



**中认信通**  
CHINA CERTIFICATION ICT CO., LTD (DONGGUAN)



## SAR TEST REPORT

**Applicant: HONG KONG IPRO TECHNOLOGY CO.,LIMITED**

Address: 12/F., San Toi Building 137-139 Connaught Road Central HK

**FCC ID: PQ4IPROK5**

**Product Name: Mobile Phone**

**Tested Model: K5**

**Multiple Models: K3, K6, K7, K8, K9**

**Standard(s): 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)**

The above equipment has been tested and found compliant with the requirement of the relative standards by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan)

**Report Number: CR230635016-SA**

**Date Of Issue: 2023-07-03**

**Reviewed By: Karl Gong**

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**SAR TEST RESULTS SUMMARY**

Operation Frequency Bands	Highest Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)		Limits (W/kg)
	Head SAR	Body SAR (Gap 5mm)	
GSM 850	0.18	0.44	<b>1.6</b>
PCS 1900	0.30	1.06	
WCDMA Band 2	0.32	0.97	
WCDMA Band 5	0.27	0.65	
LTE Band 2	0.33	1.07	
LTE Band 4	0.17	1.28	
LTE Band 7	<b>0.70</b>	<b>1.44</b>	
<b>Maximum Simultaneous Transmission SAR</b>			
Items	Head	Body-Worn (Gap 5mm)	Limits
Sum SAR(W/kg)	<b>0.74</b>	<b>1.48</b>	<b>1.6</b>
SPLSR	/	/	0.04
EUT Received Date:	2023/06/20		
Tested Date:	2023/06/27~2023/06/29		
Tested Result:	Pass		

**Test Facility**

The Test site used by China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No. 113, Pingkang Road, Dalang Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 442868, the FCC Designation No. : CN1314.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier: CN0123.

**Declarations**

China Certification ICT Co., Ltd (Dongguan) is not responsible for the authenticity of any test data provided by the applicant. Data included from the applicant that may affect test results are marked with a triangle symbol “▲”. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are not considered data.

Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.

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## DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

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<b>Revision Number</b>	<b>Report Number</b>	<b>Description of Revision</b>	<b>Date of Revision</b>
1.0	CR230635016-SA	Original Report	2023-07-03

## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1 Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

<b>Device Type:</b>	Portable
<b>Exposure Category:</b>	Population / Uncontrolled
<b>Antenna Type(s):</b>	Internal Antenna
<b>Body-Worn Accessories:</b>	None
<b>Operation modes:</b>	GSM Voice, GPRS/EDGE Data, WCDMA( R99 (Voice+Data), HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA /HSPA+), FDD-LTE, Bluetooth
<b>Frequency Band:</b>	GSM 850: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) LTE Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) LTE Band 4: 1710-1755 MHz(TX); 2110-2155 MHz(RX) LTE Band 7: 2500-2570 MHz(TX); 2620-2690 MHz(RX) Bluetooth : 2402 MHz-2480 MHz
<b>Conducted RF Power:</b>	GSM 850: 33.11 dBm; PCS 1900: 30.75 dBm WCDMA Band 2: 22.87 dBm; WCDMA Band 5: 22.91 dBm LTE Band 2: 23.26 dBm; LTE Band 4: 23.26 dBm LTE Band 7: 21.28 dBm Bluetooth(BDR/EDR): -0.69 dBm
<b>Dimensions (L*W*H):</b>	120 mm (L) * 52 mm (W) * 12 mm (H)
<b>Rated Input Voltage:</b>	DC 3.7 V from Rechargeable Battery
<b>Serial Number:</b>	271J-1
<b>Normal Operation:</b>	Head and Body Worn

## **1.2 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures**

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06  
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03  
KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04  
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02  
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01  
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05

TCB Workshop April 2019: RF Exposure Procedures



**1.3 SAR Limits****FCC Limit**

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	<b>1.60</b>	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg for 1g SAR applied to the EUT.

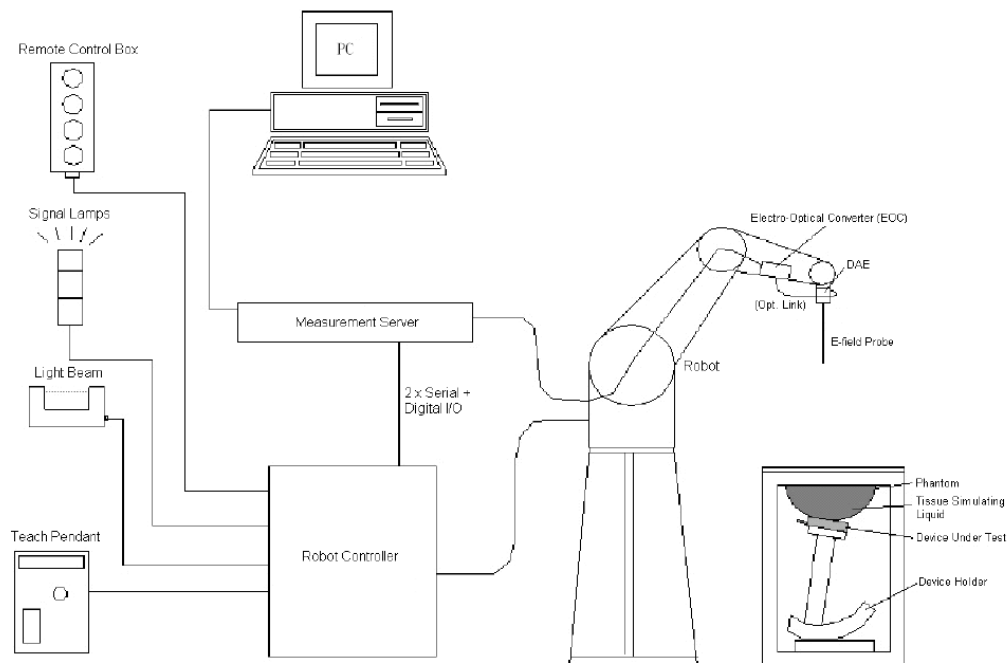
## 2. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



### DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

### **DASY5 Measurement Server**

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200M $\Omega$ ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

**EX3DV4 E-Field Probes**

<b>Frequency</b>	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
<b>Directivity</b>	$\pm 0.3$ dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
<b>Dynamic Range</b>	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
<b>Dimensions</b>	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
<b>Application</b>	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
<b>Compatibility</b>	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

**Calibration Frequency Points for EX3DV4 E-Field Probes SN: 7522 Calibrated: 2023/5/29**

Calibration Frequency Point(MHz)	Frequency Range(MHz)		Conversion Factor		
	From	To	X	Y	Z
750 Head	650	850	9.9	9.9	9.9
900 Head	850	1000	9.37	9.37	9.37
1750 Head	1650	1850	8.15	8.15	8.15
1900 Head	1850	2000	7.94	7.94	7.94
2300 Head	2200	2400	7.67	7.67	7.67
2450 Head	2400	2550	7.42	7.42	7.42
2600 Head	2550	2700	7.23	7.23	7.23
5250 Head	5140	5360	5.36	5.36	5.36
5500 Head	5390	5610	4.85	4.85	4.85
5750 Head	5640	5860	4.9	4.9	4.9

### **SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- \_ Left Head
- \_ Right Head
- \_ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L x W x H). For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)



A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

### **Robots**

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robot. The robot offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

## SAR Scan Procedures

### Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 1.4 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### Step 2: Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm $\pm$ 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm $\pm$ 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 12$ mm 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

### Step 3: Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$			$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		$\leq 5$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 4$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\leq 3$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 3$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	$\geq 30$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\geq 28$ mm $4 - 5$ GHz: $\geq 25$ mm $5 - 6$ GHz: $\geq 22$ mm	
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is $\leq 1.4$ W/kg, $\leq 8$ mm, $\leq 7$ mm and $\leq 5$ mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

### Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x 7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

## Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1:2016

### Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head liquid

**Table A.3 – Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid**

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity $\epsilon_r$	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) S/m
300	45,3	0,87
450	43,5	0,87
<i>750</i>	<i>41,9</i>	<i>0,89</i>
835	41,5	0,90
900	41,5	0,97
1 450	40,5	1,20
<i>1 500</i>	<i>40,4</i>	<i>1,23</i>
<i>1 640</i>	<i>40,2</i>	<i>1,31</i>
<i>1 750</i>	<i>40,1</i>	<i>1,37</i>
1 800	40,0	1,40
1 900	40,0	1,40
2 000	40,0	1,40
<i>2 100</i>	<i>39,8</i>	<i>1,49</i>
<i>2 300</i>	<i>39,5</i>	<i>1,67</i>
2 450	39,2	1,80
<i>2 600</i>	<i>39,0</i>	<i>1,96</i>
3 000	38,5	2,40
<i>3 500</i>	<i>37,9</i>	<i>2,91</i>
<i>4 000</i>	<i>37,4</i>	<i>3,43</i>
<i>4 500</i>	<i>36,8</i>	<i>3,94</i>
<i>5 000</i>	<i>36,2</i>	<i>4,45</i>
<i>5 200</i>	<i>36,0</i>	<i>4,66</i>
<i>5 400</i>	<i>35,8</i>	<i>4,86</i>
<i>5 600</i>	<i>35,5</i>	<i>5,07</i>
<i>5 800</i>	<i>35,3</i>	<i>5,27</i>
<i>6 000</i>	<i>35,1</i>	<i>5,48</i>

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown *in italics*). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.



