RF TEST REPORT

Report No.: 17071351-FCC-R4

Supersede Report No.: N/A

Applicant	HONG KONG IPRO TECHNOLOGY CO.,LIMITED
Product Name	Mobile Phone
Model No.	Xpaly
Serial No.	N/A
Test Standard	FCC Part 15.247: 2016, ANSI C63.10: 2013
Test Date	December 06 to December 24, 2017
Issue Date	December 25, 2017
Test Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail
Equipment complied with the specification	☑
Equipment did not comply with the specification	☐

Aaron Liang	David Huang	
Aaron Liang Test Engineer	David Huang Checked By	

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Test result presented in this test report is applicable to the tested sample only

Issued by:

SIEMIC (SHENZHEN-CHINA) LABORATORIES

Zone A, Floor 1, Building 2 Wan Ye Long Technology Park

South Side of Zhoushi Road, Bao' an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong China 518108

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Laboratories Introduction

SIEMIC, headquartered in the heart of Silicon Valley, with superior facilities in US and Asia, is one of the leading independent testing and certification facilities providing customers with one-stop shop services for Compliance Testing and Global Certifications.

In addition to testing and certification, SIEMIC provides initial design reviews and compliance management throughout a project. Our extensive experience with China, Asia Pacific, North America, European, and International compliance requirements, assures the fastest, most cost effective way to attain regulatory compliance for the global markets.

Accreditations for Conformity Assessment

Country/Region	Scope
USA	EMC, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Canada	EMC, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Taiwan	EMC, RF, Telecom, SAR, Safety
Hong Kong	RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Australia	EMC, RF, Telecom, SAR, Safety
Korea	EMI, EMS, RF, SAR, Telecom, Safety
Japan	EMI, RF/Wireless, SAR, Telecom
Singapore	EMC, RF, SAR, Telecom
Europe	EMC, RF, SAR, Telecom, Safety

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CONTENTS

1. Report Revision History

Report No.	Report Version	Description	Issue Date
17071351-FCC-R4	NONE	Original	December 25, 2017

2. Customer information

Applicant Name	HONG KONG IPRO TECHNOLOGY CO.,LIMITED
Applicant Add	FLAT/RM A3, 9/F SILVERCORP INT TOWER 707-713 NATHAN RD MONGKOK, HONGKONG
Manufacturer	HONG KONG IPRO TECHNOLOGY CO.,LIMITED
Manufacturer Add	FLAT/RM A3, 9/F SILVERCORP INT TOWER 707-713 NATHAN RD MONGKOK, HONGKONG

3. Test site information

Test Lab A:

Lab performing tests	SIEMIC (Shenzhen-China) LABORATORIES
Lab Address	Zone A, Floor 1, Building 2 Wan Ye Long Technology Park South Side of Zhoushi Road, Bao' an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong China 518108
FCC Test Site No.	535293
IC Test Site No.	4842E-1
Test Software	Radiated Emission Program-To Shenzhen v2.0

Test Lab B:

Lab performing tests	SIEMIC (Nanjing-China) Laboratories
Lab Address	2-1 Longcang Avenue Yuhua Economic and Technology Development Park, Nanjing, China
FCC Test Site No.	694825
IC Test Site No.	4842B-1
Test Software	EZ_EMC(ver.Icp-03A1)

Note: We just perform Radiated Spurious Emission above 18GHz in the test Lab. B.

4. Equipment under Test (EUT) Information

Description of EUT:	Mobile Phone
Main Model:	Xpaly
Serial Model:	N/A
Date EUT received:	December 05, 2017
Test Date(s):	December 06 to December 24, 2017
Equipment Category：	DTS
Antenna Gain:	GSM850: 0.5dBi PCS1900: 1.0dBi UMTS-FDD Band V: 0.5dBi UMTS-FDD Band II: 1.0dBi Bluetooth/BLE/WIFI: 1.5dBi GPS: 1.2dBi
Antenna Type:	PIFA antenna
Type of Modulation:	GSM / GPRS: GMSK EGPRS: GMSK UMTS-FDD: QPSK 802.11b/g/n: DSSS, OFDM Bluetooth: GFSK, π /4DQPSK, 8DPSK BLE: GFSK GPS:BPSK
RF Operating Frequency (ies):	GSM850 TX: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz; RX: 869.2 ~ 893.8 MHz PCS1900 TX: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz; RX: 1930.2 ~ 1989.8 MHz UMTS-FDD Band V TX: 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz; RX: 871.4 ~ 891.6 MHz UMTS-FDD Band II TX:1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz; RX: 1932.4 ~ 1987.6 MHz WIFI: 802.11b/g/n(20M): 2412-2462 MHz WIFI: 802.11n(40M): 2422-2452 MHz Bluetooth& BLE: 2402-2480 MHz GPS: 1575.42 MHz

Max. Output Power:	802.11b: 12.13dBm 802.11g: 9.80dBm 802.11n(20M): 10.17dBm 802.11n(40M): 11.12dBm
Number of Channels:	GSM 850: 124CH PCS1900: 299CH UMTS-FDD Band V: 102CH UMTS-FDD Band II: 277CH WIFI :802.11b/g/n(20M): 11CH WIFI :802.11n(40M): 7CH Bluetooth: 79CH BLE: 40CH GPS:1CH
Port:	USB Port, Earphone Port
Input Power:	Adapter: Model: NTR-XPLAY Input: AC100-240V~50/60Hz, 0.2A Output: DC 5.0V,1000mA Battery: Spec: 3.8V, 8.99Wh
Trade Name :	IPRO
GPRS/ EGPRS Multi-slot class	8/10/11/12
FCC ID:	PQ4XPLAY

5. Test Summary

The product was tested in accordance with the following specifications.

All testing has been performed according to below product classification:

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
§15.247 (a)(2)	DTS (6 dB&20 dB) CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	Compliance
§15.247(b)(3)	Conducted Maximum Output Power	Compliance
§15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliance
§15.247(d)	Band-Edge & Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands	Compliance
§15.207 (a),	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Compliance
§15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions & Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands	Compliance

Measurement Uncertainty

Emissions		
Test Item	**Description**	**Uncertainty**
Band-Edge & Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands and Radiated Emissions & Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands	Confidence level of approximately 95% (in the case where distributions are normal), with a coverage factor of 2 (for EUTs < 0.5m X 0.5m X 0.5m)	+5.6dB/-4.5dB
-	-	-

6. Measurements, Examination And Derived Results

6.1 Antenna Requirement

Applicable Standard

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the user of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.
The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with section §15.203 of the rules. §15.203 state that the subject device must meet the following criteria:

a. Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.

b. Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

Unit must be professionally installed, and installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.
And according to FCC 47 CFR section 15.247 (b), if the transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Antenna Connector Construction

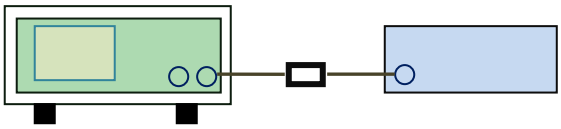
The EUT has 2 antennas:
A permanently attached PIFA antenna for GSM/PCS/ UMTS-FDD Band V/II, the gain is 0.5dBi for GSM850/UMTS-FDD Band V, the gain is 1.0dBi for PCS1900/Band II.
A permanently attached PIFA antenna for Bluetooth/BLE/WIFI/GPS, the gain is 1.5dBi for Bluetooth/BLE/ WIFI, the gain is 1.2dBi for GPS.

The antenna meets up with the ANTENNA REQUIREMENT.

Result: Compliance.

6.2 DTS (6 dB&20 dB) Channel Bandwidth

Temperature	25 °C
Relative Humidity	57%
Atmospheric Pressure	1018mbar
Test date :	December 19, 2017
Tested By :	Aaron Liang

Spec	Item	Requirement	Applicable
§ 15.247(a)(2)	a)	6dB BW≥ 500kHz;	☑
RSS Gen(4.6.1)	b)	99% BW: For FCC reference only; required by IC.	☑
Test Setup			
Test Procedure	558074 D01 DTS MEAS Guidance v03r03, 8.1 DTS bandwidth 6dB bandwidth a) Set RBW = 100 kHz. b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 × RBW. c) Detector = Peak. d) Trace mode = max hold. e) Sweep = auto couple. f) Allow the trace to stabilize. g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the freq uencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower fr equencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measure d in the fundamental emission. 20dB bandwidth C63.10 Occupied Bandwidth (OBW=20dB bandwidth) 1. Set RBW = 1%-5% OBW. 2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 x RBW. 3. Set the span range between 2 times and 5 times of the OBW. 4. Sweep time=Auto, Detector=PK, Trace=Max hold. 5. Once the reference level is established, the equipment is conditioned with t ypical modulating signals to produce the worst-		

	case (i.e., the widest) bandwidth. Unless otherwise specified for an unlicensed wireless device, measure the bandwidth at the 20 dB levels with respect to the reference level.
Remark	
Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail

Test Data ☑ Yes ☐ N/A

Test Plot ☑ Yes (See below) ☐ N/A

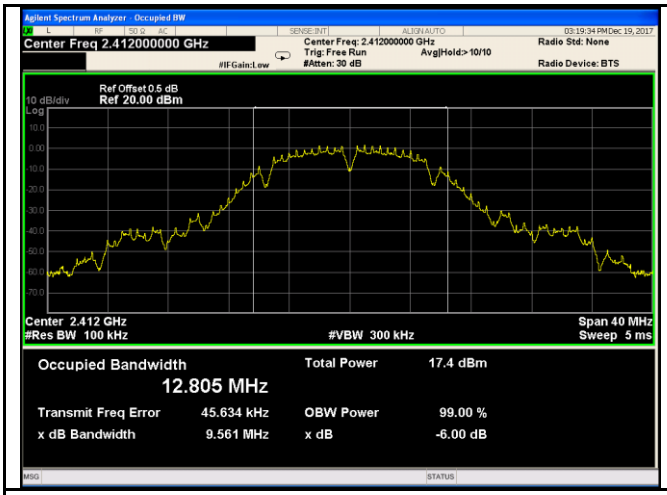
Measurement result

Test mode	CH	Freq (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
802.11b	Low	2412	9.561	≥ 0.5
	Mid	2437	9.074	≥ 0.5
	High	2462	9.813	≥ 0.5
802.11g	Low	2412	15.15	≥ 0.5
	Mid	2437	15.15	≥ 0.5
	High	2462	15.10	≥ 0.5
802.11n (20M)	Low	2412	15.93	≥ 0.5
	Mid	2437	15.13	≥ 0.5
	High	2462	15.69	≥ 0.5
802.11n (40M)	Low	2422	35.16	≥ 0.5
	Mid	2437	35.16	≥ 0.5
	High	2452	35.16	≥ 0.5

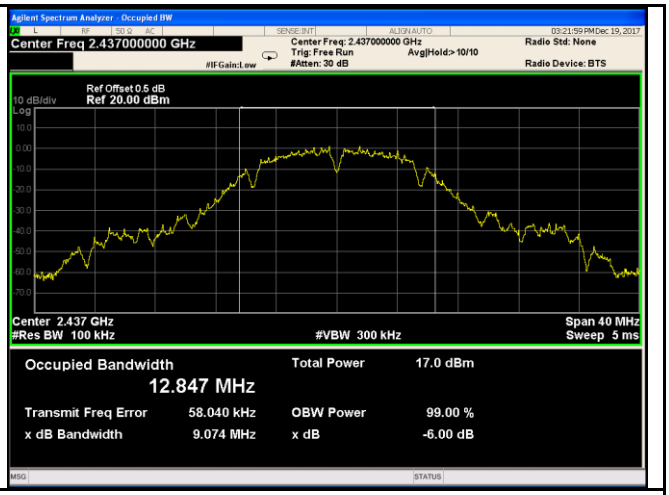
Test mode	CH	Freq (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
802.11b	Low	2412	14.75
	Mid	2437	15.08
	High	2462	15.16
802.11g	Low	2412	18.80
	Mid	2437	18.63
	High	2462	18.58
802.11n (20M)	Low	2412	19.06
	Mid	2437	19.12
	High	2462	19.16
802.11n (40M)	Low	2422	42.34
	Mid	2437	42.03
	High	2452	39.02

Test Plots

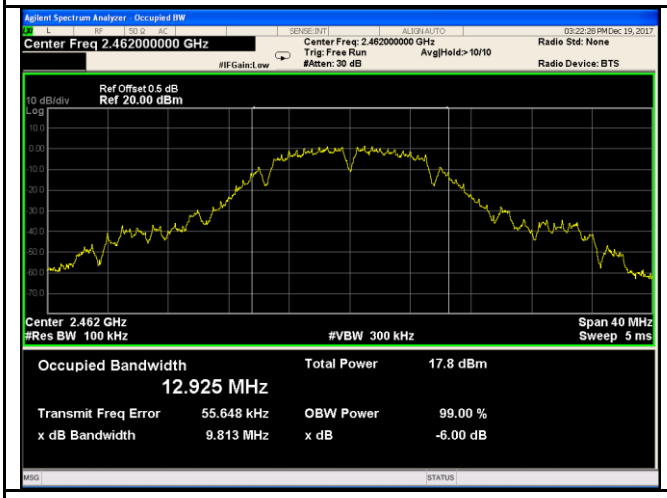
6dB Bandwidth measurement result



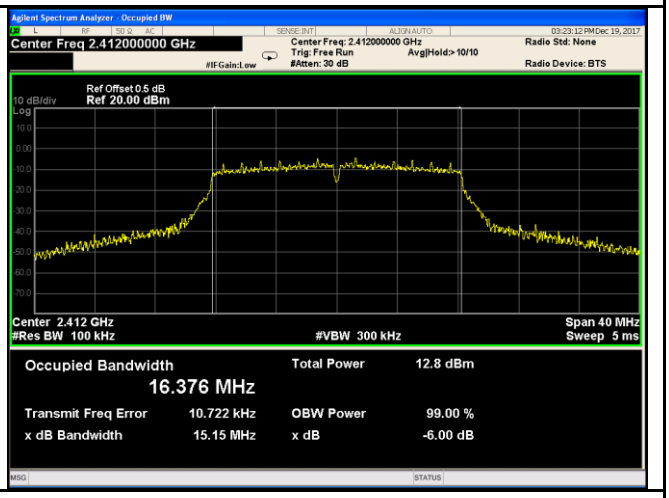
802.11b 6dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2412



