

## 7.6 RADIATED UNDESIRABLE EMISSION

1. According to §15.209(a) & RSS-247, except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100*	3
88-216	150*	3
216-960	200*	3
Above 960	500	3

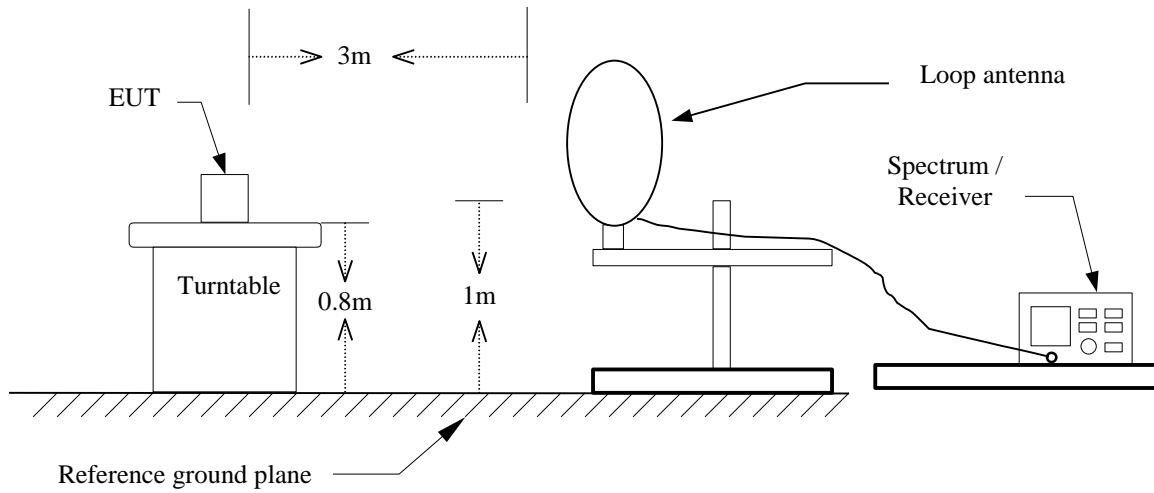
**Remark:** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

2. In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

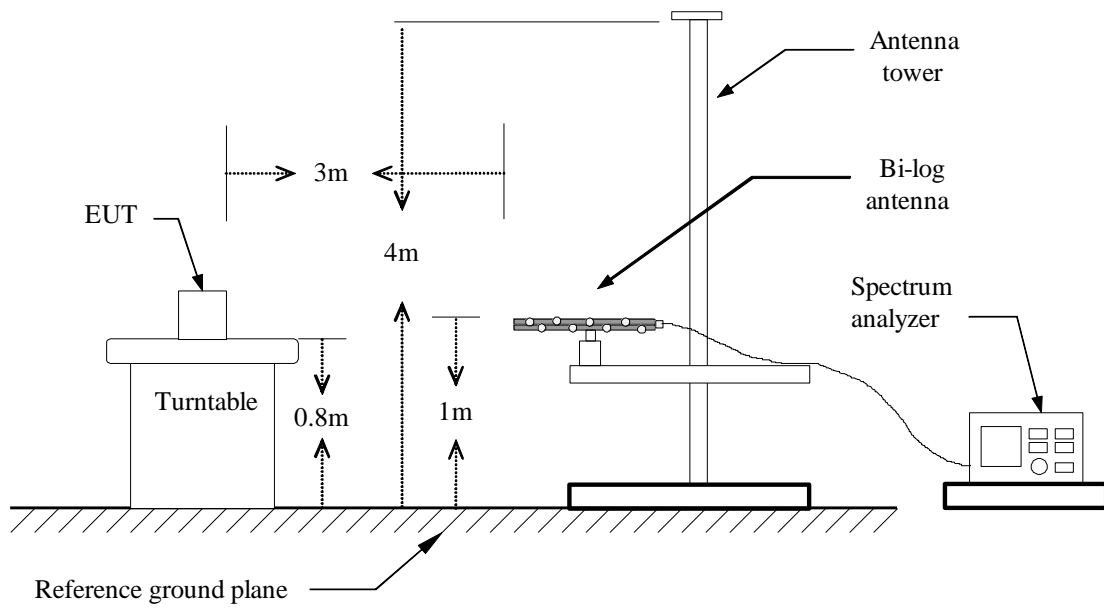
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (µV/m at 3-meter)	Field Strength (dBµV/m at 3-meter)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

**Test Configuration**

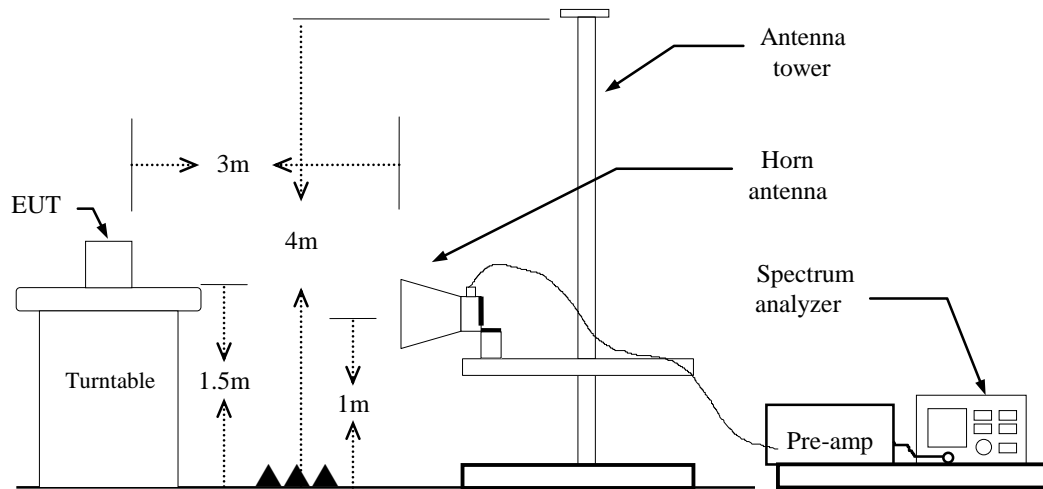
**9kHz ~ 30MHz**



**30MHz ~ 1GHz**



**Above 1 GHz**



## **TEST PROCEDURE**

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, Above 1 GHz is 1.5m high and below 1 GHz is 0.8m high above ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:

Below 1GHz:

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

Above 1GHz:

(a) PEAK: RBW=VBW=1MHz / Sweep=AUTO

(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz,  
if duty cycle  $\geq 98\%$ , VBW=10Hz.

if duty cycle  $< 98\%$  VBW=1/T.

**IEEE 802.11a mode:**  $\geq 98\%$ , VBW=10Hz

**IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz mode:**  $\geq 98\%$ , VBW=10Hz

**IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode:**  $\geq 98\%$ , VBW=10Hz

**IEEE 802.11ac VHT 80 MHz mode:**  $\geq 98\%$ , VBW=10Hz

7. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.
8. Result = Spectrum Reading + cable loss(spectrum to Amp) - Amp Gain + Cable loss(Amp to receive Ant)+ Receive Ant

**Note:** We checked every harmonics frequencies from Fundamental frequencies with reduced VBW, and we mark a point to prove pass or not if we find any emission. For this case, there are no emissions hidden in the noise floor.

**Below 1GHz**

**Operation Mode:** Normal Link

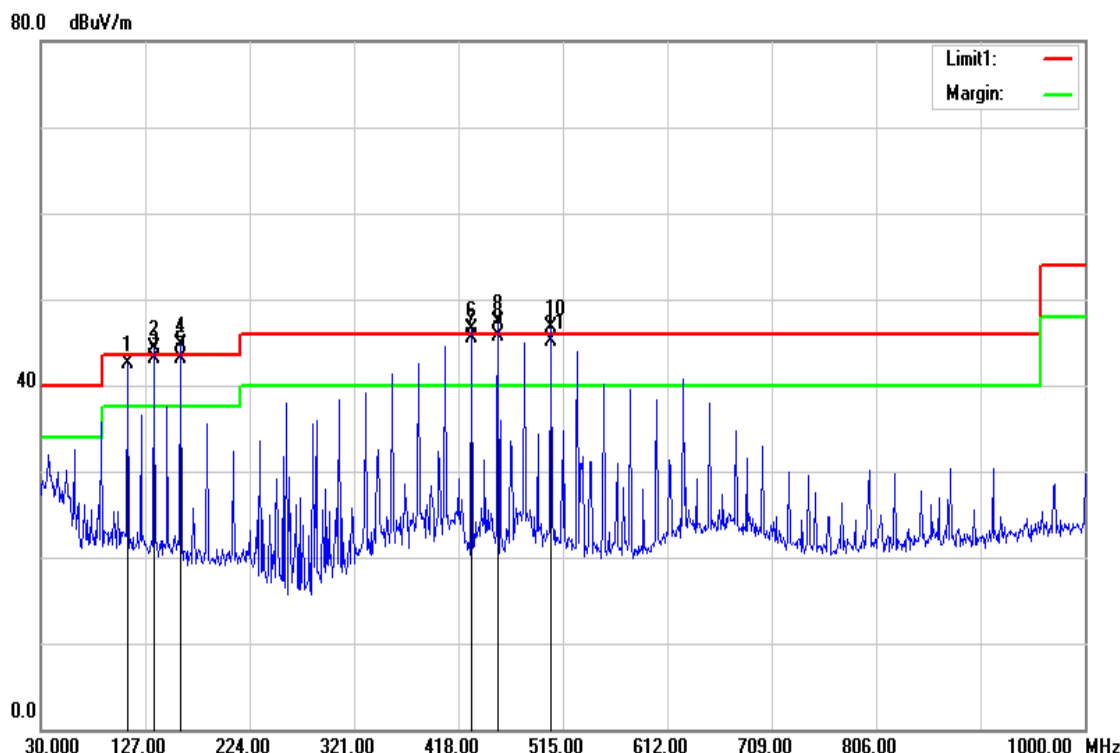
**Test Date:** December 22, 2015

**Temperature:** 27°C

**Tested by:** Jason Lu

**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Polarity:** Ver.



Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
110.5100	59.72	-17.17	42.55	43.50	-0.95	QP	V
134.7600	58.81	-15.71	43.10	43.50	-0.40	QP	V
159.9800	59.56	-16.36	43.20	43.50	-0.30	QP	V
429.6400	56.36	-10.80	45.56	46.00	-0.44	QP	V
454.8600	55.83	-10.10	45.73	46.00	-0.27	QP	V
503.3600	54.31	-9.19	45.12	46.00	-0.88	QP	V

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/quasi-peak detector mode.
3. Quasi-peak test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the quasi-peak limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
5. Margin (dB) = Result (dBuV/m) – Limit (dBuV/m).

**Operation Mode:** Normal Link

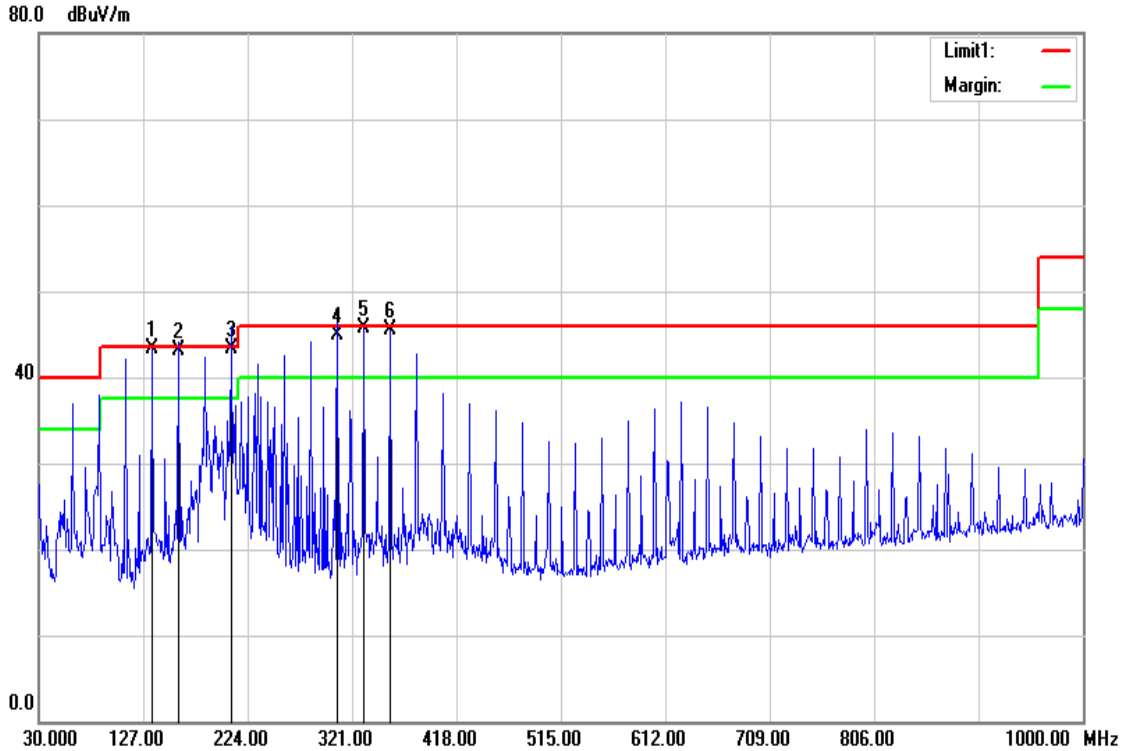
**Test Date:** December 22, 2015

**Temperature:** 27°C

**Tested by:** Jason Lu

**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Polarity:** Hor.



Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
134.7600	58.93	-15.71	43.22	43.50	-0.28	QP	H
159.9800	59.47	-16.36	43.11	43.50	-0.39	QP	H
208.4800	59.48	-16.15	43.33	43.50	-0.17	QP	H
307.4200	58.92	-14.04	44.88	46.00	-1.12	QP	H
331.6700	59.08	-13.38	45.70	46.00	-0.30	QP	H
355.9200	58.34	-12.75	45.59	46.00	-0.41	QP	H

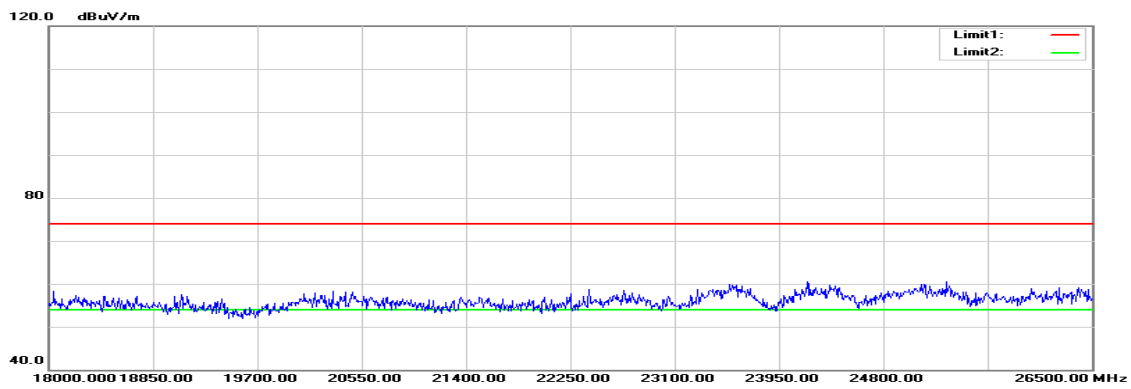
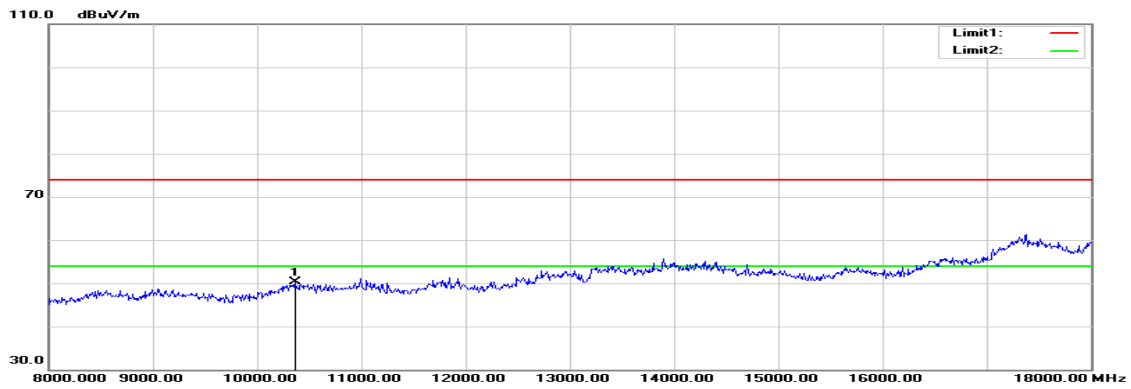
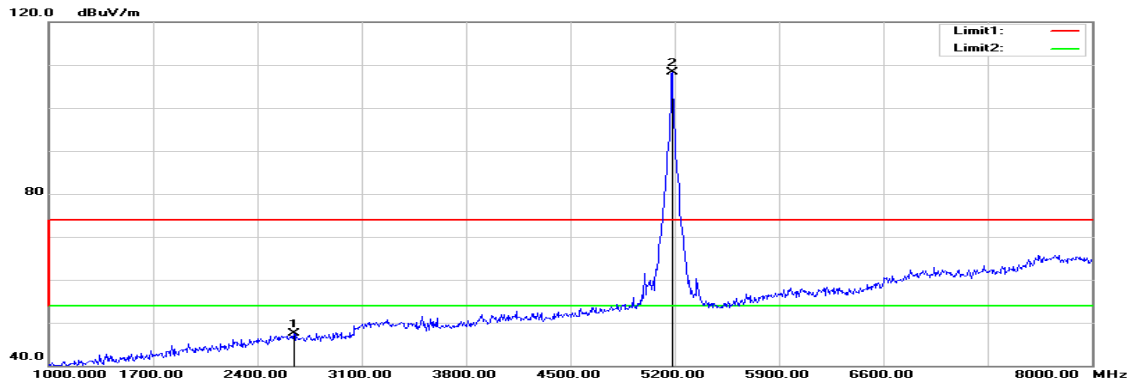
**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1GHz.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/quasi-peak detector mode.
3. Quasi-peak test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the quasi-peak limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
5. Margin (dB) = Result (dBuV/m) – Limit (dBuV/m).

**Above 1 GHz**

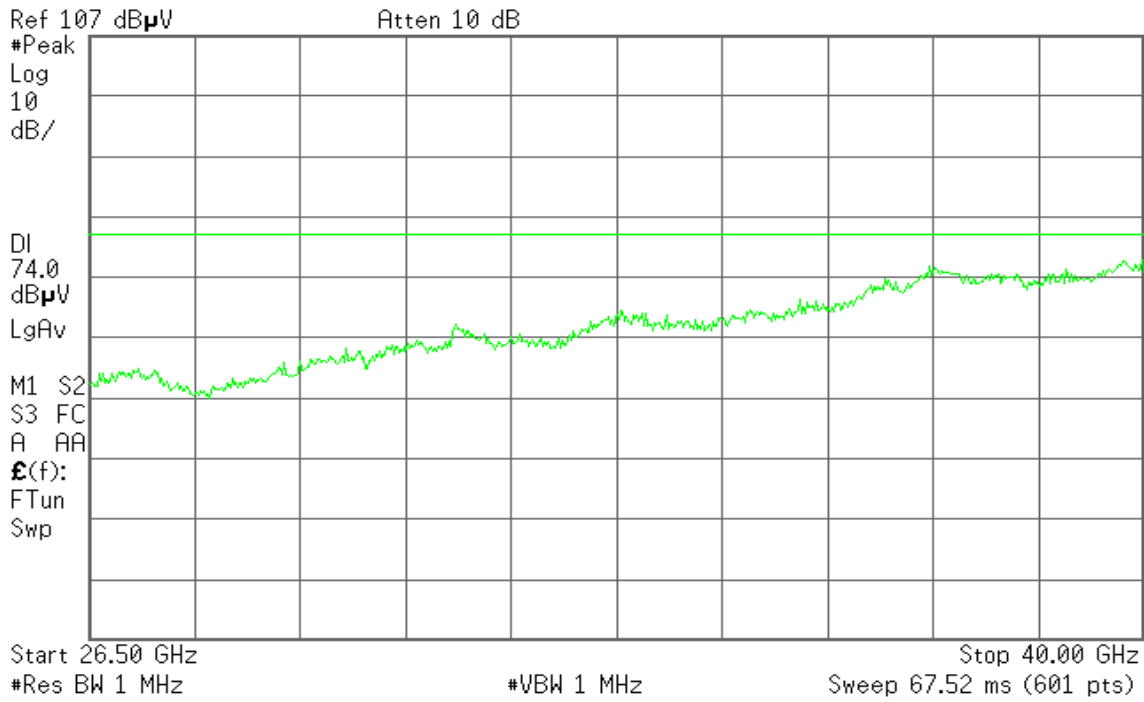
**Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Low**

**Polarity: Vertical**



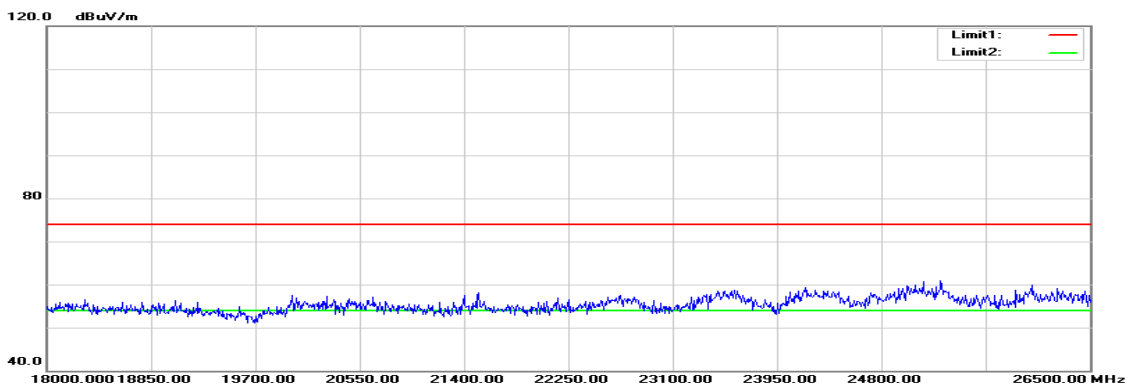
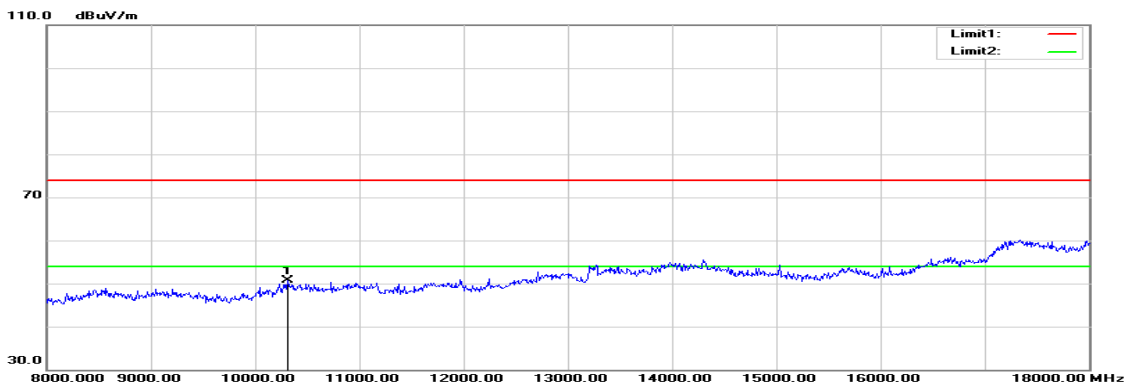
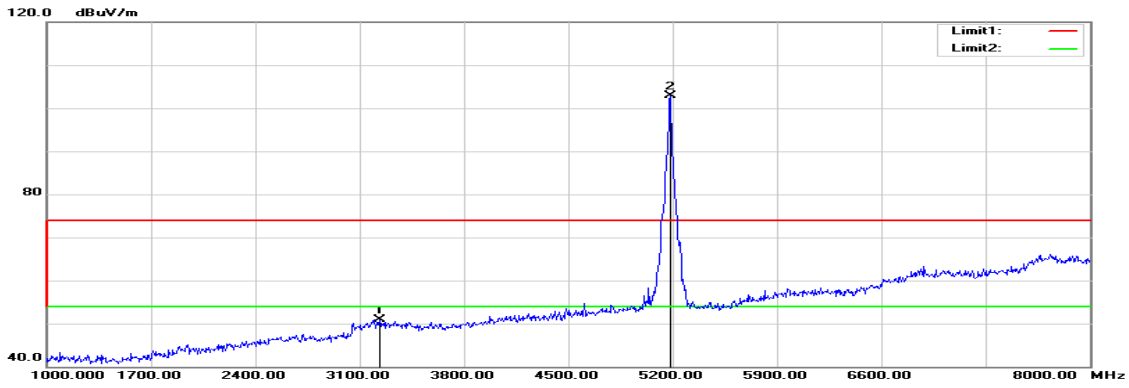
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R L



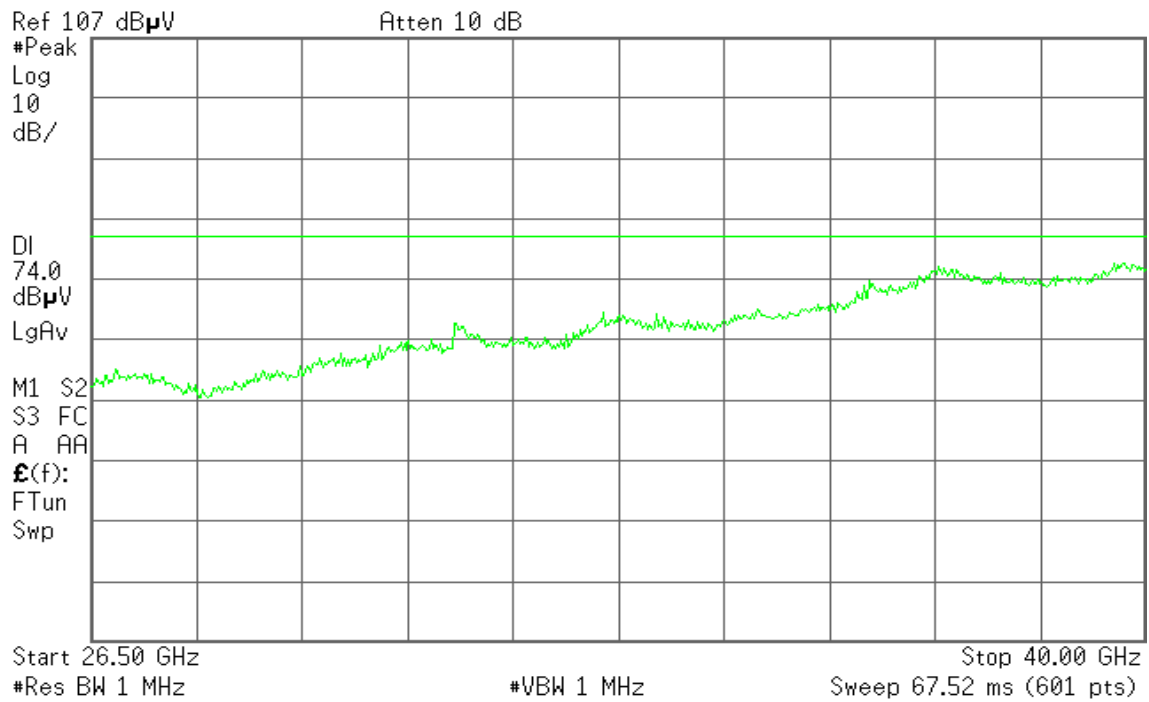


Polarity: Horizontal



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**R L**



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Low  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

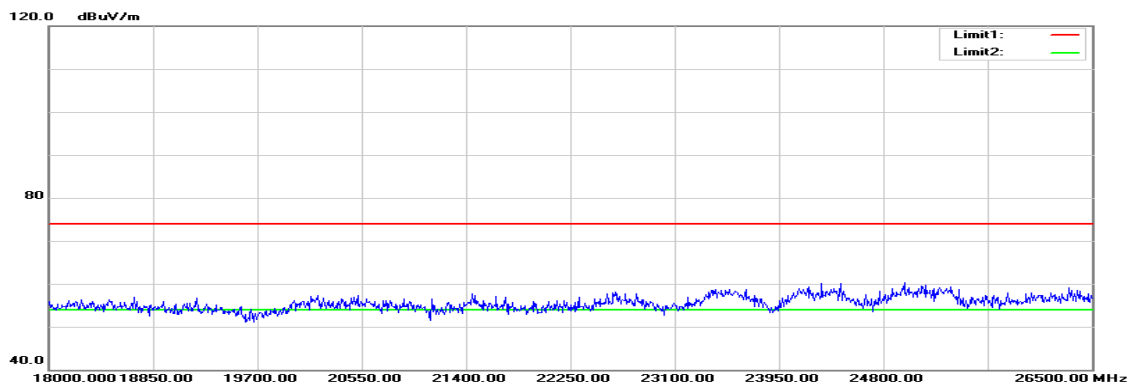
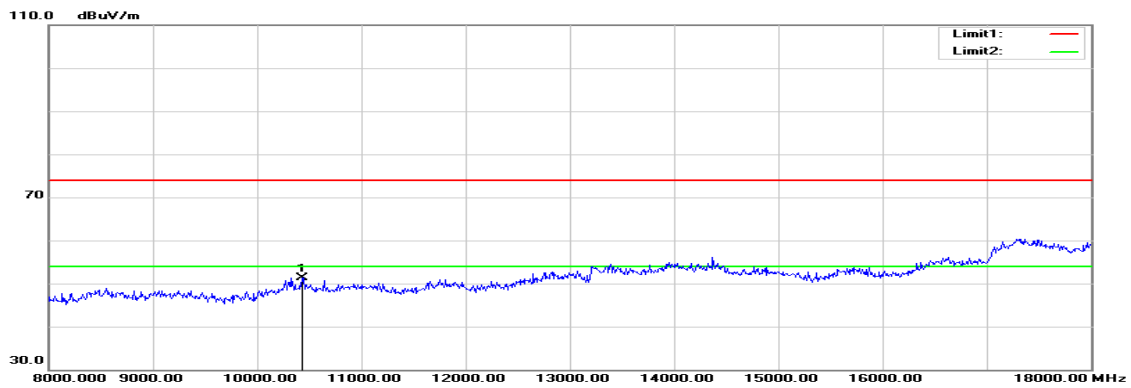
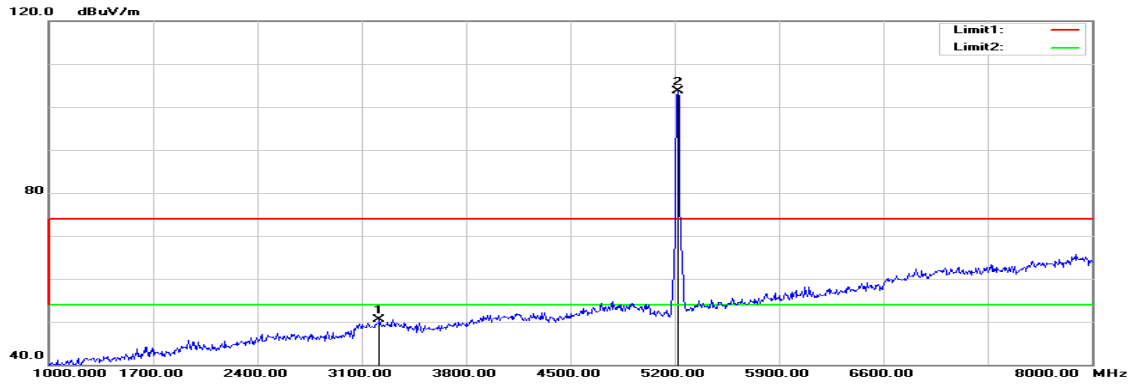
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2645.000	50.40	-2.83	47.57	74.00	-26.43	peak	V
10360.000	33.80	16.52	50.32	74.00	-23.68	peak	V
N/A							
3233.000	52.38	-1.55	50.83	74.00	-23.17	peak	H
10310.000	34.38	16.30	50.68	74.00	-23.32	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

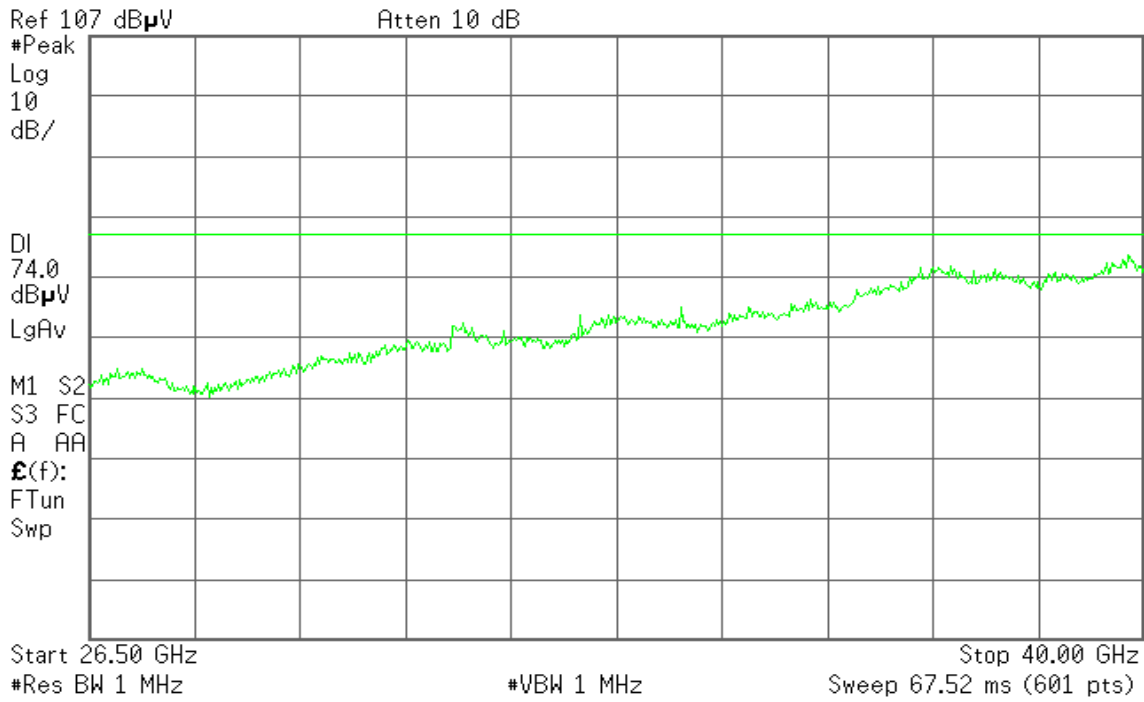
**Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Mid**

**Polarity: Vertical**

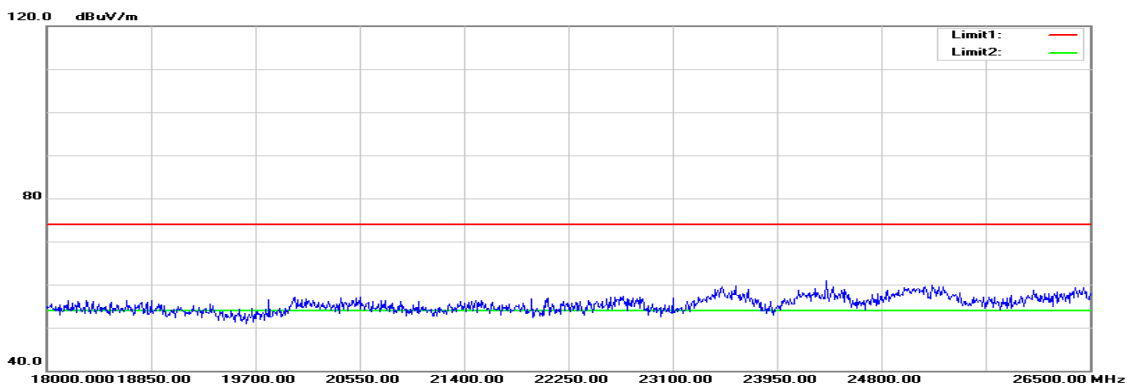
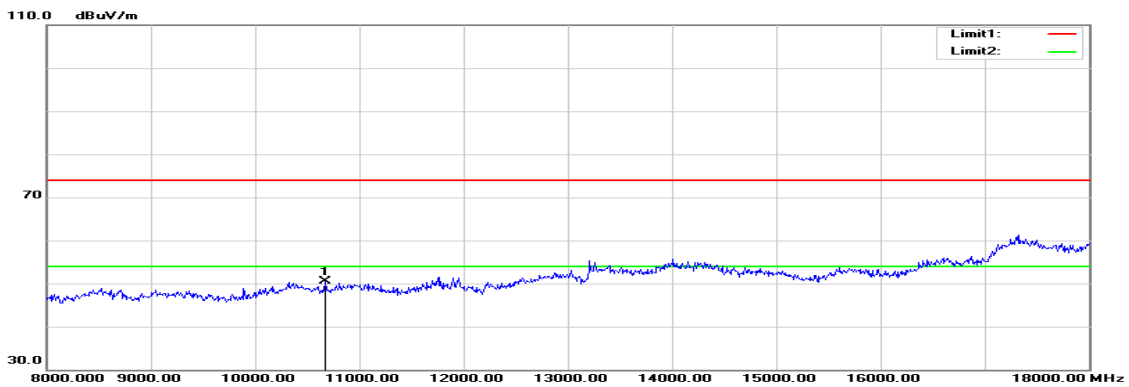
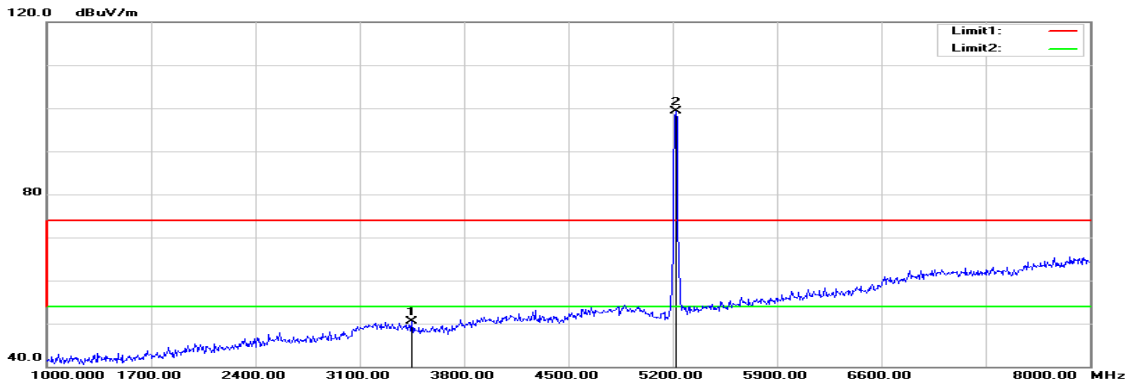


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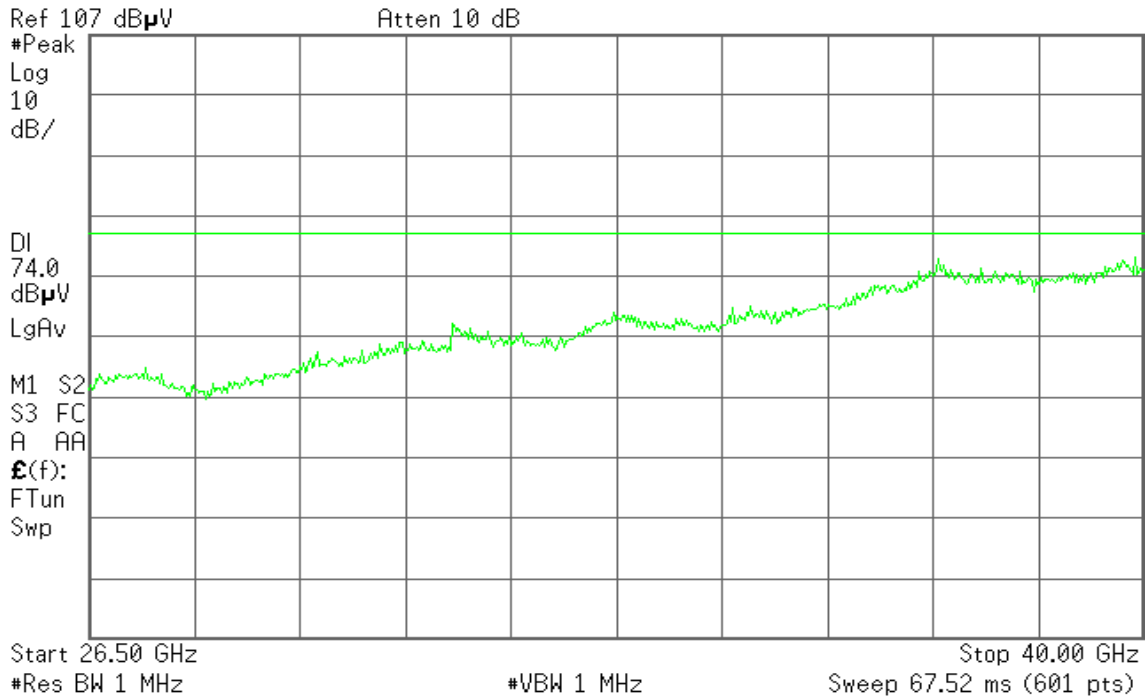


Polarity: Horizontal



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R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Mid  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3219.000	52.08	-1.58	50.50	74.00	-23.50	peak	V
10430.000	34.55	16.84	51.39	74.00	-22.61	peak	V
N/A							
3450.000	51.59	-1.03	50.56	74.00	-23.44	peak	H
10670.000	33.41	17.01	50.42	74.00	-23.58	peak	H
N/A							

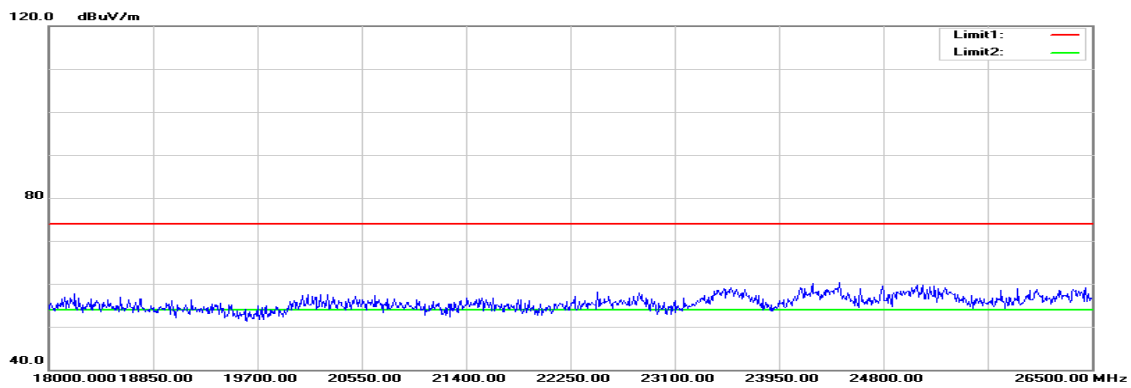
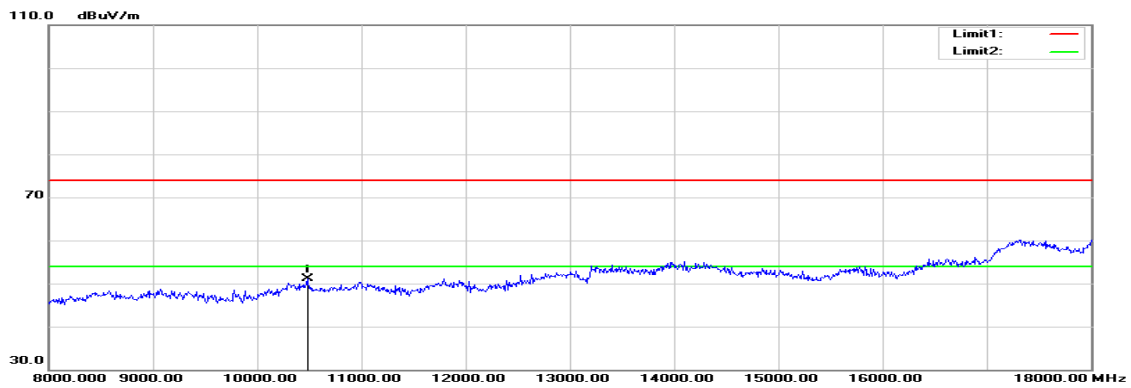
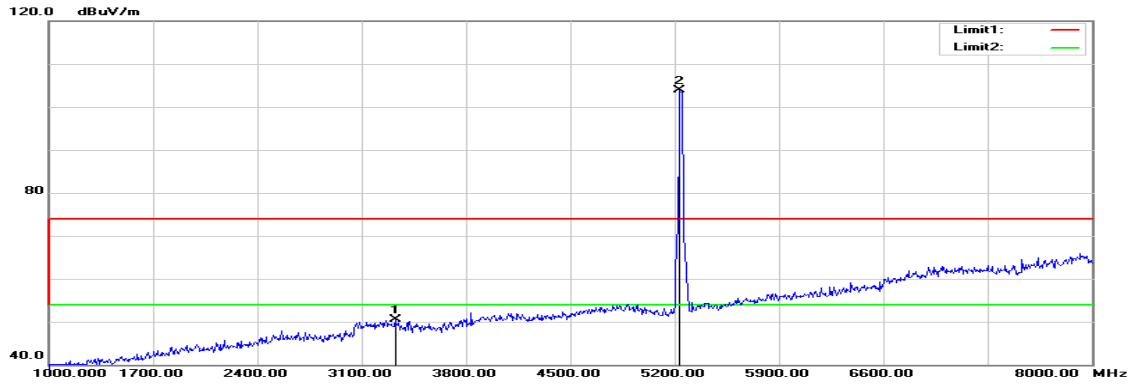
**Remark:**

1. *Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.*
2. *Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.*
3. *Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.*
4. *Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.*
5. *Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.*
6. *Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).*



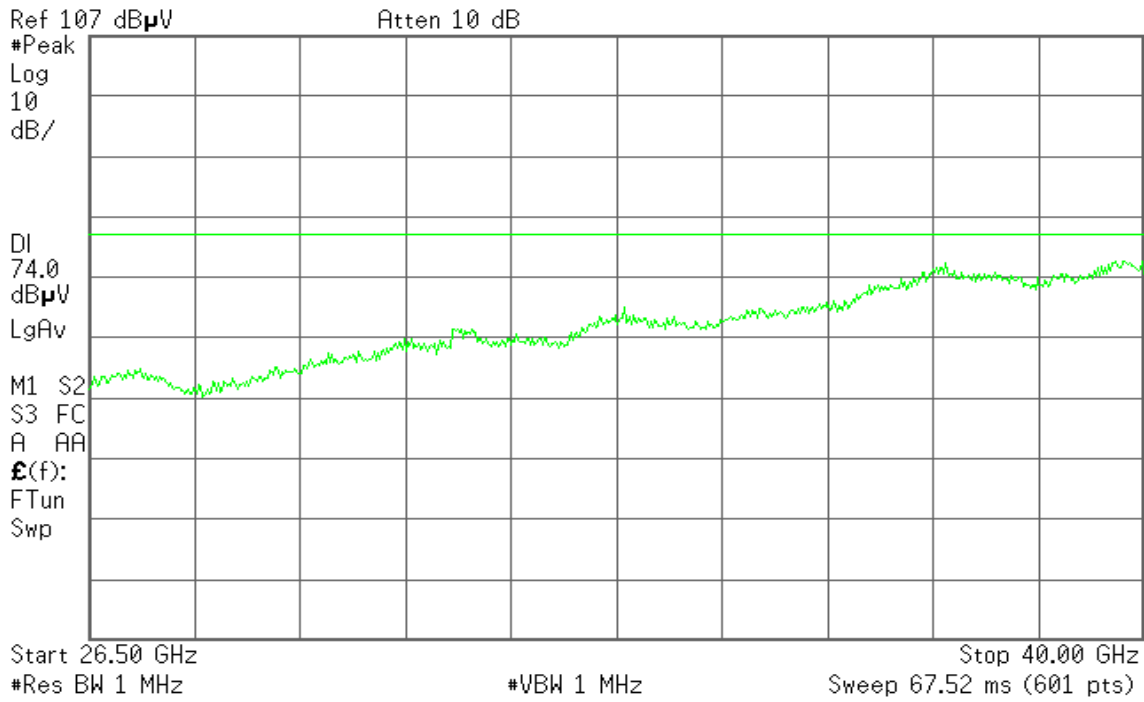
**Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH High**

**Polarity: Vertical**

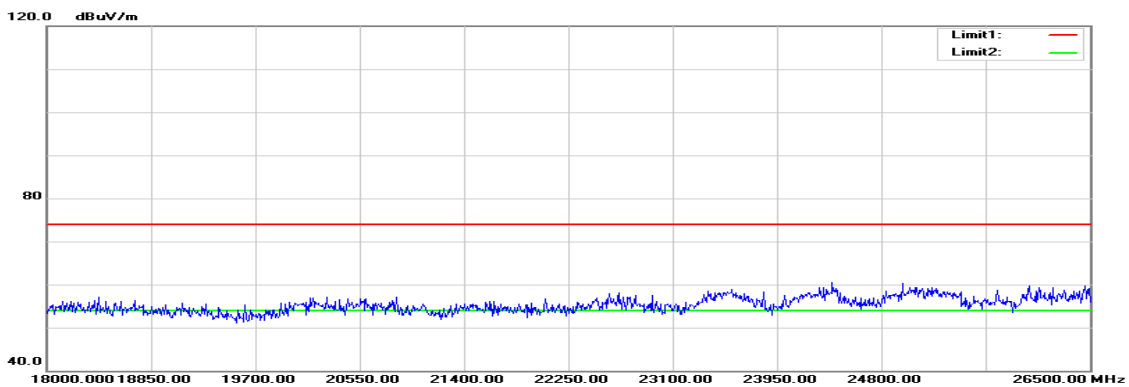
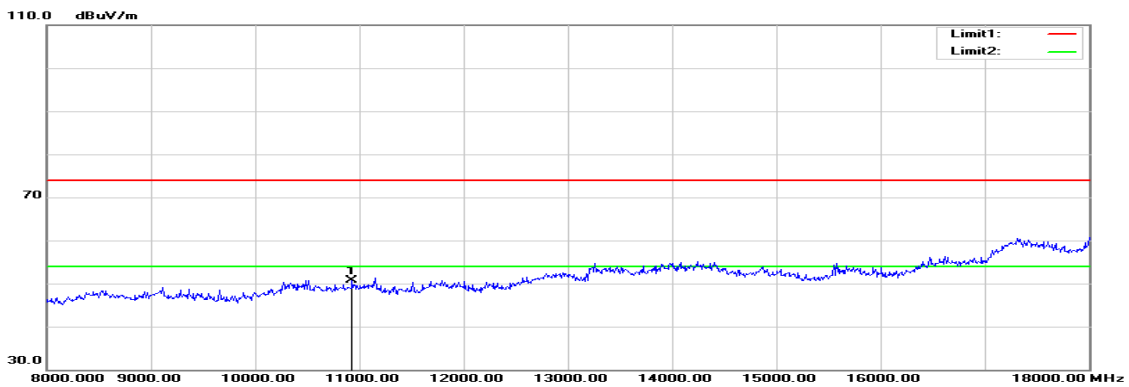
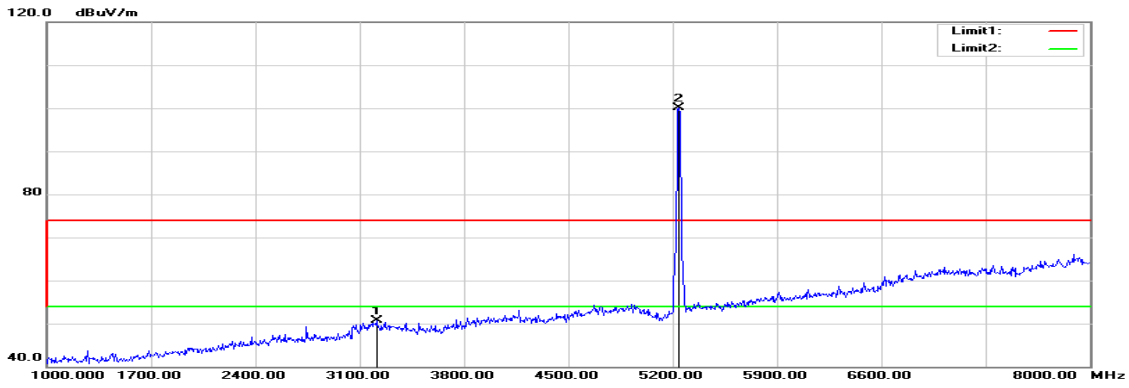


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R L

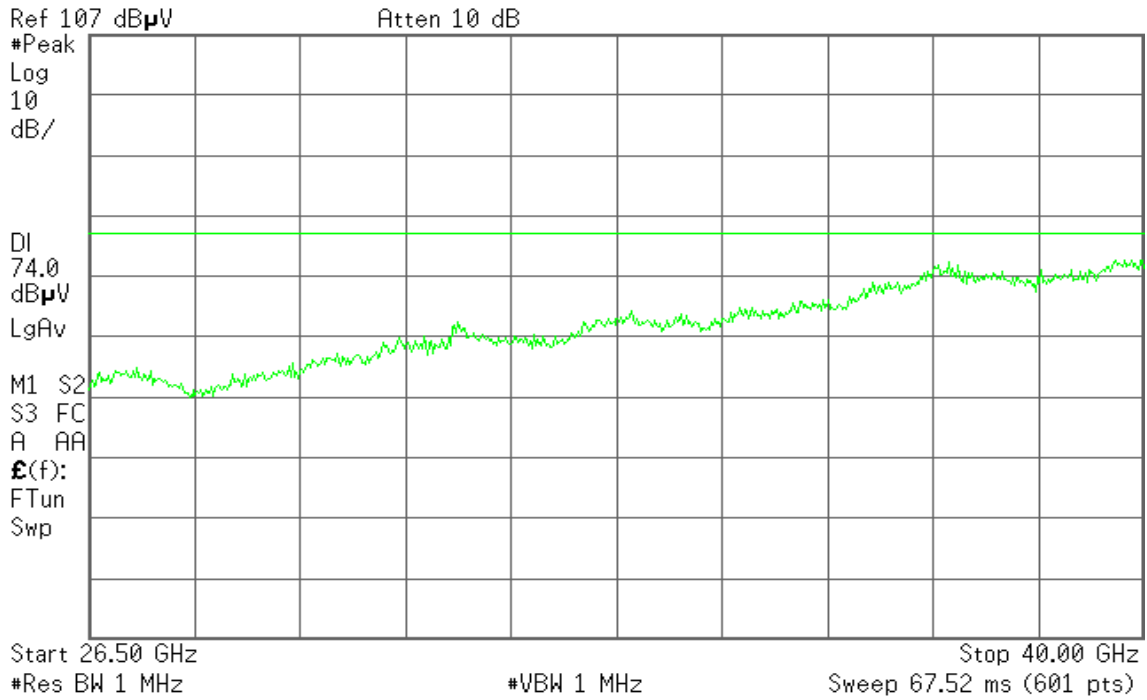


Polarity: Horizontal



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R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH High  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

