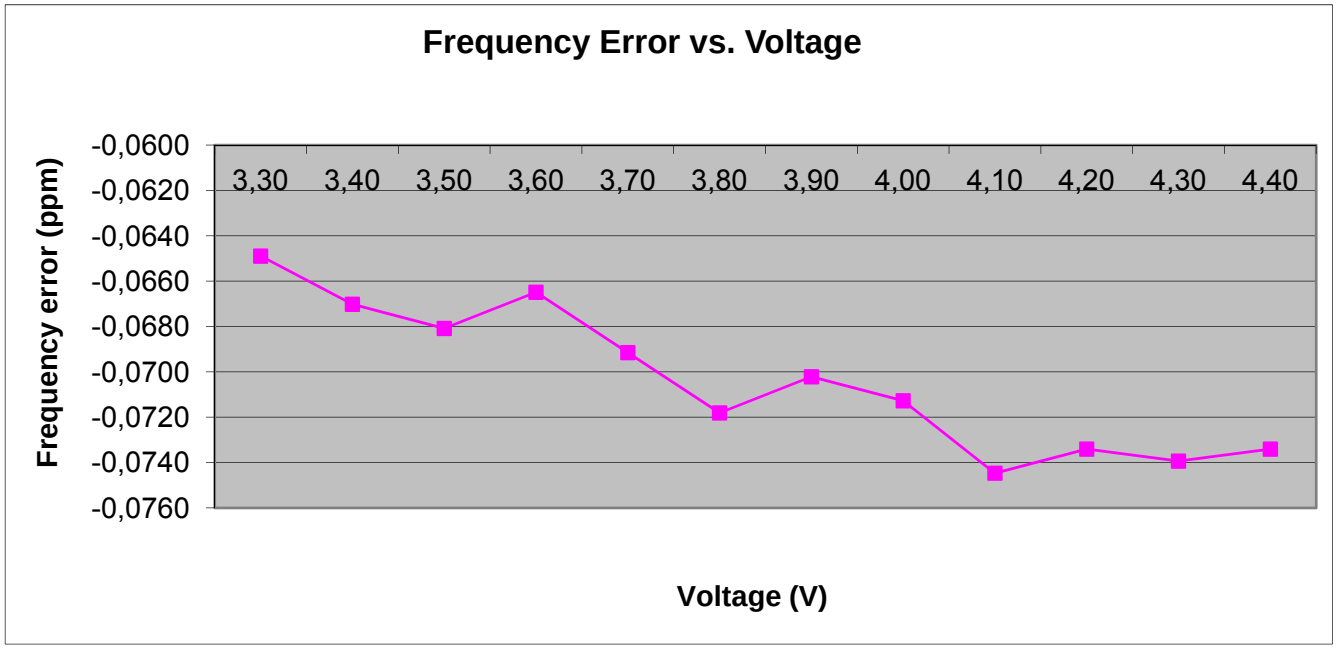
Results:

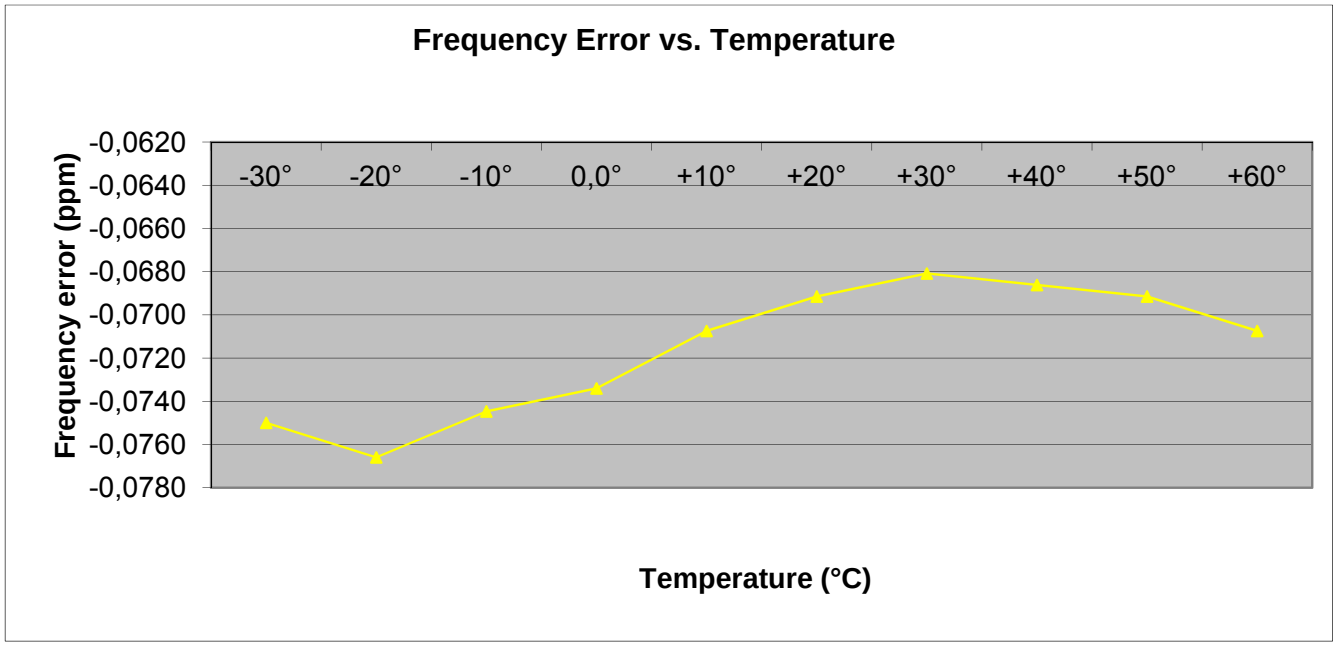
AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	-122	-0,00000649	-0,0649
3.4	-126	-0,00000670	-0,0670
3.5	-128	-0,00000681	-0,0681
3.6	-125	-0,00000665	-0,0665
3.7	-130	-0,00000691	-0,0691
3.8	-135	-0,00000718	-0,0718
3.9	-132	-0,00000702	-0,0702
4.0	-134	-0,00000713	-0,0713
4.1	-140	-0,00000745	-0,0745
4.2	-138	-0,00000734	-0,0734
4.3	-139	-0,00000739	-0,0739
4.4	-138	-0,00000734	-0,0734

AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-141	-0,00000750	-0,0750
-20	-144	-0,00000766	-0,0766
-10	-140	-0,00000745	-0,0745
± 0	-138	-0,00000734	-0,0734
10	-133	-0,00000707	-0,0707
20	-130	-0,00000691	-0,0691
30	-128	-0,00000681	-0,0681
40	-129	-0,00000686	-0,0686
50	-130	-0,00000691	-0,0691
60	-133	-0,00000707	-0,0707





Result: The result of the measurement is passed.

8.4.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1910 MHz. This was rounded up to 20 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the PCS1900 band.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603 .

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1053	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Spurious Emissions Radiated	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the PCS1900 band (1850.2 MHz, 1880.0 MHz and 1909.8 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the PCS1900 band into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

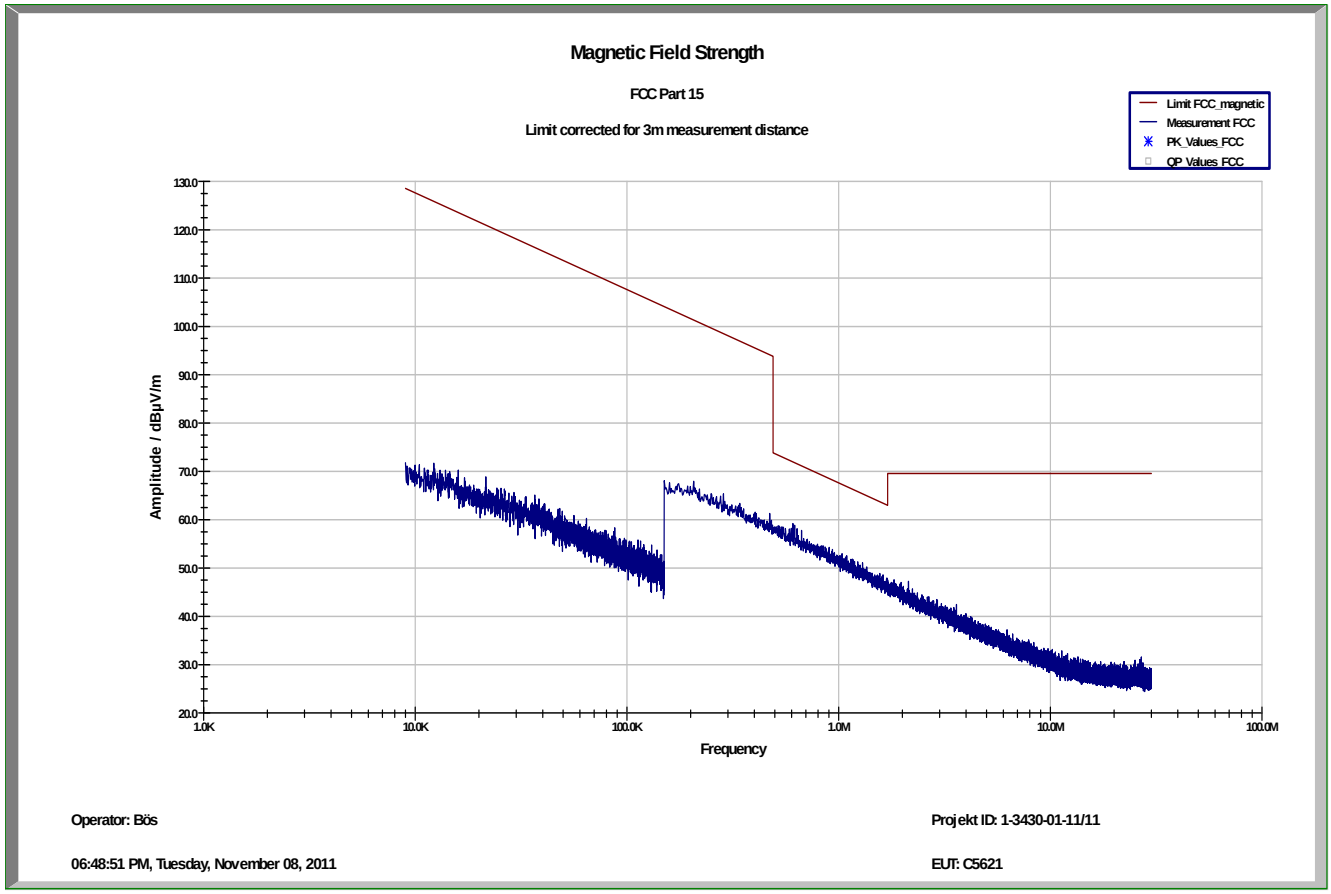
The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.
All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.
The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

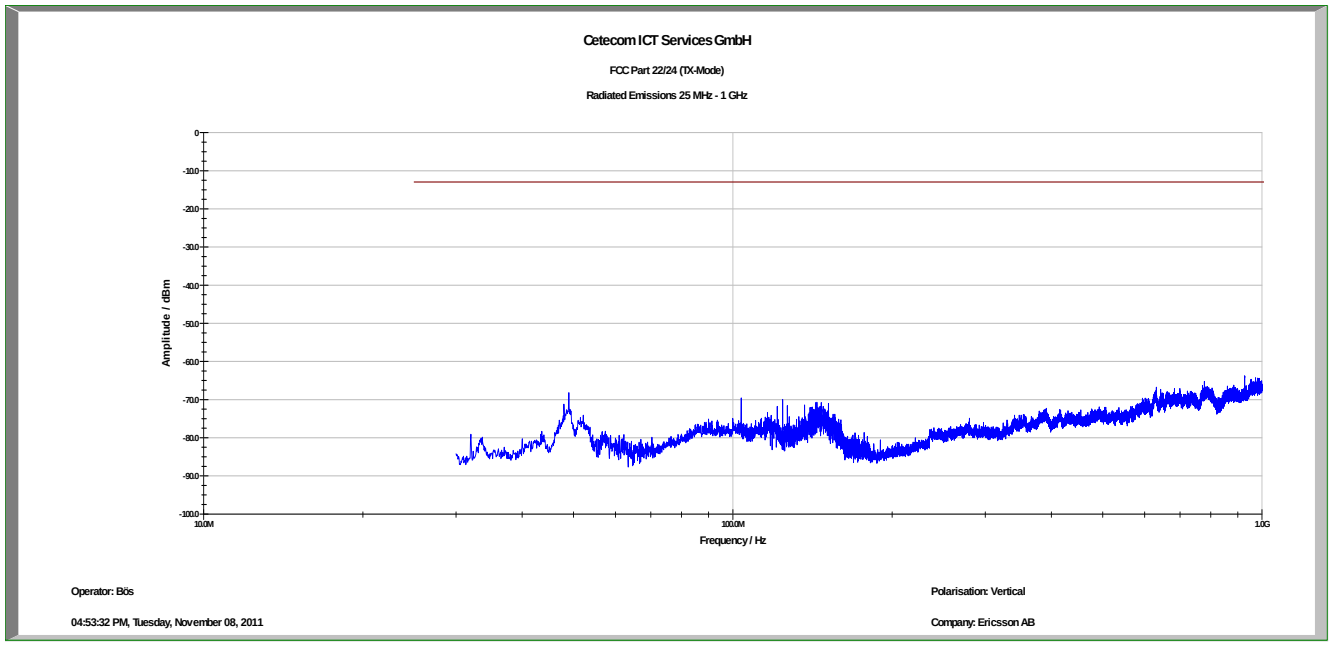
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 512 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 661 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 810 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3700.4	-	2	3760.0	-	2	3819.6	-
3	5550.6	-	3	5640.0	-	3	5729.4	-
4	7400.8	-	4	7520.0	-	4	7639.2	-
5	9251.0	-	5	9400.0	-	5	9549.0	-
6	11101.2	-	6	11280.0	-	6	11458.8	-
7	12951.4	-	7	13160.0	-	7	13368.6	-
8	14801.6	-	8	15040.0	-	8	15278.4	-
9	16651.8	-	9	16920.0	-	9	17188.2	-
10	18502.0	-	10	18800.0	-	10	19098.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB					

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

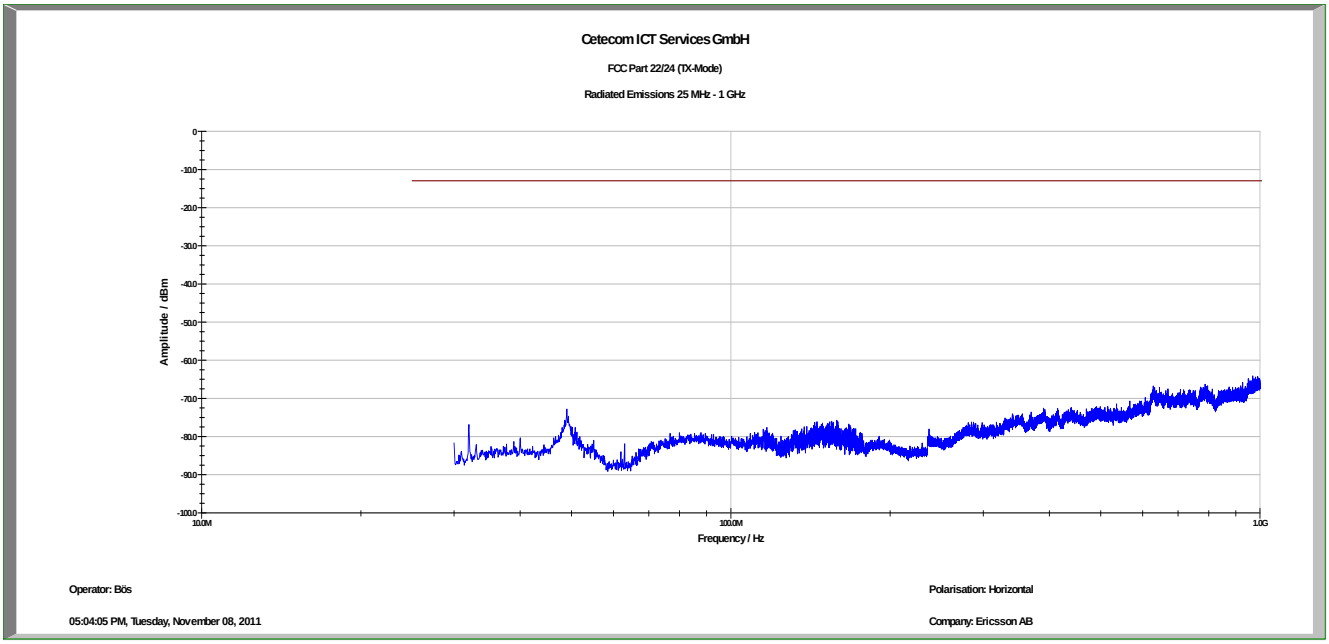
Plot 1: Channel 661 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



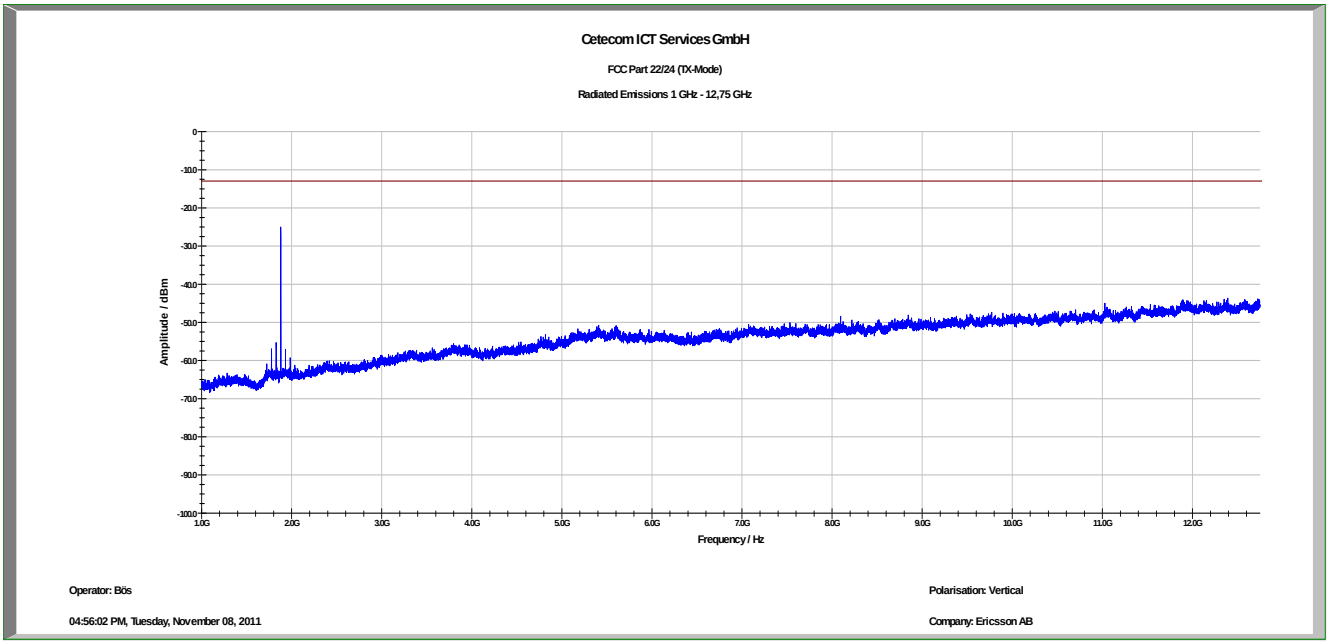
Plot 2: Channel 661 (30 MHz - 1 GHz), Antenna vertical



Plot 3: Channel 661 (30 MHz - 1 GHz), Antenna horizontal

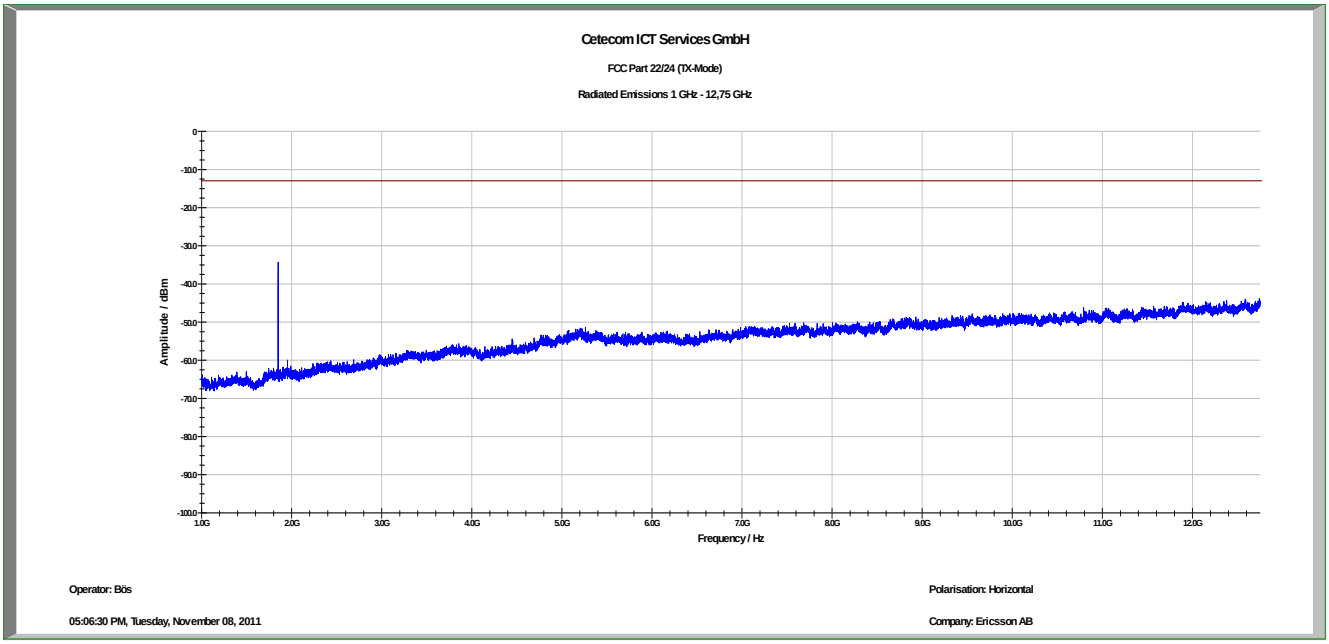


Plot 4: Channel 661 (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz), Antenna vertical



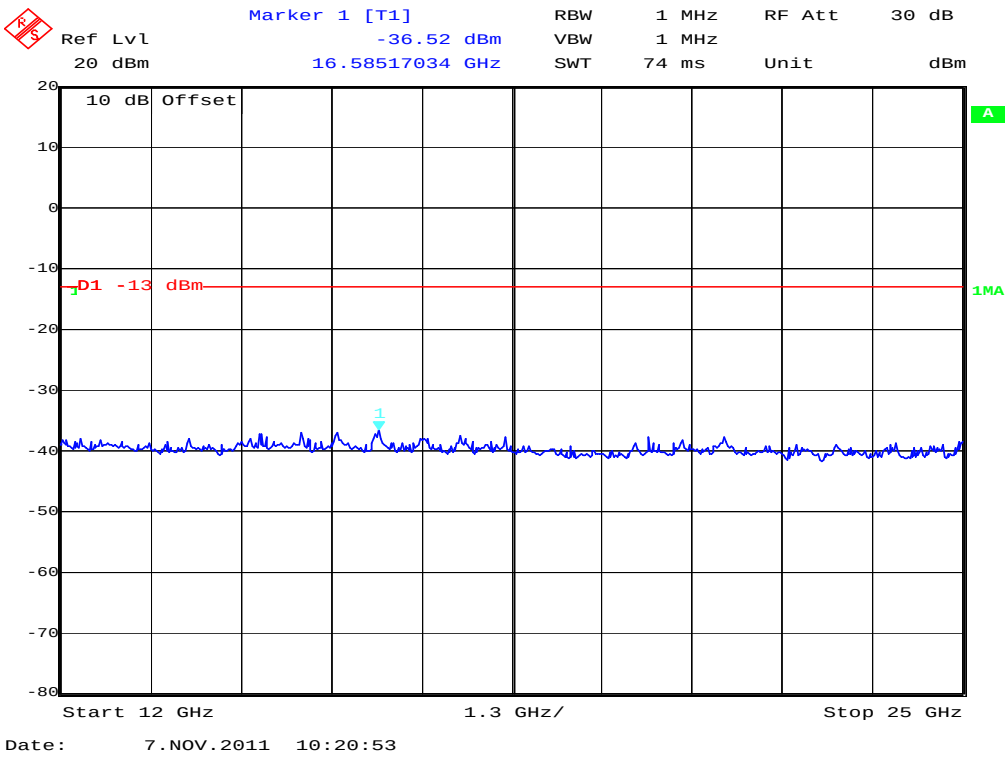
Carrier notched with 1.9 GHz rejection filter

Plot 5: Channel 661 (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz), Antenna horizontal



Carrier notched with 1.9 GHz rejection filter

Plot 6: Channel 661 (12 GHz - 25 GHz)



8.4.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.
1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 20 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

PCS1900 Transmitter Channel Frequency
512 1850.2 MHz
661 1880.0 MHz
810 1909.8 MHz

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	30 MHz – 25 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