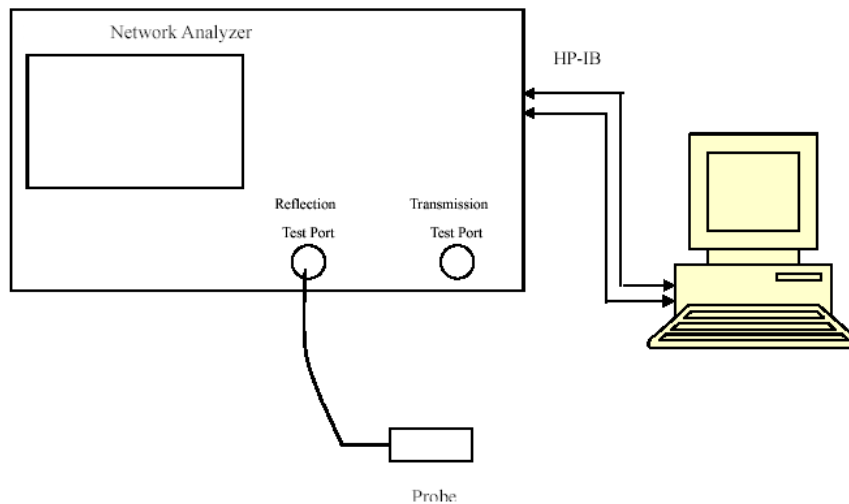
### 3. EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

#### 3.1 Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.10	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1567	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1493	2023/3/17	2024/3/16
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7522	2023/5/29	2024/5/28
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	BJPCTC0152	NCR	NCR
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1470	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 750 MHz	D750V3	1230	2023/3/24	2026/3/23
Dipole, 1750 MHz	D1750V2	1200	2023/3/27	2026/3/26
Dipole, 1900 MHz	D1900V2	5d251	2023/3/27	2026/3/26
Dipole, 2450 MHz	D2450V2	1102	2023/3/27	2026/3/26
Dipole, 2600 MHz	D2600V2	1206	2023/3/27	2026/3/26
Simulated Tissue Liquid Head(500-9500 MHz)	HBBL600-10000V6	220420-2	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753B	2828A00170	2022/10/24	2023/10/23
Dielectric assessment kit	1253	SM DAK 040 CA	NCR	NCR
MXG Vector Signal Generator	N5182B	MY51350144	2022/7/15	2023/7/14
USB Wideband Power Sensor	U2021XA	MY54080015	2022/7/15	2023/7/14
Power Amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	5969001149	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	441493	520Z	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	LN749	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	6dB, 150W	2754	NCR	NCR
Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	110 825	2022/07/15	2023/07/14
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	149218	2022/07/15	2023/07/14
Spectrum Analyzer	FSU26	200445	2023/3/31	2024/3/30

## 4. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

### 4.1 Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

### Liquid Verification Results

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid		Target Value		Delta(%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	$\Delta \sigma$	
650	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	44.525	0.850	42.43	0.88	4.94	-3.41	$\pm 5$
660	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	44.473	0.858	42.38	0.88	4.94	-2.50	$\pm 5$
670	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	44.375	0.866	42.33	0.88	4.83	-1.59	$\pm 5$
680	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	44.269	0.873	42.27	0.89	4.73	-1.91	$\pm 5$
690	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	44.180	0.880	42.22	0.89	4.64	-1.12	$\pm 5$
700	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	44.089	0.887	42.17	0.89	4.55	-0.34	$\pm 5$
710	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.973	0.893	42.11	0.89	4.42	0.34	$\pm 5$
720	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.856	0.900	42.06	0.89	4.27	1.12	$\pm 5$
730	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.737	0.906	42.01	0.89	4.11	1.80	$\pm 5$
740	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.625	0.912	41.95	0.89	3.99	2.47	$\pm 5$
750	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.547	0.918	41.90	0.89	3.93	3.15	$\pm 5$
760	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.437	0.924	41.85	0.89	3.79	3.82	$\pm 5$
770	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.358	0.922	41.81	0.89	3.70	3.60	$\pm 5$
780	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.268	0.926	41.76	0.89	3.61	4.04	$\pm 5$
790	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.175	0.928	41.71	0.89	3.51	4.27	$\pm 5$
800	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	43.086	0.933	41.66	0.90	3.42	3.67	$\pm 5$
810	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	42.944	0.933	41.62	0.90	3.18	3.67	$\pm 5$
820	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	42.837	0.937	41.57	0.90	3.05	4.11	$\pm 5$
830	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	42.736	0.942	41.52	0.90	2.93	4.67	$\pm 5$
840	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	42.584	0.942	41.50	0.91	2.61	3.52	$\pm 5$
850	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	42.326	0.946	41.50	0.92	1.99	2.83	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2023/06/28.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid		Target Value		Delta(%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	O	$\epsilon_r$	O(S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	$\Delta O$	
1650	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.763	1.255	40.19	1.32	-1.06	-4.92	±5
1660	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.710	1.264	40.18	1.32	-1.17	-4.24	±5
1670	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.661	1.273	40.17	1.33	-1.27	-4.29	±5
1680	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.618	1.282	40.16	1.33	-1.35	-3.61	±5
1690	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.569	1.292	40.15	1.34	-1.45	-3.58	±5
1700	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.529	1.303	40.15	1.34	-1.55	-2.76	±5
1710	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.486	1.314	40.14	1.35	-1.63	-2.67	±5
1720	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.446	1.324	40.13	1.35	-1.70	-1.93	±5
1730	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.412	1.333	40.12	1.36	-1.76	-1.99	±5
1740	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.376	1.343	40.11	1.36	-1.83	-1.25	±5
1750	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.339	1.354	40.10	1.37	-1.90	-1.17	±5
1760	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.298	1.365	40.08	1.38	-1.95	-1.09	±5
1770	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.256	1.375	40.06	1.38	-2.01	-0.36	±5
1780	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.219	1.386	40.04	1.39	-2.05	-0.29	±5
1790	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.178	1.396	40.02	1.39	-2.10	0.43	±5
1800	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.144	1.406	40.00	1.40	-2.14	0.43	±5
1810	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.104	1.418	40.00	1.40	-2.24	1.29	±5
1820	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.092	1.429	40.00	1.40	-2.27	2.07	±5
1830	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.076	1.439	40.00	1.40	-2.31	2.79	±5
1840	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.061	1.452	40.00	1.40	-2.35	3.71	±5
1850	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.060	1.463	40.00	1.40	-2.35	4.50	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2023/06/28.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid		Target Value		Delta(%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	O	$\epsilon_r$	O(S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	$\Delta O$	
1850	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	39.124	1.339	40.00	1.40	-2.19	-4.36	±5
1860	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.998	1.345	40.00	1.40	-2.51	-3.93	±5
1870	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.870	1.352	40.00	1.40	-2.83	-3.43	±5
1880	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.752	1.358	40.00	1.40	-3.12	-3.00	±5
1890	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.640	1.364	40.00	1.40	-3.40	-2.57	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.545	1.372	40.00	1.40	-3.64	-2.00	±5
1910	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.471	1.381	40.00	1.40	-3.82	-1.36	±5
1920	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.405	1.390	40.00	1.40	-3.99	-0.71	±5
1930	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.337	1.399	40.00	1.40	-4.16	-0.07	±5
1940	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.308	1.409	40.00	1.40	-4.23	0.64	±5
1950	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.275	1.421	40.00	1.40	-4.31	1.50	±5
1960	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.246	1.434	40.00	1.40	-4.38	2.43	±5
1970	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.237	1.444	40.00	1.40	-4.41	3.14	±5
1980	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.235	1.453	40.00	1.40	-4.41	3.79	±5
1990	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.238	1.460	40.00	1.40	-4.41	4.29	±5
2000	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.236	1.466	40.00	1.40	-4.41	4.71	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2023/06/27.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid		Target Value		Delta(%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	$\Delta \sigma$	
2400	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.788	1.766	39.30	1.76	-1.30	0.34	$\pm 5$
2410	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.761	1.777	39.28	1.77	-1.32	0.40	$\pm 5$
2420	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.738	1.787	39.26	1.77	-1.33	0.96	$\pm 5$
2430	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.716	1.798	39.24	1.78	-1.34	1.01	$\pm 5$
2440	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.690	1.810	39.22	1.79	-1.35	1.12	$\pm 5$
2450	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.658	1.821	39.20	1.80	-1.38	1.17	$\pm 5$
2460	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.626	1.832	39.19	1.81	-1.44	1.22	$\pm 5$
2470	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.600	1.843	39.17	1.82	-1.46	1.26	$\pm 5$
2480	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.566	1.854	39.16	1.83	-1.52	1.31	$\pm 5$
2490	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.540	1.865	39.15	1.84	-1.56	1.36	$\pm 5$
2500	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.531	1.876	39.13	1.85	-1.53	1.41	$\pm 5$
2510	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.508	1.888	39.12	1.86	-1.56	1.51	$\pm 5$
2520	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.497	1.900	39.11	1.87	-1.57	1.60	$\pm 5$
2530	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.475	1.911	39.09	1.89	-1.57	1.11	$\pm 5$
2540	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.450	1.925	39.08	1.90	-1.61	1.32	$\pm 5$
2550	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.391	1.938	39.07	1.91	-1.74	1.47	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2023/06/29.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid		Target Value		Delta(%)		Tolerance (%)
		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	$\Delta \sigma$	
2550	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.932	1.926	39.07	1.91	-0.35	0.84	$\pm 5$
2560	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.911	1.934	39.05	1.92	-0.36	0.73	$\pm 5$
2570	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.891	1.944	39.04	1.93	-0.38	0.73	$\pm 5$
2580	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.864	1.954	39.03	1.94	-0.43	0.72	$\pm 5$
2590	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.838	1.963	39.01	1.95	-0.44	0.67	$\pm 5$
2600	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.809	1.974	39.00	1.96	-0.49	0.71	$\pm 5$
2610	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.780	1.984	38.99	1.97	-0.54	0.71	$\pm 5$
2620	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.752	1.995	38.98	1.98	-0.58	0.76	$\pm 5$
2630	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.718	2.004	38.96	1.99	-0.62	0.70	$\pm 5$
2640	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.683	2.015	38.95	2.00	-0.69	0.75	$\pm 5$
2650	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.640	2.025	38.94	2.02	-0.77	0.25	$\pm 5$
2660	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.607	2.036	38.93	2.03	-0.83	0.30	$\pm 5$
2670	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.572	2.048	38.91	2.04	-0.87	0.39	$\pm 5$
2680	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.542	2.059	38.90	2.05	-0.92	0.44	$\pm 5$
2690	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.511	2.071	38.89	2.06	-0.97	0.53	$\pm 5$
2700	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	38.483	2.084	38.88	2.07	-1.02	0.68	$\pm 5$

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2023/06/29.

