

# PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES



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**BACL**

Certificate No: **Z20-60045**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN : 7441

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-004-01  
Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: February 08, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards        | ID #        | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|--------------------------|-------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2         | 101919      | 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)            | Jun-20                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91     | 101547      | 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)            | Jun-20                |
| Power sensor NRP-Z91     | 101548      | 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05125)            | Jun-20                |
| Reference 10dBAttenuator | 18N50W-10dB | 9-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01133)             | Feb-20                |
| Reference 20dBAttenuator | 18N50W-20dB | 9-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01132)             | Feb-20                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4   | SN 7307     | 24-May-19(SPEAG, No.EX3-7307_May19/2)    | May-20                |
| DAE4                     | SN 1525     | 26-Aug-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1525_Aug19)     | Aug-20                |
| Secondary Standards      | ID #        | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| SignalGenerator MG3700A  | 6201052605  | 18-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X05127)            | Jun-20                |
| Network Analyzer N5239A  | MY55491241  | 10-Jun-19(CTTL, No.J19X00547)            | Jun-20                |

|                | Name        | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Yu Zongying | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Lin Hao     | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: February 10, 2020

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**Glossary:**

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| TSL                   | tissue simulating liquid  |
| NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> | sensitivity in free space   |
| ConvF                 | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>  |
| DCP                   | diode compression point   |
| CF                    | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal  |
| A,B,C,D               | modulation dependent linearization parameters   |
| Polarization $\Phi$   | $\Phi$ rotation around probe axis   |
| Polarization $\theta$ | $\theta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i<br>$\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis |

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\theta=0$  ( $f \leq 900\text{MHz}$  in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800\text{MHz}$ : waveguide). *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>* are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>* does not effect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- *NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub> = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- *DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>*: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- *A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>; A,B,C* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$ ) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800\text{MHz}$ . The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50\text{MHz}$  to  $\pm 100\text{MHz}$ .
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORM<sub>x</sub>* (no uncertainty required).



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# Probe EX3DV4

## SN: 7441

Calibrated: February 08, 2020

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7441

### Basic Calibration Parameters

|  | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2)    |
|--|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| Norm( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup> | 0.39     | 0.45     | 0.38     | $\pm 10.0\%$ |
| DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>                                     | 96.0     | 101.6    | 105.0    |              |

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name |   | A<br>dB | B<br>dB $\cdot\mu\text{V}$ | C   | D<br>dB | VR<br>mV | Unc <sup>E</sup><br>(k=2) |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---------|----------------------------|-----|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 0   | CW                        | X | 0.0     | 0.0                        | 1.0 | 0.00    | 140.4    | $\pm 2.4\%$               |
|     |                           | Y | 0.0     | 0.0                        | 1.0 |         | 160.2    |                           |
|     |                           | Z | 0.0     | 0.0                        | 1.0 |         | 150.5    |                           |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7441

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 41.9                               | 0.89                            | 10.33   | 10.33   | 10.33   | 0.40               | 0.75                    | ±12.1%      |
| 900                  | 41.5                               | 0.97                            | 9.74    | 9.74    | 9.74    | 0.19               | 1.15                    | ±12.1%      |
| 1750                 | 40.1                               | 1.37                            | 8.36    | 8.36    | 8.36    | 0.21               | 1.10                    | ±12.1%      |
| 1900                 | 40.0                               | 1.40                            | 8.05    | 8.05    | 8.05    | 0.21               | 1.13                    | ±12.1%      |
| 2300                 | 39.5                               | 1.67                            | 7.89    | 7.89    | 7.89    | 0.52               | 0.74                    | ±12.1%      |
| 2450                 | 39.2                               | 1.80                            | 7.66    | 7.66    | 7.66    | 0.51               | 0.76                    | ±12.1%      |
| 2600                 | 39.0                               | 1.96                            | 7.35    | 7.35    | 7.35    | 0.58               | 0.72                    | ±12.1%      |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7441

