

SAR Compliance Test Report

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Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Nokia.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		
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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2011-08-18 to 2011-09-19
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 004402/13/622463/5, HW: 0203, SW: Vp ch104_11w28_1, DUT: 70033
Batteries used in testing	BP-3L Sony, DUT: 70021, 70022, 70023 BP-3L LG, DUT: 70029, 70030, 70031
Headsets used in testing	WH-102, DUT:70000
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f(MHz)	Conducted power	Position	Measured SAR value (10g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (10g avg)	SAR limit (10g avg)	Result
GSM 850	251 / 848.8	32.5 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.794 W/kg	0.89 W/kg	2.0 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA 850	4175 / 835.0	23.5 dBm	Left, Cheek	0.952 W/kg	1.07 W/kg	2.0 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA 1700/ 2100	1513 / 1752.6	23.5 dBm	Left, Cheek	0.876 W/kg	0.98 W/kg	2.0 W/kg	PASSED
4-slot GPRS 1900	512 / 1850.2	25.7 dBm	Left, Cheek	0.615 W/kg	0.69 W/kg	2.0 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA 1900	9400 / 1880.0	21.0 dBm	Left, Cheek	0.842 W/kg	0.94 W/kg	2.0 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN 2450	7 / 2442.0	19.5 dBm	Right, Cheek	0.602 W/kg	0.67 W/kg	2.0 W/kg	PASSED

(Table Continues)

(Table Continues)

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Position	Measured SAR value (10g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (10g avg)	SAR limit (10g avg)	Result
GSM850 + WLAN2450	-	-	Right, Cheek	0.874 W/kg	0.98 W/kg	2.0 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850 + WLAN2450	-	-	Left, Cheek	0.952 W/kg	1.07 W/kg	2.0 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1700/2100 + WLAN2450	-	-	Left, Cheek	0.876 W/kg	0.98 W/kg	2.0 W/kg	PASSED
4-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	Left, Cheek	0.615 W/kg	0.69 W/kg	2.0 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	Left, Cheek	0.842 W/kg	0.94 W/kg	2.0 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
GSM 850	251 / 848.8	32.5 dBm	1.5 cm	0.971 W/kg	1.09 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA 850	4175 / 835.0	23.5 dBm	1.5 cm	0.867 W/kg	0.97 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA 1700/ 2100	1513 / 1752.6	23.5 dBm	1.5 cm	0.579 W/kg	0.65 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
4-slot GPRS 1900	810 / 1909.8	25.7 dBm	1.5 cm	0.390 W/kg	0.44 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA 1900	9538 / 1907.6	21.0 dBm	1.5 cm	0.560 W/kg	0.63 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WLAN 2450	7 / 2442.0	19.5 dBm	1.5 cm	0.116 W/kg	0.13 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
GSM850 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.985 W/kg	1.10 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA850 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.891 W/kg	1.00 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1700/2100 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.601 W/kg	0.67 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
4-slot GPRS1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.409 W/kg	0.46 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED
WCDMA1900 + WLAN2450	-	-	1.5 cm	0.574 W/kg	0.64 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

* SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift. As a consequence of this upwards correction of the SAR values, the contribution of measurement drift to the overall measurement uncertainty (Section 6) is reduced to zero.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	0.50dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / uncontrolled

Modes of Operation	Bands	Modulation Mode	Duty Cycle	Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)
GSM	850 1900	GMSK	1/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
GPRS	850 1900	GMSK	1/8 to 4/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
EGPRS	850 1900	GMSK / 8PSK	1/8 to 4/8	824 – 849 1850 – 1910
WCDMA	850 (Band V) 1700/2100 (Band IV) 1900 (Band II)		1	826 – 847 1712 – 1753 1852 – 1908
HSUPA	850 (Band V) 1700/2100 (Band IV) 1900 (Band II)		1	826 – 847 1712 – 1753 1852 – 1908
BT	2450	GFSK	1	2402 – 2480
WLAN b-mode	2450	Up to 11Mbps QPSK	1	2412 – 2462
WLAN g-mode	2450	Up to 54Mbps 64QAM	1	2412 – 2462
WLAN n-mode 20MHz	2450	Up to 72.2Mbps 64QAM	1	2412 – 2462

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM/GPRS/EGPRS900, GSM/GPRS/EGPRS1800, WCDMA900 and WCDMA2100 bands which are not part of this filing.

This is a BT Class 1 device; as its power tuning target is 7dBm (5mW), SAR testing was deemed unnecessary.

2.1 Description of the Antenna

The device has internal antennas for both cellular and WLAN use. The cellular antenna is located at the bottom underneath the back cover. The WLAN antenna is located at the top underneath the back cover.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	20.5 – 22.5
Ambient humidity (RH %):	35 - 55

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester except for testing WLAN2450 where control software was used. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

The transmission mode of the device in all WCDMA tests was configured to 12.2kbps RMC with all TPC bits set as “1”.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The radiated output power of the device was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit(s) as used for SAR testing. The results are given in the EMC report supporting this application.

The transmission mode of the device in all WLAN b-mode tests was DSSS QPSK 11Mbps. This mode has the highest (or equal highest) time-averaged output power of all the WLAN b and g modulation modes in Nokia devices. In WLAN n-mode, BPSK 6.5Mbps with 20MHz bandwidth was used.

The number of test cases reported in this document has been minimised based on the earlier testing in FCC_RM-763_01.

3.3 Test Cases and Test Minimisation

The tested device examined in this report may not incorporate all of the features described in the text that follows, but its SAR evaluation will have been subjected to the same considerations and test logic described below.

Whilst it's possible to identify the maximum SAR test cases from inspection of the conducted power levels given in the Results tables (Section 7), different modes in the same band and

multi-slot transmit GSM/GPRS modes can create some difficulties. Therefore the sequence of the SAR tests made in evaluating this device has used test logic that is based on measured SAR values. Comparison of measured SAR values in this way, can also allow some test minimization (i.e. test elimination) to be made.