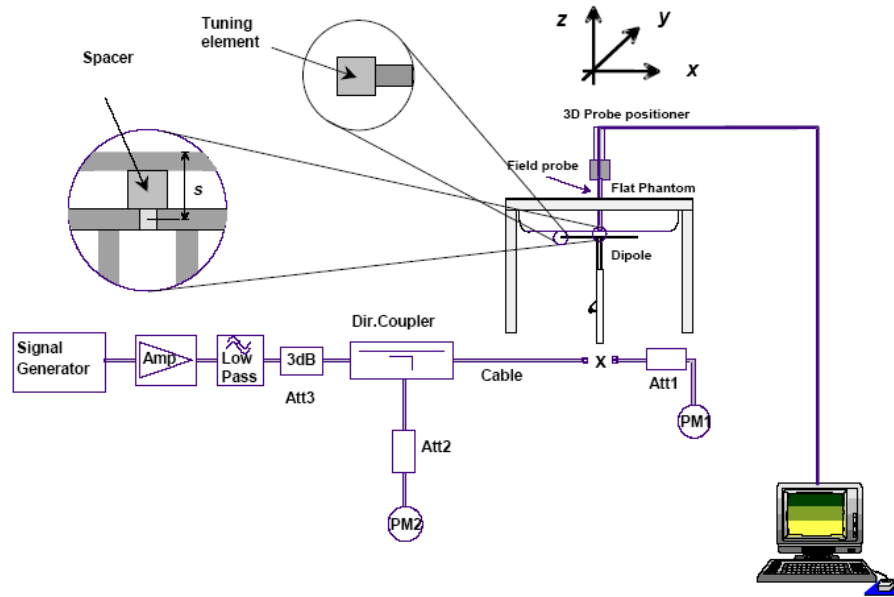
### 4.2 System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- a)  $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1 \text{ 000 MHz}$ ;
- b)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $1 \text{ 000 MHz} < f \leq 3 \text{ 000 MHz}$ ;
- c)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$  for  $3 \text{ 000 MHz} < f \leq 6 \text{ 000 MHz}$ .

#### System Verification Setup Block Diagram



#### System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2023/06/28	750 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g 0.857	8.57	8.49	0.94	$\pm 10$
2023/06/28	1750 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g 3.66	36.6	35.8	2.23	$\pm 10$
2023/06/27	1900 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g 4.13	41.3	38.9	6.17	$\pm 10$
2023/06/29	2450 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g 5.28	52.8	50.9	3.73	$\pm 10$
2023/06/29	2600 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	1g 5.81	58.1	56	3.75	$\pm 10$

\*The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

### 4.3 SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

#### System Performance 750 MHz

**DUT: D750V3; Type: 750 MHz; Serial: 1230**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.918$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 43.547$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7522; ConvF(9.9, 9.9, 9.9) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/5/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2023/3/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1470
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x14x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.944 W/kg

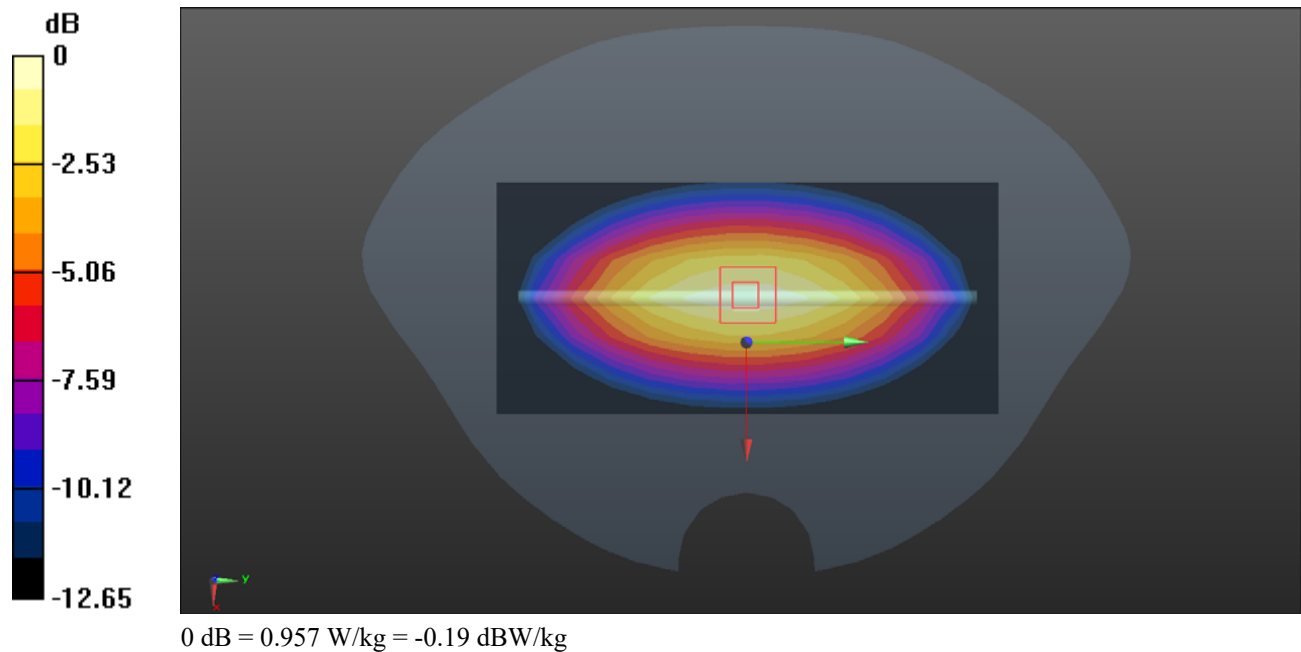
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.857 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.566 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.957 W/kg



**System Performance 1750MHz****DUT: D1750V2; Type: 1750 MHz; Serial: 1200**

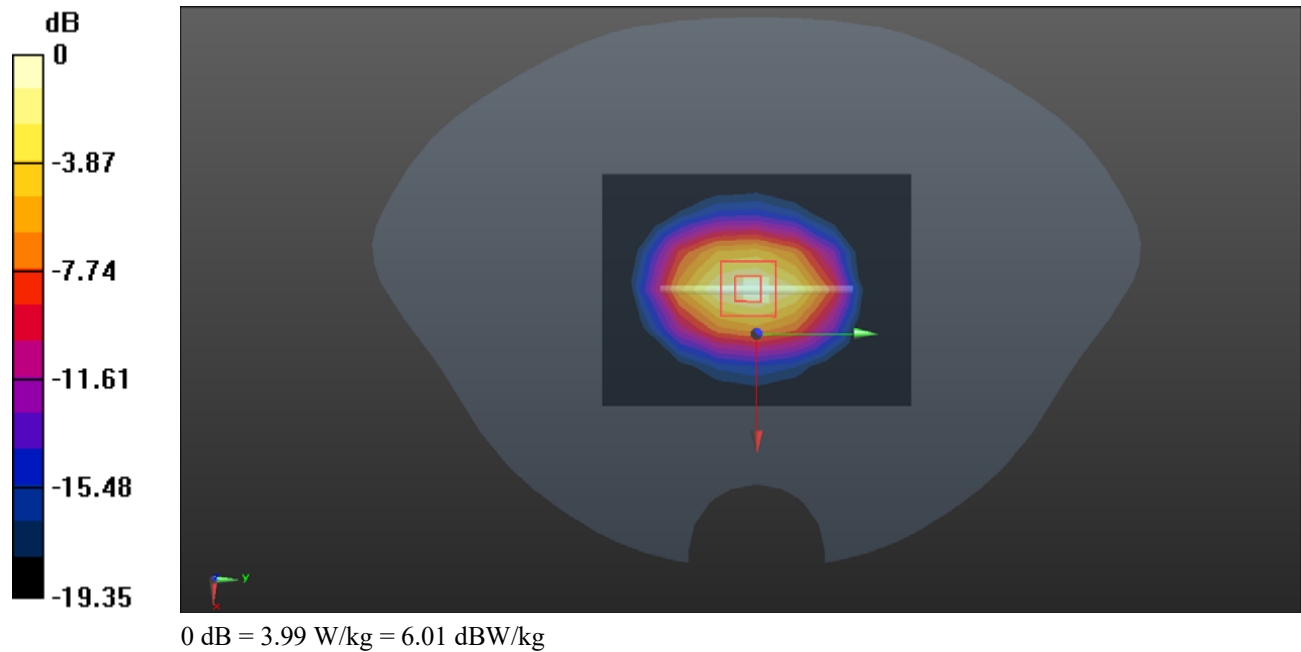
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 1750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.354$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.339$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7522; ConvF(8.15, 8.15, 8.15) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/5/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2023/3/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1470
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.27 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 56.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.63 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 3.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.83 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.99 W/kg



**System Performance 1900MHz****DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d251**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.372$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.545$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7522; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/5/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2023/3/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1470
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.36 W/kg