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

| f [MHz] <sup>C</sup> | Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup> | Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup> | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha <sup>G</sup> | Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 750                  | 55.5                               | 0.96                            | 10.18   | 10.18   | 10.18   | 0.16               | 1.41                    | ±12.1%      |
| 900                  | 55.0                               | 1.05                            | 9.75    | 9.75    | 9.75    | 0.27               | 1.08                    | ±12.1%      |
| 1750                 | 53.4                               | 1.49                            | 8.09    | 8.09    | 8.09    | 0.18               | 1.29                    | ±12.1%      |
| 1900                 | 53.3                               | 1.52                            | 7.76    | 7.76    | 7.76    | 0.19               | 1.24                    | ±12.1%      |
| 2300                 | 52.9                               | 1.81                            | 7.64    | 7.64    | 7.64    | 0.49               | 0.85                    | ±12.1%      |
| 2450                 | 52.7                               | 1.95                            | 7.53    | 7.53    | 7.53    | 0.57               | 0.78                    | ±12.1%      |
| 2600                 | 52.5                               | 2.16                            | 7.34    | 7.34    | 7.34    | 0.68               | 0.69                    | ±12.1%      |

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

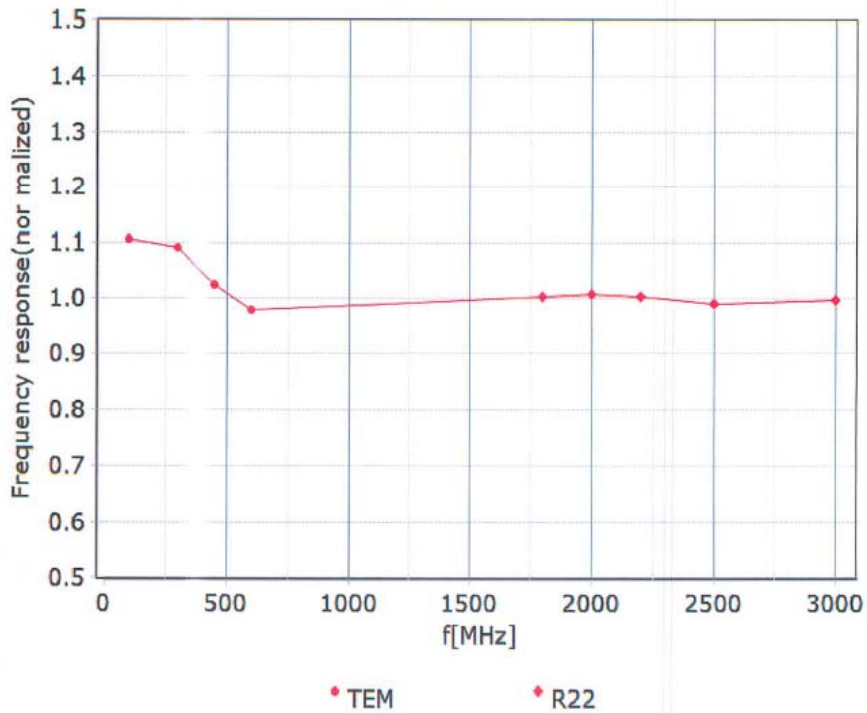
<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