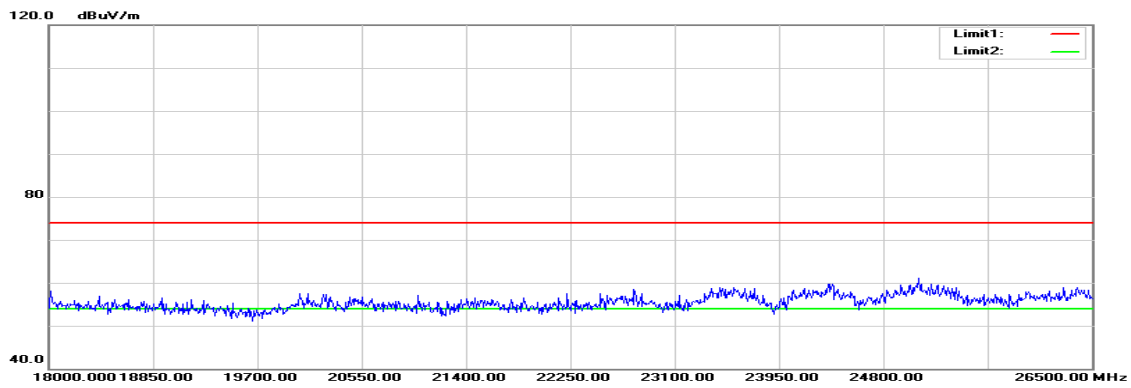
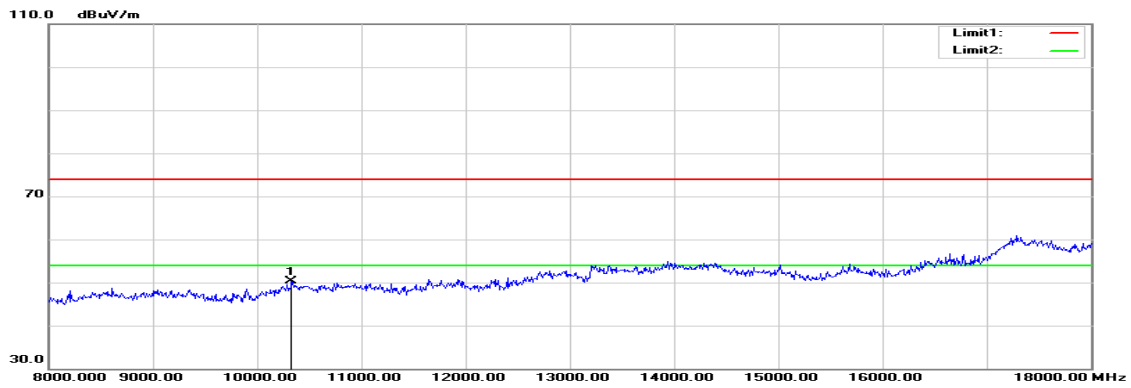
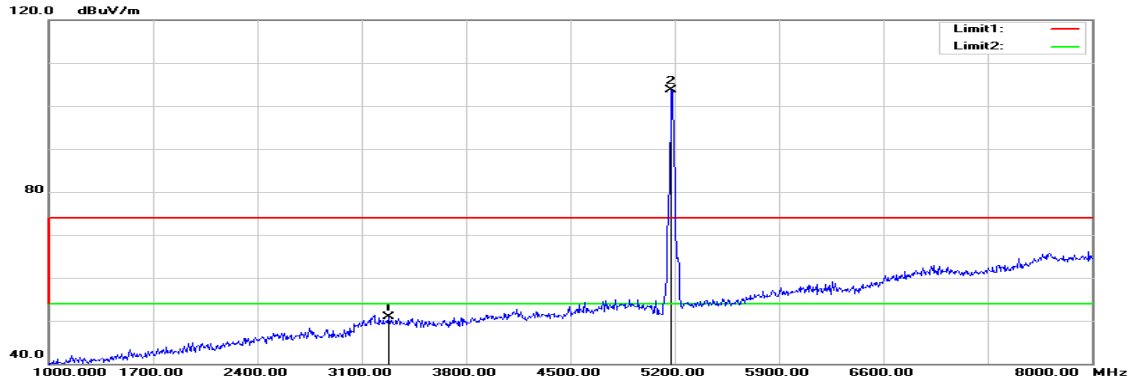
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3324.000	51.91	-1.33	50.58	74.00	-23.42	peak	V
10480.000	34.08	17.07	51.15	74.00	-22.85	peak	V
N/A							
3212.000	52.22	-1.60	50.62	74.00	-23.38	peak	H
10930.000	34.00	16.79	50.79	74.00	-23.21	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

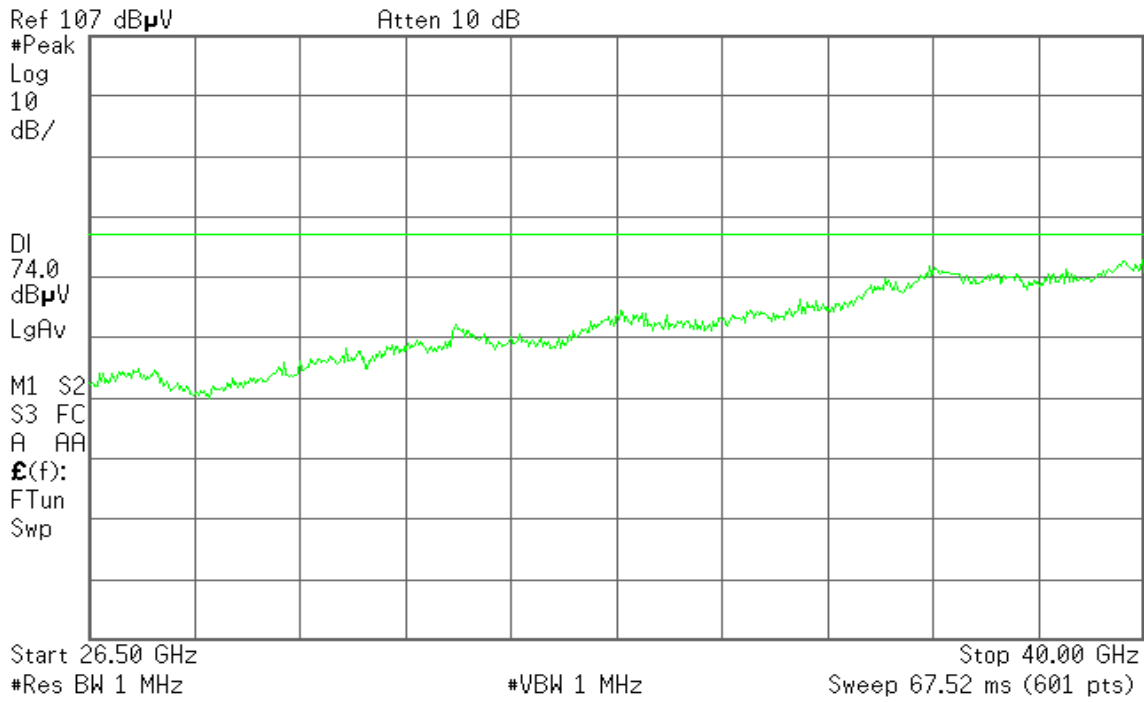
**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH Low**

**Polarity: Vertical**

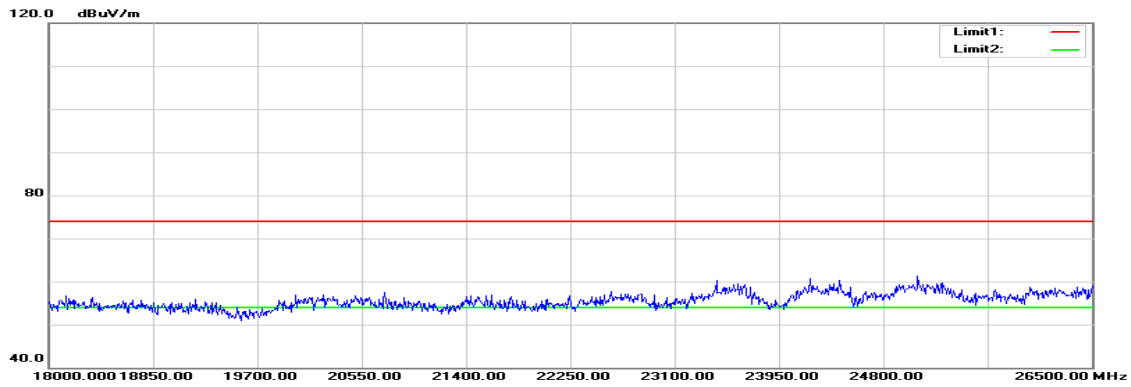
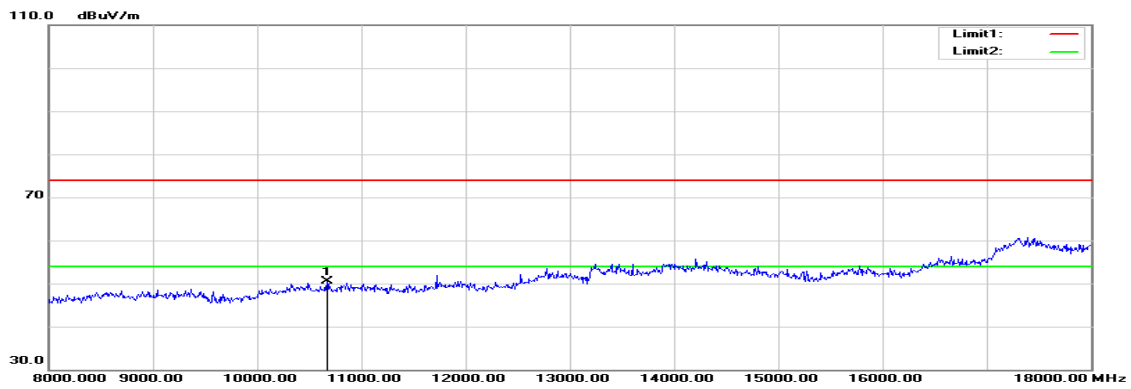
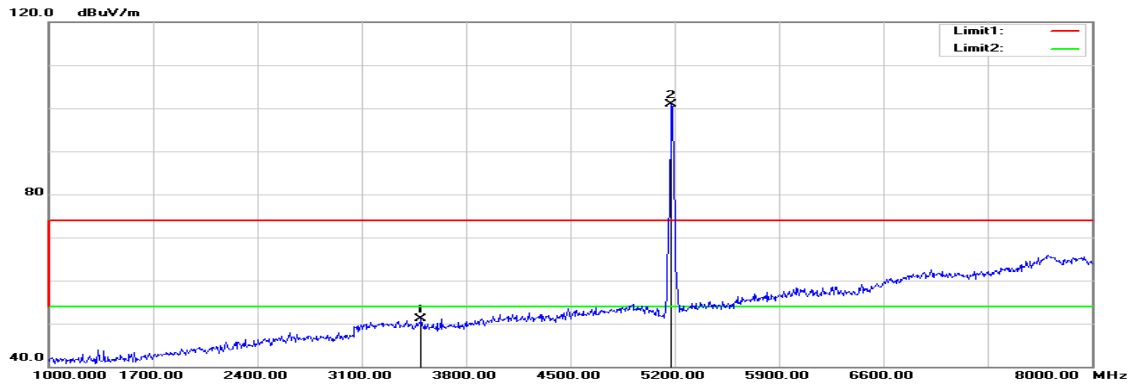


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**R L**



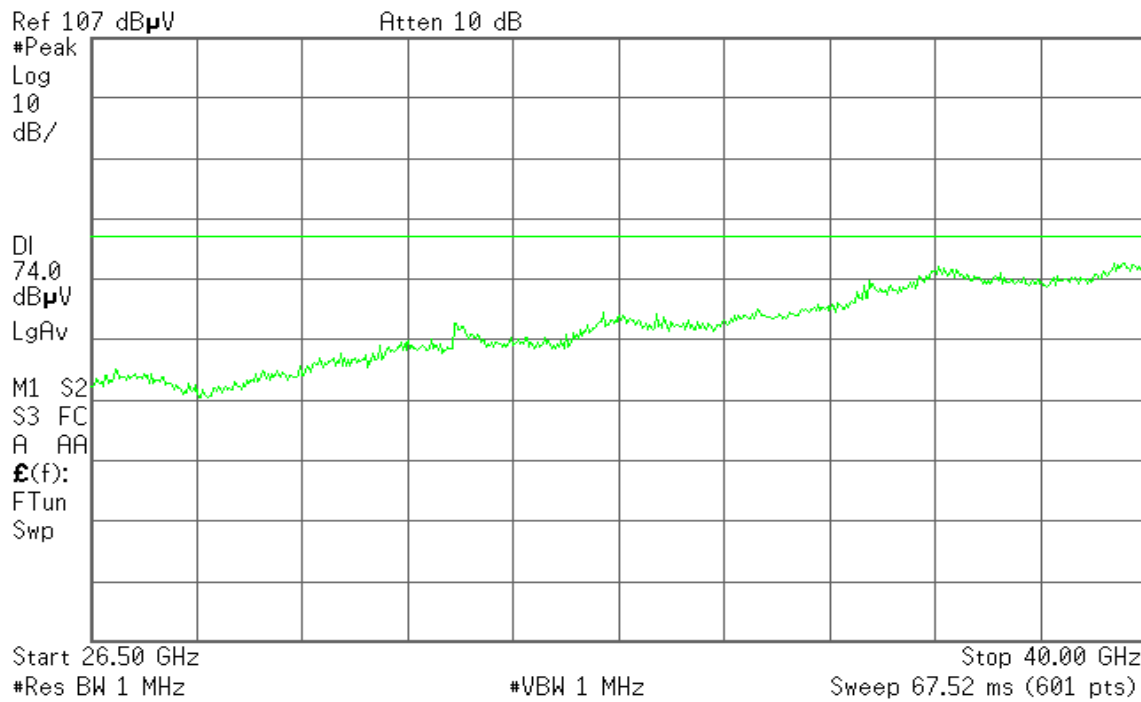
Polarity: Horizontal





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R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH Low  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

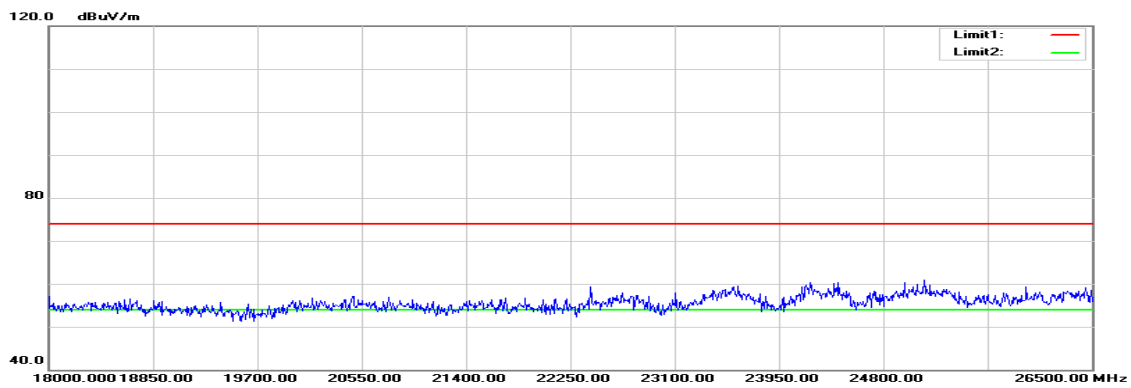
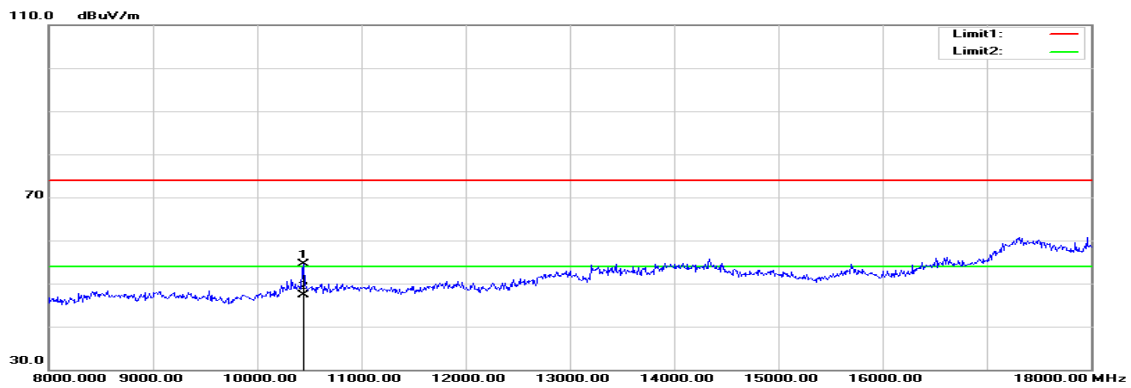
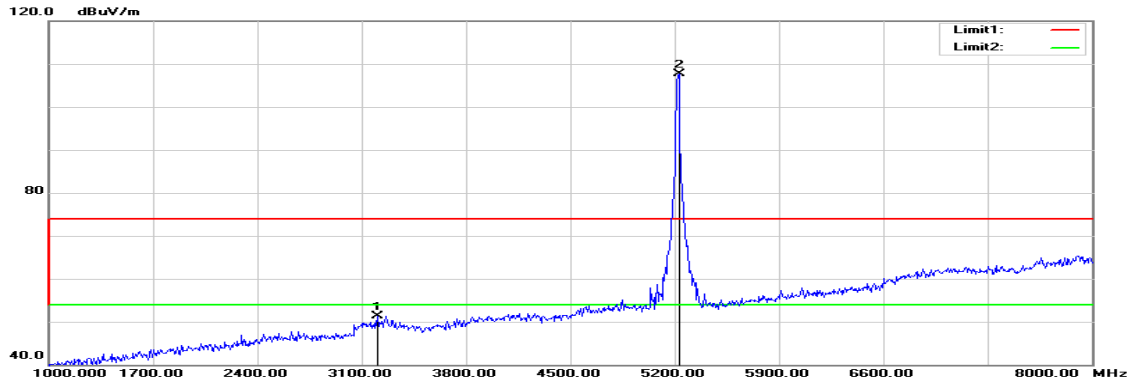
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3282.000	52.33	-1.43	50.90	74.00	-23.10	peak	V
10330.000	33.82	16.39	50.21	74.00	-23.79	peak	V
N/A							
3499.000	52.08	-0.91	51.17	74.00	-22.83	peak	H
10670.000	33.46	17.01	50.47	74.00	-23.53	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

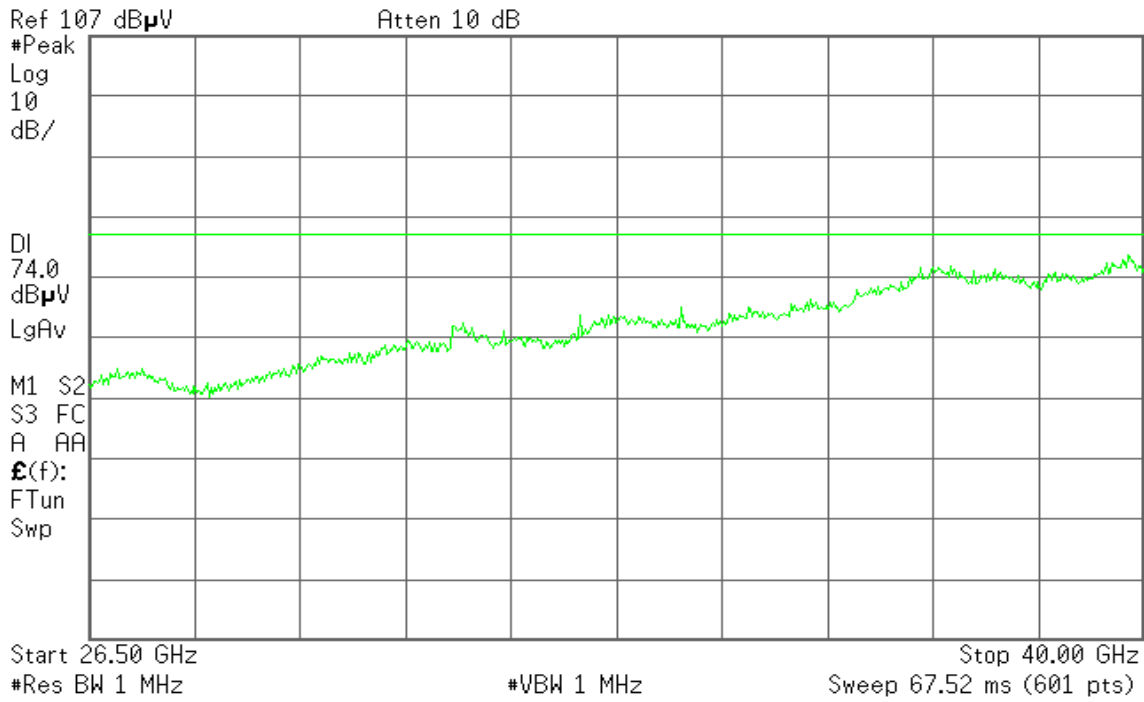
**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH Mid**

**Polarity: Vertical**

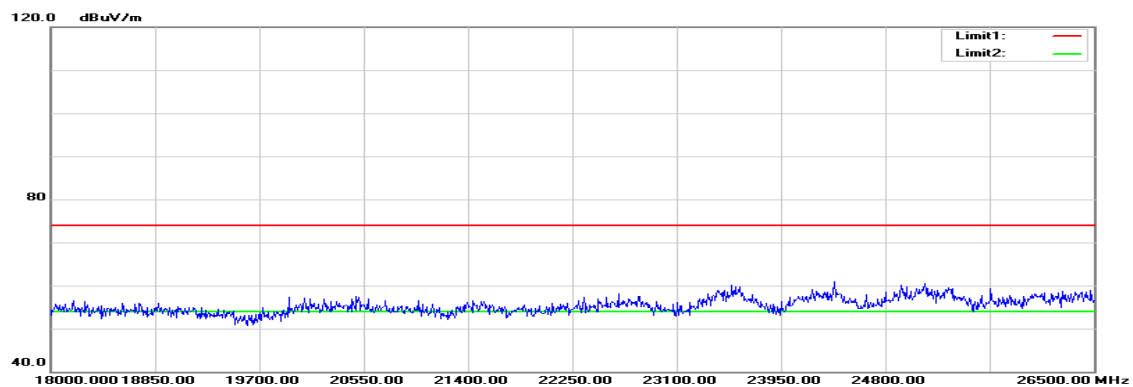
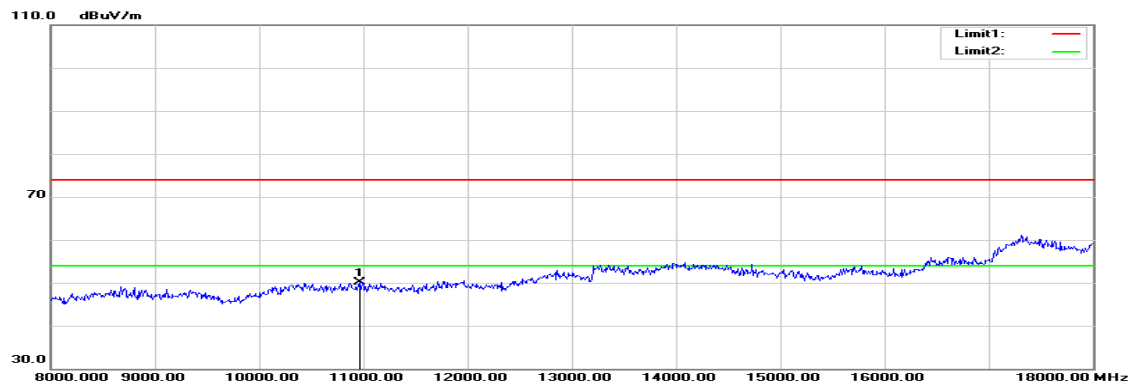
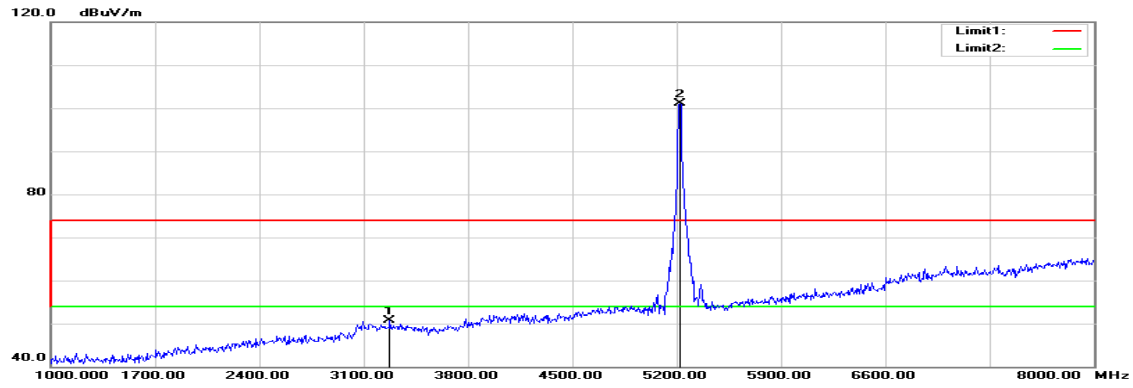


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**R L**

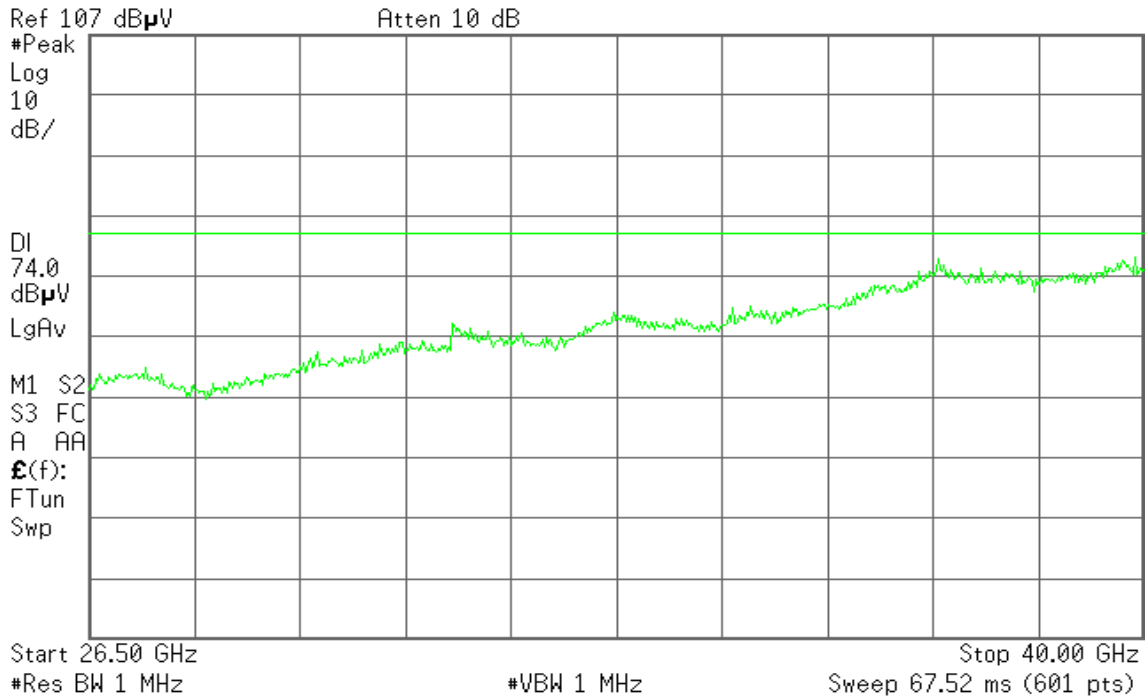


Polarity: Horizontal



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R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH Mid  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

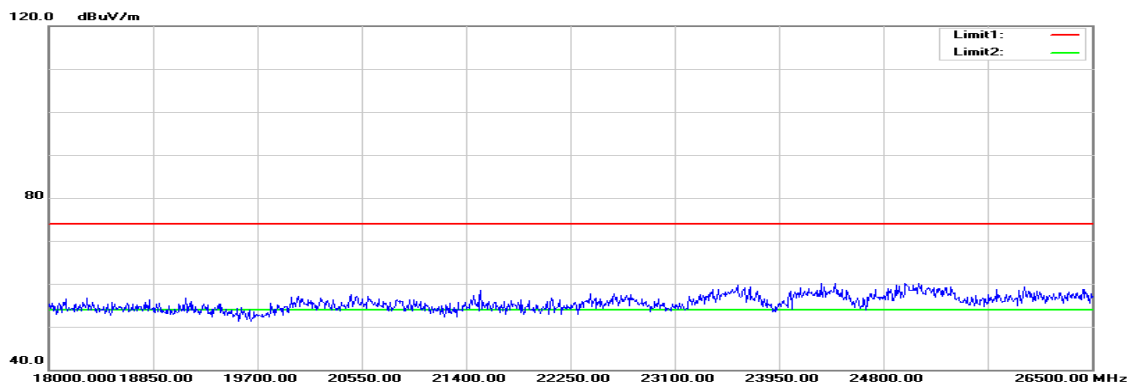
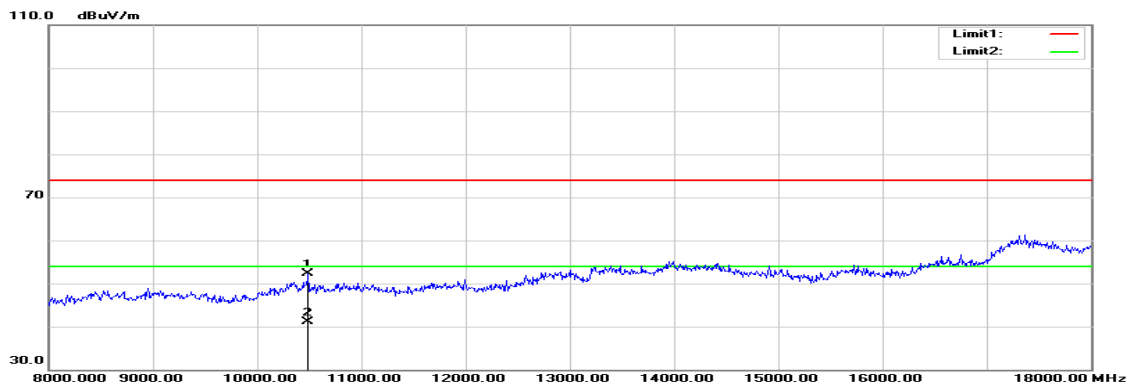
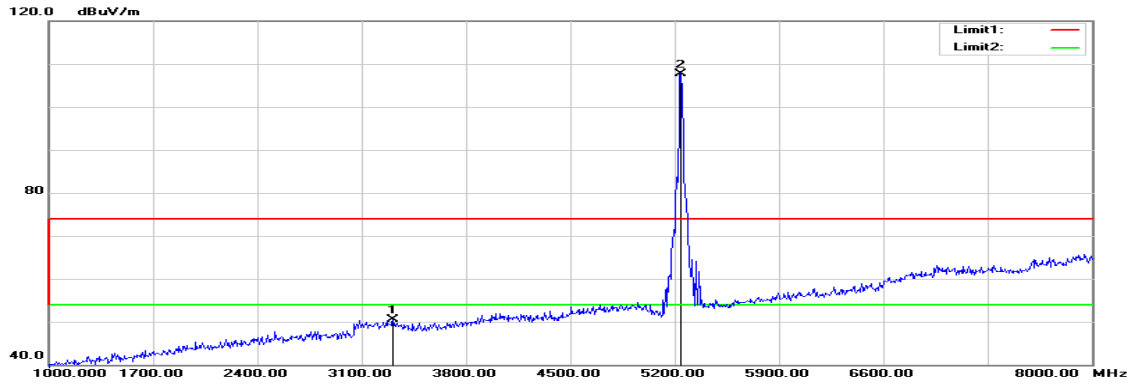
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3205.000	52.88	-1.62	51.26	74.00	-22.74	peak	V
10450.000	37.52	16.93	54.45	74.00	-19.55	peak	V
10450.000	30.42	16.93	47.35	54.00	-6.65	AVG	V
N/A							
3275.000	52.10	-1.45	50.65	74.00	-23.35	peak	H
10960.000	33.36	16.76	50.12	74.00	-23.88	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH High**

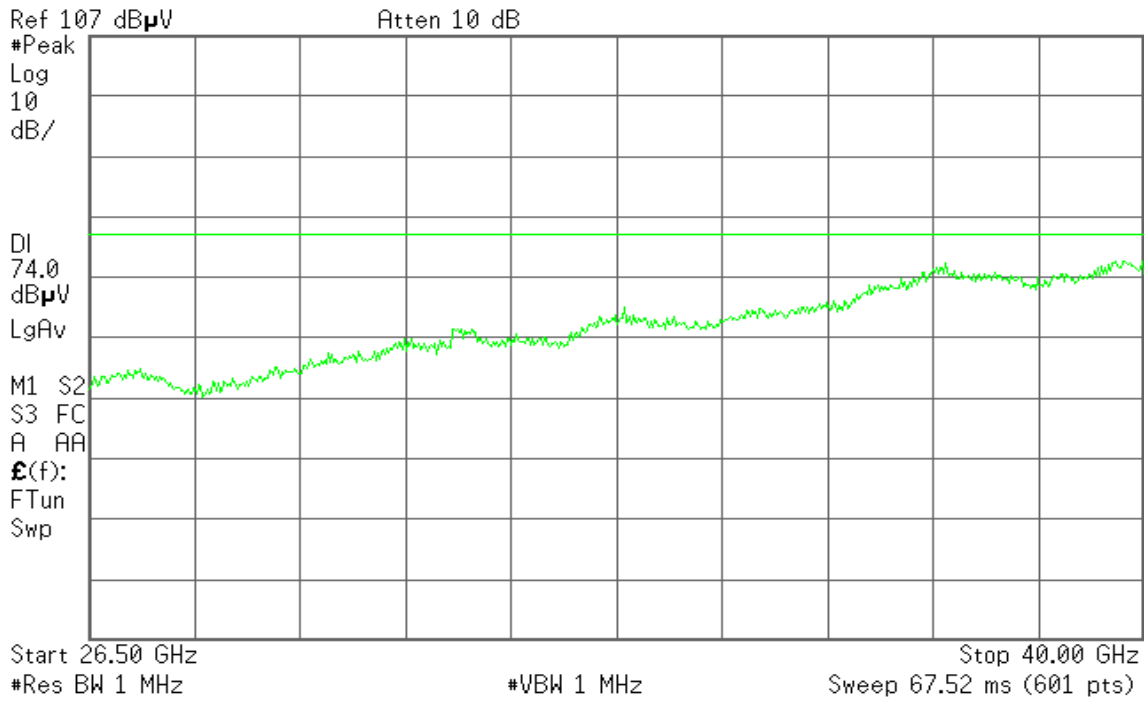
**Polarity: Vertical**



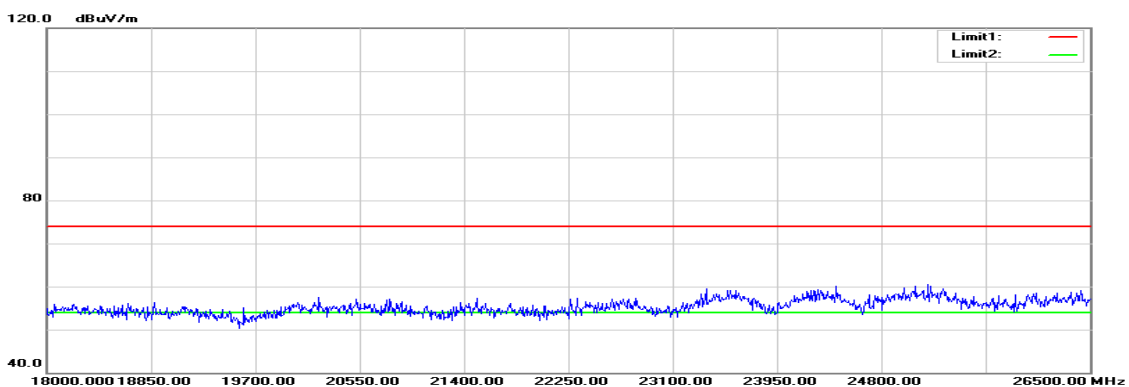
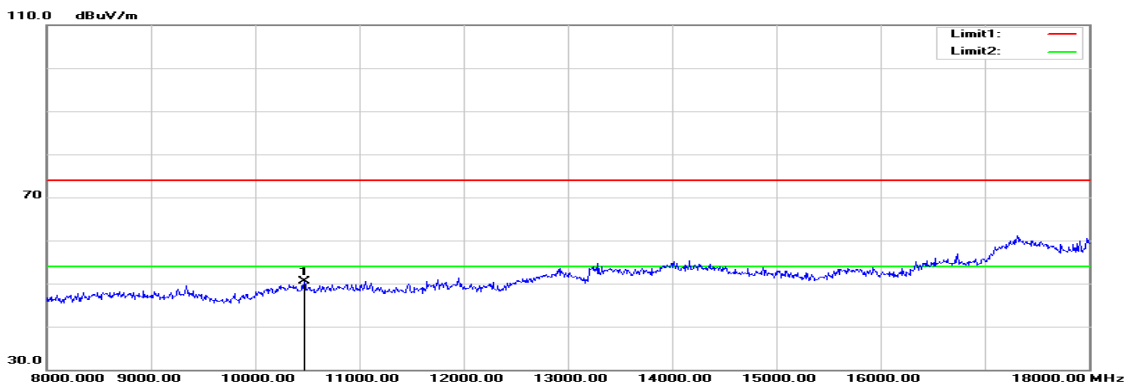
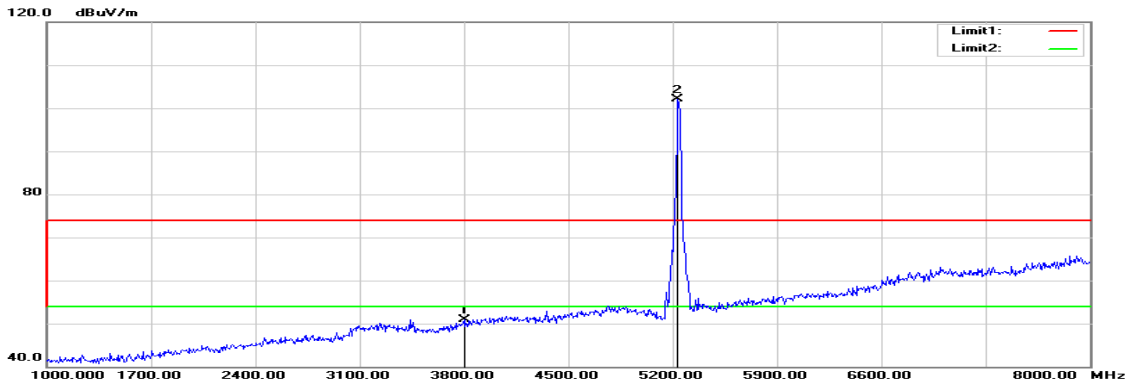


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R L

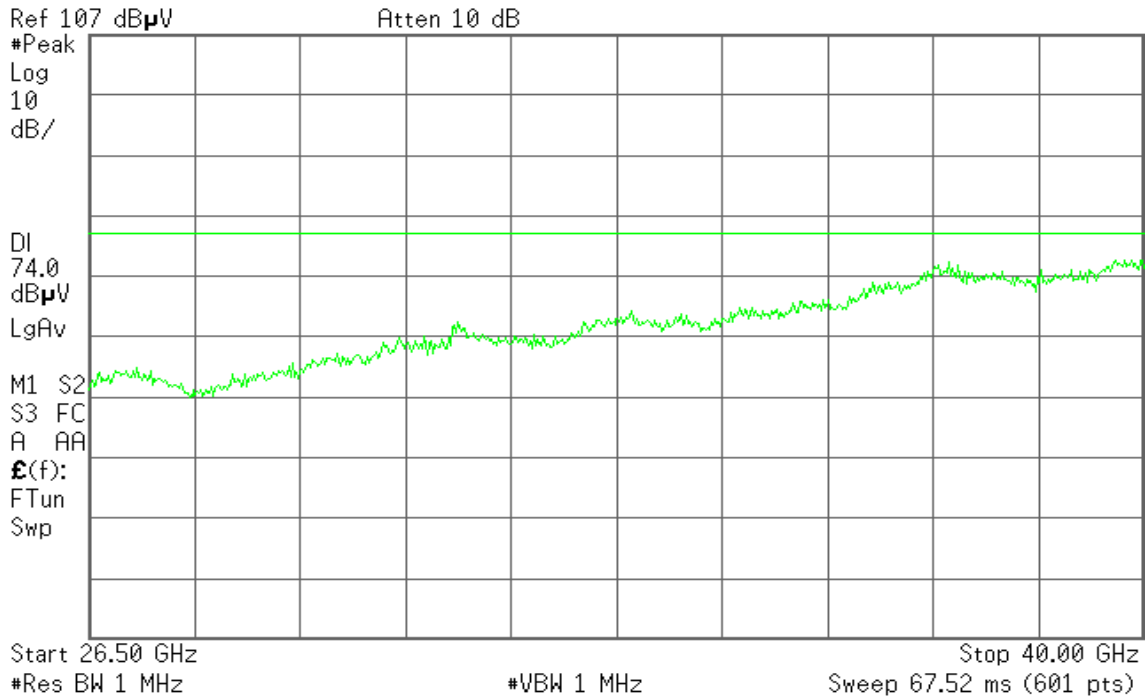


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH High  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH  
**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

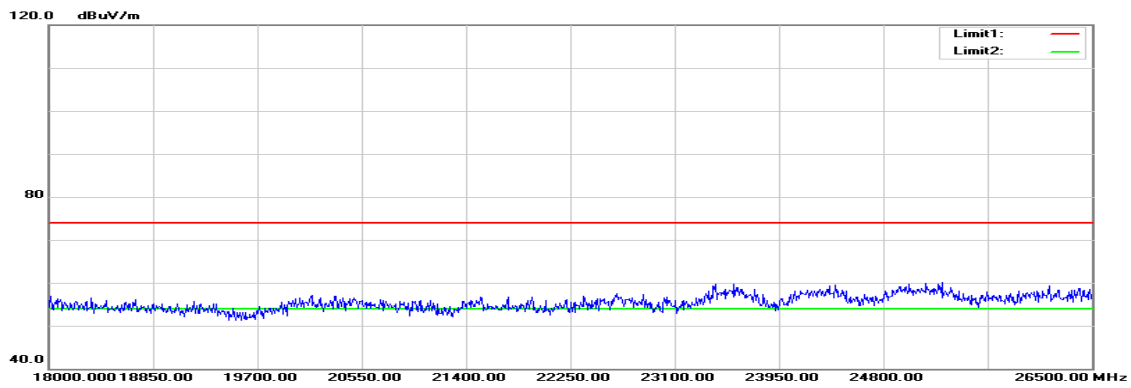
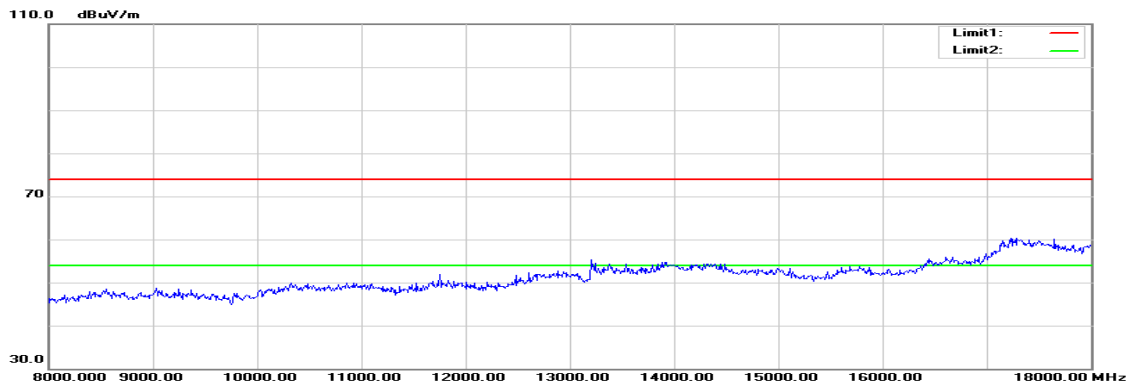
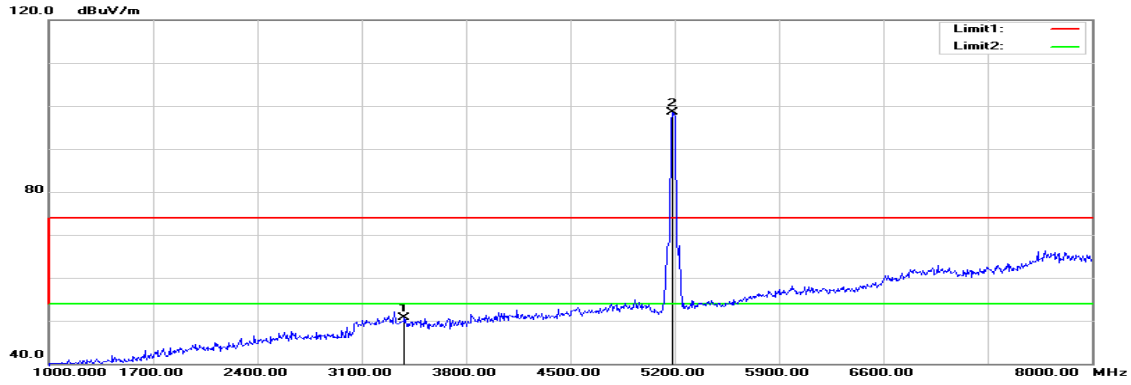
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3310.000	51.88	-1.37	50.51	74.00	-23.49	peak	V
10490.000	35.23	17.11	52.34	74.00	-21.66	peak	V
10490.000	24.03	17.11	41.14	54.00	-12.86	AVG	V
N/A							
3800.000	50.47	0.37	50.84	74.00	-23.16	peak	H
10470.000	33.44	17.02	50.46	74.00	-23.54	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

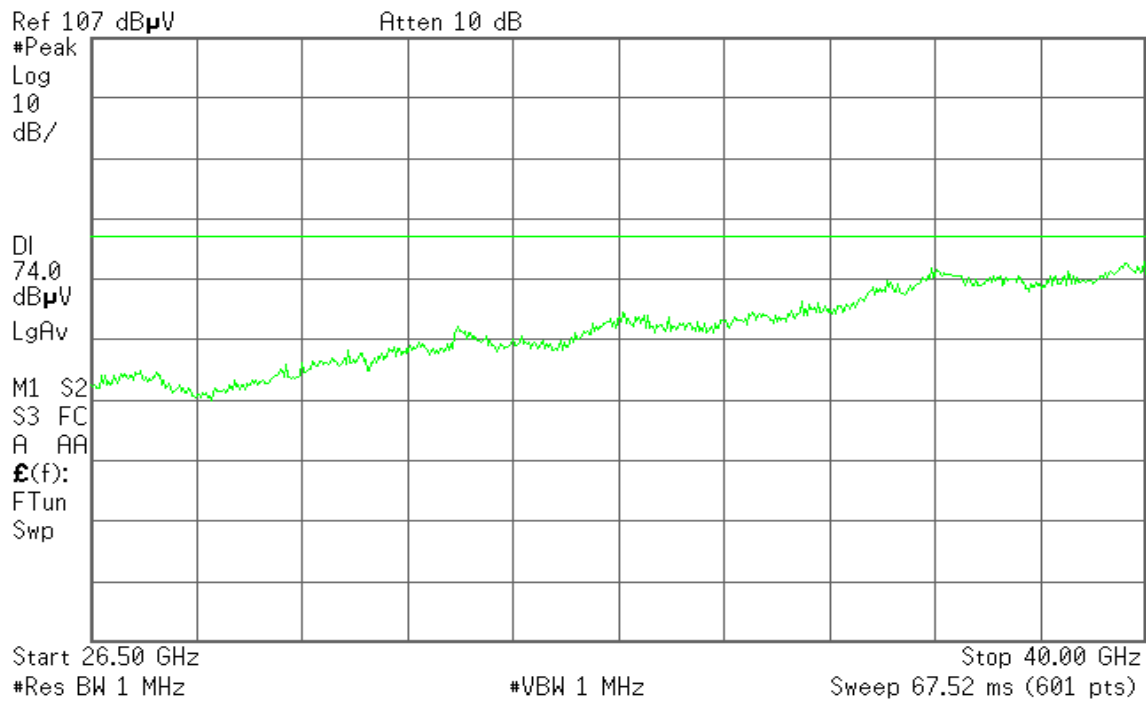
**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH Low**