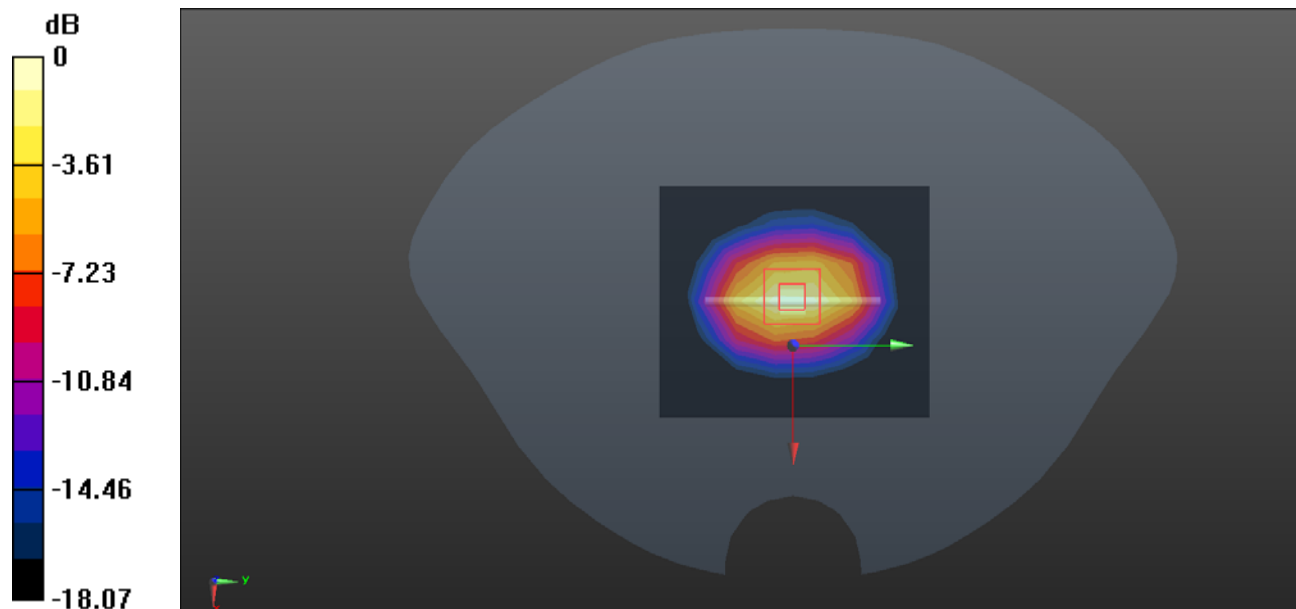
**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.22 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 4.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.79 W/kg



0 dB = 4.79 W/kg = 6.80 dBW/kg



**System Performance 2450MHz****DUT: D2450V2; Type: 2450 MHz; Serial: SN1102**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.821$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.658$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7522; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/5/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2023/3/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1470
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (7x10x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.81 W/kg

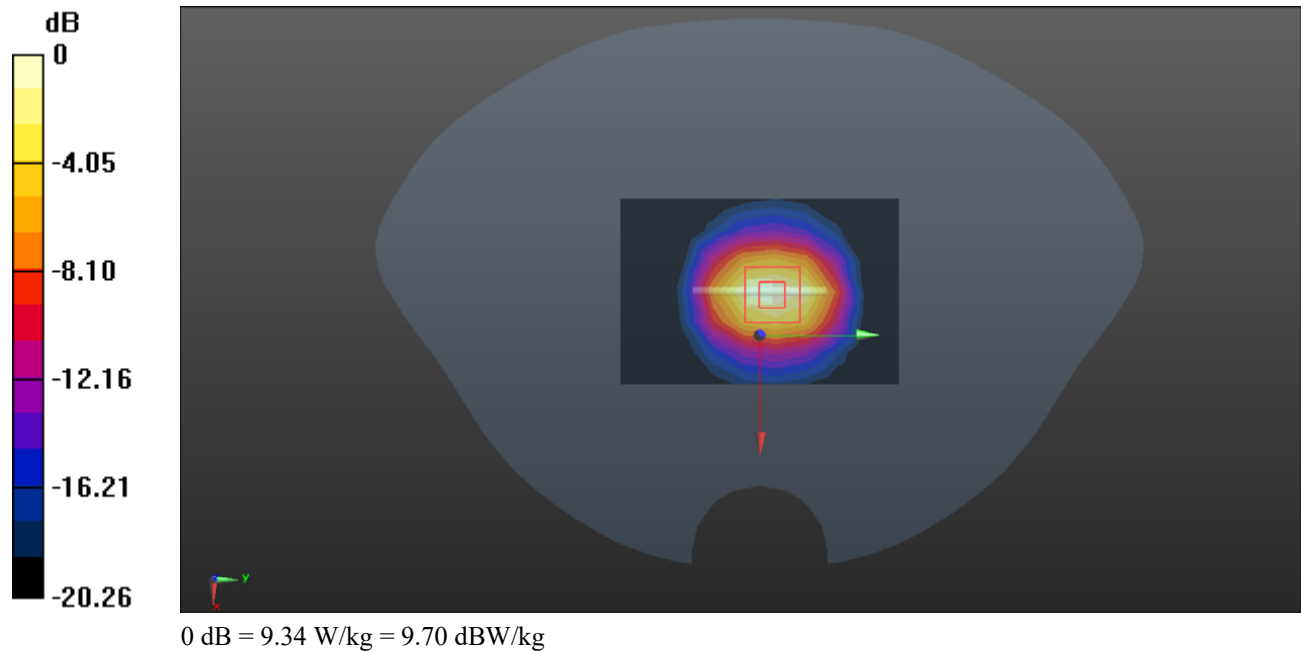
**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5 mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 5.28W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.46 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.34 W/kg



**System Performance 2600MHz****DUT: D2600V2; Type: 2600 MHz; Serial: SN1206**

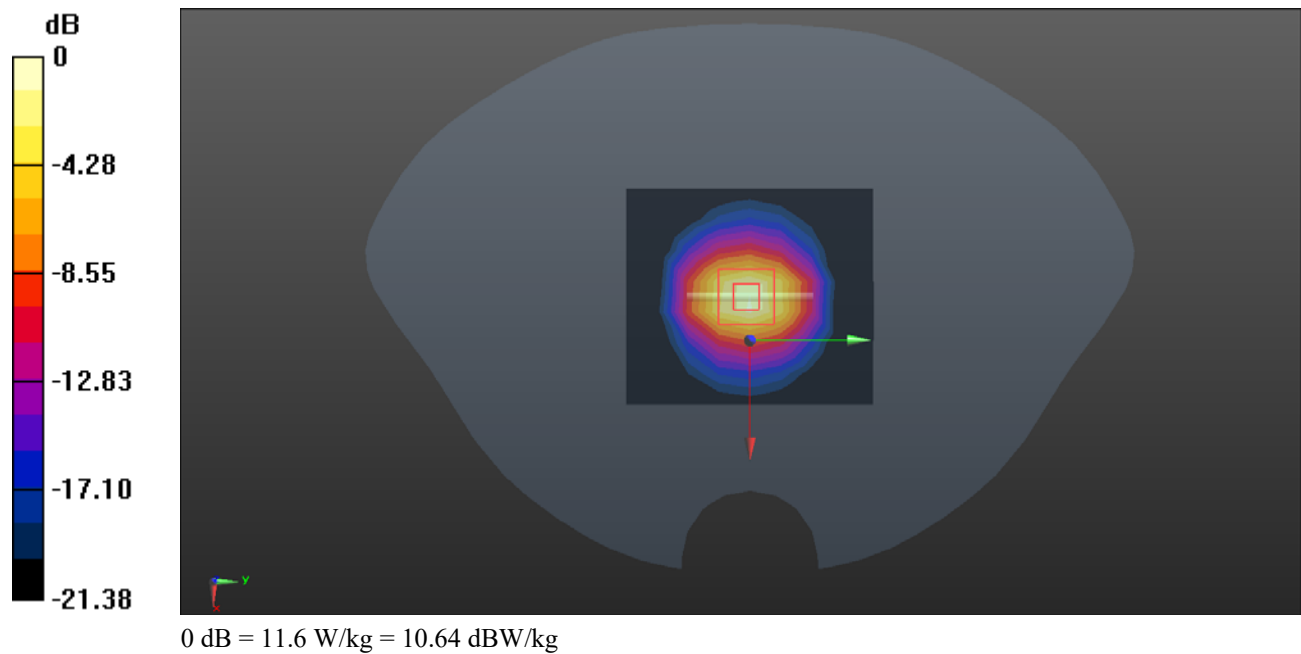
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium parameters used:  $f = 2600$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.974$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.809$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7522; ConvF(7.23, 7.23, 7.23) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/5/29
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1493; Calibrated: 2023/3/17
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: TP:1470
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**Area Scan (9x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 64.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.3 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 5.81 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.57 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 W/kg

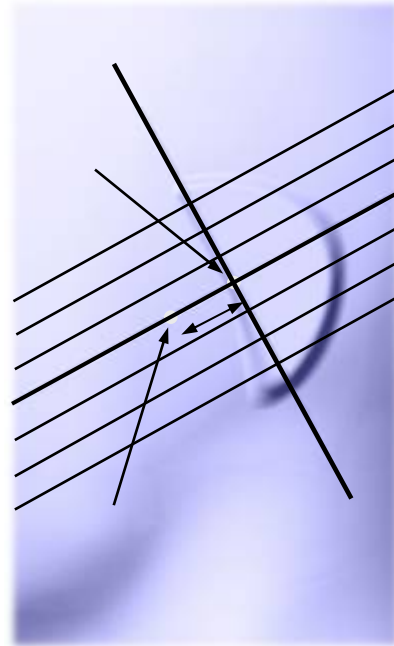
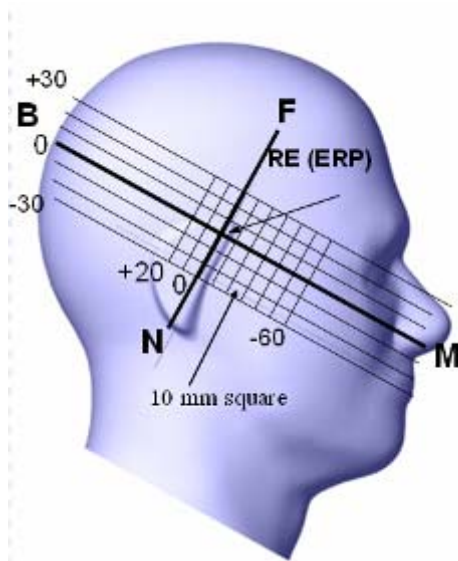


## 5. EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

### 5.1 Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point”. The “test device reference point” should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The “vertical centerline” should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A “ear reference point” is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the “phantom reference plane” defined by the three lines joining the center of each “ear reference point” (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the “N-F” line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the “ear reference point”. For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The “test device reference point” is aligned to the “ear reference point” on the head phantom and the “vertical centerline” is aligned to the “phantom reference plane”. This is called the “initial ear position”. While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