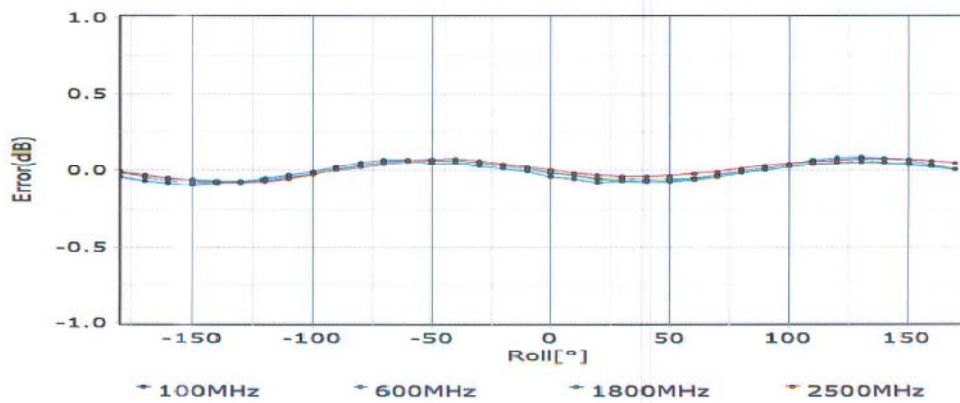
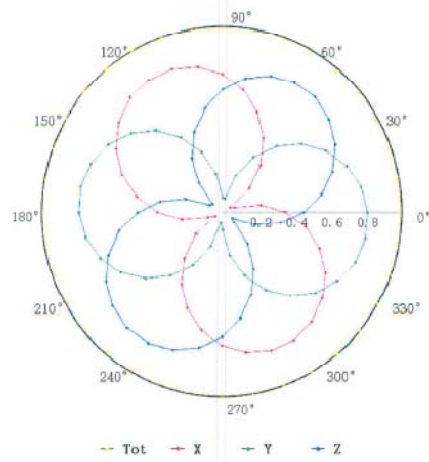
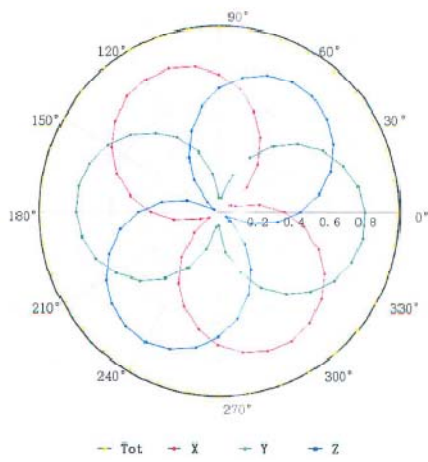


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 7.4\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Receiving Pattern ( $\Phi$ ), $\theta=0^\circ$