For example, when SAR testing multi-slot GSM/GPRS/EGPRS modes, it is an inefficient use of test resources to fully SAR test every test configuration in each of the different modes as these modes have a fixed power relationship between them that is the same, irrespective of the test configuration. In the case of multi-slot GSM/GPRS modes, a single comparative SAR test - using the same test channel and test configuration - is made in each of the n-slot modes; the mode with the highest measured SAR value is then subjected to full SAR testing in all test configurations. These comparative SAR tests (same frequency, same test configuration) are regarded as extremely accurate as they are relative tests in which the tested device changes neither its frequency nor its position between tests. For different modes that operate in the same band and use the same antenna e.g. GSM/GPRS850 and WCDMA850, full SAR testing is carried out in the GSM/GPRS850 mode but WCDMA850 testing is limited to 3 channel testing in the maximum SAR test configuration for GSM/GPRS850.

Multi-slot SAR testing against the Head is always performed whenever such a device offers Push to Talk over cellular with the internal earpiece active, Dual Transfer Mode (i.e. the ability to transmit voice and data simultaneously using the same transmitter) or has WLAN (which enables a Voice over IP call to take place whilst the device can simultaneously transmit data on a cellular band). Whenever a device has an intended multi-slot use against the head, it is also Head SAR tested in EGPRS mode. It should be noted that EGPRS transmit modes can have either GMSK or 8PSK modulation but, when tested, only 8PSK EGPRS will appear explicitly in the results tables, as GMSK EGPRS mode has identical time-averaged power to the reported GPRS mode.

Devices that have flips or slides are fully SAR tested in all device configurations consistent with their intended usage. For example, flip phones that can receive a call in closed mode are SAR tested against the head in both open and closed configurations. Similarly, slide phones are fully SAR tested in all slide configurations in which calls are intended to be made or received.

In the results tables in Section 7, the maximum SAR value for the 'basic' tests (i.e. left cheek, left tilt, right cheek and right tilt in Head SAR testing; with and without headset with the back &/or display side facing the flat phantom in Body SAR testing) is bolded for each band. In some cases, after full testing of the basic SAR test configurations has been completed, additional checking SAR tests are made. These checking tests are always based on the bolded result from the 'basic' testing. When the SAR value of a checking test exceeds the maximum value from the basic tests, it is also bolded and used as the basis for any further checking tests that might be needed.

Checking tests are largely voluntary and can cover optional batteries, different camera slide positions, optional covers, etc. In the case of optional batteries, if the construction of the optional battery is significantly different to the battery used in the full testing e.g. if the outer can is floating electrically rather than grounded, then the maximum SAR test configuration in each band is tested with the optional battery in 3 channels. For camera slides, if the slide material is metal, then checking tests in 3 channels are again run for the maximum SAR test configuration in each band. For plastic camera slides, SAR checking is only carried out in the channel that provided the maximum SAR value for the original. Optional front and back covers are tested if their shape differs significantly from the original or if their metallic content varies by more than 15% from the original; in the former case, the testing depends on the extent of the physical differences, whereas in the latter case, 3 channel SAR testing is performed in every band in the max SAR test configuration.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY4, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE4	671	12 months	2011-09
DAE3	504	12 months	2012-04
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1675	12 months	2011-09
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1676	12 months	2012-07
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	474	24 months	2013-06
Dipole Validation Kit, D1800V2	2d037	24 months	2013-06
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d007	24 months	2013-06
Dipole Validation Kit, D2450V2	792	24 months	2013-04
DASY4 software	Version 4.7	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SMIQ03B	100391	36 months	2012-10
Amplifier	ZHL-42W	D050802-1	-	-
Power Meter	E4417A	GB40320113	24 months	2012-03
Power Sensor	E9325A	US40420308	12 months	2012-03
Power Sensor	E9325A	US40420291	12 months	2012-03
Call Tester	CMU200	117027	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	8714B	GB36050238	12 months	2012-03
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP85070B	US01440027	-	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ET3DV6

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants

whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was at least 15.0 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipe(s) were used for Head and Body tissue simulant(s):

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	39.74	55.97
HEC	0.25	1.21
Sugar	58.31	41.76
Preservative	0.15	0.27
Salt	1.55	0.79

1800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.0	70.20
Tween 20	45.6	29.37
Salt	0.4	0.43

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.50	70.25
Tween 20	45.23	29.41
Salt	0.27	0.34

2450MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	56.0	70.20
Tween 20	44.0	29.62
Salt	-	0.18

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.33	40.8	0.89	
	± 10% window	2.10 – 2.56			
	2011-09-19	2.22	39.8	0.87	20.3
1800	Reference result	9.22	39.1	1.35	
	± 10% window	8.30 – 10.14			
	2011-08-16	8.94	39.7	1.35	21.3
	2011-08-22	9.22	39.6	1.37	20.8
	2011-09-19	8.42	38.3	1.32	21.3
1900	Reference result	9.95	39.0	1.40	
	± 10% window	8.95 – 10.95			
	2011-08-22	10.5	39.3	1.46	20.8
	2011-08-31	10.0	38.6	1.41	20.8
	2011-09-07	10.1	38.3	1.40	21.6
	2011-09-19	9.85	38.0	1.42	21.3
2450	Reference result	13.2	38.6	1.74	
	± 10% window	11.9 – 14.5			
	2011-09-12	14.2	38.0	1.82	21.9
	2011-09-15	14.4	38.1	1.85	21.6

System checking, body tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.46	53.1	0.99	
	± 10% window	2.21 – 2.71			
	2011-09-01	2.47	55.3	0.95	21.1

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2011-08-18	42.7	0.90	21.0
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	2011-09-19	39.8	0.87	20.3
1732	Recommended value	40.1	1.36	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	38.1 – 42.1	1.29 – 1.43	
	2011-08-22	40.0	1.30	20.8
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2011-08-22	39.3	1.44	20.8
	2011-08-31	38.7	1.38	20.8
2442	Recommended value	39.2	1.79	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	37.3 – 41.2	1.70 – 1.88	
	2011-09-12	38.0	1.81	21.9
	2011-09-15	38.2	1.85	21.6

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	± 5% window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2011-09-01	56.5	0.94	21.1
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	
	± 5% window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	2011-09-19	55.4	0.95	21.6
1732	Recommended value	53.5	1.48	
	± 5% window	50.8 – 56.2	1.40 – 1.55	
	2011-09-19	53.0	1.44	21.3
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	± 5% window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2011-09-07	53.3	1.45	21.6
	2011-09-19	52.5	1.58	21.3
2442	Recommended value	52.7	1.94	
	± 5% window	50.1 – 55.3	1.85 – 2.04	
	2011-09-13	51.8	1.97	22.0
	2011-09-15	51.5	1.98	21.6

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the

separation distance indicated in Section 1.2.2 using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements.