**Polarity: Vertical**

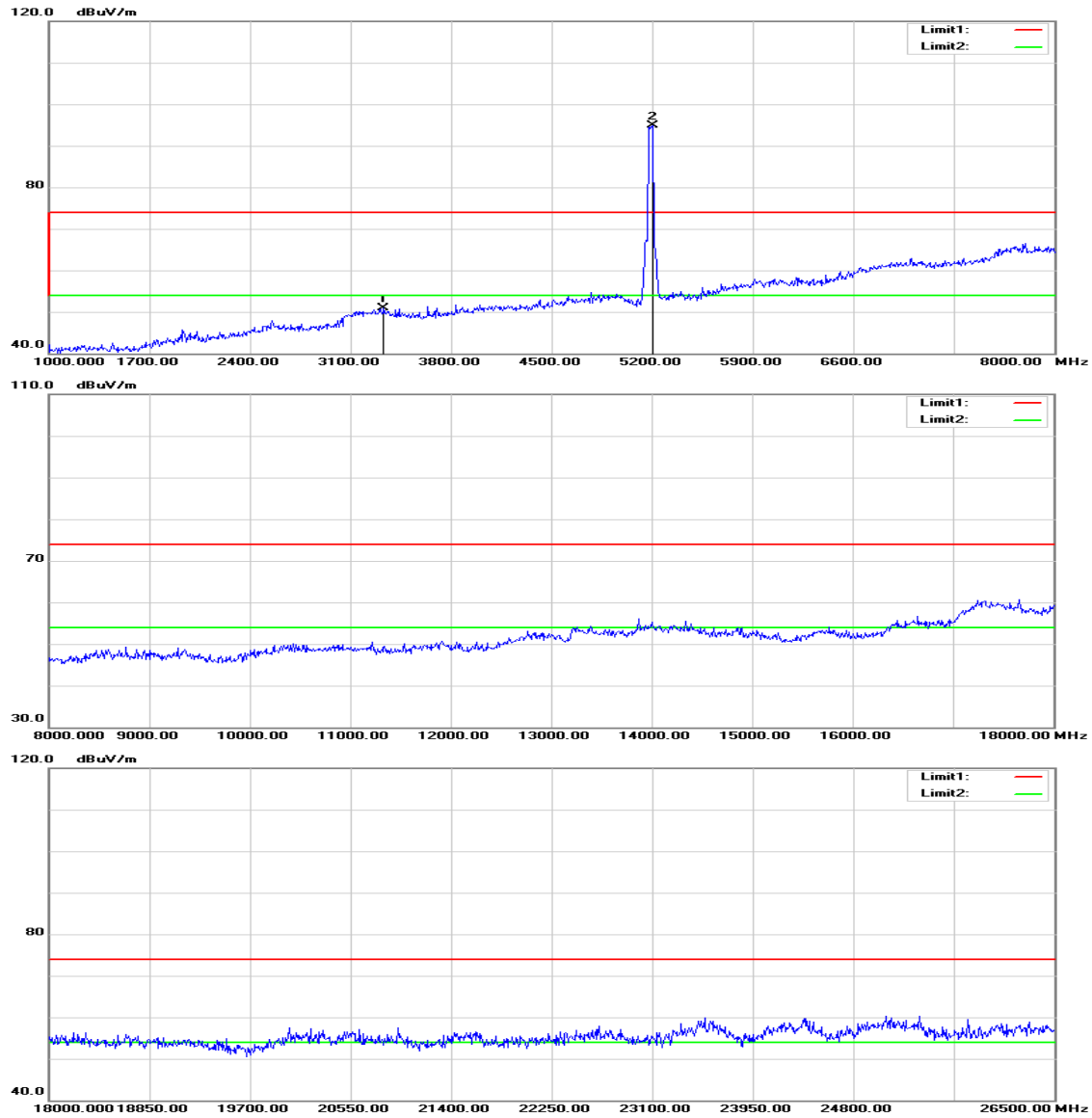


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R L

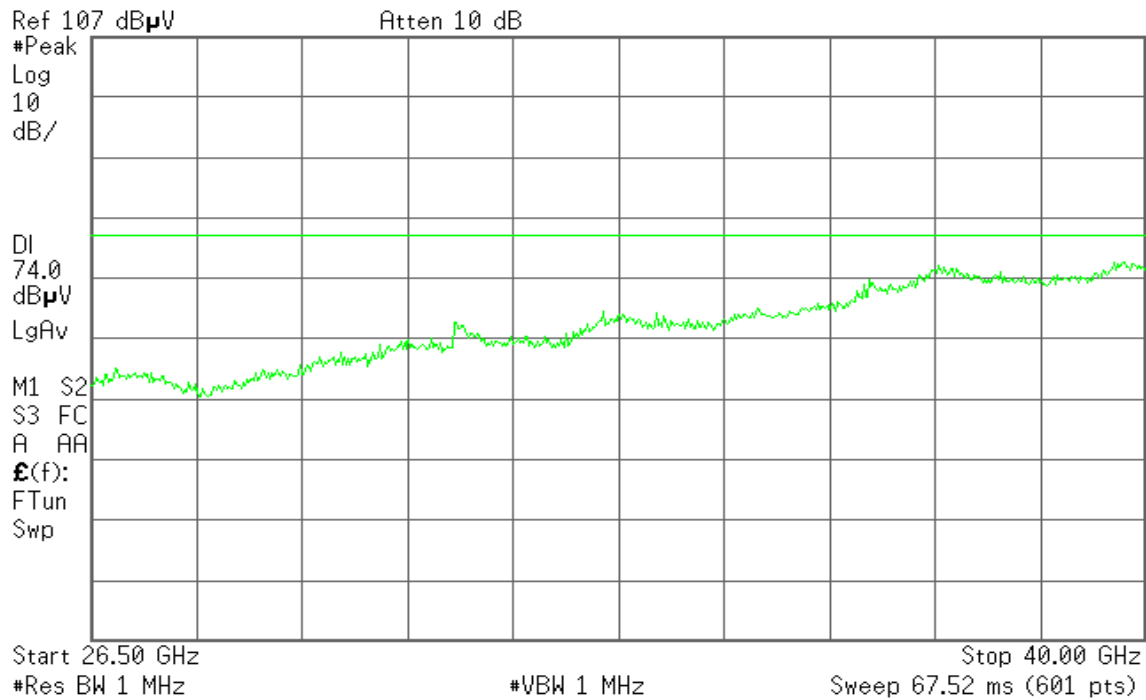


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L





**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH Low  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

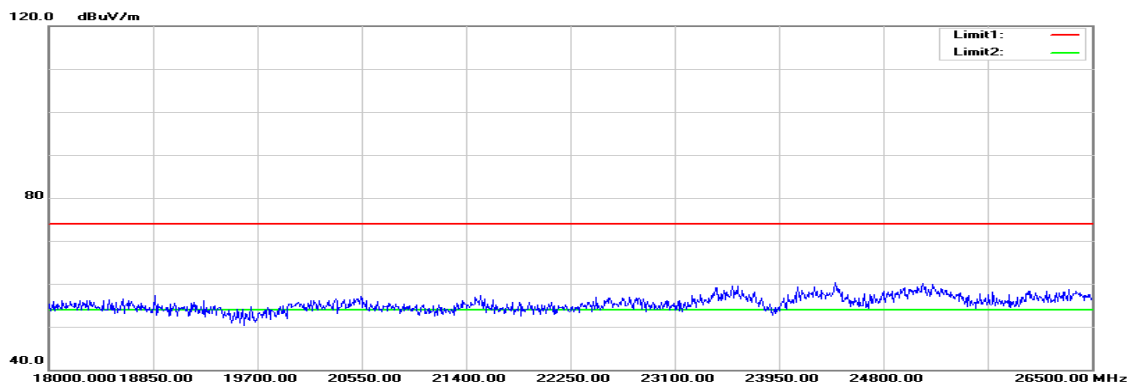
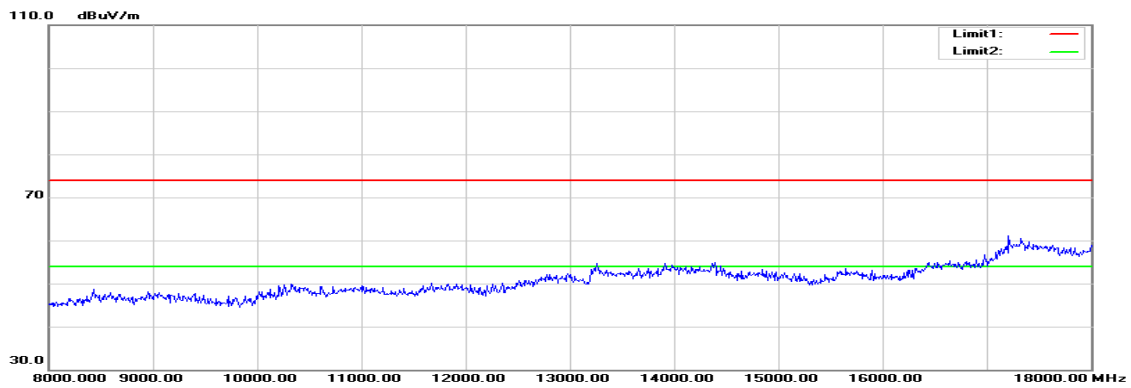
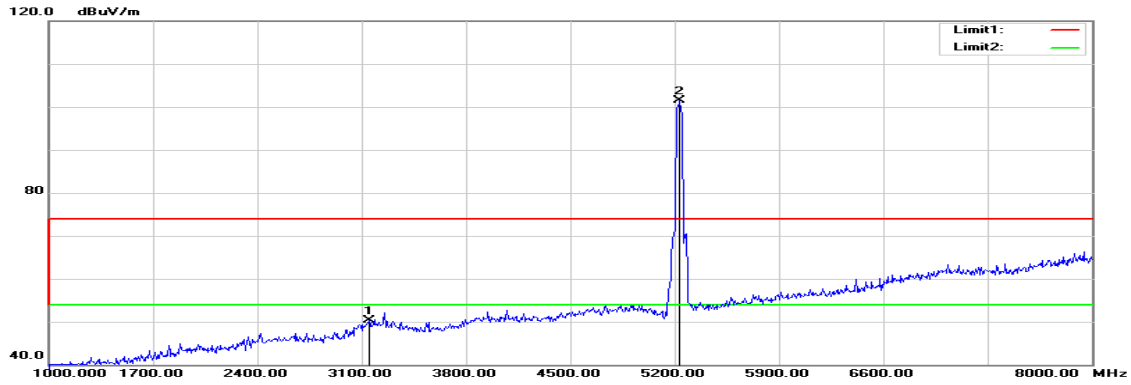
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3387.000	51.81	-1.18	50.63	74.00	-23.37	peak	V
N/A							
3331.000	52.21	-1.32	50.89	74.00	-23.11	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

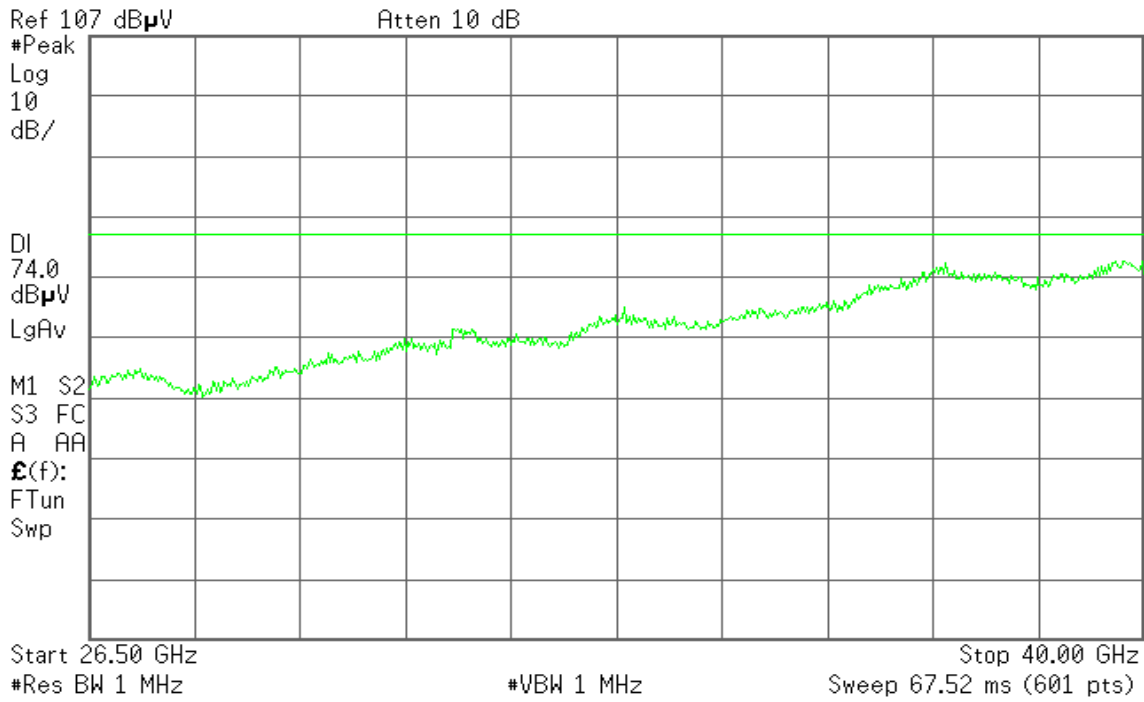
**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH High**

**Polarity: Vertical**

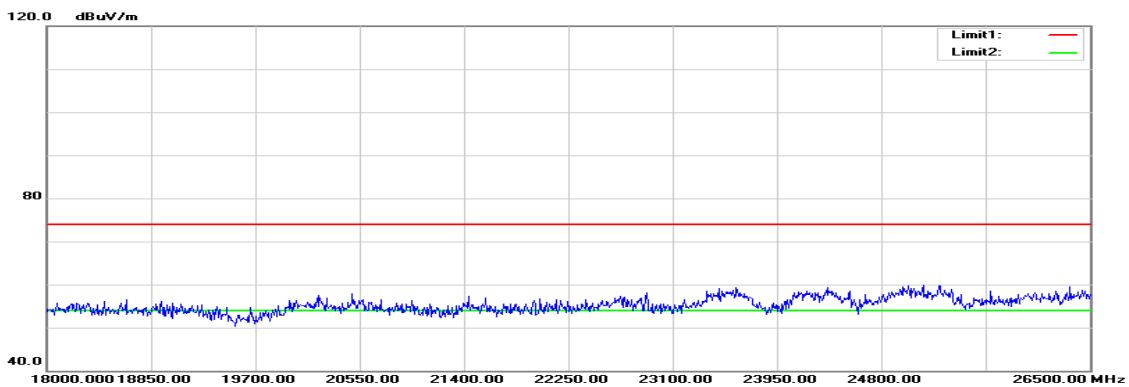
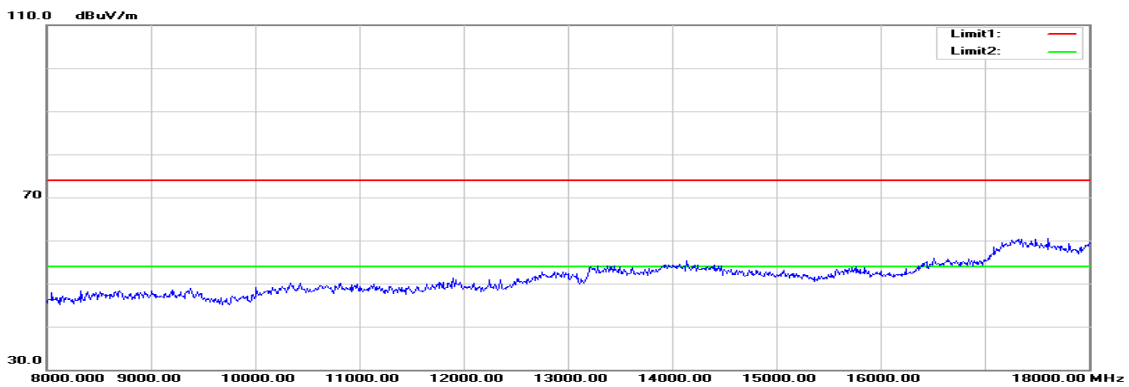
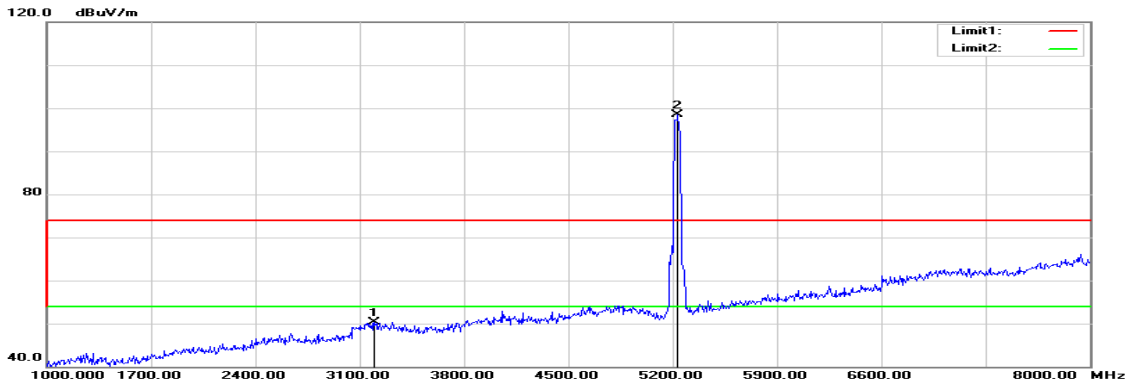


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**R L**

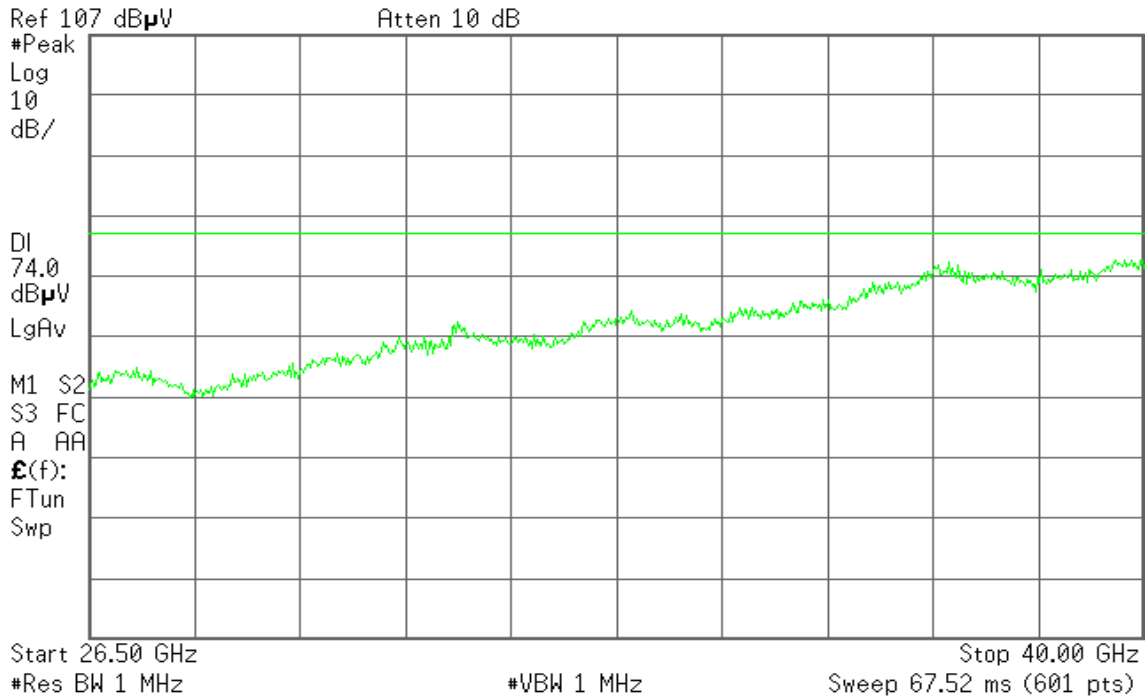


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH High  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

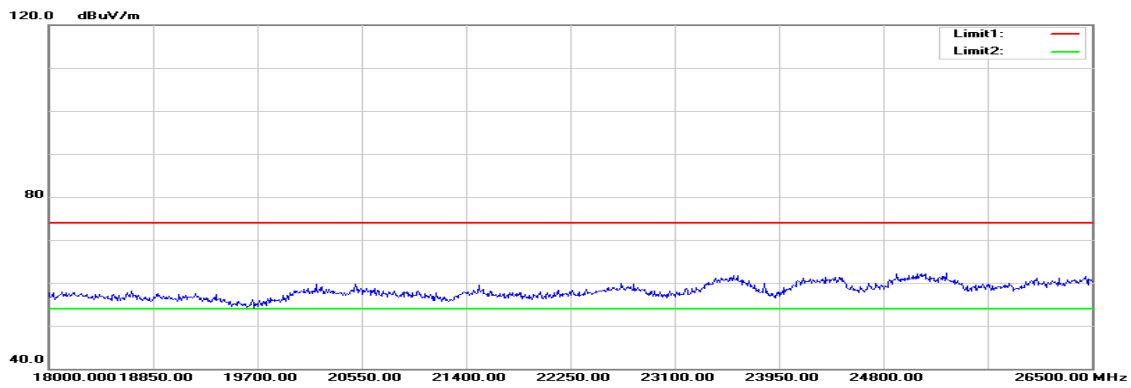
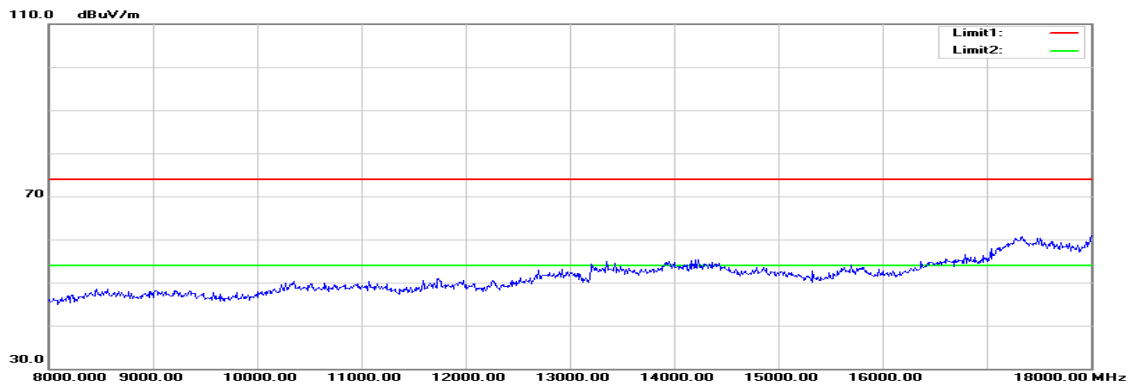
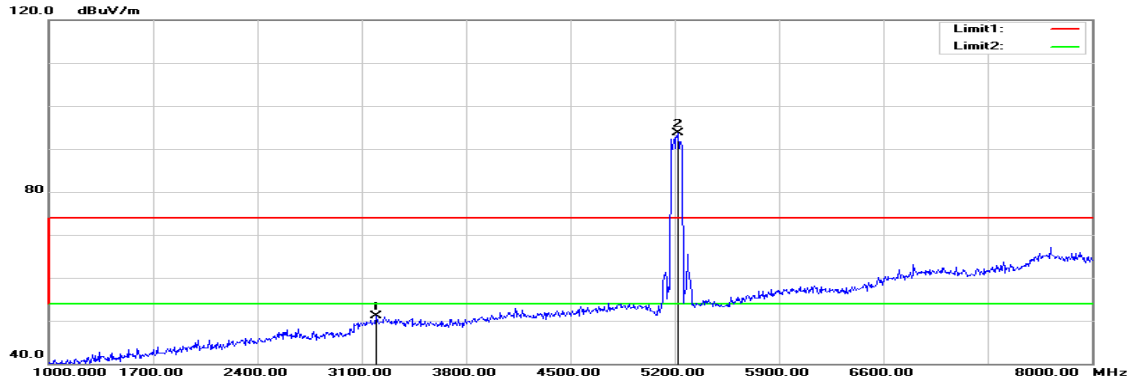
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3149.000	52.14	-1.75	50.39	74.00	-23.61	peak	V
N/A							
3198.000	51.97	-1.63	50.34	74.00	-23.66	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

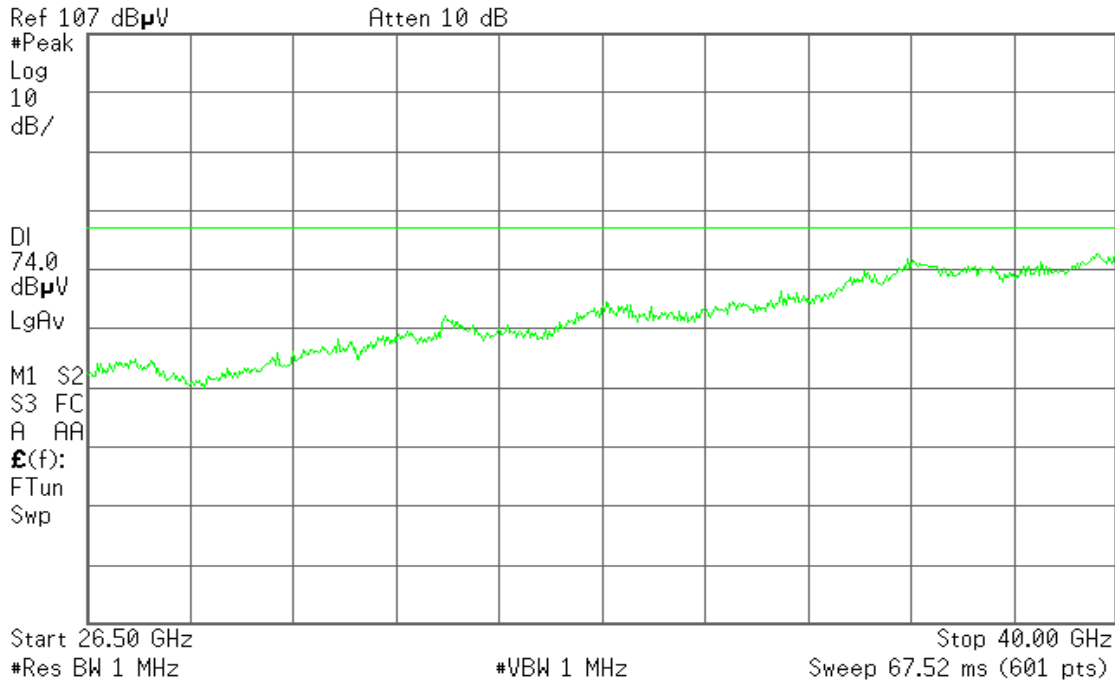
**Tx / IEEE 802.11ac VHT 80 MHz mode / CH Mid**

**Polarity: Vertical**



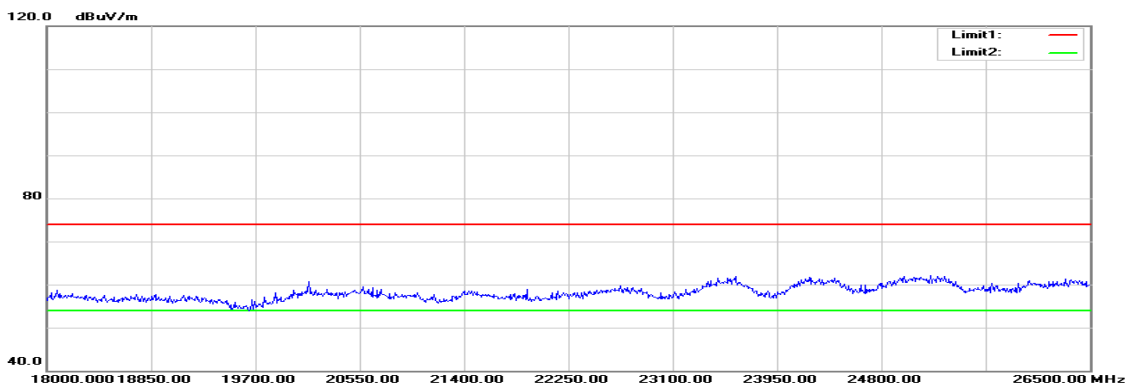
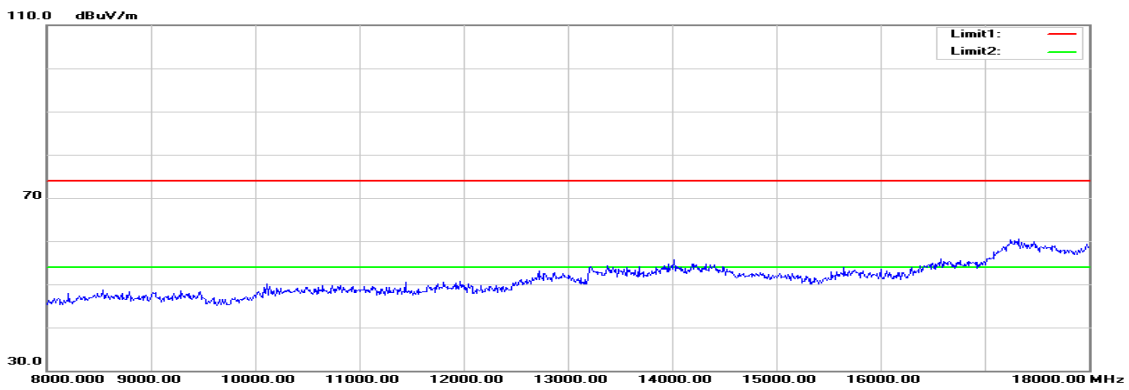
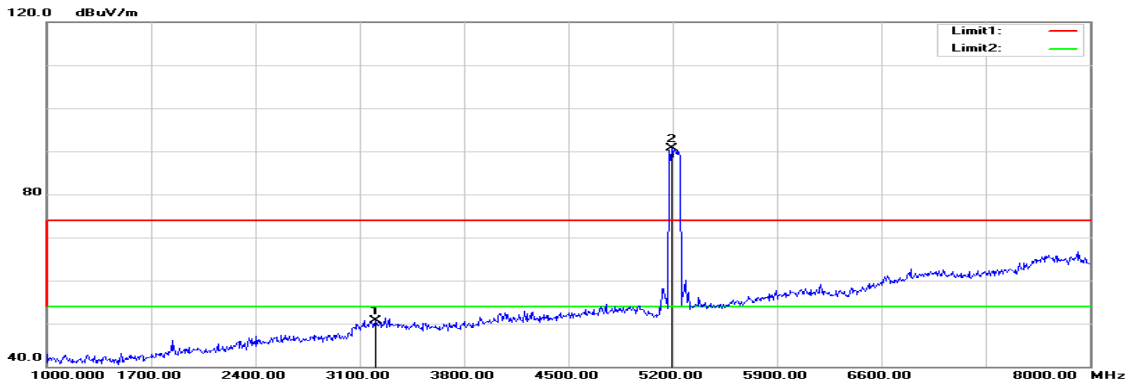
Agilent

R L



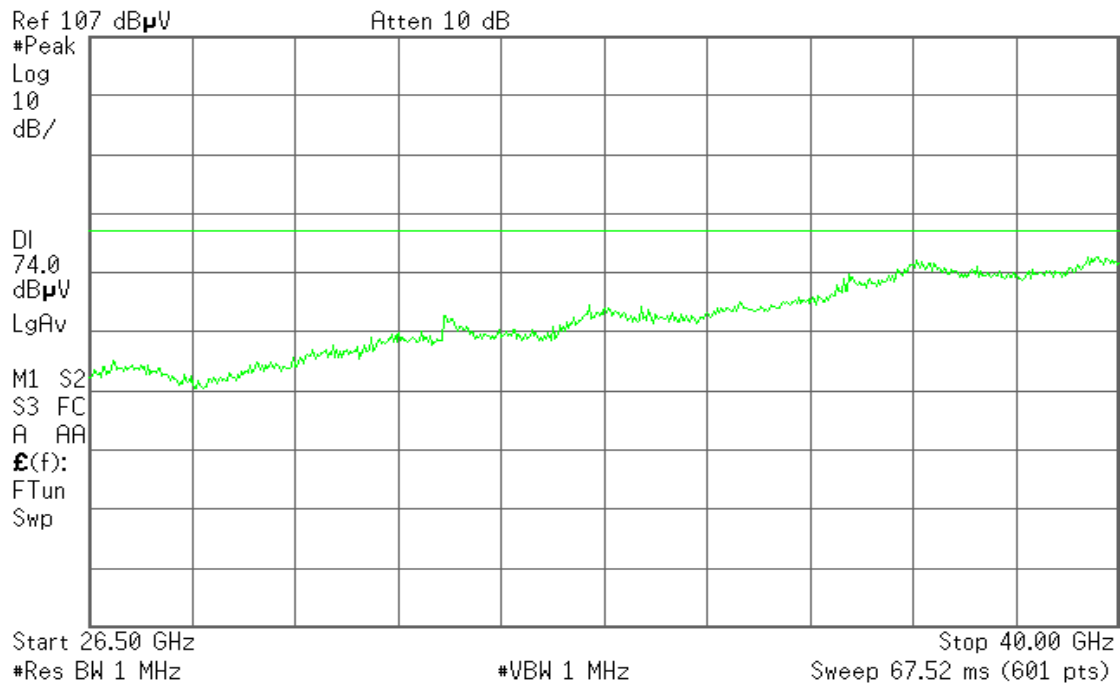


Polarity: Horizontal



 Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11ac VHT 80 MHz mode / CH Mid      **Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Temperature:** 27°C      **Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Humidity:** 53% RH      **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

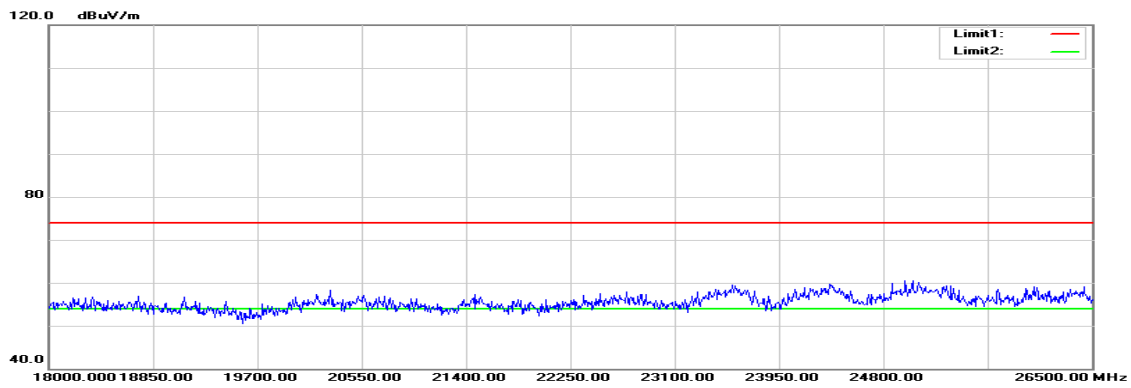
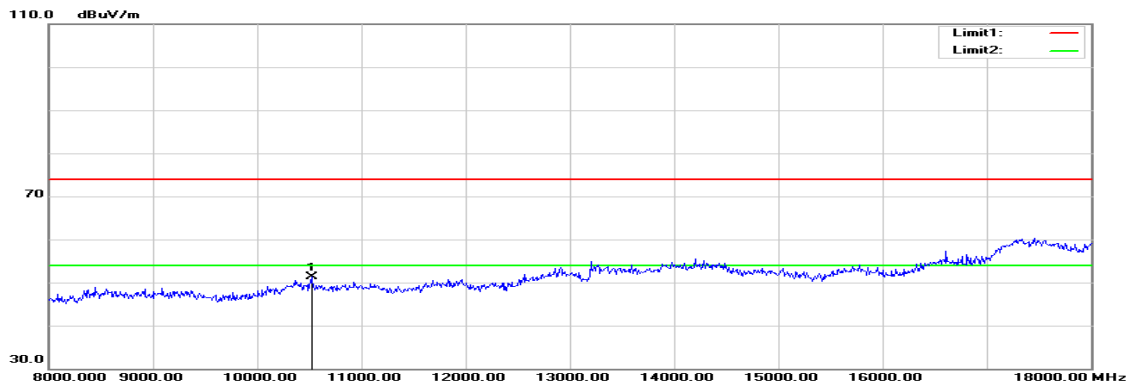
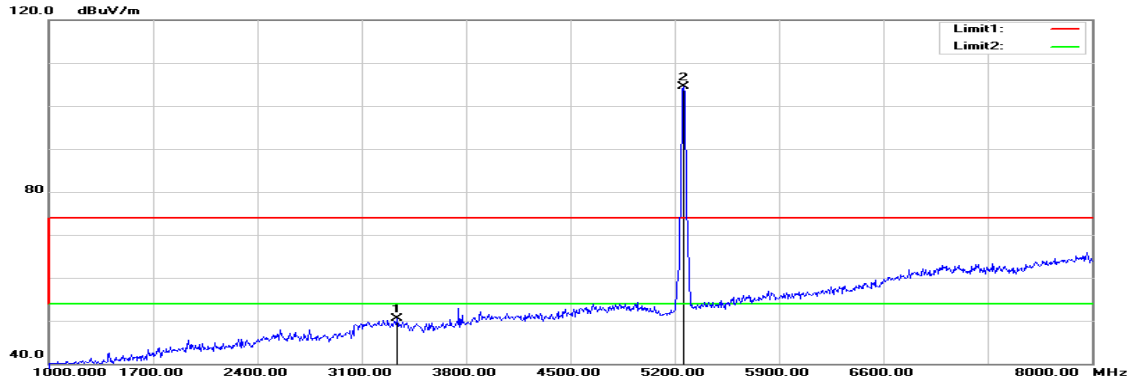
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3198.000	52.82	-1.63	51.19	74.00	-22.81	peak	V
N/A							
3205.000	52.40	-1.62	50.78	74.00	-23.22	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

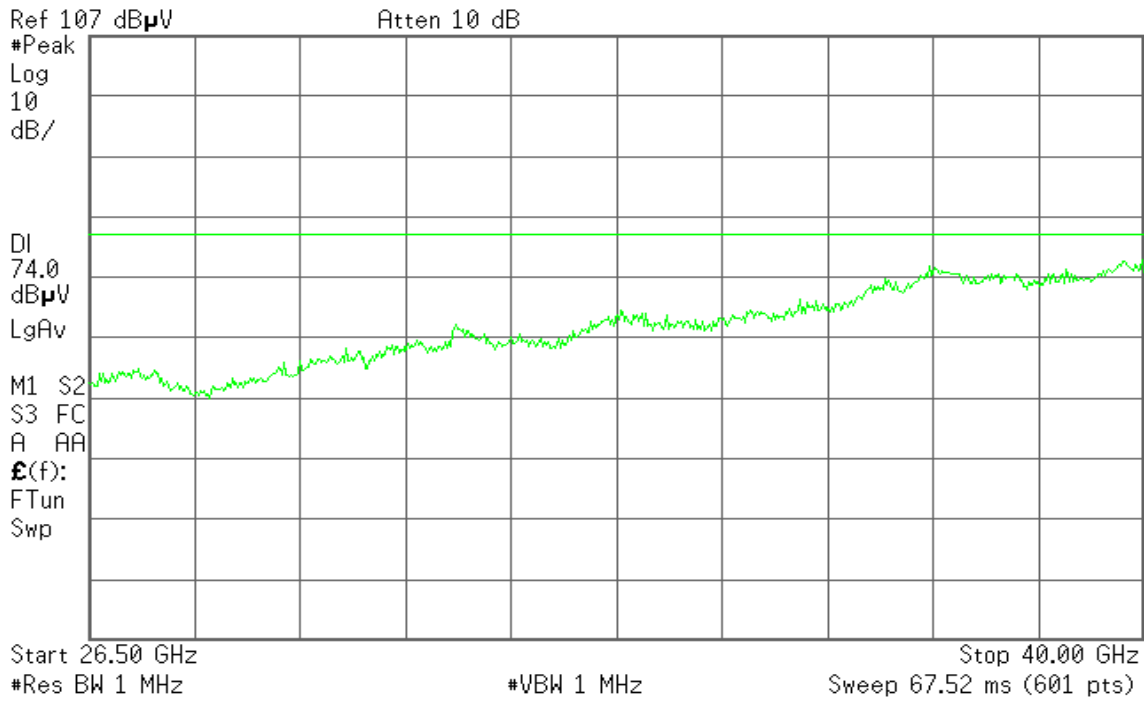
**Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Low**

**Polarity: Vertical**

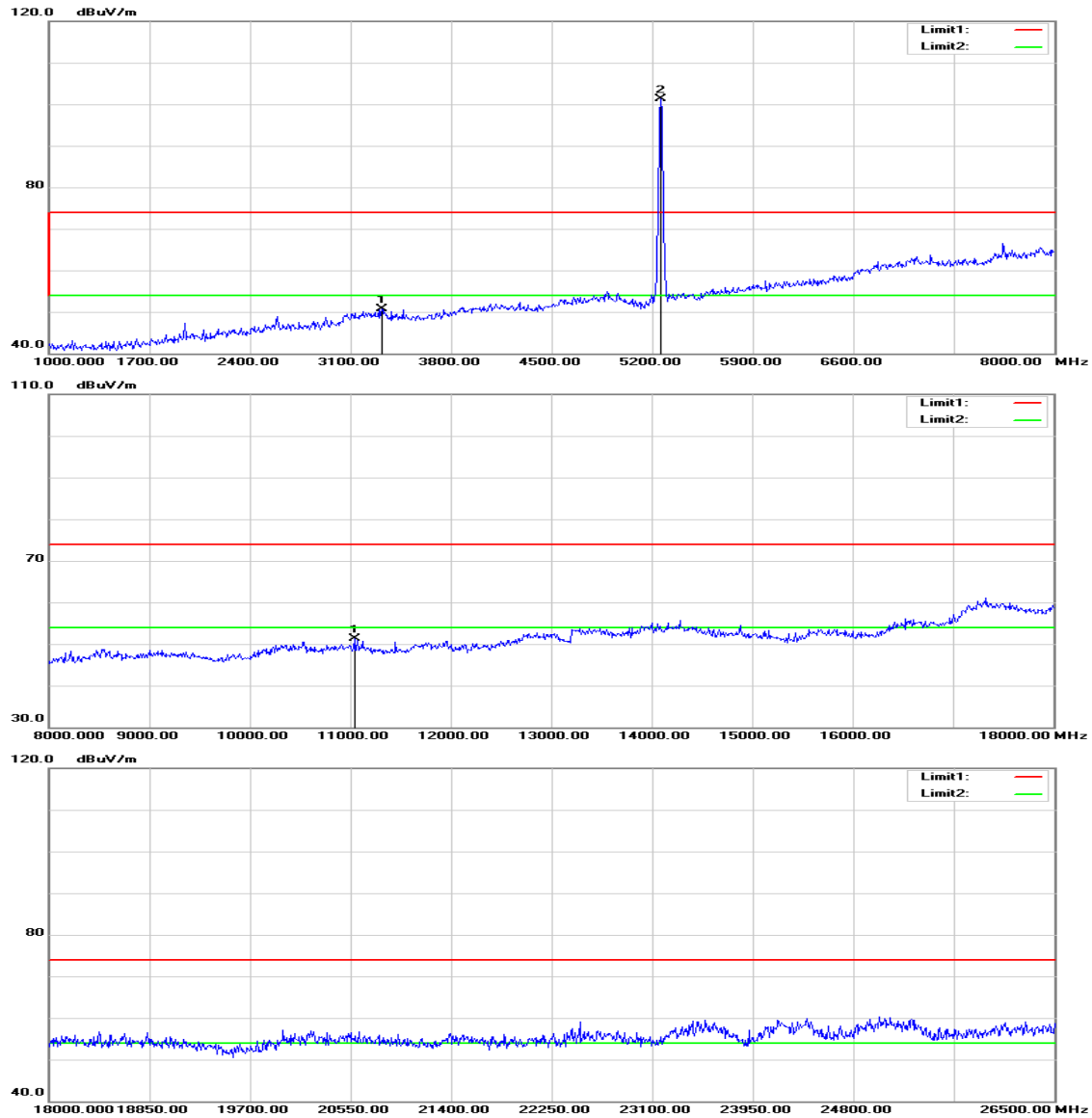


 **Agilent**

**R L**

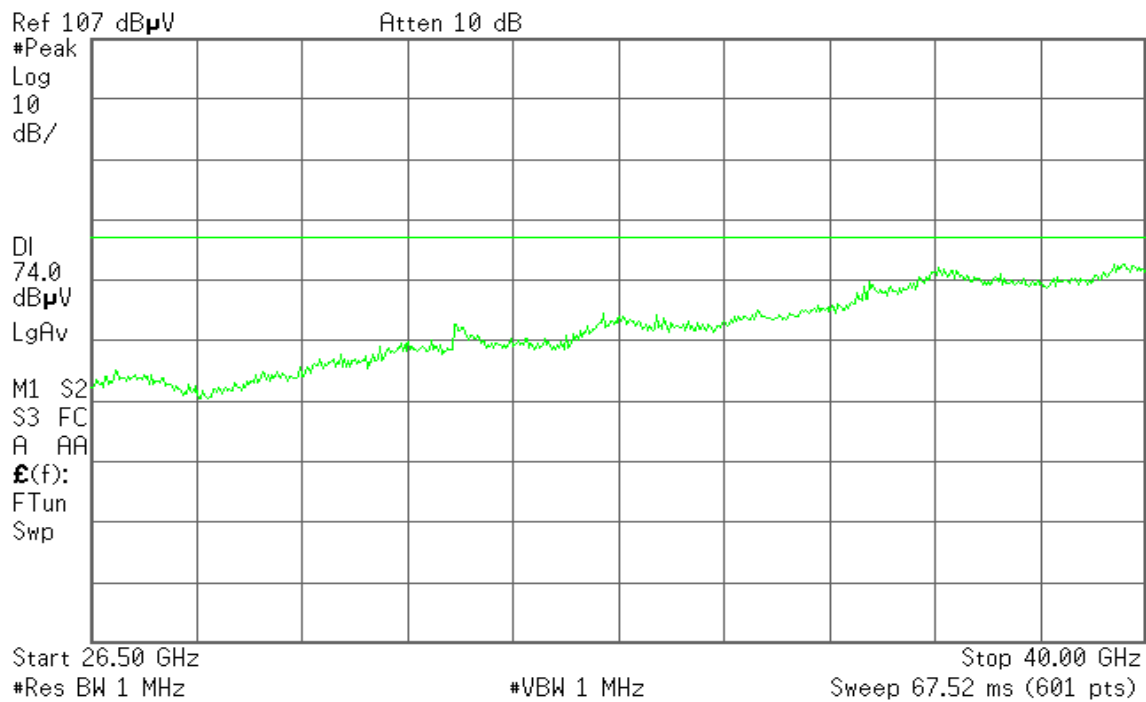


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Low  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3338.000	51.71	-1.30	50.41	74.00	-23.59	peak	V
10520.000	34.25	17.14	51.39	74.00	-22.61	peak	V
N/A							
3317.000	51.97	-1.35	50.62	74.00	-23.38	peak	H
11040.000	34.47	16.73	51.20	74.00	-22.80	peak	H
N/A							

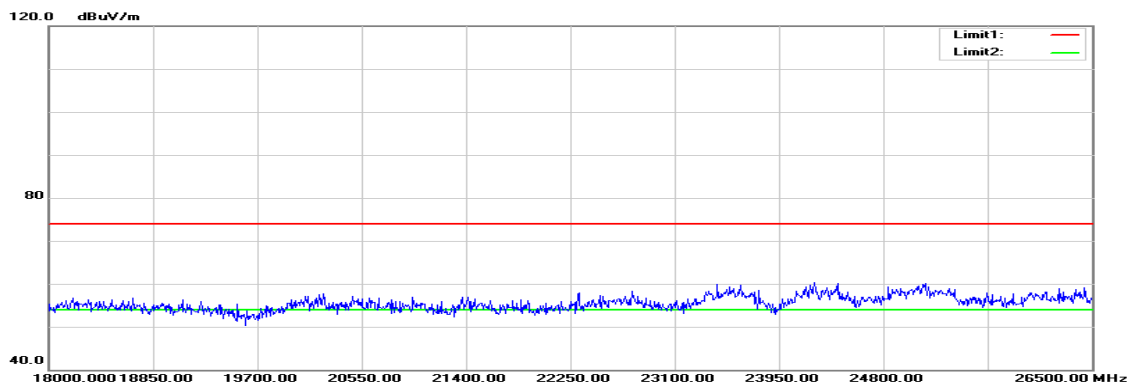
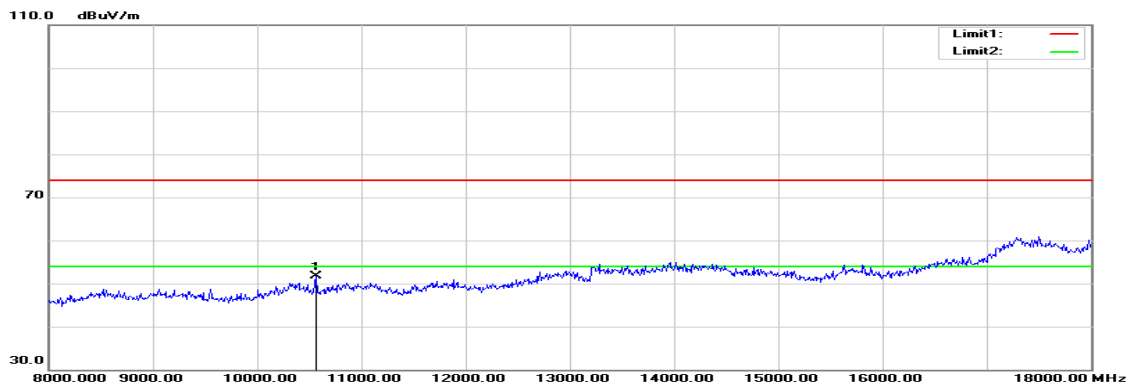
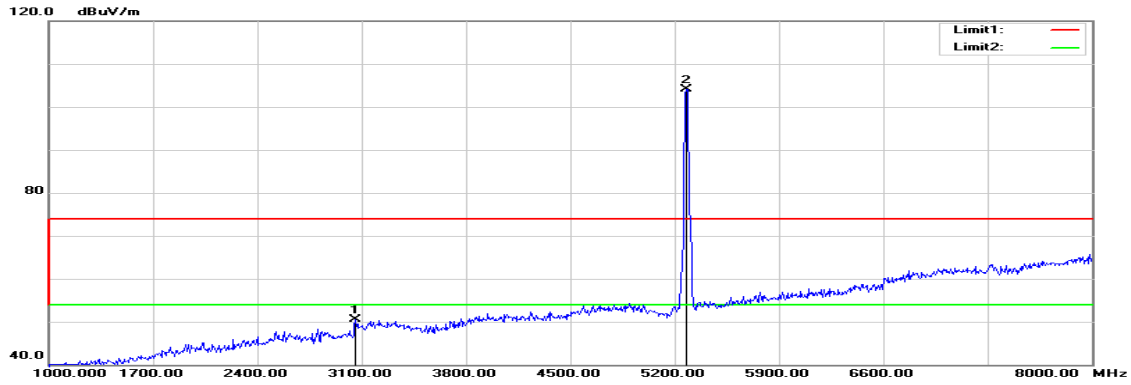
**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



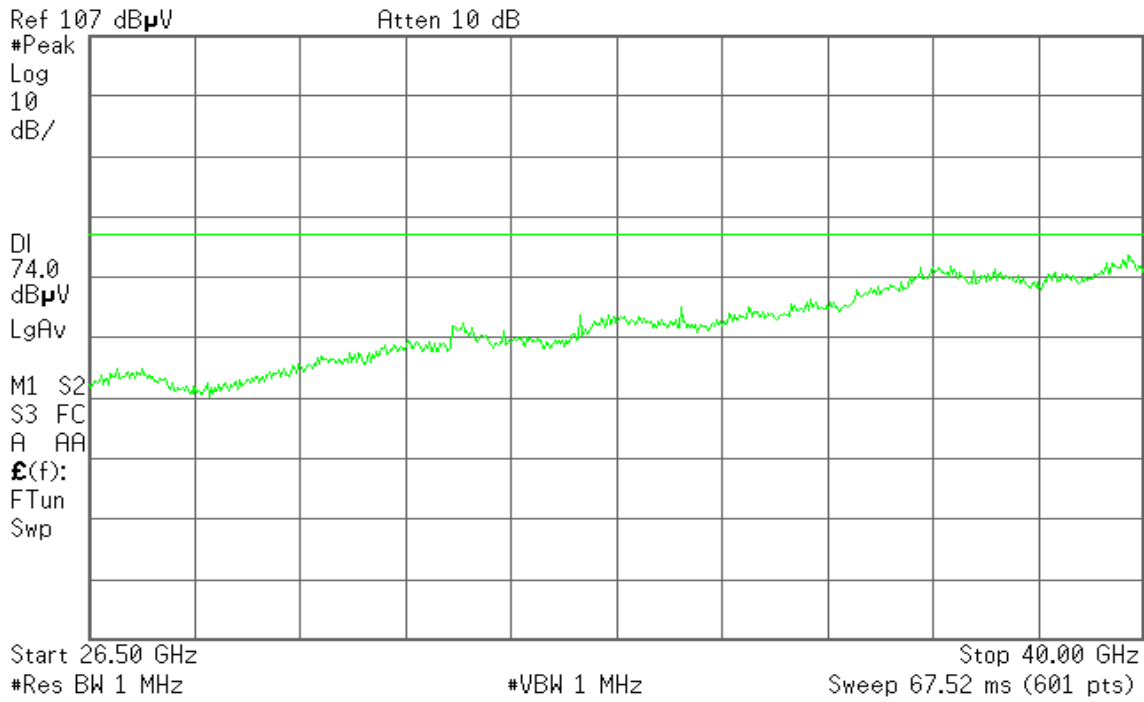
**Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Mid**

**Polarity: Vertical**

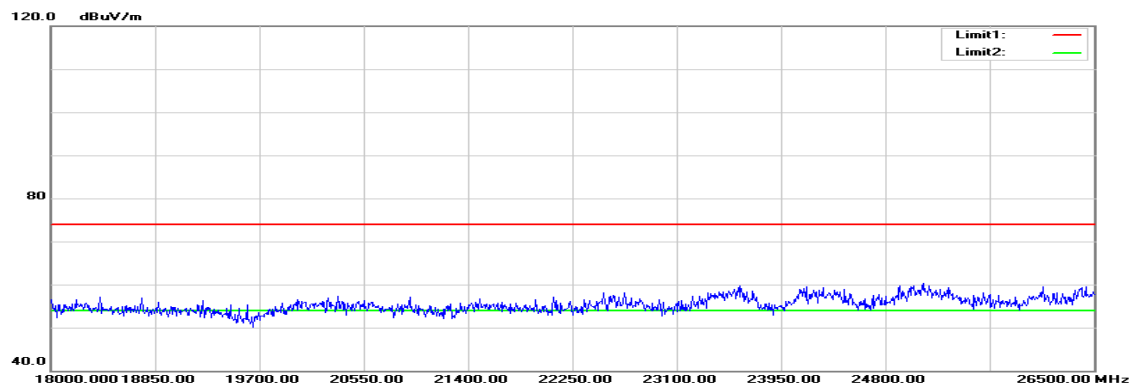
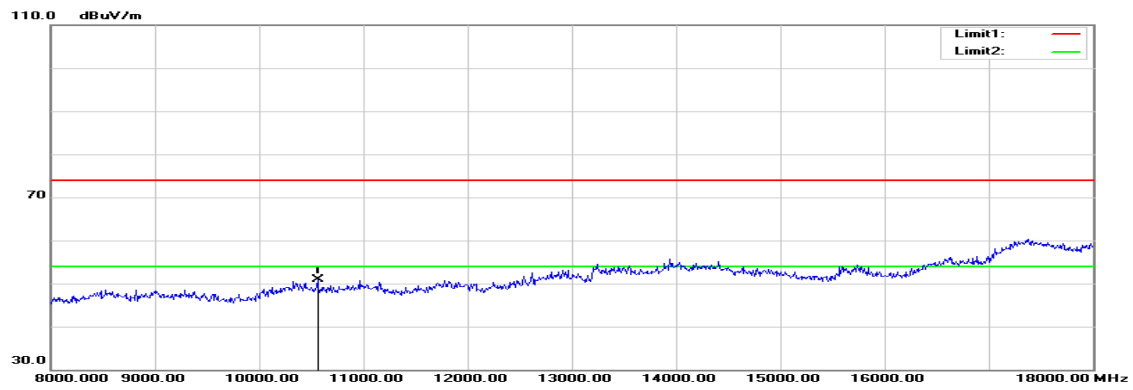
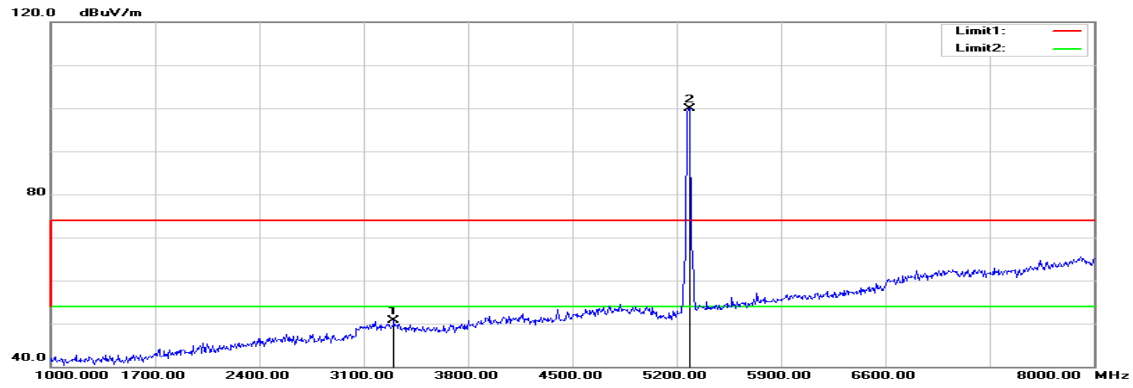