## 5.2 Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the “ear reference point” or along the “N-F” line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

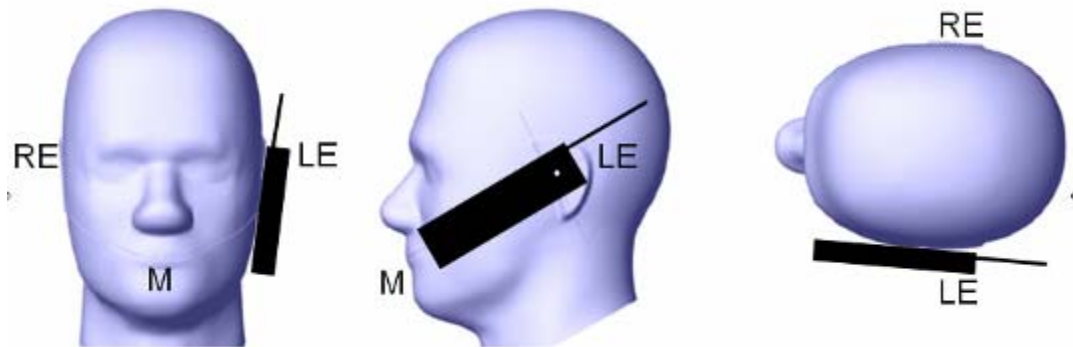
This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

### Cheek /Touch Position



## 5.3 Ear/Tilt Position

With the handset aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

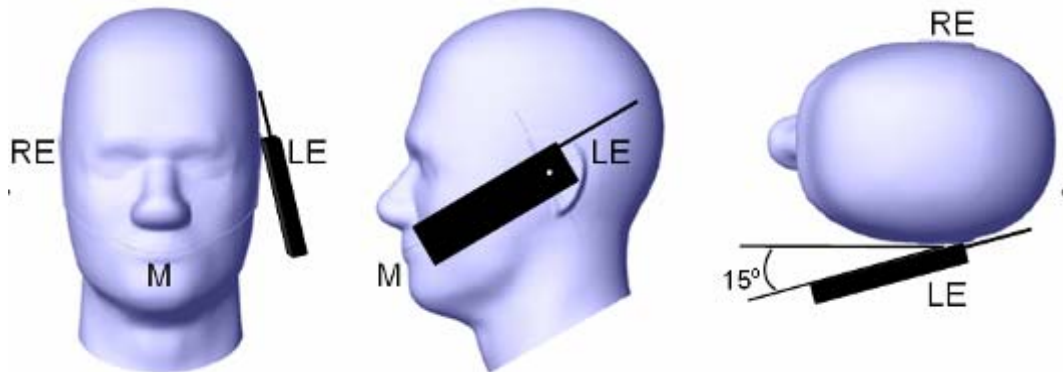
1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer (in the “Cheek/Touch position”) and the peak SAR location for the “Cheek/Touch” position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and

right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

#### Ear /Tilt 15° Position



#### **5.4 Test positions for body-worn and other configurations**

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

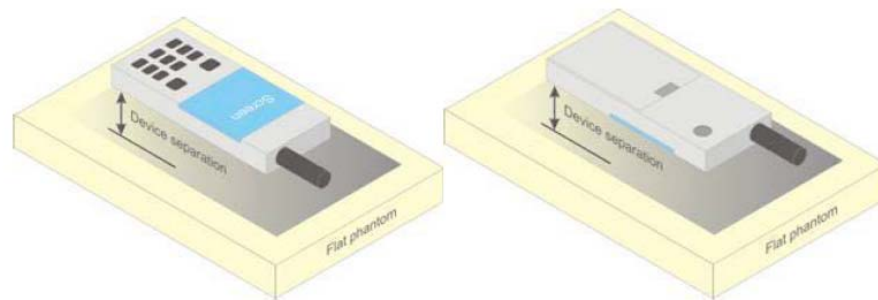


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

### 5.5 Test Distance for SAR Evaluation

In this case the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set 5mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 5mm.

## 5.6 SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

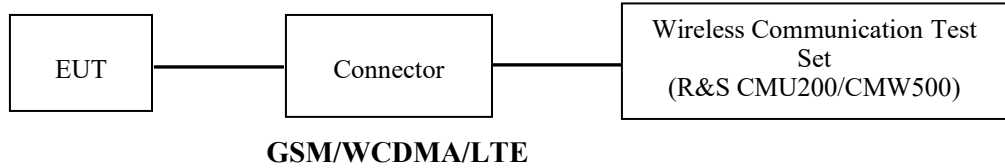
All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

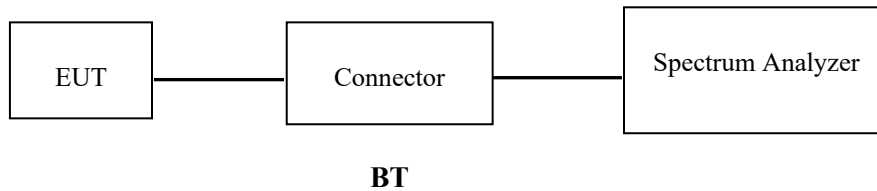
## 6. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### 6.1 Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the Wireless Communication Test Set through Connector.



The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input port of the Spectrum Analyzer through Connector.





## 6.2 Description of Test Configuration

### EUT Operation Condition:

<b>EUT Operation Mode:</b>	The system was configured for testing in each operation mode.
<b>Equipment Modifications:</b>	No
<b>EUT Exercise Software:</b>	No
<p>The maximum power was configured per 3GPP Standard for each operation modes as below setting:</p> <p>GSM/GPRS/EGPRS</p> <p>Function: Menu select &gt; GSM Mobile Station &gt; GSM 850/1900          Press Connection control to choose the different menus          Press RESET &gt; choose all the reset all settings          Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings          Network Support &gt; GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM          Main Service &gt; Packet Data          Service selection &gt; Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off          MS Signal Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting              &gt; Slot configuration &gt; Uplink/Gamma              &gt; 33 dBm for GPRS 850              &gt; 30 dBm for GPRS 1900              &gt; 27 dBm for EGPRS 850              &gt; 26 dBm for EGPRS 1900          BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel          Frequency Offset &gt; + 0 Hz          Mode &gt; BCCH and TCH</p> <p>BCCH Level &gt; -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable)          BCCH Channel &gt; choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]</p> <p>Channel Type &gt; Off          P0 &gt; 4 dB          Slot Config &gt; Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)          TCH &gt; choose desired test channel          Hopping &gt; Off          Main Timeslot &gt; 3          Network Coding Scheme &gt; CS4 (GPRS) and MCS5 (EGPRS)</p> <p>Bit Stream &gt; 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream          AF/RF Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input          Connection Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings</p>	

**WCDMA Release 99**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	8/15

**WCDMA HSDPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4
<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	$\beta_c$	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	$\beta_d$	1 /15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	$\beta_d$ (SF)	64			
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	$\beta_{hs}$	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
<b>HSDPA Specific Settings</b>	DACK	8			
	DNAK	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor	2			
	$A_{hs}=\beta_{hs}/\beta_c$	30/15			

**WCDMA HSUPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5
<b>WCDMA General Settings</b>	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	$\beta_c$	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	$\beta_d$	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0
	$\beta_{ec}$	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15
	$\beta_c / \beta_d$	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-
	$\beta_{hs}$	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0	
<b>HSDPA Specific Settings</b>	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor	2				
	$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs} / \beta_c$	30/15				
<b>HSUPA Specific Settings</b>	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_FCIs	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27	E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		

**DC-HSDPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

**Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12**

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload ( $N_{INF}$ )	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.		
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

**HSPA+**

Sub-test	$\beta_c$ (Note3)	$\beta_d$	$\beta_{HS}$ (Note1)	$\beta_{ec}$	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF2) (Note 4)	$\beta_{ed}$ (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}$ : 30/15 $\beta_{ed2}$ : 30/15	$\beta_{ed3}$ : 24/15 $\beta_{ed4}$ : 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1:  $\Delta_{ACK}$ ,  $\Delta_{NACK}$  and  $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$  with  $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ .

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the  $\beta_c$  is set to 1 and  $\beta_d = 0$  by default.

Note 4:  $\beta_{ed}$  can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

**LTE (FDD):**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in 3GPP TS36.101

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlined in section 6.2 of the 3GPP TS36.101 specification.

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

**Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3**

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

The allowed A-MPR values specified below in Table 6.2.4.-1 of 3GPP TS36.101 are in addition to the allowed MPR requirements. All the measurements below were performed with A-MPR disabled, by using Network Signaling Value of "NS\_01".

**Table 6.2.4-1: Additional Maximum Power Reduction (A-MPR)**

Network Signalling value	Requirements (sub-clause)	E-UTRA Band	Channel bandwidth (MHz)	Resources Blocks ( $N_{RB}$ )	A-MPR (dB)
NS_01	6.6.2.1.1	Table 5.5-1	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	Table 5.6-1	NA
NS_03	6.6.2.2.1	2, 4, 10, 23, 25, 35, 36	3	>5	≤ 1
			5	>6	≤ 1
			10	>6	≤ 1
			15	>8	≤ 1
			20	>10	≤ 1
NS_04	6.6.2.2.2	41	5	>6	≤ 1
			10, 15, 20	See Table 6.2.4-4	
NS_05	6.6.3.3.1	1	10,15,20	≥ 50	≤ 1
NS_06	6.6.2.2.3	12, 13, 14, 17	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 5.6-1	n/a
NS_07	6.6.2.2.3	13	10	Table 6.2.4-2	Table 6.2.4-2
	6.6.3.3.2				
NS_08	6.6.3.3.3	19	10, 15	> 44	≤ 3
NS_09	6.6.3.3.4	21	10, 15	> 40	≤ 1
				> 55	≤ 2
NS_10		20	15, 20	Table 6.2.4-3	Table 6.2.4-3
NS_11	6.6.2.2.1	23 <sup>1</sup>	1.4, 3, 5, 10	Table 6.2.4-5	Table 6.2.4-5
..					
NS_32	-	-	-	-	-

Note 1: Applies to the lower block of Band 23, i.e. a carrier placed in the 2000-2010 MHz region.