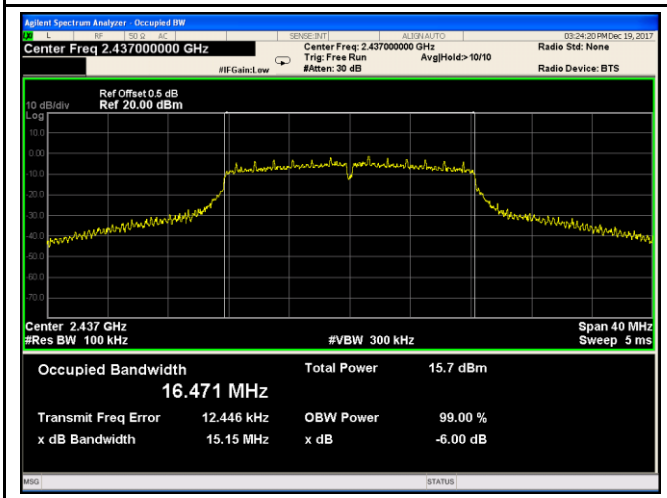
802.11b 6dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2437



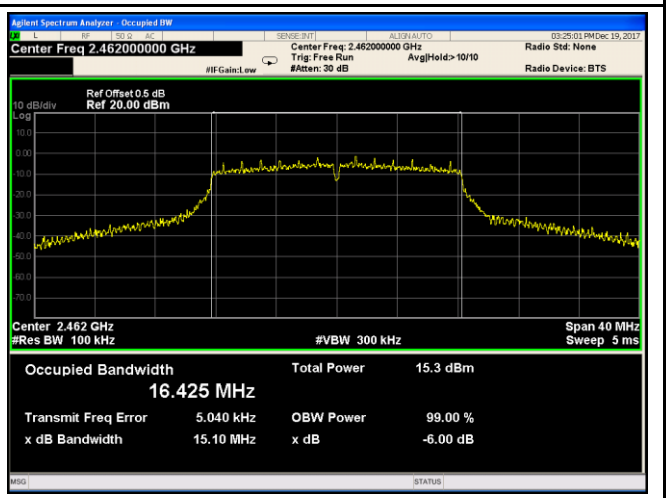
802.11b 6dB Bandwidth - High CH 2462



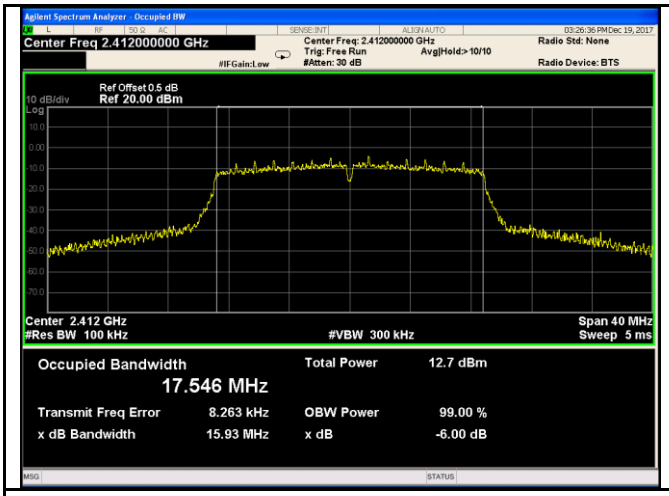
802.11g 6dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2412



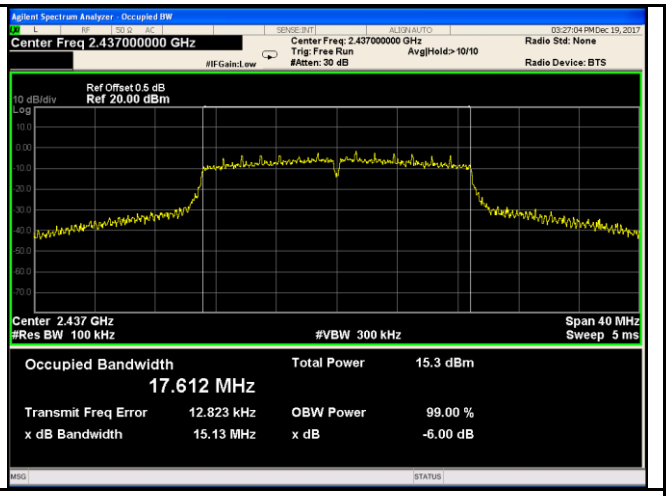
802.11g 6dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2437



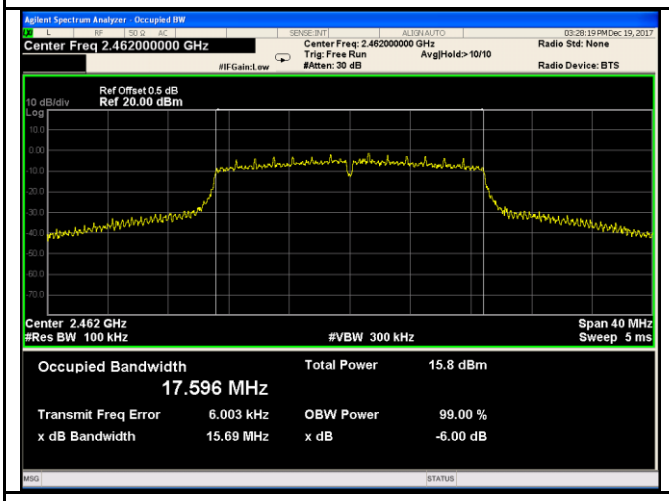
802.11g 6dB Bandwidth - High CH 2462



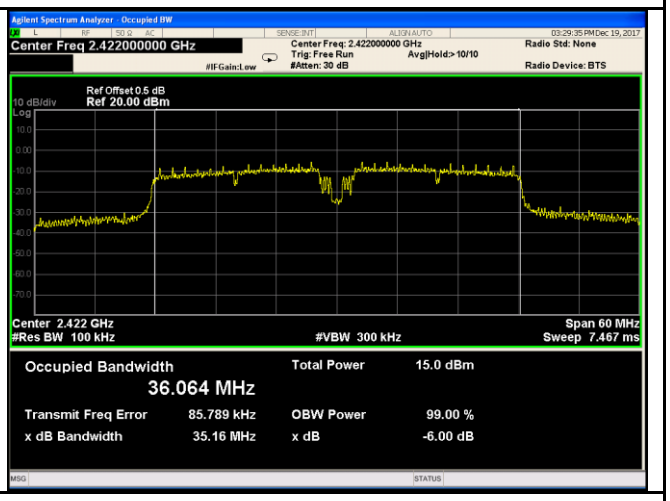
802.11n20 6dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2412



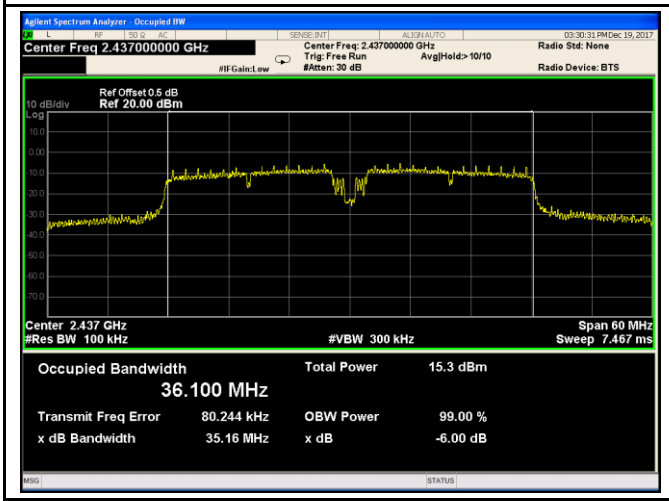
802.11n20 6dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2437



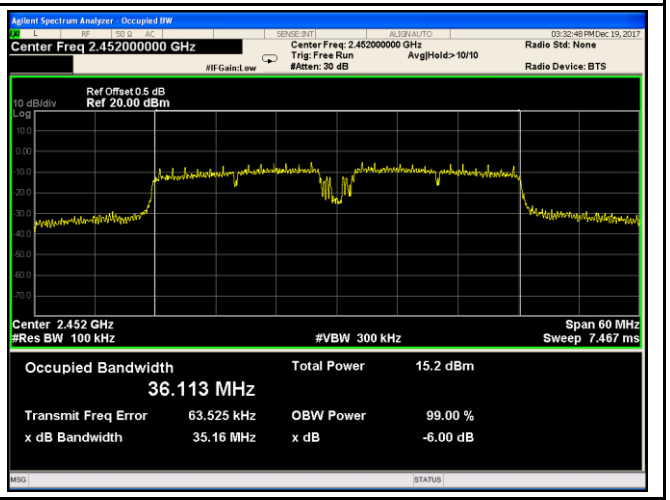
802.11n20 6dB Bandwidth - High CH 2462



802.11n40 6dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2422

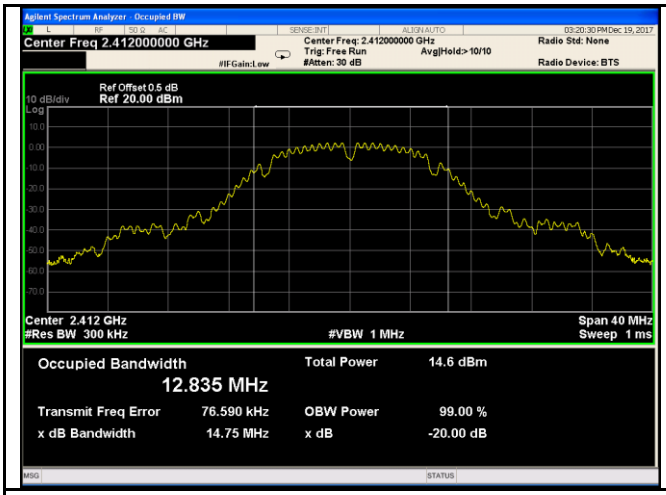


802.11n40 6dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2437

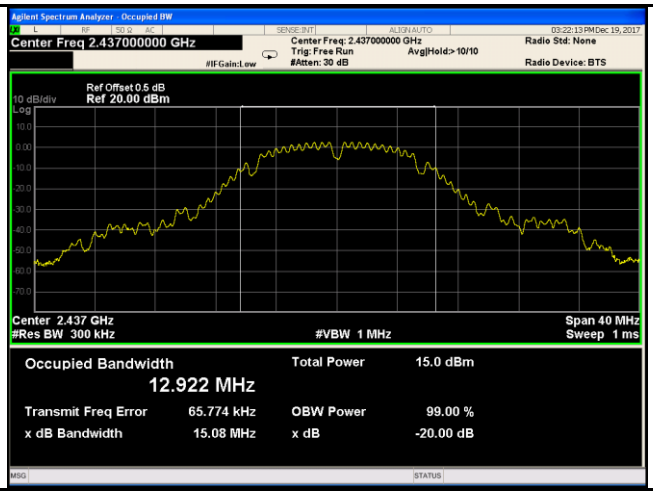


802.11n40 6dB Bandwidth - High CH 2452

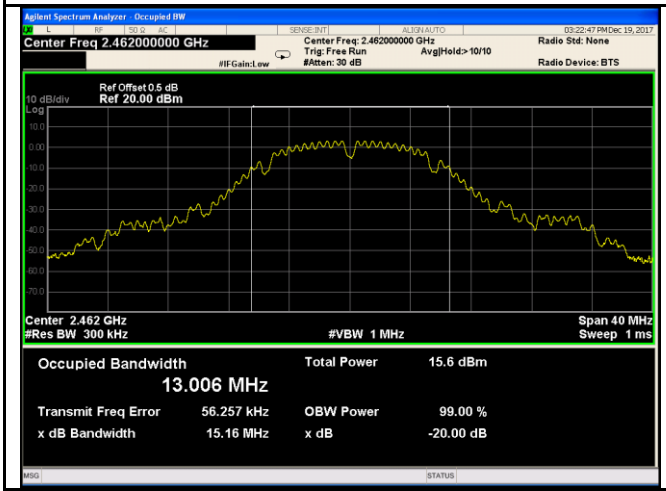
20 dB Bandwidth measurement result



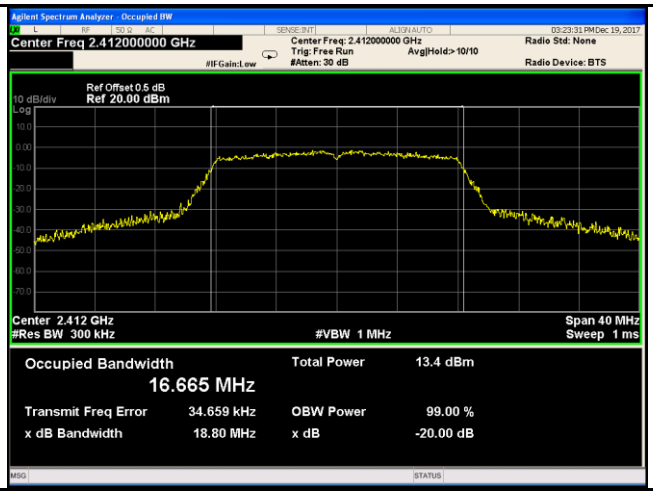
802.11b 20dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2412