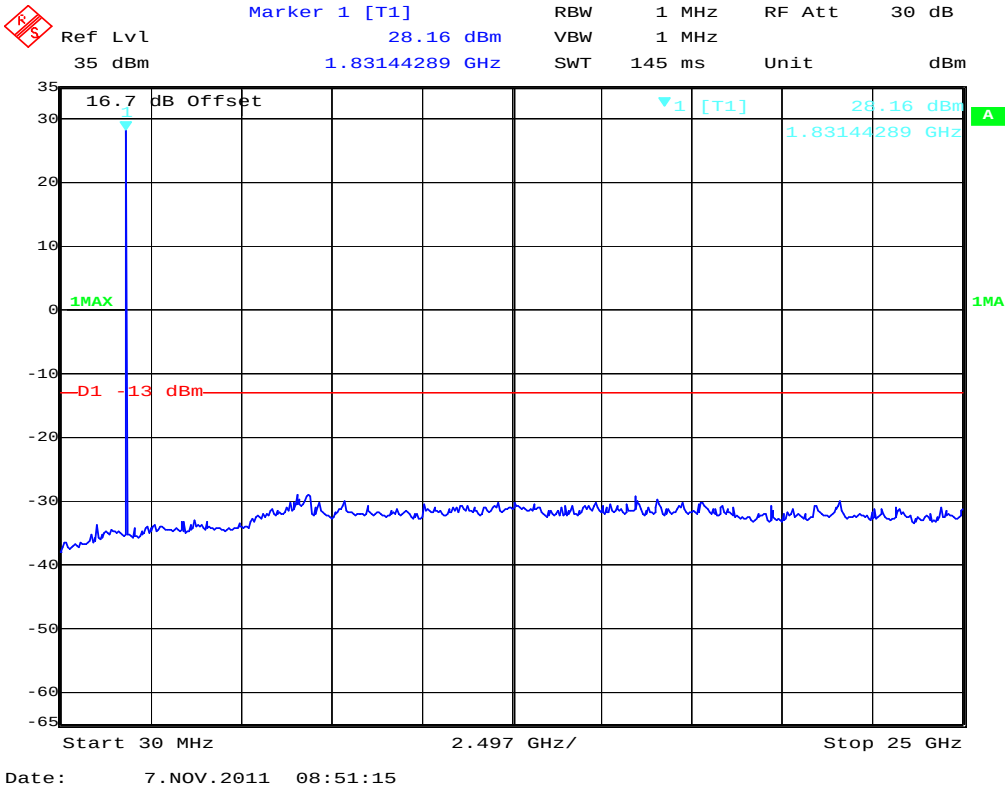
FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

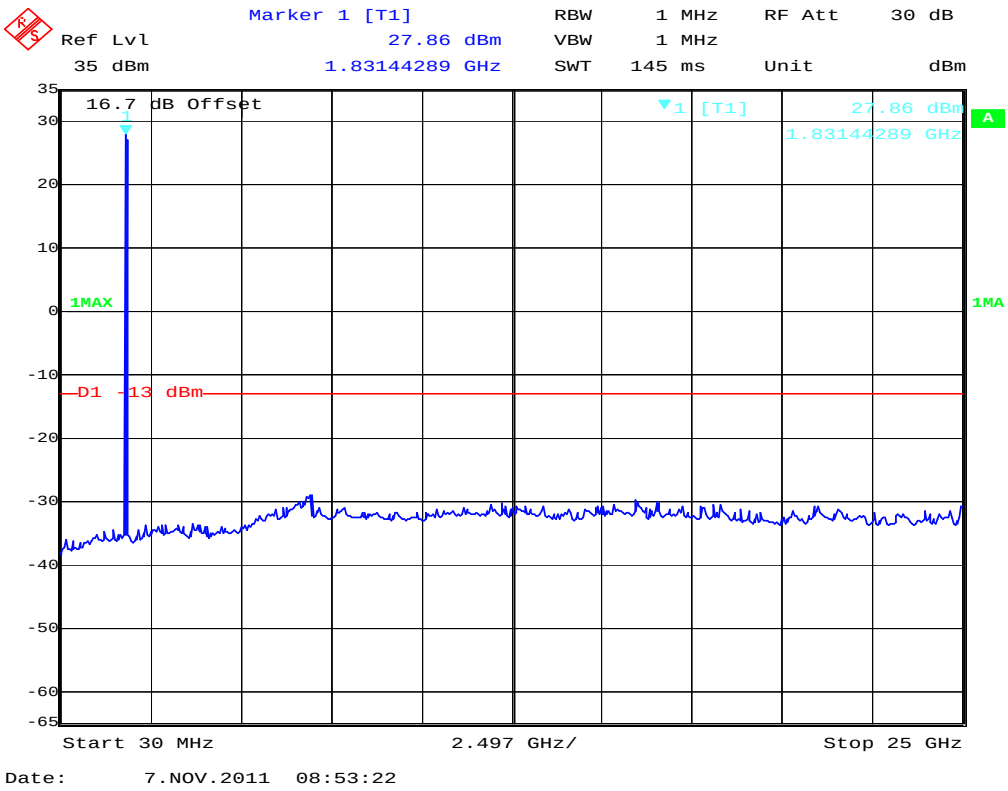
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 512 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 661 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 810 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3700.4	-	2	3760.0	-	2	3819.6	-
3	5550.6	-	3	5640.0	-	3	5729.4	-
4	7400.8	-	4	7520.0	-	4	7639.2	-
5	9251.0	-	5	9400.0	-	5	9549.0	-
6	11101.2	-	6	11280.0	-	6	11458.8	-
7	12951.4	-	7	13160.0	-	7	13368.6	-
8	14801.6	-	8	15040.0	-	8	15278.4	-
9	16651.8	-	9	16920.0	-	9	17188.2	-
10	18502.0	-	10	18800.0	-	10	19098.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB					

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

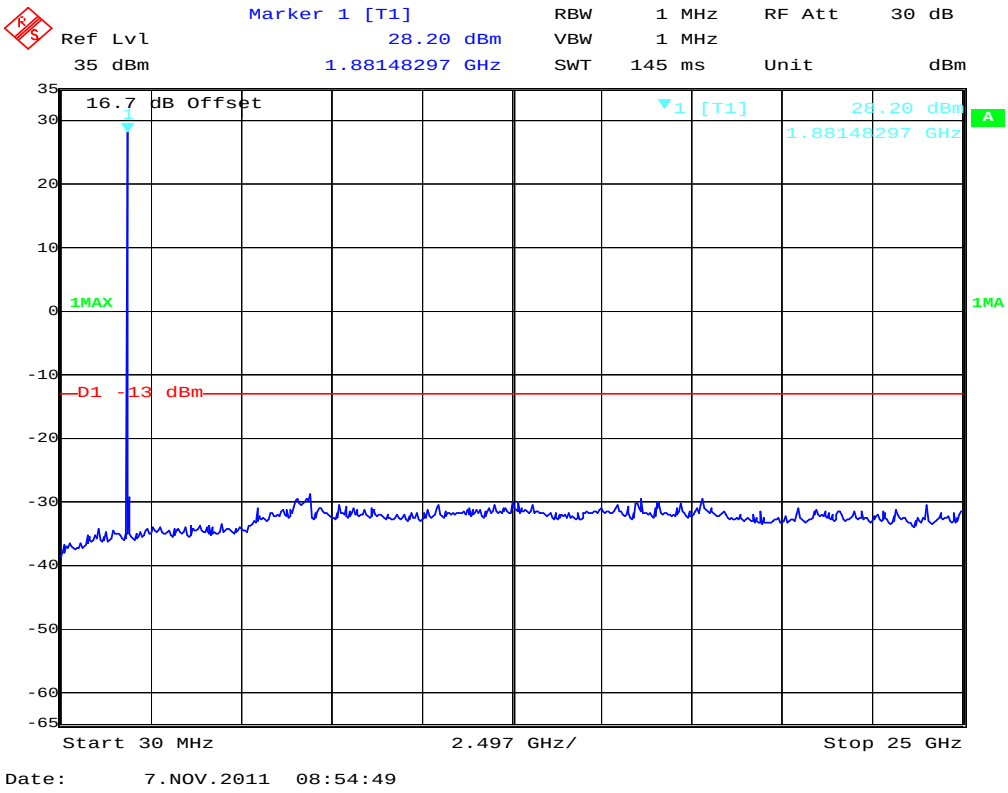
Plot 1: Channel 512 (30 MHz - 25 GHz)



Plot 2: Channel 661 (30 MHz - 25 GHz)



Plot 3: Channel 810 (30 MHz - 25 GHz)



8.4.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

Measurement:

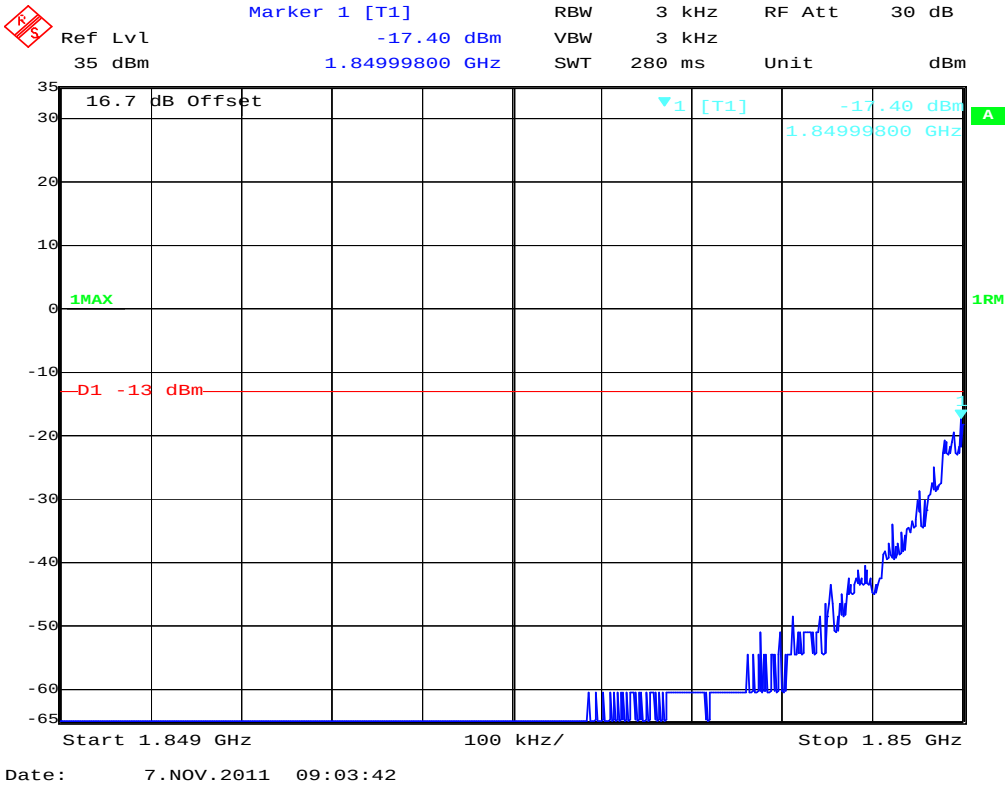
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

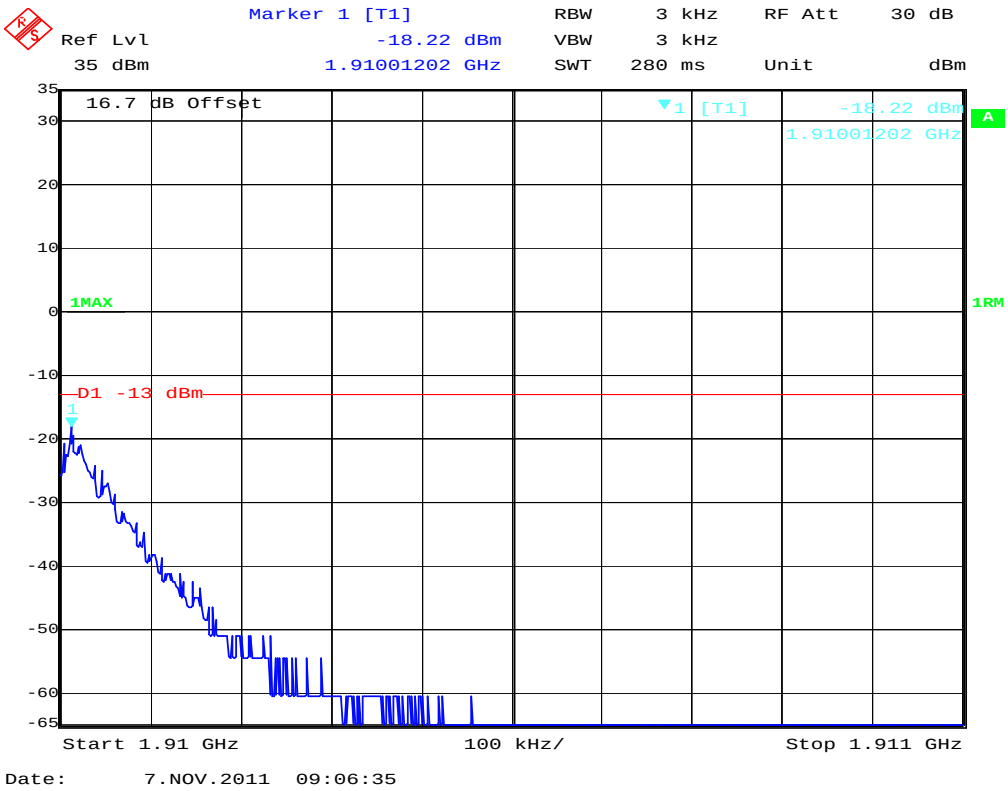
FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Block Edge Compliance	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

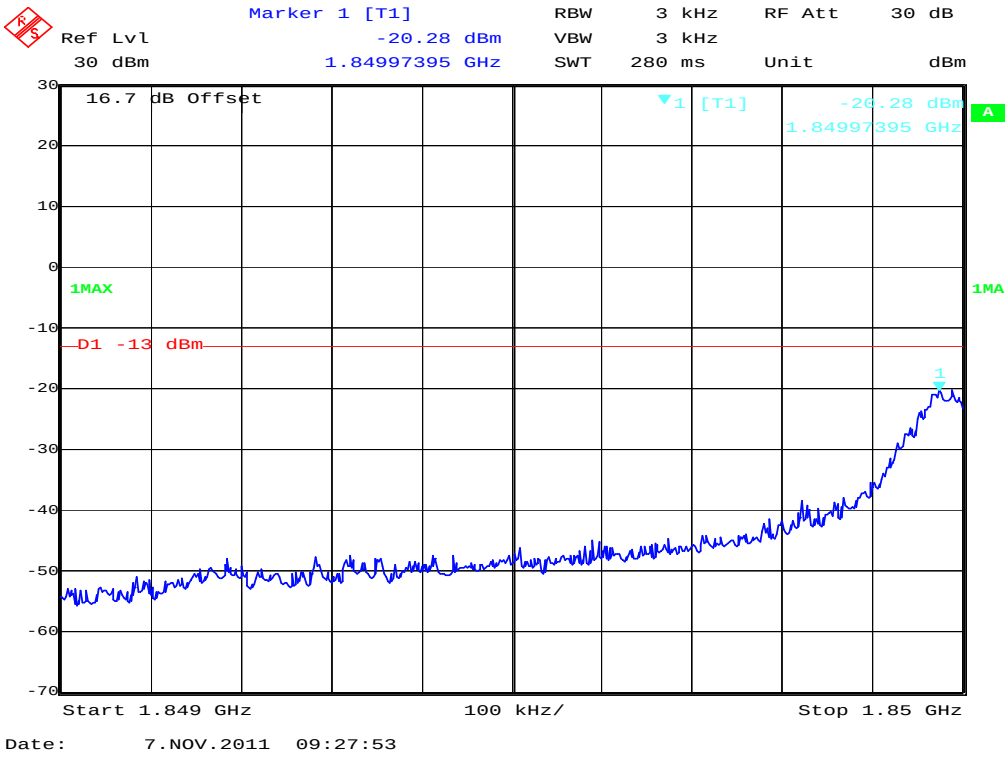
Plot 1: Channel 512 (GSM-mode)



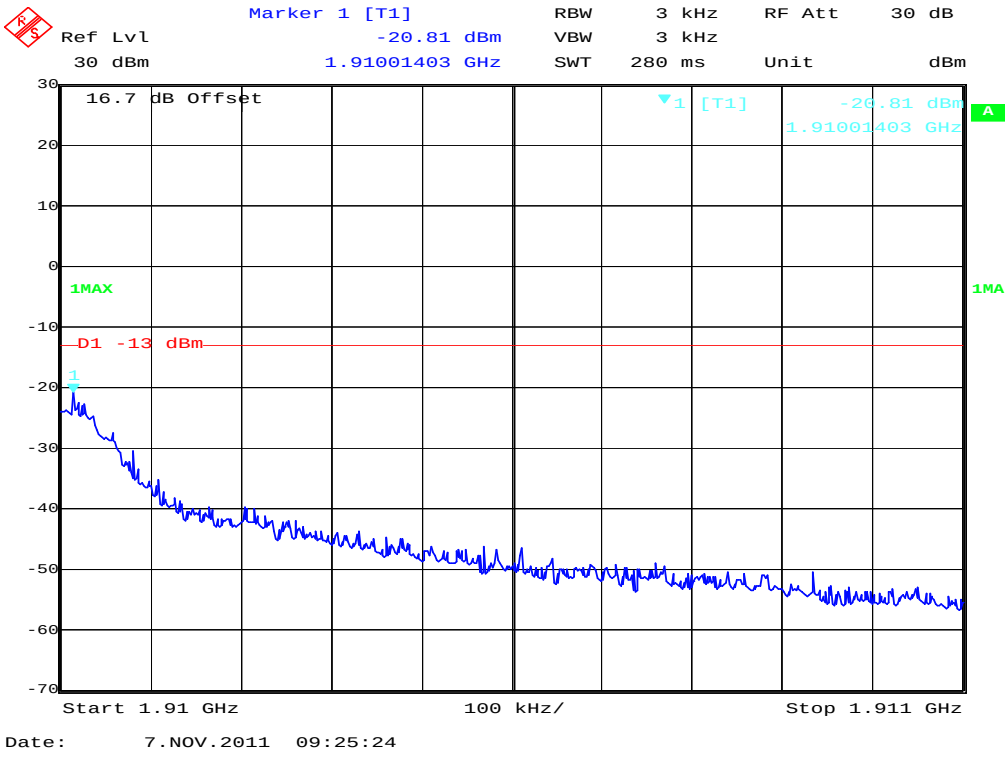
Plot 2: Channel 810 (GSM-mode)



Plot 3: Channel 512 (EDGE-mode)



Plot 4: Channel 810 (EDGE-mode)



Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

8.4.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the PCS1900 frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 24.238 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 300 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 3.0 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 3.0 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	3 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	3 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1049	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Occupied Bandwidth	
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	

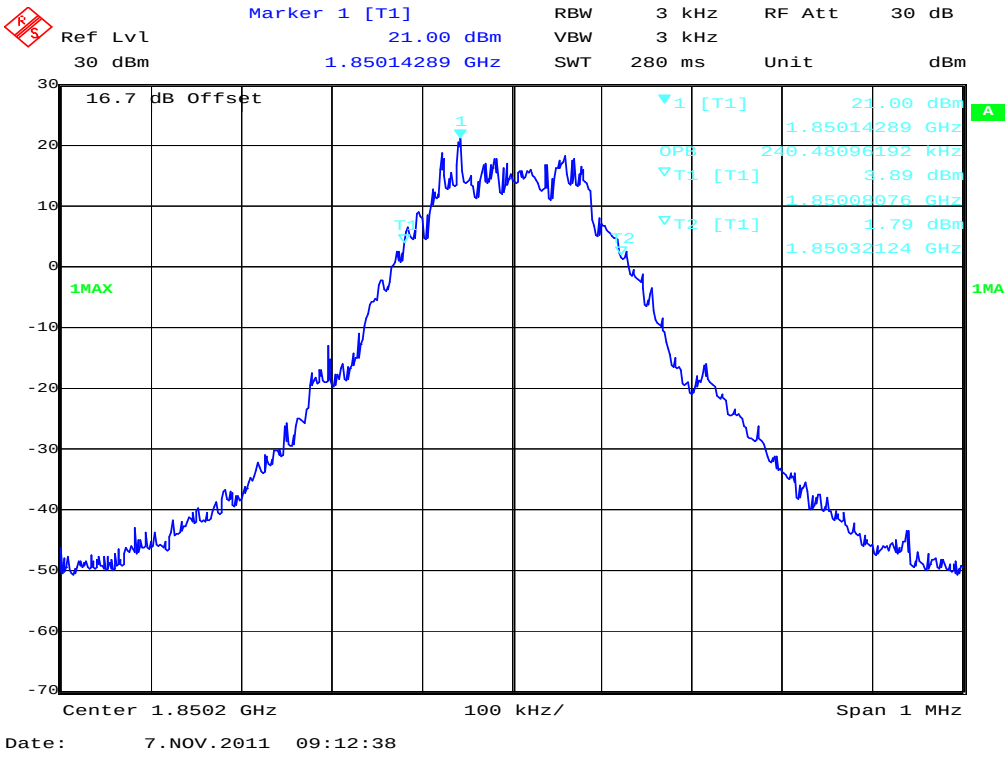
Results:

Occupied Bandwidth - GMSK mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**99% OBW (kHz)**	**-26 dBc BW (kHz)**
1850.2	240	307
1880.0	240	311
1909.8	238	311
Measurement uncertainty	± 3 kHz	

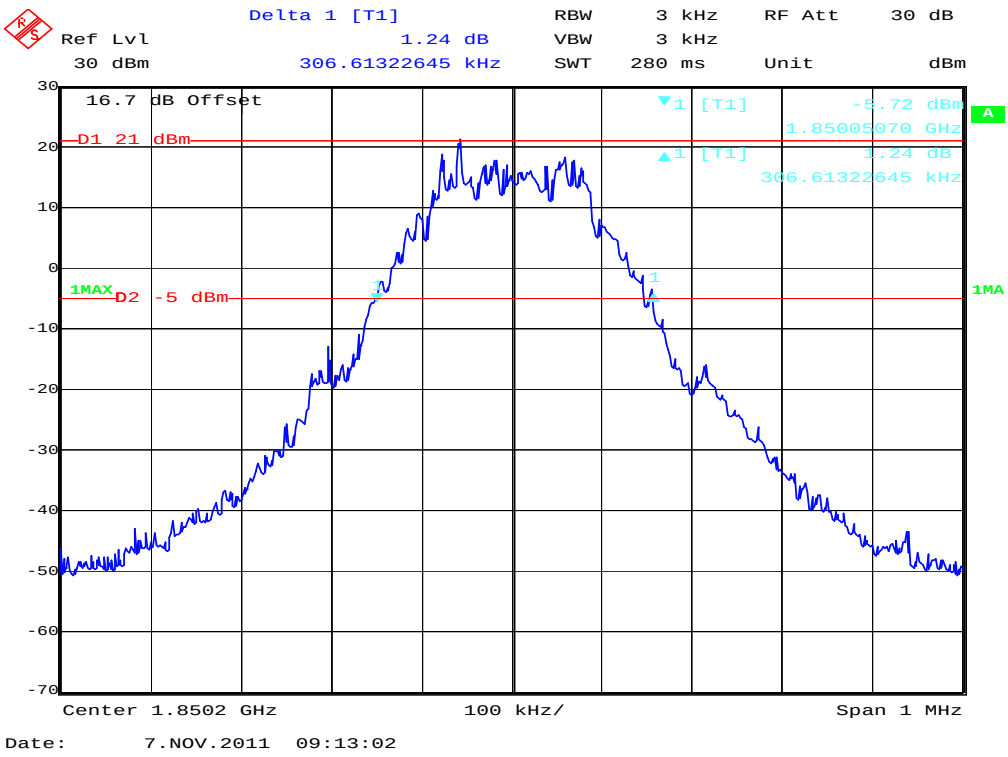
Occupied Bandwidth - EDGE mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**99% OBW (kHz)**	**-26 dBc BW (kHz)**
1850.2	248	319
1880.0	246	315
1909.8	251	311
Measurement uncertainty	± 3 kHz	

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

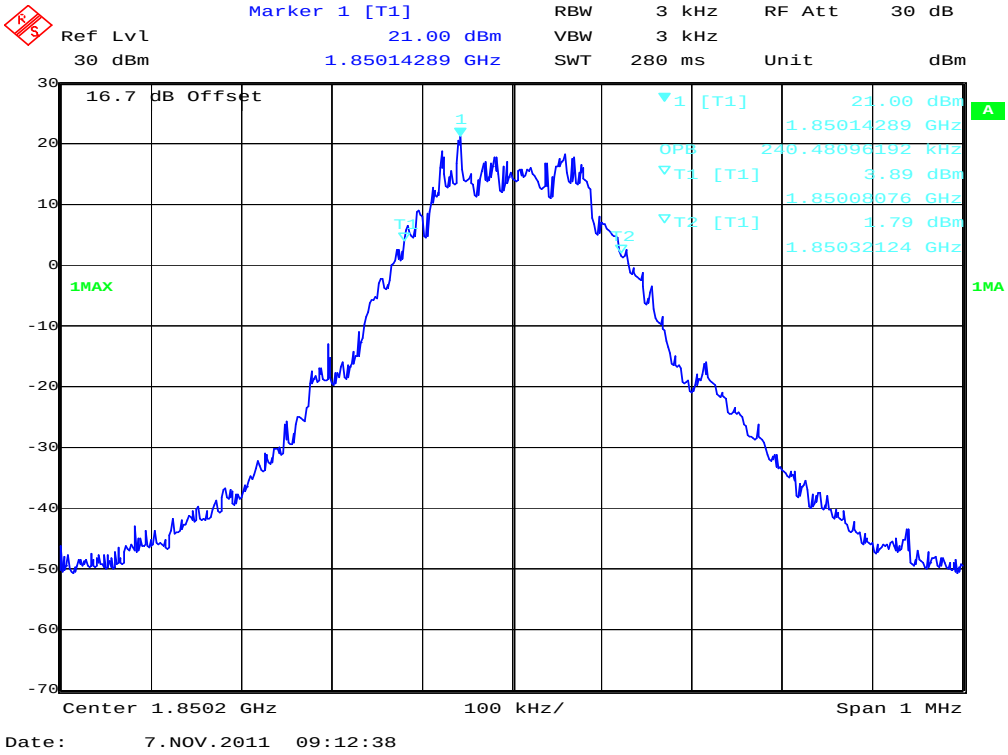
Plot 1: Channel 512 (99% - OBW)