Agilent

R L

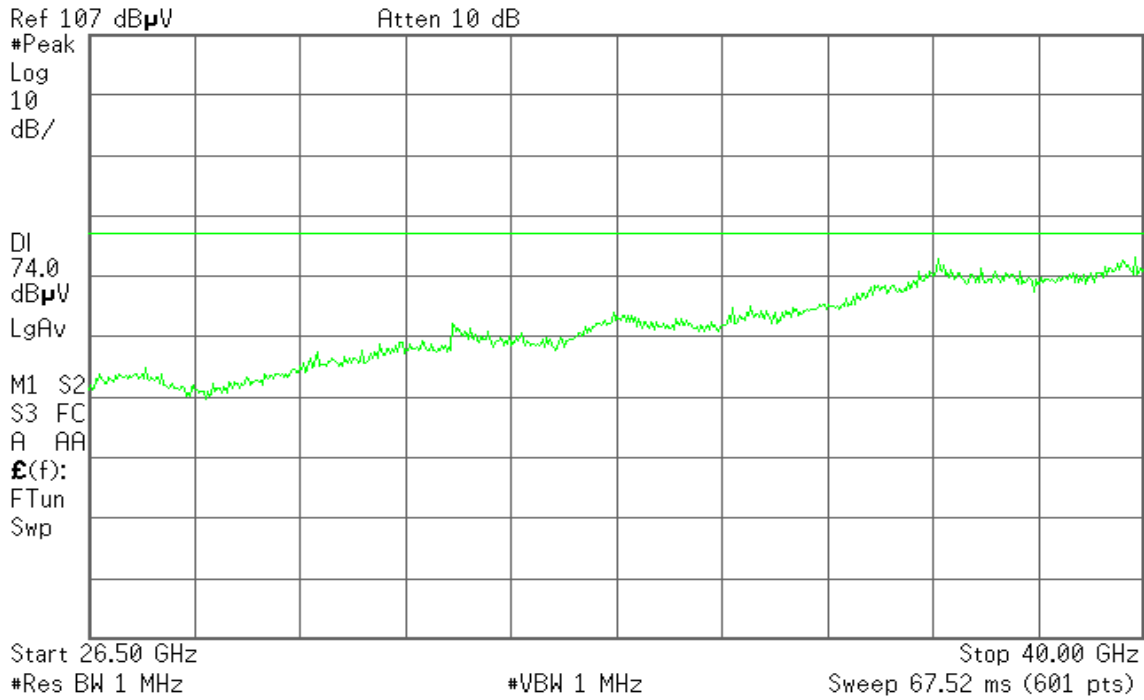


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Mid  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

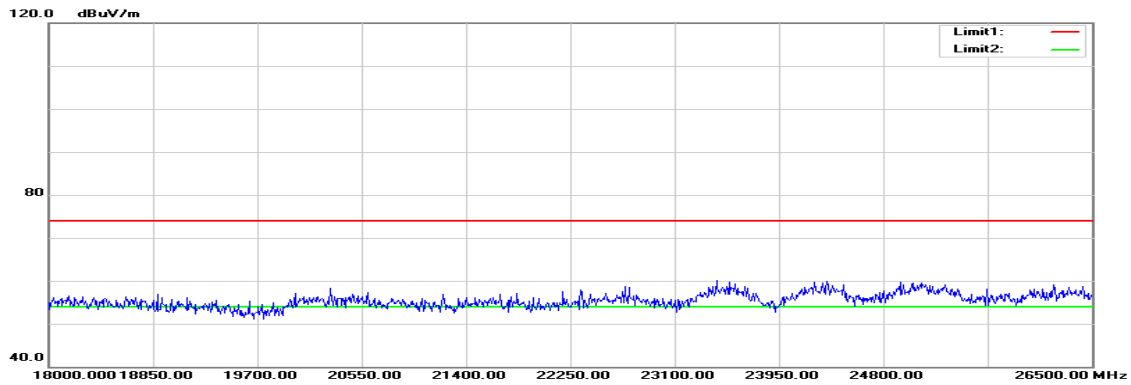
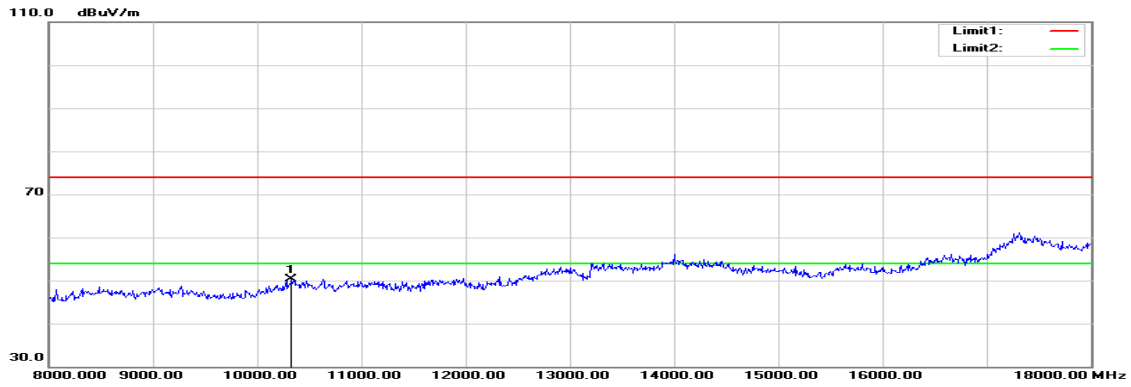
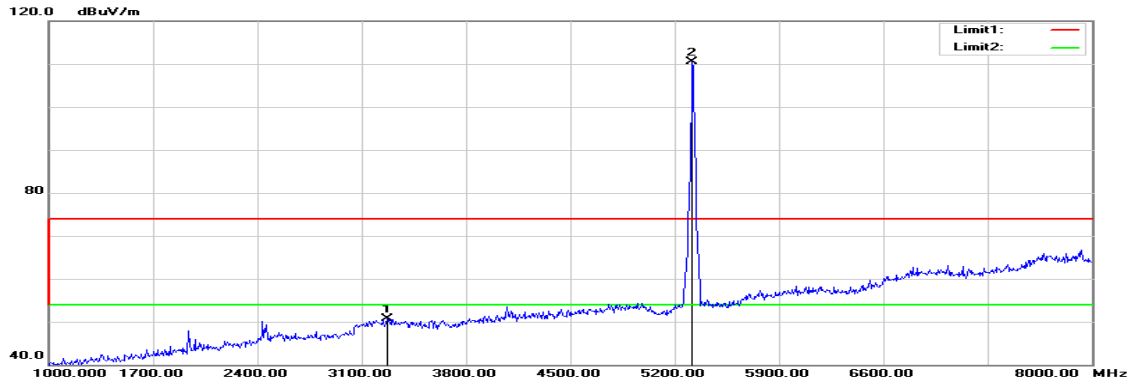
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3058.000	52.47	-1.97	50.50	74.00	-23.50	peak	V
10560.000	34.66	17.11	51.77	74.00	-22.23	peak	V
N/A							
3303.000	52.01	-1.38	50.63	74.00	-23.37	peak	H
10560.000	33.84	17.11	50.95	74.00	-23.05	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

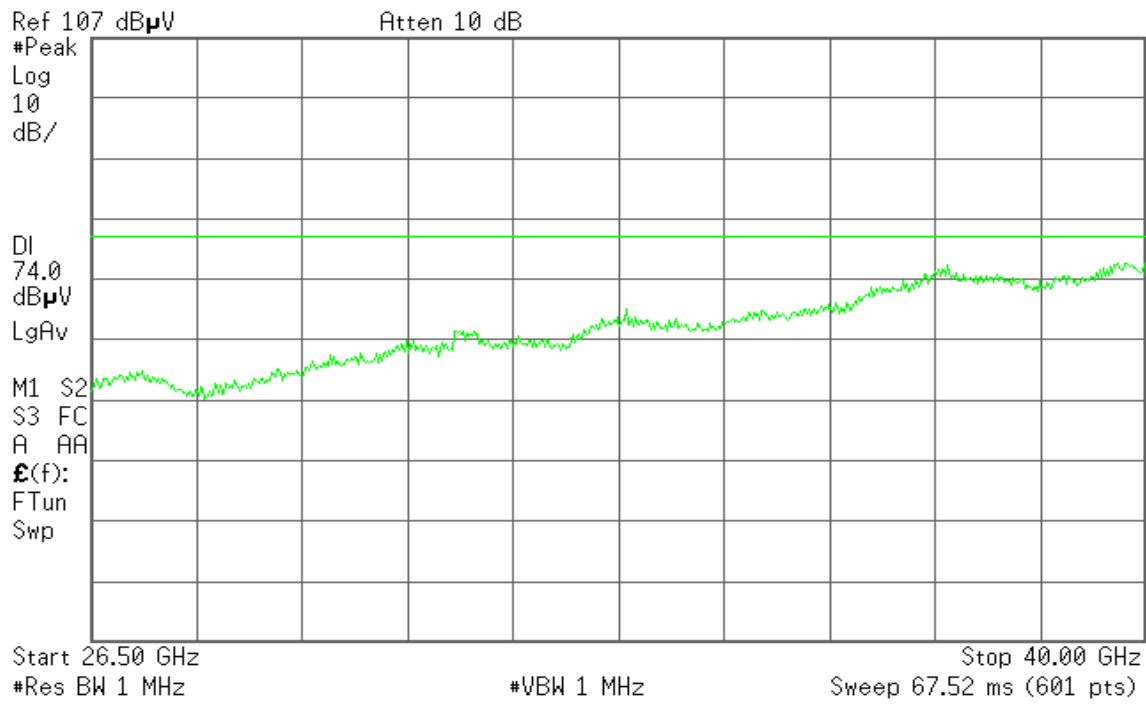
**Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH High**

**Polarity: Vertical**

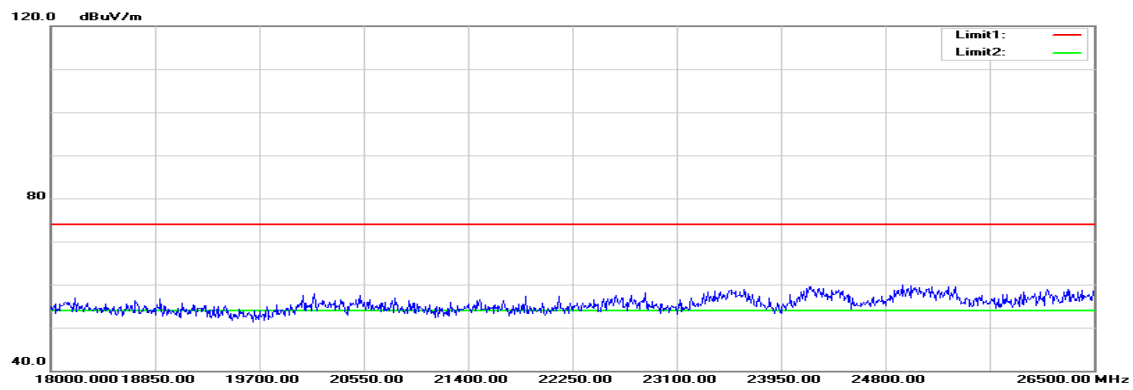
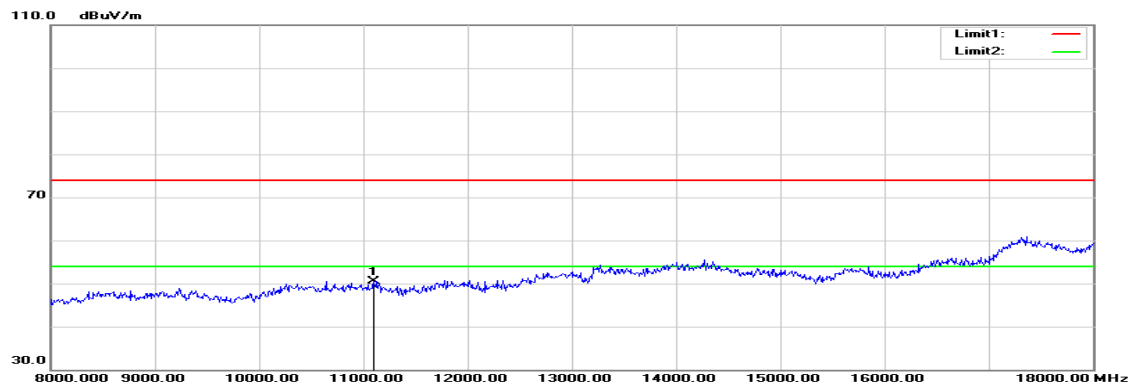
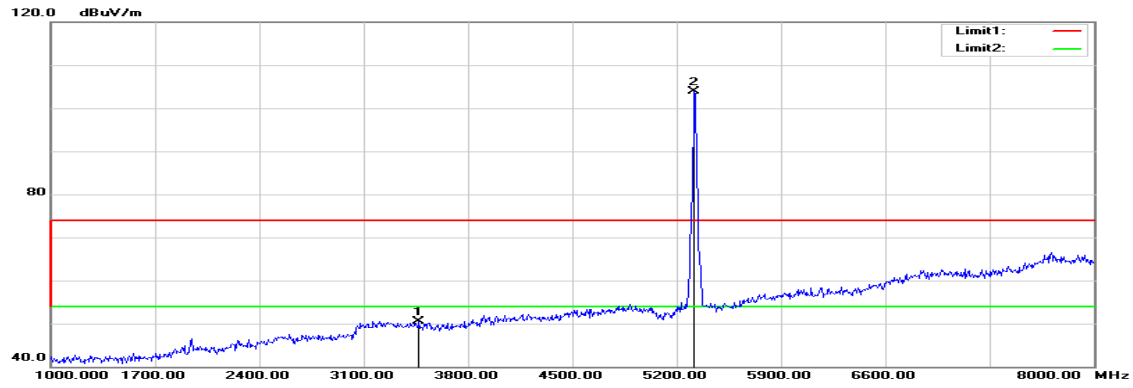


 **Agilent**

**R L**



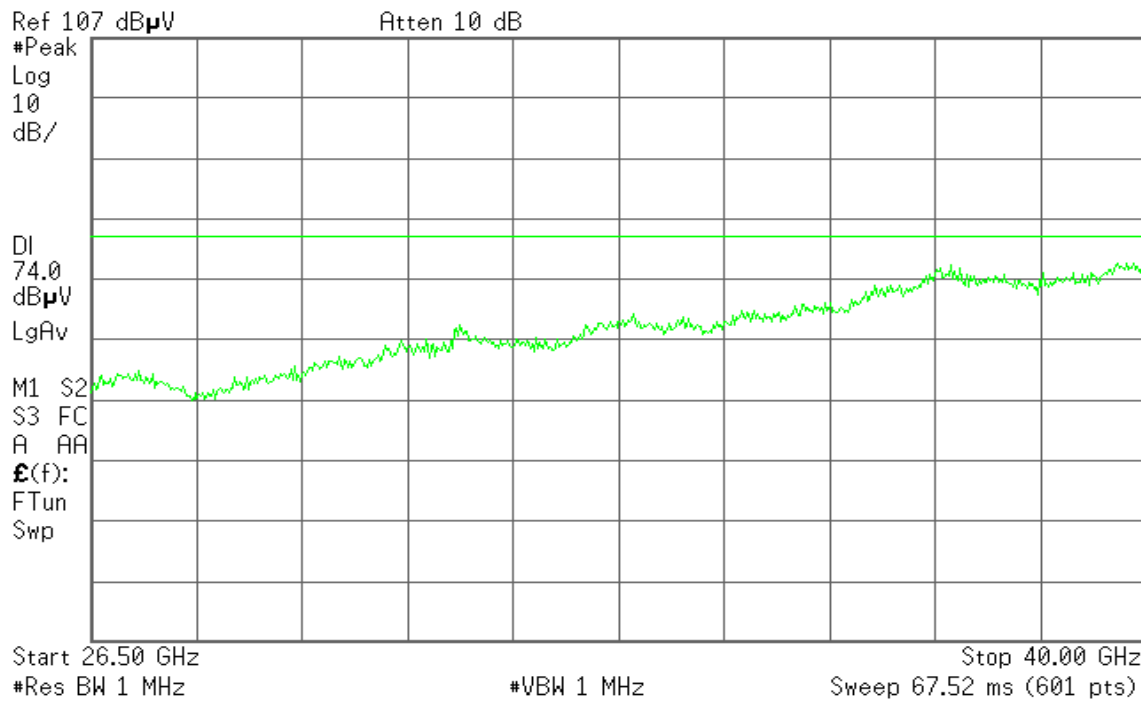
Polarity: Horizontal





 **Agilent**

**R L**



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH High  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

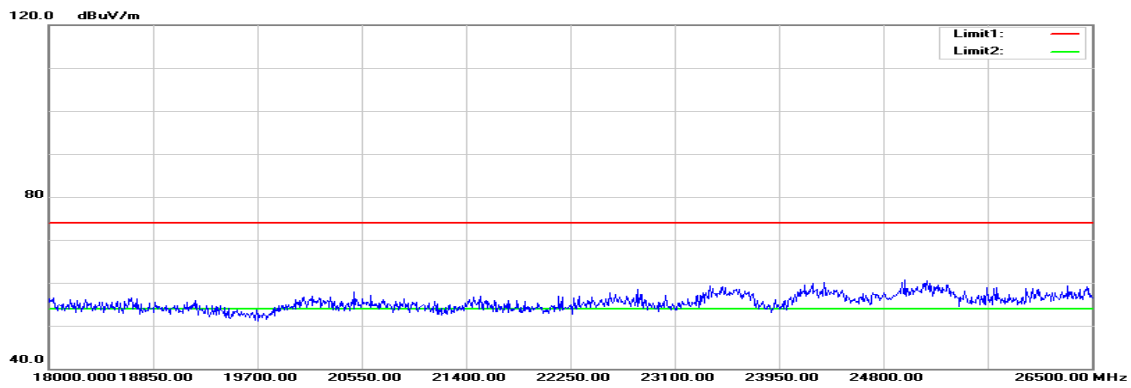
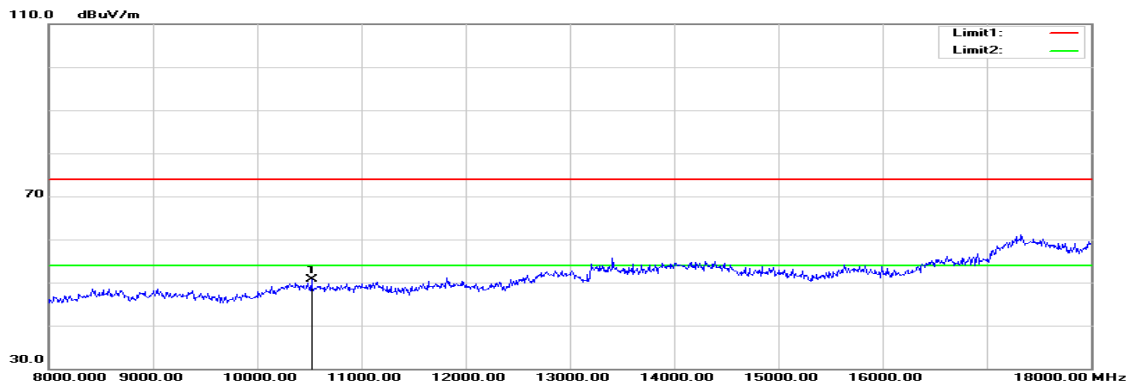
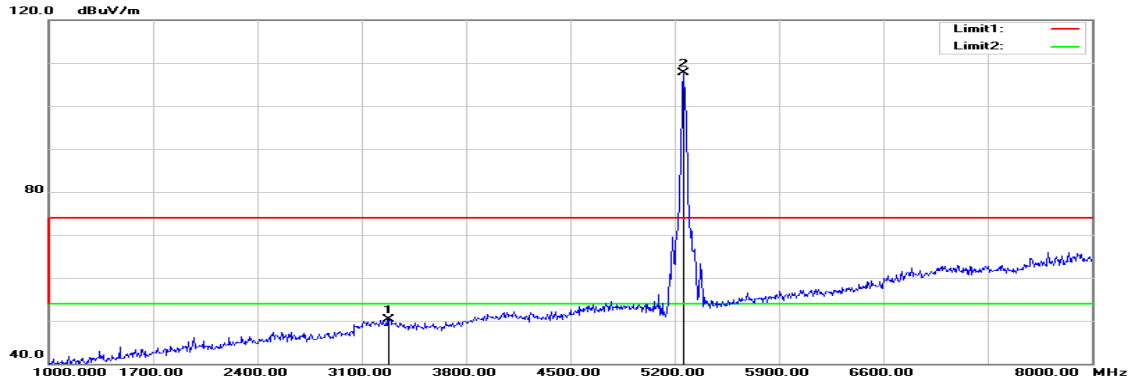
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3275.000	52.18	-1.45	50.73	74.00	-23.27	peak	V
10330.000	33.96	16.39	50.35	74.00	-23.65	peak	V
N/A							
3471.000	51.49	-0.98	50.51	74.00	-23.49	peak	H
11100.000	33.69	16.74	50.43	74.00	-23.57	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

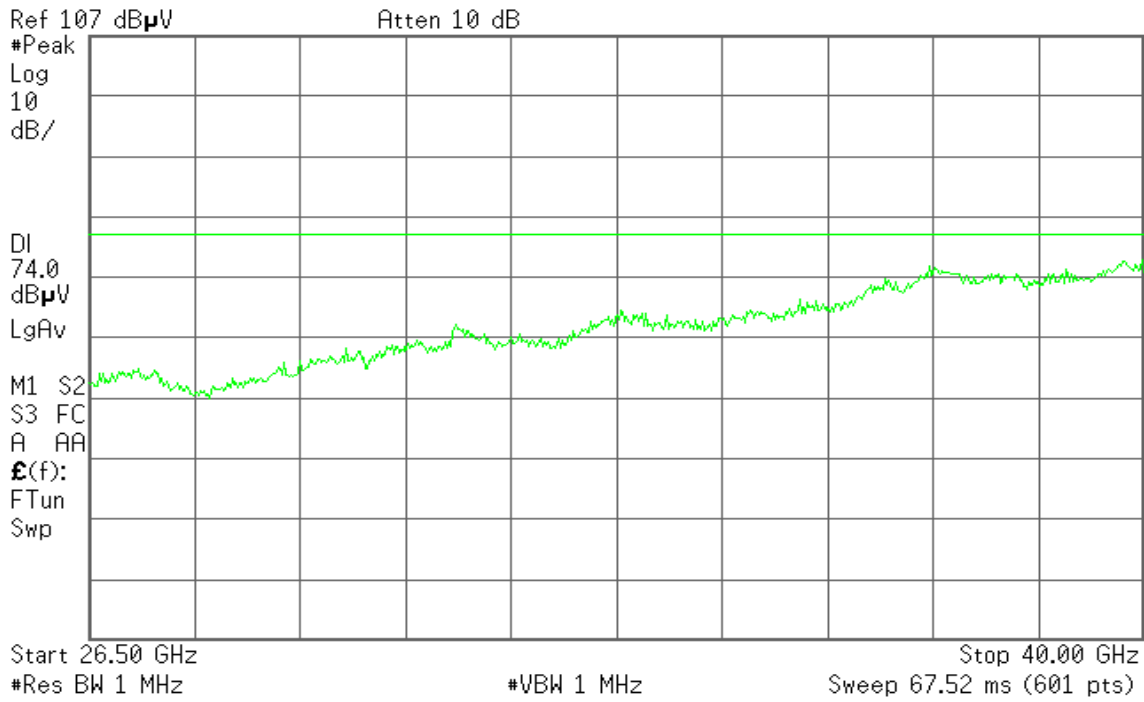
**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH Low**

**Polarity: Vertical**

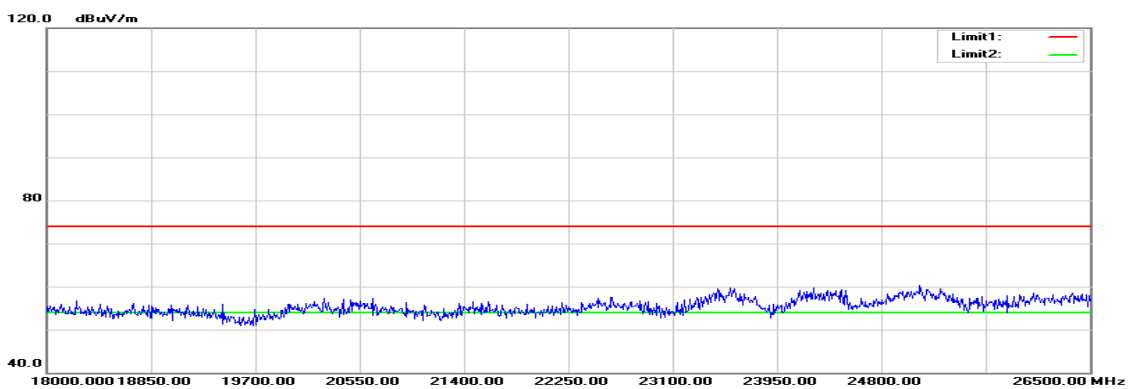
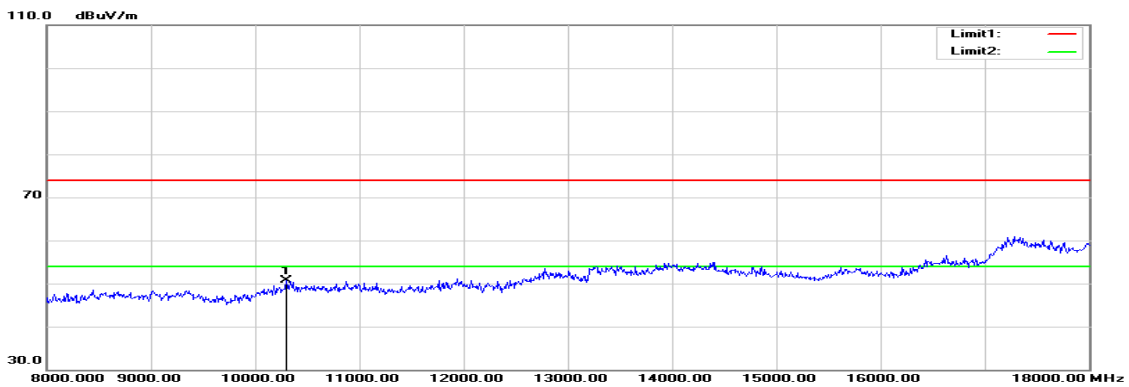
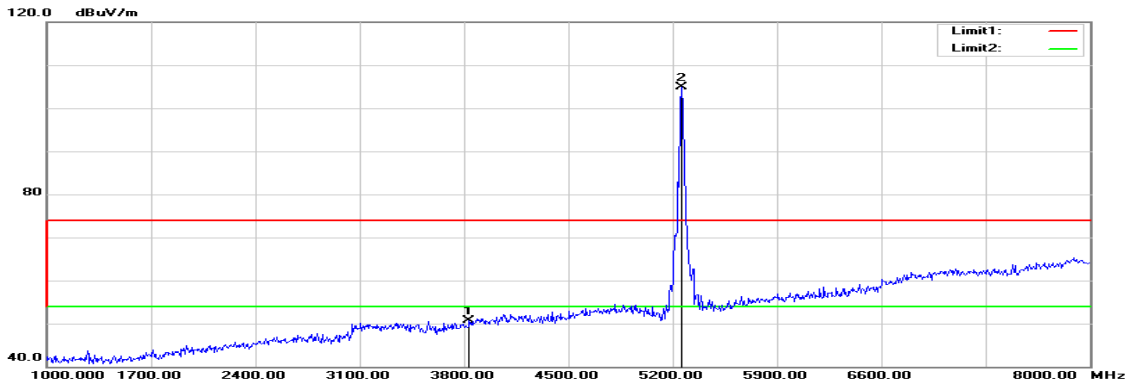


 **Agilent**

**R L**

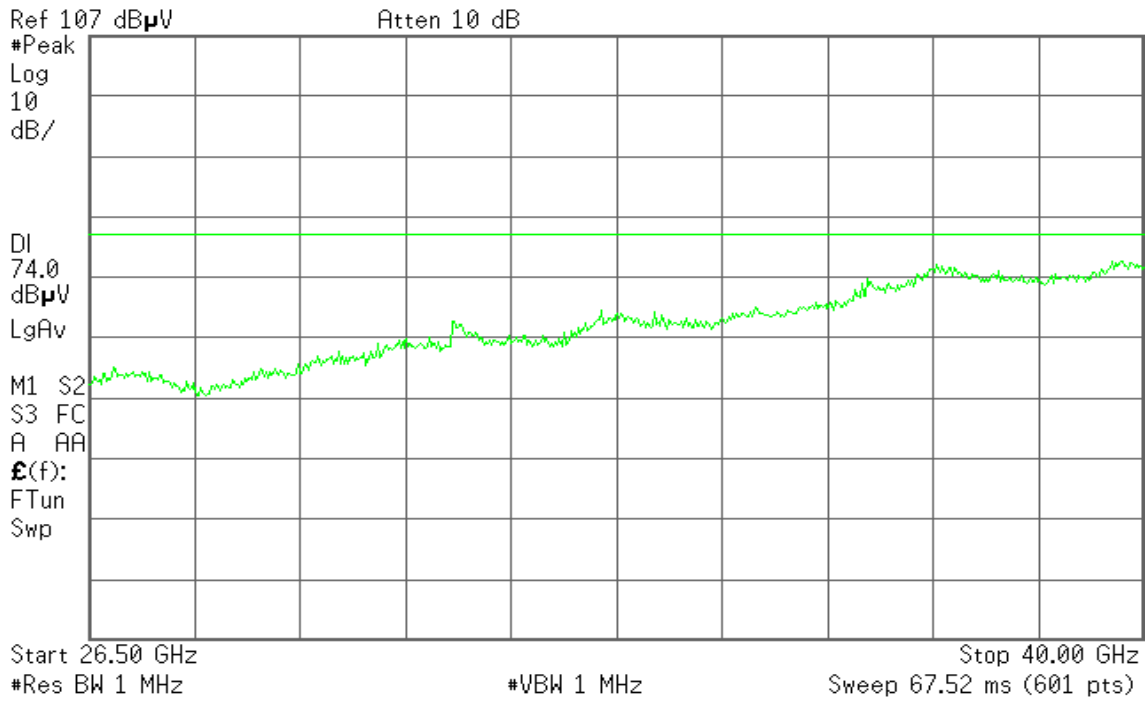


Polarity: Horizontal



 **Agilent**

**R L**



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH Low  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

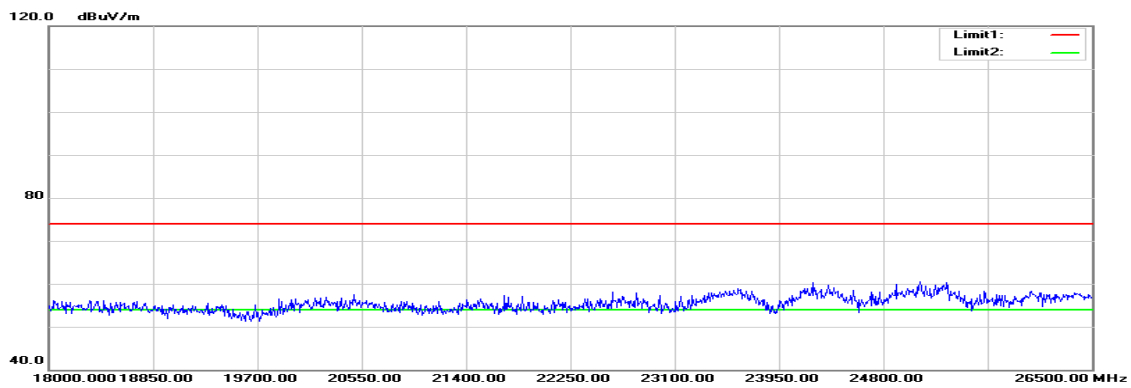
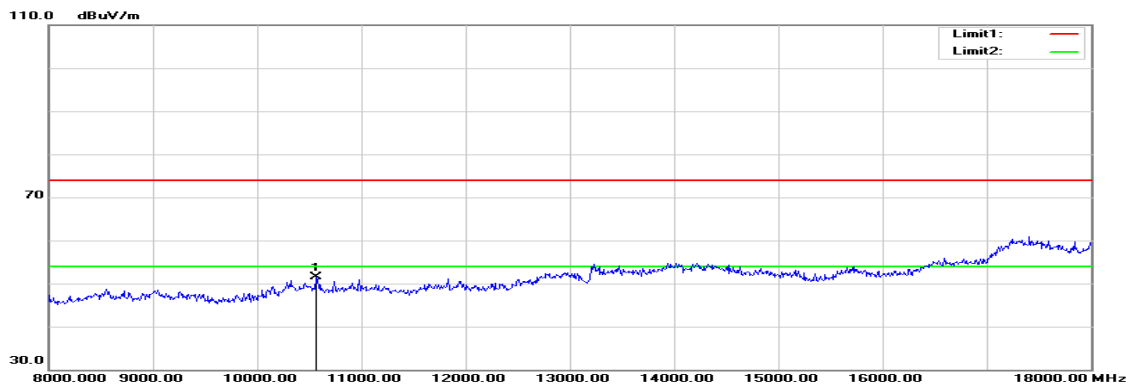
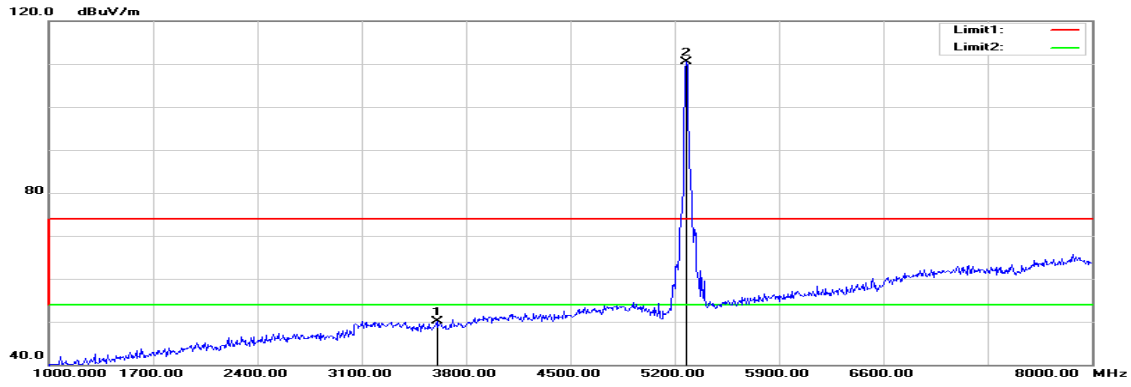
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3282.000	51.73	-1.43	50.30	74.00	-23.70	peak	V
10520.000	33.51	17.14	50.65	74.00	-23.35	peak	V
N/A							
3835.000	50.12	0.52	50.64	74.00	-23.36	peak	H
10300.000	34.54	16.25	50.79	74.00	-23.21	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / Ch Mid**

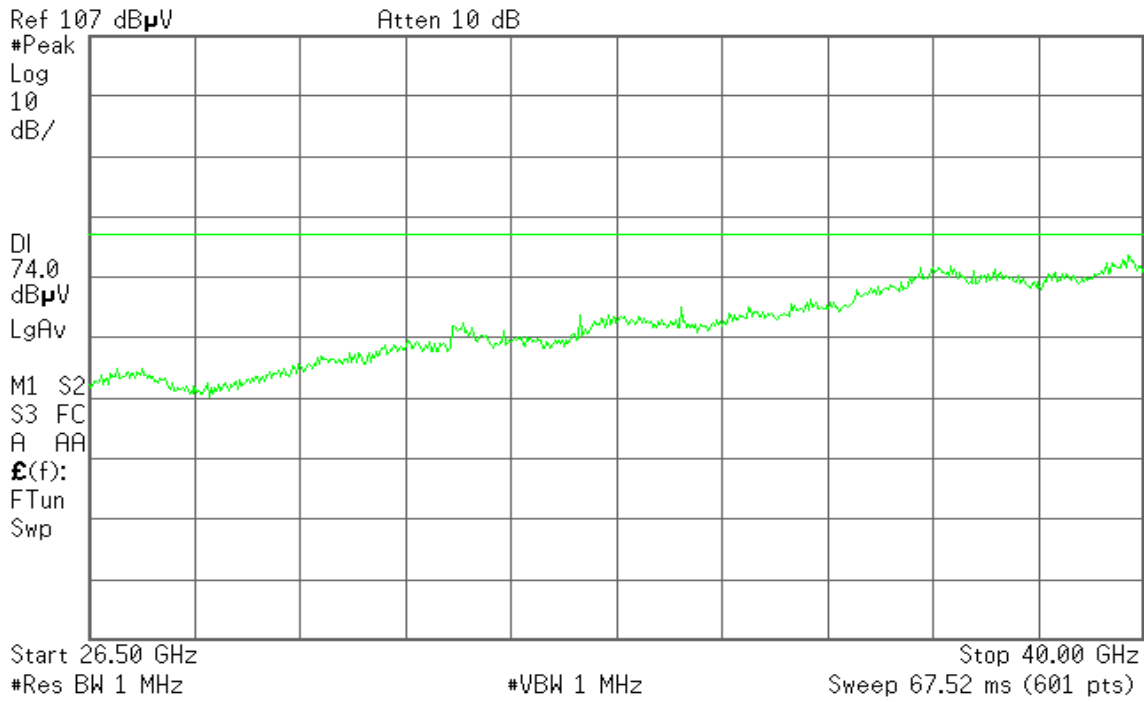
**Polarity: Vertical**



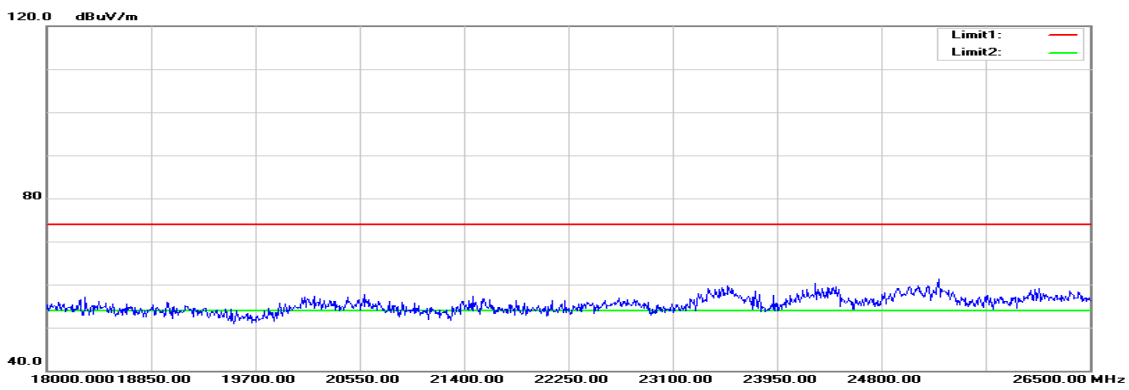
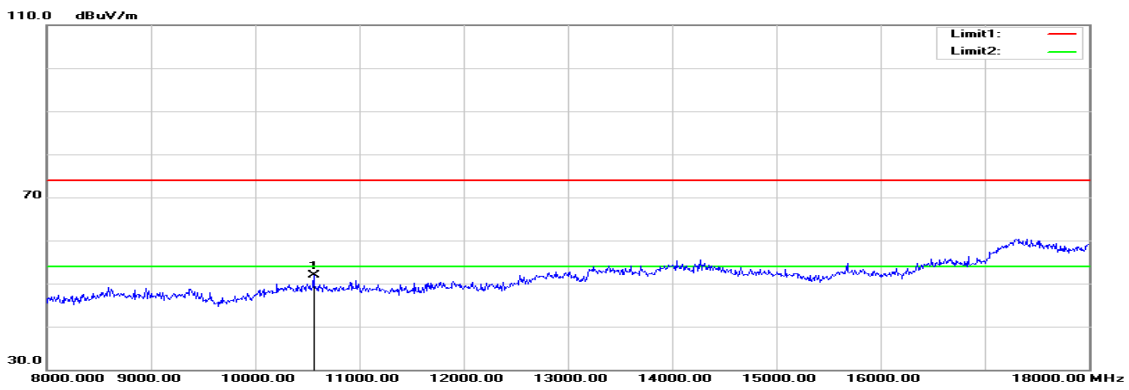
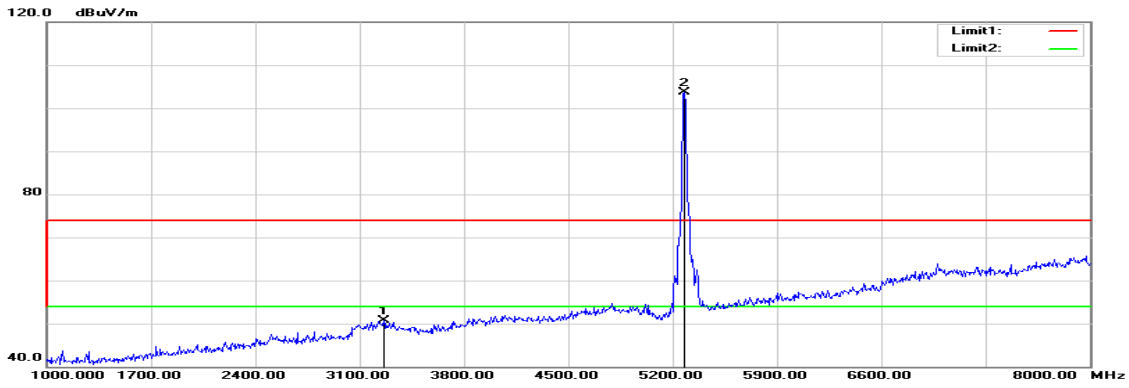


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R L

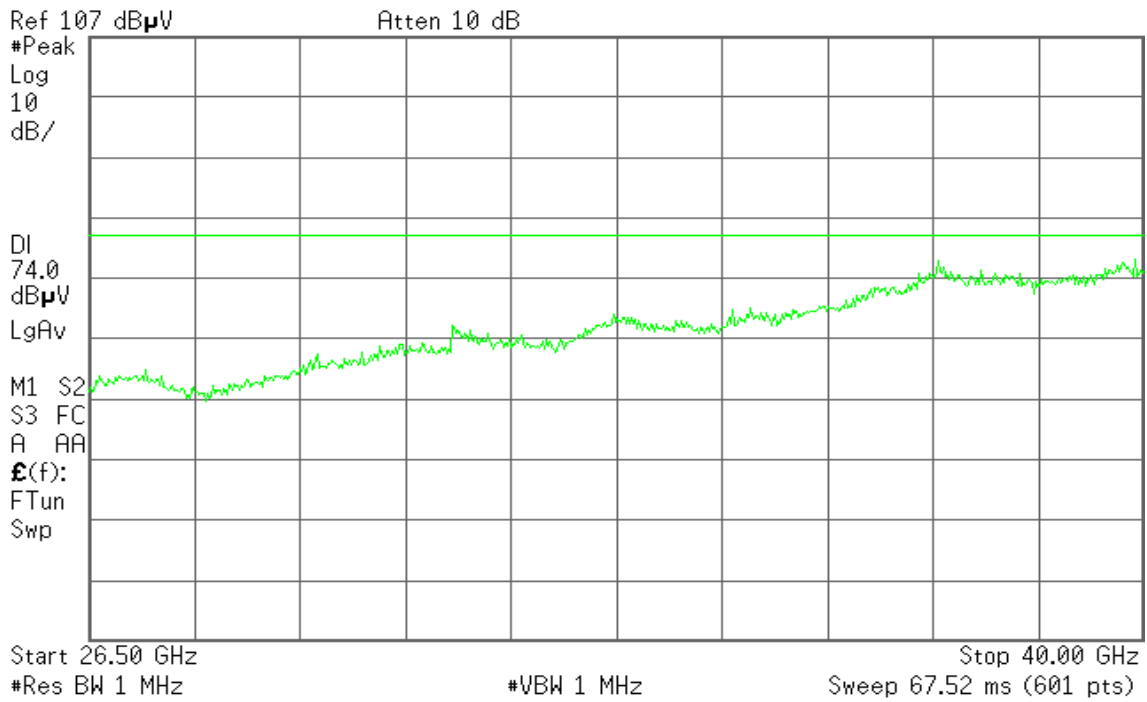


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH Mid      **Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Temperature:** 27°C      **Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Humidity:** 53% RH      **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

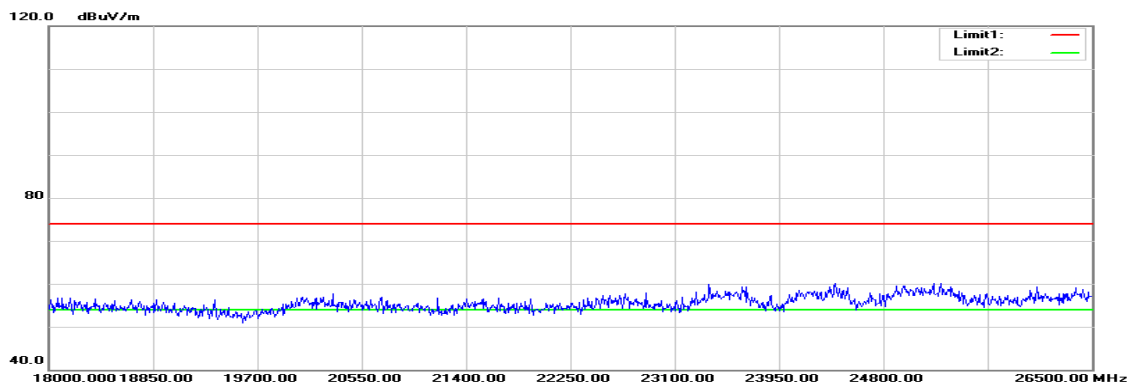
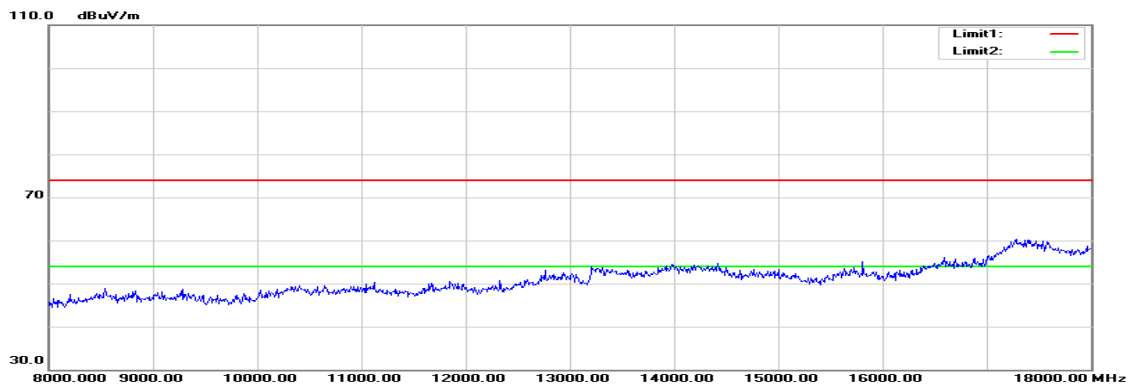
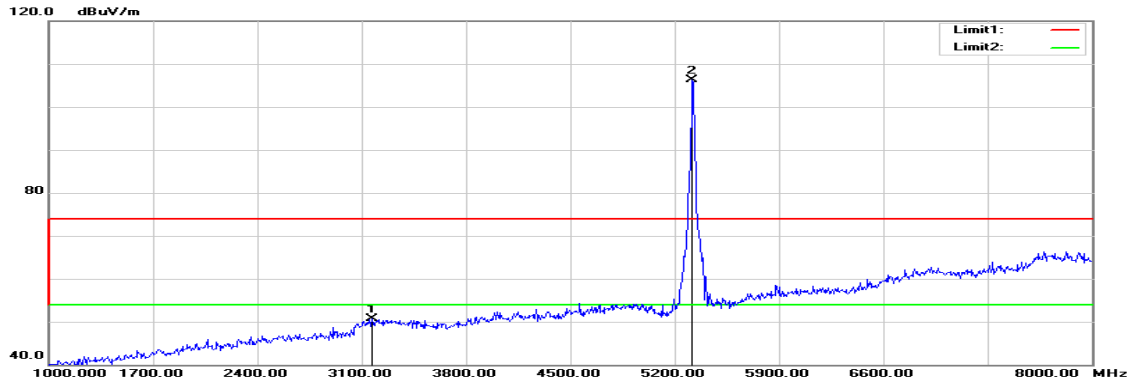
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3604.000	50.60	-0.46	50.14	74.00	-23.86	peak	V
10570.000	34.32	17.10	51.42	74.00	-22.58	peak	V
N/A							
3261.000	52.10	-1.48	50.62	74.00	-23.38	peak	H
10560.000	34.76	17.11	51.87	74.00	-22.13	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

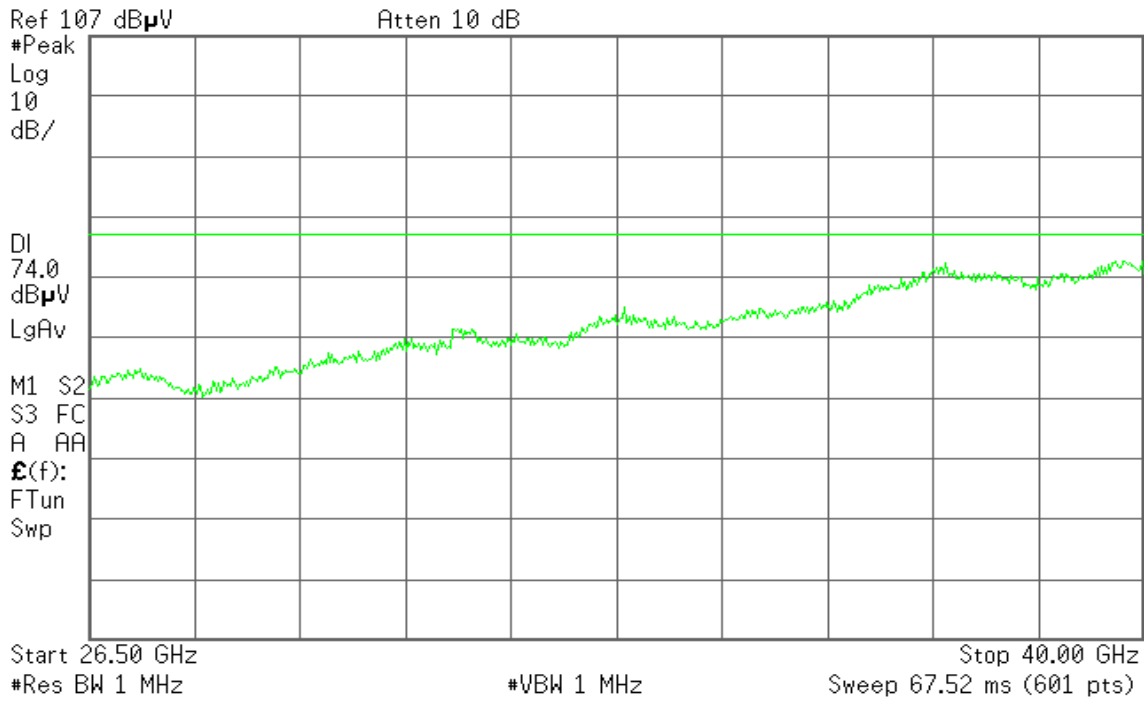
**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH High**

**Polarity: Vertical**

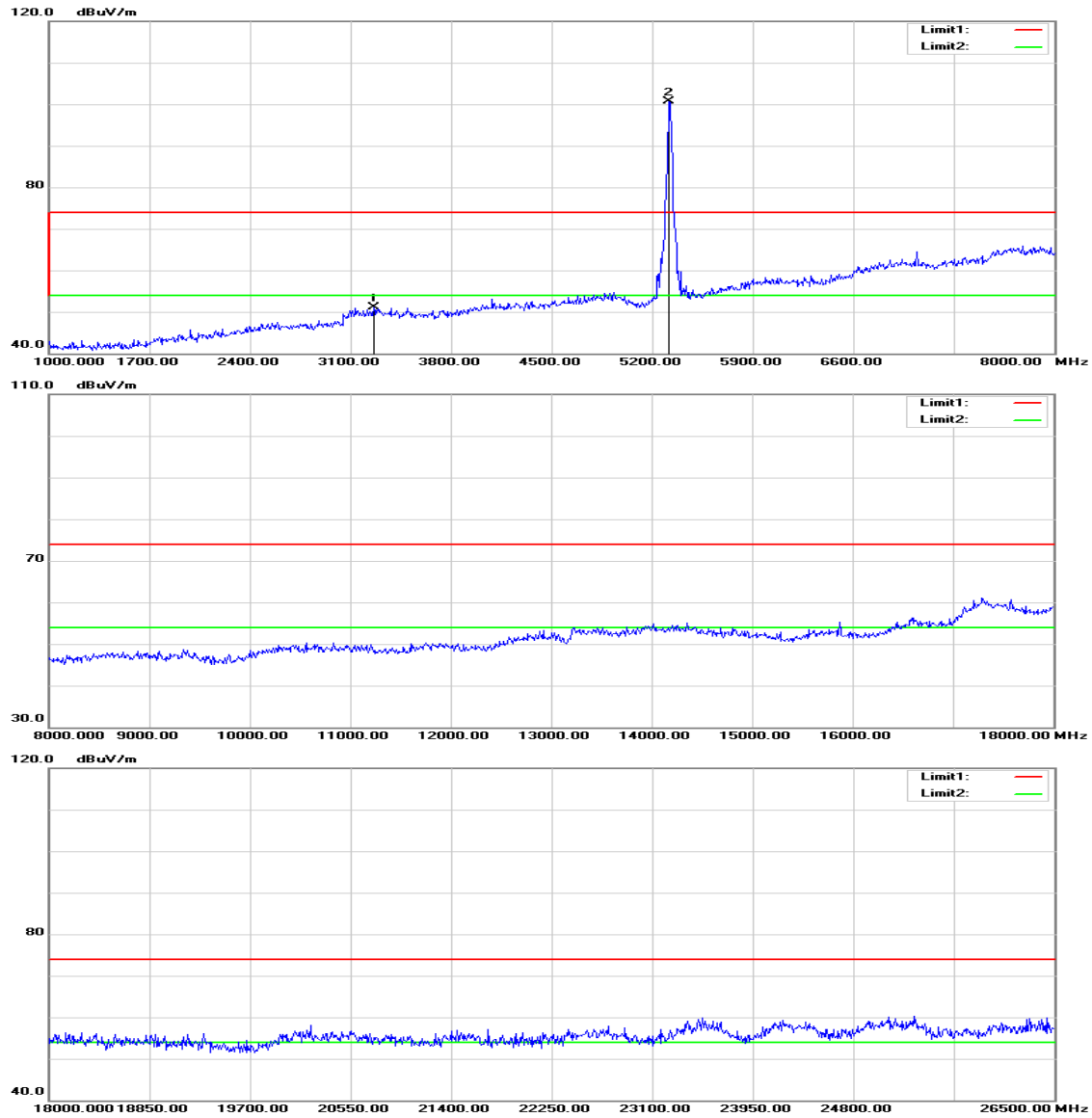


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R L

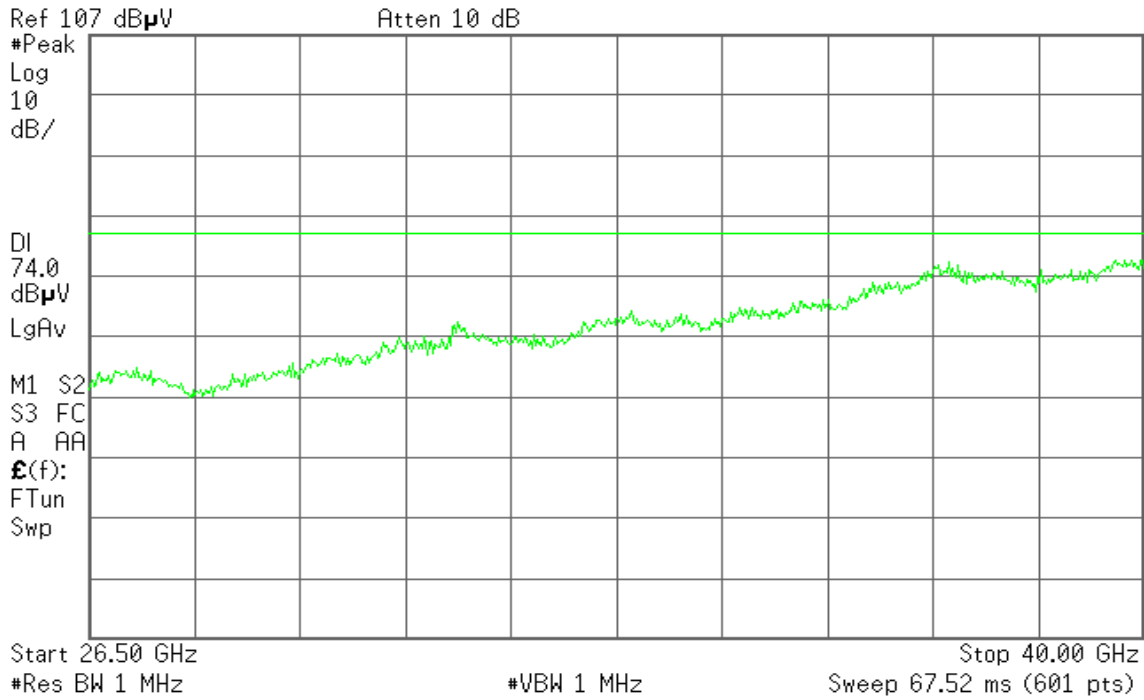


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L





**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH High  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH  
**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