### 6.3 Maximum Target Output Power

Max Target Power(dBm)			
Mode/Band	Channel		
	Low	Middle	High
GSM 850	33.5	33.5	33.5
GPRS 1 TX Slot	32	32	32
GPRS 2 TX Slot	30	30	30
GPRS 3 TX Slot	28	28	28
GPRS 4 TX Slot	26	26	26
EDGE 1 TX Slot	27.5	27.5	27.5
EDGE 2 TX Slot	26.5	26.5	26.5
EDGE 3 TX Slot	24	24	24
EDGE 4 TX Slot	22.5	22.5	22.5
PCS 1900	31	31	31
GPRS 1 TX Slot	30	30	30
GPRS 2 TX Slot	28	28	28
GPRS 3 TX Slot	26	26	26
GPRS 4 TX Slot	24	24	24
EDGE 1 TX Slot	27.5	27.5	27.5
EDGE 2 TX Slot	26	26	26
EDGE 3 TX Slot	24	24	24
EDGE 4 TX Slot	21.5	21.5	21.5
WCDMA Band 2	23	23	23
HSDPA	23	23	23
HSUPA	22.5	22.5	22.5
DC-HSDPA	22.5	22.5	22.5
HSPA+	22.5	22.5	22.5
WCDMA Band 5	23	23	23
HSDPA	23	23	23
HSUPA	22.5	22.5	22.5
DC-HSDPA	22.5	22.5	22.5
HSPA+	22.5	22.5	22.5
LTE Band 2	23.5	23.5	23.5
LTE Band 4	23.5	23.5	23.5
LTE Band 7	21.5	21.5	21.5
Bluetooth BDR/EDR	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5

**6.4 Test Results:****GSM:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
GSM 850	128	824.2	32.95
	190	836.6	32.89
	251	848.8	<b>33.11</b>
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	30.64
	661	1880	<b>30.75</b>
	810	1909.8	30.56

**GPRS:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	31.9	29.84	27.78	25.65
	190	836.6	31.75	29.71	27.77	25.81
	251	848.8	31.77	29.62	27.55	25.61
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	29.39	27.45	25.44	23.52
	661	1880	29.54	27.59	25.5	23.52
	810	1909.8	29.13	27.54	25.01	23.21

**EGPRS:**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	27.15	26.07	23.85	21.92
	190	836.6	27.06	26.02	23.97	22.13
	251	848.8	27.08	25.86	23.77	21.98
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	27.39	25.36	23.29	21.14
	661	1880	27.37	25.56	23.59	21.32
	810	1909.8	27.27	25.18	23.1	21.19

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

### The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	22.9	<b>23.84</b>	23.53	22.65
	190	836.6	22.75	23.71	23.52	22.81
	251	848.8	22.77	23.62	23.3	22.61
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	20.39	21.45	21.19	20.52
	661	1880	20.54	<b>21.59</b>	21.25	20.52
	810	1909.8	20.13	21.54	20.76	20.21

### The time based average power for EGPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	18.15	20.07	19.6	18.92
	190	836.6	18.06	20.02	19.72	19.13
	251	848.8	18.08	19.86	19.52	18.98
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	18.39	19.36	19.04	18.14
	661	1880	18.37	19.56	19.34	18.32
	810	1909.8	18.27	19.18	18.85	18.19

#### Note:

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).
4. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is  $\leq \frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest *reported* SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.



**WCDMA:  
Results (12.2kbps RMC)**

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	22.45
	1880	<b>22.87</b>
	1907.6	22.6
WCDMA Band 5	826.4	22.68
	836.6	22.74
	846.6	<b>22.91</b>

**Results (HSDPA)**

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
		Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	22.27	22.22	22.08	22.04
	1880	22.38	22.25	22.27	22
	1907.6	22.56	22.39	22.43	22.56
WCDMA Band 5	826.4	22.47	22.32	22.17	22.16
	836.6	22.63	22.71	22.33	22.33
	846.6	22.84	22.61	22.28	22.64

**Results (HSUPA)**

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)				
		Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	21.87	21.84	21.84	21.74	21.56
	1880	22.08	22.35	21.95	21.85	21.52
	1907.6	21.97	22.42	22.05	21.82	21.73
WCDMA Band 5	826.4	22.02	21.91	21.84	21.77	21.65
	836.6	22.19	22.14	22.02	22.02	21.8
	846.6	22.24	22.43	21.96	21.89	22.23

**Results (DC-HSDPA)**

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
		Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	22.02	21.93	21.86	21.84
	1880	21.98	22.31	22	21.87
	1907.6	22.23	22.35	22.05	21.85
WCDMA Band 5	826.4	22.14	22.01	21.96	21.93
	836.6	22.23	22.44	22.18	22.33
	846.6	22.47	22.23	22.26	22.07

**Results (HSPA+)**

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
WCDMA Band 2	1852.4	21.65
	1880	22.12
	1907.6	22.04
WCDMA Band 5	826.4	21.8
	836.6	21.92
	846.6	22.18

**Note:**

1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA/HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

**LTE Band 2:**

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
1.4M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.9	22.89	22.85
		RB1#3	0	0	22.81	22.9	22.81
		RB1#5	0	0	22.74	22.84	22.82
		RB3#0	1	1	<b>23.08</b>	22.93	22.89
		RB3#3	1	1	22.93	22.95	22.92
		RB6#0	1	1	21.83	22.06	21.88
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	<b>22.58</b>	22.42	22.48
		RB1#3	1	1	22.39	22.48	22.57
		RB1#5	2	2	22.49	22.38	22.49
		RB3#0	2	2	21.88	21.83	22.07
		RB3#3	2	2	22.04	21.8	22.01
		RB6#0	2	2	21.12	21.24	21.17
3M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.9	22.83	22.95
		RB1#8	0	0	22.95	22.93	22.91
		RB1#14	0	0	<b>23.03</b>	22.91	22.82
		RB6#0	1	1	22.02	21.99	22.03
		RB6#9	1	1	21.99	21.86	22.01
		RB15#0	1	1	21.93	21.86	21.95
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	22.59	21.81	22.33
		RB1#8	1	1	<b>22.71</b>	21.71	22.39
		RB1#14	1	1	22.61	21.7	22.23
		RB6#0	2	2	21.02	21.2	20.8
		RB6#9	2	2	21	21.1	20.83
		RB15#0	2	2	21.08	21.27	20.94
5M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.9	22.97	22.86
		RB1#13	0	0	<b>23.08</b>	22.94	22.79
		RB1#24	0	0	23.01	23.07	22.85
		RB15#0	1	1	21.82	21.96	22.09
		RB15#10	1	1	21.95	21.86	21.97
		RB25#0	1	1	21.98	22.03	21.93
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	21.91	21.55	21.22
		RB1#13	1	1	<b>22.15</b>	21.72	21.11
		RB1#24	1	1	22.01	21.7	21.2
		RB15#0	2	2	20.79	21.3	21.13
		RB15#10	2	2	20.83	21.14	21.02
		RB25#0	2	2	21.07	21.12	21.07

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
10M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	<b>23.03</b>	22.91	22.75
		RB1#25	0	0	23	22.92	22.79
		RB1#49	1	1	<b>23.03</b>	22.97	22.88
		RB25#0	1	1	22	21.97	21.96
		RB25#25	1	1	22	22.13	21.91
		RB50#0	1	1	21.97	22	21.93
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	22.05	21.49	22.12
		RB1#25	1	1	22.12	21.31	22.02
		RB1#49	1	1	22.04	21.48	<b>22.24</b>
		RB25#0	2	2	21.05	21.03	20.98
		RB25#25	2	2	21.04	21.15	20.95
		RB50#0	2	2	21.27	21.14	21.03
15M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.92	22.96	22.94
		RB1#38	0	0	<b>23.1</b>	23.03	22.76
		RB1#74	1	1	22.93	23.06	22.97
		RB36#0	1	1	21.91	21.88	21.9
		RB36#39	1	1	21.95	22.09	22
		RB75#0	1	1	21.99	21.93	21.8
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	21.96	<b>22.31</b>	22.23
		RB1#38	1	1	22.22	22.25	22.07
		RB1#74	2	2	22.1	22.28	22.15
		RB36#0	2	2	21.32	21.08	20.97
		RB36#39	2	2	21.02	20.99	21.07
		RB75#0	2	2	21.02	21.18	21.09
20M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	23.06	23.07	23.09
		RB1#50	0	0	23.05	23.04	22.9
		RB1#99	0	0	23.04	23	22.94
		RB50#0	1	1	22.91	<b>23.26</b>	22.93
		RB50#50	1	1	21.88	22.02	22.1
		RB100#0	1	1	22.04	21.89	22.62
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	21.99	22.59	21.95
		RB1#50	1	1	22.02	22.68	21.94
		RB1#99	2	2	22.2	<b>22.77</b>	22.24
		RB50#0	2	2	21.26	20.89	20.99
		RB50#50	2	2	21.15	21.09	21.12
		RB100#0	2	2	20.97	21.35	21.04