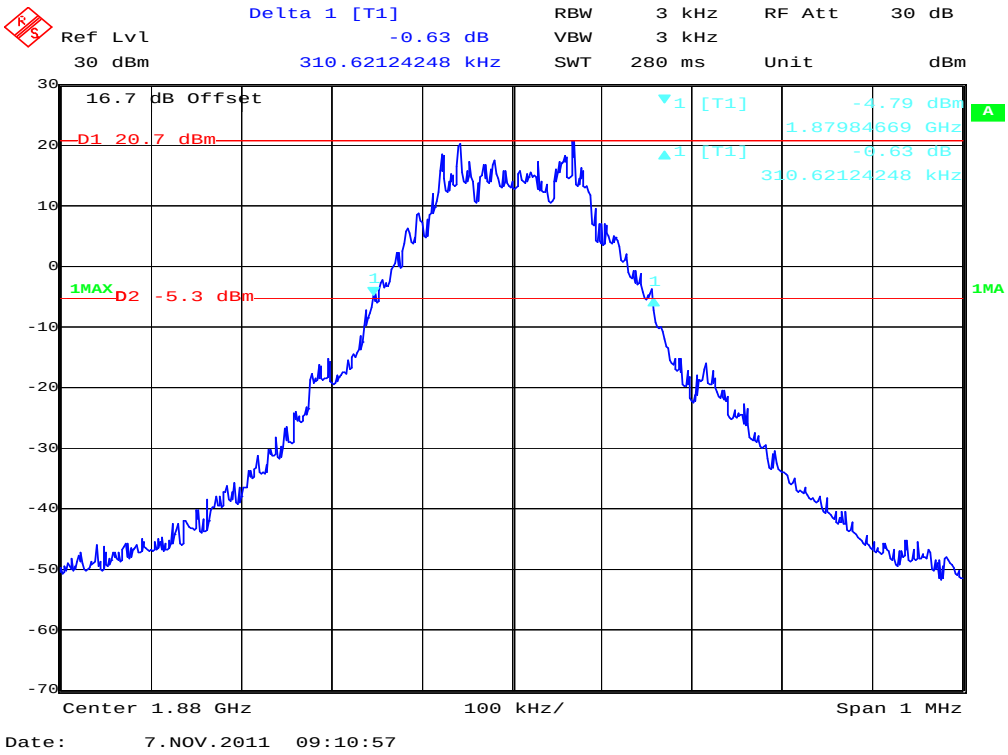
Plot 2: Channel 512 (-26 dBc BW)



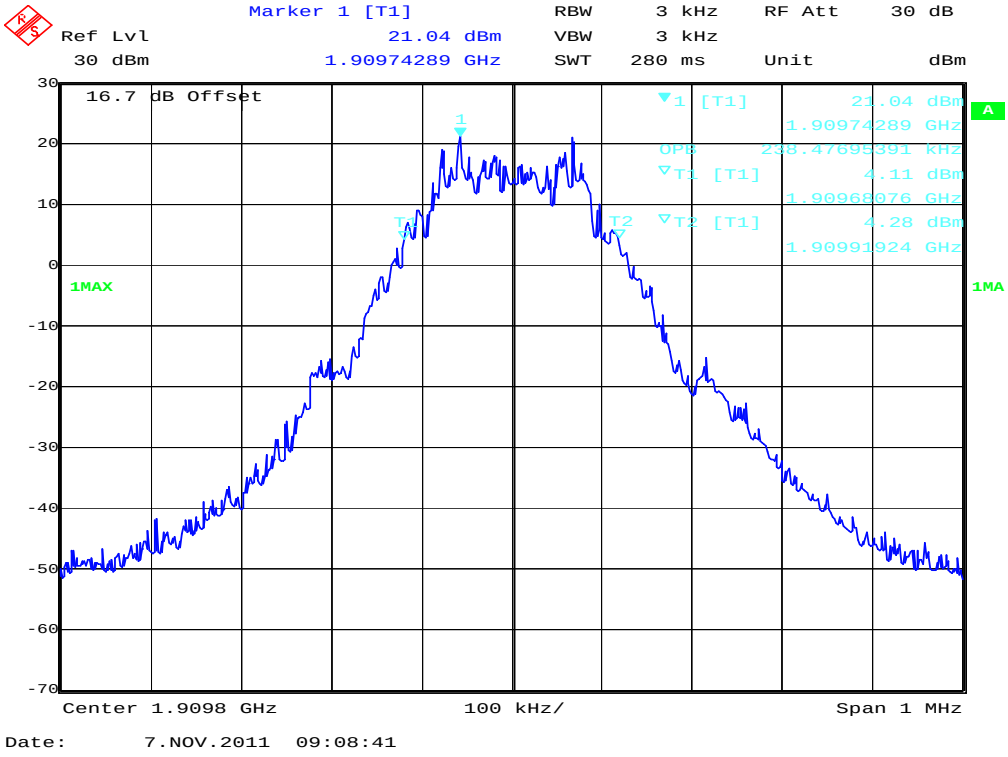
Plot 3: Channel 661 (99% - OBW)



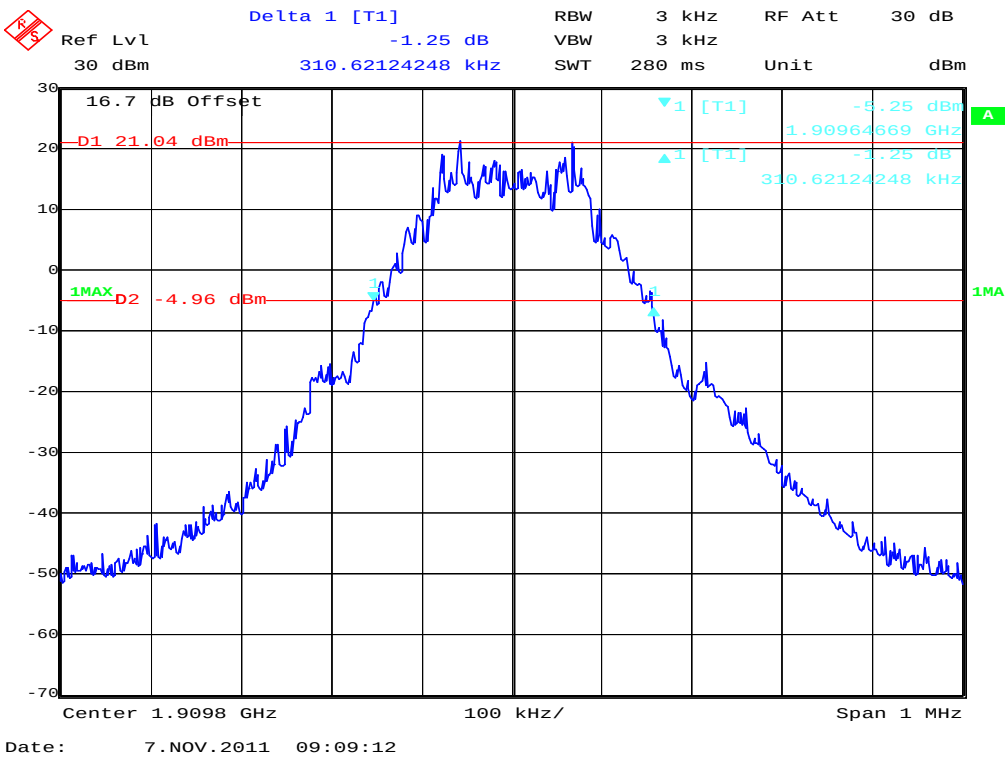
Plot 4: Channel 661 (-26 dBc BW)



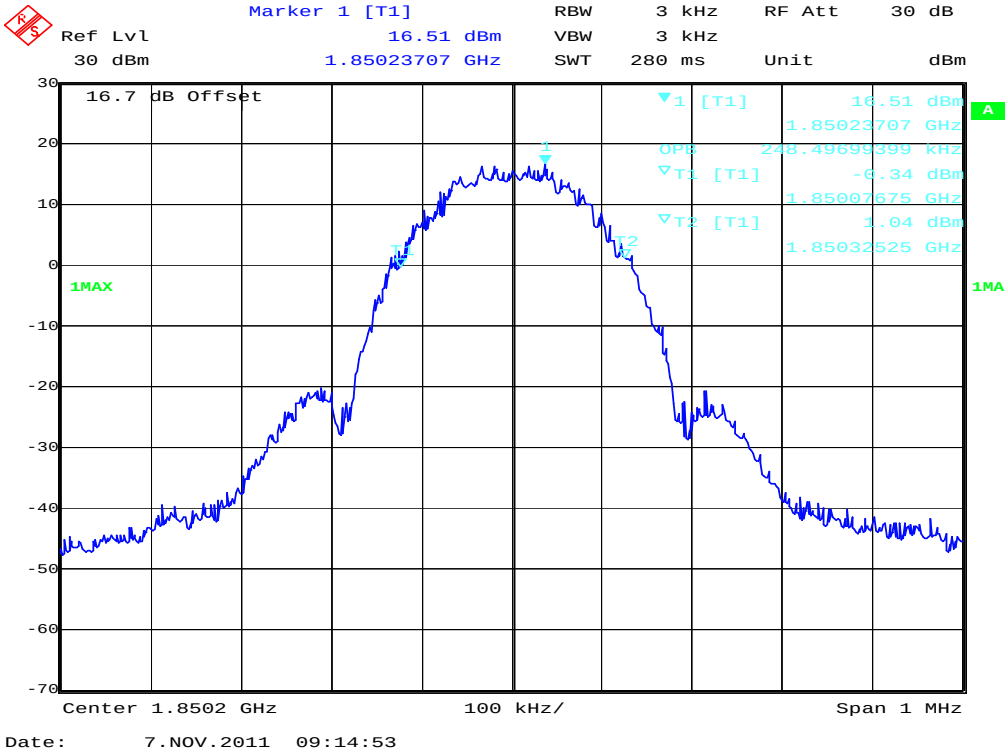
Plot 5: Channel 810 (99% - OBW)



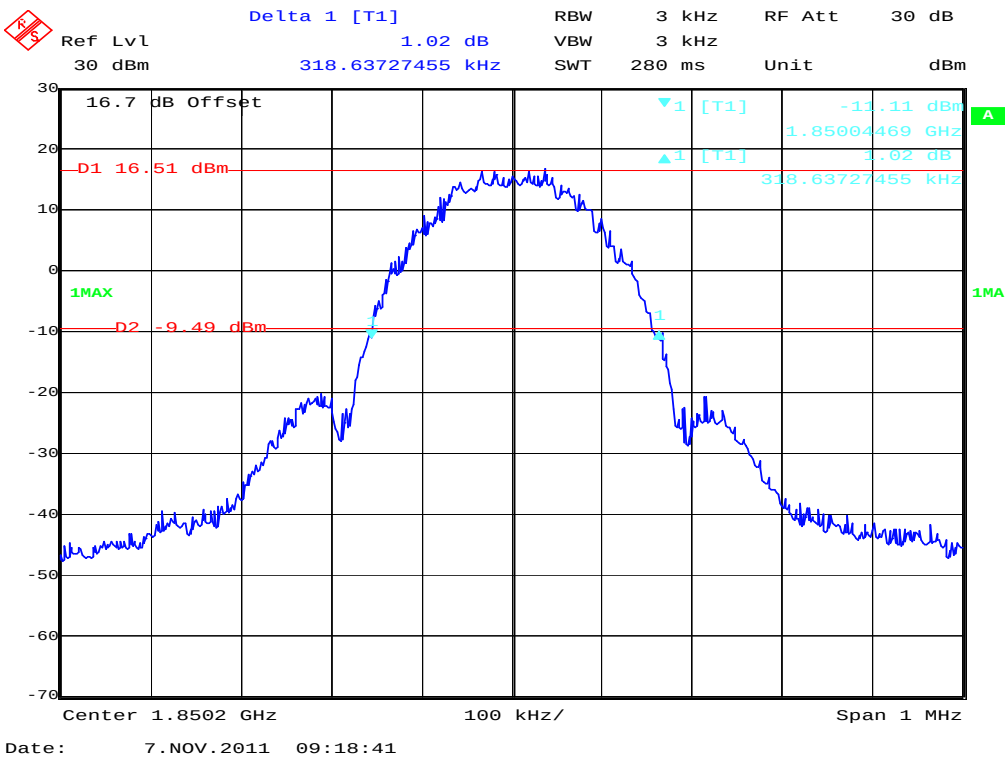
Plot 6: Channel 810 (-26 dBc BW)



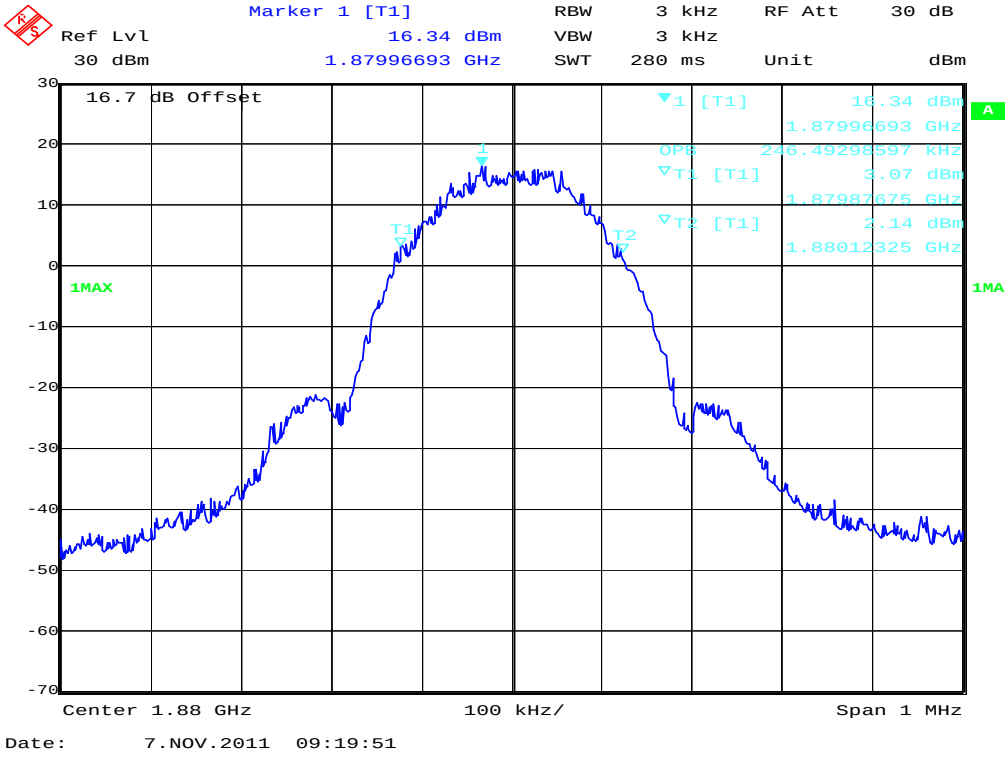
Plot 7: Channel 512 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



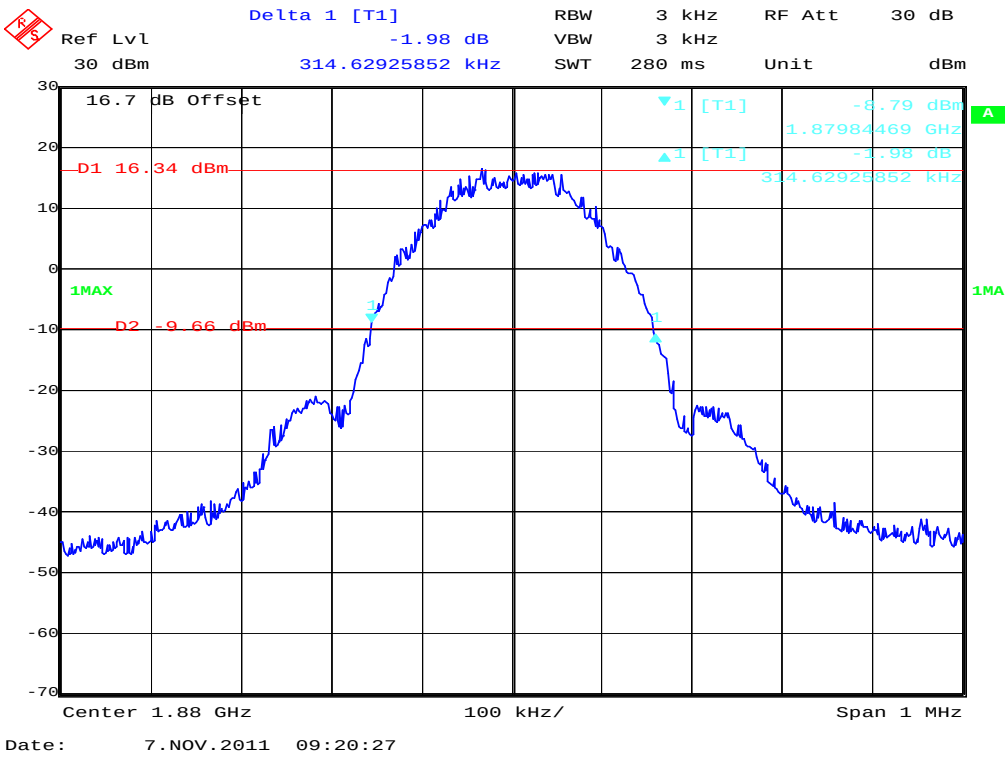
Plot 8: Channel 512 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



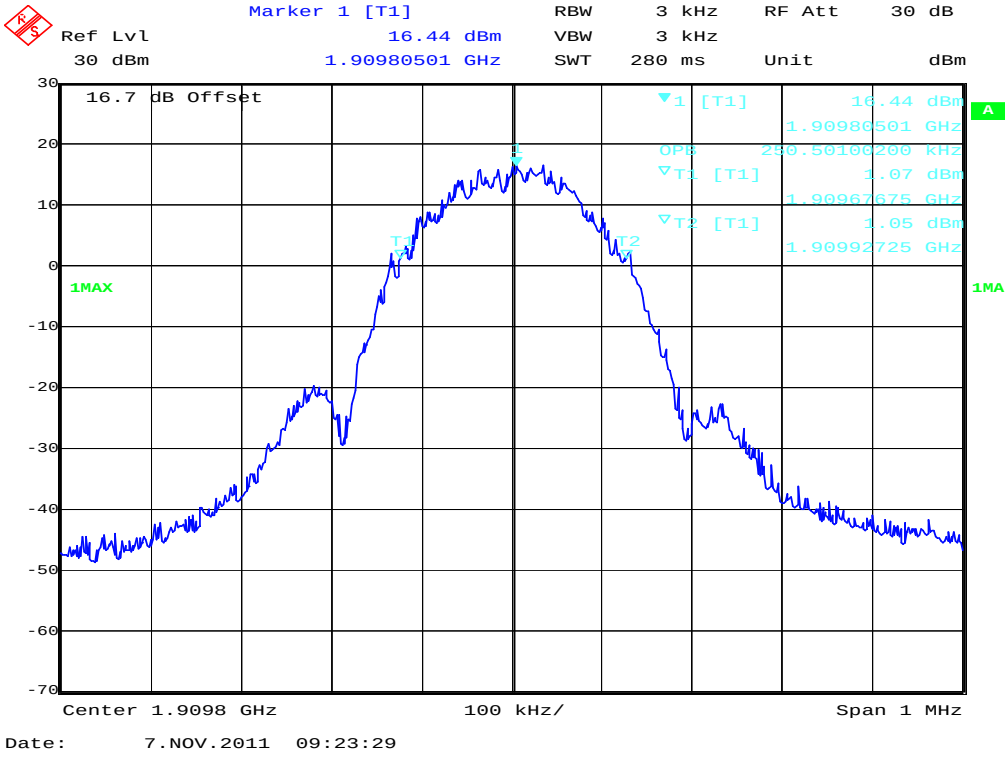
Plot 9: Channel 661 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



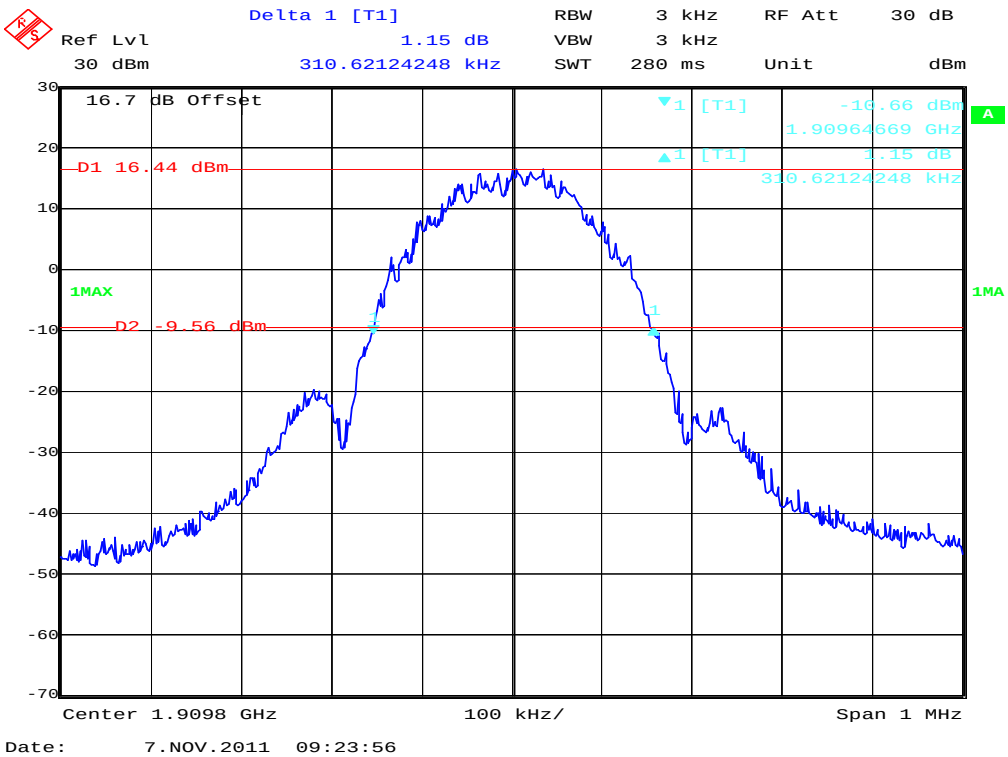
Plot 10: Channel 661 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



Plot 11: Channel 810 (99% - OBW) - EDGE



Plot 12: Channel 810 (-26 dBc BW) - EDGE



8.5 Results UMTS band II

The connection was established with the following setup: WCDMA CS-RMC, Max Power (All Bit up)

8.5.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and EIRP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	10 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	10 MHz
Span:	Zero Span
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.232 CFR Part 2.1046	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.4
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+33.00 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

Results:

Output Power (conducted) WCDMA mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB)**
1852.4	23.1	2.70
1880.0	23.1	2.80
1907.6	23.1	2.70
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (conducted) HSUPA mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB)**
1852.4	21.7	3.20
1880.0	21.6	3.40
1907.6	21.5	3.40
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (radiated) WCDMA mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP**
1852.4	26.7
1880.0	26.0
1907.6	25.3
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

Output Power (radiated) HSUPA mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - EIRP**
1852.4	25.3
1880.0	24.5
1907.6	23.7
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

8.5.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a “call mode”. This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.
1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom}, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 9400 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom}. Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max}, in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMU200
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.235 CFR Part 2.1055	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.3
Frequency Stability	
± 0.1 ppm	

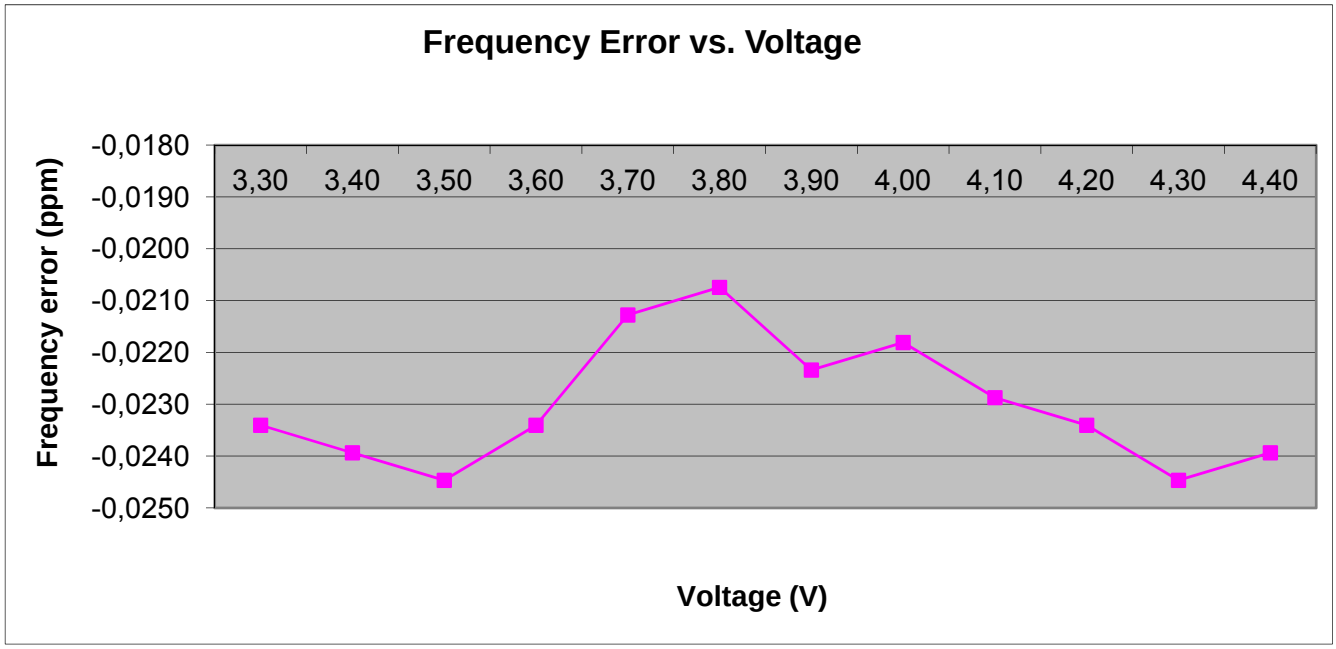
Results:

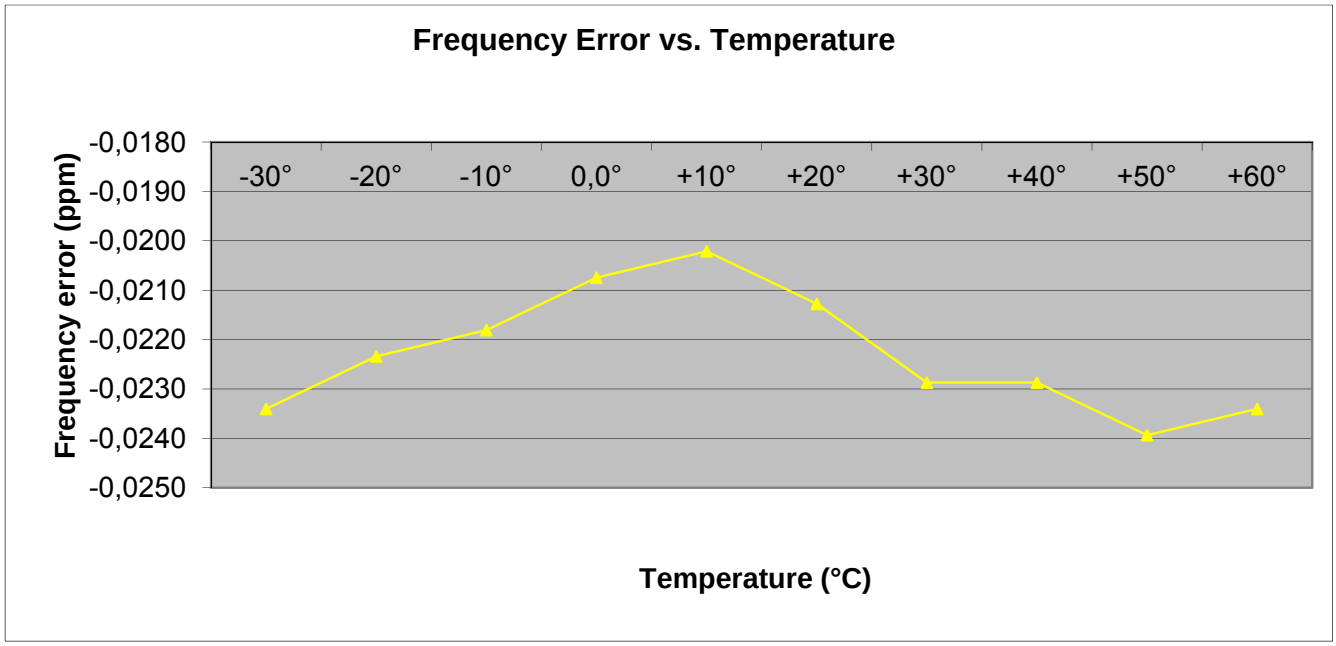
AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	-44	-0,00000234	-0,0234
3.4	-45	-0,00000239	-0,0239
3.5	-46	-0,00000245	-0,0245
3.6	-44	-0,00000234	-0,0234
3.7	-40	-0,00000213	-0,0213
3.8	-39	-0,00000207	-0,0207
3.9	-42	-0,00000223	-0,0223
4.0	-41	-0,00000218	-0,0218
4.1	-43	-0,00000229	-0,0229
4.2	-44	-0,00000234	-0,0234
4.3	-46	-0,00000245	-0,0245
4.4	-45	-0,00000239	-0,0239

AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	-44	-0,00000234	-0,0234
-20	-42	-0,00000223	-0,0223
-10	-41	-0,00000218	-0,0218
± 0	-39	-0,00000207	-0,0207
10	-38	-0,00000202	-0,0202
20	-40	-0,00000213	-0,0213
30	-43	-0,00000229	-0,0229
40	-43	-0,00000229	-0,0229
50	-45	-0,00000239	-0,0239
60	-44	-0,00000234	-0,0234





Result: The result of the measurement is passed.