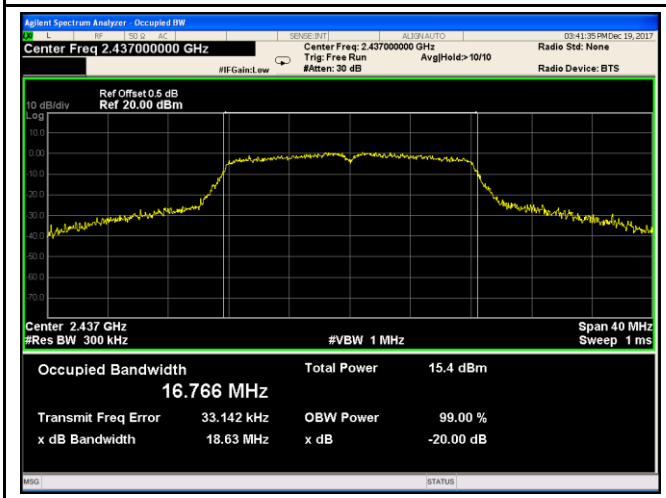
802.11b 20dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2437



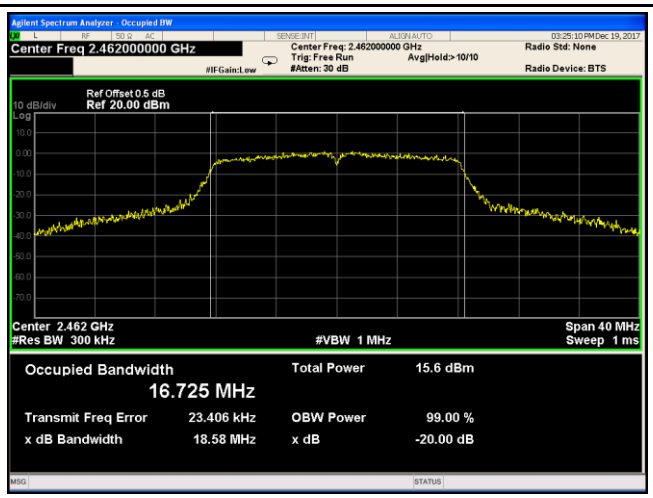
802.11b 20dB Bandwidth - High CH 2462



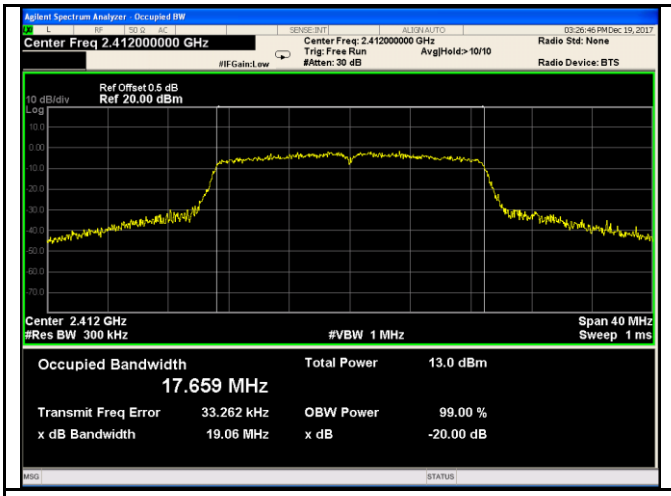
802.11g 20dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2412



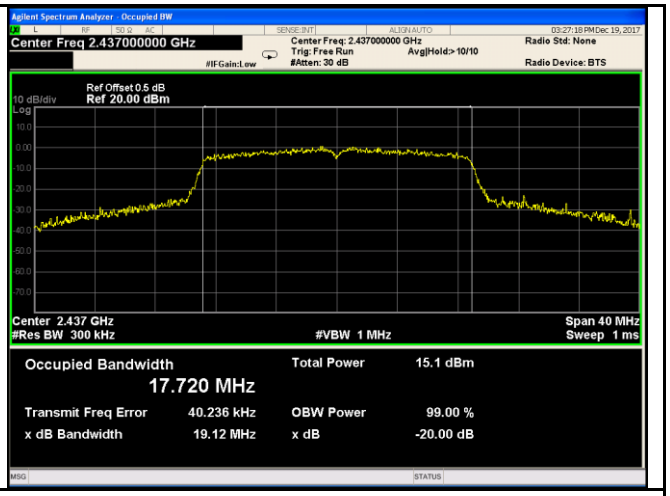
802.11g 20dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2437



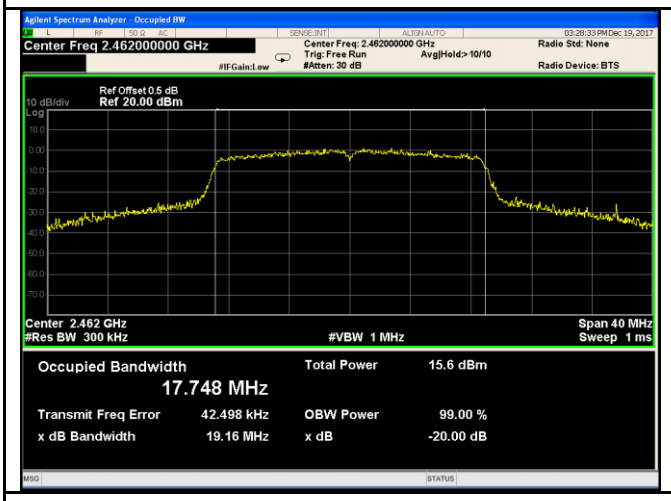
802.11g 20dB Bandwidth - High CH 2462



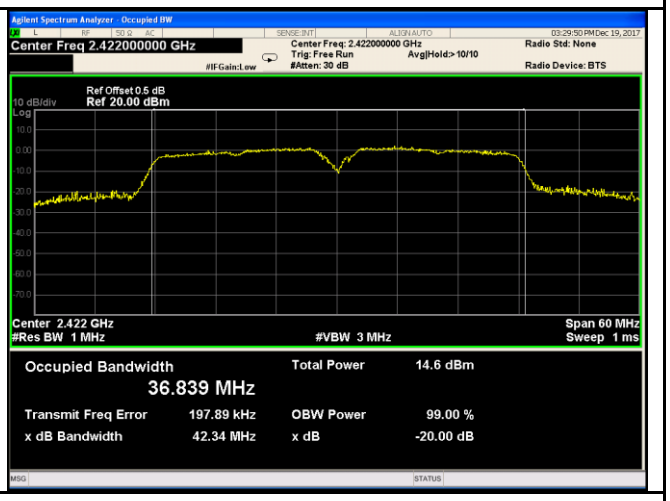
802.11n20 20dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2412



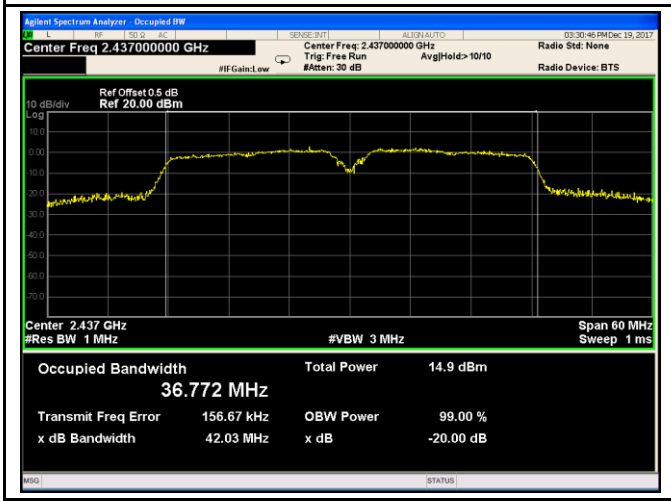
802.11n20 20dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2437



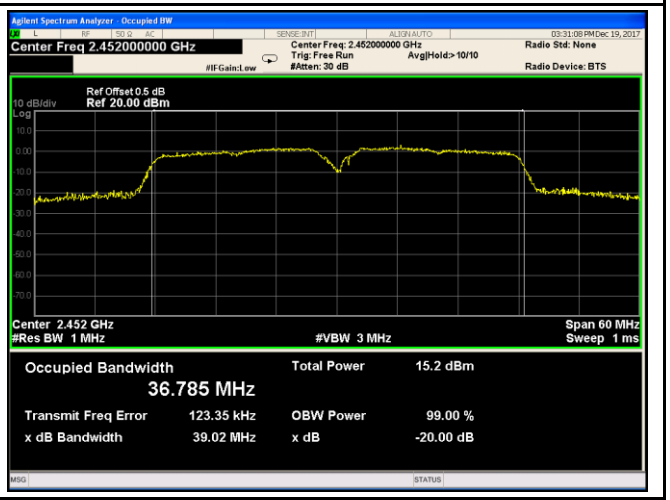
802.11n20 20dB Bandwidth - High CH 2462



802.11n40 20dB Bandwidth - Low CH 2422



802.11n40 20dB Bandwidth - Mid CH 2437

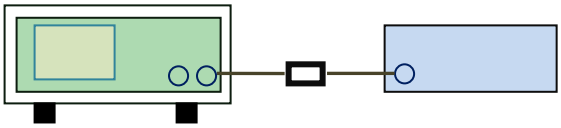


802.11n40 20dB Bandwidth - High CH 2452

6.3 Maximum Output Power

Temperature	25 °C
Relative Humidity	57%
Atmospheric Pressure	1018mbar
Test date :	December 19, 2017
Tested By :	Aaron Liang

Requirement(s):

Spec	Item	Requirement	Applicable
§15.247(b)(3),RSS210(A8.4)	a)	FHSS in 2400-2483.5MHz with ≥ 75 channels: ≤ 1 Watt	☐
	b)	FHSS in 5725-5850MHz: ≤ 1 Watt	☐
	c)	For all other FHSS in the 2400-2483.5MHz band: ≤ 0.125 Watt.	☐
	d)	FHSS in 902-928MHz with ≥ 50 channels: ≤ 1 Watt	☐
	e)	FHSS in 902-928MHz with ≥ 25 & <50 channels: ≤ 0.25 Watt	☐
	f)	DTS in 902-928MHz, 2400-2483.5MHz: ≤ 1 Watt	☑
Test Setup	 Spectrum Analyzer EUT		
Test Procedure	558074 D01 DTS MEAS Guidance v03r03, 9.1.2 Integrated band power method Maximum output power measurement procedure - a) Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW. - b) Set RBW = 1-5% of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz. - c) Set VBW ≥ 3 x RBW. - d) Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 × span / RBW. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing ≤ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.) - e) Sweep time = auto. - f) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode. - g) If transmit duty cycle < 98 %, use a sweep trigger with the level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. The transmitter shall operate at maximum		

	power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98 %, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to " free run" . - h) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (i.e., RMS) mode. - i) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument' s band power measurement function, with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at intervals equal to the RBW extending across the entire OBW of the spectrum.
Remark	
Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail

Test Data ☑ Yes ☐ N/A

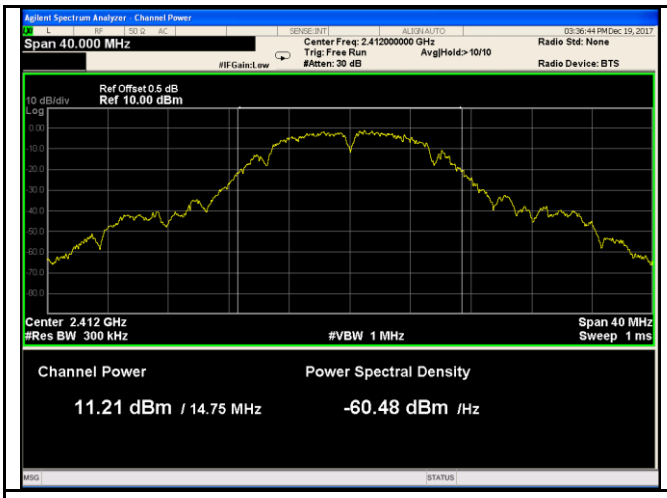
Test Plot ☑ Yes (See below) ☐ N/A

Output Power measurement result

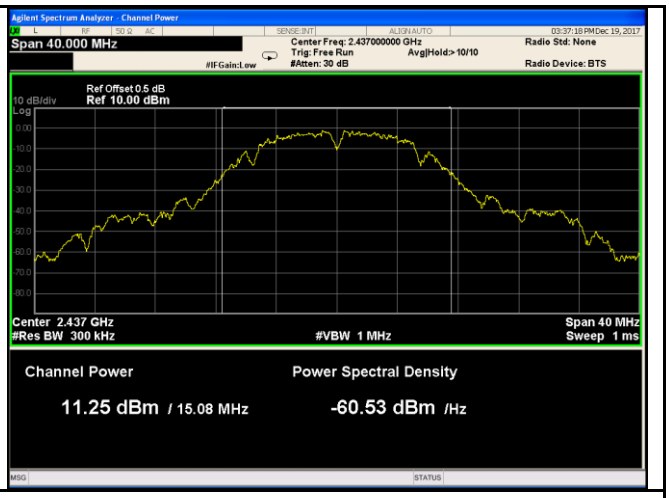
Type	Test mode	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Output power	802.11b	Low	2412	11.21	30	Pass
		Mid	2437	11.25	30	Pass
		High	2462	**12.13**	30	Pass
	802.11g	Low	2412	7.53	30	Pass
		Mid	2437	9.28	30	Pass
		High	2462	**9.80**	30	Pass
	802.11n (20M)	Low	2412	7.32	30	Pass
		Mid	2437	9.32	30	Pass
		High	2462	**10.17**	30	Pass
	802.11n (40M)	Low	2422	10.90	30	Pass
		Mid	2437	**11.12**	30	Pass
		High	2452	10.88	30	Pass