**LTE Band 4:**

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
1.4M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.94	22.84	<b>23.26</b>
		RB1#3	0	0	23.02	22.9	23.11
		RB1#5	0	0	23.02	22.97	23.14
		RB3#0	1	1	23.02	23.08	23.09
		RB3#3	1	1	23.04	23.05	23.04
		RB6#0	1	1	22.01	22.07	21.86
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	22.59	<b>22.81</b>	21.9
		RB1#3	1	1	22.73	22.63	21.8
		RB1#5	2	2	22.66	22.67	21.86
		RB3#0	2	2	21.79	22.06	22.07
		RB3#3	2	2	21.79	22.03	22
		RB6#0	2	2	21.2	21.3	21.33
3M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	23.03	22.78	22.97
		RB1#8	0	0	<b>23.07</b>	22.94	22.93
		RB1#14	0	0	22.94	22.94	22.82
		RB6#0	1	1	22.01	22.09	21.86
		RB6#9	1	1	21.89	22.05	22.08
		RB15#0	1	1	22.1	22.01	22.02
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	22.74	21.79	22.05
		RB1#8	1	1	22.64	21.78	22.09
		RB1#14	1	1	<b>22.77</b>	21.75	21.99
		RB6#0	2	2	21.12	21.19	20.94
		RB6#9	2	2	21.12	21.21	21.08
		RB15#0	2	2	21.04	21.16	21.03
5M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.99	22.78	23.03
		RB1#13	0	0	22.88	22.92	<b>23.11</b>
		RB1#24	0	0	23.03	23.02	22.99
		RB15#0	1	1	21.93	21.86	21.98
		RB15#10	1	1	21.93	21.98	22.07
		RB25#0	1	1	21.9	22.1	21.93
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	22.02	21.58	21.24
		RB1#13	1	1	22.04	21.75	21.22
		RB1#24	1	1	<b>22.09</b>	21.65	21.18
		RB15#0	2	2	20.89	21.19	21.18
		RB15#10	2	2	20.8	20.99	21.11
		RB25#0	2	2	21.14	21.08	21.16

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
10M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	23.1	23.06	22.98
		RB1#25	0	0	23.04	22.95	23.06
		RB1#49	1	1	23.13	<b>23.14</b>	23.09
		RB25#0	1	1	21.97	22.1	22.12
		RB25#25	1	1	22	22.14	21.81
		RB50#0	1	1	21.83	22	21.93
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	22.04	21.42	22.17
		RB1#25	1	1	22.26	21.56	<b>22.37</b>
		RB1#49	1	1	22.15	21.44	22.24
		RB25#0	2	2	21.21	21.19	21.11
		RB25#25	2	2	21.15	21.59	21.02
		RB50#0	2	2	21.13	21.06	21.15
15M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	23.11	22.78	23.06
		RB1#38	0	0	<b>23.16</b>	22.81	22.96
		RB1#74	1	1	23.09	23.01	23
		RB36#0	1	1	21.95	21.98	22.01
		RB36#39	1	1	21.82	22.02	21.96
		RB75#0	1	1	22.09	21.92	21.9
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	21.94	<b>22.39</b>	22.23
		RB1#38	1	1	22.19	22.38	22.25
		RB1#74	2	2	22.22	22.32	22.27
		RB36#0	2	2	21.05	21.06	21.19
		RB36#39	2	2	21.15	21.16	21.29
		RB75#0	2	2	20.97	21.22	21.05
20M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	22.55	22.52	22.51
		RB1#50	0	0	22.89	23.02	22.85
		RB1#99	0	0	22.44	22.62	22.34
		RB50#0	1	1	22.74	<b>23.11</b>	22.8
		RB50#50	1	1	21.76	21.73	21.68
		RB100#0	1	1	22.73	22.7	22.65
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	21.64	21.68	22.02
		RB1#50	1	1	22.19	22.33	<b>22.5</b>
		RB1#99	2	2	21.83	21.68	21.84
		RB50#0	2	2	20.75	20.83	20.88
		RB50#50	2	2	20.79	20.83	20.73
		RB100#0	2	2	20.81	20.88	20.89

**LTE Band 7:**

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
5M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	20.99	20.96	<b>21.11</b>
		RB1#13	0	0	20.9	20.87	20.88
		RB1#24	0	0	20.83	20.74	20.85
		RB15#0	1	1	19.86	19.97	20.03
		RB15#10	1	1	19.74	20.06	20.09
		RB25#0	1	1	19.95	19.94	20.07
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	19.89	19.43	19.18
		RB1#13	1	1	<b>19.97</b>	19.5	19.27
		RB1#24	1	1	19.88	19.5	19.19
		RB15#0	2	2	18.88	19.02	19.05
		RB15#10	2	2	19.46	19.03	19.21
		RB25#0	2	2	19.64	18.98	19.12
10M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	20.85	20.93	20.78
		RB1#25	0	0	21.04	20.89	20.88
		RB1#49	1	1	<b>21.05</b>	20.93	20.87
		RB25#0	1	1	19.98	20.02	20.1
		RB25#25	1	1	19.85	20	19.93
		RB50#0	1	1	19.92	19.93	19.98
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	19.94	19.5	<b>20.09</b>
		RB1#25	1	1	20.02	19.38	20.06
		RB1#49	2	2	<b>20.09</b>	19.5	20.01
		RB25#0	2	2	19.62	19.67	19.01
		RB25#25	2	2	19.15	19.73	19.05
		RB50#0	2	2	19.14	19.09	19.06
15M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	20.94	20.97	20.73
		RB1#38	0	0	20.84	20.91	20.84
		RB1#74	1	1	20.95	<b>21.04</b>	21.01
		RB36#0	1	1	19.92	19.96	20.01
		RB36#39	1	1	19.86	19.93	19.96
		RB75#0	1	1	19.84	20.05	20.01
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	20.09	20.3	20.17
		RB1#38	1	1	20.2	<b>20.4</b>	20.24
		RB1#74	2	2	20.22	20.36	20.2
		RB36#0	2	2	19.11	19.14	19.21
		RB36#39	2	2	19.58	19.08	19.09
		RB75#0	2	2	19.08	19.18	19.17

Test Bandwidth	Test Modulation	Resource Block & RB offset	Target MPR	Meas MPR	Low Channel (dBm)	Middle Channel (dBm)	High Channel (dBm)
20M	QPSK	RB1#0	0	0	20.88	20.81	20.9
		RB1#50	0	0	21.04	20.99	21.06
		RB1#99	0	0	21.03	20.9	20.94
		RB50#0	1	1	20.77	19.98	20.82
		RB50#50	1	1	21.03	<b>21.28</b>	21.14
		RB100#0	1	1	20.98	21.27	20.94
	16-QAM	RB1#0	1	1	20.22	20.82	19.89
		RB1#50	1	1	20.18	<b>20.95</b>	19.88
		RB1#99	2	2	20.18	20.74	19.98
		RB50#0	2	2	19.03	19.11	19.21
		RB50#50	2	2	19.01	19.14	19.03
		RB100#0	2	2	18.97	19.03	19.15

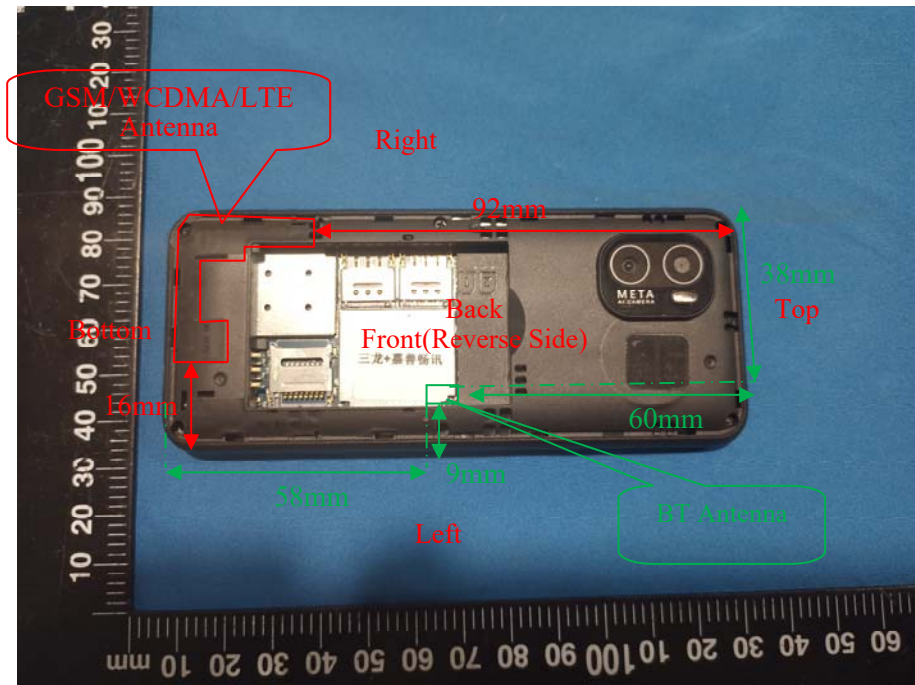
**Bluetooth:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
BDR(GFSK)	2402	-2.25
	2441	-4.21
	2480	-4.17
EDR( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK)	2402	-0.90
	2441	-2.19
	2480	-2.50
EDR(8DPSK)	2402	<b>-0.69</b>
	2441	-1.98
	2480	-2.02



## 7. Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

### Antennas Location:



### 7.1 Antenna Distance To Edge

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)						
Antenna	Back	Front	Left	Right	Top	Bottom
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) Antenna	< 5	< 5	16	< 5	92	< 5
BT Antenna	< 5	< 5	9	38	60	58

### 7.2 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
Bluetooth	2480	-0.5	0.891	0	0.3	3	YES

*Note: The bluetooth based peak power for calculation.*

#### NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot$

$[\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1.  $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

4. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

### 7.3 Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
Bluetooth Head	2480	-0.5	0.891	0	0.04
Bluetooth Body	2480	-0.5	0.891	5	0.04

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot$

$[\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x]$

W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm;

where  $x = 7.5$  for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

## 8. SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

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This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

### 8.1 SAR Test Data

#### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	22.4-23.2 °C	22.1-22.7 °C	21.6-22.5 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	62 %	67 %	58 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	100.2 kPa	100.4 kPa	100.1 kPa
<b>Test Date:</b>	2023/06/27	2023/06/28	2023/06/29