8.5.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 1910 MHz. This was rounded up to 20 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 24.238. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the UMTS band II.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603 .

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1053	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Spurious Emissions Radiated	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the UMTS band II (1852.4 MHz, 1880.0 MHz and 1907.6 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the UMTS band II into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

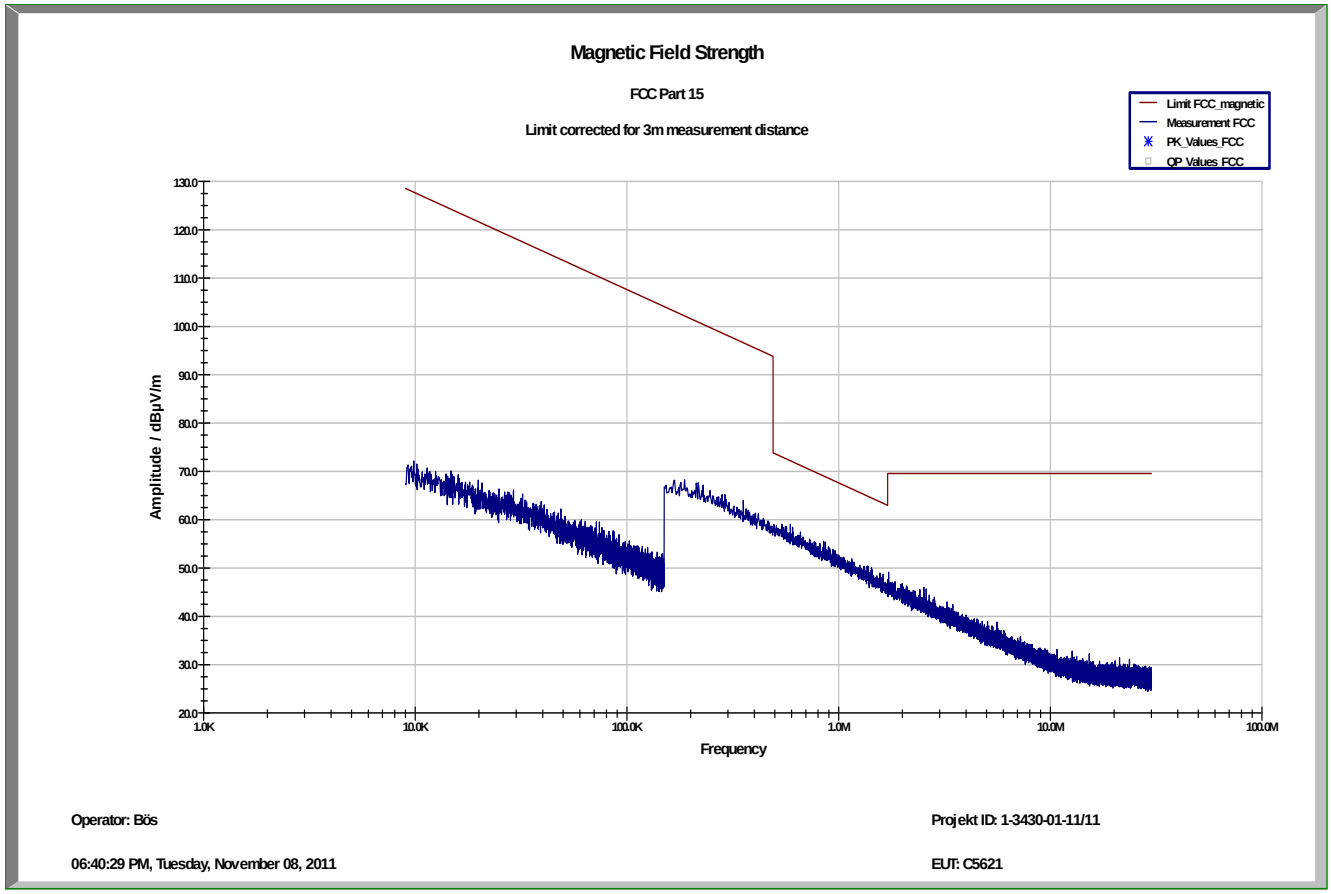
The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.
All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.
The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

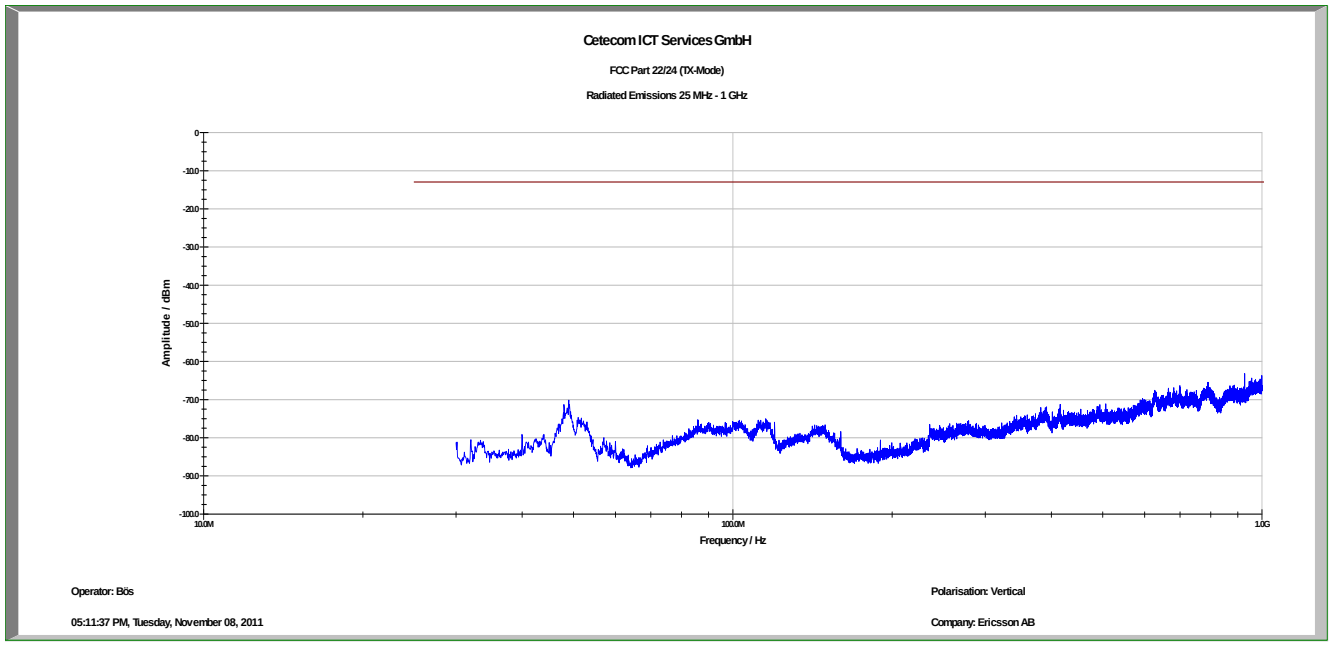
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 9262 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9400 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9538 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3704.8	-	2	3760.0	-	2	3815.2	-
3	5557.2	-	3	5640.0	-	3	5722.8	-
4	7409.6	-	4	7520.0	-	4	7630.4	-
5	9262.0	-	5	9400.0	-	5	9538.0	-
6	11114.4	-	6	11280.0	-	6	11445.6	-
7	12966.8	-	7	13160.0	-	7	13353.2	-
8	14819.2	-	8	15040.0	-	8	15260.8	-
9	16671.6	-	9	16920.0	-	9	17168.4	-
10	18524.0	-	10	18800.0	-	10	19076.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB					

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

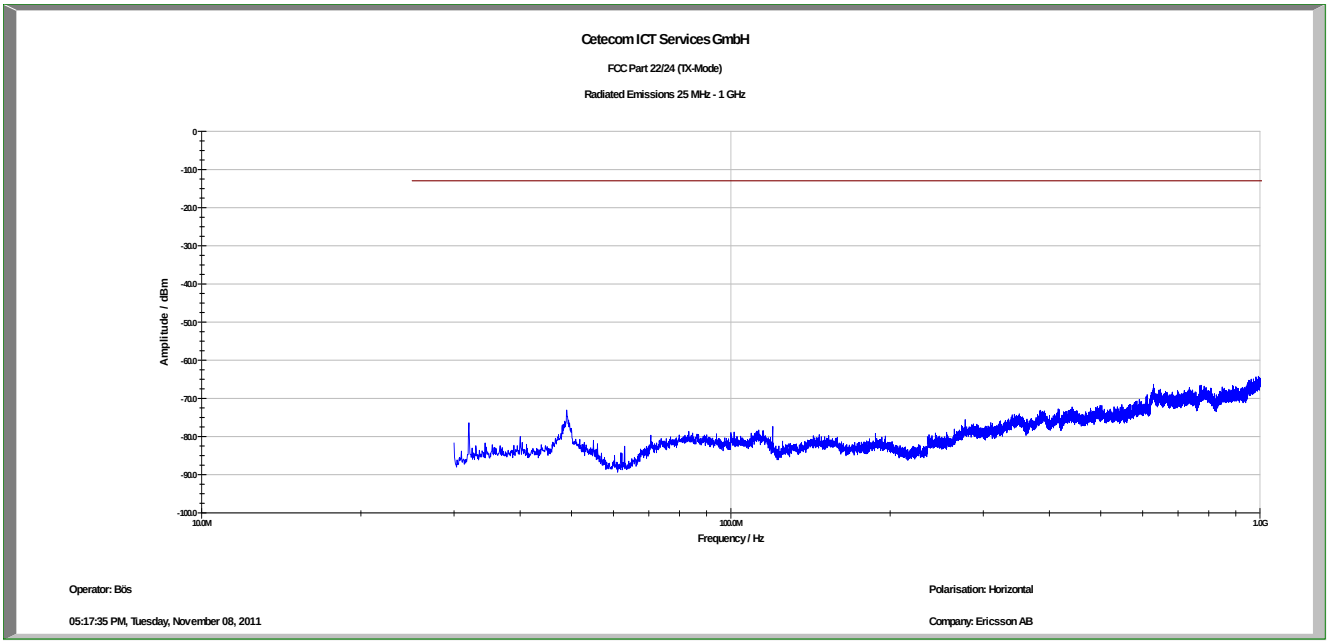
Plot 1: Channel 9400 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



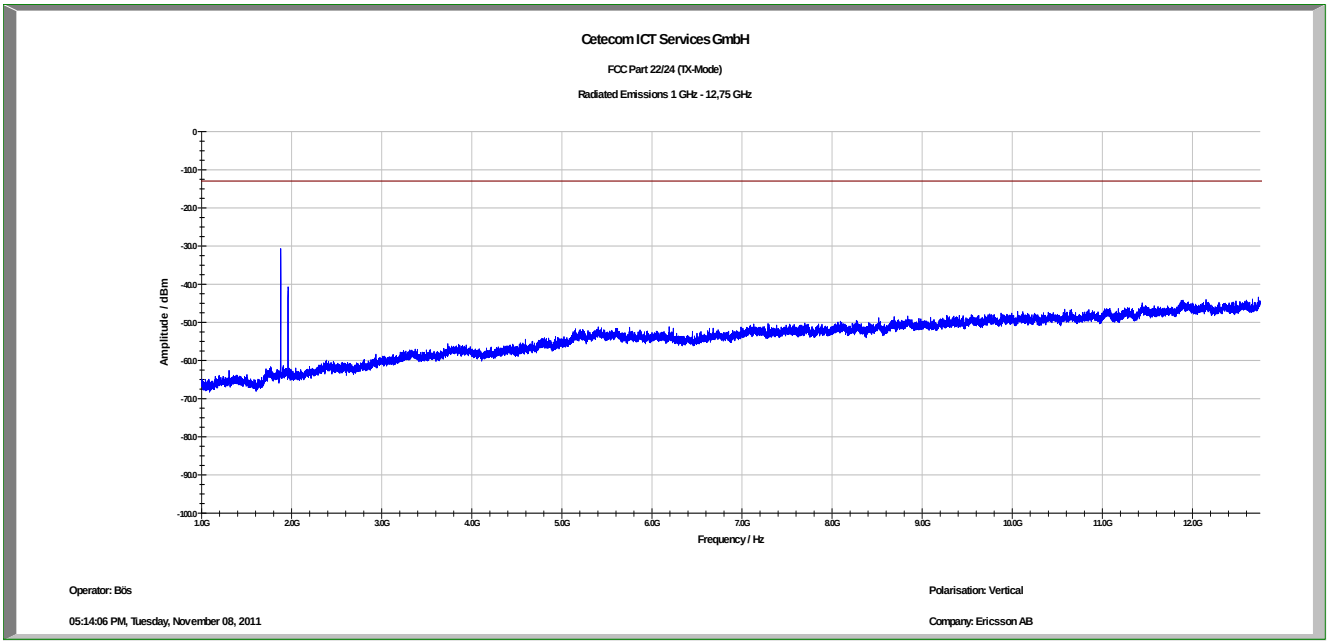
Plot 2: Channel 9400 (30 MHz - 1 GHz), Antenna vertical



Plot 3: Channel 9400 (30 MHz - 1 GHz), Antenna horizontal

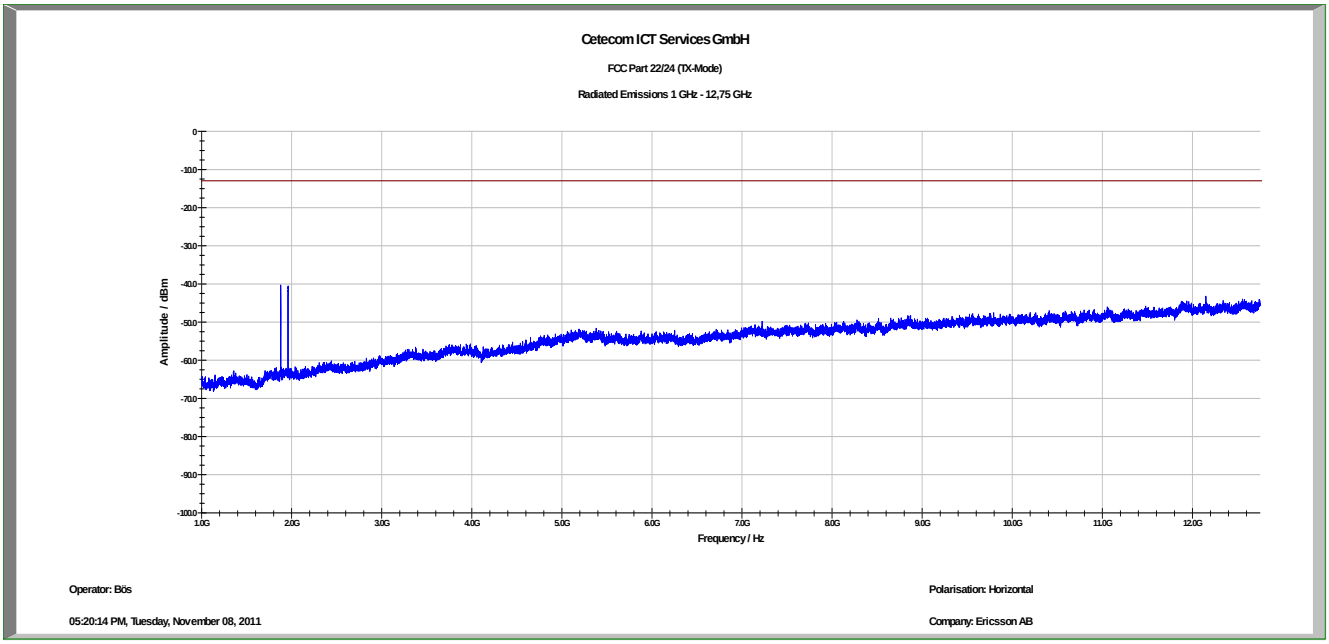


Plot 4: Channel 9400 (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz), Antenna vertical



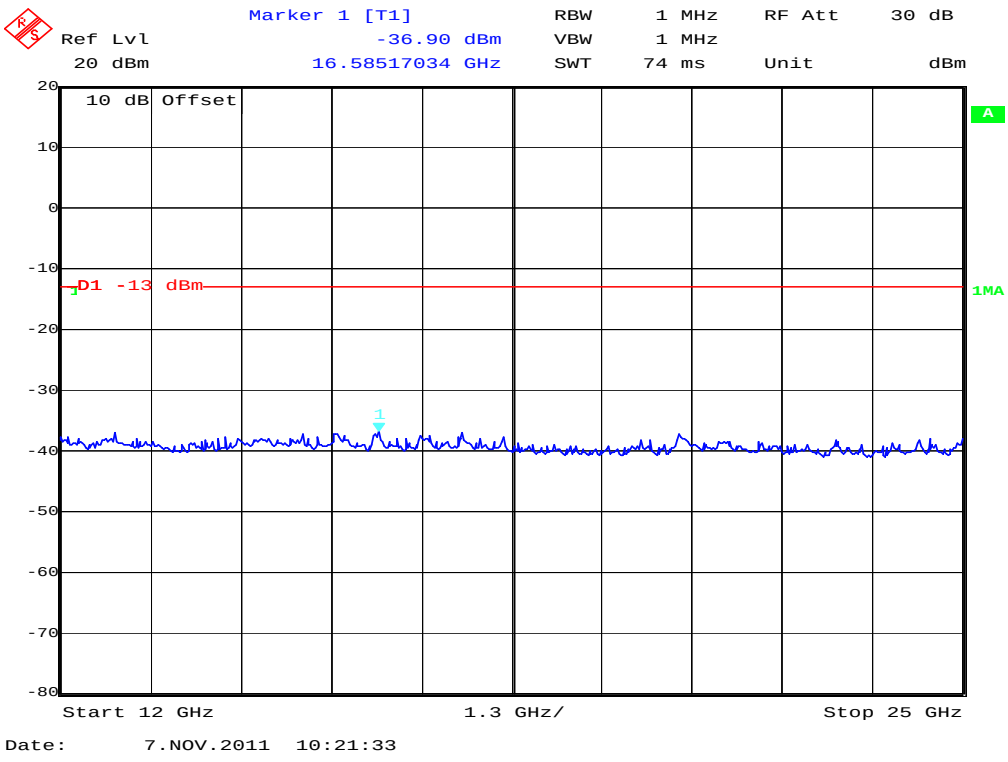
Carrier notched with 1.9 GHz rejection filter

Plot 5: Channel 9400 (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz), Antenna horizontal



Carrier notched with 1.9 GHz rejection filter

Plot 6: Channel 9400 (12 GHz - 25 GHz)



8.5.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.
1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 20 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

UMTS band II Transmitter Channel Frequency
9262 1852.4 MHz
9400 1880.0 MHz
9538 1907.6 MHz

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	30 MHz – 25 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

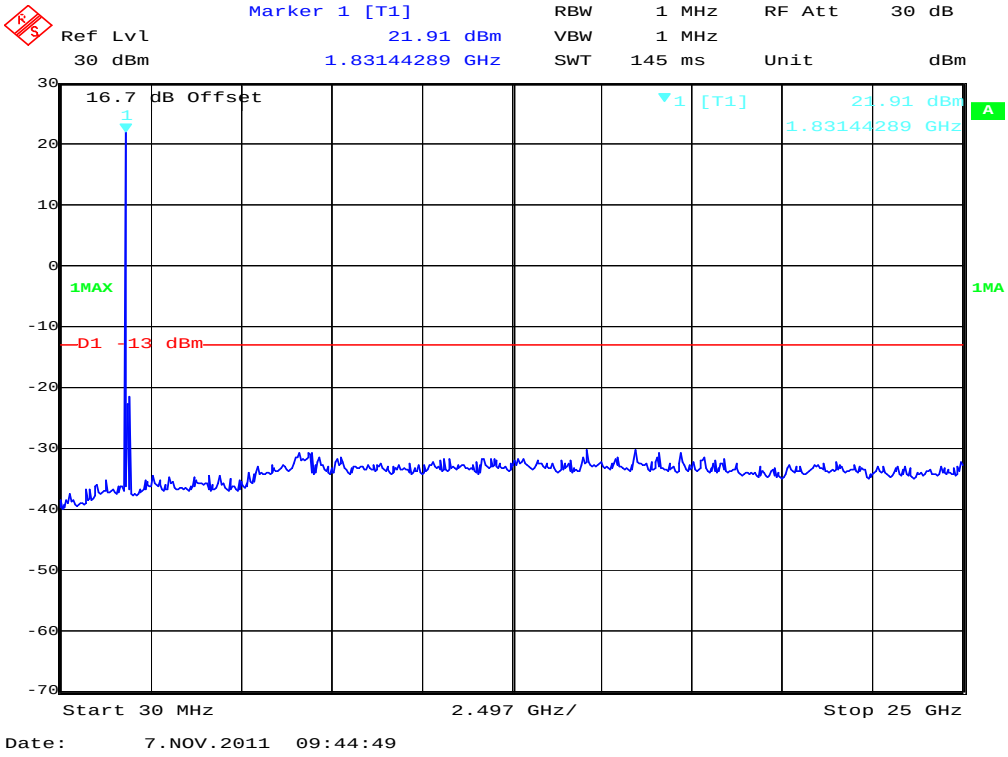
FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

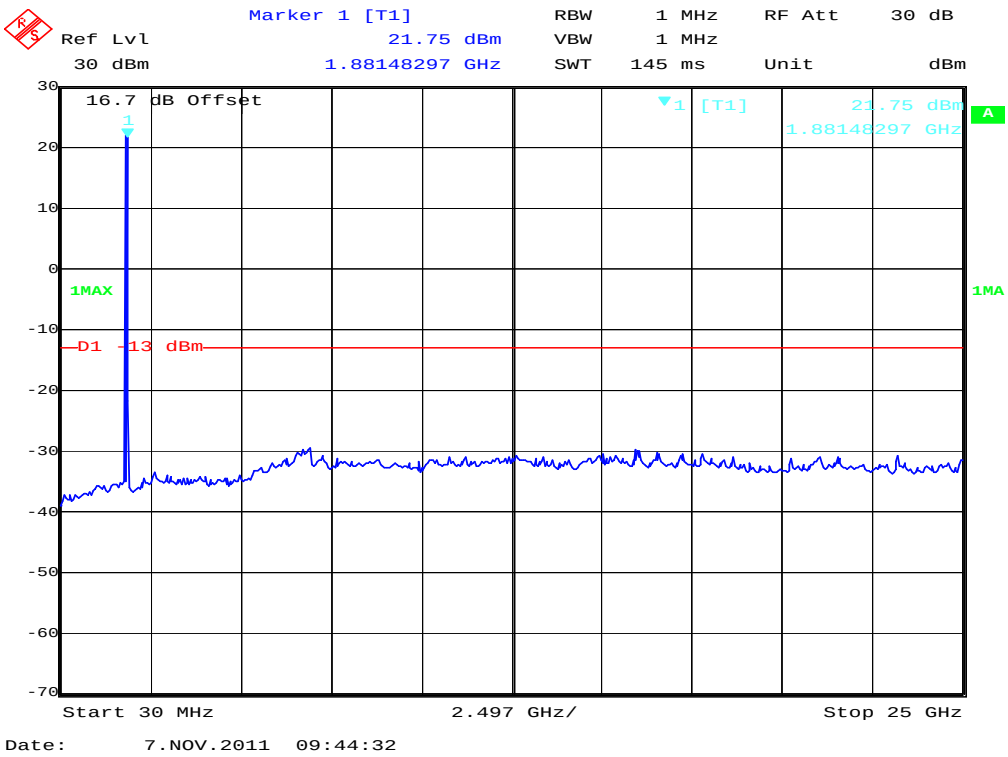
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 9262 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9400 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 9538 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	3704.8	-	2	3760.0	-	2	3815.2	-
3	5557.2	-	3	5640.0	-	3	5722.8	-
4	7409.6	-	4	7520.0	-	4	7630.4	-
5	9262.0	-	5	9400.0	-	5	9538.0	-
6	11114.4	-	6	11280.0	-	6	11445.6	-
7	12966.8	-	7	13160.0	-	7	13353.2	-
8	14819.2	-	8	15040.0	-	8	15260.8	-
9	16671.6	-	9	16920.0	-	9	17168.4	-
10	18524.0	-	10	18800.0	-	10	19076.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB					