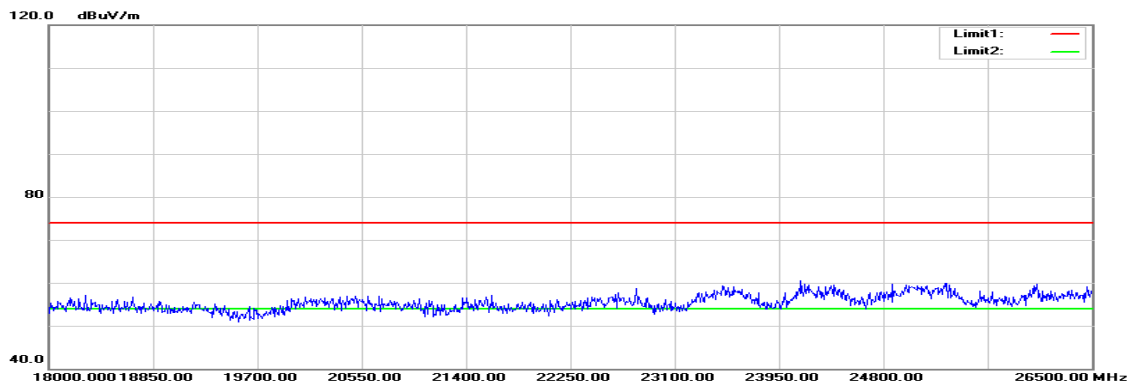
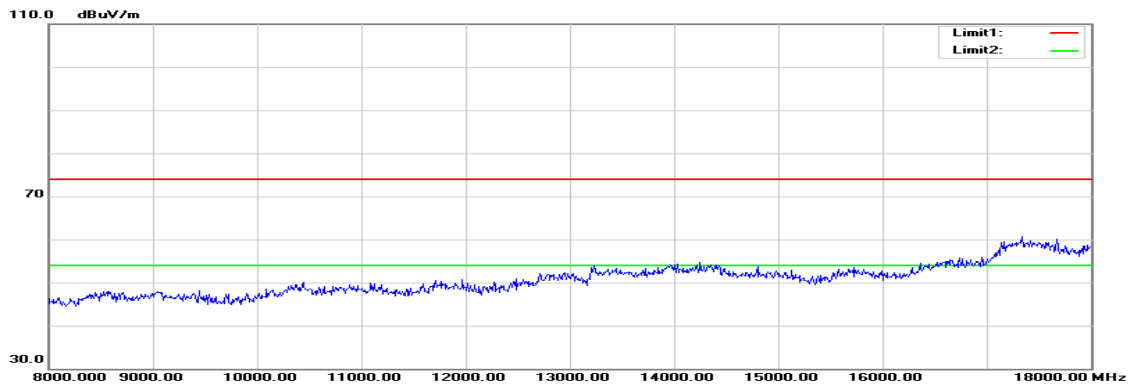
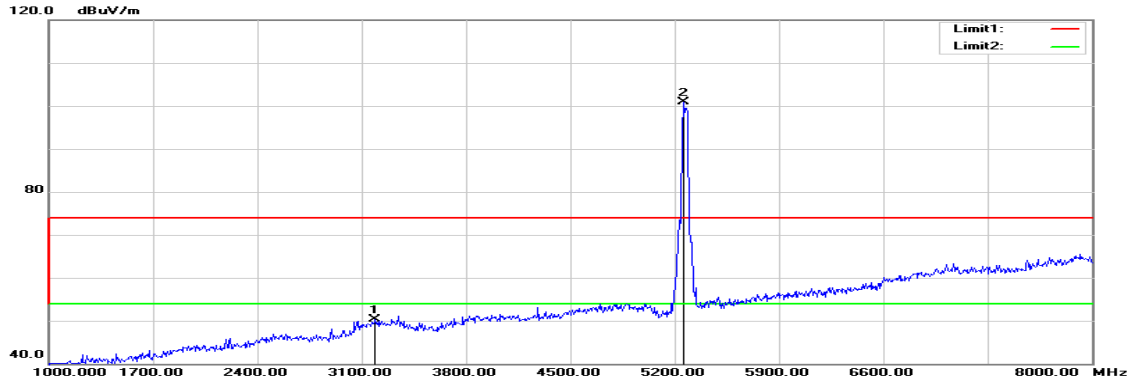
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3170.000	52.43	-1.70	50.73	74.00	-23.27	peak	V
N/A							
3261.000	52.59	-1.48	51.11	74.00	-22.89	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

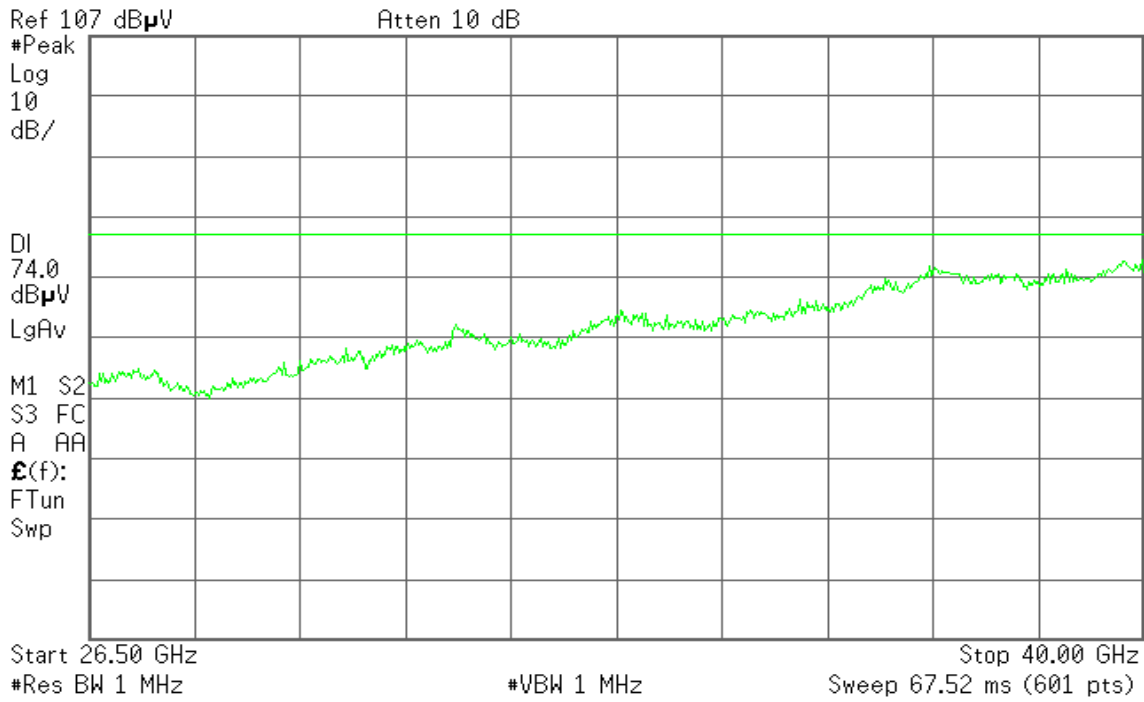
**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH Low**

**Polarity: Vertical**

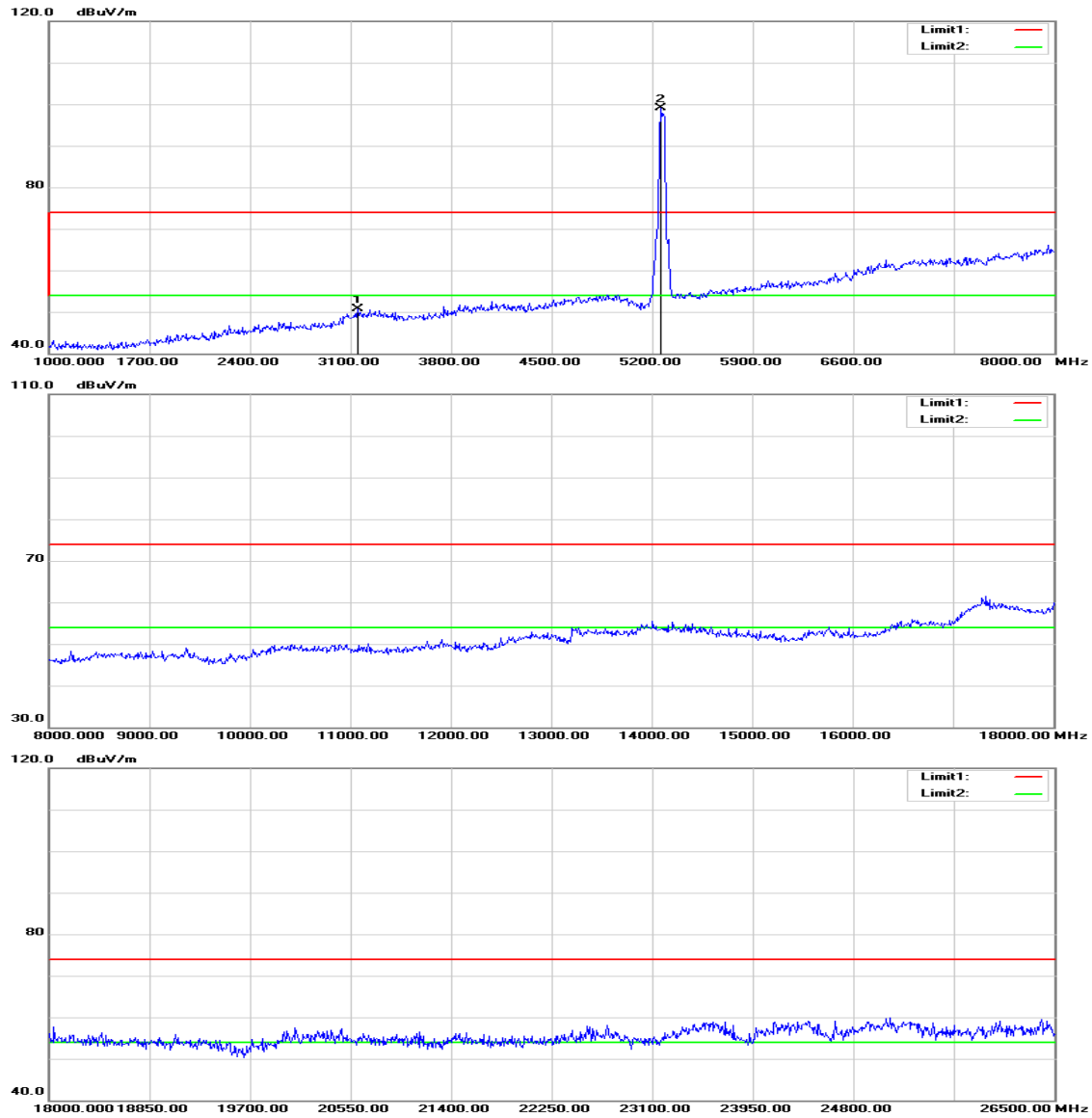


Agilent

R L

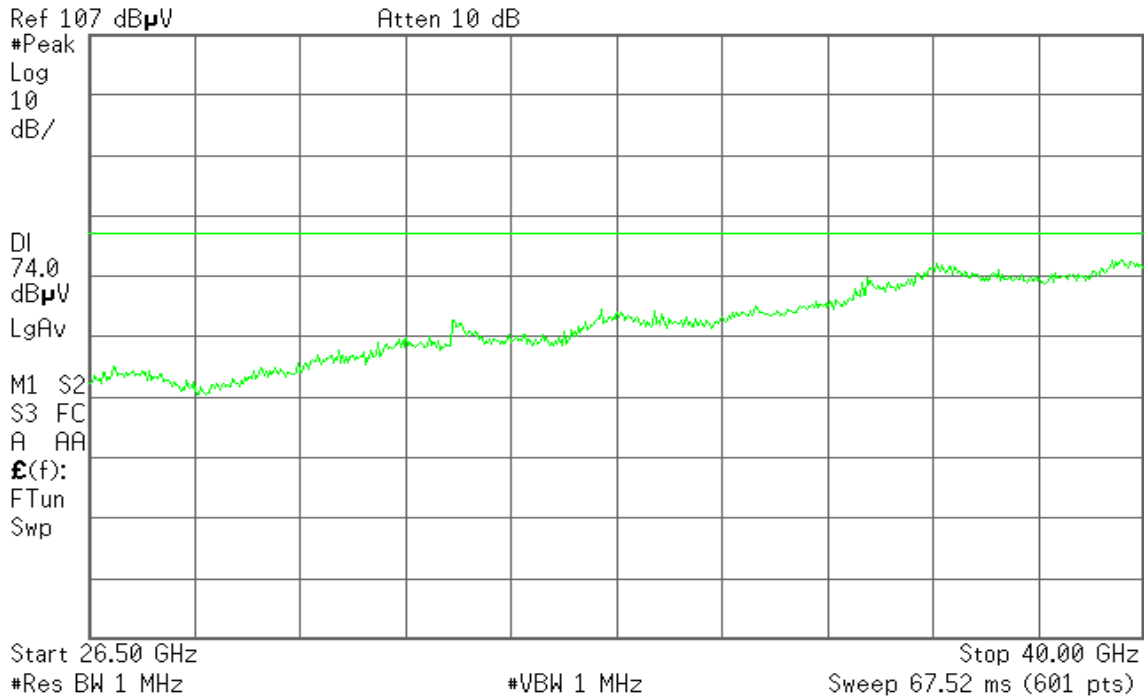


Polarity: Horizontal



 **Agilent**

**R L**



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / Ch Low  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

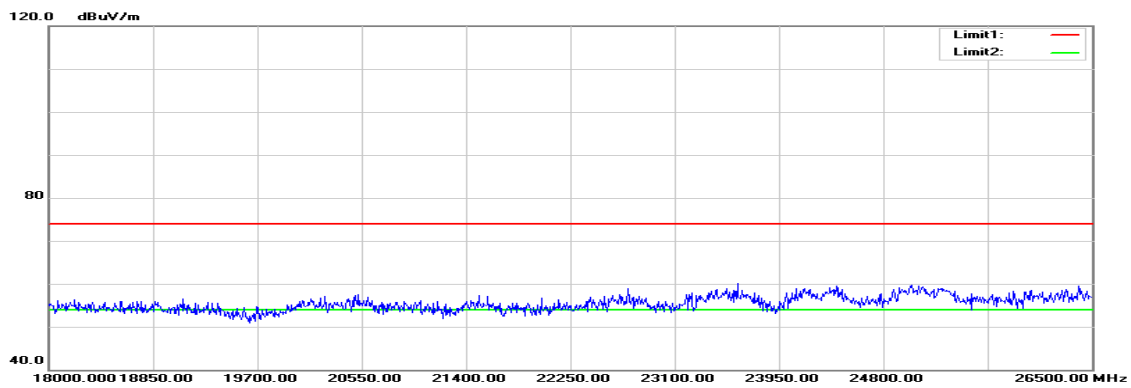
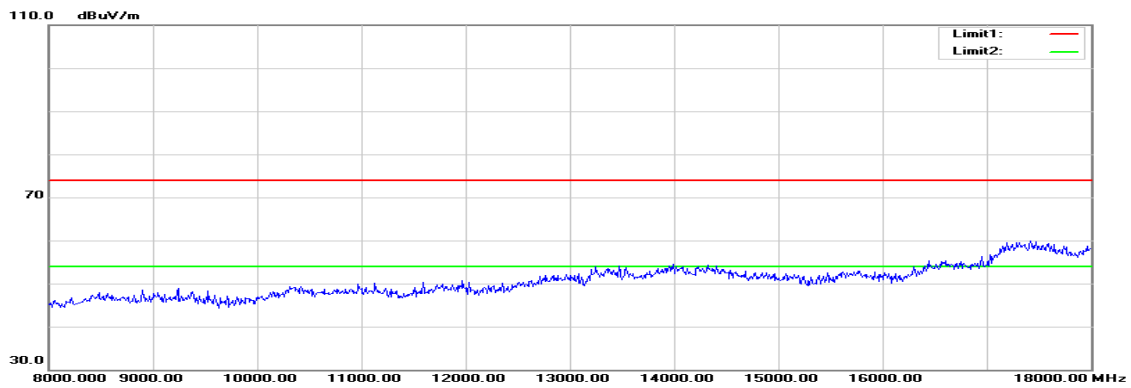
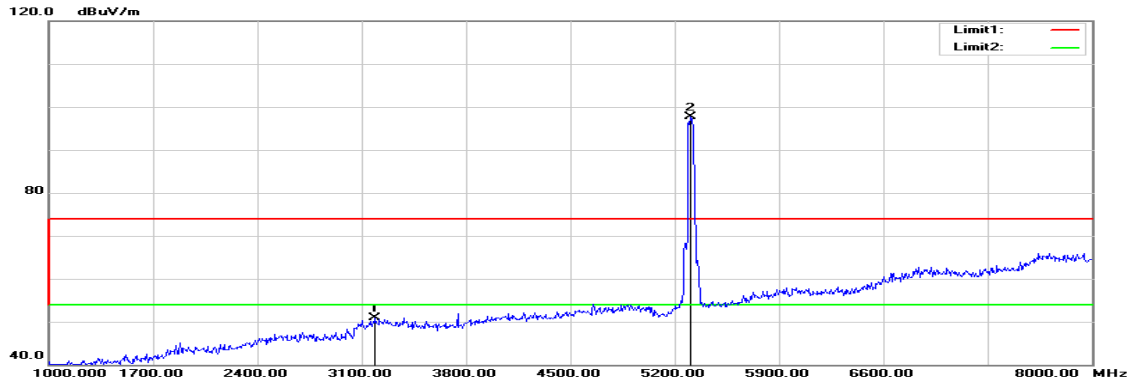
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3191.000	51.86	-1.65	50.21	74.00	-23.79	peak	V
N/A							
3149.000	52.47	-1.75	50.72	74.00	-23.28	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

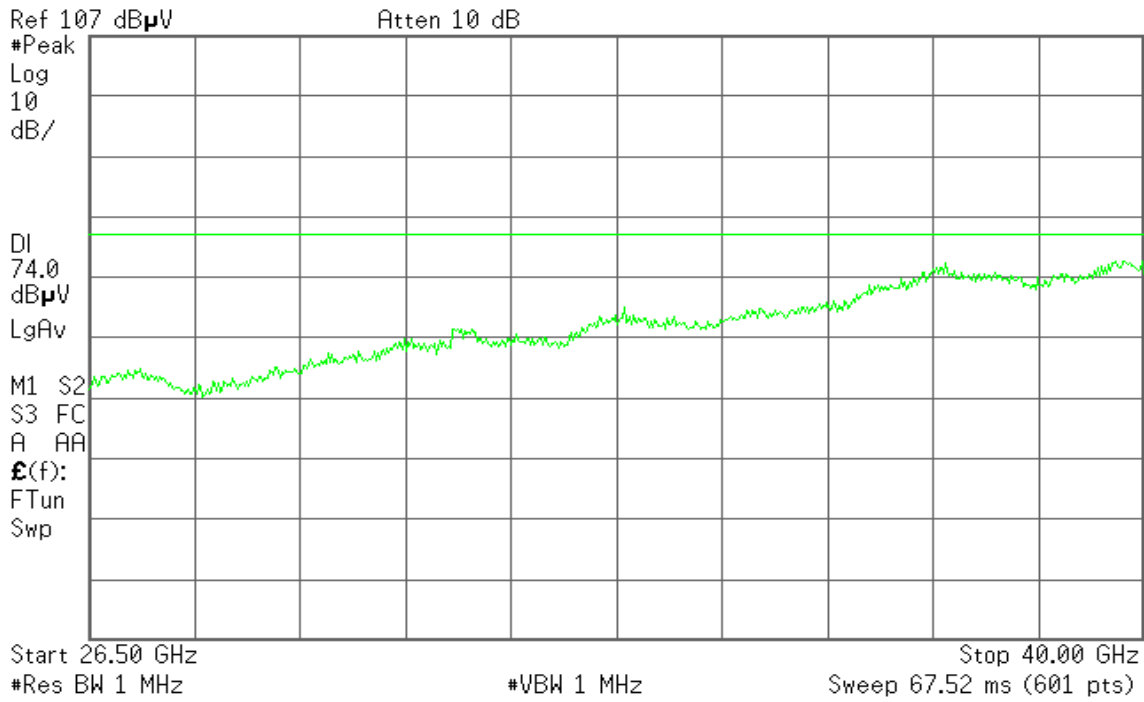
**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH High**

**Polarity: Vertical**



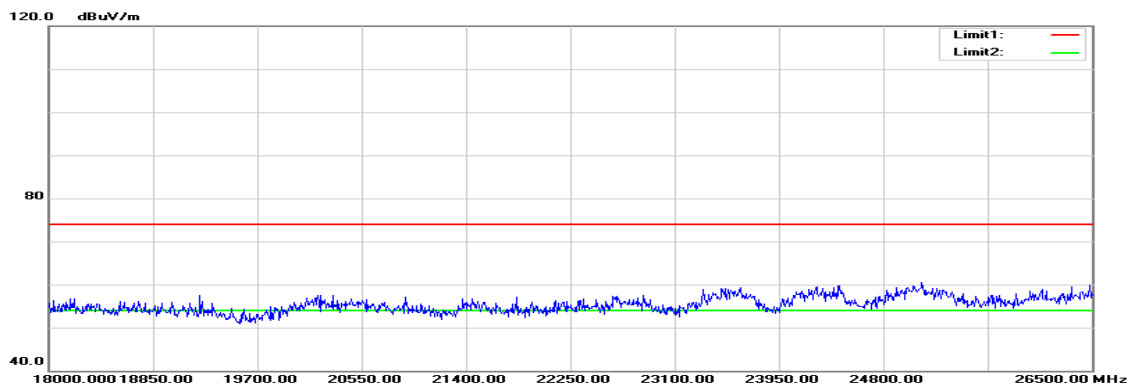
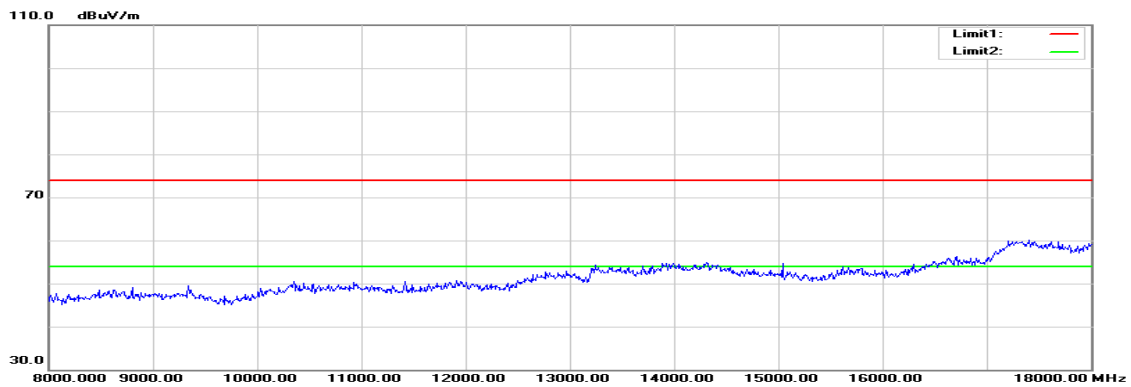
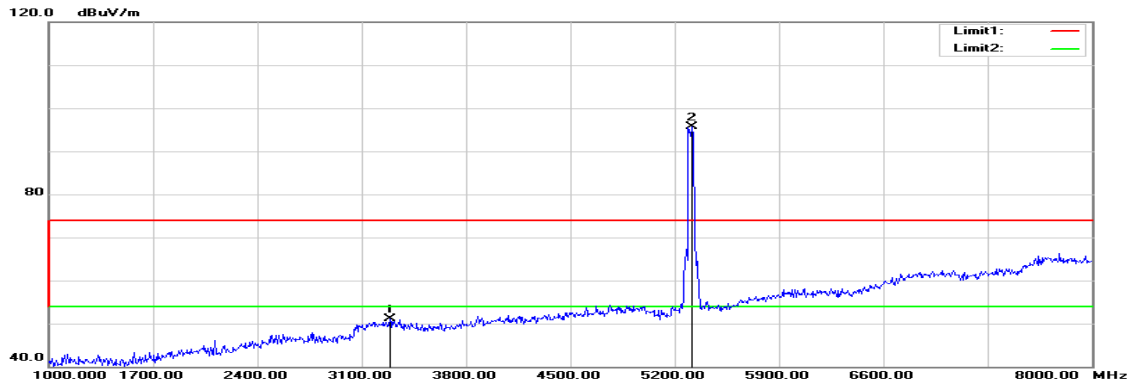
 **Agilent**

**R L**



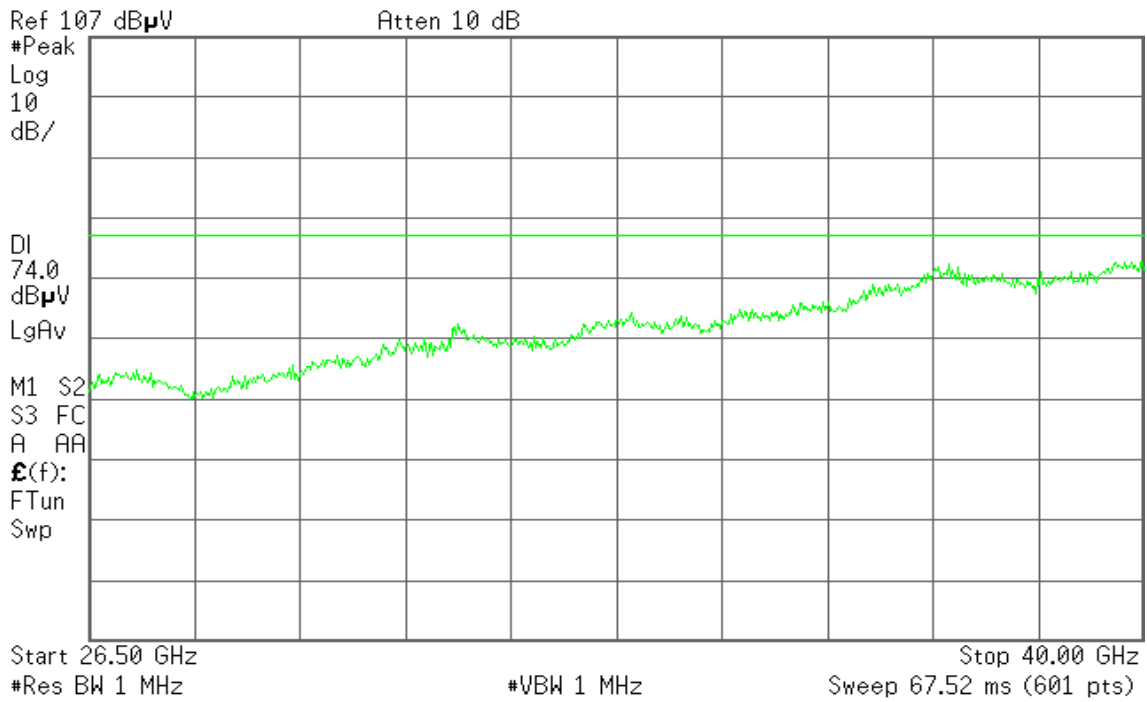


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH High  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

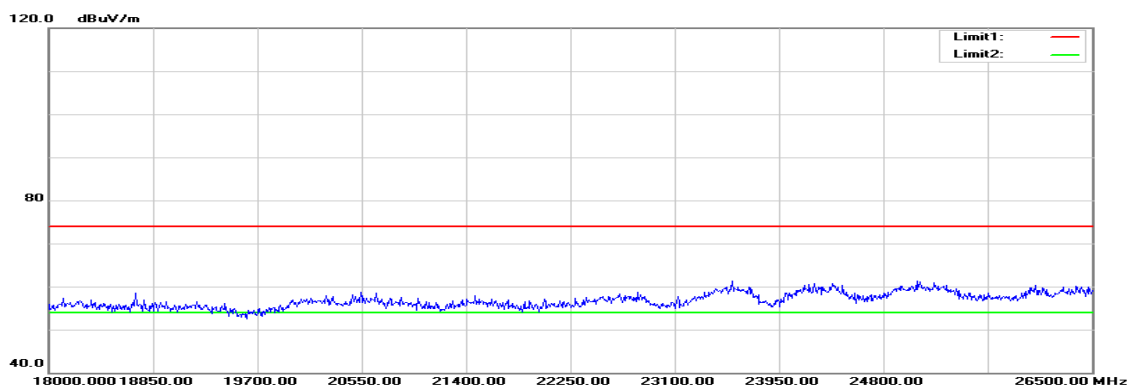
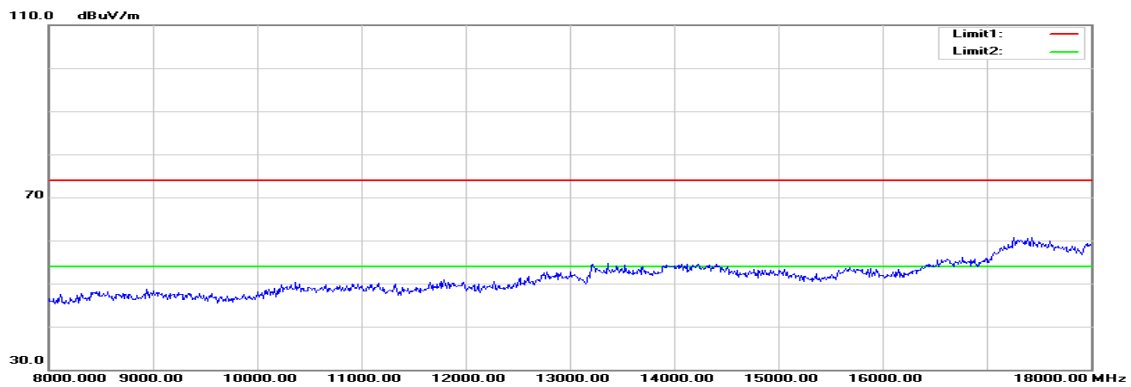
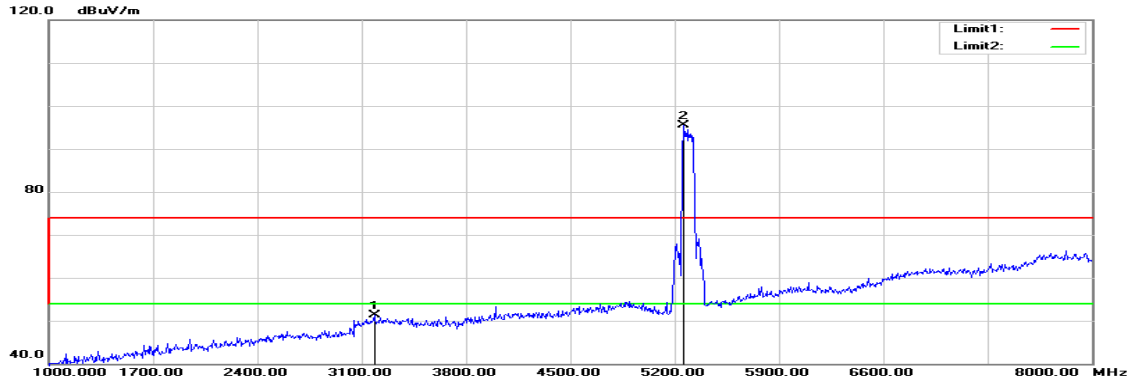
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3191.000	52.63	-1.65	50.98	74.00	-23.02	peak	V
N/A							
3289.000	52.46	-1.42	51.04	74.00	-22.96	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

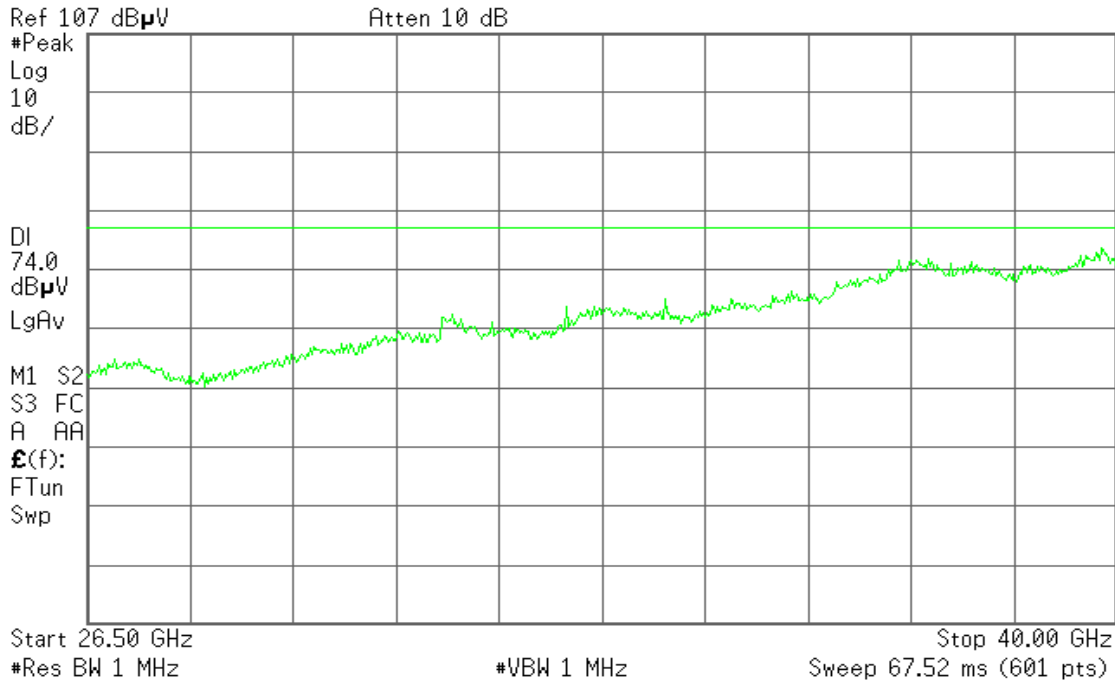
**Tx / IEEE 802.11ac VHT 80 MHz mode / CH Mid**

**Polarity: Vertical**

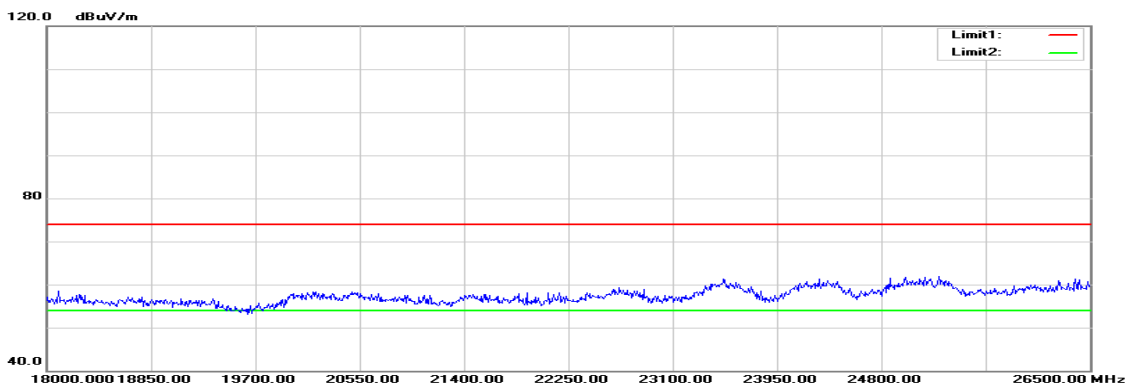
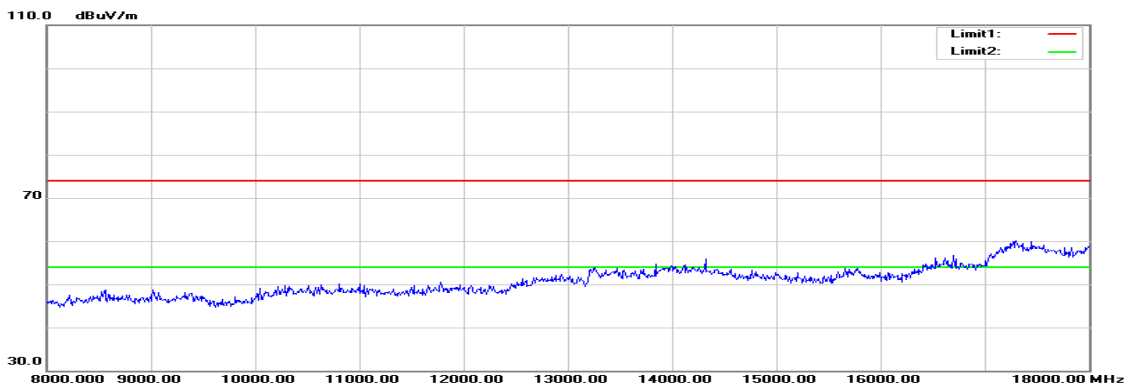
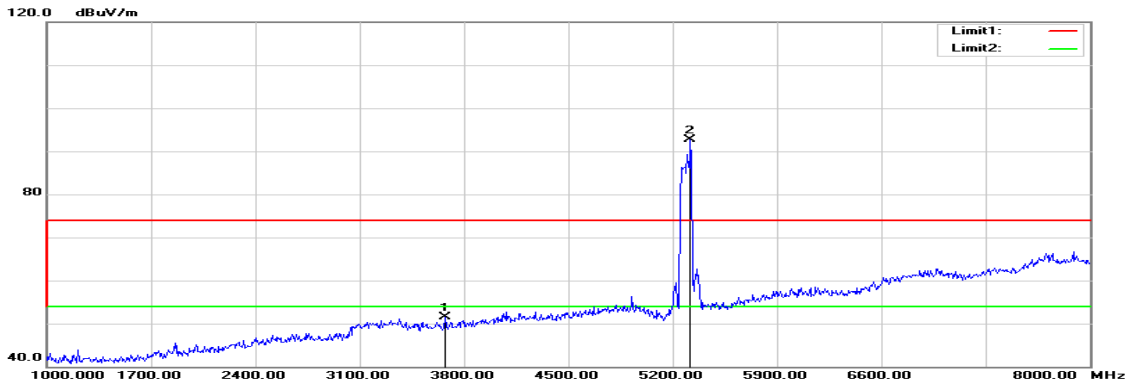


Agilent

R L

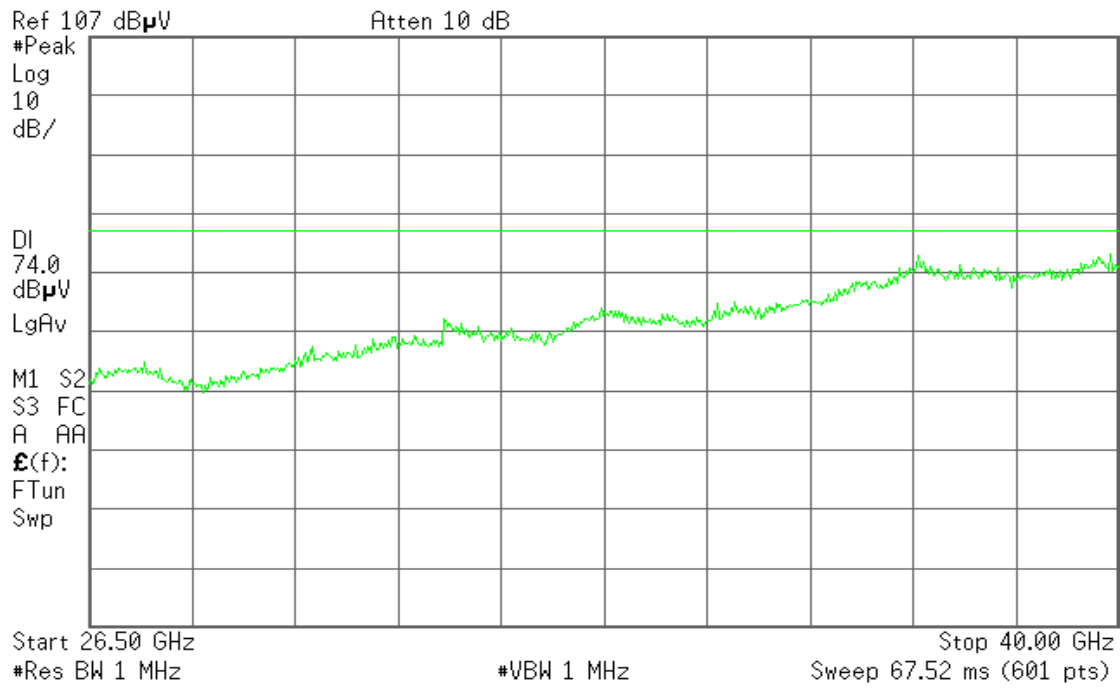


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11ac VHT 80 MHz mode / CH Mid      **Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Temperature:** 27°C      **Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Humidity:** 53% RH      **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3184.000	52.99	-1.67	51.32	74.00	-22.68	peak	V
N/A							
3674.000	51.65	-0.17	51.48	74.00	-22.52	peak	H
N/A							

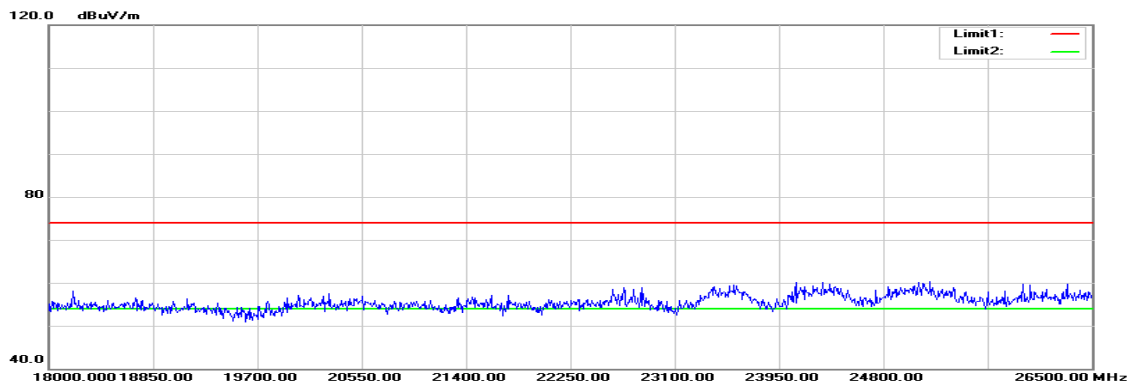
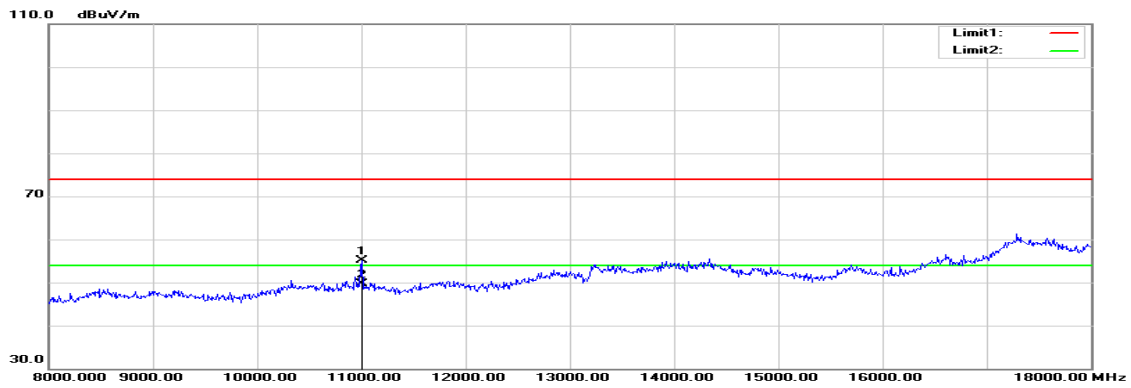
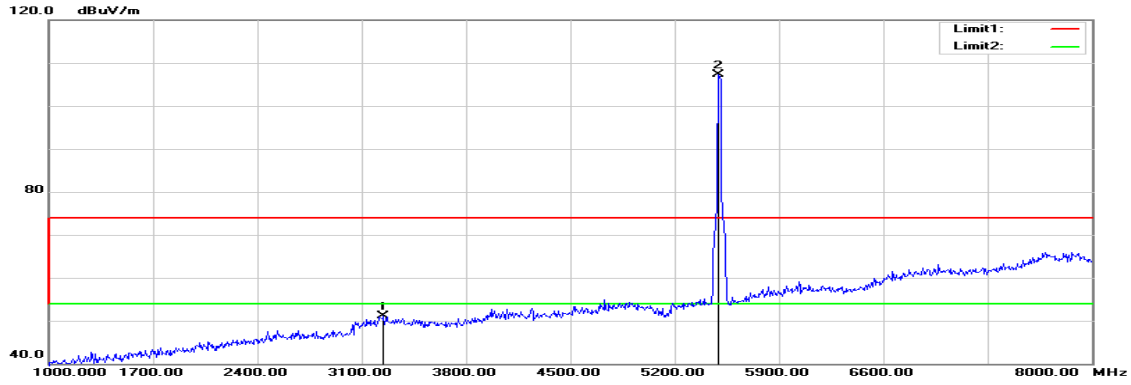
**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



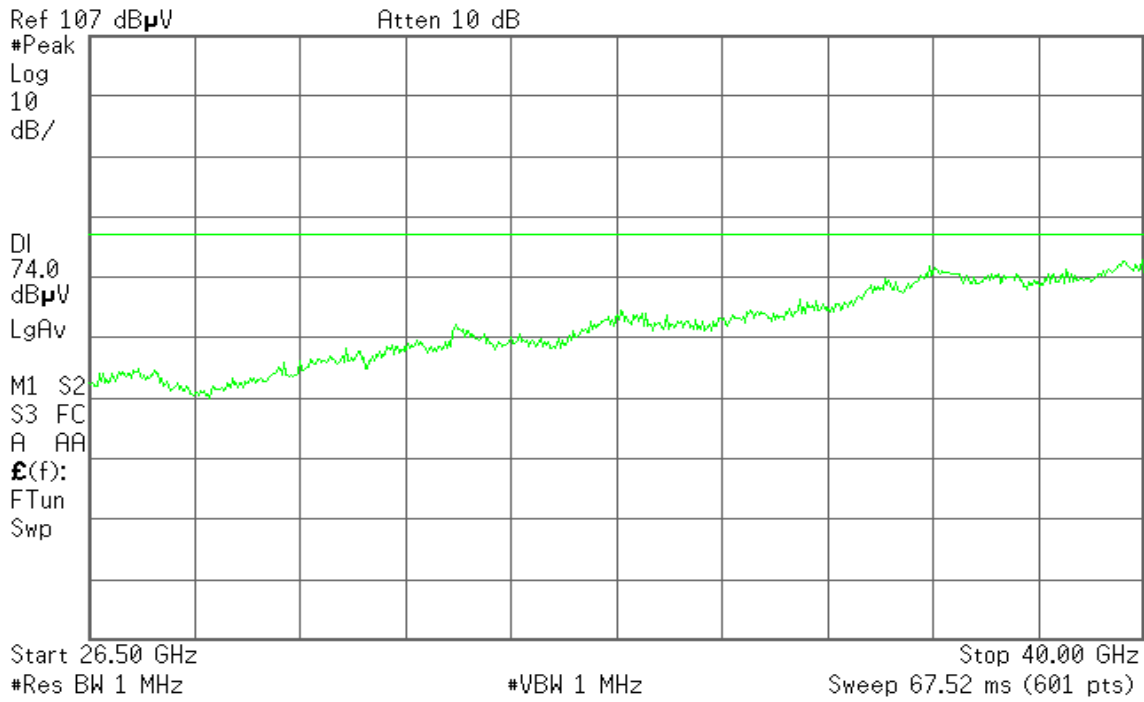
**Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Low**