Nokia body-worn accessories are commonly available for the separation distance used in this testing.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next, a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm, was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	C_i	$C_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	V_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	±5.9	N	1	1	±5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	±4.7	R	√3	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	±1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	±9.6	R	√3	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	±3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	±4.7	R	√3	1	±2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	±1.0	R	√3	1	±0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	±1.0	N	1	1	±1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	±0.8	R	√3	1	±0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	±2.6	R	√3	1	±1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	±3.0	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	±0.4	R	√3	1	±0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	±2.9	R	√3	1	±1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	±3.9	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	±6.0	N	1	1	±6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	±5.0	N	1	1	±5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	±0.0	R	√3	1	±0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	±4.0	R	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±5.5	N	1	0.64	±3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	±5.0	R	√3	0.6	±1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	±2.9	N	1	0.6	±1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			±12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						±25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM	Conducted Power		32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm
BP-3L Sony	Left	Cheek	0.628	0.667	0.751
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	0.630	0.719	0.794
		Tilt	-	-	-
Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4175 835.0 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz
WCDMA	Conducted Power		23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm
BP-3L Sony	Left	Cheek	0.712	0.952	0.942
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	0.617	0.849	0.855
		Tilt	-	-	-

1700/2100MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 1312 1712.4 MHz	Ch 1412 1732.4 MHz	Ch 1513 1752.6 MHz
WCDMA	Conducted Power		23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm
BP-3L Sony	Left	Cheek	0.765	0.633	0.876
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-

1900MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
4-slot GPRS	Conducted Power		25.7 dBm	25.7 dBm	25.7 dBm
BP-3L Sony	Left	Cheek	0.615	0.570	0.562
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-
Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA	Conducted Power		21.0 dBm	21.0 dBm	21.0 dBm
BP-3L Sony	Left	Cheek	0.721	0.842	0.815
		Tilt	-	-	-
	Right	Cheek	-	-	-
		Tilt	-	-	-

2450MHz Head SAR results

Mode	Test configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 1 2412.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 11 2462.0 MHz
WLAN b-mode	Conducted Power		19.5 dBm	19.5 dBm	19.5 dBm
BP-3L Sony	Left	Cheek	-	0.384	-
		Tilt	-	0.385	-
	Right	Cheek	0.442	0.602	0.587
		Tilt	-	0.528	-

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

850MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
GSM		Conducted Power	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm	32.5 dBm
BP-3L Sony	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.785	0.923	0.971
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 4132 826.4 MHz	Ch 4175 835.0 MHz	Ch 4233 846.6 MHz
WCDMA		Conducted Power	23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm
BP-3L Sony	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	0.712	0.867	0.835
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-

1700/2100MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 1312 1712.4 MHz	Ch 1412 1732.4 MHz	Ch 1513 1752.6 MHz
WCDMA		Conducted Power	23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm	23.5 dBm
BP-3L Sony	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	0.399	0.370	0.579

1900MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
4-slot GPRS		Conducted Power	25.7 dBm	25.7 dBm	25.7 dBm
BP-3L LG	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	0.360	0.360	0.390
Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 9262 1852.4 MHz	Ch 9400 1880.0 MHz	Ch 9538 1907.6 MHz
WCDMA		Conducted Power	21.0 dBm	21.0 dBm	21.0 dBm
BP-3L LG	Display facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
	Back facing phantom	Without headset	-	-	-
		Headset WH-102	0.387	0.520	0.560

2450MHz Body SAR results

Mode	Device orientation	Test configuration	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
			Ch 1 2412.0 MHz	Ch 7 2442.0 MHz	Ch 11 2462.0 MHz
WLAN b-mode		Conducted Power	19.5 dBm	19.5 dBm	19.5 dBm
BP-3L LG	Display facing phantom	Without headset	0.070	0.116	0.115
		Headset WH-102	-	-	-
	Back facing Phantom	Without headset	-	0.108	-
		Headset WH-102	-	0.094	-

**Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results –
Individual band Max results**

Test configuration	Max. 1g SAR results					
	WLAN	GSM 850	WCDMA 850	WCDMA 1700/2100	4-slot GPRS 1900	WCDMA 1900
Head: Left, Cheek	0.384	0.751	0.952	0.876	0.615	0.842
Head: Left, Tilt	0.385	-	-	-	-	-
Head: Right, Cheek	0.602	0.794	0.855	-	-	-
Head: Right, Tilt	0.528	-	-	-	-	-
Body: Display facing phantom, Without Headset	0.116	-	-	-	-	-
Body: Display facing phantom, Headset WH-102	-	-	-	-	-	-
Body: Back facing phantom, Without Headset	0.108	0.971	0.867	-	-	-
Body: Back facing phantom, Headset WH-102	0.094	-	-	0.579	0.390	0.560

**Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results –
Max + Max combined results**

Test configuration	Max. 1g SAR results				
	GSM 850 + WLAN	WCDMA 850 + WLAN	WCDMA 1700/2100 + WLAN	GSM 1900 + WLAN	WCDMA 1900 + WLAN
Head: Left, Cheek	1.135	1.336	1.260	0.999	1.226
Head: Left, Tilt	-	-	-	-	-
Head: Right, Cheek	1.396	1.457	-	-	-
Head: Right, Tilt	-	-	-	-	-
Body: Display facing phantom, Without Headset	-	-	-	-	-
Body: Display facing phantom, Headset WH-102	-	-	-	-	-
Body: Back facing phantom, Without Headset	1.079	0.975	-	-	-
Body: Back facing phantom, Headset WH-102	-	-	0.673	0.484	0.654

The following table gives a more accurate assessment of the SAR values for simultaneous transmission. These values have been calculated using the SPEAG Combined Multiband algorithm, which is based on area scans. It a) converts the 2D area scans into 3D volume scans by assuming frequency-dependent decay characteristics for the E-field, b) sums the SAR values

for WLAN2450 and the cellular bands point-by-point and c) calculates the combined average SAR values.