**f=600 MHz, TEM**

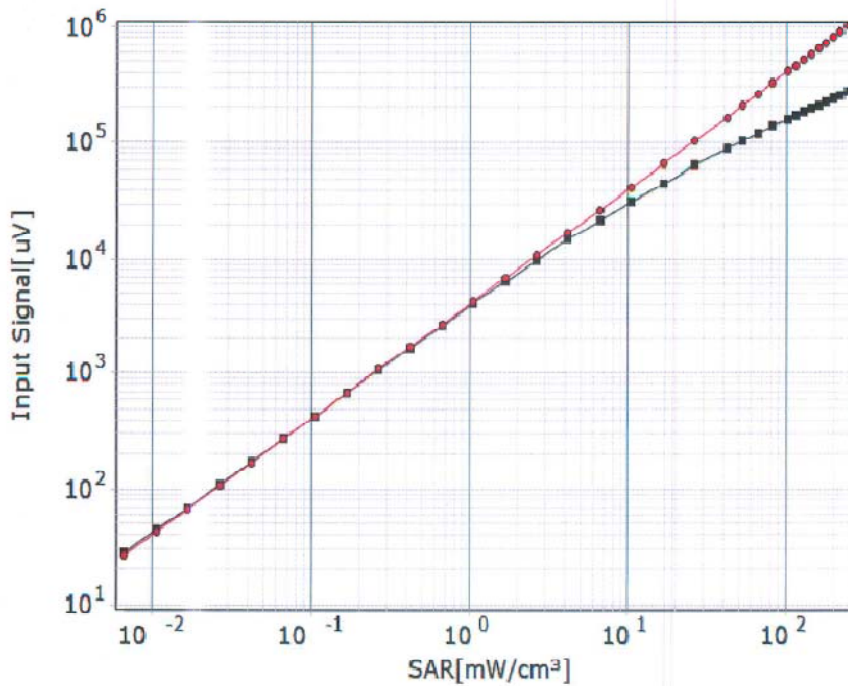
**f=1800 MHz, R22**



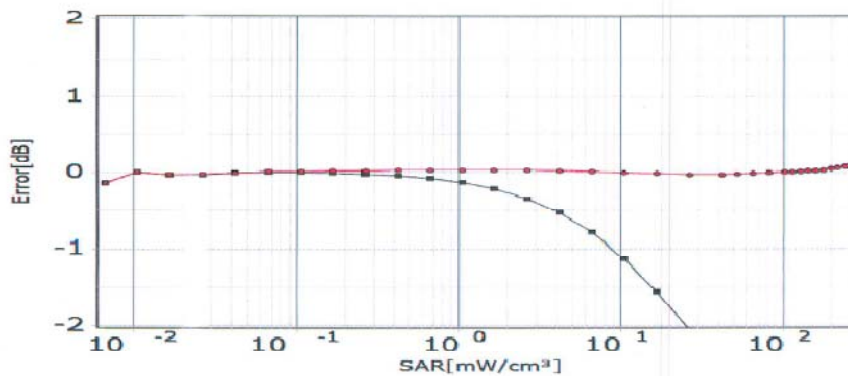
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 1.2\%$  ( $k=2$ )



### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



\* not compensated    \* compensated



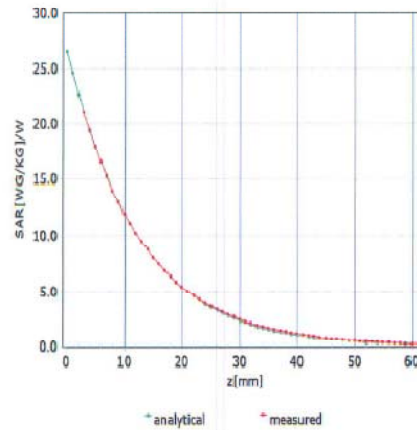
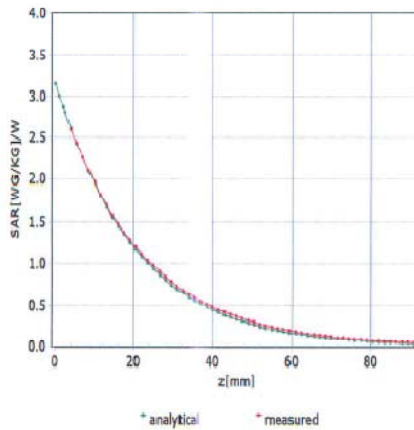
\* not compensated    \* compensated

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.9% (k=2)

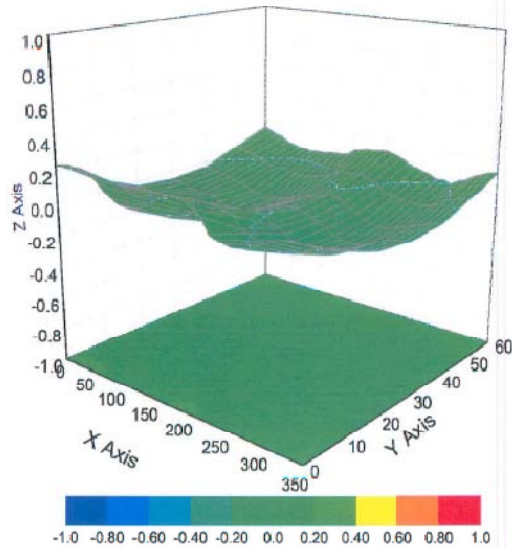
## Conversion Factor Assessment

f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H\_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H\_convF)



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 3.2\%$  ( $k=2$ )



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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 7441

### Other Probe Parameters

|  |                   |
|--|-------------------|
| <b>Sensor Arrangement</b>                            | <b>Triangular</b> |
| <b>Connector Angle (°)</b>                           | <b>100.1</b>      |
| <b>Mechanical Surface Detection Mode</b>             | <b>enabled</b>    |
| <b>Optical Surface Detection Mode</b>                | <b>disable</b>    |
| <b>Probe Overall Length</b>                          | <b>337mm</b>      |
| <b>Probe Body Diameter</b>                           | <b>10mm</b>       |
| <b>Tip Length</b>                                    | <b>10mm</b>       |
| <b>Tip Diameter</b>                                  | <b>2.5mm</b>      |
| <b>Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point</b>       | <b>1mm</b>        |
| <b>Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point</b>       | <b>1mm</b>        |
| <b>Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point</b>       | <b>1mm</b>        |
| <b>Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface</b> | <b>1.4mm</b>      |

# DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES



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Client **BACL**

Certificate No: **Z19-60432**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **D750V3 - SN: 1167**

Calibration Procedure(s): **FF-Z11-003-01**  
**Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **November 20, 2019**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 106276     | 11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)           | Apr-20                |
| Power sensor NRP6A      | 101369     | 11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)           | Apr-20                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 3617    | 31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)       | Jan-20                |
| DAE4                    | SN 1555    | 22-Aug-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295)       | Aug-20                |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)           | Jan-20                |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C  | MY46110673 | 24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)           | Jan-20                |

|                | Name        | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing   | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Yu Zongying | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: November 23, 2019

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#### Glossary:

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid                   |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured             |

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

#### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                          |             |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                   | V52.10.3    |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation   |             |
| Phantom                      | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm                    | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm        |             |
| Frequency                    | 750 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz      |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 41.9           | 0.89 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 41.5 $\pm$ 6 % | 0.87 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C             | ---            | ---                  |

### SAR result with Head TSL

|  |                    |                              |
|--|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL   | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                   | 250 mW input power | 2.07 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 8.38 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                   | 250 mW input power | 1.39 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 5.61 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2) |



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#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

##### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.7Ω- 3.91jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 25.7dB      |

##### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 0.898 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.  
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

##### Additional EUT Data

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|



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#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

##### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |                                |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 53.7 $\Omega$ - 3.91j $\Omega$ |
| Return Loss                          | - 25.7dB                       |

##### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
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No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

##### Additional EUT Data

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
|-----------------|-------|

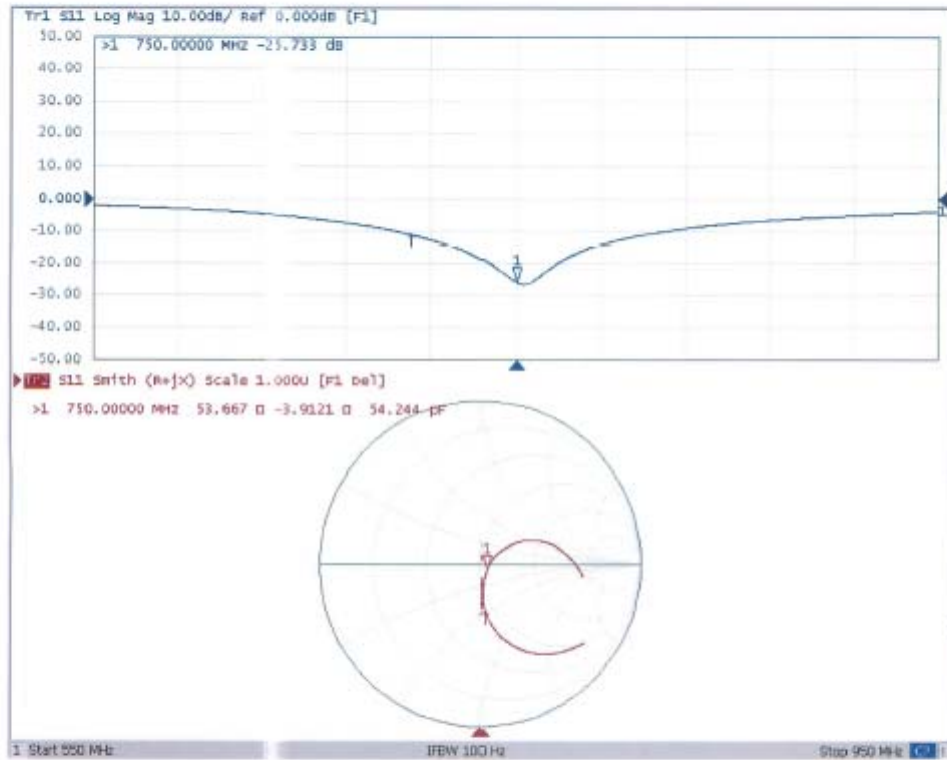




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### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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中国认可  
国际互认  
校准  
CALIBRATION  
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Client **BACL**