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

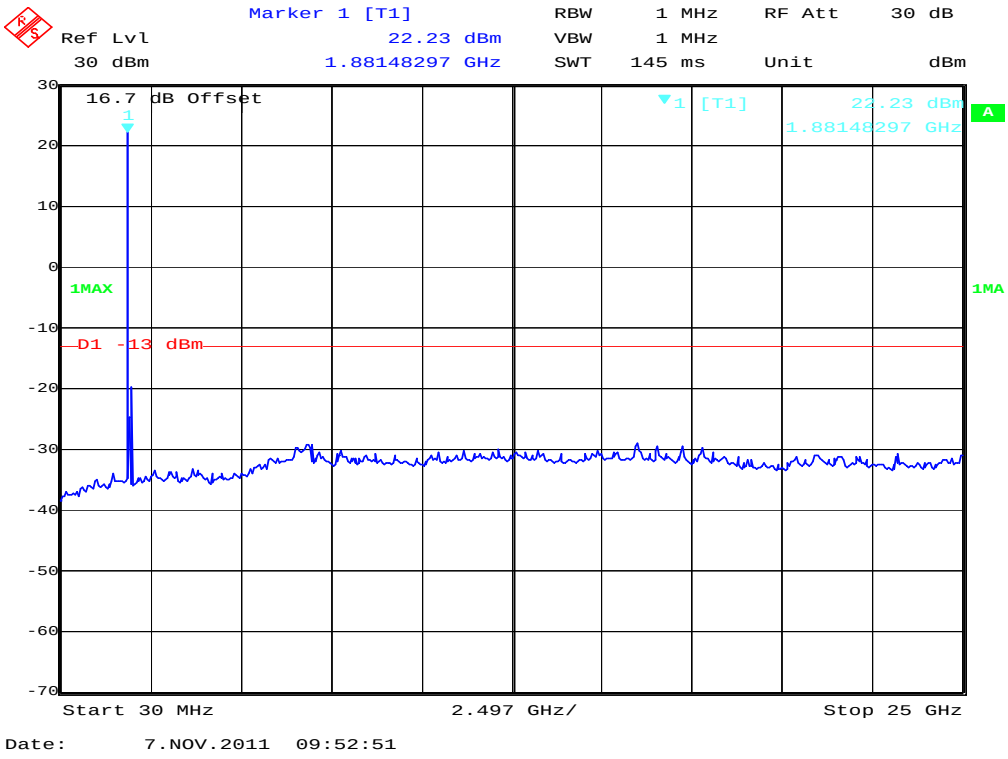
Plot 1: Channel 9262 (30 MHz - 25 GHz)



Plot 2: Channel 9400 (30 MHz - 25 GHz)



Plot 3: Channel 9538 (30 MHz - 25 GHz)



8.5.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

Measurement:

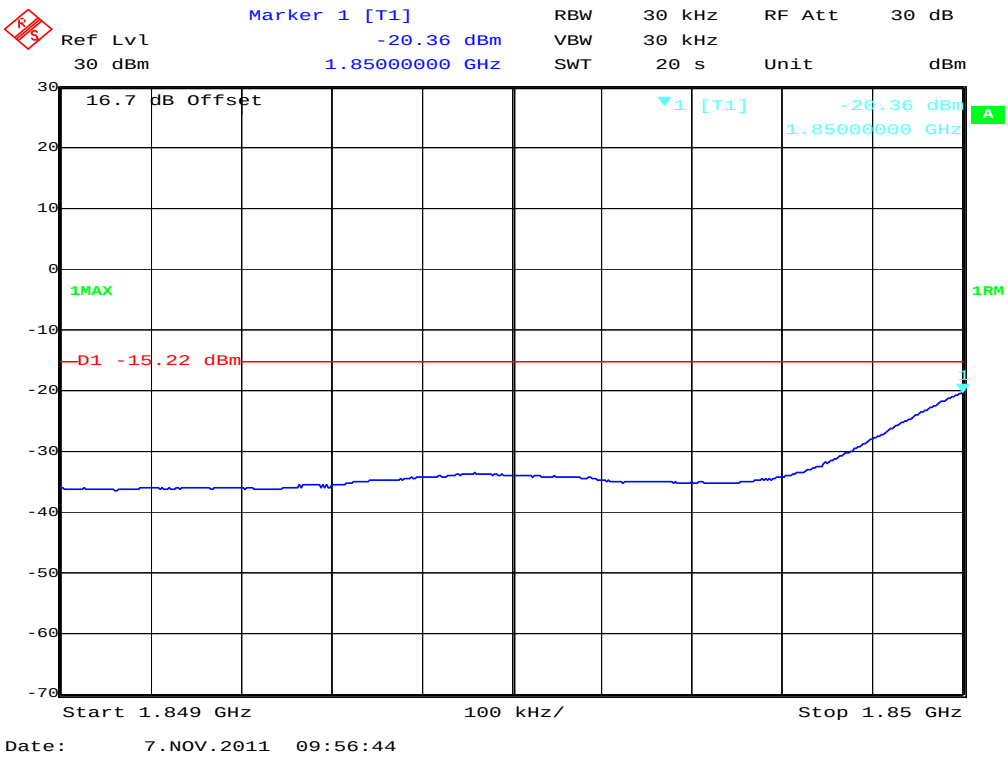
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	20 sec.
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

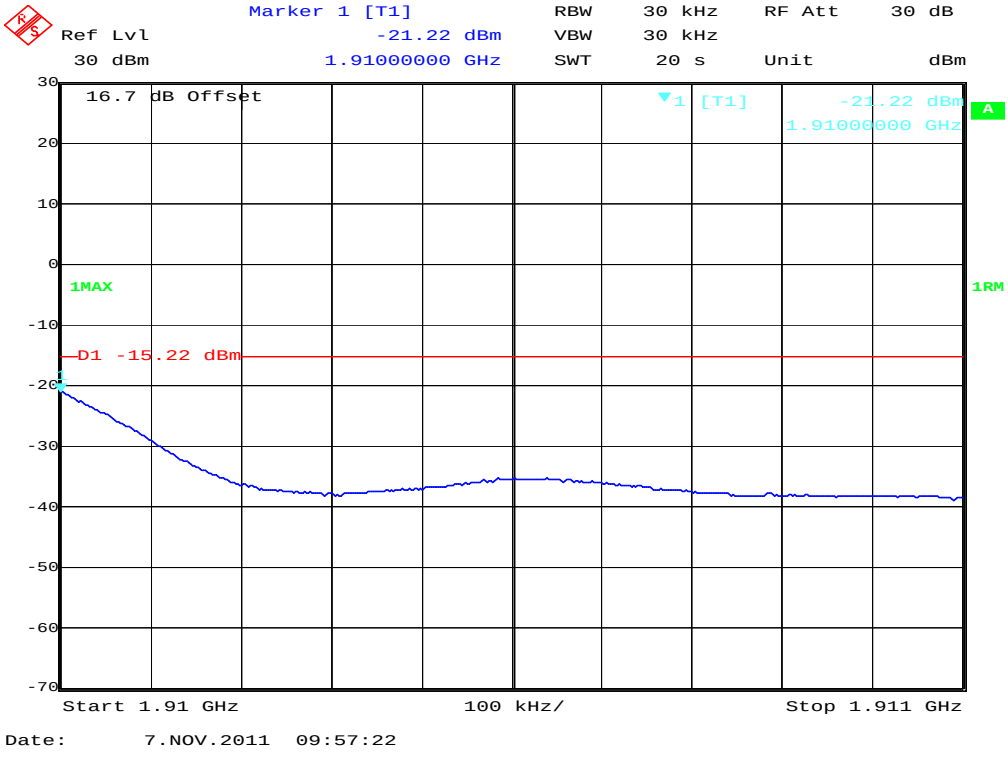
FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Block Edge Compliance	
Part 24.238 specifies that "the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB." However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used: "An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of 10 Log (RBW1/ RBW2) to the 43 +10 Log (P) limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz." When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -2.2185 adjustment to the limit [10log(30kHz/50kHz) = -2.2185]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -15.2185.	
-15.22 dBm	

Results:

Plot 1: Channel 9262



Plot 2: Channel 9538



Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

8.5.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the UMTS band II frequency band. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 24.238 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 4700 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 50 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 100 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	100 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Span:	6 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

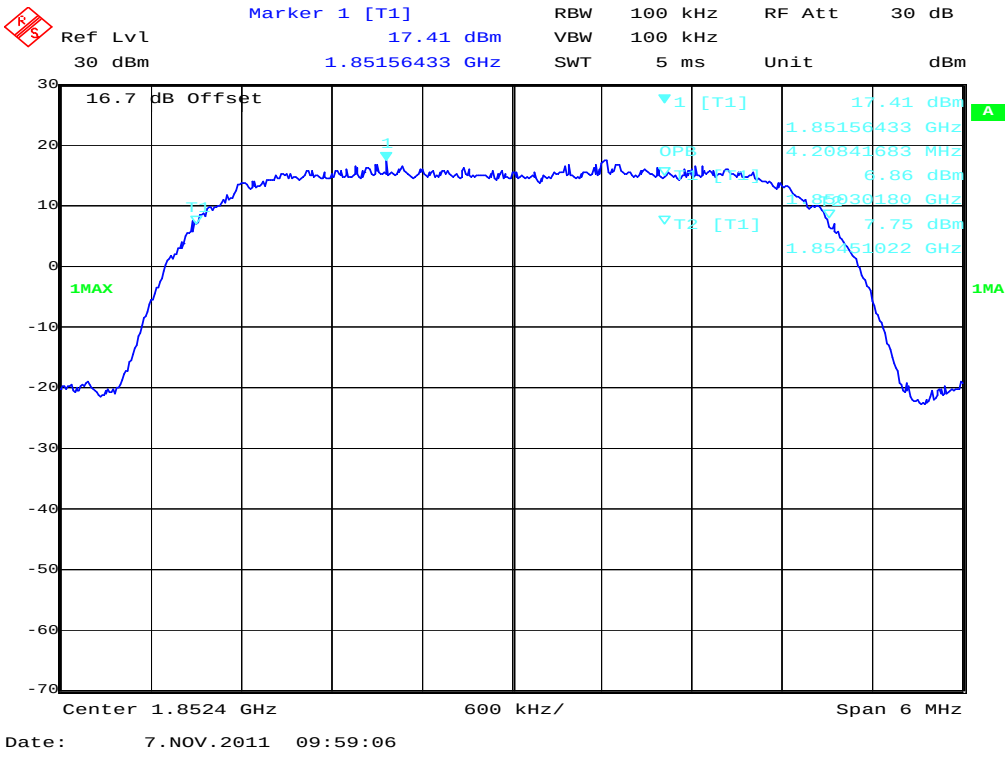
FCC	IC
CFR Part 24.238 CFR Part 2.1049	RSS 133, Issue 5, Section 6.5
Occupied Bandwidth	
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	

Results:

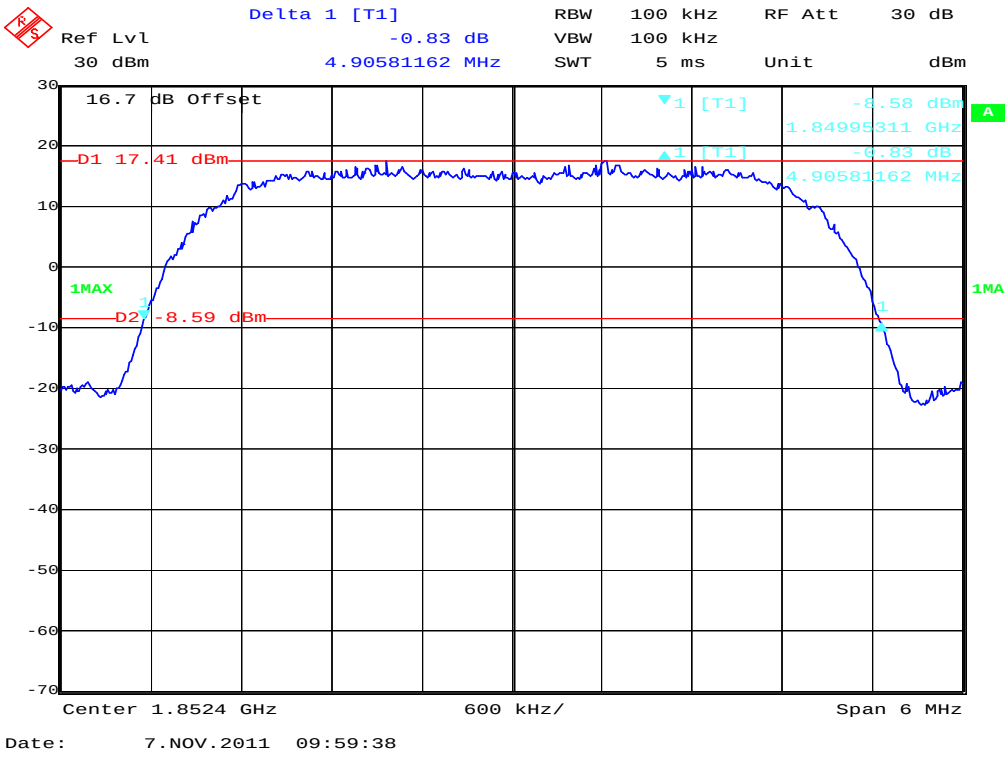
Occupied Bandwidth		
Frequency (MHz)	**99% OBW (kHz)**	**-26 dBc BW (kHz)**
1852.4	4208	4906
1880.0	4184	4870
1907.6	4208	4882
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz	

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

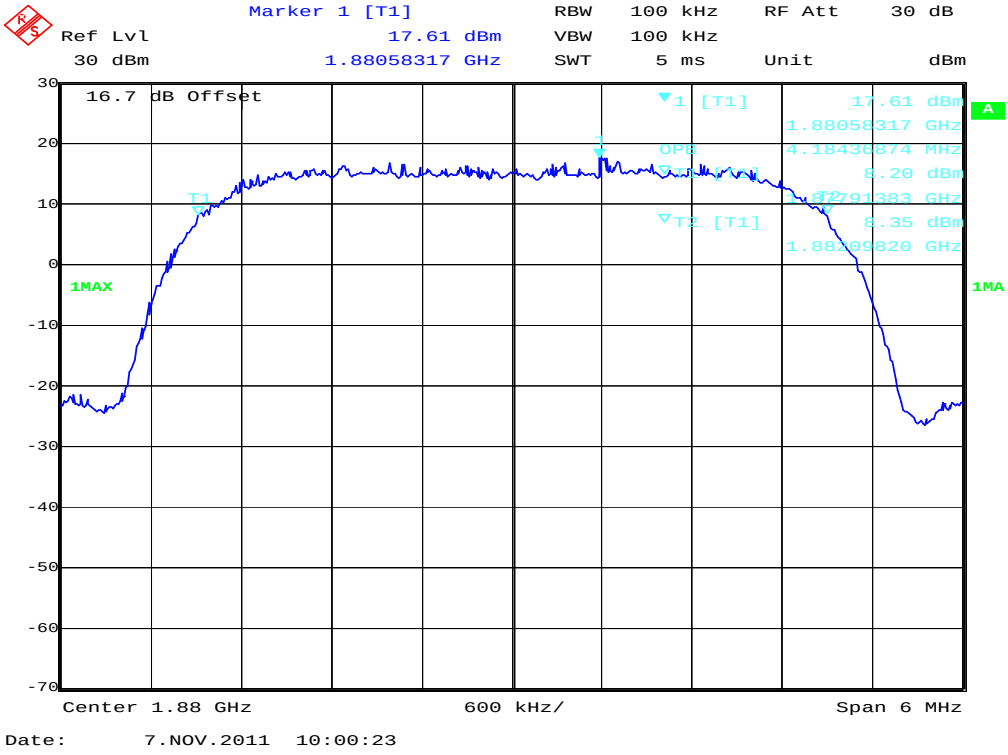
Plot 1: Channel 9262 (99% - OBW)



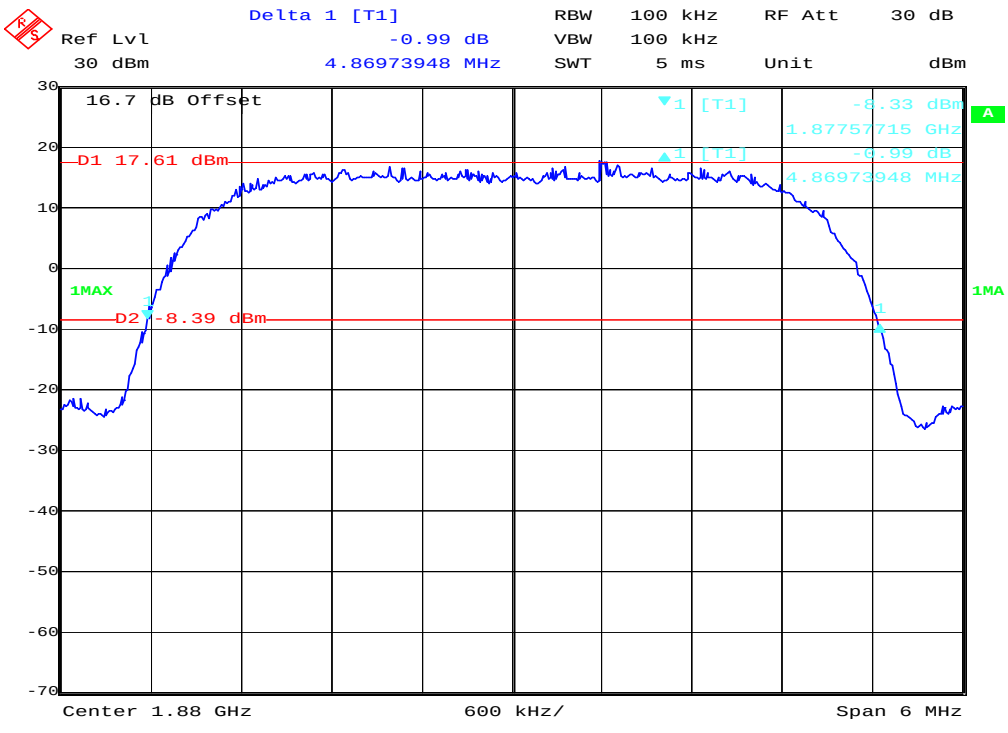
Plot 2: Channel 9262 (-26 dBc BW)



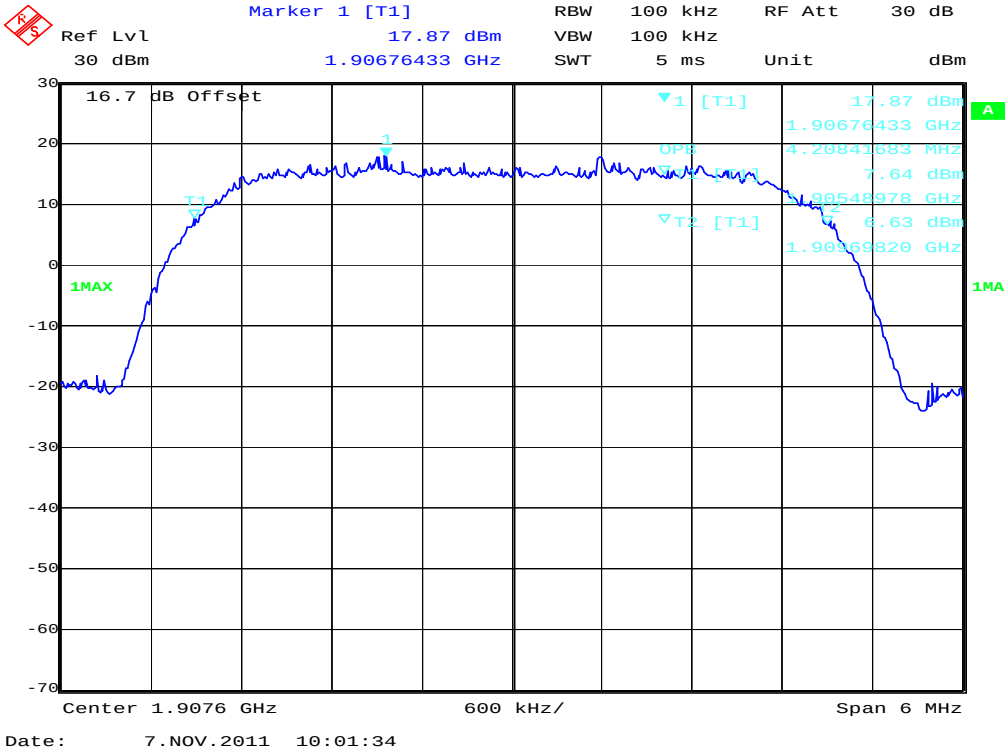
Plot 3: Channel 9400 (99% - OBW)



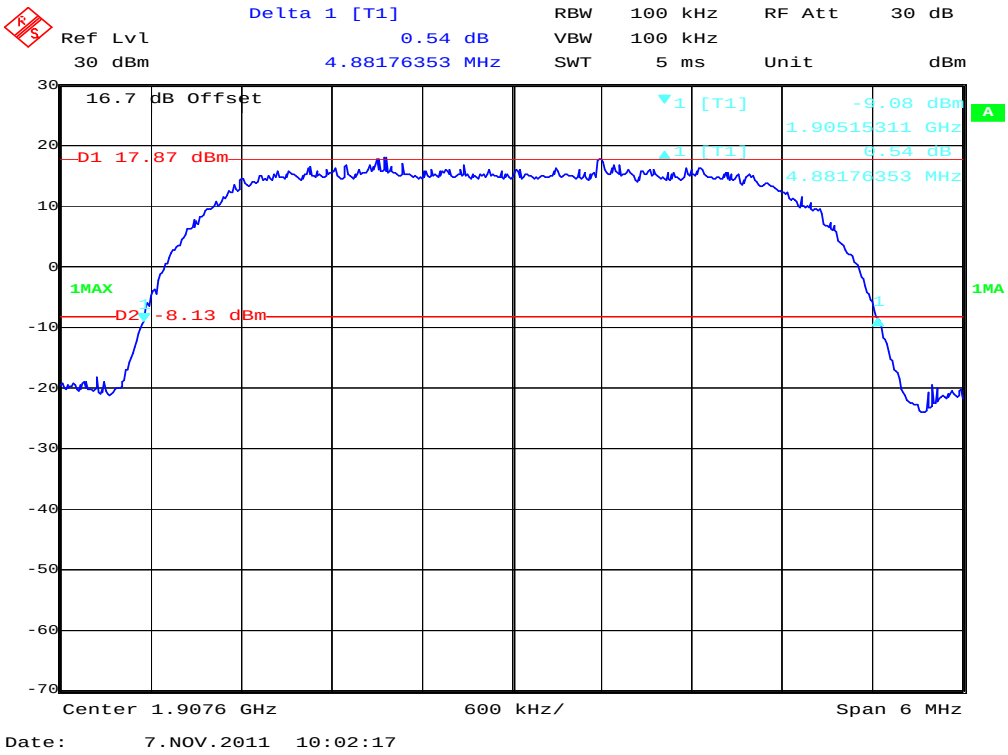
Plot 4: Channel 9400 (-26 dBc BW)



Plot 5: Channel 9538 (99% - OBW)



Plot 6: Channel 9538 (-26 dBc BW)



8.6 Results UMTS band V

The connection was established with the following setup: WCDMA CS-RMC, Max Power (All Bit up)

8.6.1 RF output power

Description:

This paragraph contains average power, peak output power and ERP measurements for the mobile station. In all cases, the peak output power is within the required mask (this mask is specified in the JTC standards, TIA PN3389 Vol. 1 Chap 7, and is no FCC requirement).

Measurement:

The mobile was set up for the maximum output power with pseudo random data modulation.

To determine the Peak-To-Average Power Ratio (PAPR) the measurement was performed with the Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF).

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak and RMS (Power in Burst)
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	10 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	10 MHz
Span:	Zero Span
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.913 CFR Part 2.1046	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.4 and 6.4
Nominal Peak Output Power	
+38.45 dBm In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.	