**Simultaneous transmissions: Combined SAR results –
SPEAG Combined Multiband algorithm results**

Test configuration	Max. 1g SAR results				
	GSM 850 + WLAN	WCDMA 850 + WLAN	WCDMA 1700/2100 + WLAN	GSM 1900 + WLAN	WCDMA 1900 + WLAN
Head: Left, Cheek	-	-	0.810	0.580	0.744
Head: Left, Tilt	-	-	-	-	-
Head: Right, Cheek	0.874	0.931	-	-	-
Head: Right, Tilt	-	-	-	-	-
Body: Display facing phantom, Without Headset	-	-	-	-	-
Body: Display facing phantom, Headset WH-102	-	-	-	-	-
Body: Back facing phantom, Without Headset	0.985	0.891	-	-	-
Body: Back facing phantom, Headset WH-102	-	-	0.601	0.409	0.574

Some of the Combined SAR values in the above table are less than the maximum SAR values for the contributing cellular band. This is due to a) minimal overlap of the SAR distributions of the cellular band with WLAN2450 and b) uncertainties associated with the different methods of calculation. In these cases, the maximum SAR values given for the combined Modes in the Summary table in Section 1.2 are those for the individual cellular band.

Note: Simultaneous Transmission Procedures as described in KDB648474 are not required for this product. The Combined SAR data given in the tables above has been voluntarily calculated.

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

See the following pages.

Date/Time: 2011-09-19 09:23:17

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: 474

Communication System: CW 835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 835; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.87$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.66, 6.66, 6.66); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1188
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.41 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.5 V/m

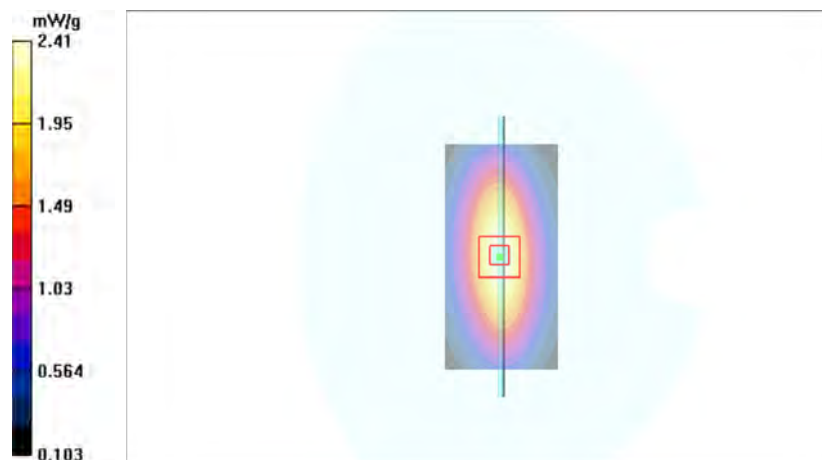
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.22 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.46 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.178 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.41 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-08-16 10:24:18

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1800V2; Serial: 2d037

Communication System: CW 1800

Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1800; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 2010-09-09
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671; Calibrated: 2010-09-16
- Phantom: SAM HB; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1421
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.1 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.7 V/m

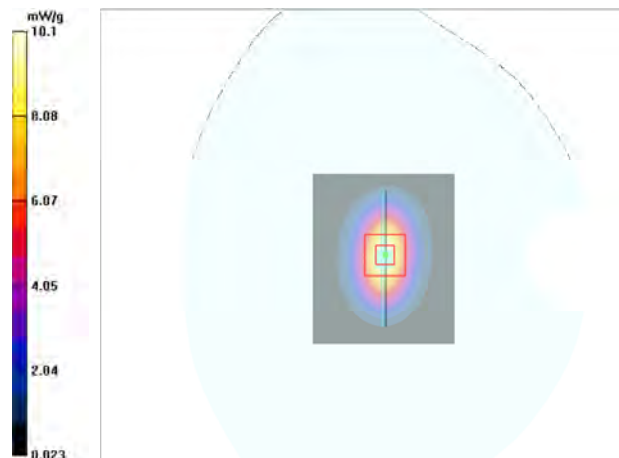
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.94 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 4.85 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.1 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-08-22 06:40:27

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1800V2; Serial: 2d037

Communication System: CW 1800

Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1800; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.8 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 2010-09-09
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671; Calibrated: 2010-09-16
- Phantom: SAM HB; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1421
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.4 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.3 V/m

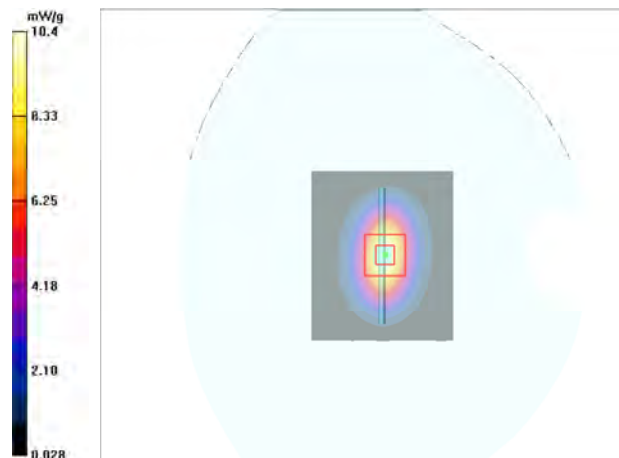
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.22 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 4.99 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.010 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.4 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-19 15:34:49

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia
Type: D1800V2; Serial: 2d037

Communication System: CW 1800

Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1800; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.32$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.31, 5.31, 5.31); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1421
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.51 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.0 V/m

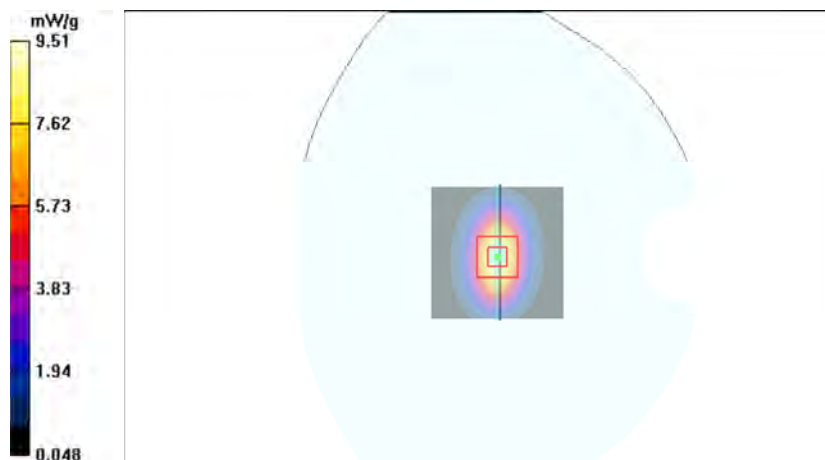
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.42 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 4.57 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.050 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.58 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-08-22 07:17:49