**Polarity: Vertical**

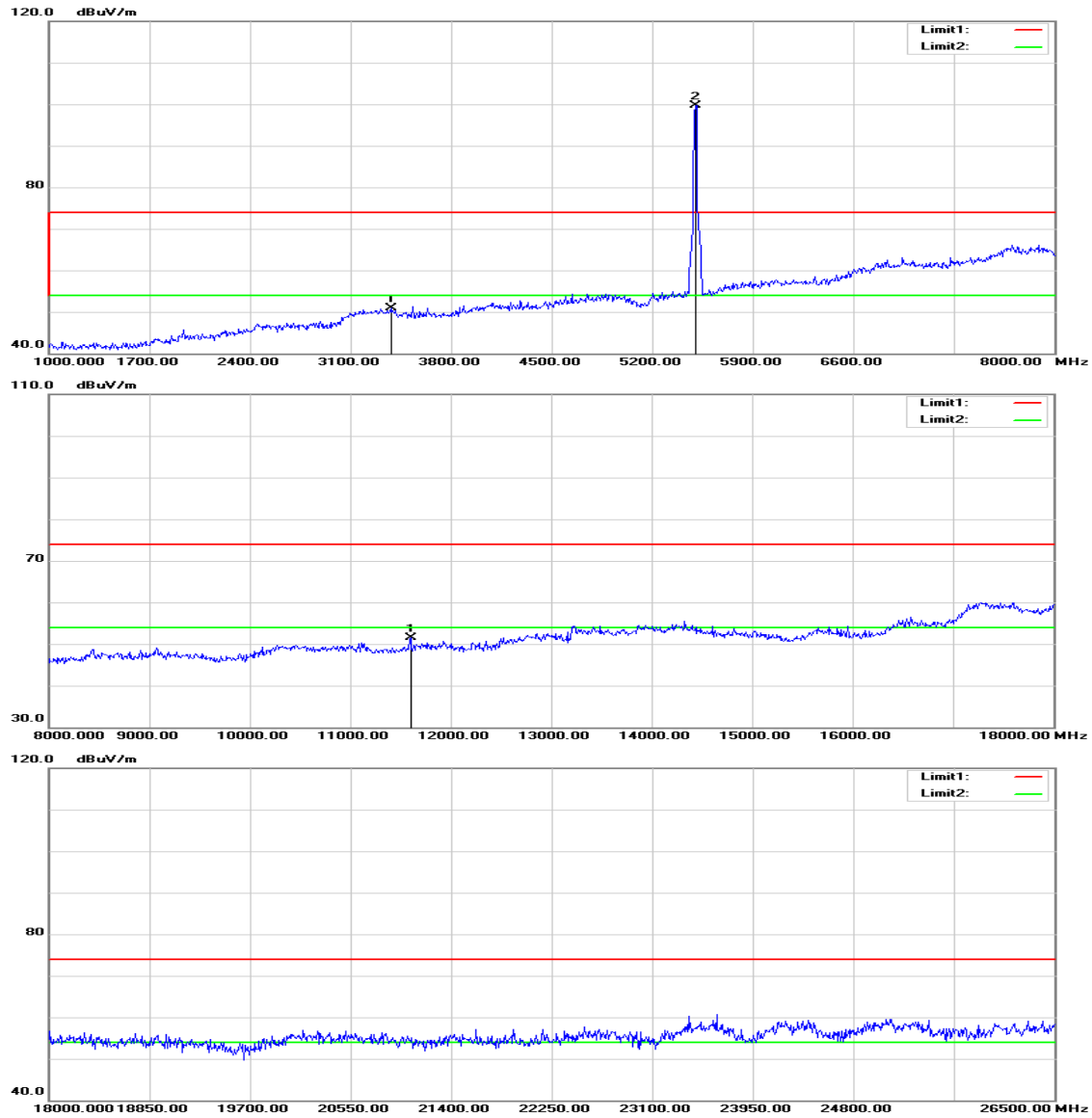


 **Agilent**

**R L**

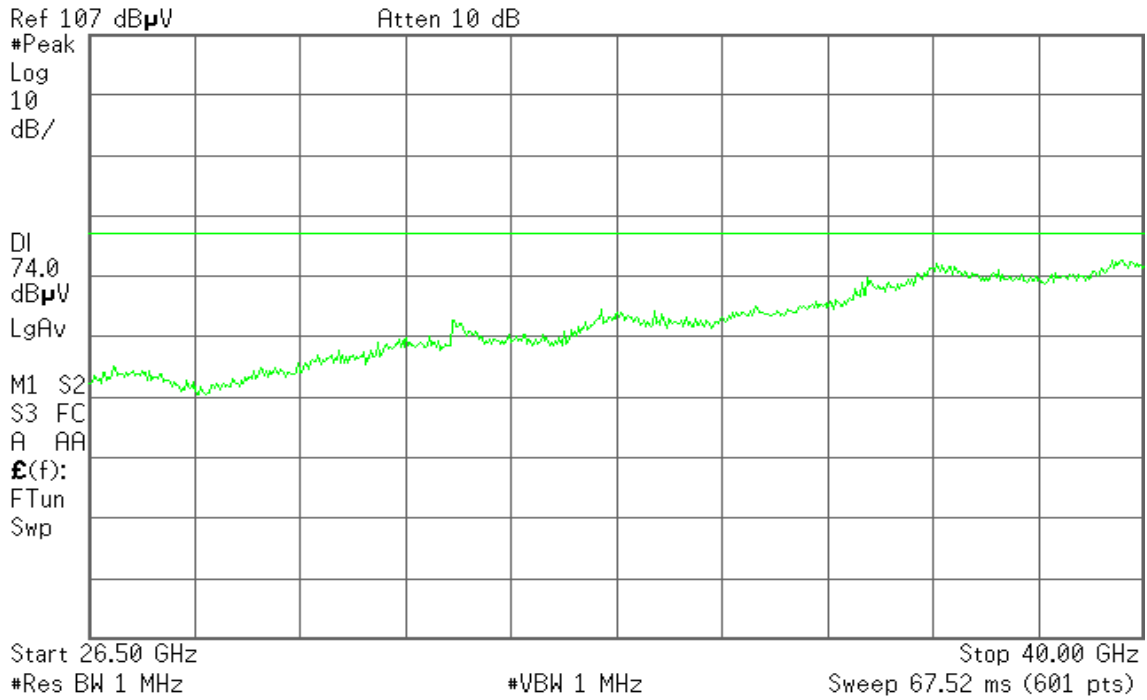


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Low

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015

**Temperature:** 27°C

**Tested by:** Jason Lu

**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

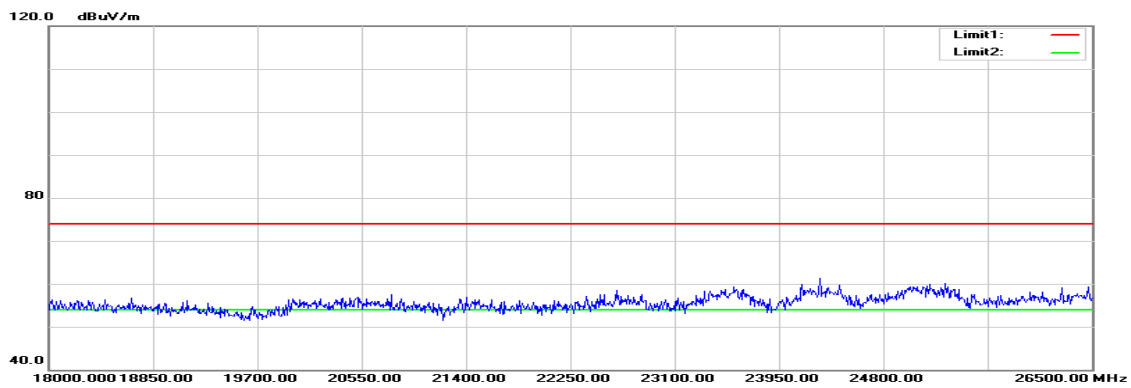
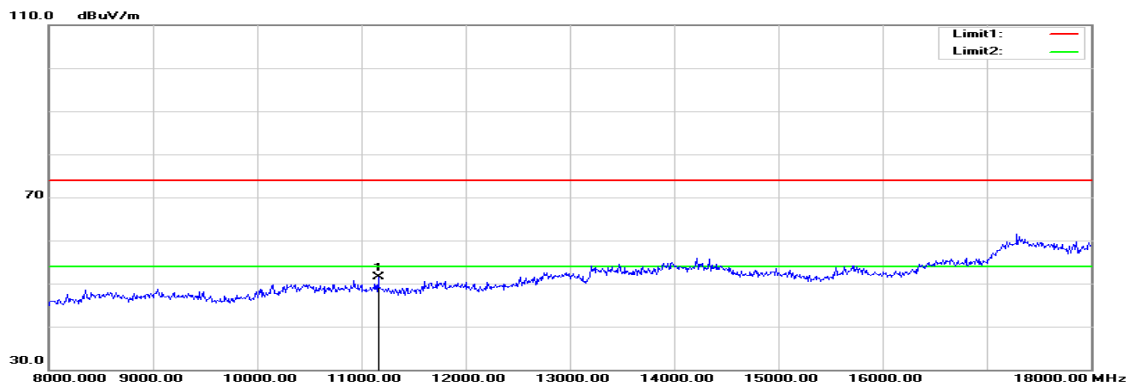
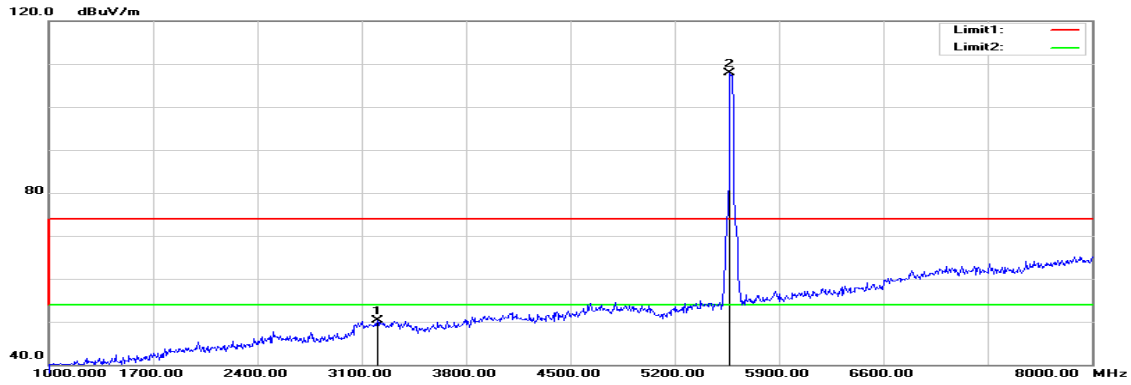
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3247.000	52.65	-1.52	51.13	74.00	-22.87	peak	V
11000.000	38.43	16.73	55.16	74.00	-18.84	peak	V
11000.000	32.95	16.73	49.68	54.00	-4.32	AVG	V
N/A							
3380.000	52.15	-1.20	50.95	74.00	-23.05	peak	H
11600.000	34.61	16.87	51.48	74.00	-22.52	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

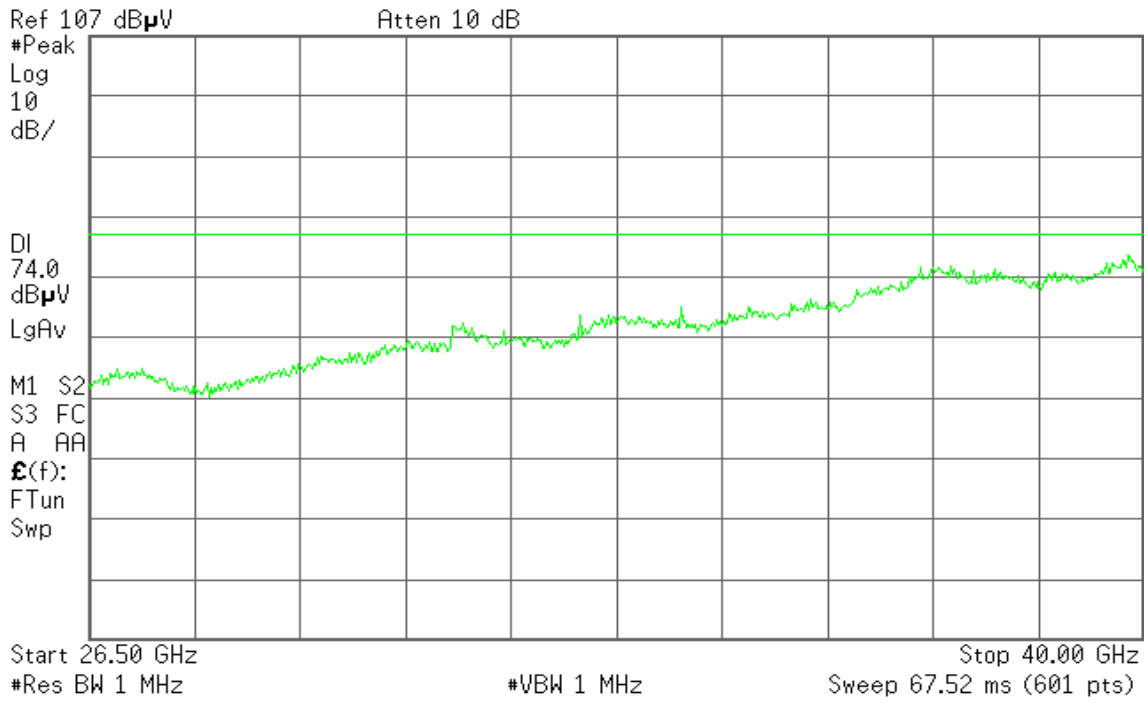
**Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Mid**

**Polarity: Vertical**

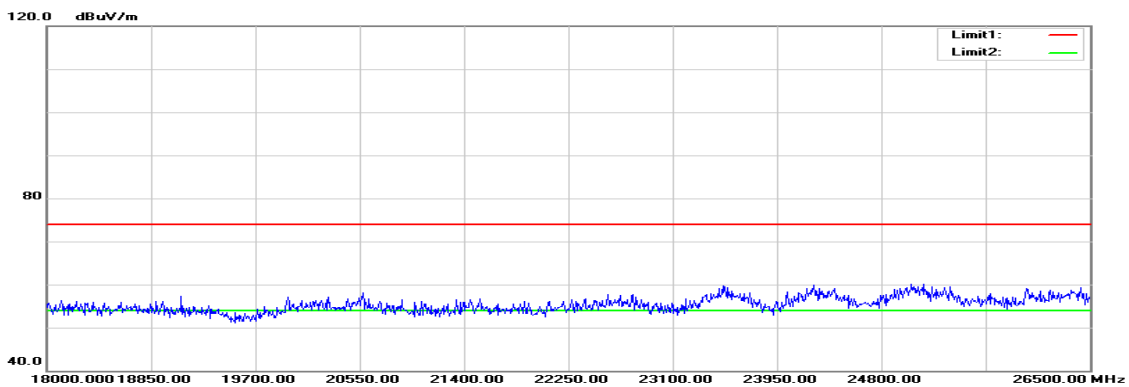
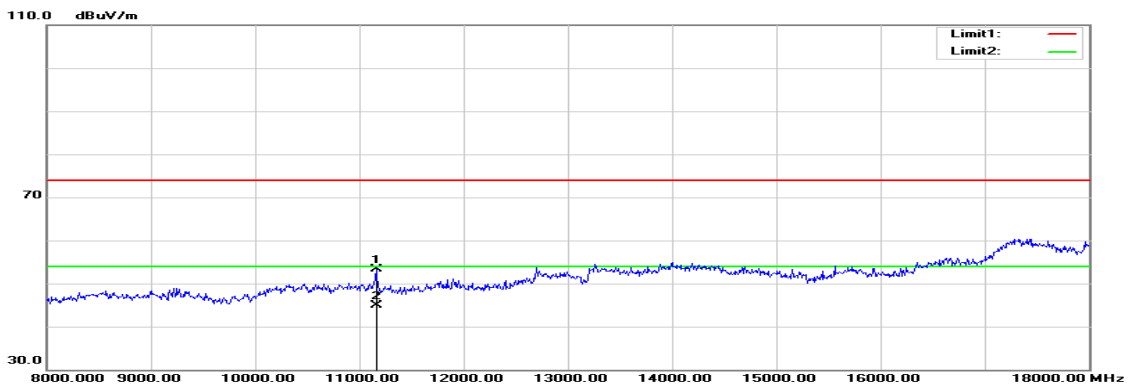
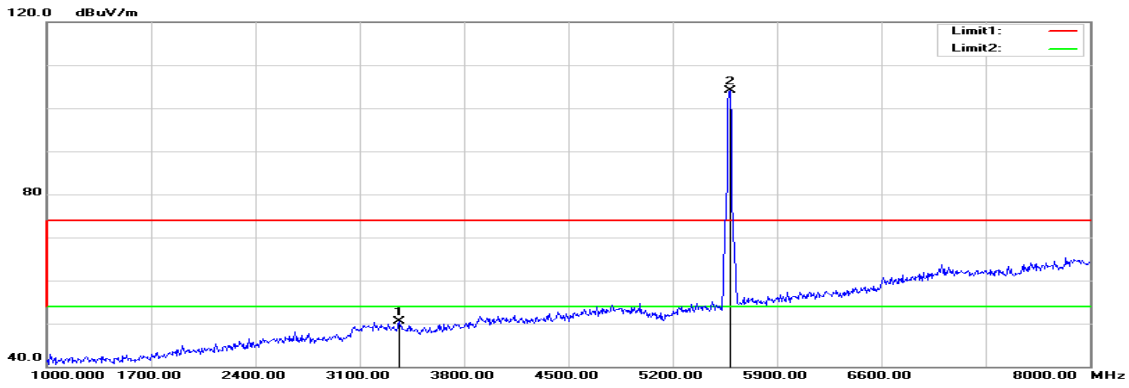


 **Agilent**

**R L**



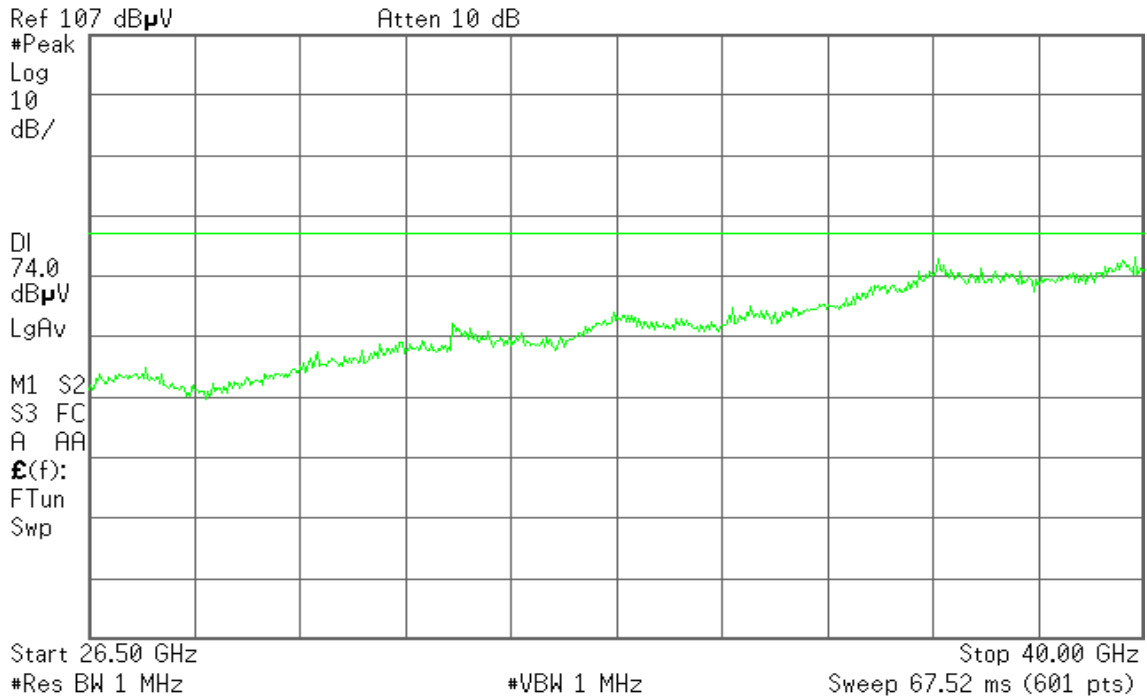
Polarity: Horizontal





Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH Mid  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

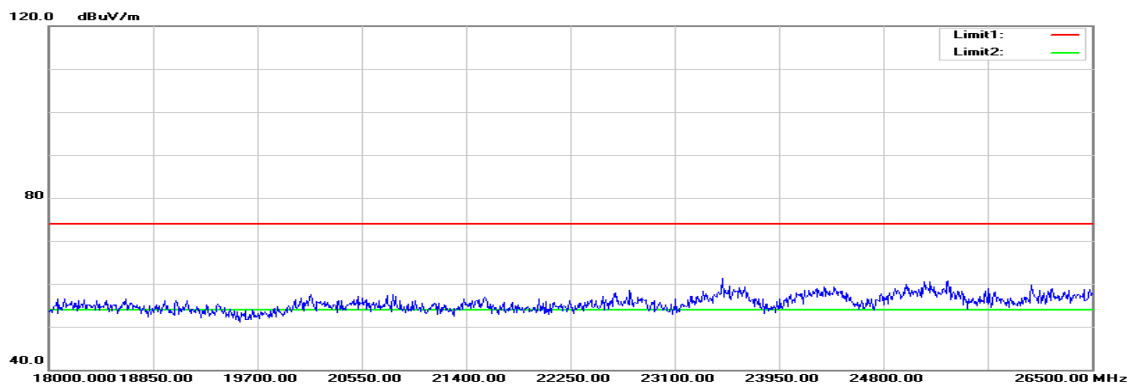
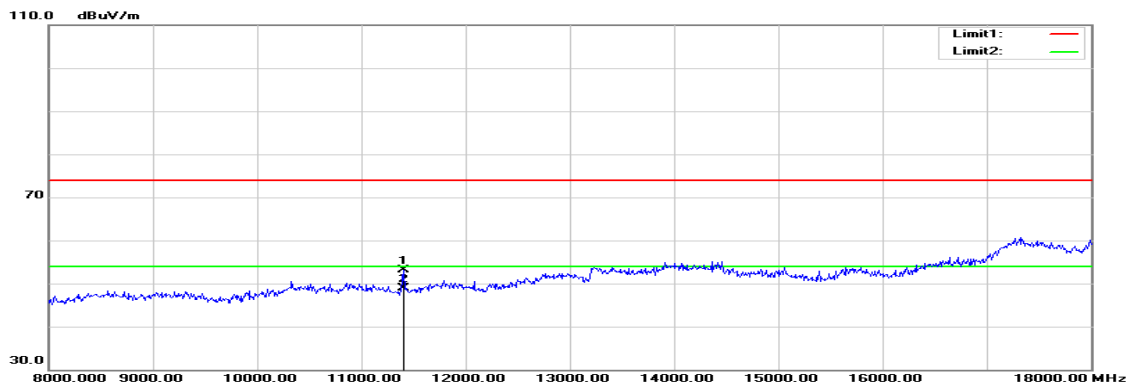
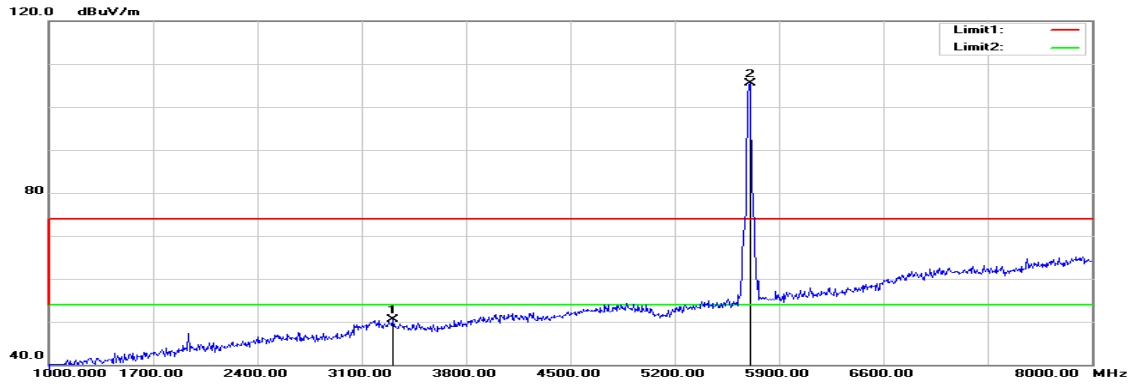
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3205.000	51.92	-1.62	50.30	74.00	-23.70	peak	V
11160.000	34.68	16.75	51.43	74.00	-22.57	peak	V
N/A							
3366.000	51.69	-1.23	50.46	74.00	-23.54	peak	H
11160.000	36.57	16.75	53.32	74.00	-20.68	peak	H
11160.000	28.13	16.75	44.88	54.00	-9.12	AVG	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

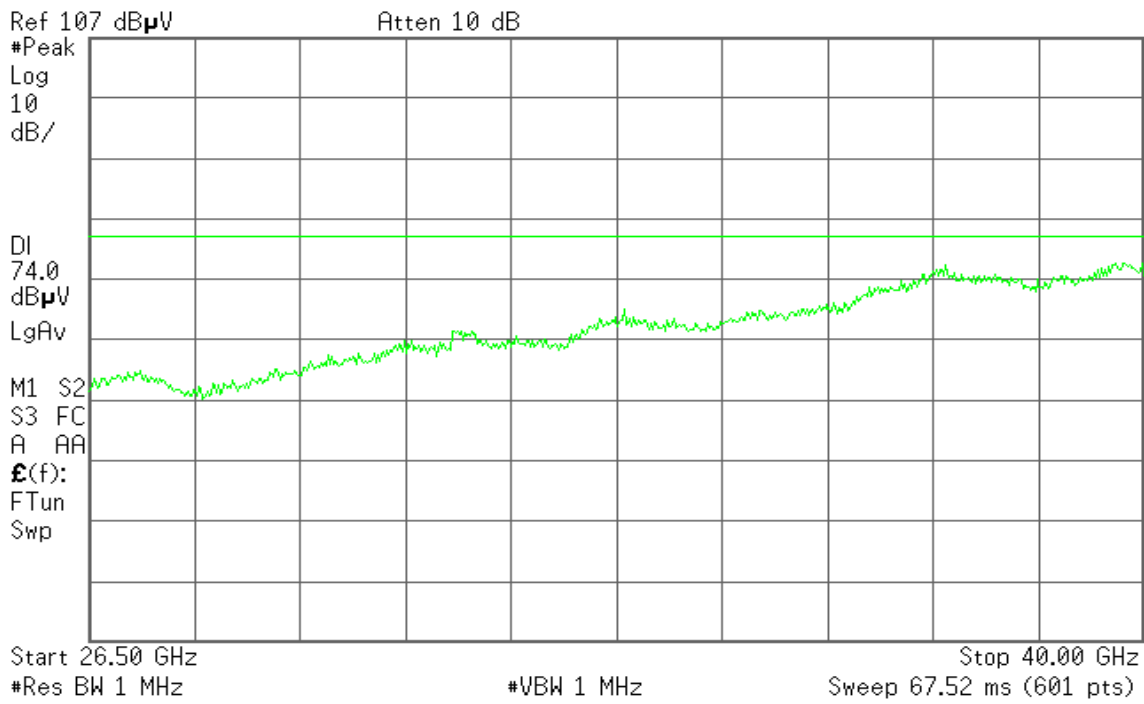
**Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH High**

**Polarity: Vertical**

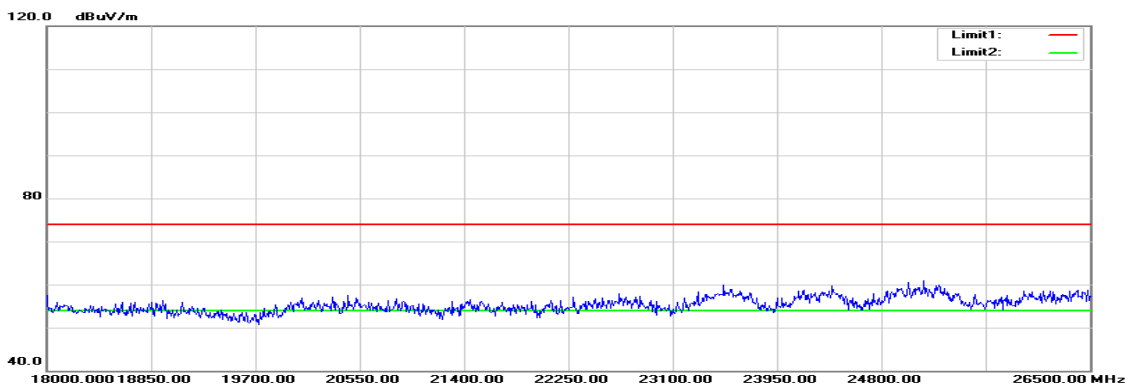
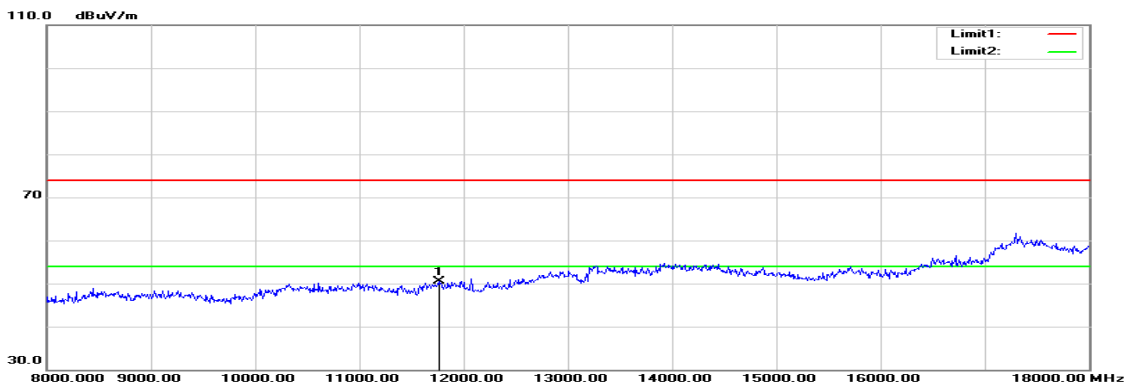
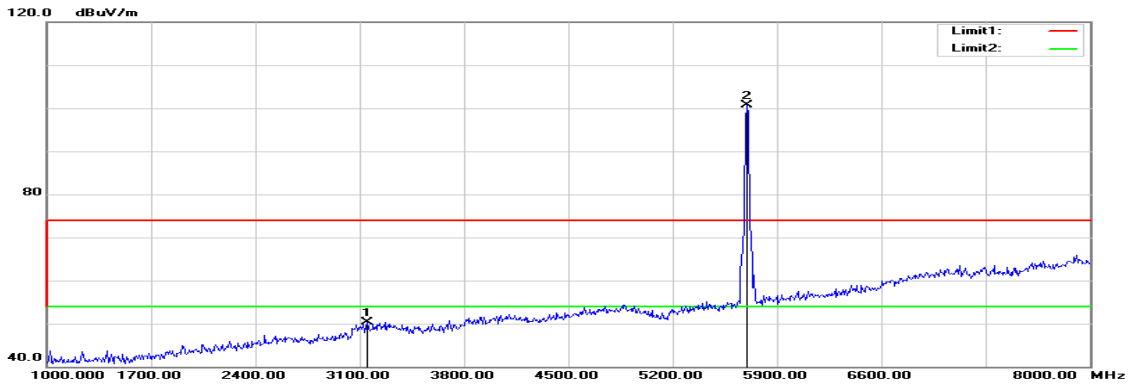


 Agilent

R L

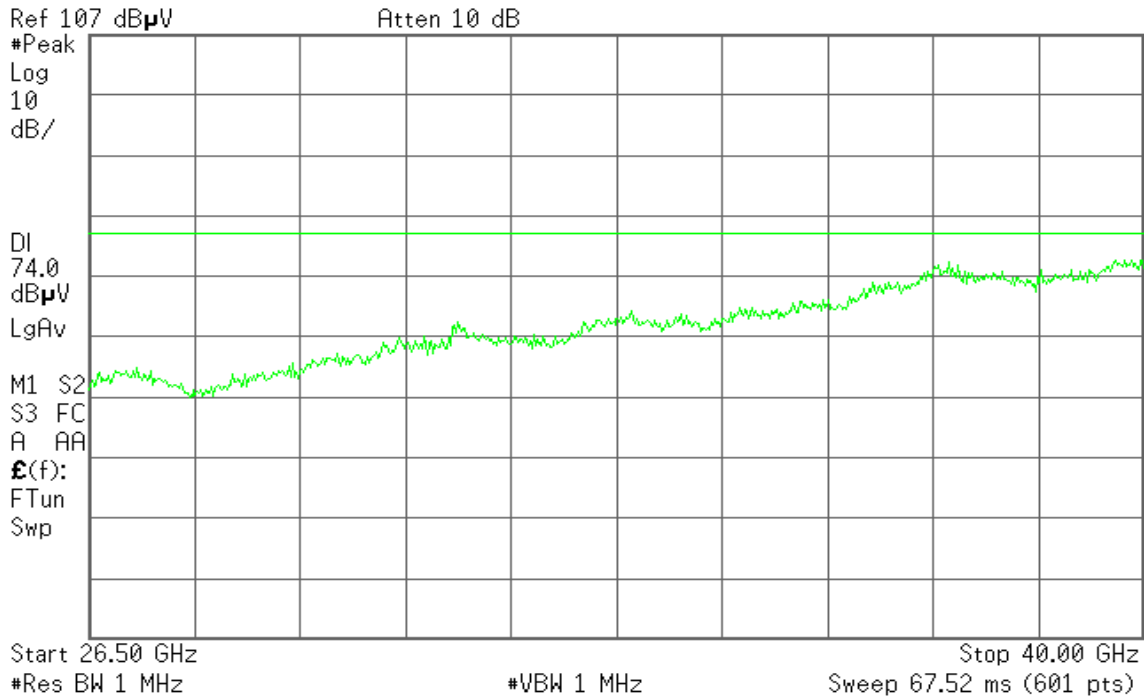


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11a mode / CH High  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

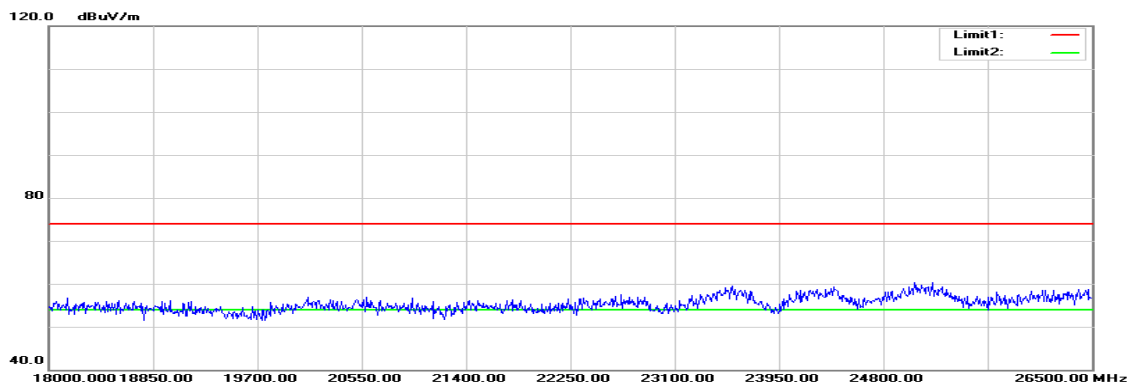
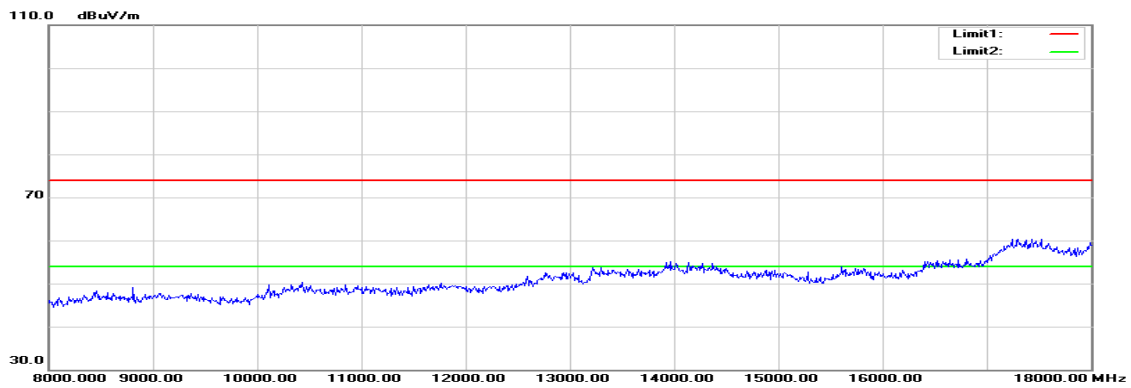
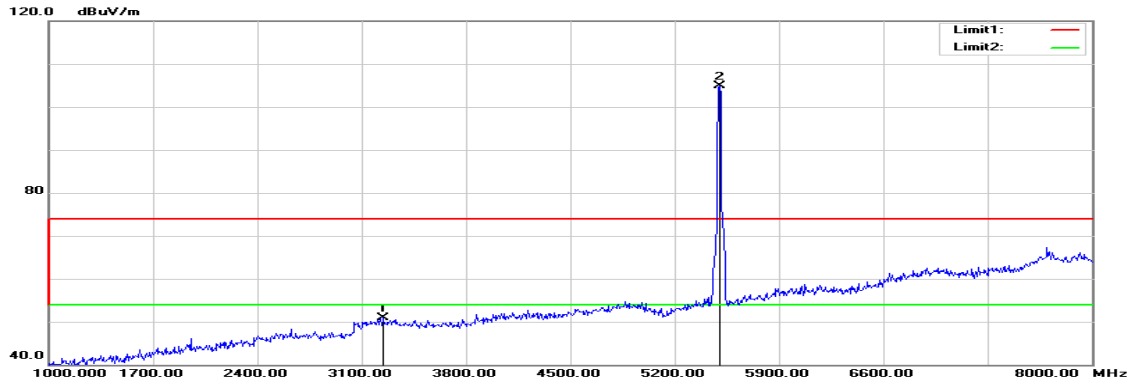
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3310.000	51.80	-1.37	50.43	74.00	-23.57	peak	V
11400.000	36.37	16.77	53.14	74.00	-20.86	peak	V
11400.000	32.21	16.77	48.98	54.00	-5.02	AVG	V
N/A							
3149.000	52.04	-1.75	50.29	74.00	-23.71	peak	H
11760.000	33.51	17.01	50.52	74.00	-23.48	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH Low**

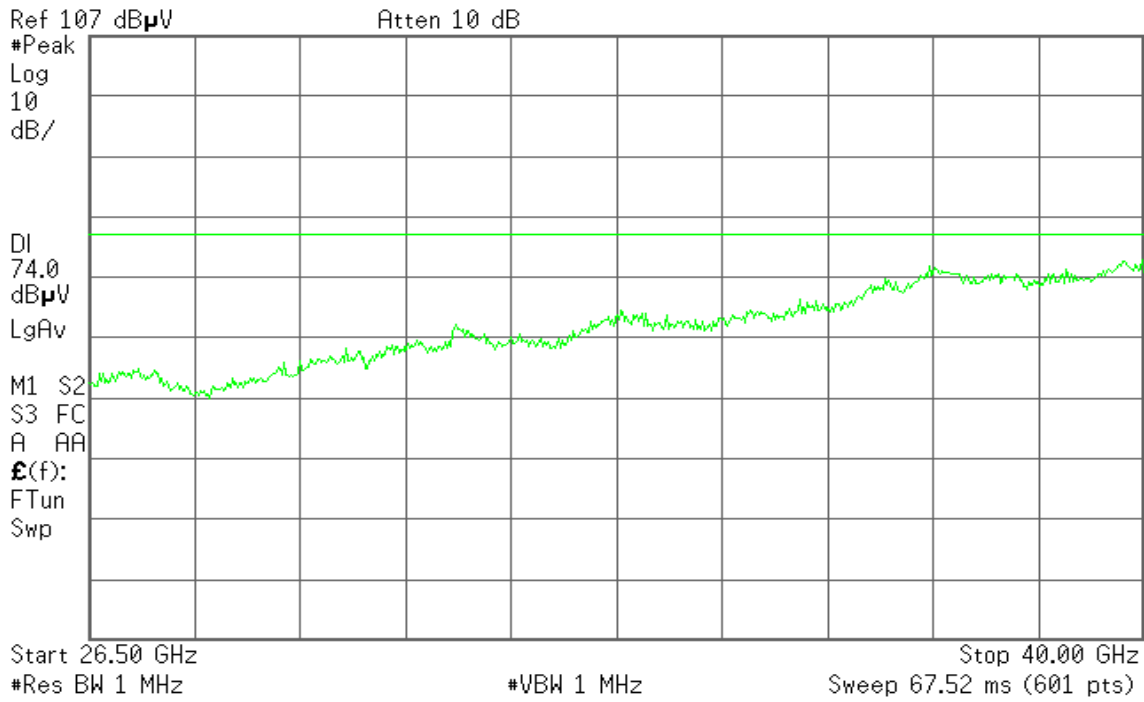
**Polarity: Vertical**



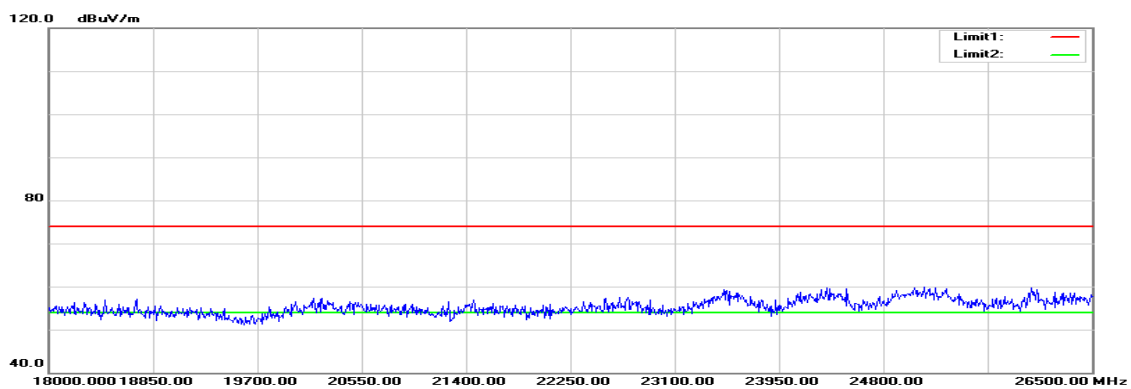
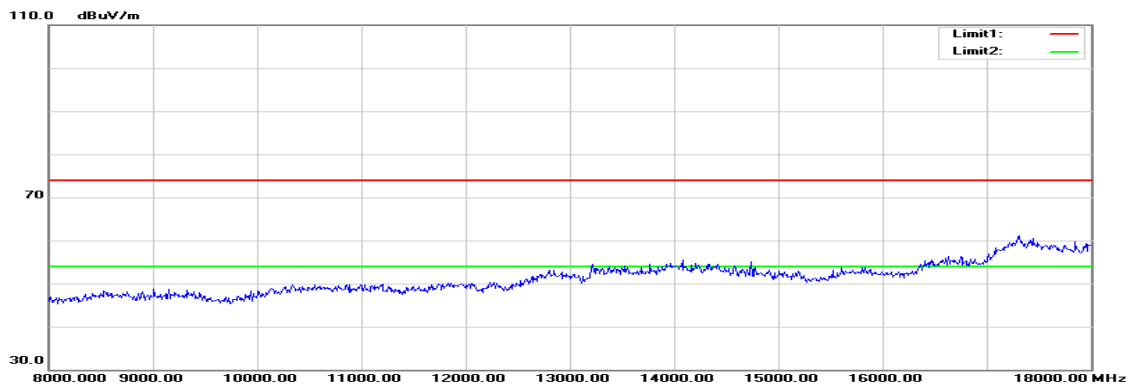
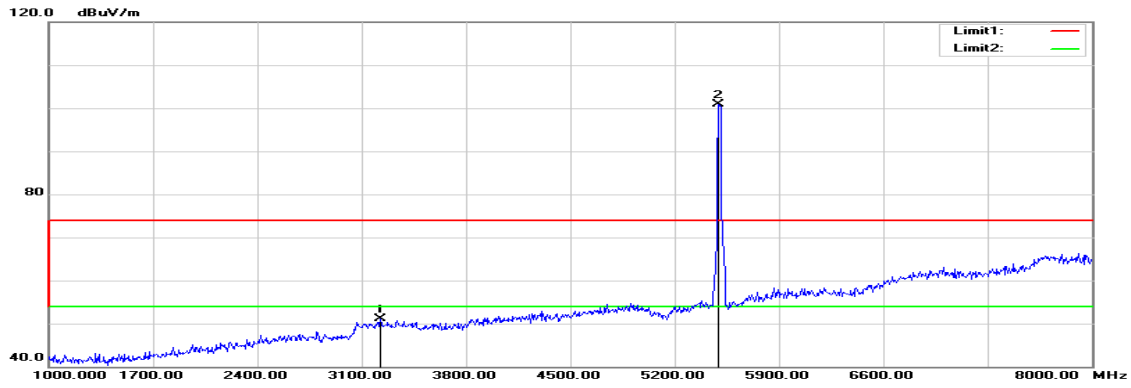


 **Agilent**

**R L**

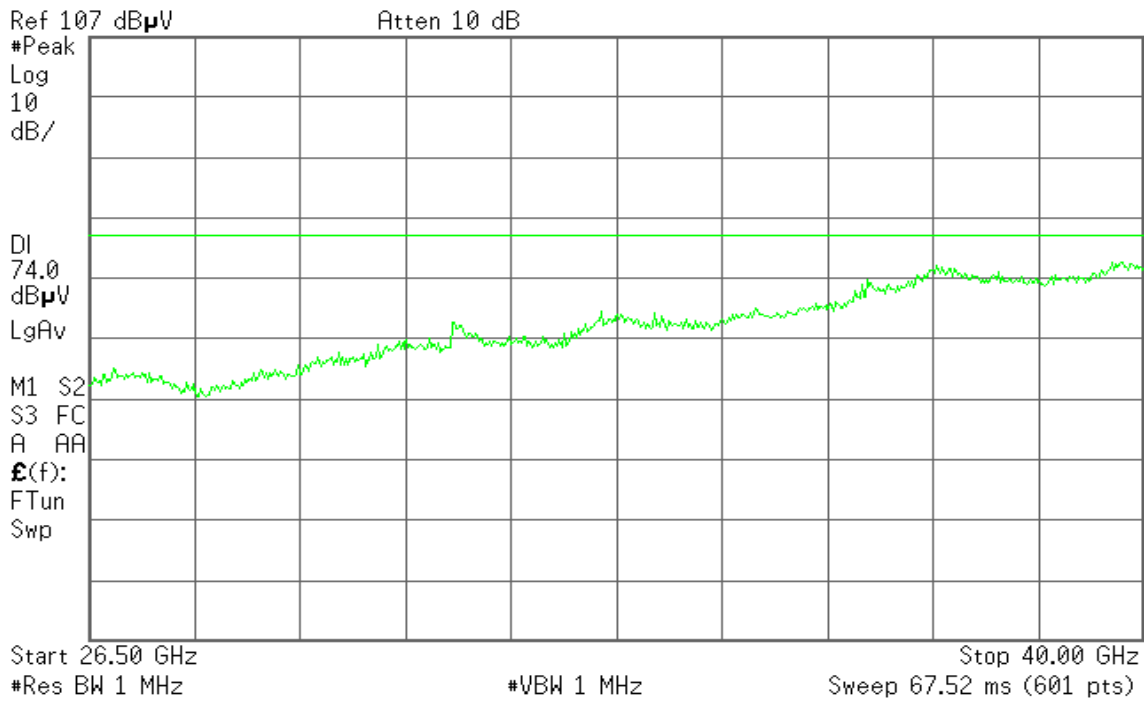


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH Low  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

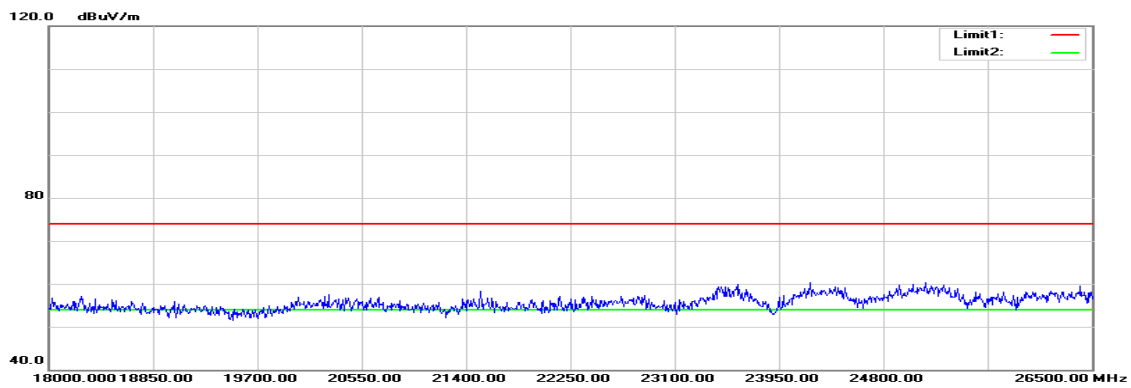
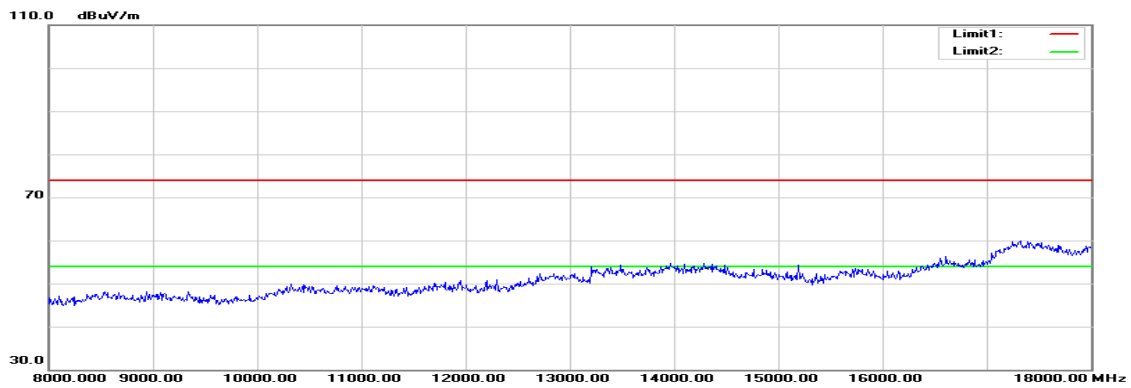
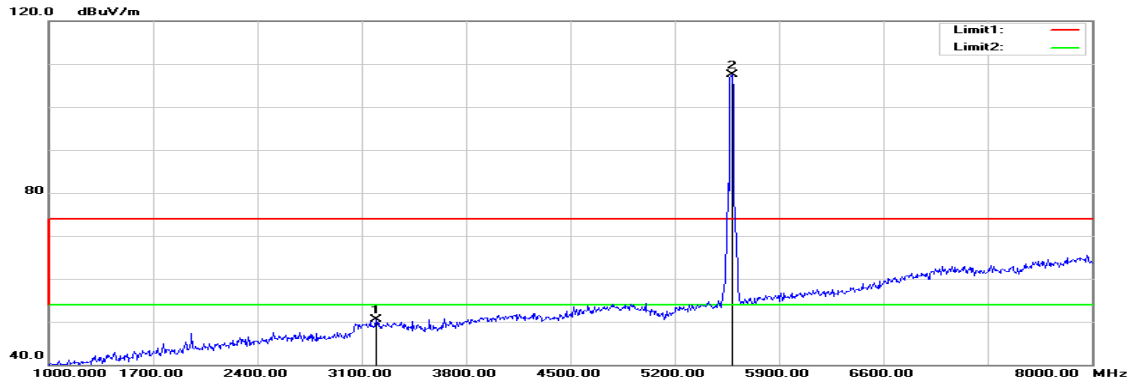
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3240.000	52.49	-1.53	50.96	74.00	-23.04	peak	V
N/A							
3226.000	52.59	-1.57	51.02	74.00	-22.98	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

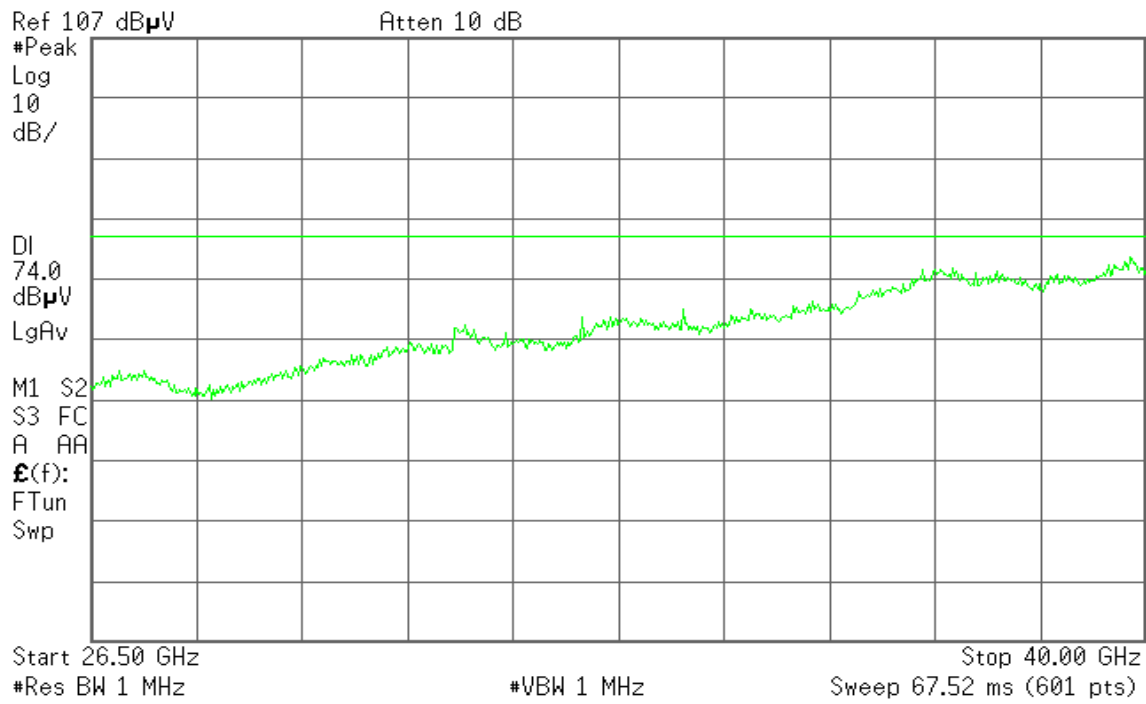
**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH Mid**

**Polarity: Vertical**

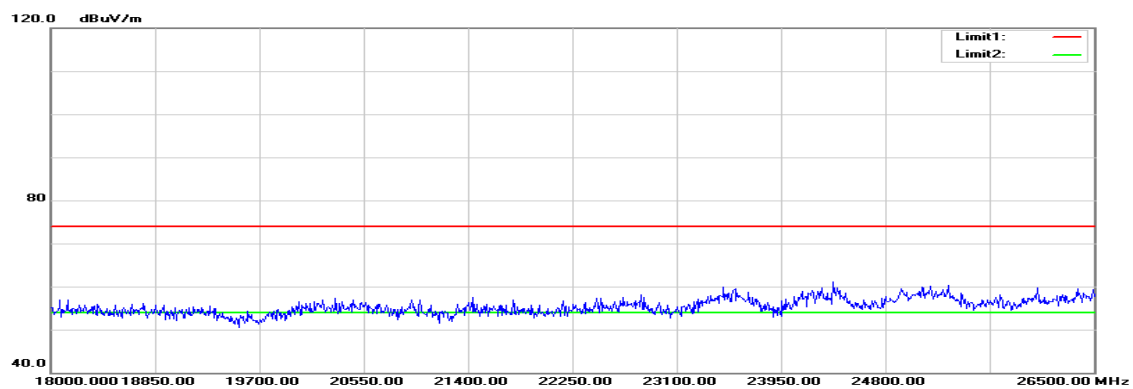
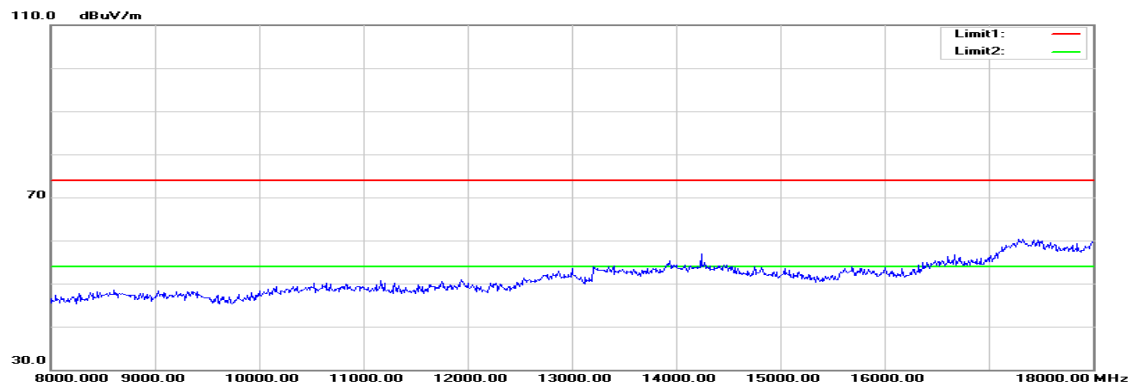
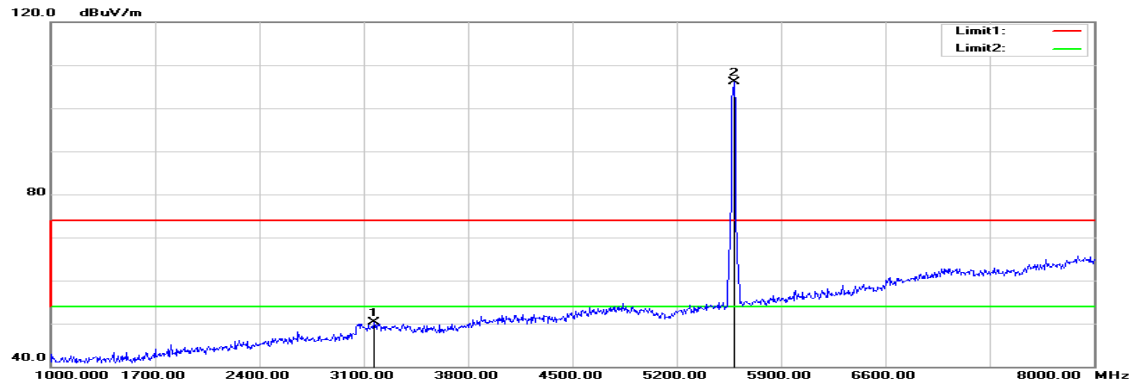


