

Maximum Permissible Exposure

1. Applicable Standard

According to §1.1307(b), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

Remark: 1) The maximum output power for antenna is 20.09dBm (102.09mW) at 902.75MHz, -22dBi antenna gain (with 0.01 numeric antenna gain.)

2) For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The minimum separation generally be used is at least 20cm, even if the calculation indicate that the MPE distance would be lesser.

2. Limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure				
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*100	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*900/f ²	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1,500			f/300	6
1,500-100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*100	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*180/f ²	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1,500			f/1500	30
1,500-100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz * = Plane-wave equivalent power density

3. MPE calculation method

$$\text{Given } E = \sqrt{\frac{30 \times P \times G}{d}} \quad \& \quad S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$$

Where E = Field Strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G=Numeric antenna gain

d=Distance in meters

S=Power Density in milliwatts / square centimeter

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output power= 102.09mW

Numeric Antenna gain= 0.01

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d=20cm into above equation.

Yields:

$$S=0.000199*P*G$$

Where P=Power in mW

G=Numeric antenna gain

S=Power density in mW/cm²

Power density= 0.000203mW/cm²

$Limit = f/1500 = 902.75/1500 = 0.602 \text{mW/cm}^2$

So the product meet the RF exposure limit.