Certificate No: **Z19-60335**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 543**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-003-01**  
**Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **October 15, 2019**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards       | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|-------------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Power Meter NRP2        | 106276     | 11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)           | Apr-20                |
| Power sensor NRP6A      | 101369     | 11-Apr-19 (CTTL, No.J19X02605)           | Apr-20                |
| Reference Probe EX3DV4  | SN 3617    | 31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)       | Jan-20                |
| DAE4                    | SN 1555    | 22-Aug-19(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z19-60295)       | Aug-20                |
| Secondary Standards     | ID #       | Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Signal Generator E4438C | MY49071430 | 23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)           | Jan-20                |
| NetworkAnalyzer E5071C  | MY46110673 | 24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)           | Jan-20                |

|                | Name        | Function           | Signature |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Calibrated by: | Zhao Jing   | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Reviewed by:   | Lin Hao     | SAR Test Engineer  |           |
| Approved by:   | Qi Dianyuan | SAR Project Leader |           |

Issued: October 19, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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**lossary:**

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| TSL   | tissue simulating liquid                   |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub> |
| N/A   | not applicable or not measured             |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

|                              |                          |             |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| DASY Version                 | DASY52                   | V52.10.2    |
| Extrapolation                | Advanced Extrapolation   |             |
| Phantom                      | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C |             |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm                    | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution         | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm        |             |
| Frequency                    | 1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz     |             |

### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

|   | Temperature         | Permittivity   | Conductivity         |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters             | 22.0 °C             | 40.0           | 1.40 mho/m           |
| Measured Head TSL parameters            | (22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C | 39.8 $\pm$ 6 % | 1.38 mho/m $\pm$ 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | <1.0 °C             | ----           | ----                 |

### SAR result with Head TSL

|  |                    |                              |
|--|--------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL   | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                   | 250 mW input power | 9.95 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 40.2 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2) |
| SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition          |                              |
| SAR measured                                   | 250 mW input power | 5.13 W/kg                    |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters            | normalized to 1W   | 20.6 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2) |



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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

|                                      |               |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 51.8Ω+ 4.08jΩ |
| Return Loss                          | - 27.2dB      |

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

|                                  |          |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.062 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

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### Additional EUT Data

|                 |       |
|-----------------|-------|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |
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### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 10.15.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 543**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.376$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.82$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1555; Calibrated: 8/22/2019
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

**System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:**

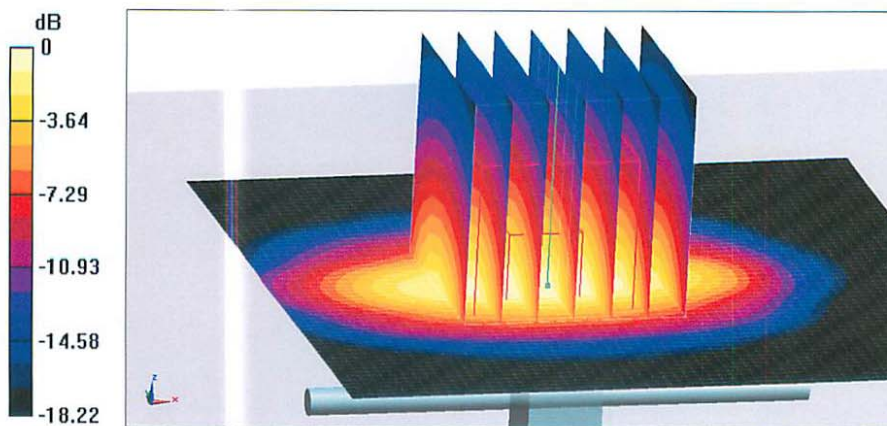
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.13 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 W/kg



**0 dB = 15.8 W/kg = 11.99 dBW/kg**



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### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