 **Agilent**

**R L**

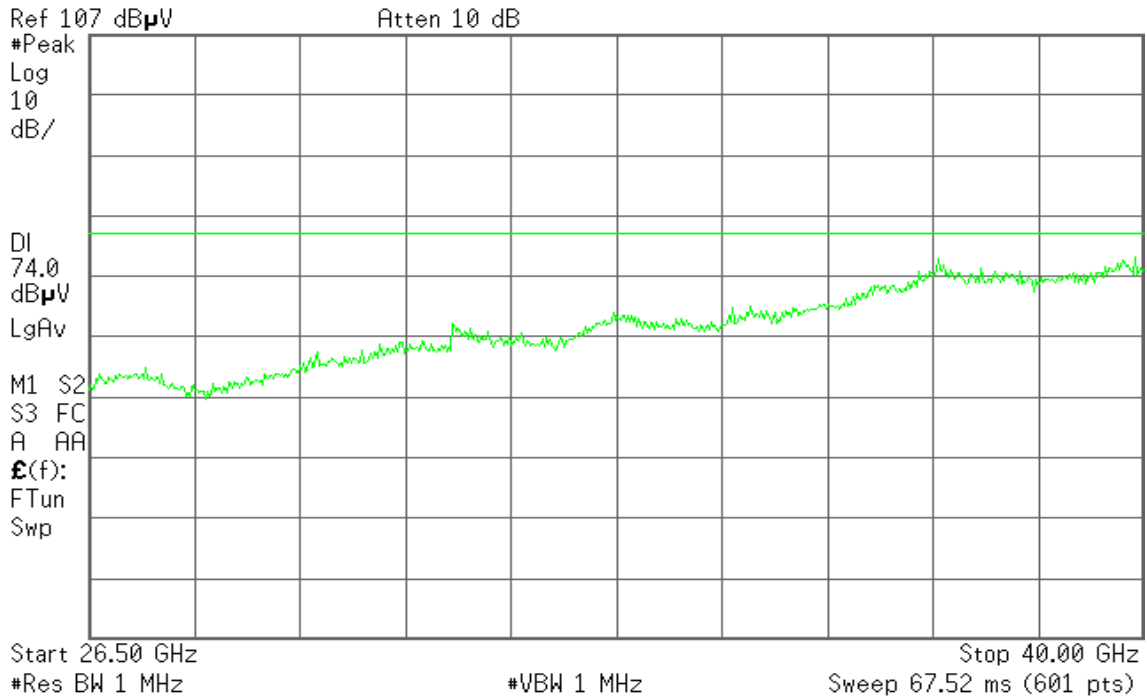


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L





**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH Mid  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

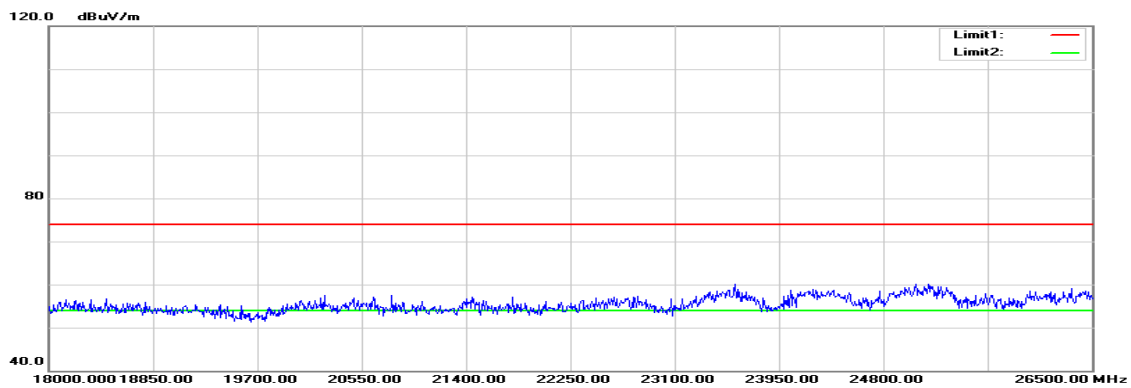
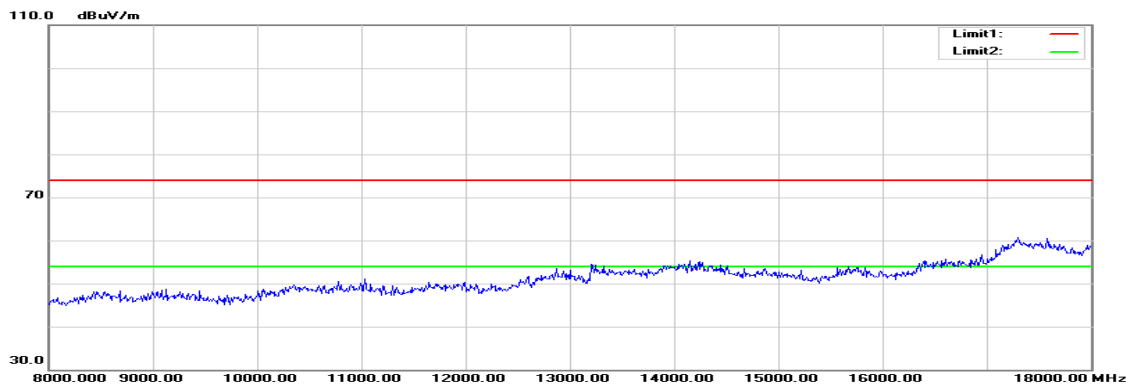
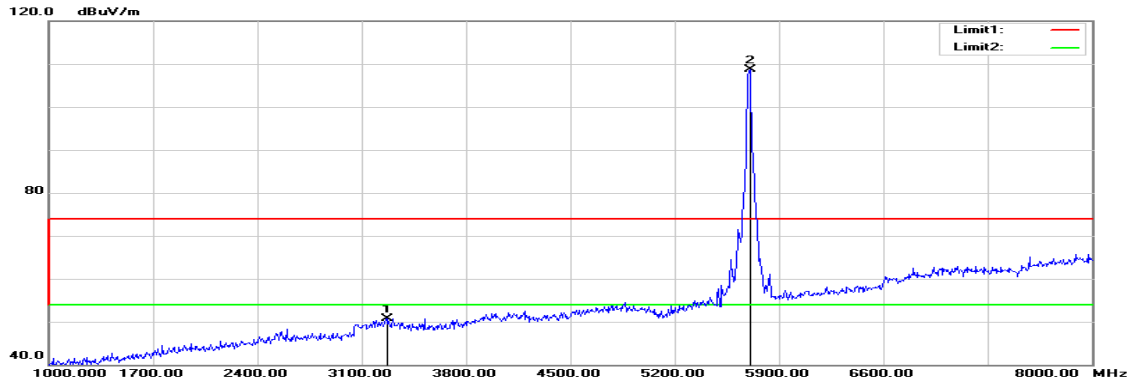
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3198.000	52.07	-1.63	50.44	74.00	-23.56	peak	V
N/A							
3170.000	51.95	-1.70	50.25	74.00	-23.75	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

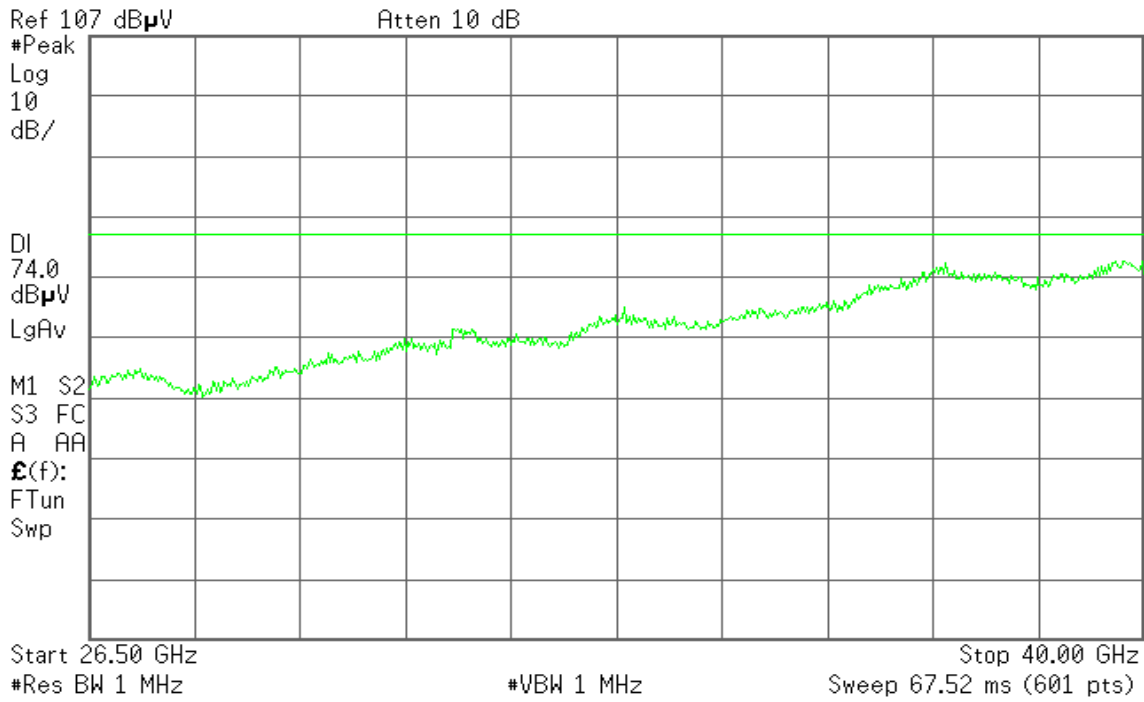
**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH High**

**Polarity: Vertical**

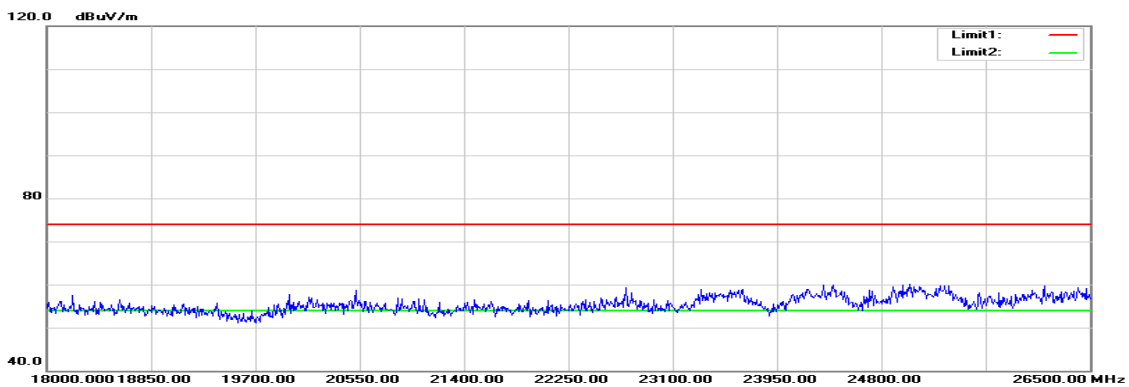
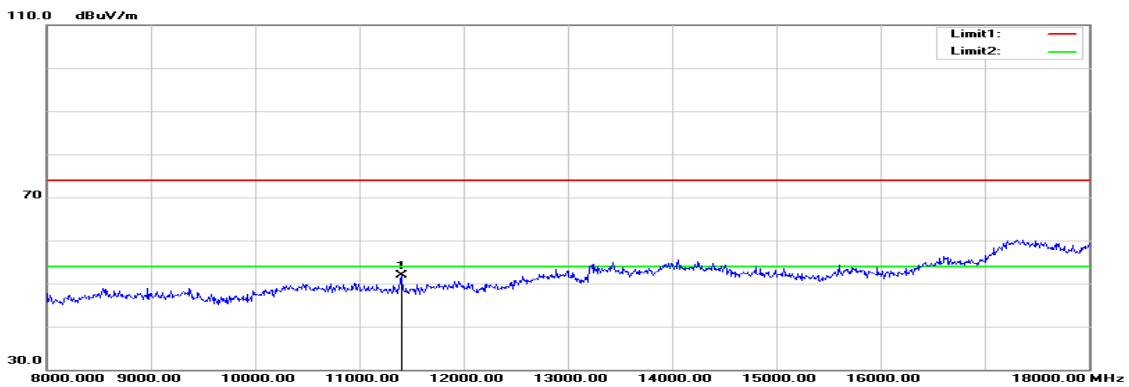
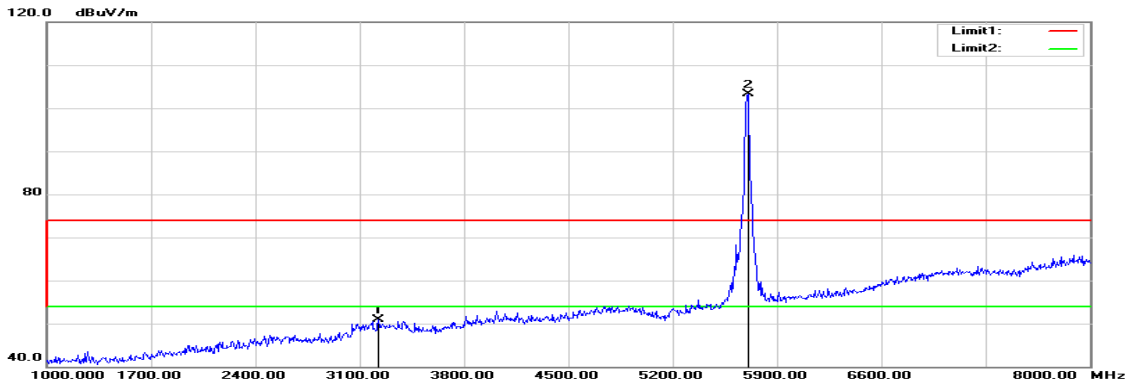


Agilent

R L

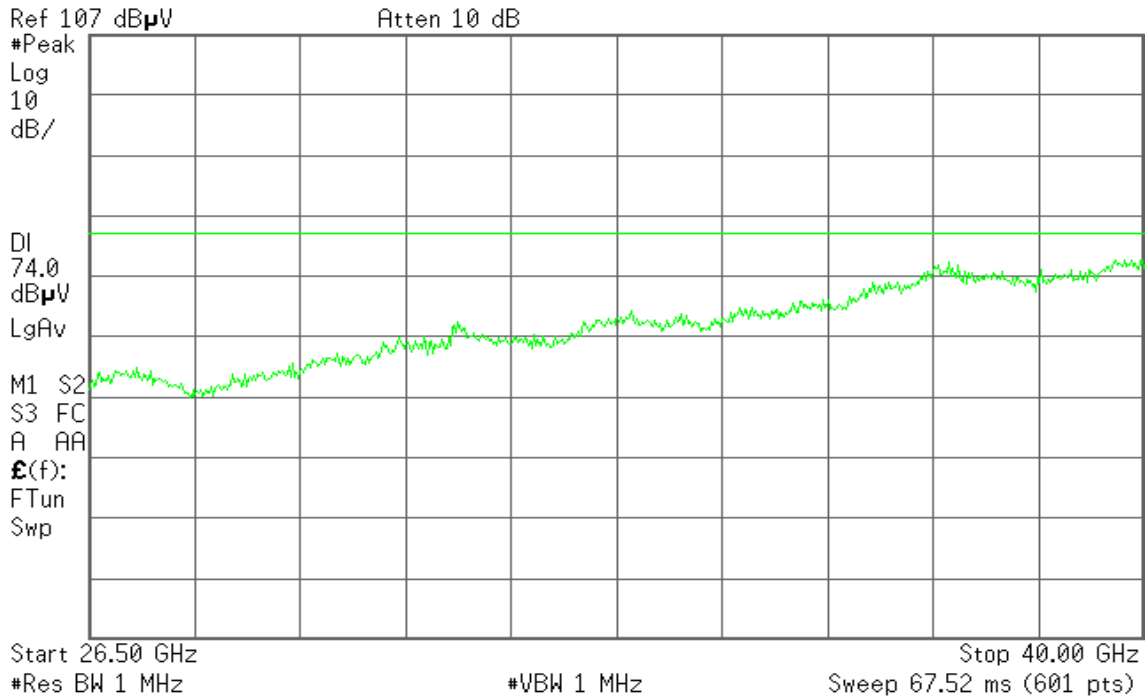


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 20 MHz Channel mode / CH High  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

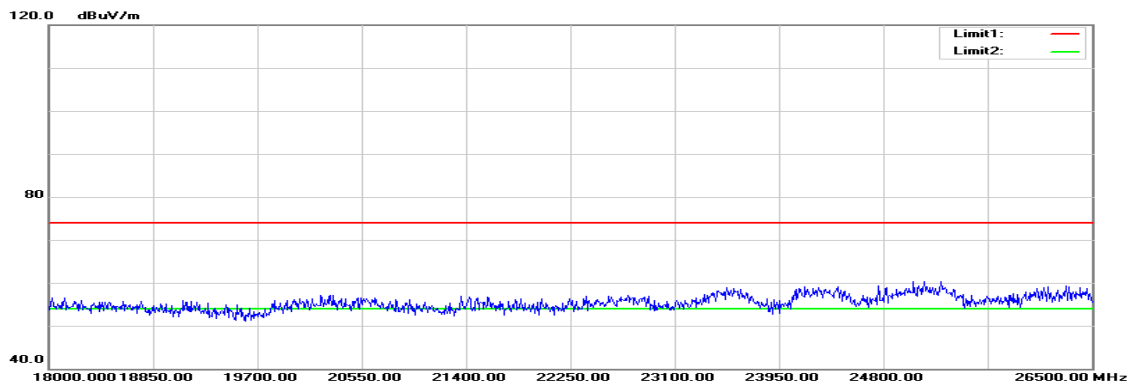
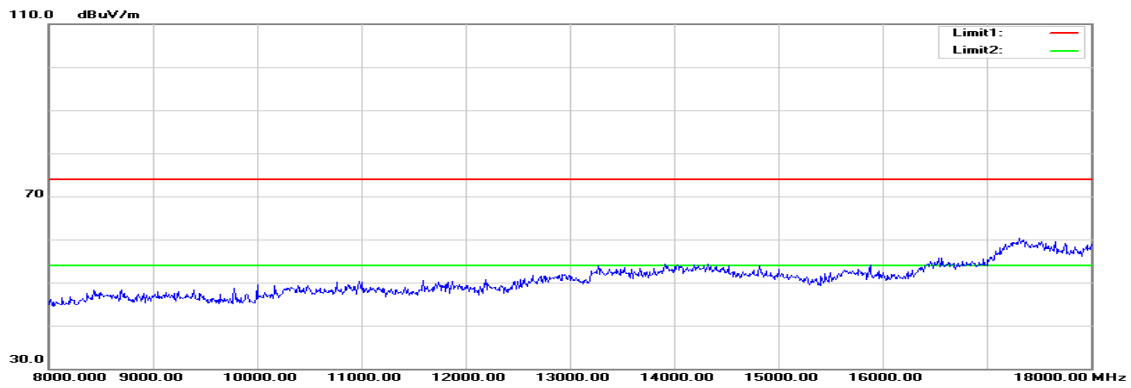
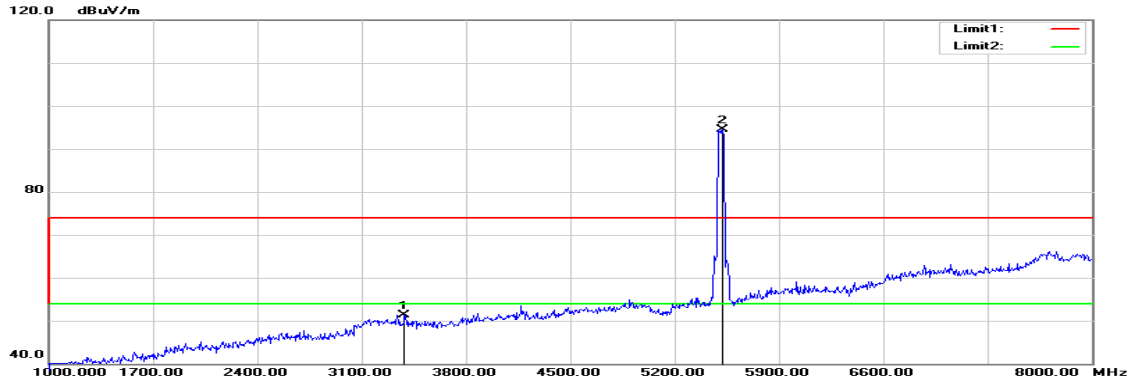
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3268.000	52.23	-1.47	50.76	74.00	-23.24	peak	V
N/A							
3226.000	52.42	-1.57	50.85	74.00	-23.15	peak	H
11400.000	35.08	16.77	51.85	74.00	-22.15	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

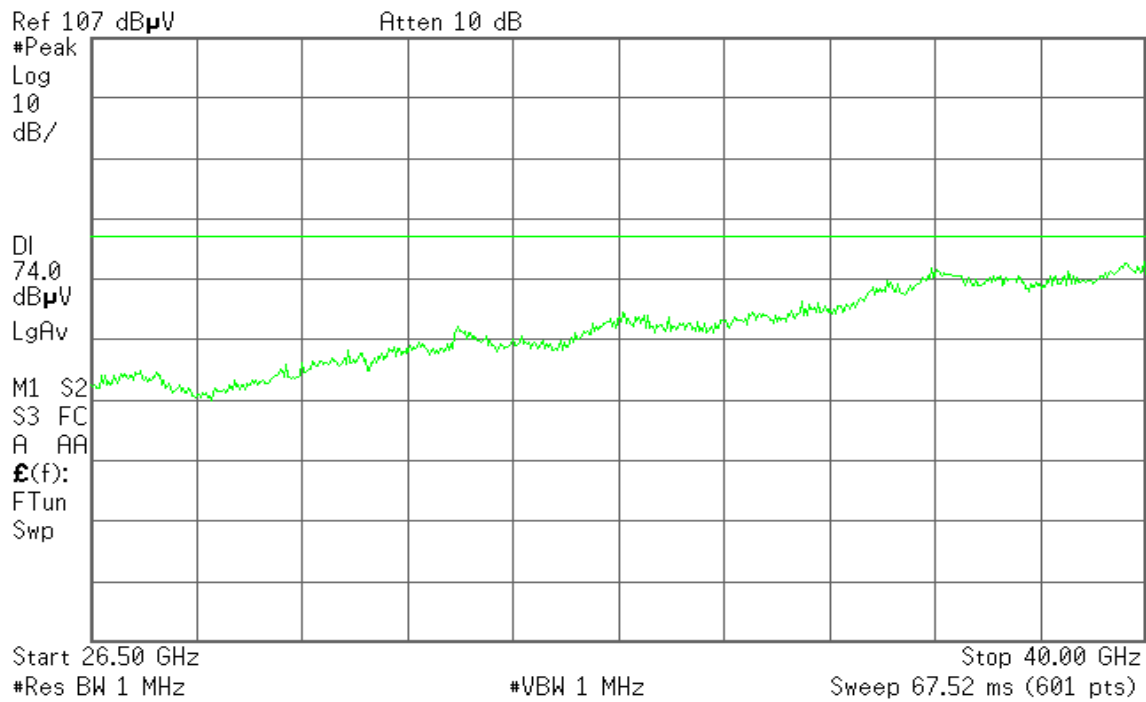
**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH Low**

**Polarity: Vertical**



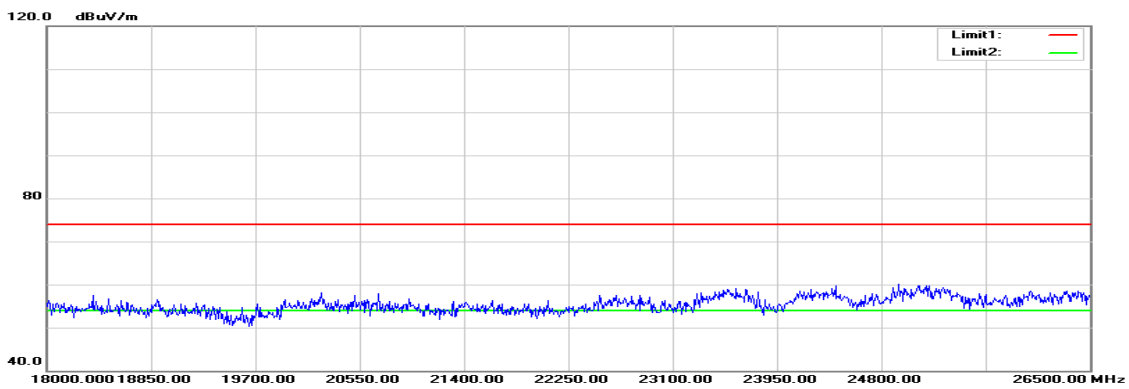
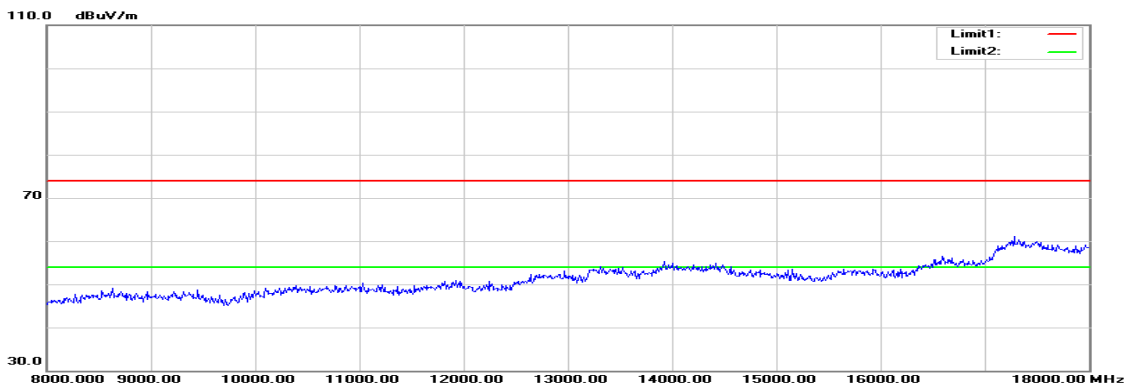
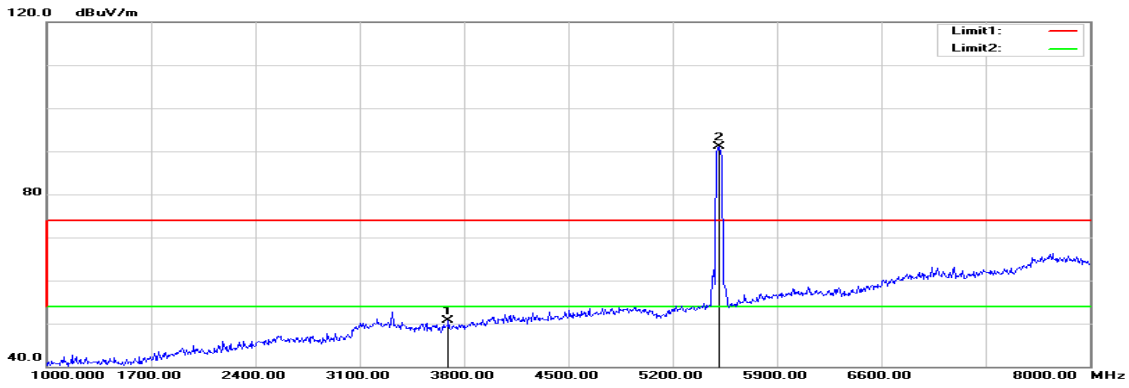
Agilent

R L



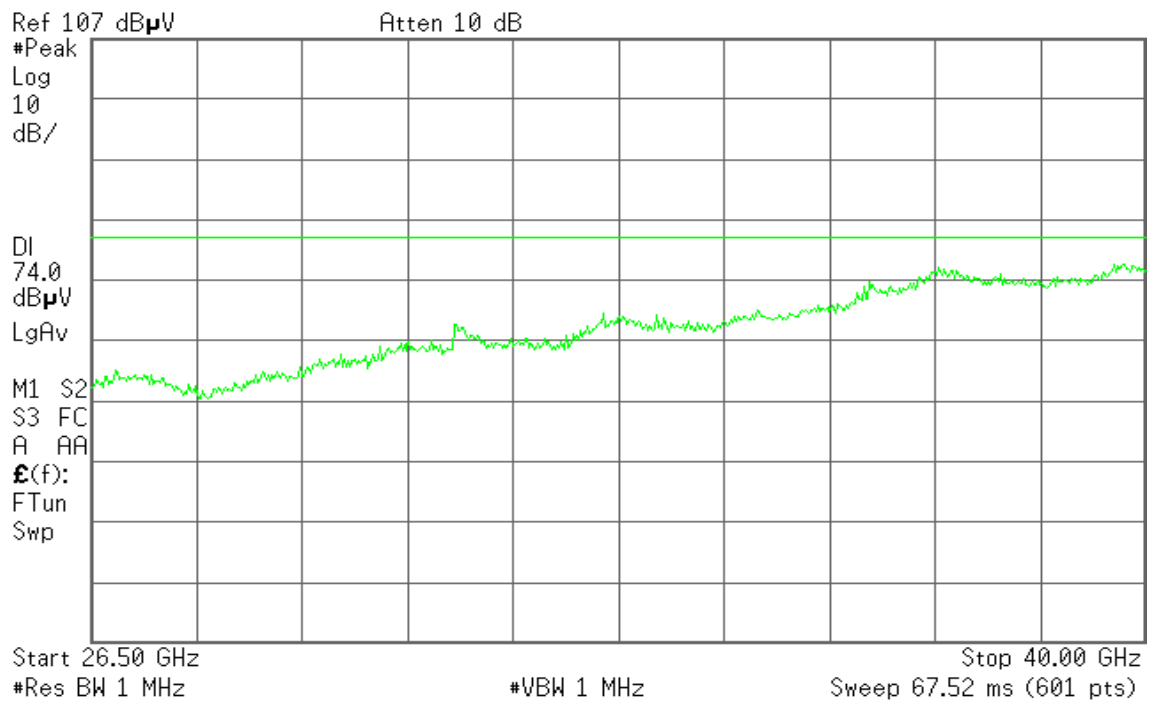


Polarity: Horizontal



 **Agilent**

**R L**



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH Low  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

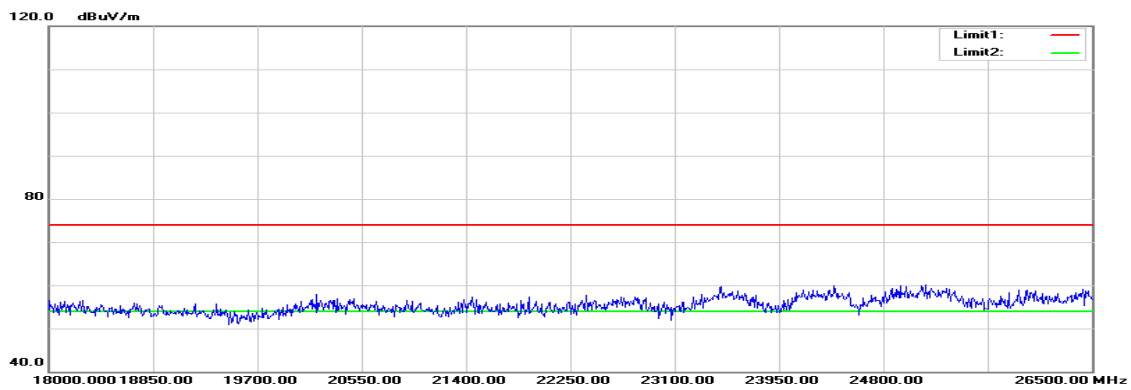
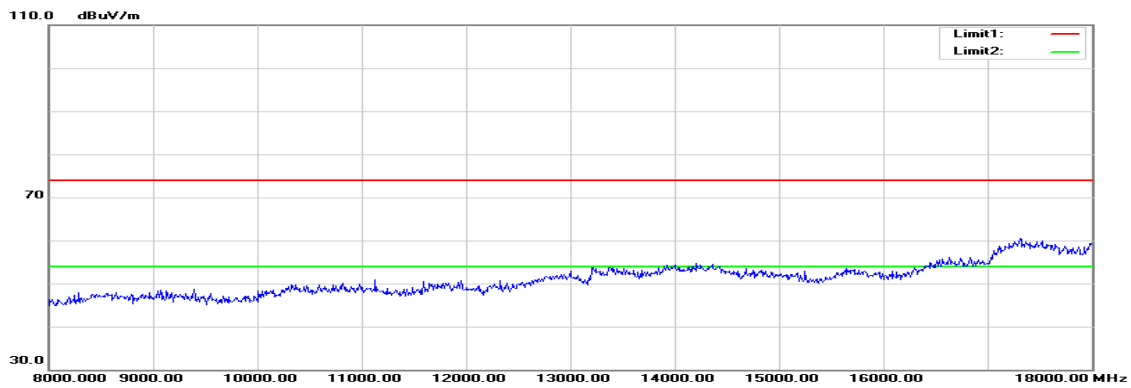
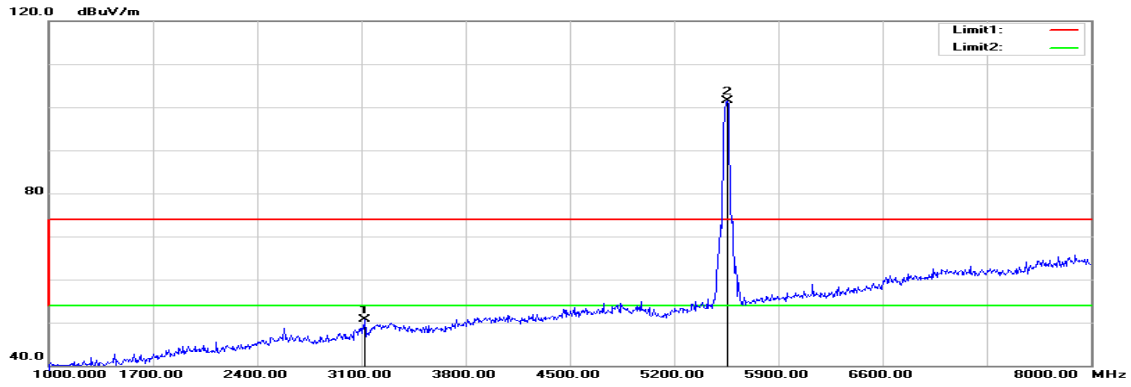
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3387.000	52.56	-1.18	51.38	74.00	-22.62	peak	V
N/A							
3695.000	50.87	-0.08	50.79	74.00	-23.21	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

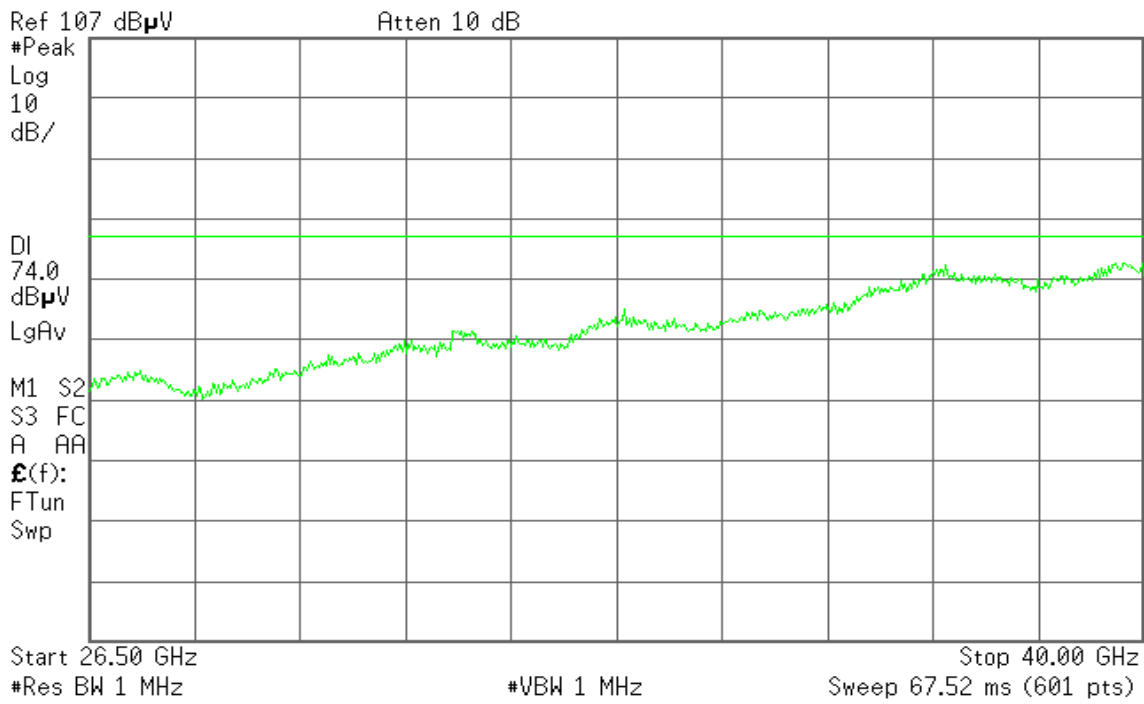
**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH Mid**

**Polarity: Vertical**

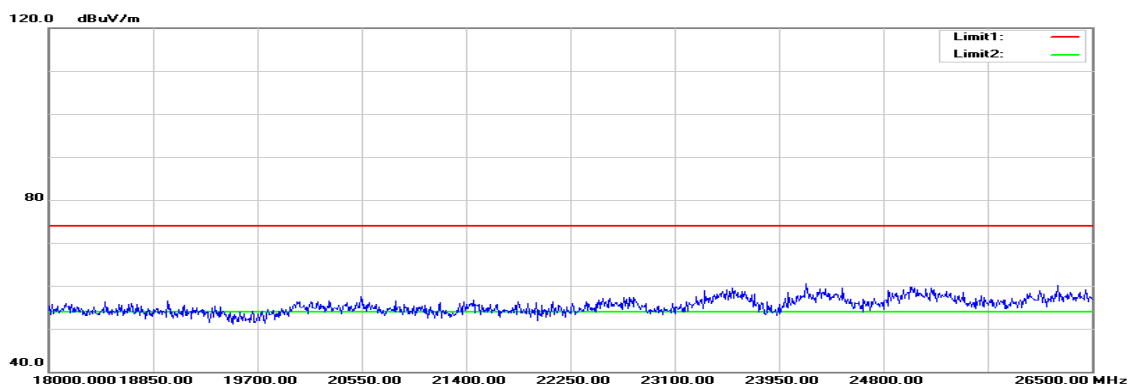
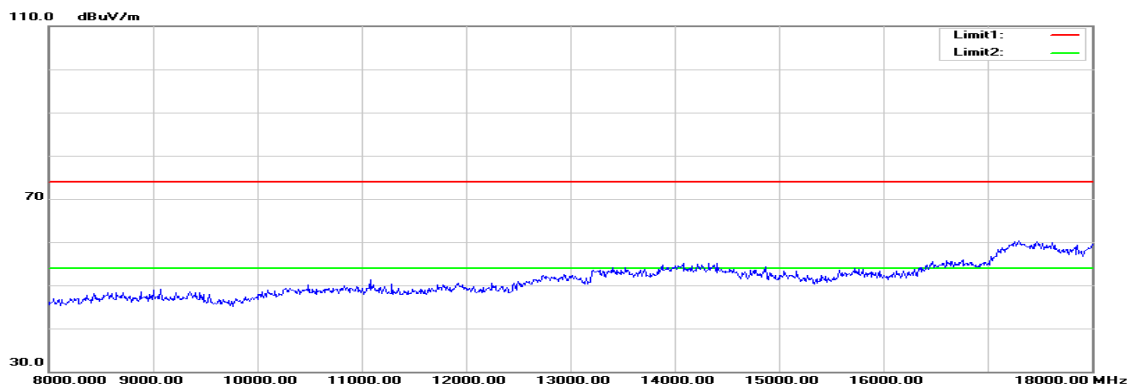
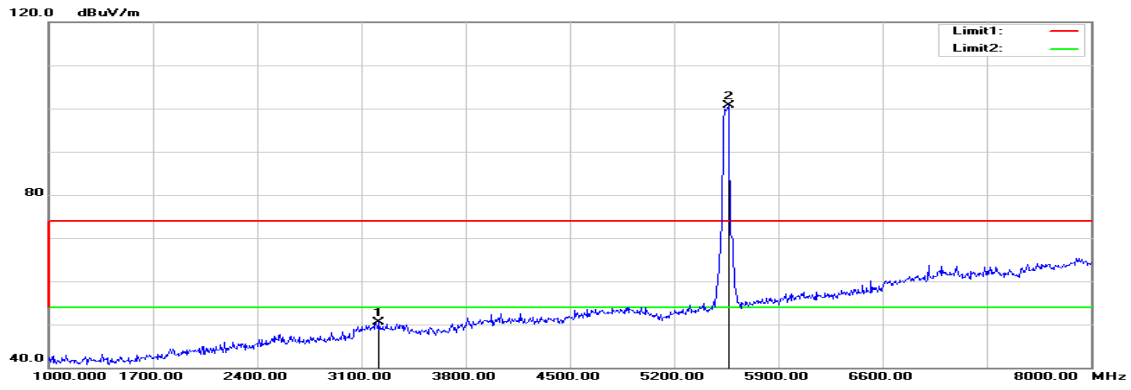


 **Agilent**

**R L**

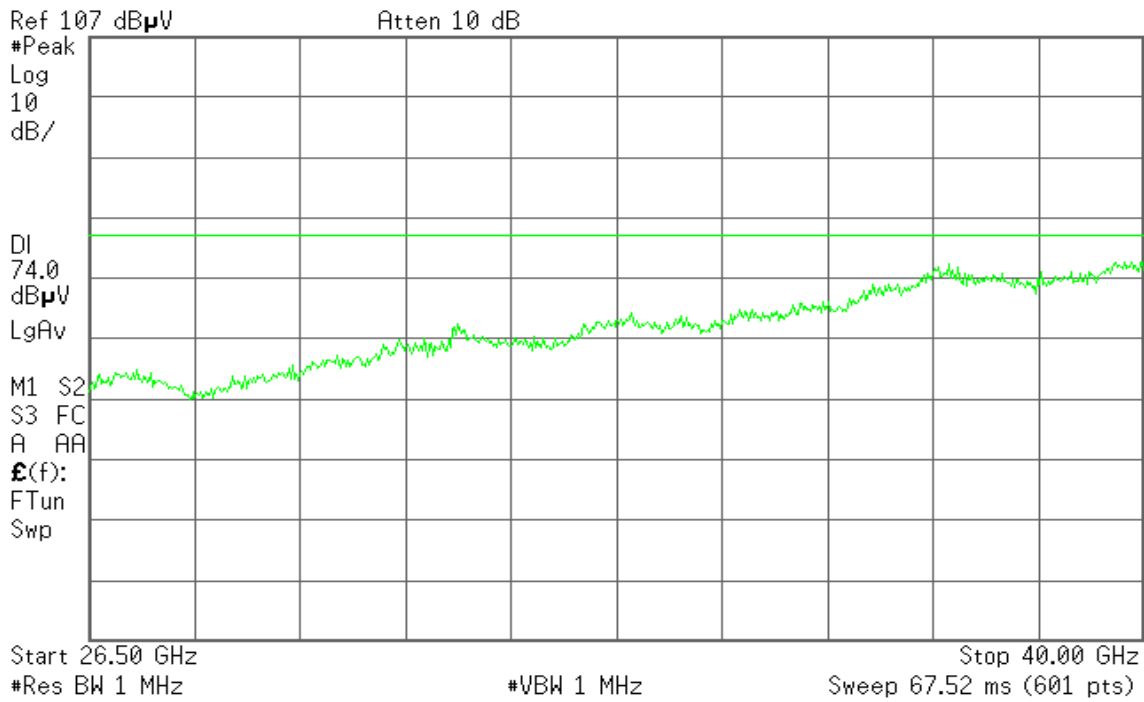


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH Mid  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3121.000	52.49	-1.82	50.67	74.00	-23.33	peak	V
N/A							
3219.000	52.17	-1.58	50.59	74.00	-23.41	peak	H
N/A							

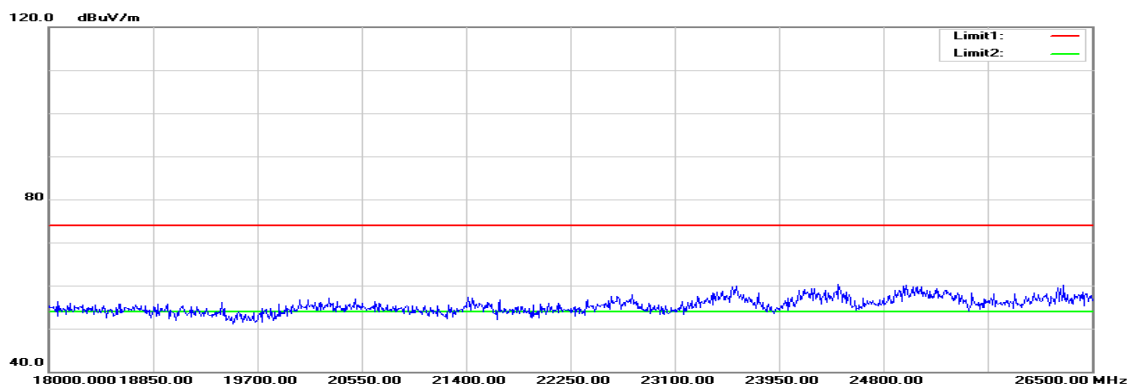
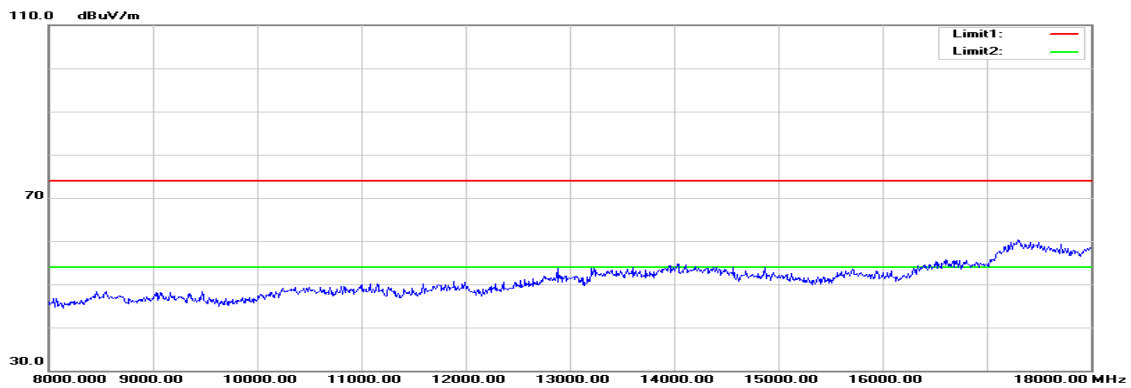
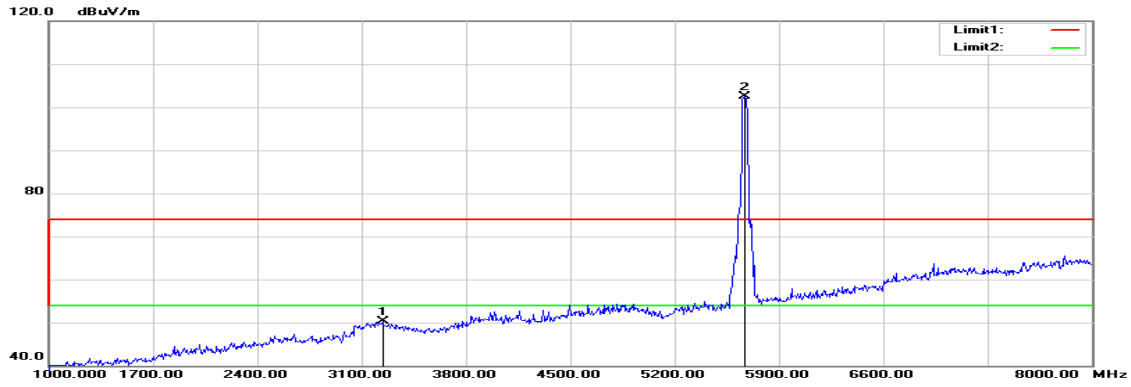
**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



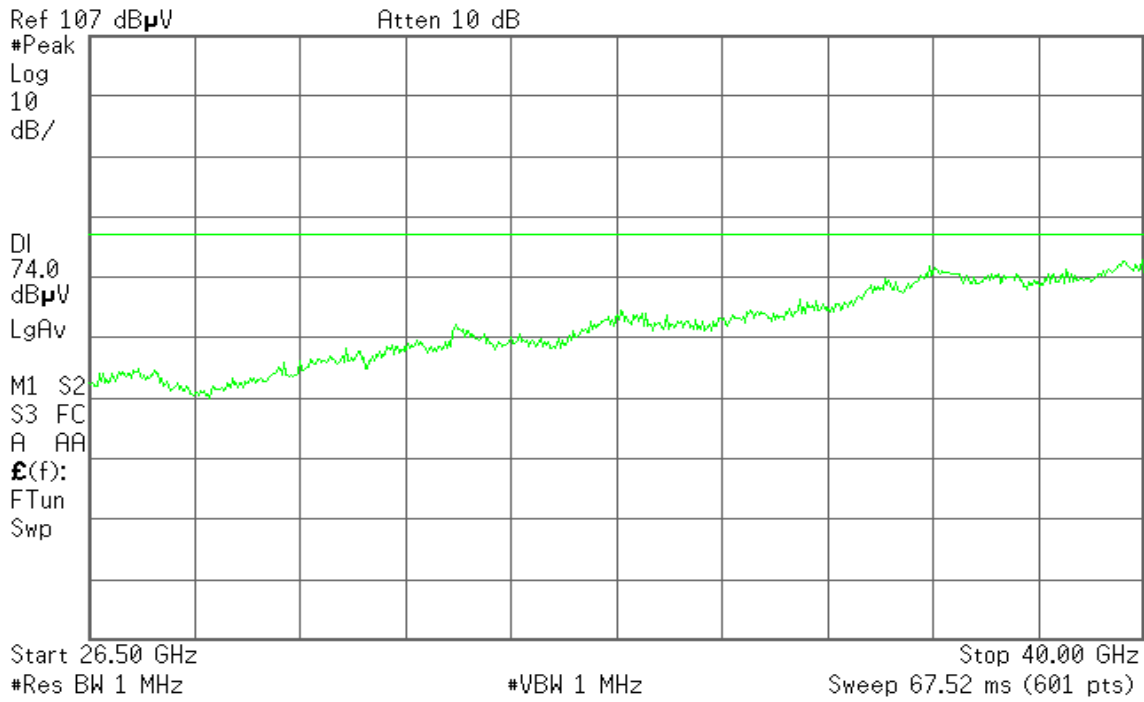
**Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH High**

**Polarity: Vertical**

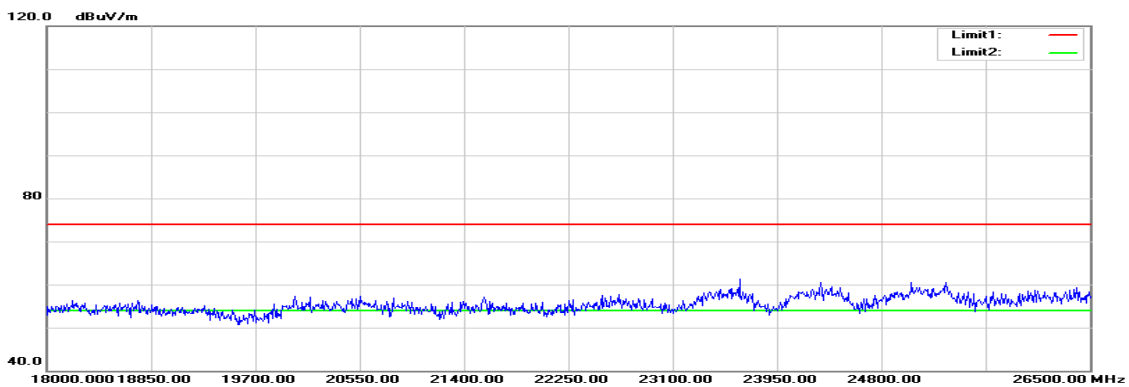
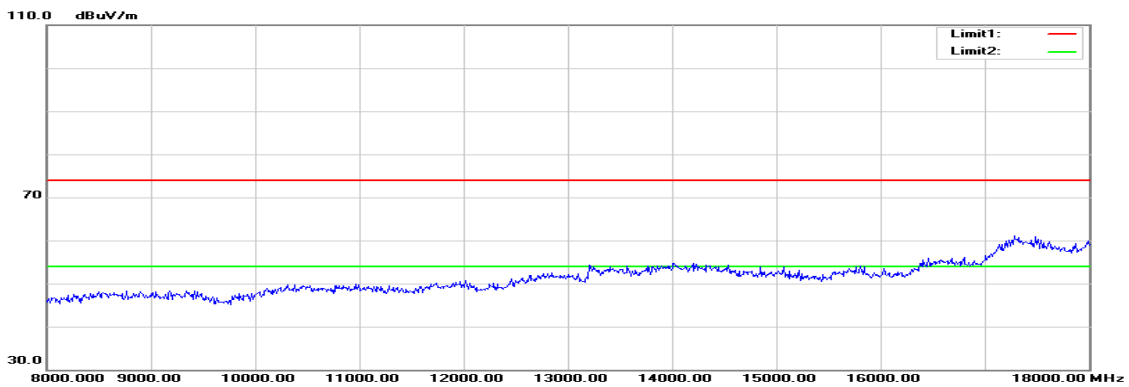
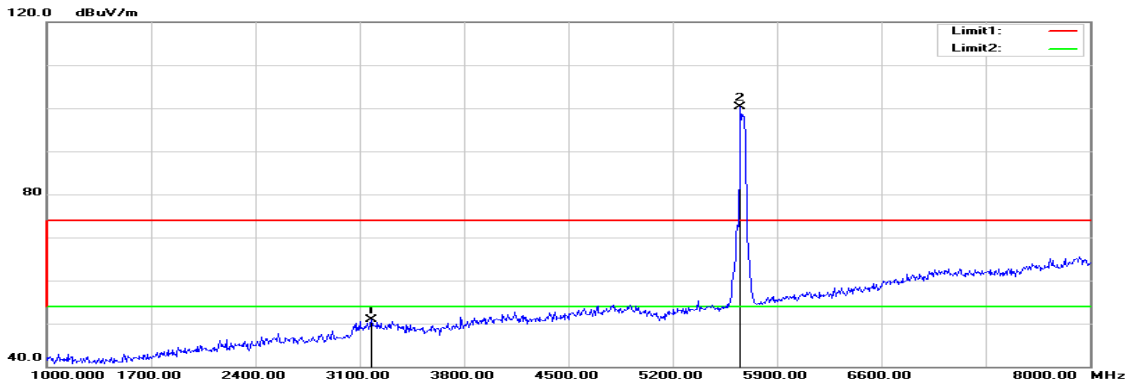