Test Plots

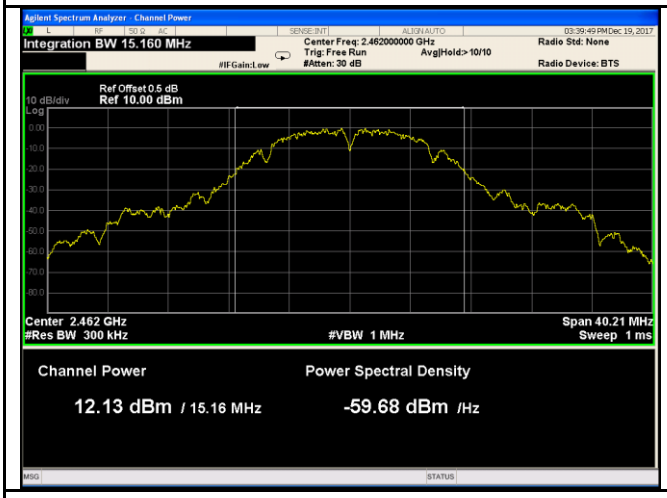
The Average Power



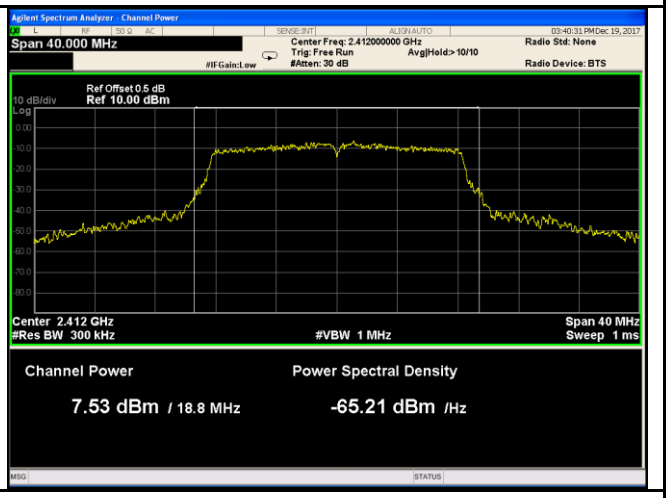
802.11b - AV Output power - Low CH 2412



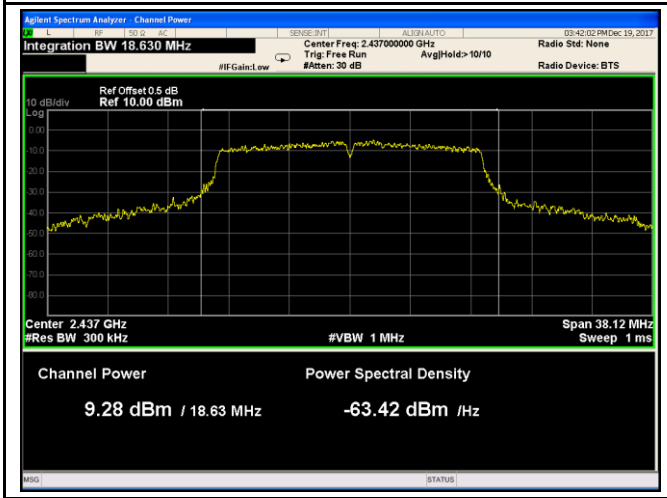
802.11b - AV Output power - Mid CH 2437



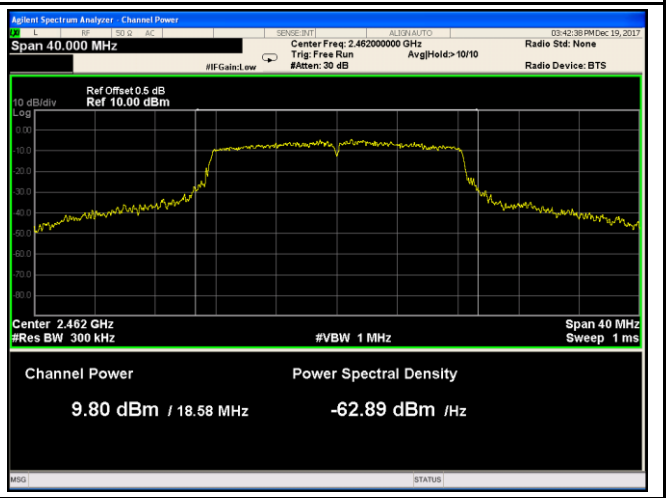
802.11b - AV Output power - High CH 2462



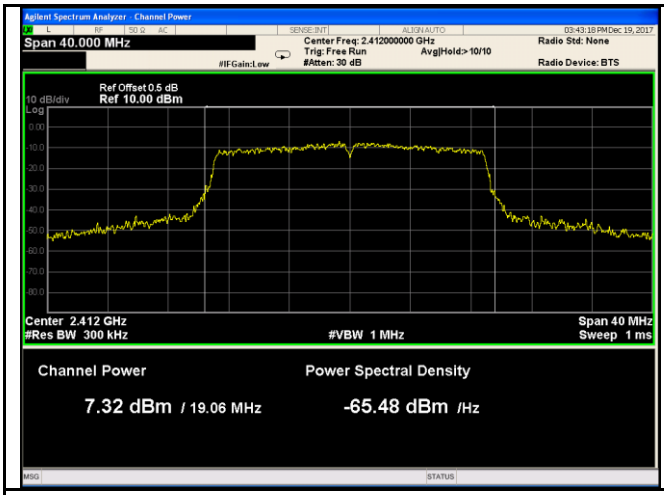
802.11g - AV Output power - Low CH 2412



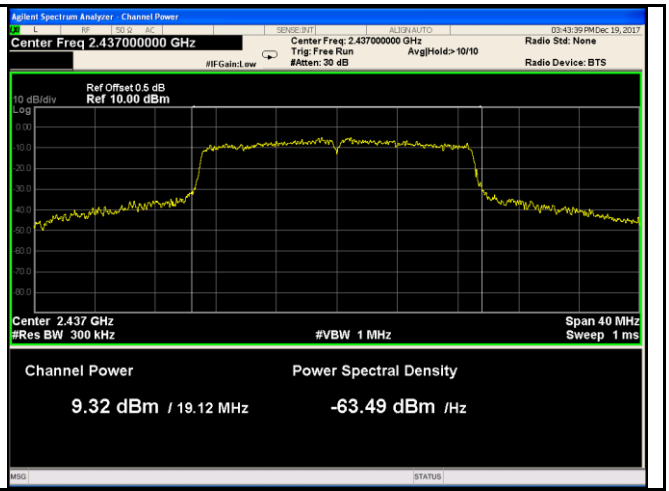
802.11g - AV Output power - Mid CH 2437



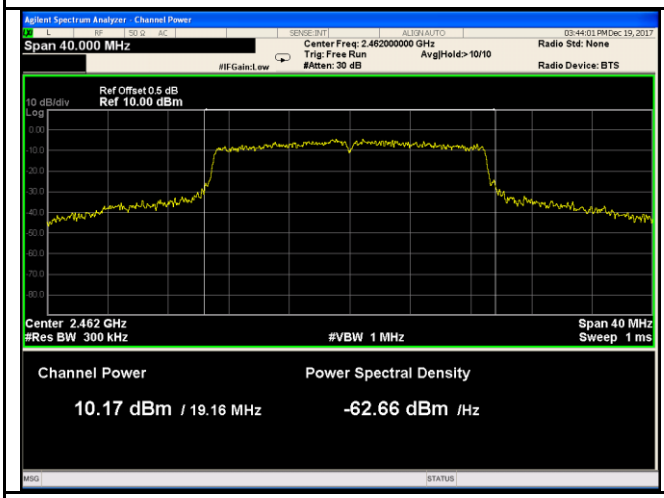
802.11g - AV Output power - High CH 2462



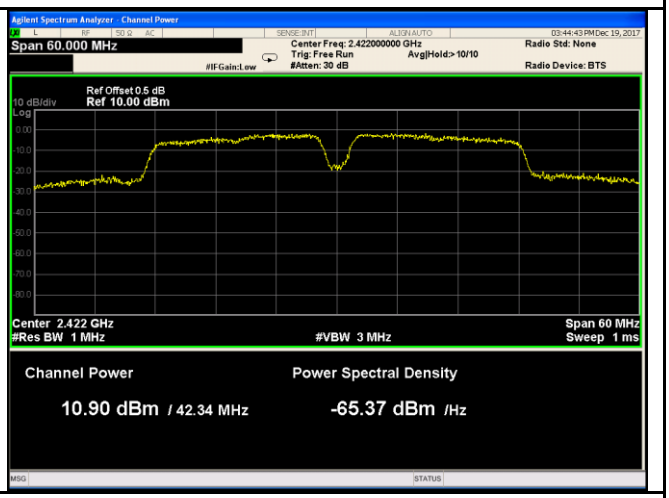
802.11n20 - AV Output power - Low CH 2412



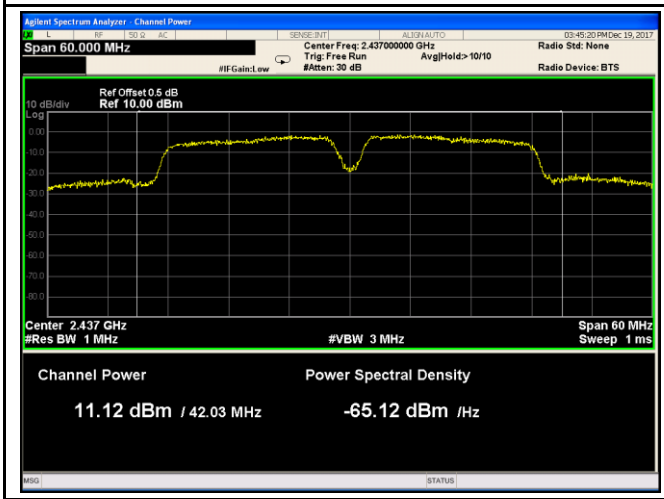
802.11n20 - AV Output power - Mid CH 2437



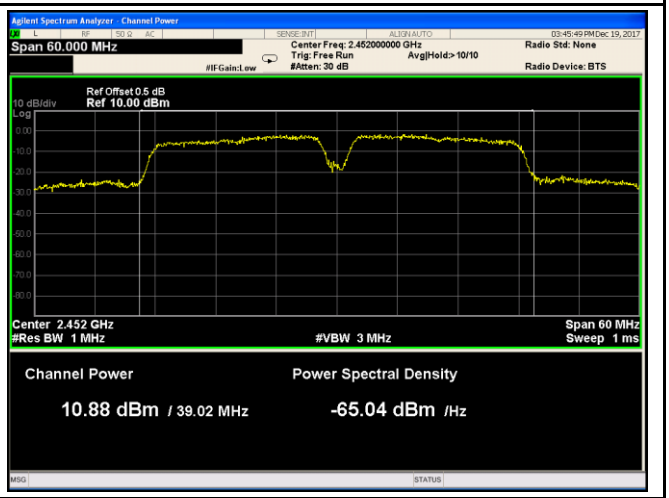
802.11n20 - AV Output power - High CH 2462



802.11n40 - AV Output power - Low CH 2422



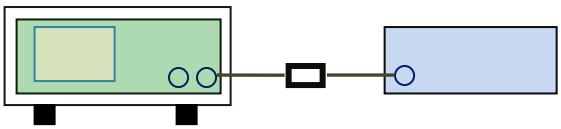
802.11n40 - AV Output power - Mid CH 2437



802.11n40 - AV Output power - High CH 2452

6.4 Power Spectral Density

Temperature	25 °C
Relative Humidity	57%
Atmospheric Pressure	1018mbar
Test date :	December 19, 2017
Tested By :	Aaron Liang

Spec	Item	Requirement	Applicable
§15.247(e)	a)	The power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.	☑
Test Setup			
Test Procedure	558074 D01 DTS MEAS Guidance v03r03, 10.2 power spectral density method power spectral density measurement procedure - a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency. - b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth. - c) Set the RBW to: 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz. - d) Set the VBW ≥ 3 × RBW. - e) Detector = peak. - f) Sweep time = auto couple. - g) Trace mode = max hold. - h) Allow trace to fully stabilize. - i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW. - j) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.		
Remark			
Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail		

Test Data ☑ Yes ☐ N/A

Test Plot ☑ Yes (See below) ☐ N/A

Power Spectral Density measurement result

Type	Test mode	CH	Freq (MHz)	PSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
PSD	802.11b	Low	2412	-11.700	8	Pass
		Mid	2437	-12.579	8	Pass
		High	2462	-12.092	8	Pass
	802.11g	Low	2412	-17.799	8	Pass
		Mid	2437	-14.970	8	Pass
		High	2462	-16.932	8	Pass
	802.11n (20M)	Low	2412	-15.689	8	Pass
		Mid	2437	-15.125	8	Pass
		High	2462	-16.248	8	Pass
	802.11n (40M)	Low	2422	-16.897	8	Pass
		Mid	2437	-16.240	8	Pass
		High	2452	-11.700	8	Pass