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN:5d007

Communication System: CW 1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.8 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 2010-09-09
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671; Calibrated: 2010-09-16
- Phantom: SAM HB; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1421
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.1 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.7 V/m

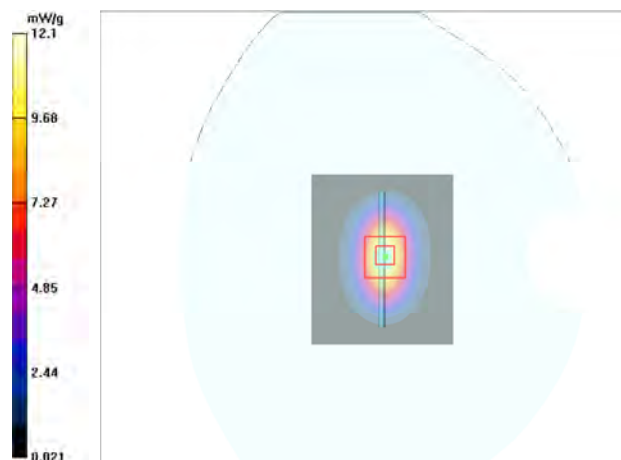
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.54 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.056 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-763_07

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-763

Copyright © 2011 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2011-08-31 10:28:20

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN:5d007

Communication System: CW 1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.8 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 2010-09-09
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671; Calibrated: 2010-09-16
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1421
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.5 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.1 V/m

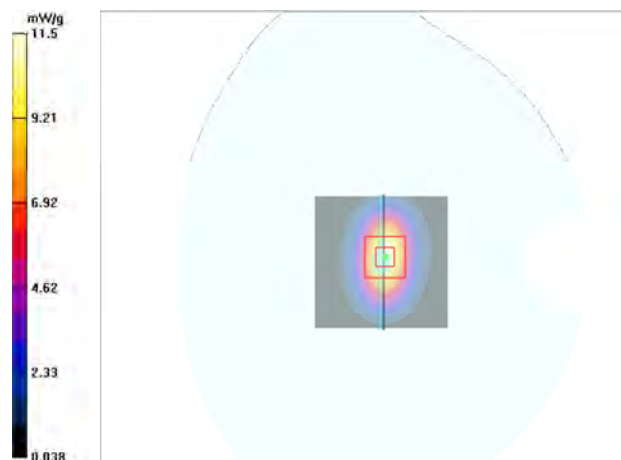
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.34 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.048 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-07 08:58:16

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN:5d007

Communication System: CW 1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.93, 4.93, 4.93); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1421
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.5 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.5 V/m

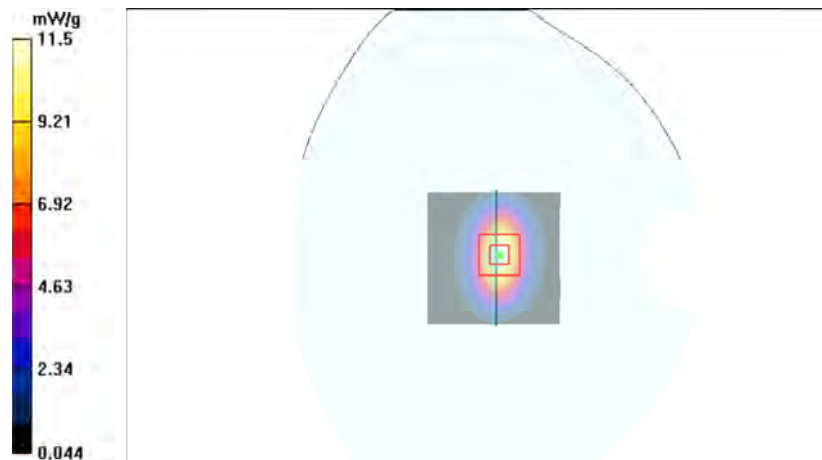
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.37 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.028 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-19 13:57:09

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D1900V2; Serial: SN:5d007

Communication System: CW 1900

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.2 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.93, 4.93, 4.93); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1421
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 92.9 V/m

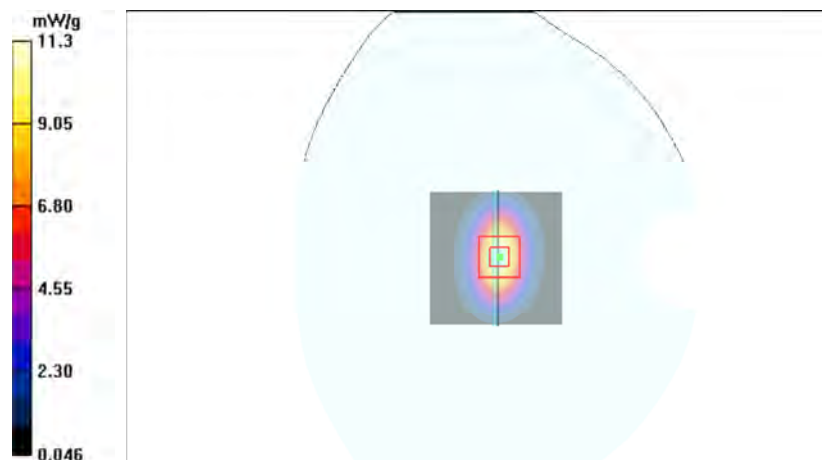
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.85 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 5.2 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.088 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-12 18:16:11

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN:792

Communication System: CW 2450

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (101x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.9 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.9 V/m