 **Agilent**

**R L**

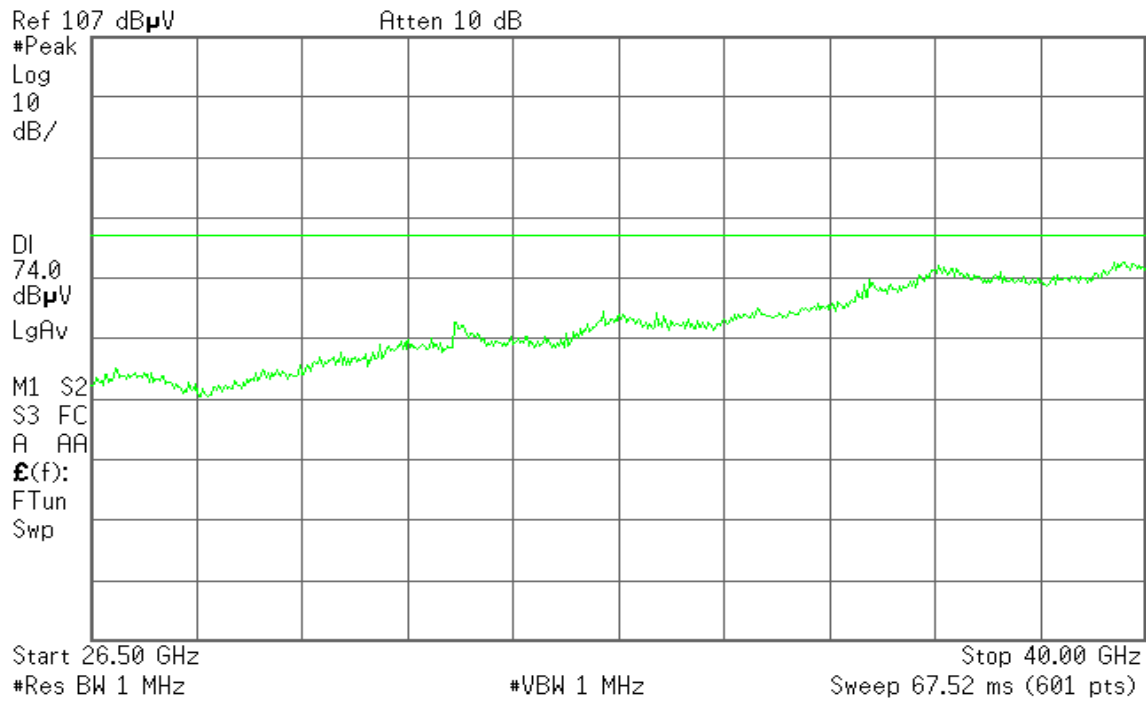


Polarity: Horizontal



Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11n HT 40 MHz mode / CH High  
**Temperature:** 27°C  
**Humidity:** 53% RH

**Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

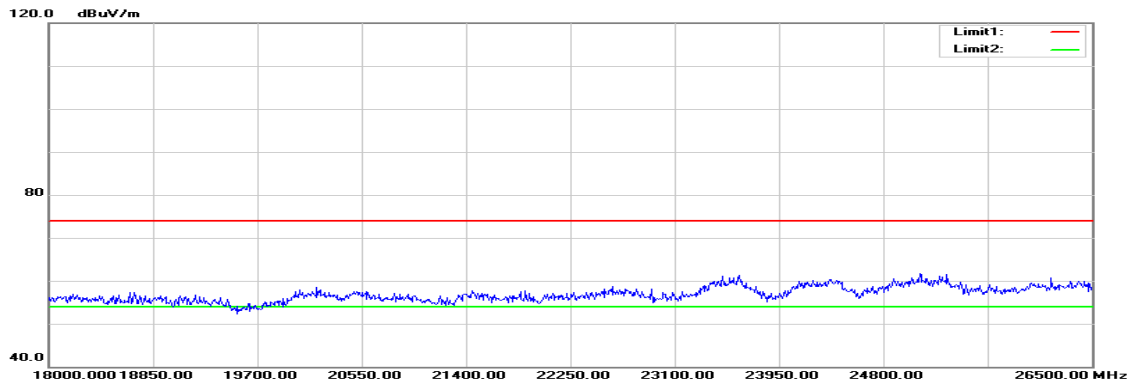
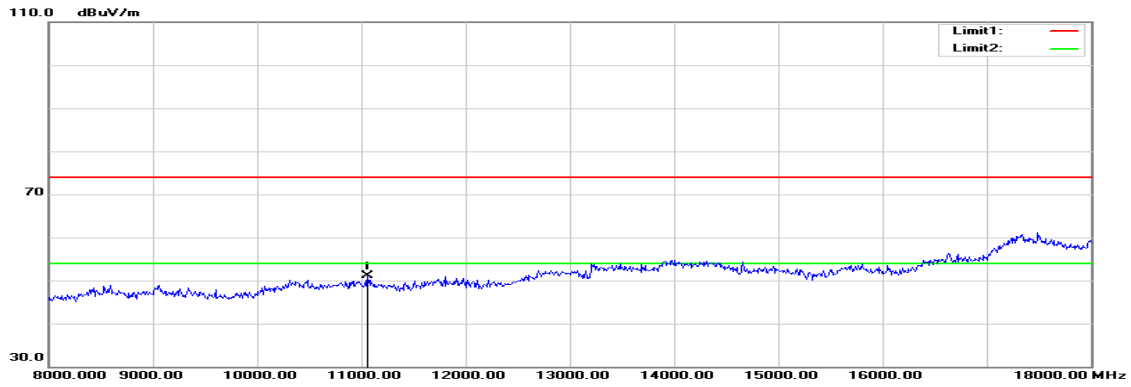
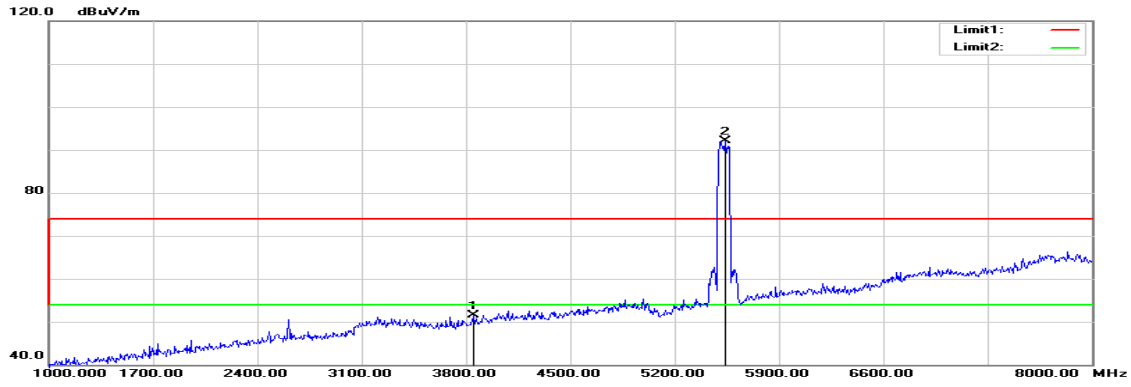
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3240.000	51.81	-1.53	50.28	74.00	-23.72	peak	V
N/A							
3177.000	52.53	-1.69	50.84	74.00	-23.16	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

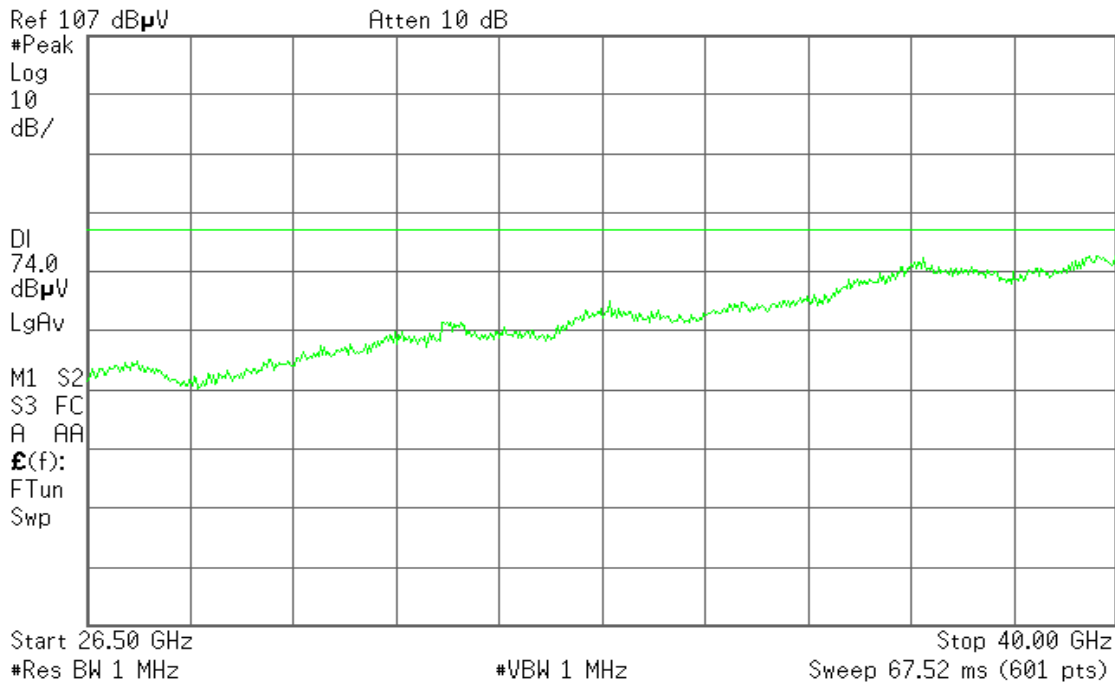
**Tx / IEEE 802.11ac VHT 80 MHz mode / CH Mid**

**Polarity: Vertical**

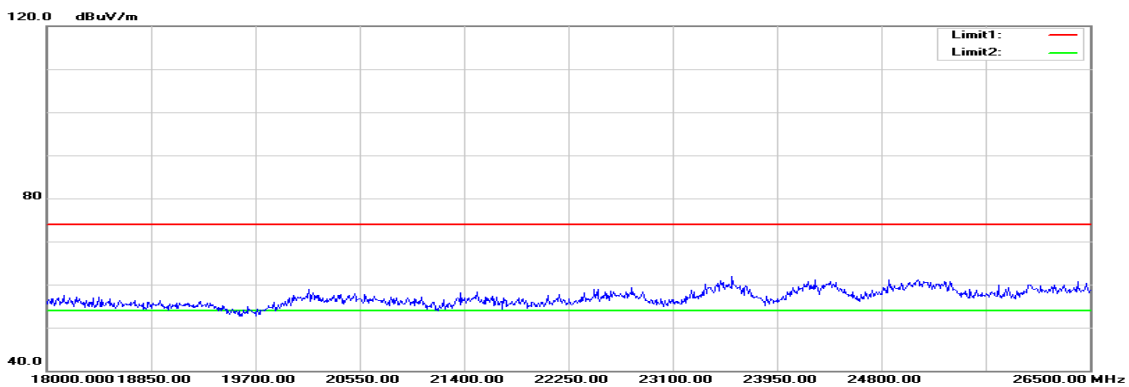
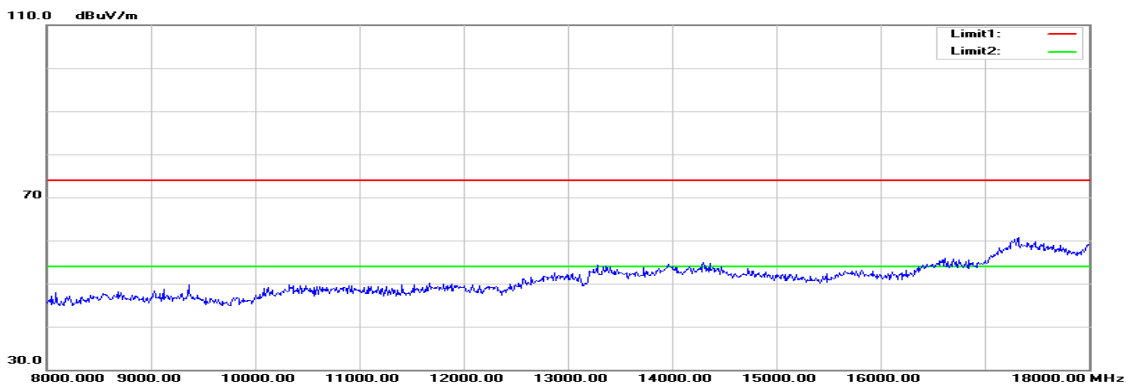
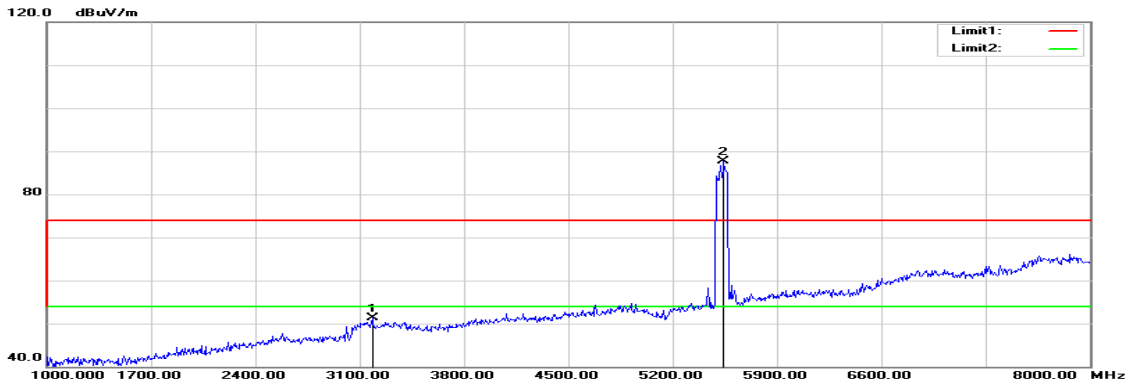


Agilent

R L



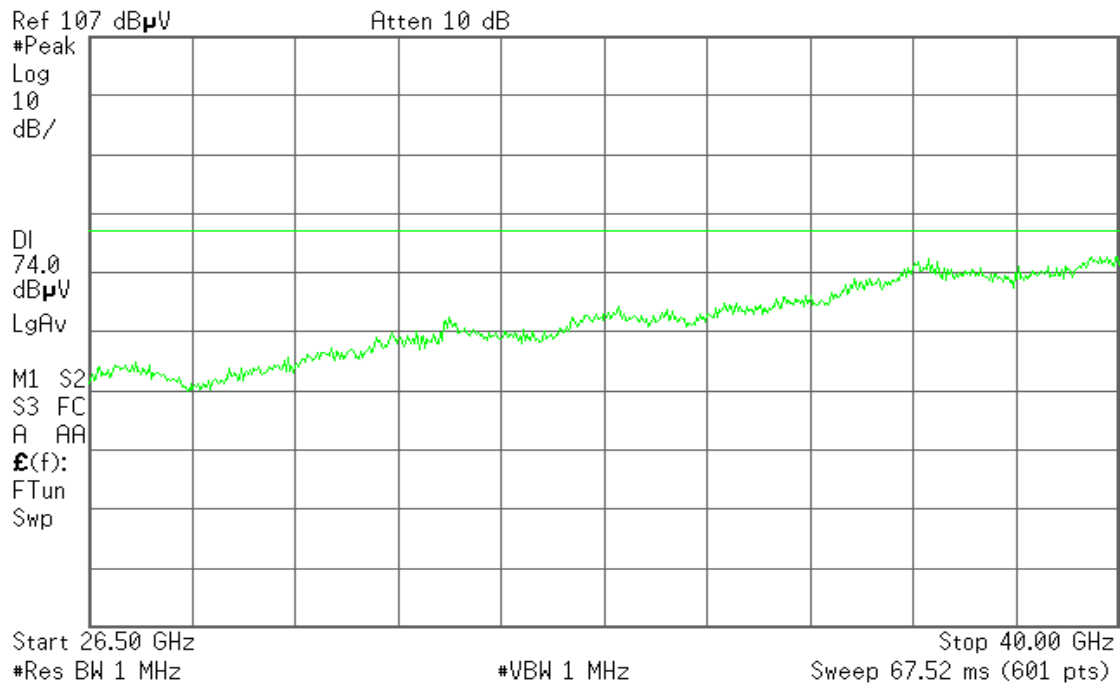
Polarity: Horizontal





Agilent

R L



**Operation Mode:** Tx / IEEE 802.11ac VHT 80 MHz mode / CH Mid **Test Date:** December 10, 2015  
**Temperature:** 27°C **Tested by:** Jason Lu  
**Humidity:** 53% RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
3849.000	50.90	0.58	51.48	74.00	-22.52	peak	V
11060.000	34.39	16.74	51.13	74.00	-22.87	peak	V
N/A							
3184.000	52.95	-1.67	51.28	74.00	-22.72	peak	H
N/A							

**Remark:**

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).

## 7.7 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### LIMIT

According to §15.207(a) & RSS-Gen §7.2.4, except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

### Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Appendix II for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
2. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.

**Test results**

The initial step in collecting conducted data is a spectrum analyzer peak scan of the measurement range. Significant peaks are then marked as shown on the following data page, and these signals are then quasi-peaked.

**Test Data**

**Operation Mode:** Normal Link                      **Test Date:** November 20, 2015  
**Temperature:** 24°C                                      **Tested by:** Dennis Li  
**Humidity:** 50% RH

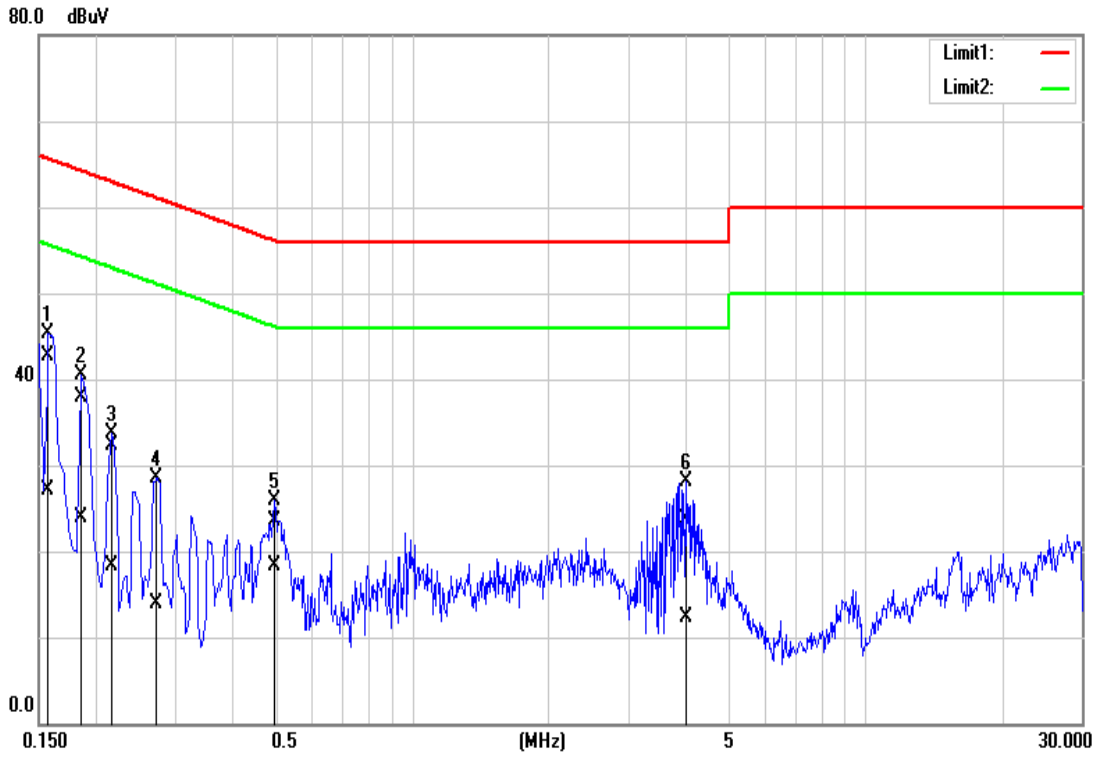
Freq. (MHz)	QP Reading (dBuV)	AV Reading (dBuV)	Corr. factor (dB/m)	QP Result (dBuV/m)	AV Result (dBuV/m)	QP Limit (dBuV)	AV Limit (dBuV)	QP Margin (dB)	AV Margin (dB)	Note
0.1580	42.29	26.62	0.42	42.71	27.04	65.56	55.57	-22.85	-28.53	L1
0.1860	37.66	23.67	0.32	37.98	23.99	64.21	54.21	-26.23	-30.22	L1
0.2180	32.05	17.97	0.27	32.32	18.24	62.89	52.89	-30.57	-34.65	L1
0.2740	28.35	13.70	0.25	28.60	13.95	60.99	51.00	-32.39	-37.05	L1
0.4980	23.38	18.03	0.21	23.59	18.24	56.03	46.03	-32.44	-27.79	L1
4.0220	23.44	11.89	0.33	23.77	12.22	56.00	46.00	-32.23	-33.78	L1
0.1580	42.50	26.50	0.42	42.92	26.92	65.56	55.57	-22.64	-28.65	L2
0.1860	40.76	24.61	0.32	41.08	24.93	64.21	54.21	-23.13	-29.28	L2
0.2140	35.45	18.61	0.27	35.72	18.88	63.04	53.05	-27.32	-34.17	L2
0.2660	28.36	14.20	0.25	28.61	14.45	61.24	51.24	-32.63	-36.79	L2
0.5100	22.08	15.71	0.20	22.28	15.91	56.00	46.00	-33.72	-30.09	L2
3.8820	22.34	10.46	0.33	22.67	10.79	56.00	46.00	-33.33	-35.21	L2

**Remark:**

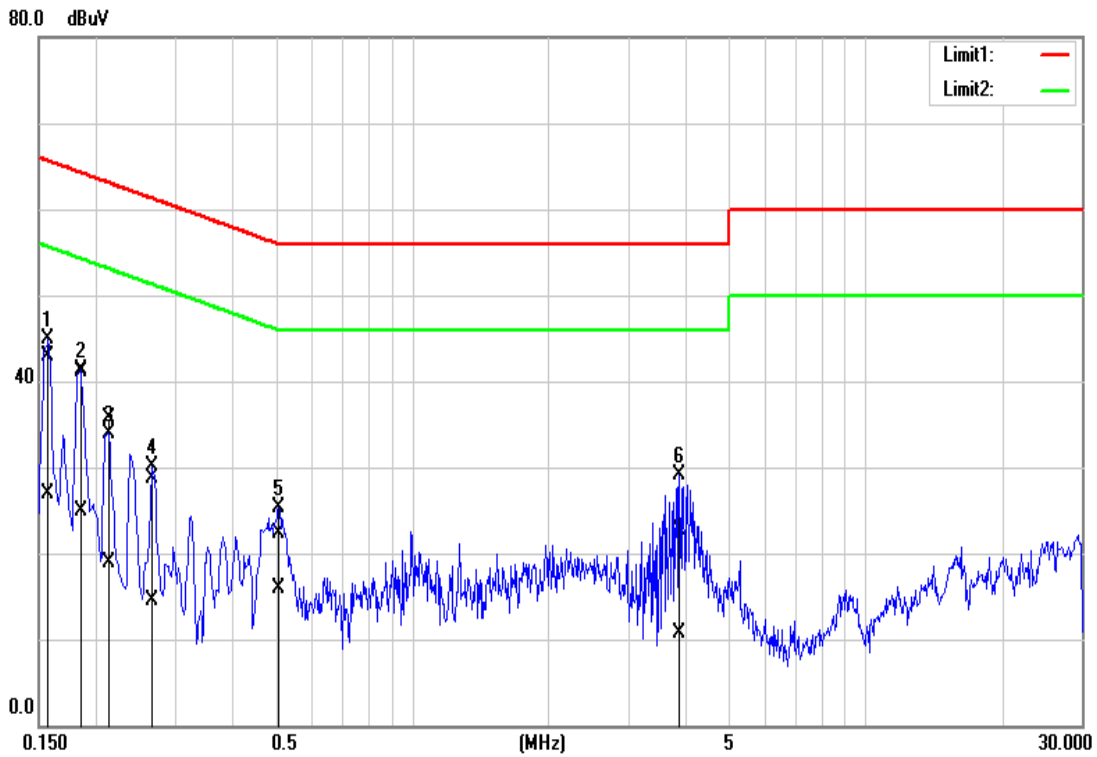
1. Measuring frequencies from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz.
2. The emissions measured in frequency range from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi-peak detector and average detector.
3. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 0.15MHz and 30MHz was 10 kHz; the IF bandwidth of Test Receiver between 0.15MHz and 30MHz was 9 kHz;
4. L1 = Line One (Live Line) / L2 = Line Two (Neutral Line)

**Test Plots**

**Conducted emissions (Line 1)**



**Conducted emissions (Line 2)**

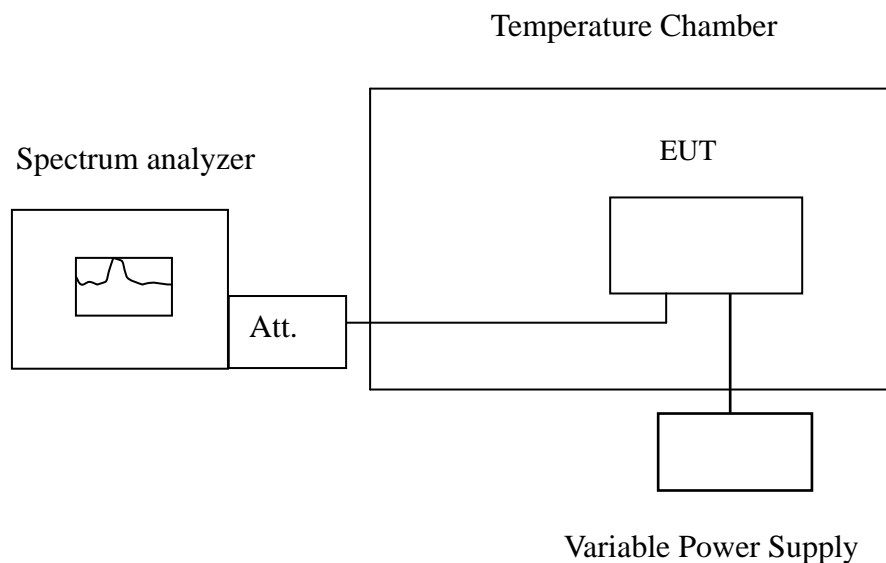


## 7.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY

### LIMIT

According to §15.407(g) & RSS-247, manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the operational description.

### Test Configuration



**Remark:** Measurement setup for testing on Antenna connector

**TEST PROCEDURE**

The equipment under test was connected to an external AC or DC power supply and input rated voltage. RF output was connected to a frequency counter or spectrum analyzer via feed through attenuators. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and measure EUT 20°C operating frequency as reference frequency. Turn EUT off and set the chamber temperature to -20°C. After the temperature stabilized for approximately 30 minutes recorded the frequency. Repeat step measure with 10°C increased per stage until the highest temperature of +50°C reached.

**TEST RESULTS**

*No non-compliance noted.*

**5280 MHz:**

Operating Frequency: 5280 MHz				
Environment Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Limit	Result
			±20ppm	(Pass/Fail)
50	5	5279.969610	-5.755681818	Pass
40	5	5279.973080	-5.098484849	Pass
30	5	5279.981330	-3.535984849	Pass
20	5	5279.992620	-1.397727273	Pass
10	5	5280.004340	0.821969697	Pass
0	5	5280.014330	2.714015152	Pass
-10	5	5280.020840	3.946969697	Pass
-20	5	5280.022580	4.276515151	Pass

Operating Frequency: 5280 MHz				
Environment Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Limit	Result
			±20ppm	(Pass/Fail)
20	4.25	5279.992620	-1.397727273	Pass
	5	5279.992620	-1.397727273	Pass
	5.75	5279.992620	-1.397727273	Pass

## 7.9 DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION

### TEST PROCEDURE

According to “KDB 905462 D02 v01r02” and “KDB 905462 D03 v01r01”

### LIMIT

According to §15.407 (h) and FCC 06-96 appendix “compliance measurement procedures for unlicensed-national information infrastructure devices operating in the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz bands incorporating dynamic frequency selection”.

**Table 1: Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel**

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Master	Client (without radar detection)	Client(with radar detection)
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes

**Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation**

Requirement	Operational Mode	
	Master Device or Client with Radar Detection	Client Without Radar Detection
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required

**Table 3: Interference Threshold values, Master or Client incorporating In-Service**

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1, 2, and 3)
EIRP ≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm

**Note 1:** This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

**Note 2:** Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

**Note3:** EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.



**Table 4: DFS Response requirement values**

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. See Notes 1 and 2.
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission power bandwidth. See Note 3.

**Note 1:** Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

**Note 2:** The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

**Note 3:** During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

**Table 5 – Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms**

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
0	1	1428	18	60%	30
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a	$\text{Roundup} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left( \frac{1}{360} \right) \cdot \\ \left( \frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{\text{PRI}_{\mu\text{sec}}} \right) \end{array} \right\}$	60%	30
		Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A			
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)				80%	120

**Note 1:** Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.

**Table 6 – Long Pulse Radar Test Signal**

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses per Burst	Number of Bursts	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

**Table 7 – Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal**

Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (msec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

## **DESCRIPTION OF EUT**

### **Overview Of EUT With Respect To §15.407 (H) Requirements**

The EUT operates over the 5250-5350 MHz range as a Client Device that does not have radar detection capability.

The Slave device associated with the EUT during these tests does not have radar detection capability.

WLAN traffic is generated by streaming the video file TestFile.mp2 “6 ½ Magic Hours” from the Master to the Slave in full motion video mode using the media player with the V2.61 Codec package.

TPC is not required since the maximum EIRP is less than 500 mW (27 dBm).

The EUT utilizes the 802.11a architecture, with a nominal channel bandwidth of 20 MHz.

The Master Device is a Wi-Fi (11a/b/g/n/ac 2Tx2R) + BT (V4.1 LE) SDIO Combo Module, FCC ID: PPQ-WCBN4503M

The rated output power of the Master unit is < 23dBm (EIRP). Therefore the required interference threshold level is -62 dBm. After correction for antenna gain and procedural adjustments, the required conducted threshold at the antenna port is  $-62 + 5 = -57$ dBm.

The calibrated conducted DFS Detection Threshold level is set to -62 dBm. The tested level is lower than the required level hence it provides margin to the limit.

### **Manufacturer’s Statement Regarding Uniform Channel Spreading**

The end product implements an automatic channel selection feature at startup such that operation commences on channels distributed across the entire set of allowed 5GHz channels. This feature will ensure uniform spreading is achieved while avoiding non-allowed channels due to prior radar events.

## **TEST AND MEASUREMENT SYSTEM**

### **System Overview**

The measurement system is based on a conducted test method.

The short pulse and long pulse signal generating system utilizes the NTIA software. The Vector Signal Generator has been validated by the NTIA. The hopping signal generating system utilizes the CCS simulated hopping method and system, which has been validated by the DoD, FCC and NTIA. The software selects waveform parameters from within the bounds of the signal type on a random basis using uniform distribution.

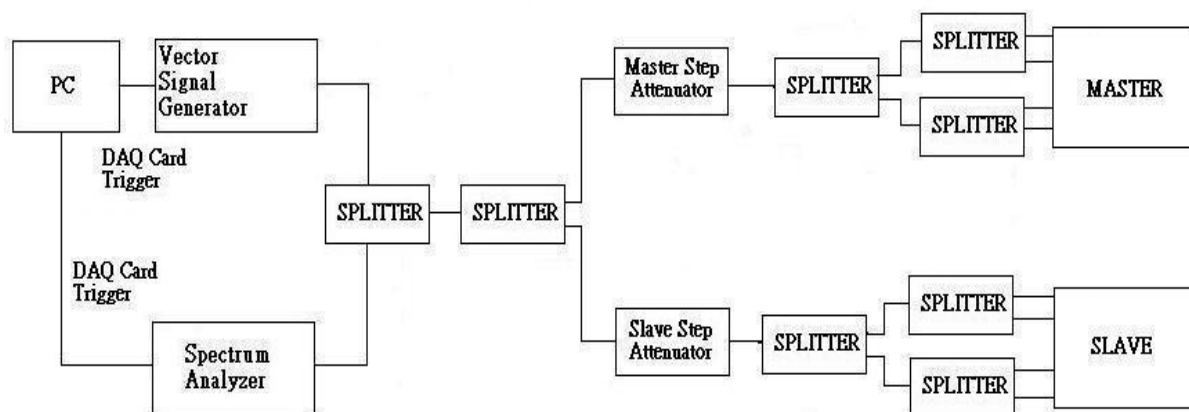
The short pulse types 2, 3 and 4, and the long pulse type 5 parameters are randomized at run-time.

The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the August 2005 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of FCC 06-96 APPENDIX. The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from FL to FH for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer set to display 8001 bins on the horizontal axis. The time-domain resolution is 2 msec / bin with a 16 second sweep time, meeting the 10 second short pulse reporting criteria. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold. The time-domain resolution is 3 msec / bin with a 24 second sweep time, meeting the 22 second long pulse reporting criteria and allowing a minimum of 10 seconds after the end of the long pulse waveform.

Should multiple RF ports be utilized for the Master and/or Slave devices (for example, for diversity or MIMO implementations), 50 ohm termination would be removed from the splitter so that connection can be established between splitter and the Master and/or Slave devices.

### **Conducted Method System Block Diagram**



### **System Calibration**

Connect the spectrum analyzer to the test system in place of the master device. Set the signal generator to CW mode. Adjust the amplitude of the signal generator to yield a measured level of  $-62$  dBm on the spectrum analyzer.

Without changing any of the instrument settings, reconnect the spectrum analyzer to the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider and connect a 50 ohm load to the Master Device port of the test system.

Measure the amplitude and calculate the difference from  $-62$  dBm. Adjust the Reference Level Offset of the spectrum analyzer to this difference. Confirm that the signal is displayed at  $-62$  dBm. Readjust the RBW and VBW to 3 MHz, set the span to 10 MHz, and confirm that the signal is still displayed at  $-62$  dBm.

The spectrum analyzer displays the level of the signal generator as received at the antenna ports of the Master Device. The interference detection threshold may be varied from the calibrated value of  $-62$  dBm and the spectrum analyzer will still indicate the level as received by the Master Device.

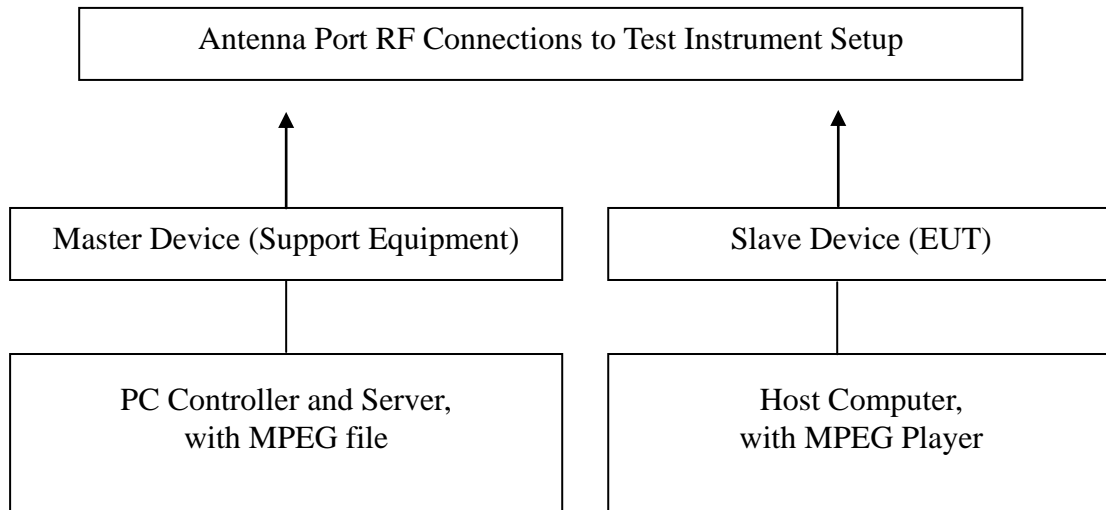
Set the signal generator to produce a radar waveform, trigger a burst manually and measure the level on the spectrum analyzer. Readjust the amplitude of the signal generator as required so that the peak level of the waveform is at a displayed level equal to the required or desired interference detection threshold. Separate signal generator amplitude settings are determined as required for each radar type.

### **Adjustment Of Displayed Traffic Level**

Establish a link between the Master and Slave, adjusting the Link Step Attenuator as needed to provide a suitable received level at the Master and Slave devices. Stream the video test file to generate WLAN traffic. Confirm that the WLAN traffic level, as displayed on the spectrum analyzer, is at lower amplitude than the radar detection threshold. Confirm that the displayed traffic is from the Master Device. For Master Device testing confirm that the displayed traffic does not include Slave Device traffic. For Slave Device testing confirm that the displayed traffic does not include Master Device traffic.

If a different setting of the Master Step Attenuator is required to meet the above conditions, perform a new System Calibration for the new Master Step Attenuator setting.

**Test Setup**



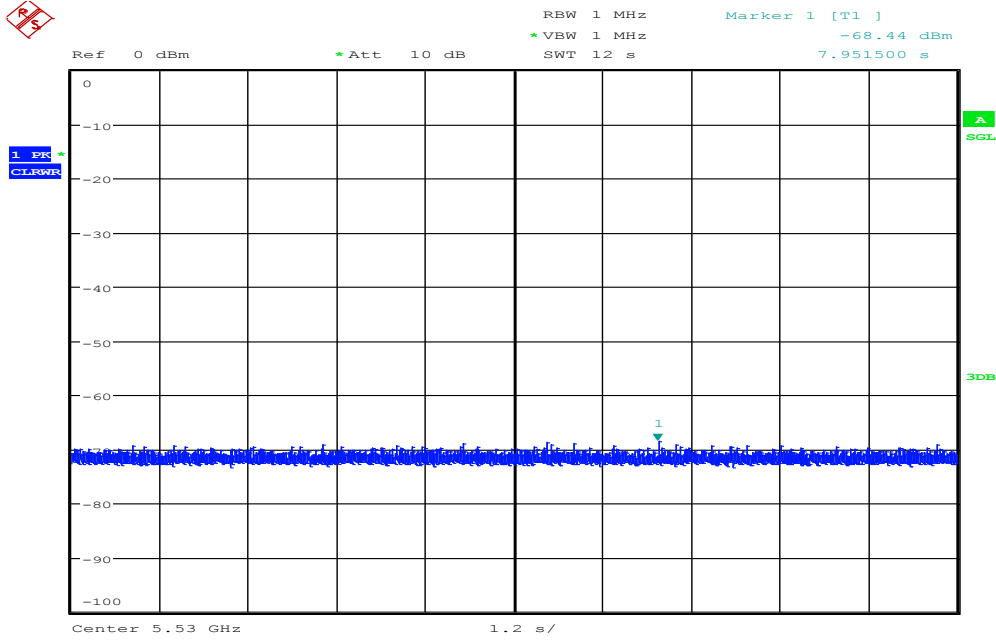
**TEST RESULTS**

*No non-compliance noted*

### Test Plot

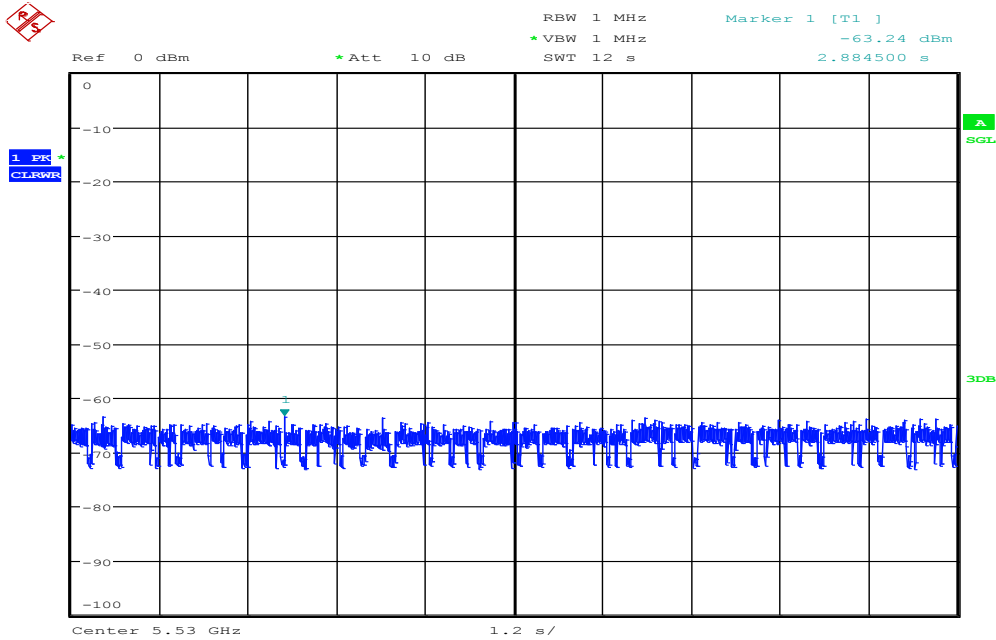
### PLOTS OF RADAR WAVEFORMS

### Noise Floor



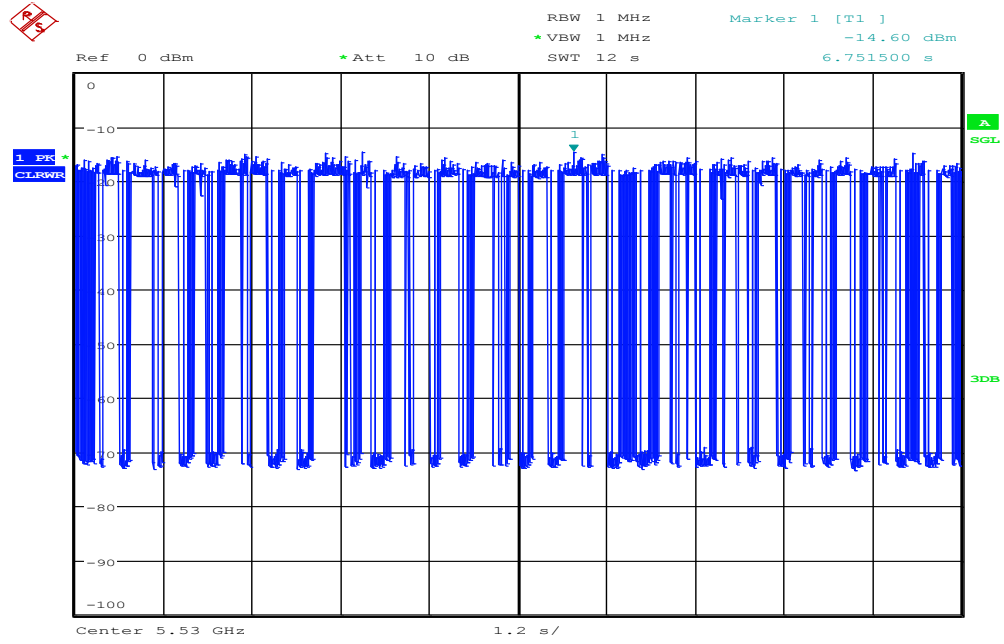
Date: 11.JAN.2016 20:21:02

### Master Level



Date: 11.JAN.2016 20:19:22

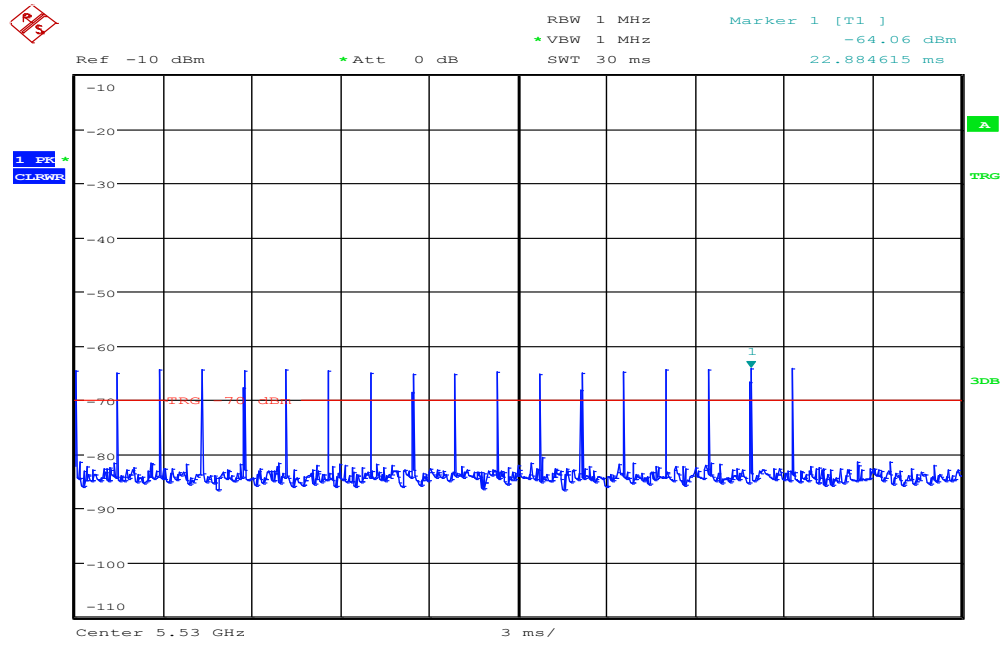
### Slave Level



Date: 11.JAN.2016 20:32:22



### Radar



Date: 11.JAN.2016 16:01:56

**TEST CHANNEL AND METHOD**

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5500 MHz utilizing a conducted test method.

**CHANNEL MOVE TIME AND CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME****GENERAL REPORTING NOTES**

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time =

(Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) \* (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated

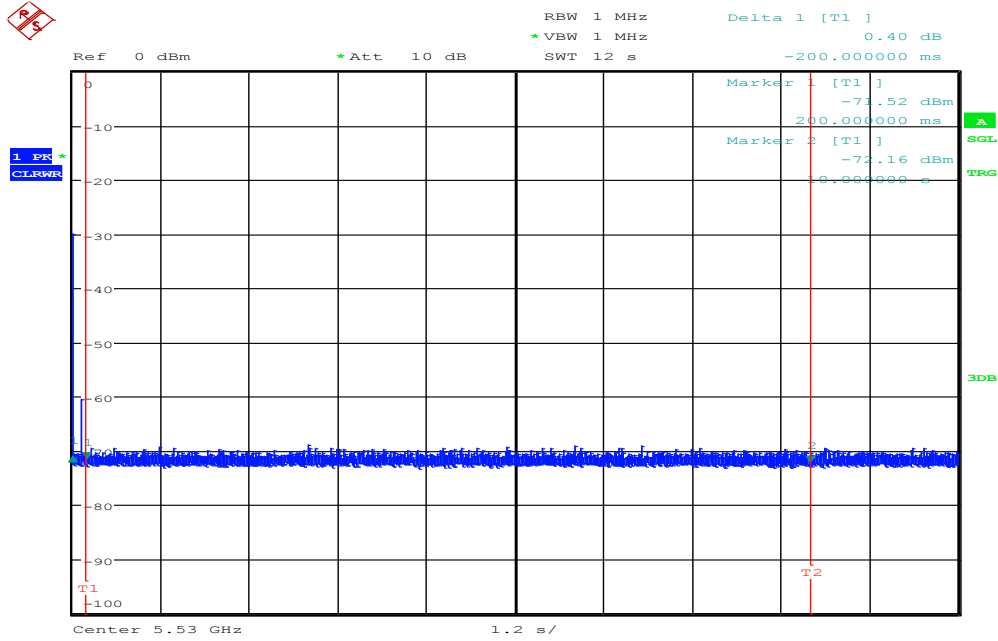
Begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and

Ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

**Type 1 Channel Move Time Results**

*No non-compliance noted.*

Channel Move Time (s)	Limit (s)
-0.2	10

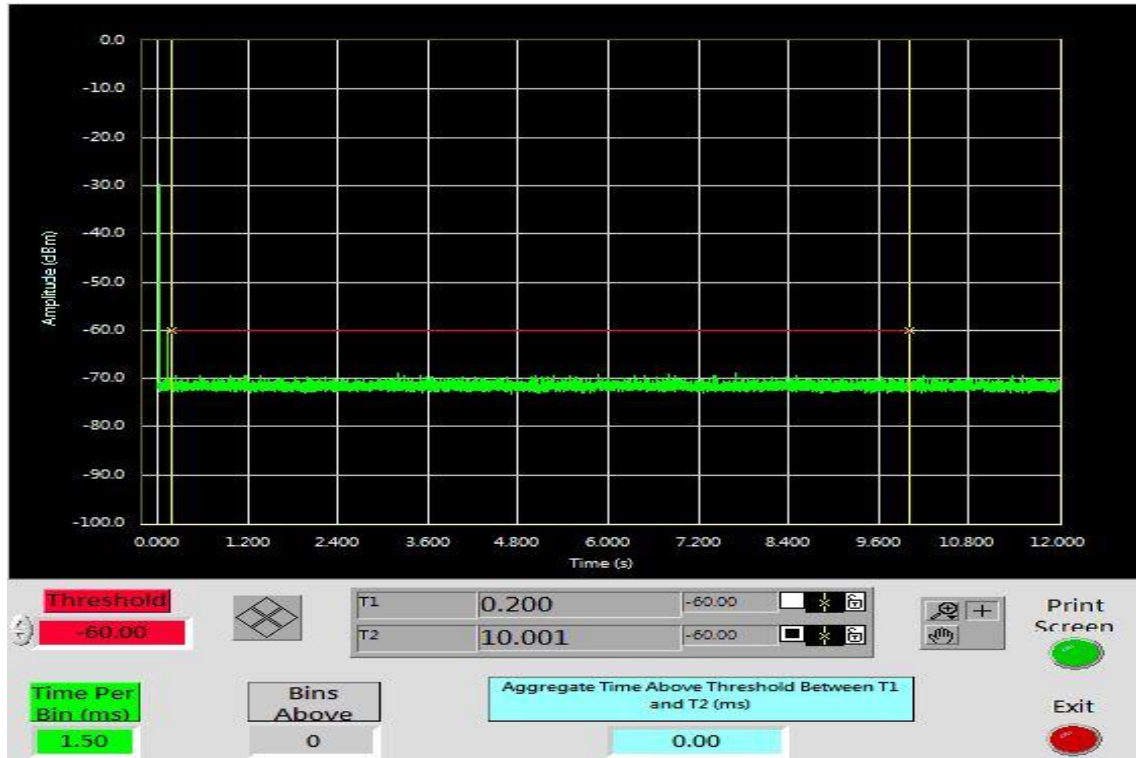


Date: 11.JAN.2016 20:57:05

**Type 1 Channel Closing Transmission Time Results**

*No non-compliance noted.*

Aggregate Transmission Time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Margin (ms)
0	60	-60

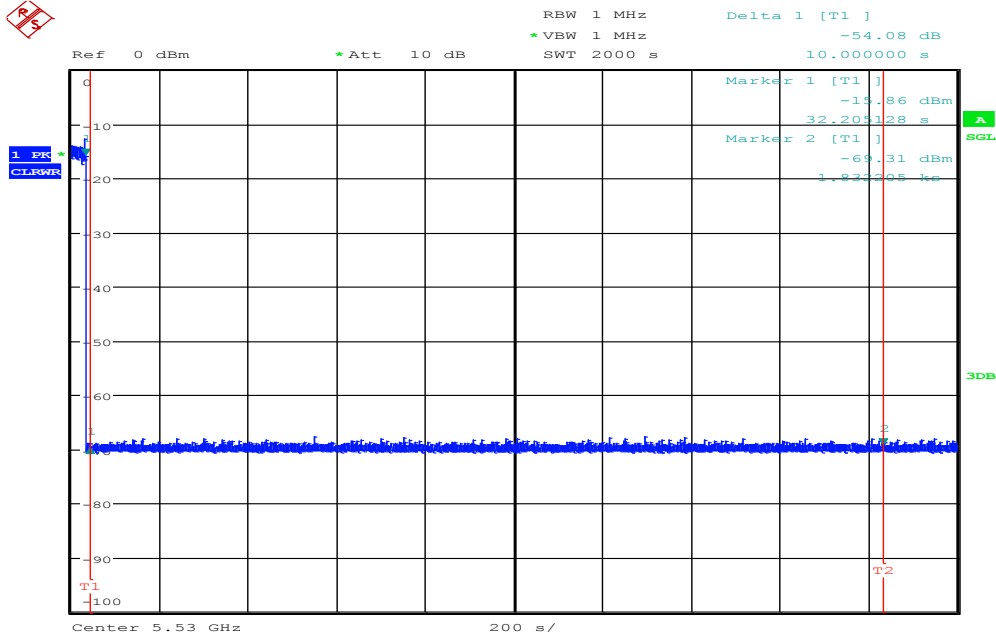


## NON-OCCUPANCY PERIOD

### Type 1 Non-Occupancy Period Test Results

No non-compliance noted.

No EUT transmissions were observed on the test channel during the 30 minute observation time.



Date: 11.JAN.2016 22:00:46