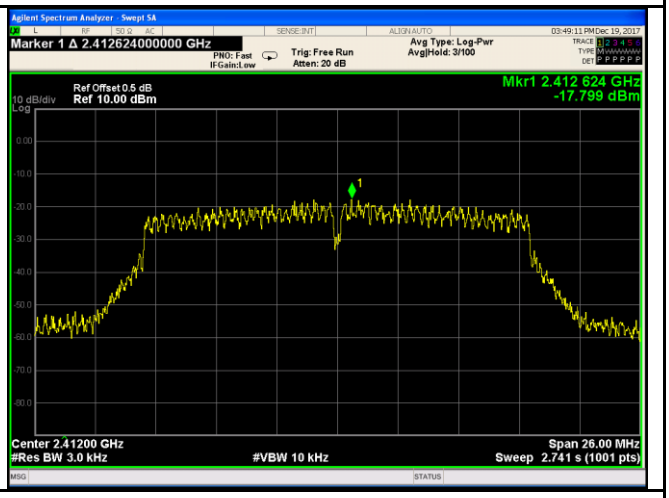
Test Plots

Power Spectral Density measurement result

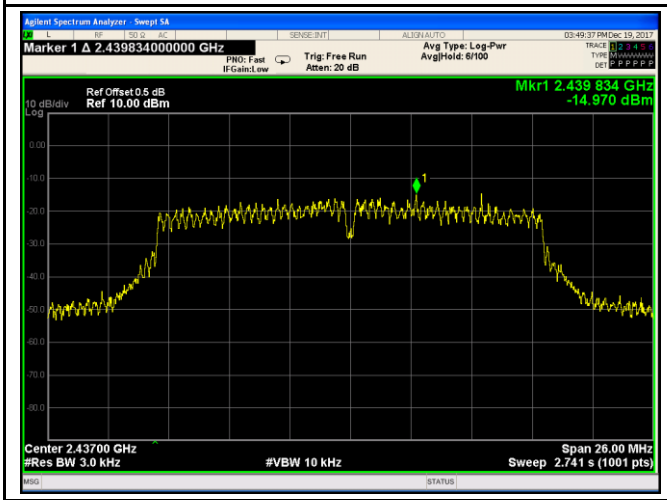
PSD - Low CH 2412 - 802.11b

PSD - Mid CH 2437 – 802.11b

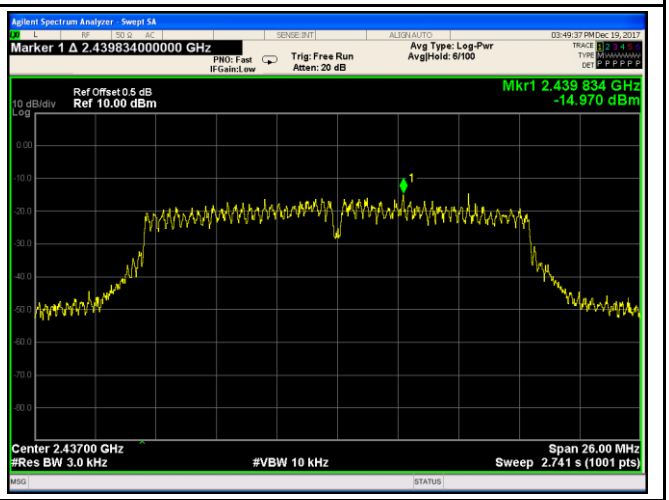
PSD - High CH 2462 - 802.11b



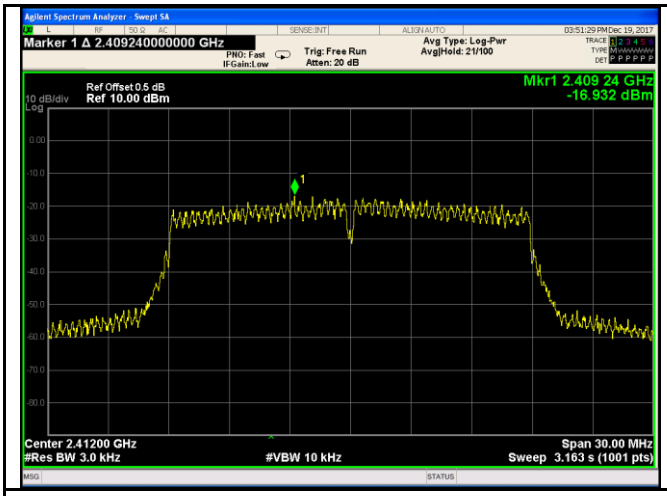
PSD - Low CH 2412 -802.11g



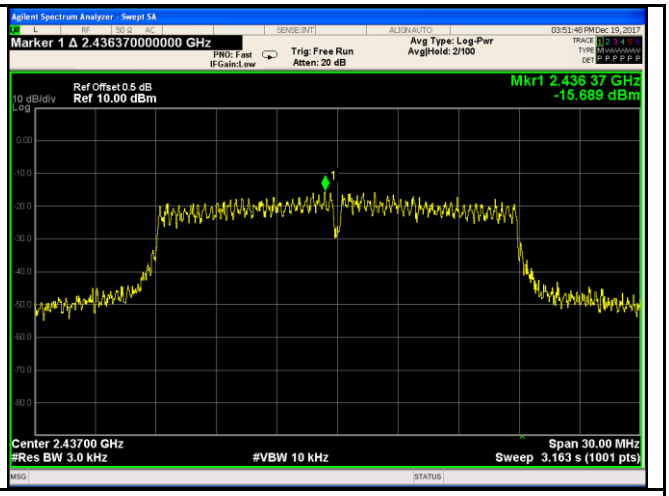
PSD - Mid CH 2437 – 802.11g



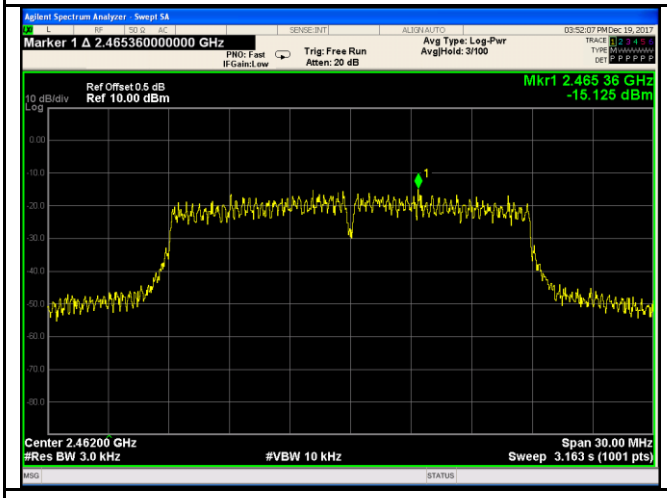
PSD - High CH 2462 - 802.11g



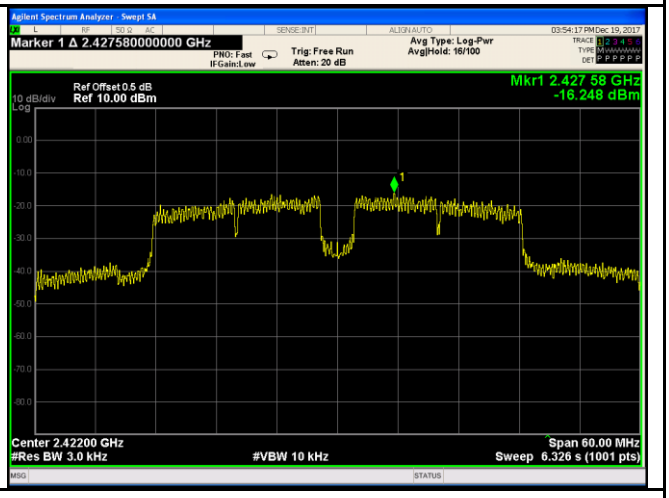
PSD - Low CH 2412 - 802.11n20



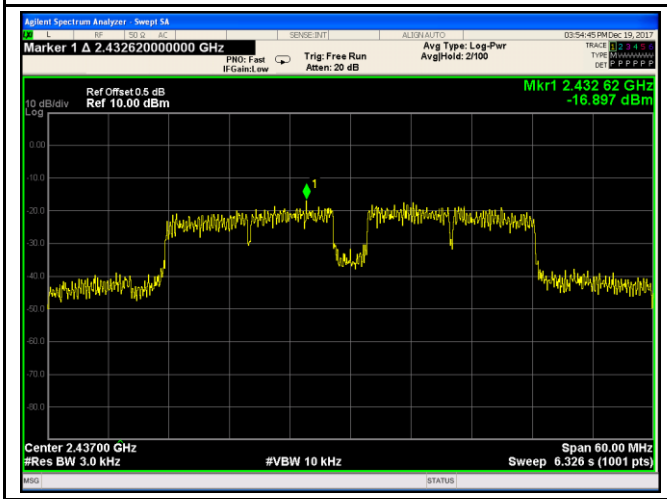
PSD - Mid CH 2437 – 802.11n20



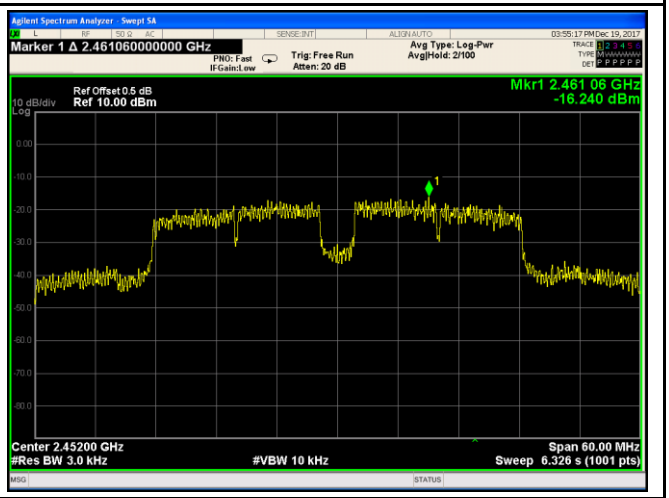
PSD - High CH 2472 - 802.11n20



PSD - Low CH 2422 - 802.11n40



PSD - Mid CH 2437 – 802.11n40

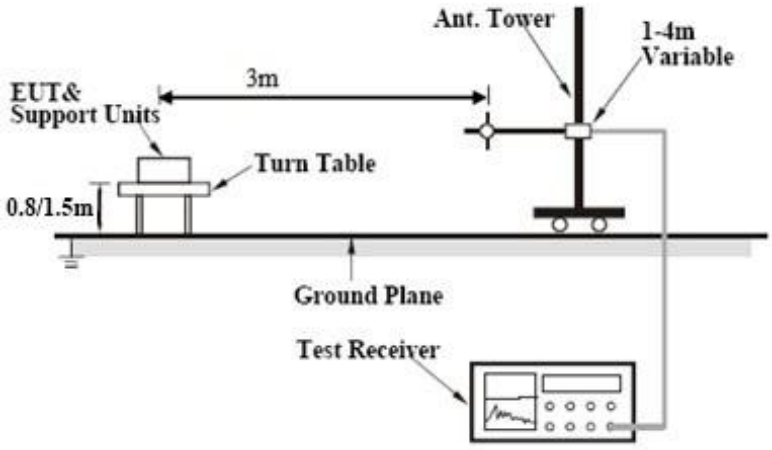


PSD - High CH 2452 - 802.11n40

6.5 Band-Edge & Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands

Temperature	26 °C
Relative Humidity	55%
Atmospheric Pressure	1017mbar
Test date :	December 18, 2017
Tested By :	Aaron Liang

Requirement(s):

Spec	Item	Requirement	Applicable
§15.247(d)	a)	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.	☑
Test Setup			
Test Procedure	Radiated Method Only - 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator. - 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Put it on the Rotated table and turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.		

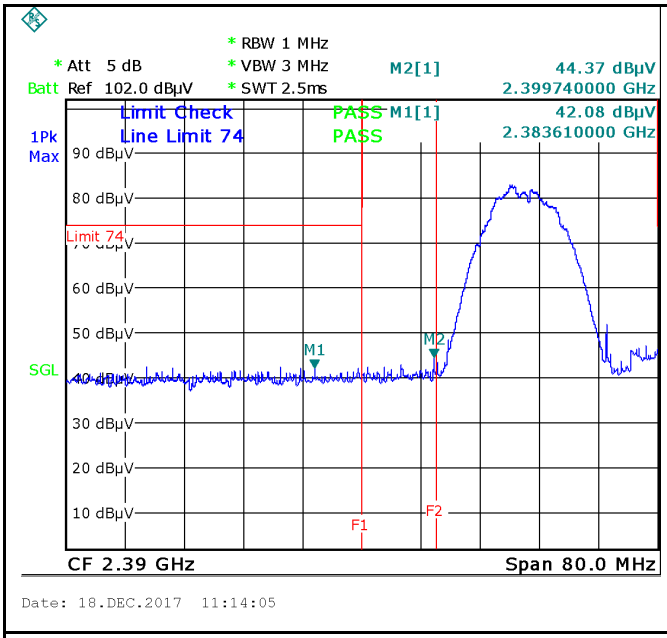
	- 3. First, set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge, check the emission of EUT, if pass then set Spectrum Analyzer as below: a. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasiy Peak detection at frequency below 1GHz. b. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz with Peak detection for Peak measurement at frequency above 1GHz. c. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is 10Hz with Peak detection for Average Measurement as below at frequency above 1GHz. - 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency. - 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.
Remark	
Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail

Test Data ☑ Yes ☐ N/A

Test Plot ☑ Yes (See below) ☐ N/A

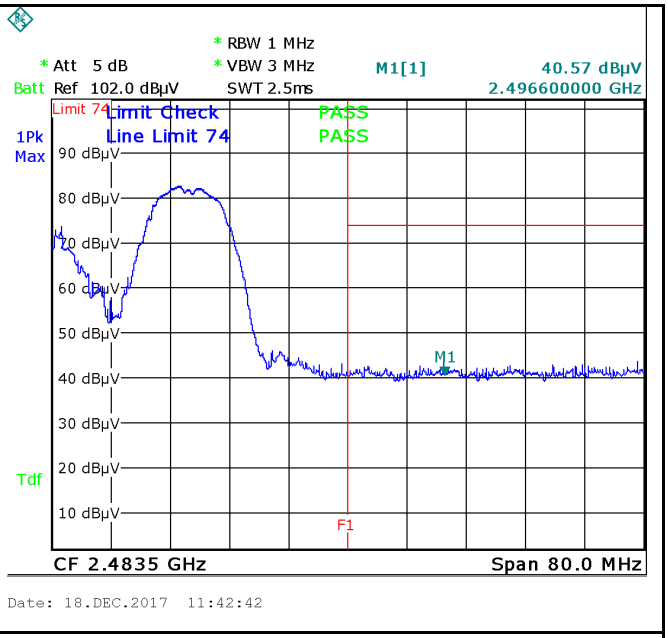
Test Plots

Band Edge measurement result



Band Edge, Left Side (Peak) - 802.11b

Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz



Band Edge, Right Side (Peak) - 802.11b

Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz

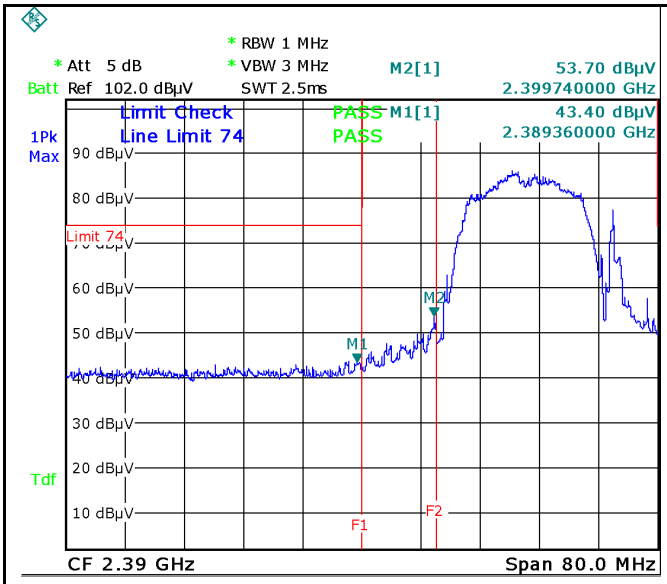
Note: (no need if PK value less than the AV limit)

Note: (no need if PK value less than the AV limit)

Band Edge, Left Side (Average) - 802.11b

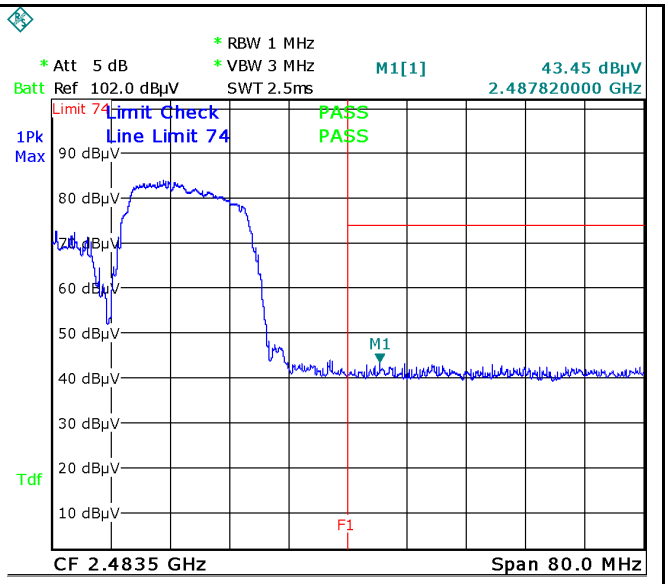
Band Edge, Right Side (Average) - 802.11b

Note: Both Horizontal and vertical polarities were investigated



Band Edge, Left Side (Peak) - 802.11g

Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz



Band Edge, Right Side (Peak) - 802.11g

Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz

Note: (no need if PK value less than the AV limit)

Note: (no need if PK value less than the AV limit)

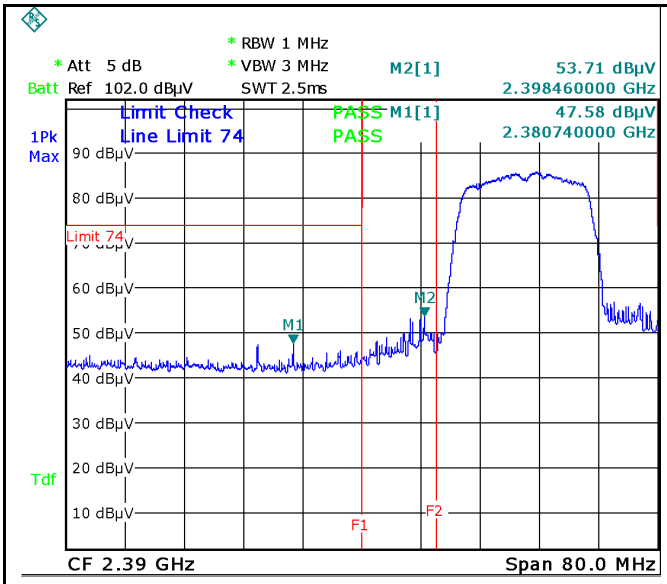
Band Edge, Left Side (Average) - 802.11g

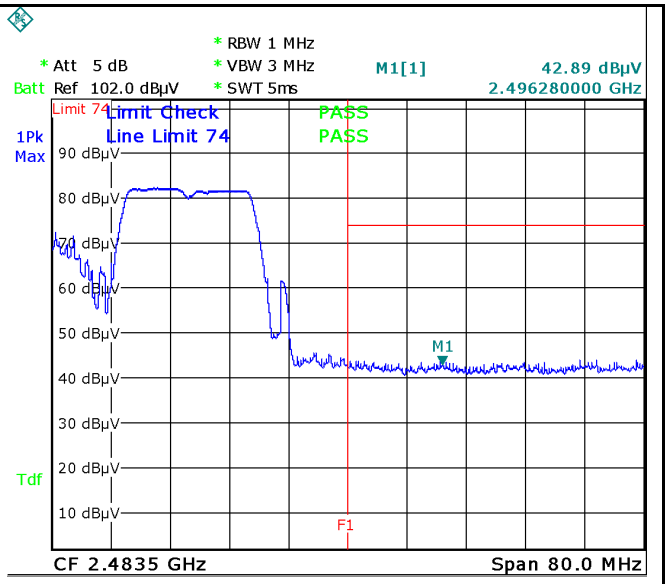
Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz

Band Edge, Right Side (Average) - 802.11g

Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz

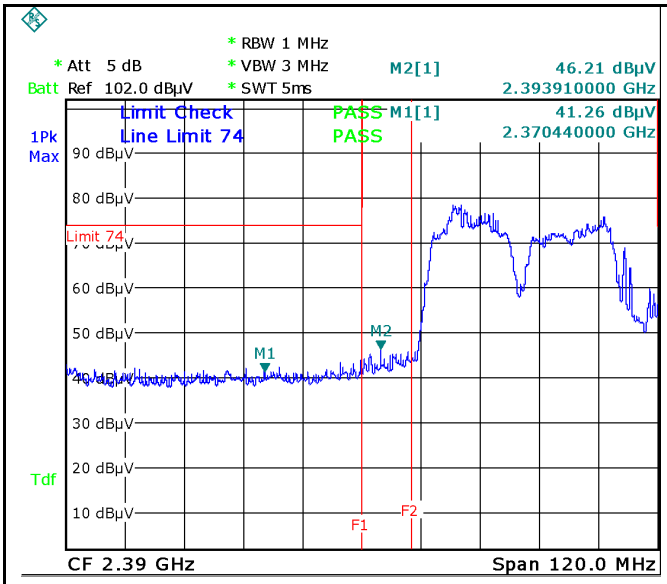
Note: Both Horizontal and vertical polarities were investigated

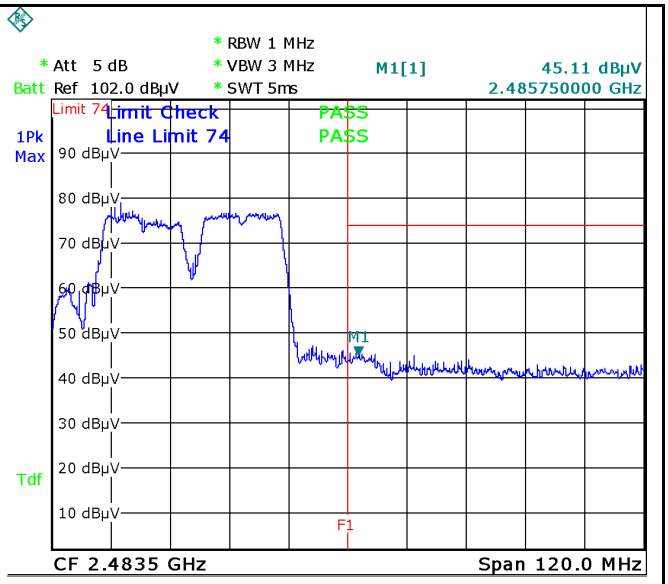




Band Edge, Left Side (Peak) - 802.11n20 **Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz**	Band Edge, Right Side (Peak) - 802.11n20 **Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz**
Note: (no need if PK value less than the AV limit)	Note: (no need if PK value less than the AV limit)
Band Edge, Left Side (Average) - 802.11n20 **Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz**	Band Edge, Right Side (Average) - 802.11n20 **Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz**

Note: Both Horizontal and vertical polarities were investigated





Band Edge, Left Side (Peak) - 802.11n40 **Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz**	Band Edge, Right Side (Peak) - 802.11n40 **Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz**
Note: (no need if PK value less than the AV limit)	Note: (no need if PK value less than the AV limit)
Band Edge, Left Side (Average) - 802.11n40 **Note: F1 is frequency 2390MHz; F2 is frequency 2400MHz**	Band Edge, Right Side (Average) - 802.11n40 **Note: F1 is frequency 2483.5MHz**

Note: Both Horizontal and vertical polarities were investigated

6.6 AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

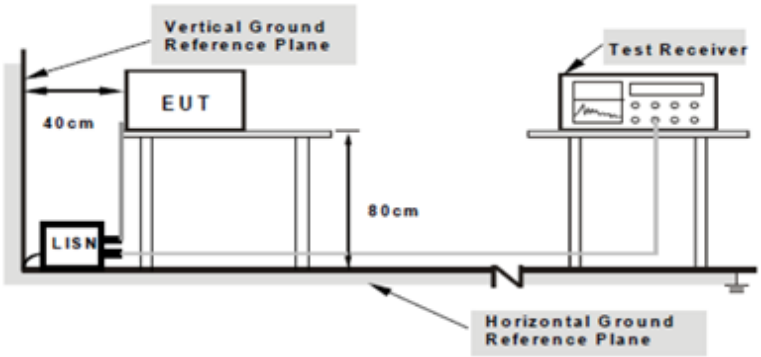
Temperature	25 °C
Relative Humidity	58%
Atmospheric Pressure	1016mbar
Test date :	December 16, 2017
Tested By :	Aaron Liang

Requirement(s):

Spec	Item	Requirement	Applicable
47CFR§15.207, RSS210 (A8.1)	a)	For Low-power radio-frequency devices that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 [mu] H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.	☑

Frequency ranges (MHz)	Limit (dBμV)	
	QP	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 – 56	56 – 46
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

Test Setup



Note: 1.Support units were connected to second LISN.
2.Both of LISNs (AMN) are 80cm from EUT and at least 80cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

Procedure

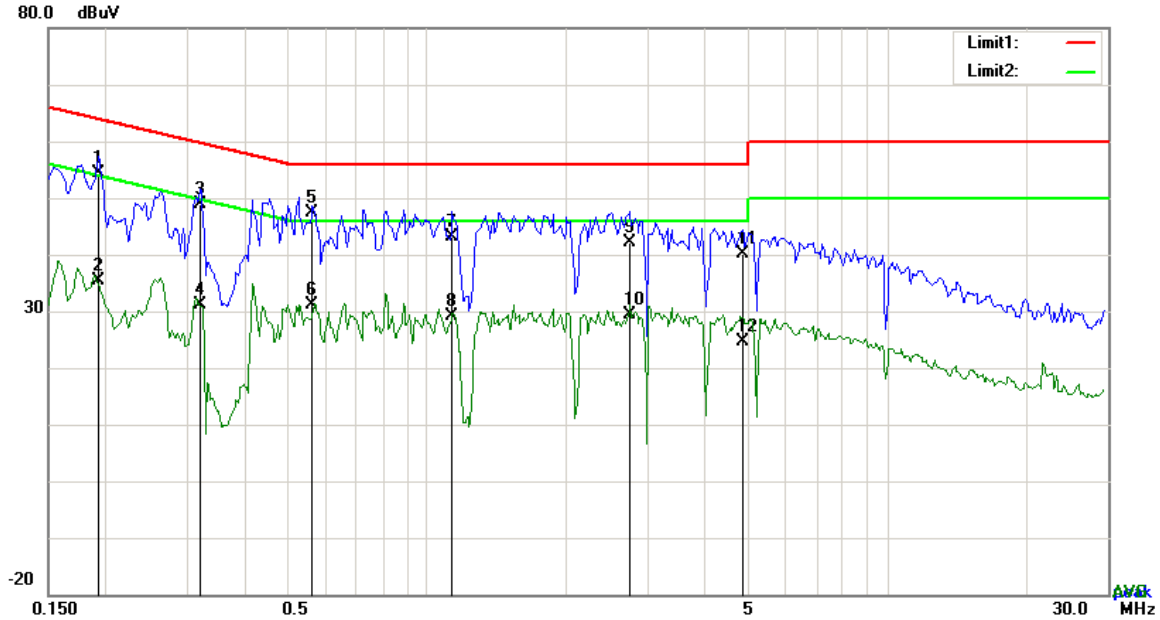
1. The EUT and supporting equipment were set up in accordance with the requirements of the standard on top of a 1.5m x 1m x 0.8m high, non-metallic table.
2. The power supply for the EUT was fed through a 50W/50mH EUT LISN, connected to filtered mains.
3. The RF OUT of the EUT LISN was connected to the EMI test receiver via a low-loss

	coaxial cable. 4. All other supporting equipment were powered separately from another main supply. 5. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. 6. A scan was made on the NEUTRAL line (for AC mains) or Earth line (for DC power) over the required frequency range using an EMI test receiver. 7. High peaks, relative to the limit line, The EMI test receiver was then tuned to the selected frequencies and the necessary measurements made with a receiver bandwidth setting of 10 kHz. 8. Step 7 was then repeated for the LIVE line (for AC mains) or DC line (for DC power).
Remark	
Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail

Test Data ☑ Yes ☐ N/A

Test Plot ☑ Yes (See below) ☐ N/A

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode

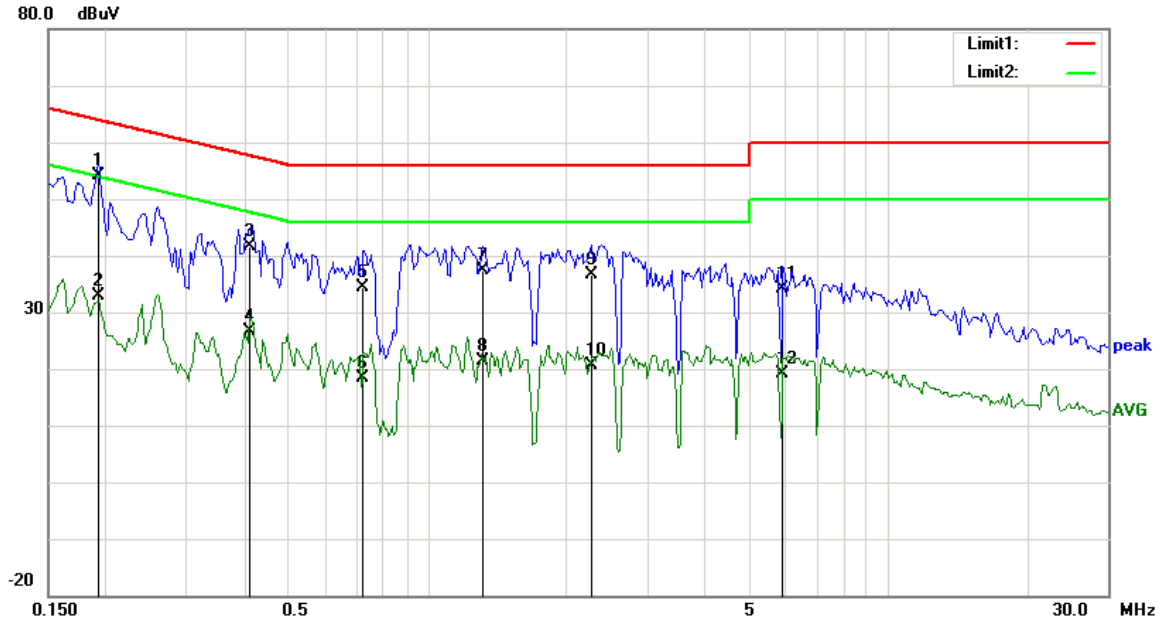


Test Data

Phase Line Plot at 120Vac, 60Hz

No.	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Detector	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
1	L1	0.1929	44.25	QP	10.03	54.28	63.91	-9.63
2	L1	0.1929	25.25	AVG	10.03	35.28	53.91	-18.63
3	L1	0.3216	38.80	QP	10.03	48.83	59.67	-10.84
4	L1	0.3216	21.12	AVG	10.03	31.15	49.67	-18.52
5	L1	0.5634	37.47	QP	10.03	47.50	56.00	-8.50
6	L1	0.5634	21.11	AVG	10.03	31.14	46.00	-14.86
7	L1	1.1328	33.20	QP	10.03	43.23	56.00	-12.77
8	L1	1.1328	19.19	AVG	10.03	29.22	46.00	-16.78
9	L1	2.7513	31.96	QP	10.05	42.01	56.00	-13.99
10	L1	2.7513	19.41	AVG	10.05	29.46	46.00	-16.54
11	L1	4.8291	29.96	QP	10.08	40.04	56.00	-15.96
12	L1	4.8291	14.43	AVG	10.08	24.51	46.00	-21.49

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode

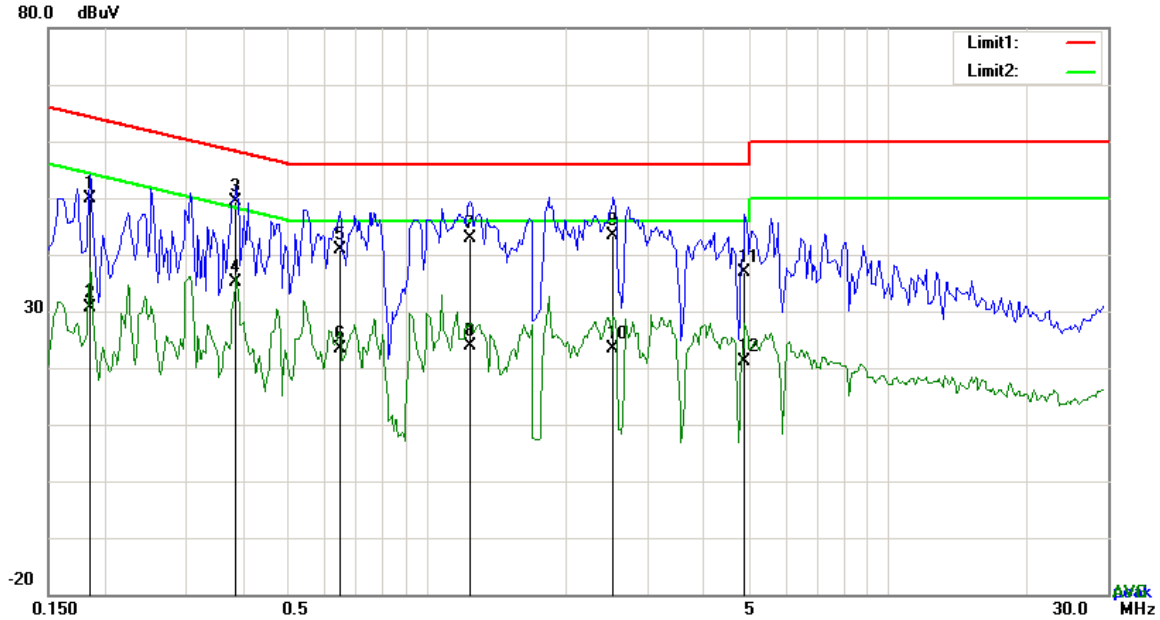


Test Data

Phase Neutral Plot at 120Vac, 60Hz

No.	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Detector	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
1	N	0.1929	44.16	QP	10.02	54.18	63.91	-9.73
2	N	0.1929	22.80	AVG	10.02	32.82	53.91	-21.09
3	N	0.4113	31.50	QP	10.02	41.52	57.62	-16.10
4	N	0.4113	16.59	AVG	10.02	26.61	47.62	-21.01
5	N	0.7272	24.45	QP	10.02	34.47	56.00	-21.53
6	N	0.7272	8.29	AVG	10.02	18.31	46.00	-27.69
7	N	1.3200	27.34	QP	10.03	37.37	56.00	-18.63
8	N	1.3200	11.32	AVG	10.03	21.35	46.00	-24.65
9	N	2.2638	26.71	QP	10.04	36.75	56.00	-19.25
10	N	2.2638	10.53	AVG	10.04	20.57	46.00	-25.43
11	N	5.9250	24.12	QP	10.08	34.20	60.00	-25.80
12	N	5.9250	8.93	AVG	10.08	19.01	50.00	-30.99

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode

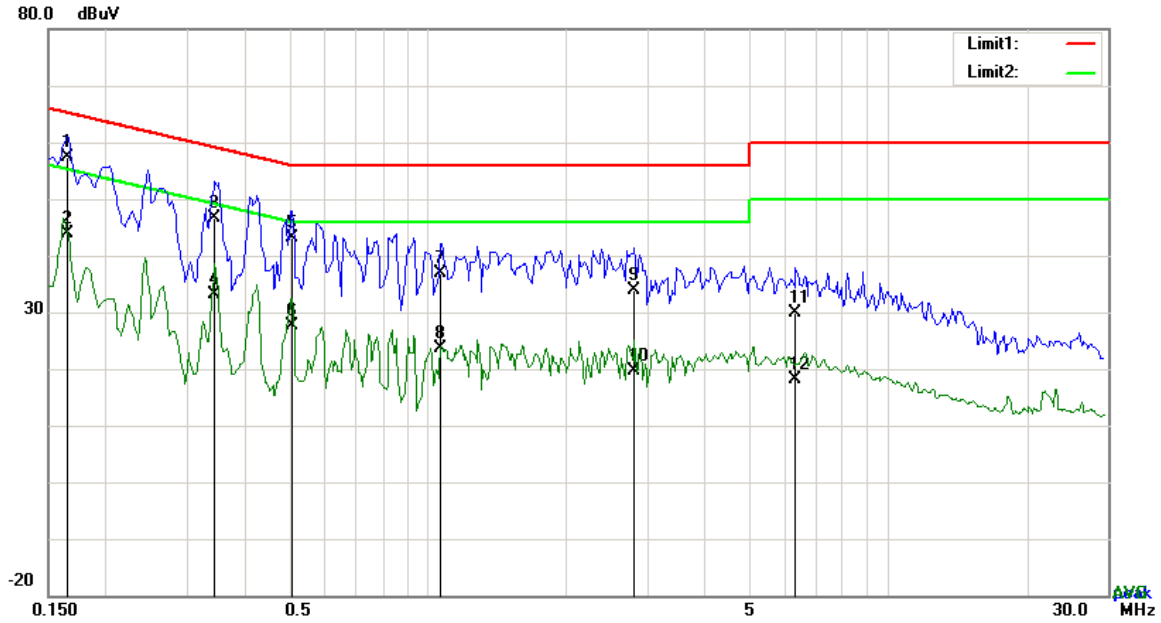


Test Data

Phase Line Plot at 240Vac, 60Hz

No.	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Detector	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
1	L1	0.1851	39.87	QP	10.03	49.90	64.25	-14.35
2	L1	0.1851	20.61	AVG	10.03	30.64	54.25	-23.61
3	L1	0.3840	39.39	QP	10.03	49.42	58.19	-8.77
4	L1	0.3840	25.18	AVG	10.03	35.21	48.19	-12.98
5	L1	0.6453	30.79	QP	10.03	40.82	56.00	-15.18
6	L1	0.6453	13.45	AVG	10.03	23.48	46.00	-22.52
7	L1	1.2420	32.95	QP	10.03	42.98	56.00	-13.02
8	L1	1.2420	13.80	AVG	10.03	23.83	46.00	-22.17
9	L1	2.5329	33.39	QP	10.05	43.44	56.00	-12.56
10	L1	2.5329	13.45	AVG	10.05	23.50	46.00	-22.50
11	L1	4.8915	26.89	QP	10.08	36.97	56.00	-19.03
12	L1	4.8915	11.08	AVG	10.08	21.16	46.00	-24.84

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode



Test Data

Phase Neutral Plot at 240Vac, 60Hz

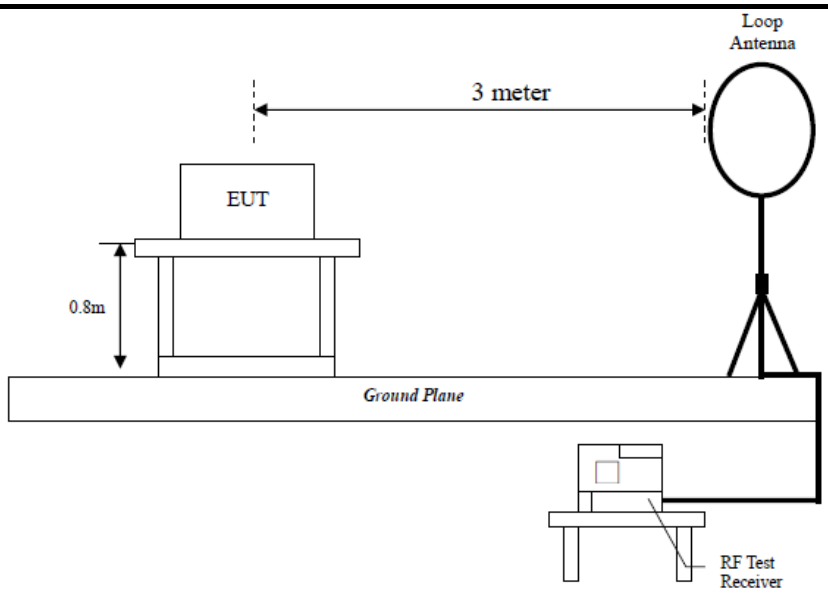
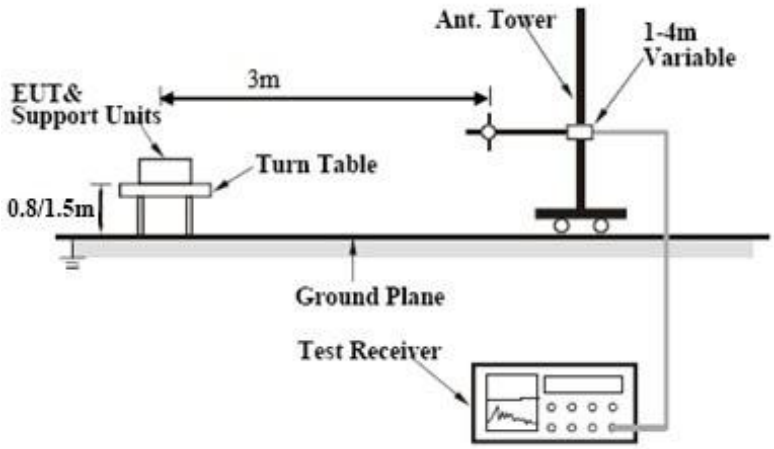
No.	P/L	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Detector	Corrected (dB)	Result (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)
1	N	0.1656	47.27	QP	10.02	57.29	65.18	-7.89
2	N	0.1656	33.89	AVG	10.02	43.91	55.18	-11.27
3	N	0.3450	36.73	QP	10.02	46.75	59.08	-12.33
4	N	0.3450	23.07	AVG	10.02	33.09	49.08	-15.99
5	N	0.5088	33.16	QP	10.02	43.18	56.00	-12.82
6	N	0.5088	17.57	AVG	10.02	27.59	46.00	-18.41
7	N	1.0704	26.89	QP	10.03	36.92	56.00	-19.08
8	N	1.0704	13.71	AVG	10.03	23.74	46.00	-22.26
9	N	2.8098	23.92	QP	10.05	33.97	56.00	-22.03
10	N	2.8098	9.54	AVG	10.05	19.59	46.00	-26.41
11	N	6.2916	19.88	QP	10.09	29.97	60.00	-30.03
12	N	6.2916	8.03	AVG	10.09	18.12	50.00	-31.88