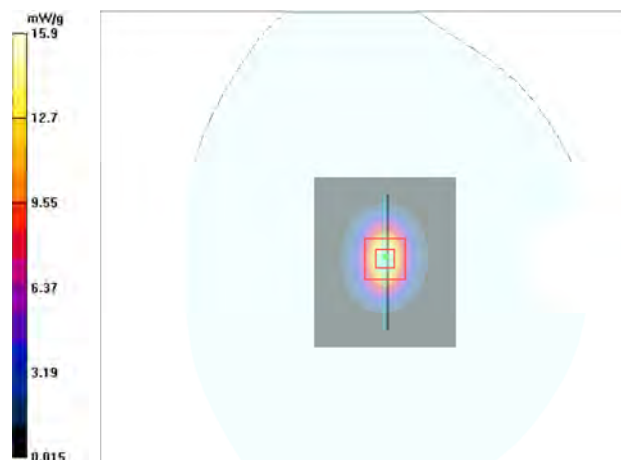
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.2 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 6.57 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.061 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-15 09:44:55

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D2450V2; Serial: 792

Communication System: CW 2450

Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.1 V/m

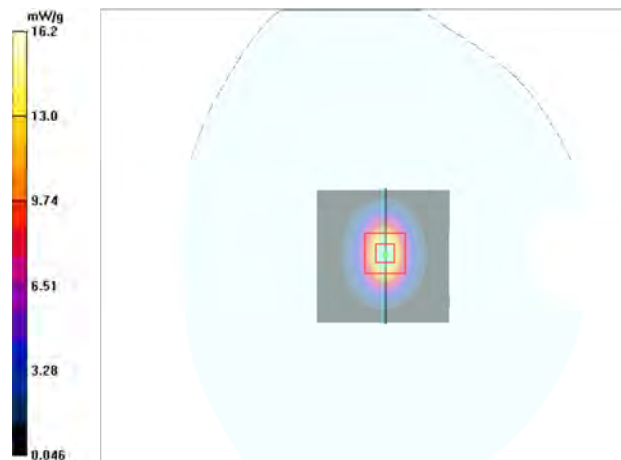
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.4 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 6.68 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.136 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.3 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-01 15:57:24

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: D835V2; Serial: 474

Communication System: CW 835

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 835; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.1 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.947$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 2010-09-09
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671; Calibrated: 2010-09-16
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.70 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.2 V/m

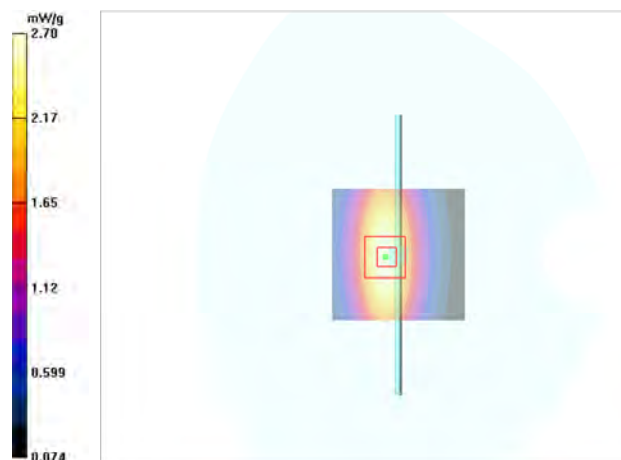
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 1.64 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.075 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-763_07

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-763

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APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

See the following pages.

Date/Time: 2011-09-19 10:35:56

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 835; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.883$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.66, 6.66, 6.66); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1188
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek - High - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.841 mW/g

Cheek - High - BP-3L Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.6 V/m

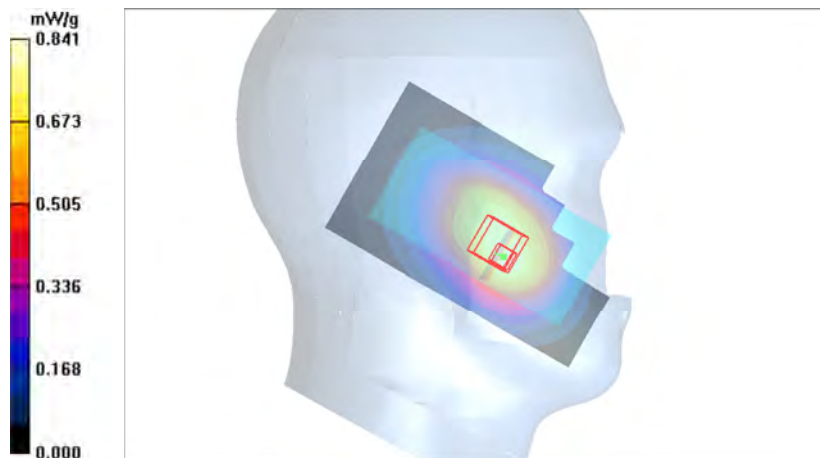
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.751 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.548 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.802 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-19 11:47:40

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 835; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.883$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.66, 6.66, 6.66); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1188
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek - High - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.861 mW/g

Cheek - High - BP-3L Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.5 V/m

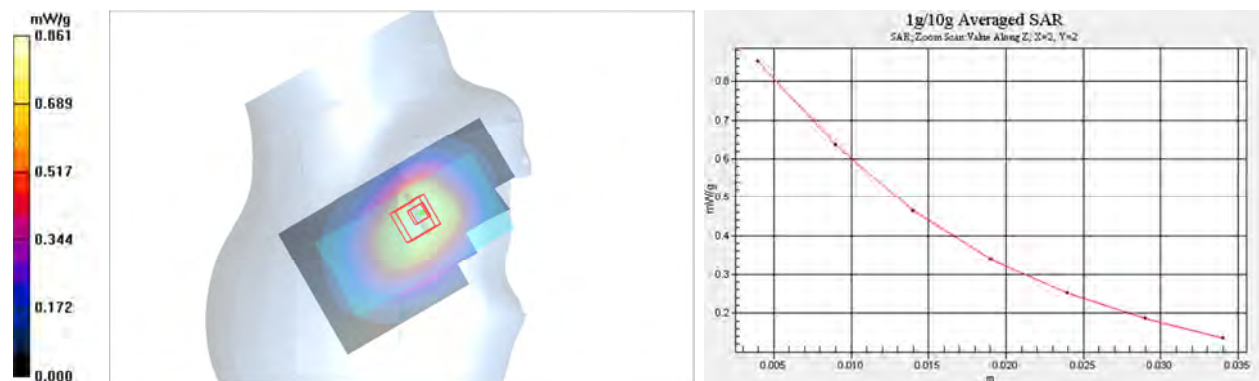
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.794 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.571 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.062 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.851 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-763_07