Results:

Output Power (conducted) WCDMA mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB)**
826.4	23.6	2.80
836.0	23.5	2.70
846.6	23.6	2.60
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (conducted) HSUPA mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm)**	**Peak to Average Ratio (dB)**
826.4	23.3	3.10
836.0	23.2	3.10
846.6	23.3	3.10
Measurement uncertainty	± 0.5 dB	

Output Power (radiated) WCDMA mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP**
826.4	23.3
836.0	23.5
846.6	23.8
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

Output Power (radiated) HSUPA mode	
Frequency (MHz)	**Average Output Power (dBm) - ERP**
826.4	23.0
836.0	23.2
846.6	23.5
Measurement uncertainty	± 2.0 dB

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

8.6.2 Frequency stability

Description:

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the mobile station in a “call mode”. This is accomplished with the use of a R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIOCOMMUNICATION TESTER.
1. Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.
2. Subject the mobile station to overnight soak at -30 C.
3. With the mobile station, powered with V_{nom}, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 4180 (centre channel), measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within two minutes of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.
4. Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +60°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.
5. Remeasure carrier frequency at room temperature with V_{nom}. Vary supply voltage from V_{min} to V_{max}, in 0.1 Volt steps remeasuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at V_{nom} for 1.5 hours unpowered, to allow any self heating to stabilize, before continuing.
6. At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5°C during the measurement procedure.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Measured with CMU200
Sweep time:	
Video bandwidth:	
Resolution bandwidth:	
Span:	
Trace-Mode:	

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.355 CFR Part 2.1055	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.3 and 6.3
Frequency Stability	
± 0.1 ppm	

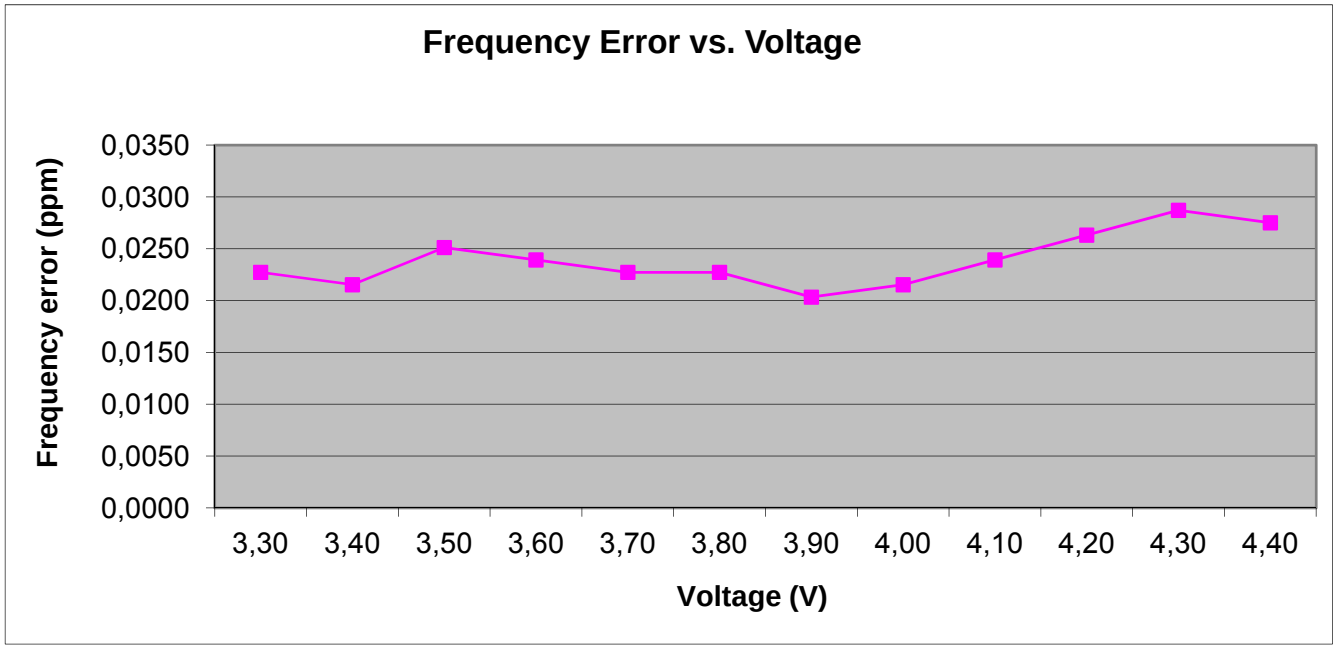
Results:

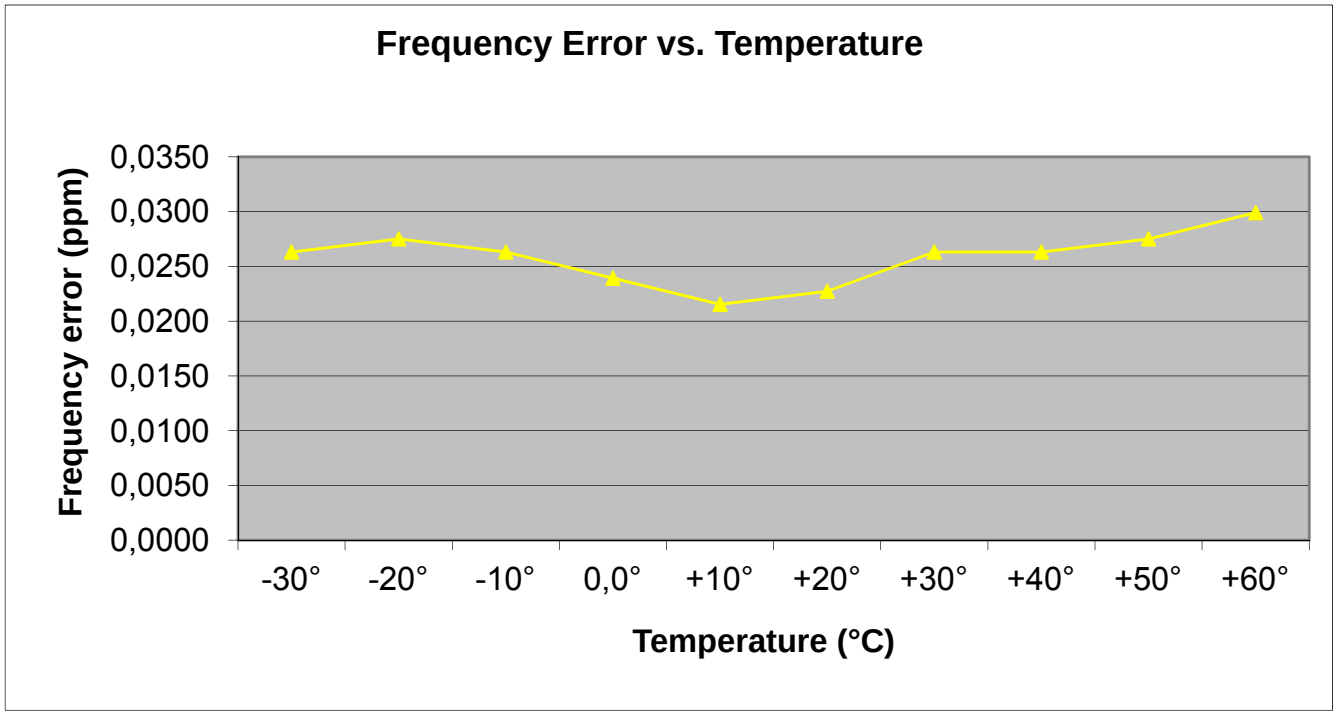
AFC FREQ ERROR versus VOLTAGE

Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
3.3	19	0,00000227	0,0227
3.4	18	0,00000215	0,0215
3.5	21	0,00000251	0,0251
3.6	20	0,00000239	0,0239
3.7	19	0,00000227	0,0227
3.8	19	0,00000227	0,0227
3.9	17	0,00000203	0,0203
4.0	18	0,00000215	0,0215
4.1	20	0,00000239	0,0239
4.2	22	0,00000263	0,0263
4.3	24	0,00000287	0,0287
4.4	23	0,00000275	0,0275

AFC FREQ ERROR versus TEMPERATURE

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (%)	Frequency Error (ppm)
-30	22	0,00000263	0,0263
-20	23	0,00000275	0,0275
-10	22	0,00000263	0,0263
± 0	20	0,00000239	0,0239
10	18	0,00000215	0,0215
20	19	0,00000227	0,0227
30	22	0,00000263	0,0263
40	22	0,00000263	0,0263
50	23	0,00000275	0,0275
60	25	0,00000299	0,0299





Result: The result of the measurement is passed.

8.6.3 Spurious emissions radiated

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the radiated emissions from the mobile station. The site is constructed in accordance with ANSI C63.4:2009 requirements and is recognized by the FCC to be in compliance for a 3 and a 10 meter site. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment, which is the transmitted carrier that can be as high as 846.6 MHz. This was rounded up to 12 GHz. The resolution bandwidth is set as outlined in Part 22.917. The spectrum was scanned with the mobile station transmitting at carrier frequencies that pertain to low, mid and high channels of the UMTS band V.

The final open field emission (here 10m semi-anechoic chamber listed by FCC) test procedure is as follows:

a) The test item was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna.
b) The antenna output was terminated in a 50 ohm load (if possible).
c) A double ridged wave guide antenna was placed on an adjustable height antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements.
d) Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receive antenna height and polarization. The maximum meter reading was recorded. The radiated emission measurements of the harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1 MHz bandwidth. If the harmonic could not be detected above the noise floor, the ambient level was recorded. The equivalent power into a dipole antenna was calculated from the field intensity levels measured at 3 meters.
e) Now each detected emissions were substituted by the substitution method, in accordance with the TIA/EIA 603 .

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	2 sec.
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz: 100 kHz Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1053	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5 and 6.5
Spurious Emissions Radiated	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, center, and lower carrier frequencies of the UMTS band V (826.4 MHz, 836.0 MHz and 846.6 MHz). It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the UMTS band V into any of the other blocks. The equipment must still, however, meet emissions requirements with the carrier at all frequencies over which it is capable of operating and it is the manufacturer's responsibility to verify this.

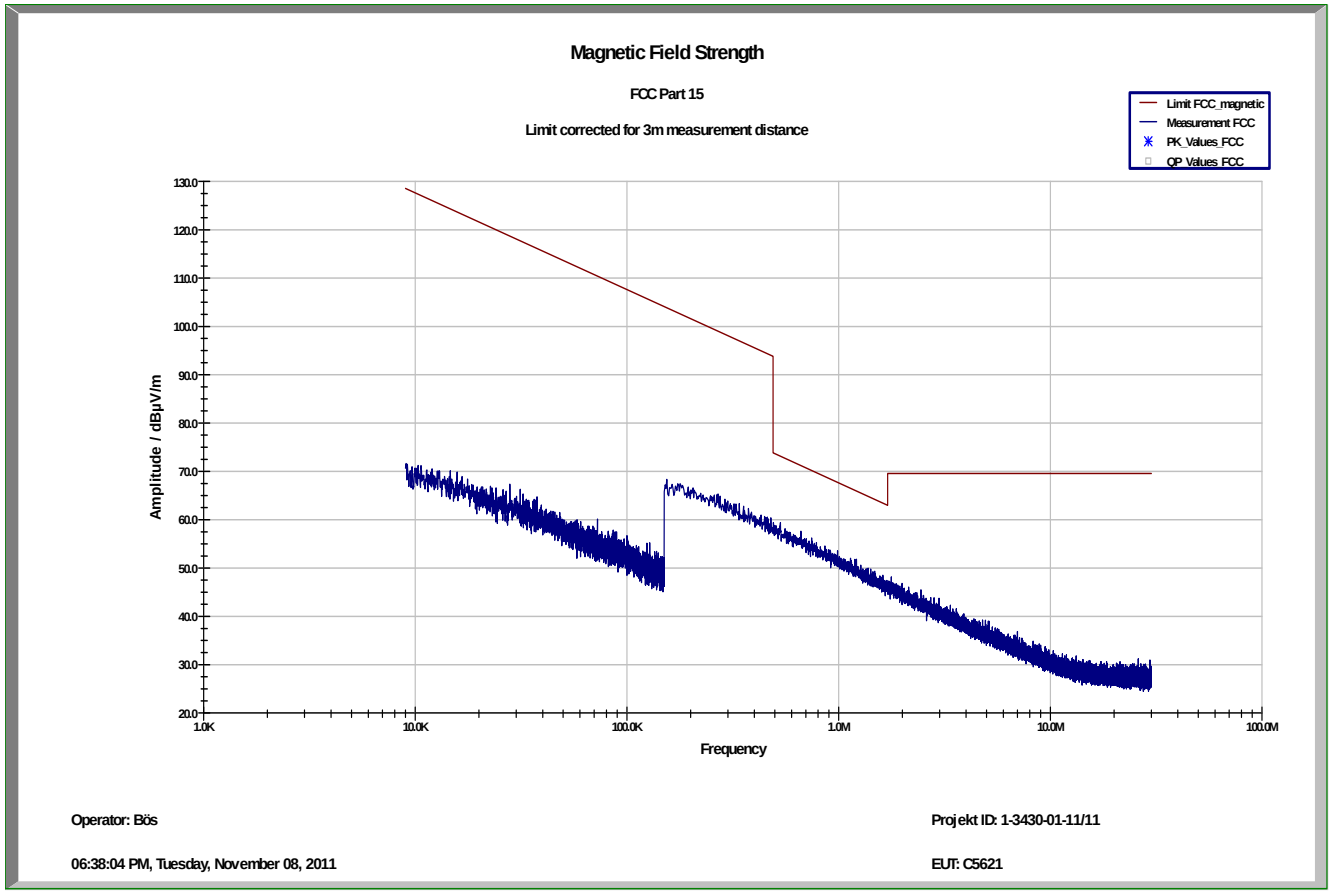
The final open field radiated levels are presented on the next pages.
All measurements were done in horizontal and vertical polarization; the plots show the worst case.
The plots show only the middle channel. If spurious were detected, the lowest and highest channel were checked too. The found values are stated in the table below.

As can be seen from this data, the emissions from the test item were within the specification limit.

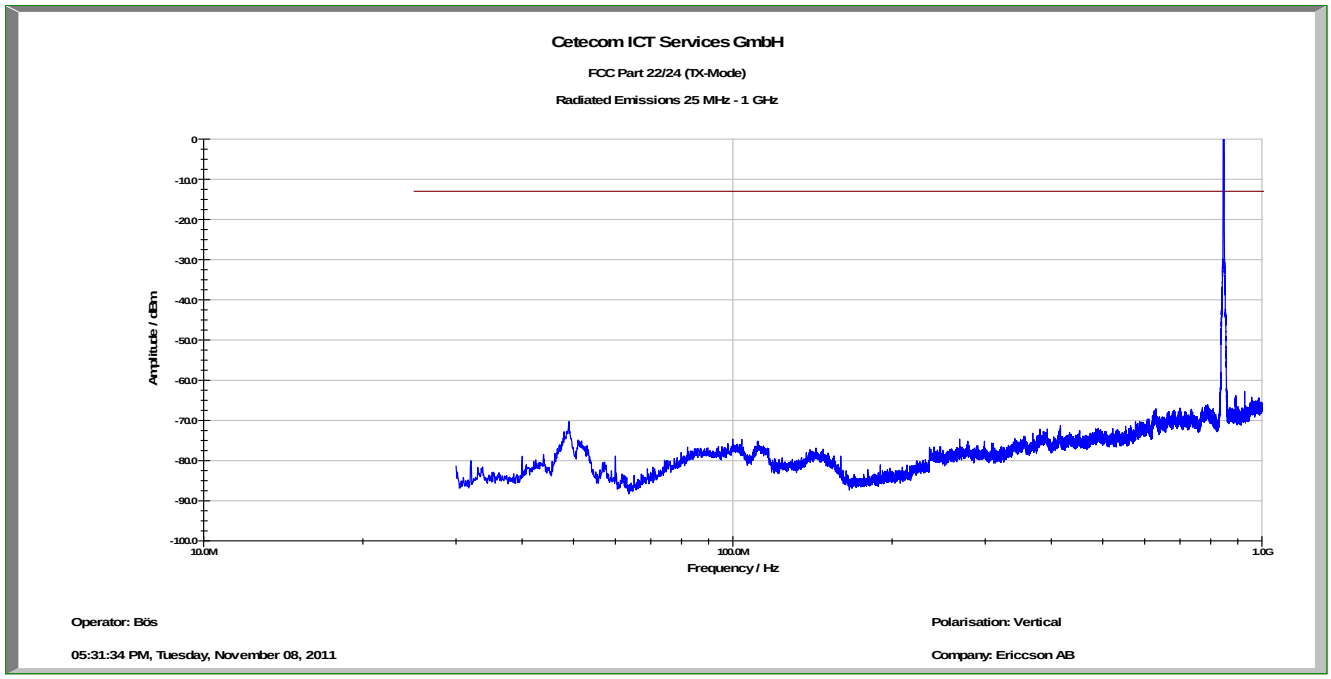
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 4132 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4180 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4233 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1652.8	-	2	1672.0	-	2	1693.2	-
3	2479.2	-	3	2508.0	-	3	2539.8	-
4	3305.6	-	4	3344.0	-	4	3386.4	-
5	4132.0	-	5	4180.0	-	5	4233.0	-
6	4958.4	-	6	5016.0	-	6	5079.6	-
7	5784.8	-	7	5852.0	-	7	5926.2	-
8	6611.2	-	8	6688.0	-	8	6772.8	-
9	7437.6	-	9	7524.0	-	9	7619.4	-
10	8264.0	-	10	8360.0	-	10	8466.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB					

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

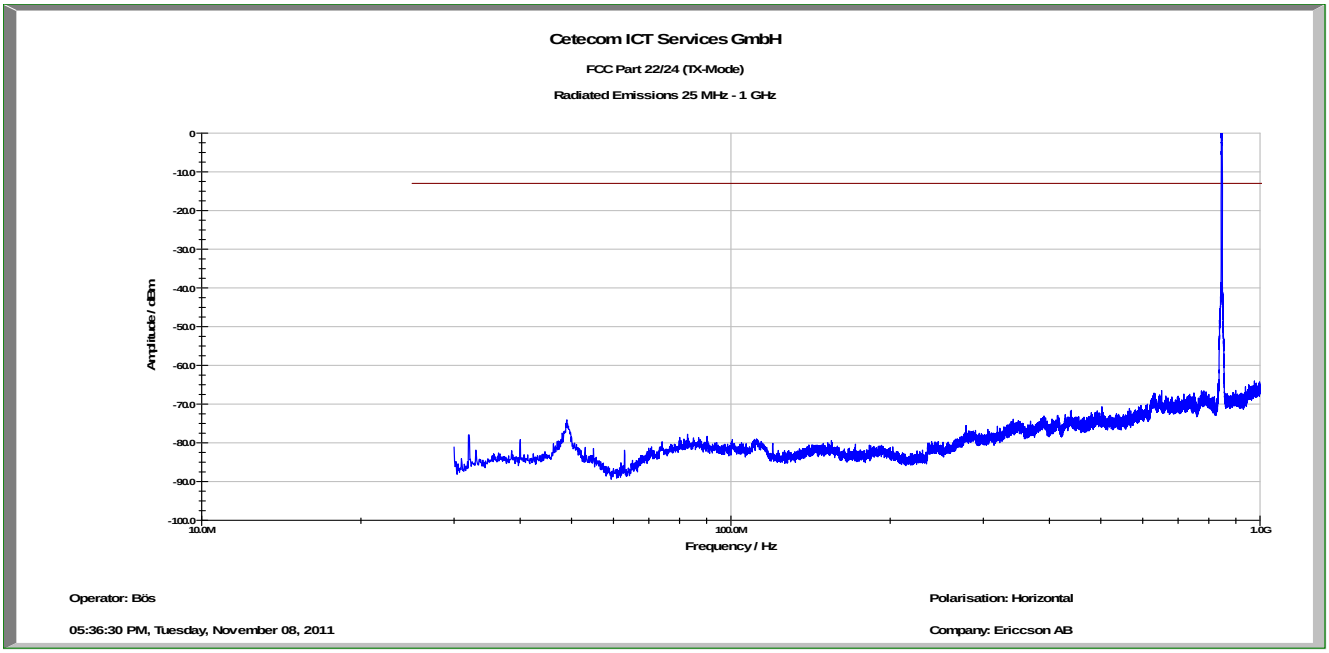
Plot 1: Channel 4180 (Traffic mode up to 30 MHz)



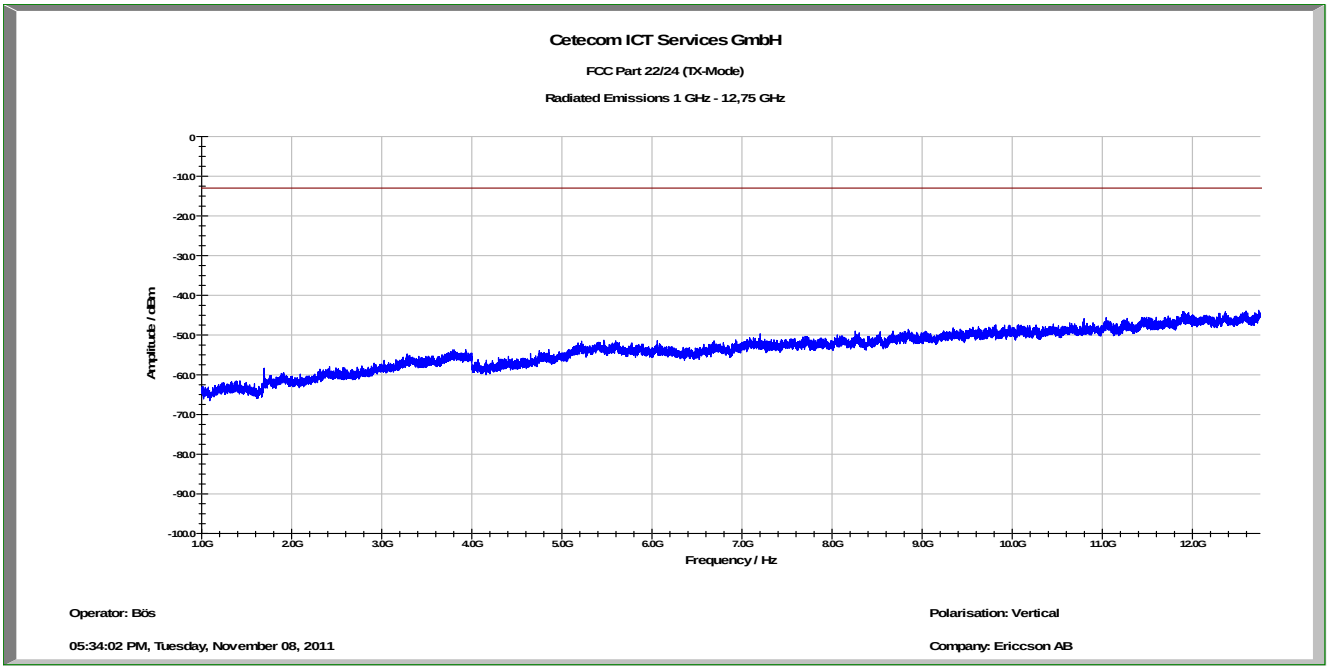
Plot 2: Channel 4180 (30 MHz - 1 GHz), Antenna vertical



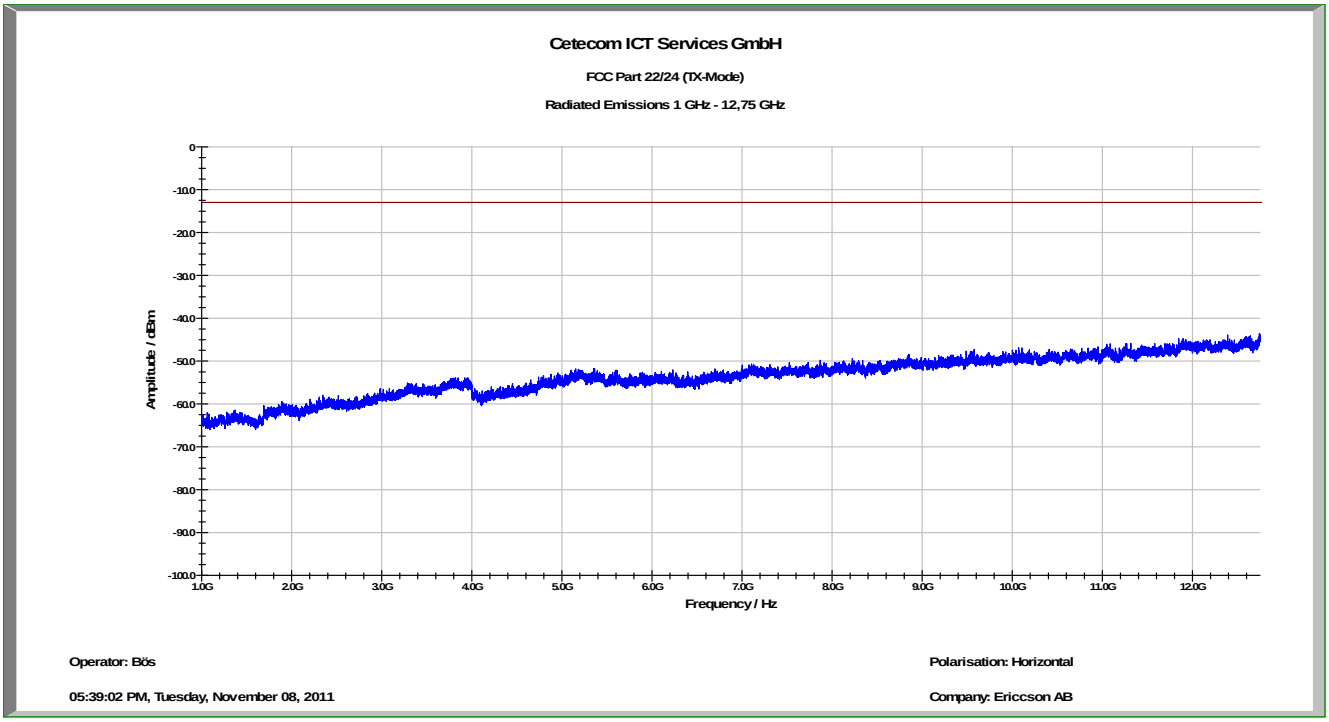
Plot 3: Channel 4180 (30 MHz - 1 GHz), Antenna horizontal



Plot 4: Channel 4180 (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz), Antenna vertical



Plot 5: Channel 4180 (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz), Antenna horizontal



8.6.4 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the mobile station.
1. Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the mobile station equipment tested, this equates to a frequency range of 13 MHz to 9 GHz, data taken from 10 MHz to 12 GHz.
2. Determine mobile station transmits frequencies: below outlines the band edge frequencies pertinent to conducted emissions testing.