*Testing was performed by Carl Chen, Weidong Lu, Jaime Zong.*

**GSM 850:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	32.89	33.5	1.151	0.149	0.17	1#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	32.89	33.5	1.151	0.063	0.07	2#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	32.89	33.5	1.151	0.159	<b>0.18</b>	3#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	32.89	33.5	1.151	0.067	0.08	4#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Worn Front (5mm)	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	32.89	33.5	1.151	0.142	0.16	5#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Worn Back (5mm)	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	32.89	33.5	1.151	0.386	<b>0.44</b>	6#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (5mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	29.71	30	1.069	0.098	0.10	7#
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (5mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	29.71	30	1.069	0.306	0.33	8#
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Bottom (5mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	29.71	30	1.069	0.037	0.04	9#
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> 0.5\text{ dB}$ , instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

## PCS 1900:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	30.75	31	1.059	0.197	0.21	10#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	30.75	31	1.059	0.144	0.15	11#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	30.75	31	1.059	0.285	<b>0.30</b>	12#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	30.75	31	1.059	0.167	0.18	13#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Worn Front (5mm)	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	30.75	31	1.059	0.396	0.42	14#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Worn Back (5mm)	1850.2	GSM	30.64	31	1.086	0.824	0.89	15#
	1880	GSM	30.75	31	1.059	0.853	0.90	16#
	1909.8	GSM	30.56	31	1.107	0.889	0.98	17#
Body Front (5mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GPRS	27.59	28	1.099	0.43	0.47	18#
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (5mm)	1850.2	GPRS	27.45	28	1.135	0.872	0.99	19#
	1880	GPRS	27.59	28	1.099	0.907	1.00	20#
	1909.8	GPRS	27.54	28	1.112	0.95	<b>1.06</b>	21#
Body Bottom (5mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GPRS	27.59	28	1.099	0.647	0.71	22#
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> 0.5\text{ dB}$ , instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

**WCDMA Band 2:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	22.87	23	1.03	0.302	0.31	23#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	22.87	23	1.03	0.198	0.20	24#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	22.87	23	1.03	0.311	<b>0.32</b>	25#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	22.87	23	1.03	0.182	0.19	26#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (5mm)	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	22.87	23	1.03	0.515	0.53	27#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (5mm)	1852.4	RMC	22.45	23	1.135	0.859	<b>0.97</b>	28#
	1880	RMC	22.87	23	1.03	0.854	0.88	29#
	1907.6	RMC	22.6	23	1.096	0.876	0.96	30#
Body Bottom (5mm)	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	RMC	22.87	23	1.03	0.559	0.58	31#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/

**WCDMA Band 5:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	22.74	23	1.062	0.227	0.24	32#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	22.74	23	1.062	0.079	0.08	33#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	22.74	23	1.062	0.255	<b>0.27</b>	34#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	22.74	23	1.062	0.082	0.09	35#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Front (5mm)	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	22.74	23	1.062	0.216	0.23	36#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (5mm)	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	22.74	23	1.062	0.612	<b>0.65</b>	37#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Bottom (5mm)	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	RMC	22.74	23	1.062	0.082	0.09	38#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8W/Kg$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+ when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than  $\frac{1}{4}$  dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is  $< 75\%$  of SAR limit.
5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

**LTE Band 2:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.07	23.5	1.104	0.225	0.25	39#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.26	23.5	1.057	0.227	0.24	40#
Head Left Tilt	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.07	23.5	1.104	0.184	0.20	41#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.26	23.5	1.057	0.166	0.18	42#
Head Right Cheek	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.07	23.5	1.104	0.303	<b>0.33</b>	43#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.26	23.5	1.057	0.286	0.30	44#
Head Right Tilt	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.07	23.5	1.104	0.2	0.22	45#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.26	23.5	1.057	0.193	0.20	46#
Body Front (5mm)	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.07	23.5	1.104	0.52	0.57	47#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.26	23.5	1.057	0.436	0.46	48#
Body Back (5mm)	1860	20	1RB	23.06	23.5	1.107	0.965	1.07	49#
	1880	20	1RB	23.07	23.5	1.104	0.859	0.95	50#
	1900	20	1RB	23.09	23.5	1.099	0.973	<b>1.07</b>	51#
	1880	20	50%RB	23.26	23.5	1.057	0.749	0.79	52#
	1900	20	100%RB	22.62	23.5	1.225	0.809	0.99	53#
Body Bottom (5mm)	1860	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	1RB	23.07	23.5	1.104	0.432	0.48	54#
	1900	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	20	50%RB	23.26	23.5	1.057	0.369	0.39	55#



**LTE Band 4:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.02	23.5	1.117	0.129	0.14	56#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.11	23.5	1.094	0.113	0.12	57#
Head Left Tilt	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.02	23.5	1.117	0.094	0.10	58#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.11	23.5	1.094	0.082	0.09	59#
Head Right Cheek	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.02	23.5	1.117	0.155	<b>0.17</b>	60#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.11	23.5	1.094	0.138	0.15	61#
Head Right Tilt	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.02	23.5	1.117	0.083	0.09	62#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.11	23.5	1.094	0.077	0.08	63#
Body Front (5mm)	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.02	23.5	1.117	0.28	0.31	64#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.11	23.5	1.094	0.248	0.27	65#
Body Back (5mm)	1720	20	1RB	22.89	23.5	1.151	0.978	1.13	66#
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.02	23.5	1.117	0.835	0.93	67#
	1745	20	1RB	22.85	23.5	1.161	1.1	<b>1.28</b>	68#
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.11	23.5	1.094	0.721	0.79	69#
	1745	20	100%RB	22.65	23.5	1.216	0.762	0.93	70#
Body Bottom (5mm)	1720	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	1RB	23.02	23.5	1.117	0.254	0.28	71#
	1745	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1732.5	20	50%RB	23.11	23.5	1.094	0.235	0.26	72#

**LTE Band 7:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Head Left Cheek	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB	20.99	21.5	1.125	0.393	0.44	73#
	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	21.28	21.5	1.052	0.368	0.39	74#
Head Left Tilt	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB	20.99	21.5	1.125	0.273	0.31	75#
	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	21.28	21.5	1.052	0.24	0.25	76#
Head Right Cheek	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB	20.99	21.5	1.125	0.623	<b>0.70</b>	77#
	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	21.28	21.5	1.052	0.6	0.63	78#
Head Right Tilt	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB	20.99	21.5	1.125	0.299	0.34	79#
	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	21.28	21.5	1.052	0.269	0.28	80#
Body Front (5mm)	2510	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	1RB	20.99	21.5	1.125	0.692	0.78	81#
	2560	20	1RB	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2535	20	50%RB	21.28	21.5	1.052	0.597	0.63	82#
Body Back (5mm)	2510	20	1RB	21.04	21.5	1.112	0.88	0.98	83#
	2535	20	1RB	20.99	21.5	1.125	1.28	<b>1.44</b>	84#
	2560	20	1RB	21.06	21.5	1.107	1.14	1.26	85#
	2510	20	50%RB	21.03	21.5	1.114	1.16	1.29	86#
	2535	20	50%RB	21.28	21.5	1.052	1	1.05	87#
	2560	20	50%RB	21.14	21.5	1.086	1.22	1.32	88#
	2535	20	100%RB	21.27	21.5	1.054	1.33	1.40	89#
Body Bottom (5mm)	2510	20	1RB	21.04	21.5	1.112	0.43	0.48	90#
	2535	20	1RB	20.99	21.5	1.125	0.932	1.05	91#
	2560	20	1RB	21.06	21.5	1.107	0.934	1.03	92#
	2535	20	50%RB	21.28	21.5	1.052	0.677	0.71	93#
	2560	20	100%RB	20.94	21.5	1.138	0.716	0.81	94#

**Note:**

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8\text{W/Kg}$ , testing for other channels are optional.
2. SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02.
3. KDB941225D05-SAR for higher order modulation is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is  $> 0.5$  dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is  $> 1.45$  W/kg
4. KDB941225D05-For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, when the reported SAR measured for the Highest output power channel is  $< 1.45$  W/kg, tests for the remaining required test channels are optional.
5. KDB941225D05- For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg.
6. KDB941225D05- Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offset the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
7. KDB941225D05- other channel bandwidths SAR test is required when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is  $> 0.5$  dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is  $> 1.45$  W/kg.
8. Worst case SAR for 50% RB allocation is selected to be tested.

## 9. Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .

*Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.*

### The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

#### Head

SAR probe calibration point	Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SAR (W/kg)		Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
				Original	Repeated	
/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Body

SAR probe calibration point	Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SAR (W/kg)		Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
				Original	Repeated	
1750MHz (1650-1850MHz)	LTE Band 4	1745	Body Back	1.1	1.06	1.04
1900MHz (1850-2000MHz)	LTE Band 2	1900	Body Back	0.973	0.962	1.01
2450MHz (2400-2550MHz)	LTE Band 7	2535	Body Back	1.33	1.25	1.06
2600MHz (2550-2700MHz)	LTE Band 7	2560	Body Back	1.22	1.15	1.06

#### Note:

1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not  $> 1.20$ .
2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.

3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements.

## 10. SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

### Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities		
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE) + Bluetooth	√	×

### Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported SAR(W/kg)		$\Sigma$ SAR < 1.6W/kg
		MAX <sub>SAR1</sub>	MAX <sub>SAR2</sub>	
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA/LTE)+ Bluetooth	Head Left Cheek	0.44	0.04	0.48
	Head Left Tilt	0.31	0.04	0.35
	Head Right Cheek	0.70	0.04	0.74
	Head Right Tilt	0.34	0.04	0.38
	Body Front	0.78	0.04	0.82
	Body Back	1.44	0.04	<b>1.48</b>
	Body Bottom	1.05	0.04	1.09

### Conclusion:

Sum of SAR:  $\Sigma$ SAR  $\leq$  1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not required**.

## **11. SAR Plots**

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**Please Refer to the Attachment.**

## APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
<b>Measurement system</b>							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions– reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
<b>Test sample related</b>							
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
<b>Phantom and set-up</b>							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.1	23.7



## Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-1 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
<b>Measurement system</b>							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
RF ambient conditions– reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
<b>Test sample related</b>							
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
<b>Phantom and set-up</b>							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.0	23.6

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## **APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS**

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**Please Refer to the Attachment.**

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## **APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES**

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**Please Refer to the Attachment.**

**\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\***