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-763

Copyright © 2011 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2011-08-18 14:27:20

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 835; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.0 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.899$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2010-09-09
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671; Calibrated: 2010-09-16
- Phantom: SAM LB; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1188
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 mW/g

Cheek - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.6 V/m

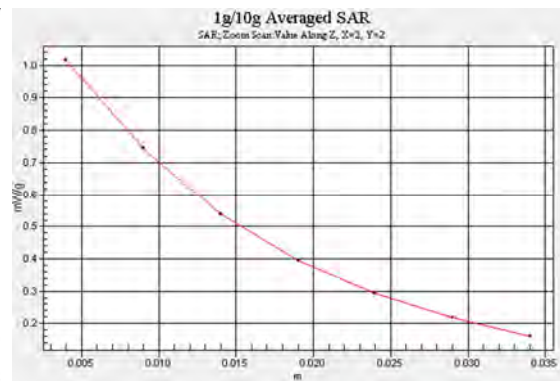
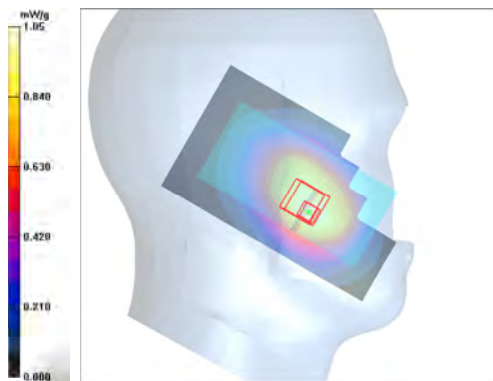
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.952 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.685 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-763_07

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-763

Copyright © 2011 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2011-08-18 15:33:46

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 835; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.0 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 847$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2010-09-09
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671; Calibrated: 2010-09-16
- Phantom: SAM LB; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1188
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek - High - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.943 mW/g

Cheek - High - BP-3L Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.5 V/m

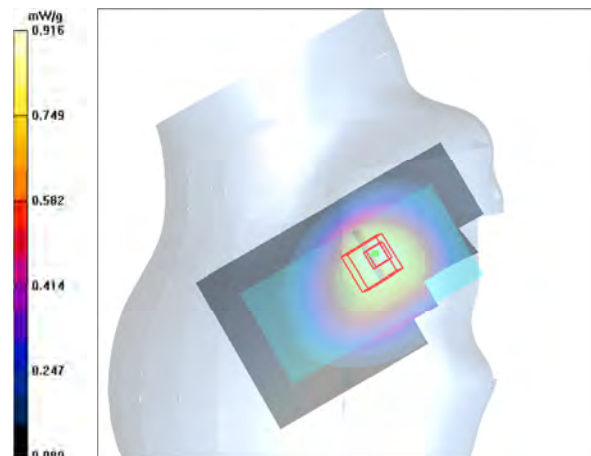
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.855 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.606 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.044 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.916 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-08-22 15:22:10

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WCDMA1700/2100

Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1800; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.8 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1753$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.32$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 2010-09-09
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671; Calibrated: 2010-09-16
- Phantom: SAM HB; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1421
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek - High - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.914 mW/g

Cheek - High - BP-3L Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.32 V/m

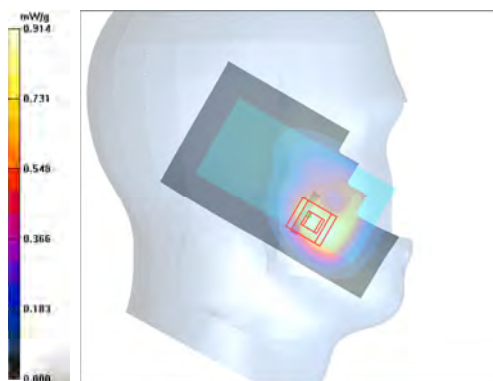
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.876 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.478 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.019 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.953 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-763_07

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-763

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Date/Time: 2011-08-31 14:45:01

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: 4-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.8 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1850$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 2010-09-09
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671; Calibrated: 2010-09-16
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1421
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek - Low - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.634 mW/g

Cheek - Low - BP-3L Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.72 V/m

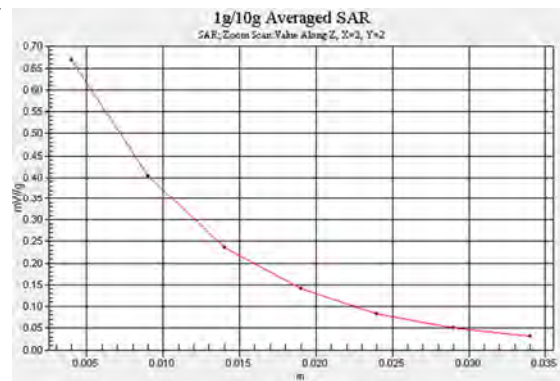
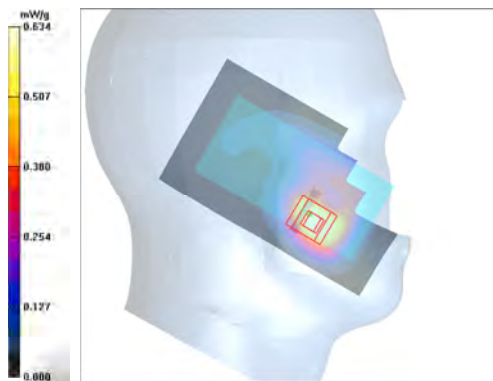
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.615 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.335 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.290 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.668 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-763_07

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-763

Copyright © 2011 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2011-08-22 14:00:00

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.8 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 2010-09-09
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671; Calibrated: 2010-09-16
- Phantom: SAM HB; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1421
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.823 mW/g