UMTS band V Transmitter Channel Frequency
4132 826.4 MHz
4180 836.0 MHz
4233 846.6 MHz

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	Pre-measurement with 1 MHz On spurious detection re-measurement below 1 GHz with 100 kHz Above 1 GHz with 1 MHz
Span:	30 MHz – 25 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

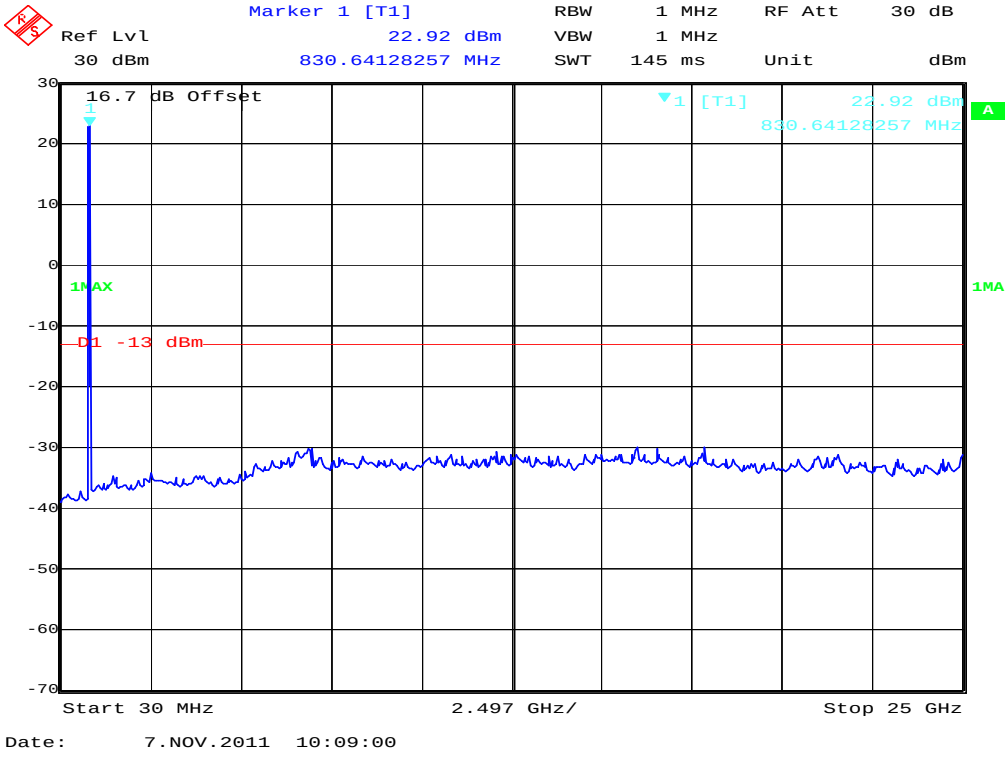
FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5 and 6.5
Spurious Emissions Conducted	
Attenuation ≥ 43 + 10log(P) (P, Power in Watts)	
-13 dBm	

Results:

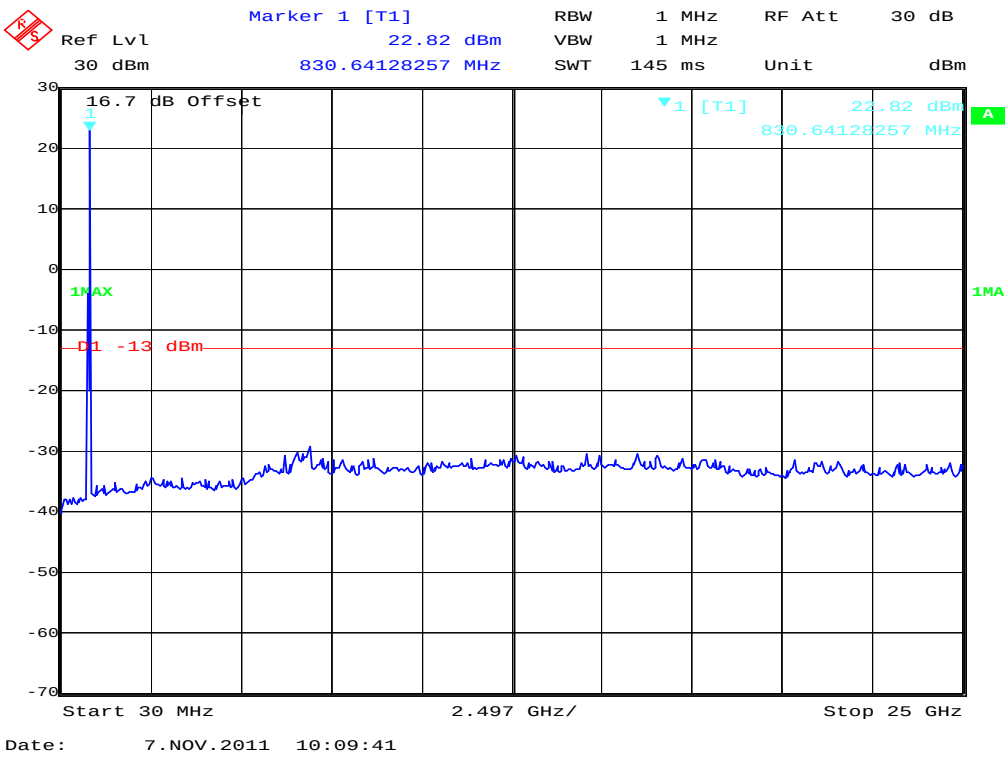
Spurious Emission Level (dBm)								
Harmonic	Ch. 4132 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4180 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]	Harmonic	Ch. 4233 Freq. (MHz)	Level [dBm]
2	1652.8	-	2	1672.0	-	2	1693.2	-
3	2479.2	-	3	2508.0	-	3	2539.8	-
4	3305.6	-	4	3344.0	-	4	3386.4	-
5	4132.0	-	5	4180.0	-	5	4233.0	-
6	4958.4	-	6	5016.0	-	6	5079.6	-
7	5784.8	-	7	5852.0	-	7	5926.2	-
8	6611.2	-	8	6688.0	-	8	6772.8	-
9	7437.6	-	9	7524.0	-	9	7619.4	-
10	8264.0	-	10	8360.0	-	10	8466.0	-
Measurement uncertainty			± 3dB					

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

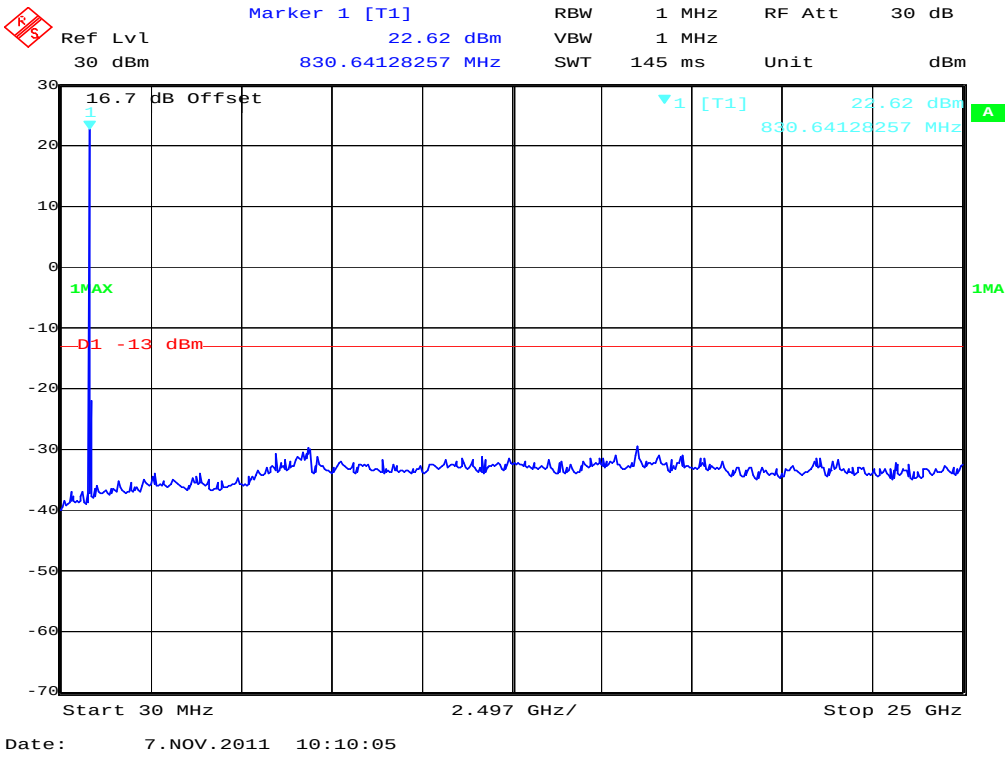
Plot 1: Channel 4132 (30 MHz - 25 GHz)



Plot 2: Channel 4180 (30 MHz - 25 GHz)



Plot 3: Channel 4233 (30 MHz - 25 GHz)



8.6.5 Block edge compliance

Description:

The spectrum at the band edges must comply with the spurious emissions limits.

Measurement:

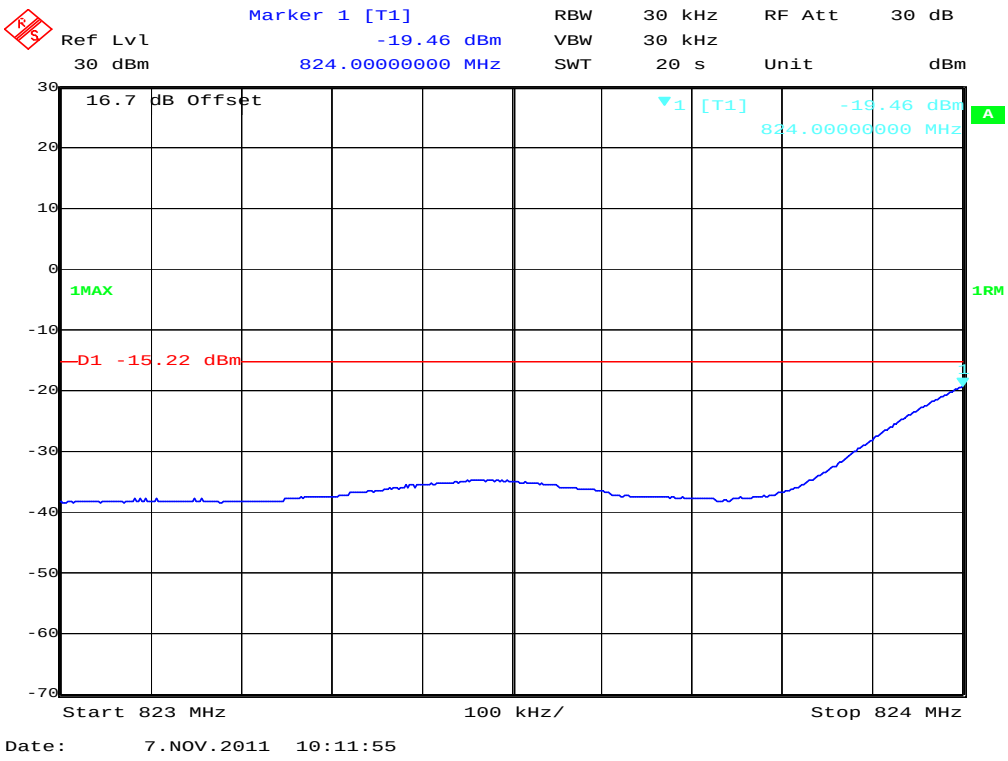
Measurement parameters	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	20 sec.
Video bandwidth:	30 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	30 kHz
Span:	1 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

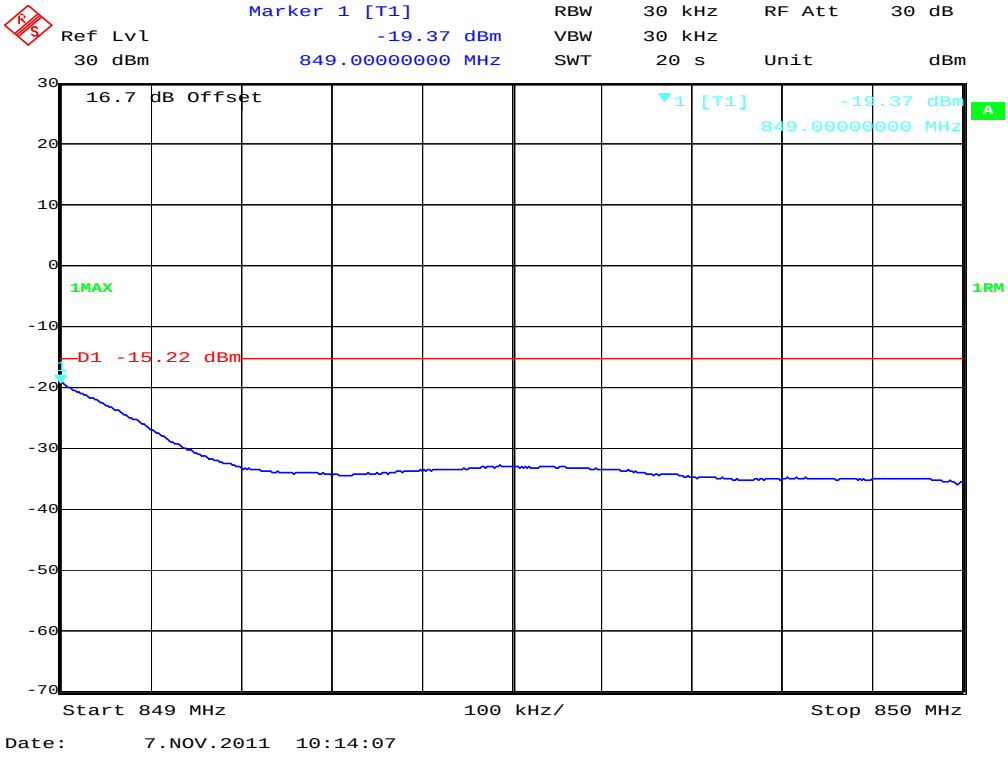
FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1051	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 6.5
Block Edge Compliance	
Part 22.917 specifies that "the power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB." However, in publication number 890810, The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology specified the following correction to the limits when a resolution bandwidth smaller than 1% of the emission bandwidth is used: "An alternative is to add an additional correction factor of 10 Log (RBW1/ RBW2) to the 43 +10 log(P) limit. RBW1 is the narrower measurement resolution bandwidth and RBW2 is either the 1% emissions bandwidth or 1 MHz." When using a 30 kHz bandwidth, this yields a -2.2185 adjustment to the limit [10 log(30kHz/50kHz) = -2.2185]. When this adjustment is applied to the limit, the limit becomes -15.2185.	
-15.22 dBm	

Results:

Plot 1: Channel 4132



Plot 2: Channel 4233



Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

8.6.6 Occupied bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the occupied bandwidth of the transmitted signal.

Measurement:

Similar to conducted emissions, occupied bandwidth measurements are only provided for selected frequencies in order to reduce the amount of submitted data. Data were taken at the extreme and mid frequencies of the UMTS band V. The table below lists the measured 99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Part 22.917 requires a measurement bandwidth of at least 1% of the occupied bandwidth. For ca. 4700 kHz, this equates to a resolution bandwidth of at least 50 kHz. For this testing, a resolution bandwidth 100 kHz was used.

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	100 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Span:	6 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

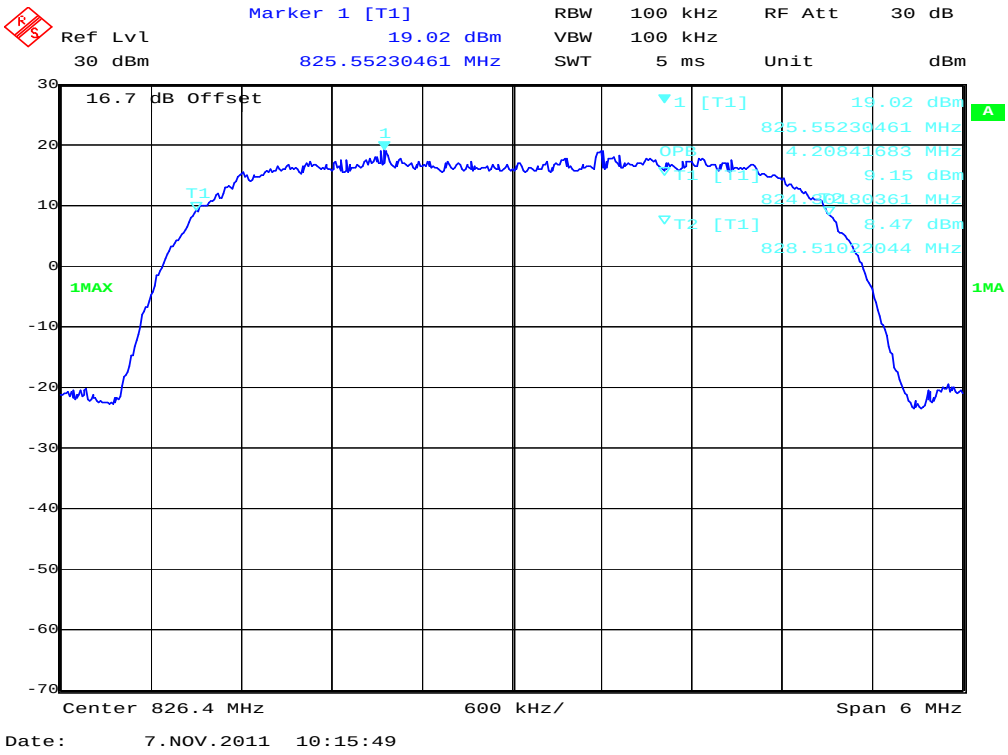
FCC	IC
CFR Part 22.917 CFR Part 2.1049	RSS 132, Issue 2, Section 4.5.1
Occupied Bandwidth	
Spectrum must fall completely in the specified band	

Results:

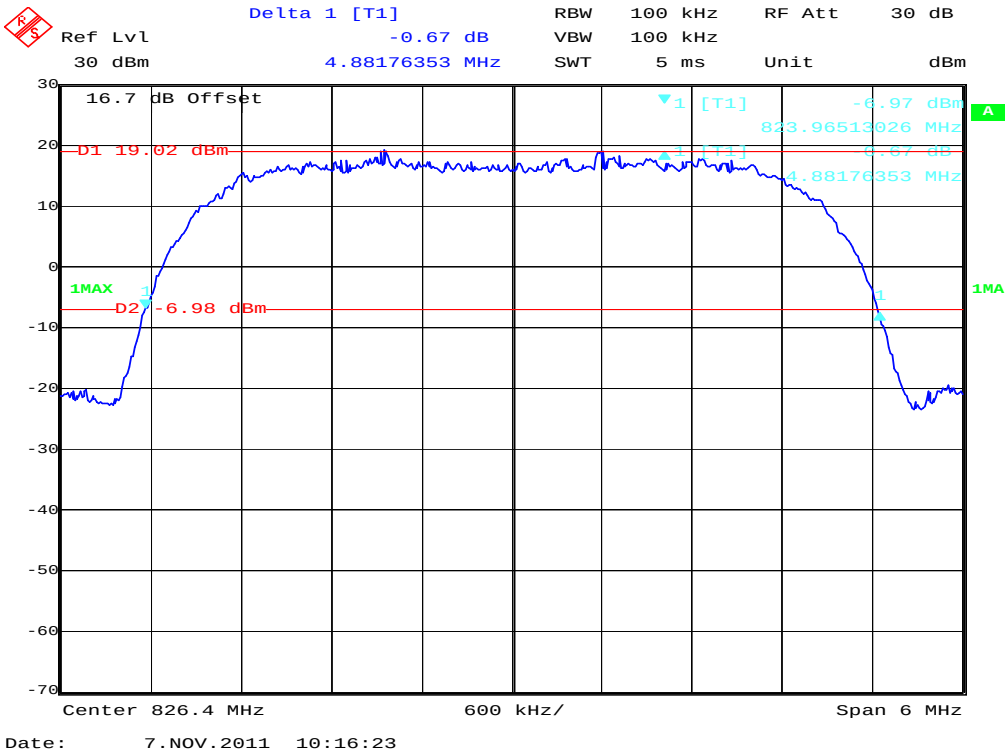
Occupied Bandwidth		
Frequency (MHz)	**99% OBW (kHz)**	**-26 dBc BW (kHz)**
826.4	4208	4882
836.0	4196	4894
846.6	4208	4906
Measurement uncertainty	± 100 kHz	

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

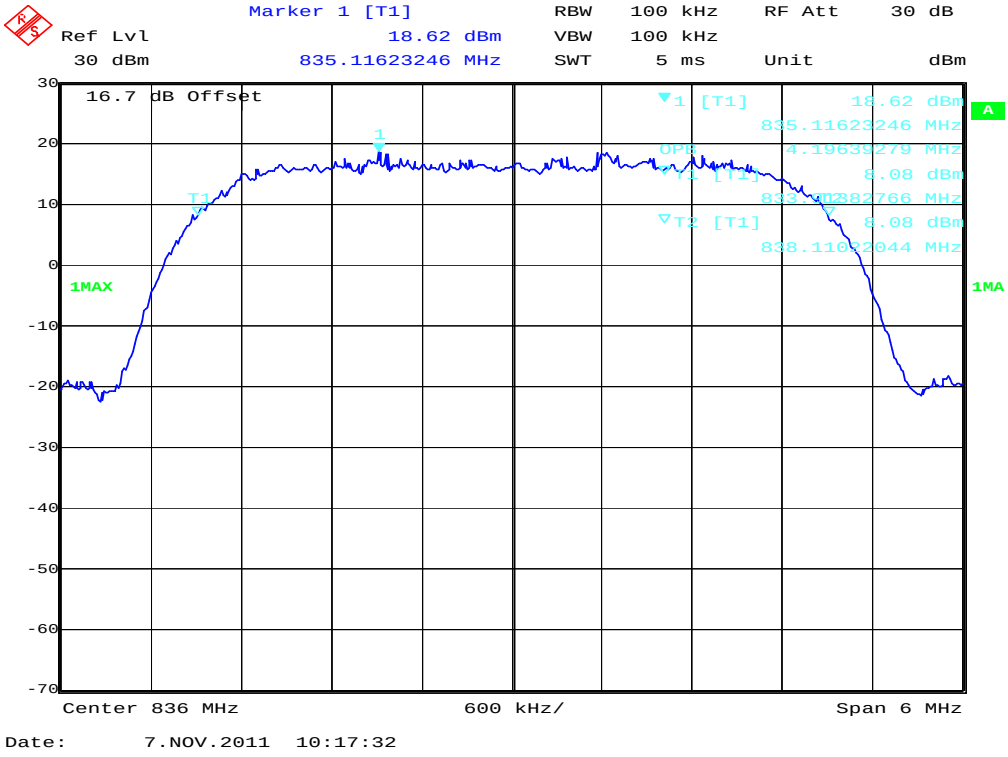
Plot 1: Channel 4132 (99% - OBW)



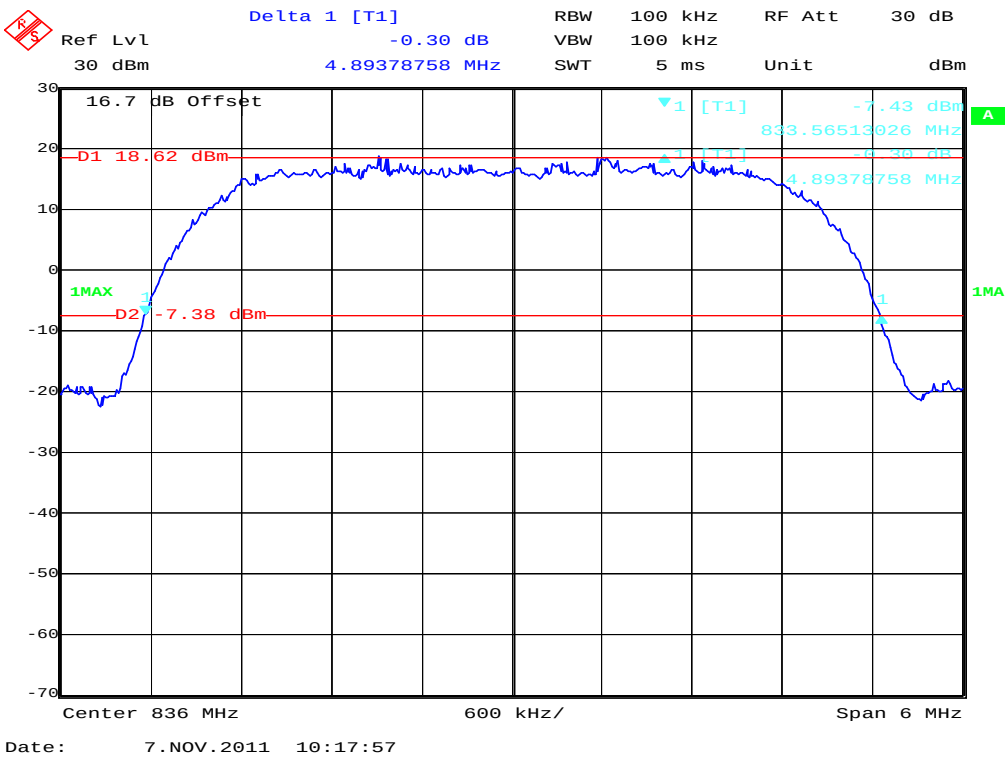
Plot 2: Channel 4132 (-26 dBc BW)



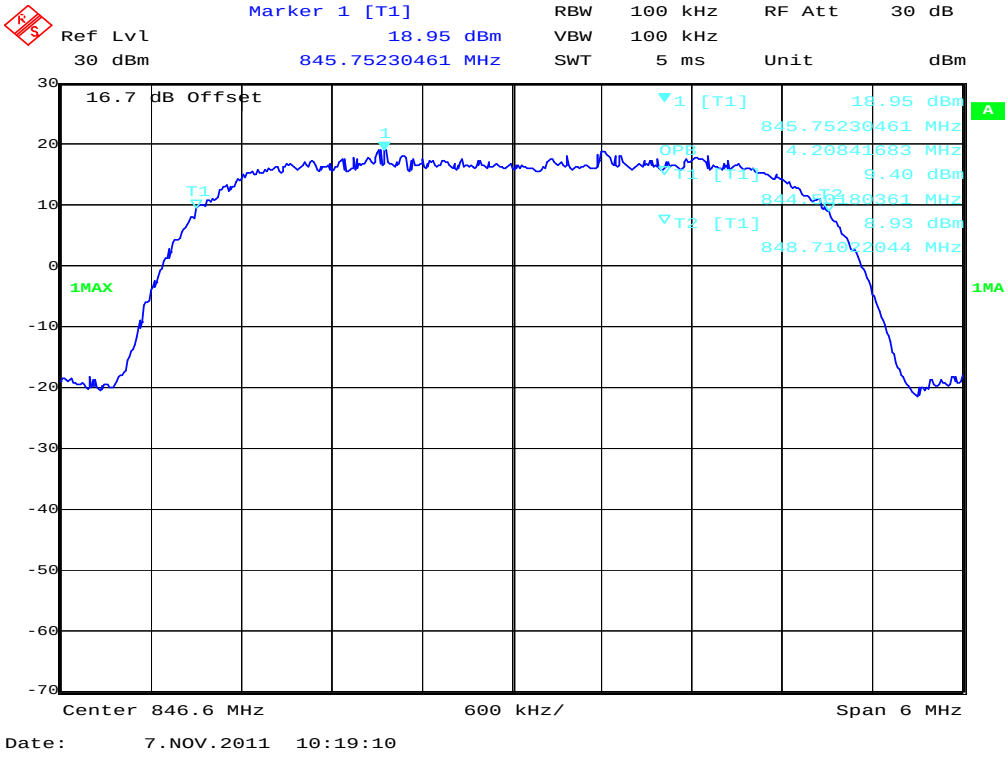
Plot 3: Channel 4180 (99% - OBW)