6.7 Radiated Spurious Emissions & Restricted Band

Temperature	25 °C
Relative Humidity	57%
Atmospheric Pressure	1015mbar
Test date :	December 07, 2017
Tested By :	Aaron Liang

Requirement(s):

<table>
<tr><th>Spec</th><th>Item</th><th>Requirement</th><th>Applicable</th></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">47CFR§15.247(d), RSS210 (A8.5)</td><td>a)</td><td>Except higher limit as specified elsewhere in other section, the emissions from the low-power radio-frequency devices shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table and the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission. The tighter limit applies at the band edges
<table>
<tr><th>Frequency range (MHz)</th><th>Field Strength (μV/m)</th></tr>
<tr><td>0.009~0.490</td><td>2400/F(KHz)</td></tr>
<tr><td>0.490~1.705</td><td>24000/F(KHz)</td></tr>
<tr><td>1.705~30.0</td><td>30</td></tr>
<tr><td>30 – 88</td><td>100</td></tr>
<tr><td>88 – 216</td><td>150</td></tr>
<tr><td>216 960</td><td>200</td></tr>
<tr><td>Above 960</td><td>500</td></tr>
</table></td><td>☑</td></tr>
<tr><td>b)</td><td>For non-restricted band, In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB or 30dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, determined by the measurement method on output power to be used. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required
☒ 20 dB down ☐ 30 dB down</td><td>☑</td></tr>
<tr><td>c)</td><td>or restricted band, emission must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209</td><td>☑</td></tr>
</table>

Test Setup	 
Procedure	1. The EUT was switched on and allowed to warm up to its normal operating condition. 2. The test was carried out at the selected frequency points obtained from the EUT characterization. Maximization of the emissions, was carried out by rotating the EUT, changing the antenna polarization, and adjusting the antenna height in the following manner: a. Vertical or horizontal polarization (whichever gave the higher emission level over a full rotation of the EUT) was chosen. b. The EUT was then rotated to the direction that gave the maximum emission. c. Finally, the antenna height was adjusted to the height that gave the maximum emission. 3. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Quasiy Peak detection at frequency below 1GHz. 4. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and video bandwidth is 3MHz with Peak detection for Peak measurement at frequency above 1GHz.

	The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is 10Hz with Peak detection for Average Measurement as below at frequency above 1GHz. 5. Steps 2 and 3 were repeated for the next frequency point, until all selected frequency points were measured.
Remark	
Result	☑ Pass ☐ Fail

Test Data ☑ Yes ☐ N/A

Test Plot ☑ Yes (See below) ☐ N/A

Test Result:

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode

Frequency range: 9KHz - 30MHz

Freq. (MHz)	Detection value	Factor (dB/m)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit@3m (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
--	--	--	--	--	--	>20
--	--	--	--	--	--	>20

Note:

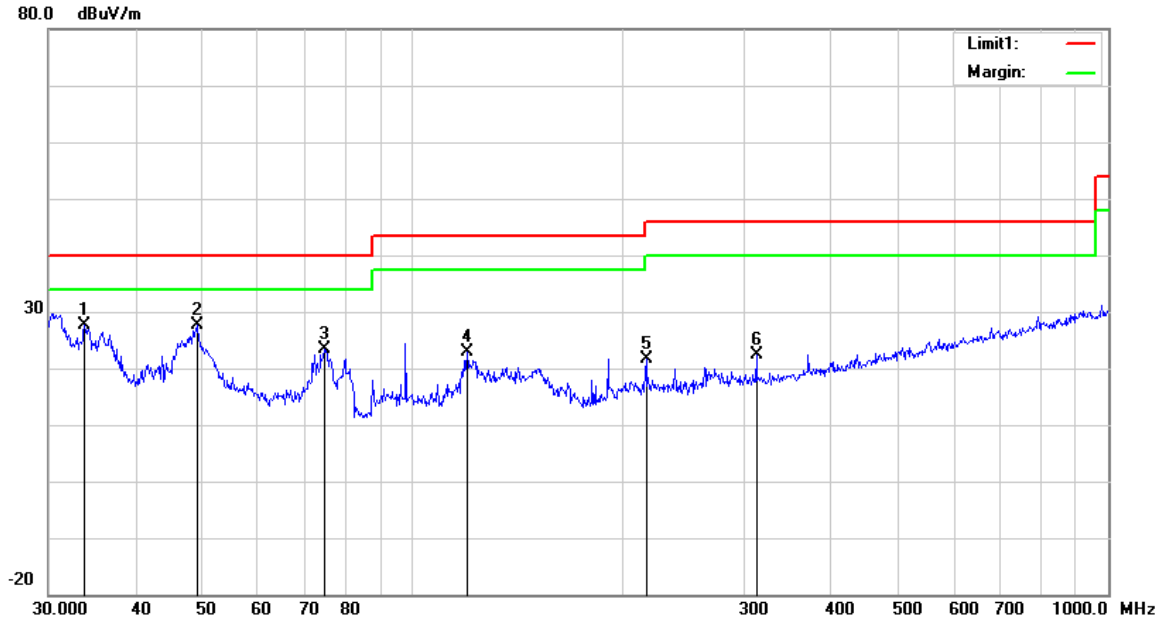
The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor =40 log (specific distance/test distance)(dB);

Limit line = specific limits(dBuv) + distance extrapolation factor.

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode

30MHz -1GHz

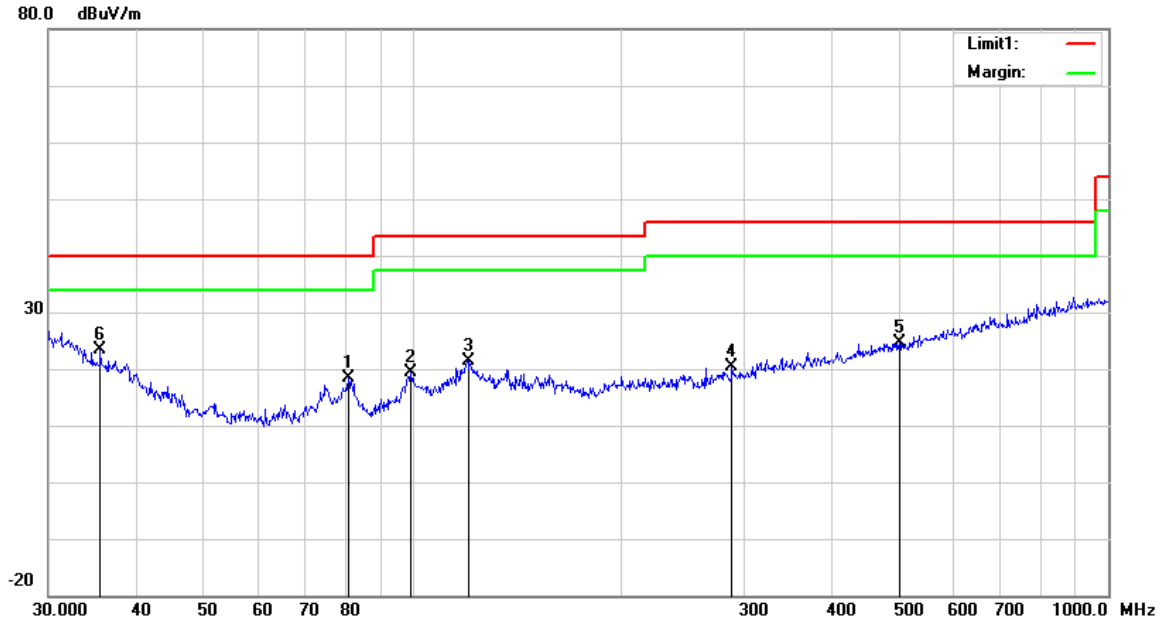


Test Data

Vertical Polarity Plot @3m

No.	P/L	Frequency	Reading	Detector	Ant_F	PA_G	Cab_L	Result	Limit	Margin	Height	Degree
		(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(cm)	( )
1	V	33.7986	30.62	peak	18.48	22.26	0.73	27.57	40.00	-12.43	100	257
2	V	49.1866	40.42	peak	8.76	22.37	0.79	27.60	40.00	-12.40	100	16
3	V	74.9191	37.24	peak	7.70	22.40	0.96	23.50	40.00	-16.50	100	90
4	V	119.8556	30.18	peak	13.87	22.36	1.16	22.85	43.50	-20.65	100	42
5	V	216.7828	30.57	peak	11.87	22.35	1.59	21.68	46.00	-24.32	100	110
6	V	312.1794	28.82	peak	13.86	22.26	1.85	22.27	46.00	-23.73	100	23

30MHz -1GHz



Test Data

Horizontal Polarity Plot @3m

No.	P/L	Frequency	Reading	Detector	Ant_F	PA_G	Cab_L	Result	Limit	Margin	Height	Degree
		(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dB/m)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(cm)	(°)
1	H	80.9275	32.12	peak	7.64	22.41	1.05	18.40	40.00	-21.60	100	220
2	H	99.5281	30.39	peak	10.29	22.32	1.11	19.47	43.50	-24.03	100	212
3	H	120.2766	28.71	peak	13.88	22.36	1.16	21.39	43.50	-22.11	100	332
4	H	287.9904	27.91	peak	13.07	22.29	1.77	20.46	46.00	-25.54	200	172
5	H	501.1790	26.36	peak	17.72	21.81	2.42	24.69	46.00	-21.31	100	14
6	H	35.6240	27.73	peak	17.09	22.25	0.76	23.33	40.00	-16.67	100	252

Above 1GHz

Test Mode:	Transmitting Mode

Low Channel (2412 MHz) (g mode worst case)

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Detector (PK/AV)	Polarity (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord Amp. (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4824	48.54	AV	V	33.39	7.22	48.46	40.69	54	-13.31
4824	46.78	AV	H	33.39	7.22	48.46	38.93	54	-15.07
4824	66.69	PK	V	33.39	7.22	48.46	58.84	74	-15.16
4824	66.76	PK	H	33.39	7.22	48.46	58.91	74	-15.09
12146	18.23	AV	V	40.39	13.13	46.34	25.41	54	-28.59
12146	19.96	AV	H	40.39	13.13	46.34	27.14	54	-26.86
12146	38.65	PK	V	40.39	13.13	46.34	45.83	74	-28.17
12146	41.91	PK	H	40.39	13.13	46.34	49.09	74	-24.91

Middle Channel (2437 MHz) (n20 mode worst case)

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Detector (PK/AV)	Polarity (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord Amp. (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4874	42.74	AV	V	33.62	7.53	48.36	35.53	54	-18.47
4874	45.69	AV	H	33.62	7.53	48.36	38.48	54	-15.52
4874	66.03	PK	V	33.62	7.53	48.36	58.82	74	-15.18
4874	67.14	PK	H	33.62	7.53	48.36	59.93	74	-14.07
7351	20.73	AV	V	36.71	6.65	47.45	16.64	54	-37.36
7351	18.35	AV	H	36.71	6.65	47.45	14.26	54	-39.74
7351	36.24	PK	V	36.71	6.65	47.45	32.15	74	-41.85
7351	37.65	PK	H	36.71	6.65	47.45	33.56	74	-40.44

High Channel (2462 MHz) (b mode worst case)

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBμV)	Detector (PK/AV)	Polarity (H/V)	Ant. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord Amp. (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
4924	47.04	AV	V	33.74	7.78	48.34	40.22	54	-13.78
4924	46.05	AV	H	33.74	7.78	48.34	39.23	54	-14.77
4924	73	PK	V	33.74	7.78	48.34	66.18	74	-7.82
4924	67.07	PK	H	33.74	7.78	48.34	60.25	74	-13.75
17917	20.47	AV	V	44.12	19.93	44.13	40.39	54	-13.61
17917	18.7	AV	H	44.12	19.93	44.13	38.62	54	-15.38
17917	40.21	PK	V	44.12	19.93	44.13	60.13	74	-13.87
17917	40.93	PK	H	44.12	19.93	44.13	60.85	74	-13.15

Note:

*1, The testing has been conformed to 10*2462MHz=24,620MHz*

2, All other emissions more than 30 dB below the limit

3, X-Axis, Y-Axis and Z-Axis were investigated. The results above show only the worst case.

4, The radiated spurious test above 18GHz is subcontracted to SIEMIC (Nanjing-China) Laboratories. and found 30dB below the limit at least.