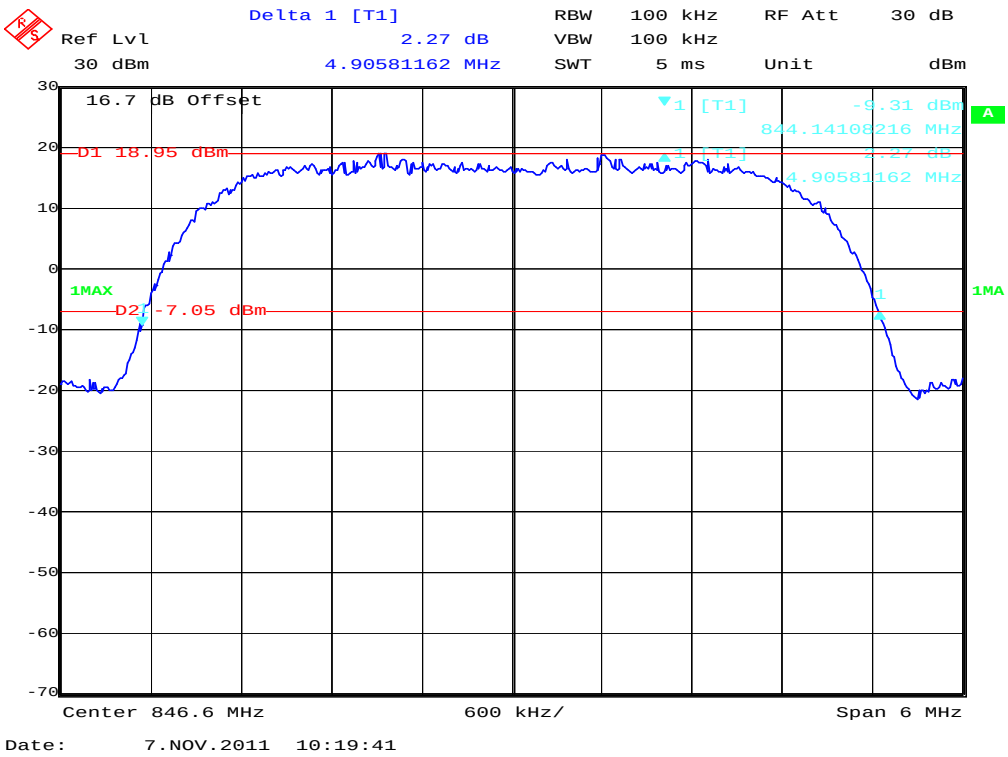
Plot 4: Channel 4180 (-26 dBc BW)



Plot 5: Channel 4233 (99% - OBW)



Plot 6: Channel 4233 (-26 dBc BW)



8.7 Results receiver mode

8.7.1 Spurious emissions radiated – receiver mode

Description:

The measurement was performed in worst case. The EUT was not connected to the CMU 200. So the EUT performs a network search. In this mode all oscillators are active.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector:	Below 1 GHz Peak / QuasiPeak Above 1 GHz Peak / Average
Sweep time:	2 sec
Video bandwidth:	Below 1 GHz 100 kHz Above 1 GHz 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Span:	100 MHz Steps
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold

Limits:

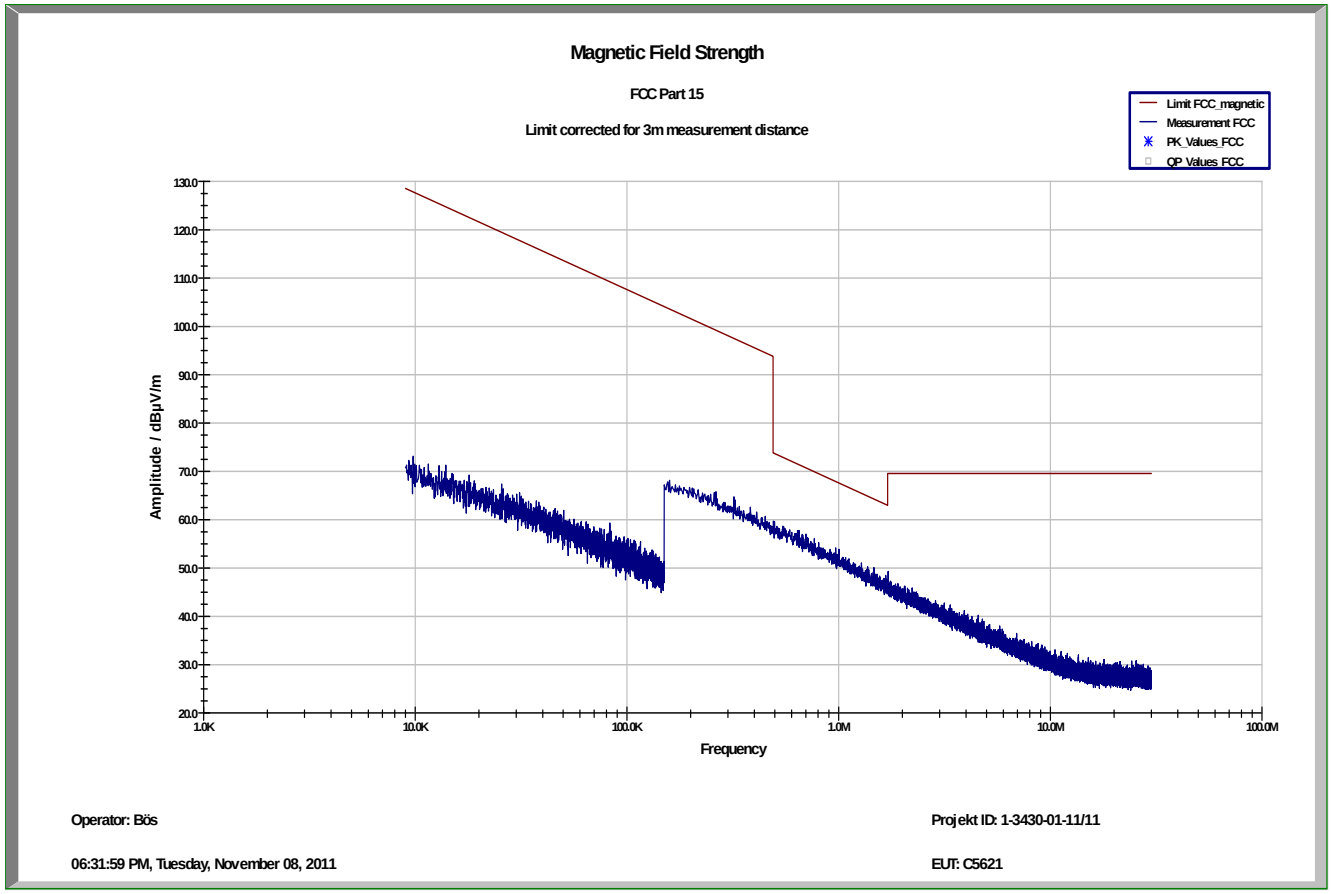
FCC		IC
CFR Part 15.109 CFR Part 2.1053		RSS Gen, Issue 2, Section 4.10
Spurious Emissions Radiated – Receiver Mode		
Frequency (MHz)	**Field Strength (dBµV/m)**	**Measurement distance (m)**
30 – 88	30.0	10
88 - 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
Above 960	54.0	3

Results:

Spurious Emission Level (dBµV/m)		
Frequency (MHz)	**Detector**	**Level (dBµV/m)**
No critical peaks found		
Measurement uncertainty	± 3dB	

Result: **The result of the measurement is passed.**

Plot 1: Receiver mode up to 30 MHz



Plot 2: Receiver mode (30 MHz - 1 GHz)

Common Information

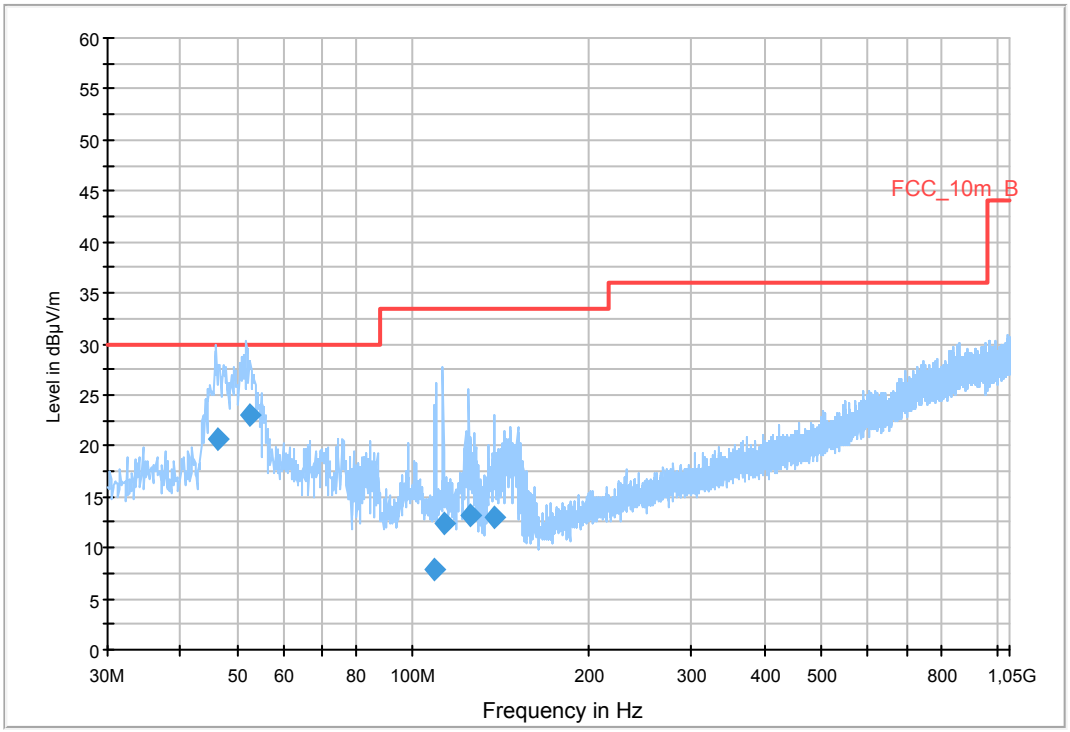
EUT:	C5621
Serial Number:	C37Z00128R
Test Description:	FCC part 15 class B @ 10 m
Operating Conditions:	idle
Operator Name:	Hennemann
Comment:	DC powered 5V

Scan Setup: STAN_Fin [EMI radiated]

Hardware Setup:	Electric Field (NOS)
Receiver:	[ESCI 3]
Level Unit:	dBµV/m

Subrange	Step Size	Detectors	IF BW	Meas. Time	Preamp
30 MHz - 2 GHz	60 kHz	QPK	120 kHz	1 s	20 dB

FCC_10m(B)



Final Result 1

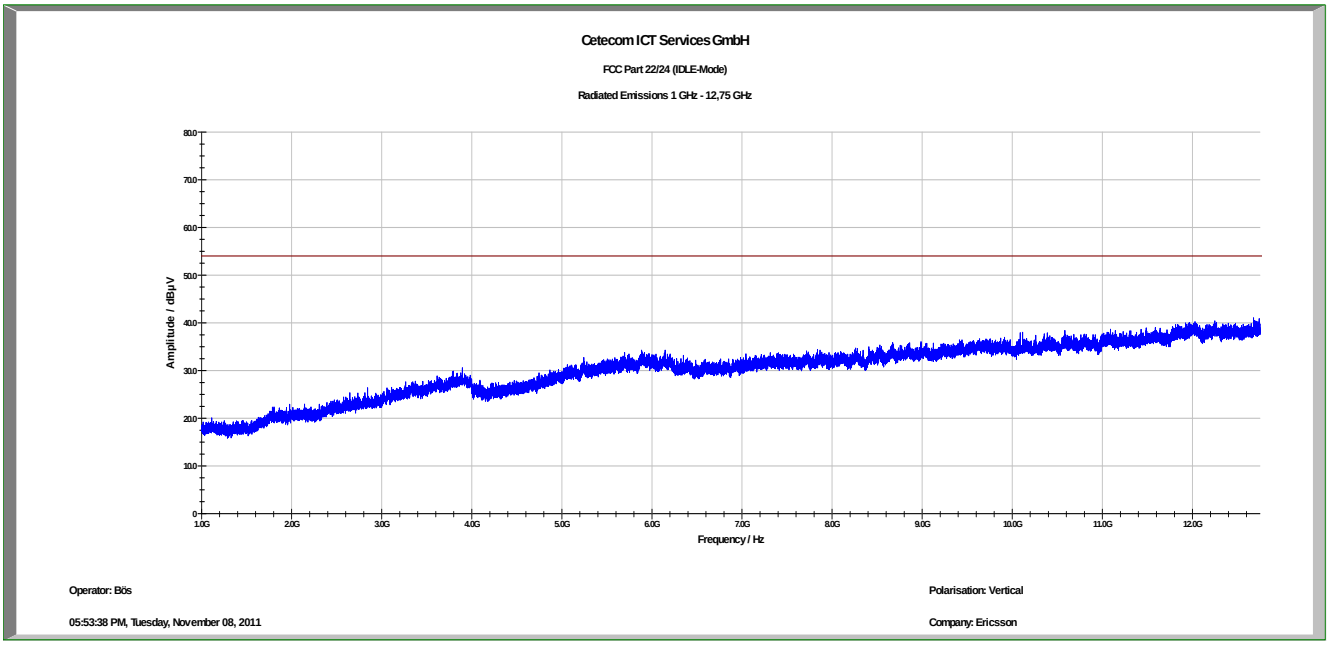
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Comment
46.509900	20.7	1000.0	120.000	200.0	V	61.0	13.3	9.3	30.0	
52.372200	23.0	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	182.0	13.1	7.0	30.0	
109.161900	7.9	1000.0	120.000	400.0	V	217.0	11.1	25.6	33.5	
112.768800	12.4	1000.0	120.000	200.0	V	9.0	10.8	21.1	33.5	
125.302500	13.1	1000.0	120.000	167.0	V	300.0	9.8	20.4	33.5	
138.163800	12.9	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	294.0	8.8	20.6	33.5	

Hardware Setup: EMI radiated\Electric Field (NOS) - [EMI radiated]

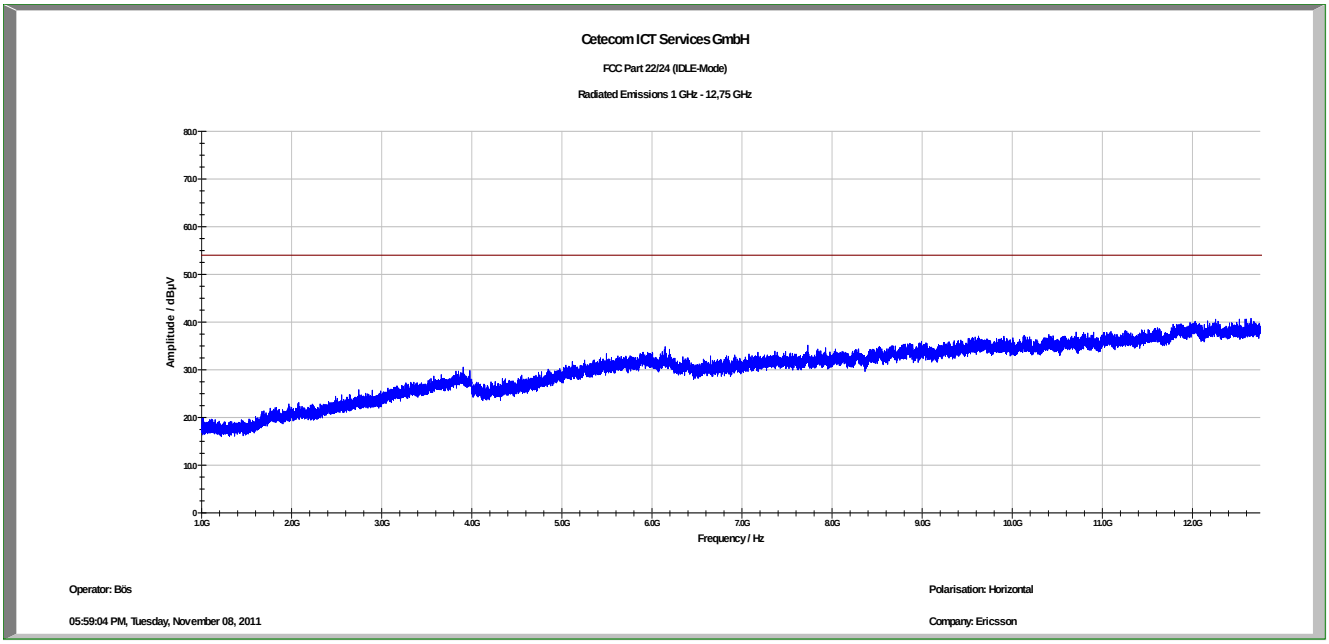
Subrange 1

Frequency Range:	30 MHz - 2 GHz
Receiver:	Receiver [ESCI 3] @ GPIB0 (ADR 20), SN 100083/003, FW 4.42
Signal Path:	without Notch FW 1.0
Antenna:	VULB 9163 SN 9163-295, FW --- Correction Table (vertical): VULP6113 Correction Table (horizontal): VULP6113 Correction Table (vertical): Cable_EN_1GHz (1005) Correction Table (horizontal): Cable_EN_1GHz (1005)
Antenna Tower:	Tower [EMCO 2090 Antenna Tower] @ GPIB0 (ADR 8), FW REV 3.12
Turntable:	Turntable [EMCO Turntable] @ GPIB0 (ADR 9), FW REV 3.12
	EMC 32 Version 8.10.00

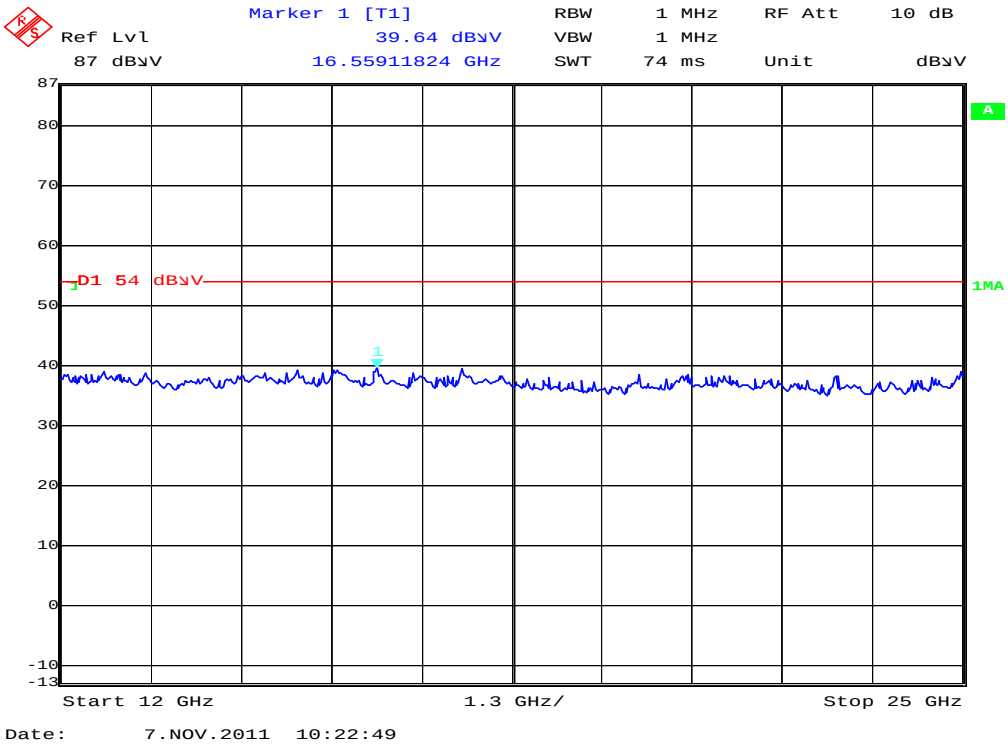
Plot 3: Receiver mode (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz), Antenna vertical



Plot 4: Receiver mode (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz), Antenna horizontal



Plot 5: Receiver mode (12 GHz – 25 GHz)



9 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, rf-generating and signalling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Labor/Item).

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufact.	Serial No.	INV. No Cetecom	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
11	45	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP Meßtechnik	2719A14505	300000368	g		
2	50	DC power supply, 60Vdc, 50A, 1200 W	6032A	HP Meßtechnik	2920A04466	300000580	ne	08.01.2009	08.01.2012
3	n. a.	software	SPS_PHE 1.4f	Spitzberger & Spieß	B5981; 5D1081;B5979	300000210	ne		
4	n. a.	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 1166.5950.03	R&S	100083	300003312	k	05.01.2011	05.01.2013
5	n. a.	Analyzer-Reference-System (Harmonics and Flicker)	ARS 16/1	SPS	A3509 07/0 0205	300003314	k	14.07.2011	14.07.2013
6	n. a.	Amplifier	JS42-00502650-28-5A	MITEQ	1084532	300003379	ev	23.03.2009	
7	n. a.	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-LINDGREN	64762	300003745	izw		
8	n. a.	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-LINDGREN	64672	300003746	izw	06.01.2010	06.01.2012
9	n. a.	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-LINDGREN	44583	300003747	izw		
10	n. a.	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	295	300003787	k	01.04.2010	01.04.2012
11	n. a.	Spectrum-Analyzer	FSU26	R&S	200809	300003874	k	10.01.2011	10.01.2013
12	n. a.	Isolating Transformer	RT5A	Grundig	8041	300001626	g		
13	n. a.	DC power supply, 60Vdc, 50A, 1200 W	6032A	HP Meßtechnik	2818A03450	300001040	Ve	08.01.2009	08.01.2012
14	n. a.	Coaxial Attenuator 30dB/500W	8325	Bird	1530	300001595	ev		
15	n. a.	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	8812-3088	300001032	vIKI!	11.05.2011	11.05.2013
16	n. a.	Active Loop Antenna	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	ne		
17	n. a.	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ne	23.03.2009	
18	Spec.A. 2_2e	System rack for EMI measurement solution	85900	HP I.V.	*	300000222	ne		
19	9	Artificial Mains 9 kHz to 30 MHz	ESH3-Z5	R&S	828576/020	300001210	Ve	06.01.2010	06.01.2012
20	n. a.	Relais Matrix	3488A	HP Meßtechnik	2719A15013	300001156	ne		
21	n. a.	Relais Matrix	PSU	R&S	890167/024	300001168	ne	08.09.2010	08.09.2012
22	n. a.	Isolating Transformer	RT5A	Grundig	9242	300001263	ne	13.09.2010	13.09.2012
23	n. a.	Three-Way Power Splitter, 50 Ohm	11850C	HP Meßtechnik	MY48260003	300000997	ne	08.09.2010	08.09.2012
24	n. a.	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	2605e08770	300001443	ne	17.12.2008	17.12.2011
25	n. a.	Amplifier	js42-00502650-	Parzich	928979	300003143	ne	19.10.2010	19.10.2012

			28-5a	GMBH					
26	n. a.	Band Reject filter	WRCG1855/1910-1835/1925-40/8SS	Wainwright	7	300003350	ev	28.05.2009	28.08.2011
27	n. a.	Band Reject filter	WRCG2400/2483-2375/2505-50/10SS	Wainwright	11	300003351	ev	04.11.2010	04.11.2012
28	n. a.	TILE-Software Emission	Quantum Change, Modell TILE-ICS/FULL	EMCO	none	300003451	ne	30.06.2010	30.06.2012
29	n. a.	Highpass Filter	WHKX2.9/18G-12SS	Wainwright	1	300003492	ev		
30	n. a.	Highpass Filter	WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright	3	300003255	ev		
31	n. a.	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	18	300003789	ne		
32	n. a.	PSA Spectrum Analyzer 3 Hz - 26.5 GHz	E4440A	Agilent Technologies	MY48250080	300003812	k	08.09.2010	08.09.2012
33	n. a.	MXG Microwave Analog Signal Generator	N5183A	Agilent Technologies	MY47420220	300003813	k	13.09.2010	13.09.2012
34	n. a.	RF Filter Section 9kHz - 1GHz	N9039A	Agilent Technologies	MY48260003	300003825	vlKl!	08.09.2010	08.09.2012
35	n. a.	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	371	300003854	vlKl!	17.12.2008	17.12.2011
36	19	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9107-3697	300001605	Ve	19.10.2010	19.10.2012
37	n. a.	Temperature Test Chamber	VT 4002	Heraeus Voetsch	521/83761	300002326	Ve	28.05.2009	28.08.2011
38	n. a.	Signal Analyzer 20Hz-26,5GHz-150 to + 30 DBM	FSiQ26	R&S	835111/0004	300002678	Ve	04.11.2010	04.11.2012
39	n. a.	Universal Communication Tester	CMU200	R&S	103992	300003231	vlKl!	30.06.2010	30.06.2012

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlkl!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

10 Observations

No observations exceeding those reported with the single test cases have been made.

Annex A Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
1.0	Initial release	2011-11-09
-A	Software version corrected at page 5	2011-11-11
-B	Unit of RF-Power corrected (dBm instead of W) at page 10	2011-11-15
-C	Photos removed due to confidential request of the customer **This test report replaces the test report with the number 1-3430/11-01-11-B and dated 2011-11-15**	2011-11-22

Annex B Further information

Glossary

AVG - Average
DUT - Device under test
EMC - Electromagnetic Compatibility
EN - European Standard
EUT - Equipment under test
ETSI - European Telecommunications Standard Institute
FCC - Federal Communication Commission
FCC ID - Company Identifier at FCC
HW - Hardware
IC - Industry Canada
Inv. No. - Inventory number
N/A - Not applicable
PP - Positive peak
QP - Quasi peak
S/N - Serial number
SW - Software

Annex C Accreditation Certificate

DAkkS
Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH
German Accreditation Body

Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV
Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of
EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition

Accreditation

The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (German Accreditation Body) attests that the testing laboratory

CETECOM ICT Services GmbH
Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10
66117 Saarbrücken

is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 to carry out tests in the following fields:

Wired communications and DECT
Acoustic
Radio
Shirt Range Devices (SRD)
RFID
WiMax and Richtfunk
Mobile radio (GSM / DCS), Over the Air (OTA) Performance
Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) incl. Automotive
Product safety
SAR and Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC)
Environmental simulation
Smart Card Terminals
Bluetooth
WI-FI-Services

The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 13.04.2011 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01 and is valid until 03.09.2014. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 82 pages.

Registration number of the certificate: **D-PL-12076-01-01**

Frankfurt am Main, 13.04.2011

Dipl.-Ing. (FH) Ralf Egner
Head of Division 2

This document is a translation. The definitive version is the original German accreditation certificate.

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Office Berlin
Spittelmarkt 10
10117 Berlin

Office Frankfurt am Main
Gartenstraße 6
60594 Frankfurt am Main

Office Braunschweig
Bundesallee 100
38116 Braunschweig

The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf.

No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkkS.

The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAkkS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations.

The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites:
EA: www.european-accreditation.org
ILAC: www.ilac.org
IAF: www.iaf.nu

Front side of the certificate

Back side of the certificate

Note:
The current certificate including annex is published on our website (see link below) or may be received from CETECOM ICT Services on request.

http://www.cetecom.com/fileadmin/de/CETECOM_D_Saarbruecken/accreditations_Jan_2010/DAKKS_Akkredi_Urk_EN17025-En_incl_Annex.pdf