Cheek - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.33 V/m

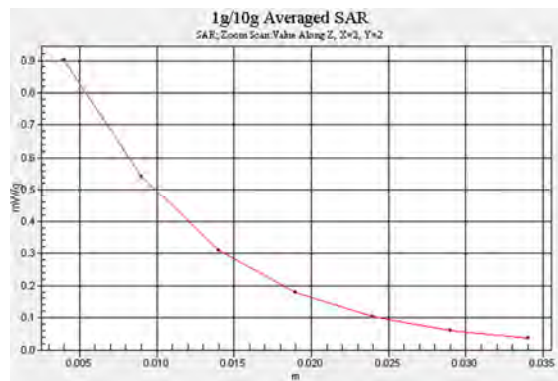
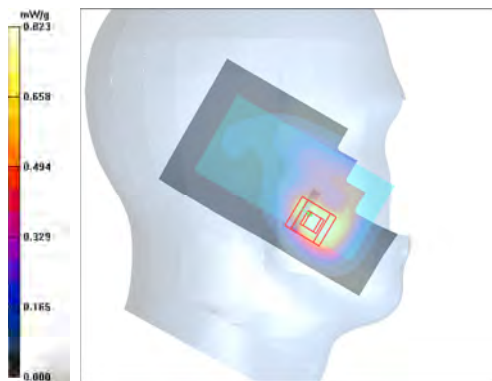
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.842 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.448 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.049 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.901 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-763_07

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-763

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Date/Time: 2011-09-15 10:42:47

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.416 mW/g

Cheek - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.2 V/m

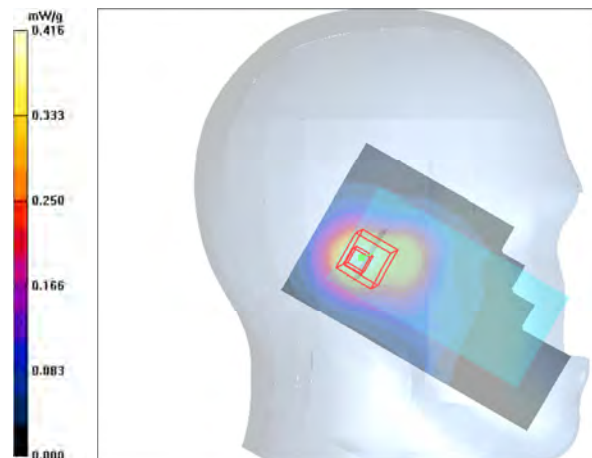
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.730 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.384 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.211 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.173 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.415 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-15 11:30:44

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.433 mW/g

Tilt - Middle- BP-3L Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.6 V/m

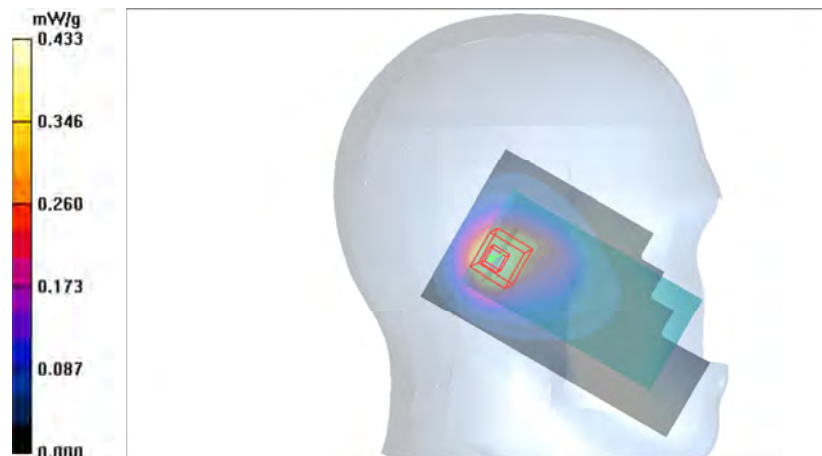
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.762 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.385 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.208 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.036 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.417 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-12 19:14:30

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Cheek - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.689 mW/g

Cheek - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.5 V/m

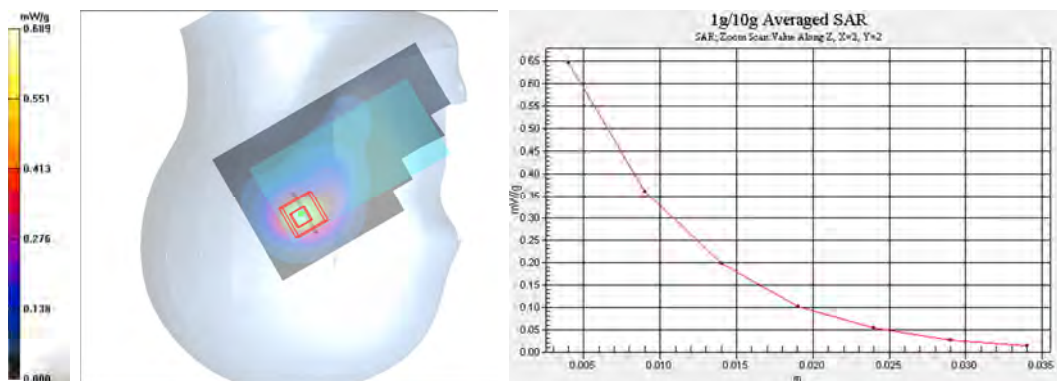
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.602 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.301 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.076 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.647 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-763_07

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-763

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Date/Time: 2011-09-15 11:17:53

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Tilt - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.580 mW/g

Tilt - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.2 V/m

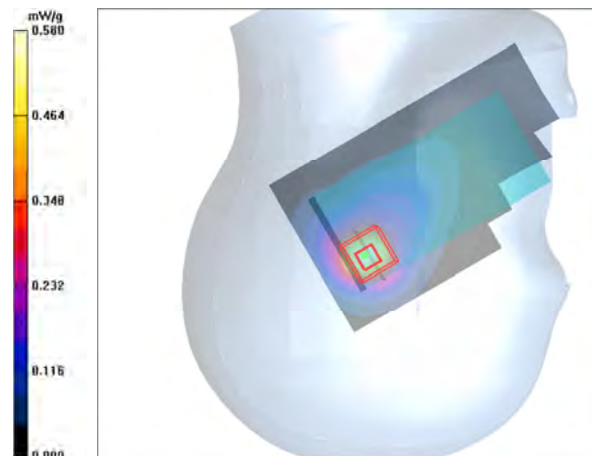
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.528 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.263 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.039 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.564 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-19 18:43:55

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: GSM850

Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Body 835; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body - High - No Accessory - BP-3L Sony - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 mW/g

Body - High - No Accessory - BP-3L Sony - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.7 V/m

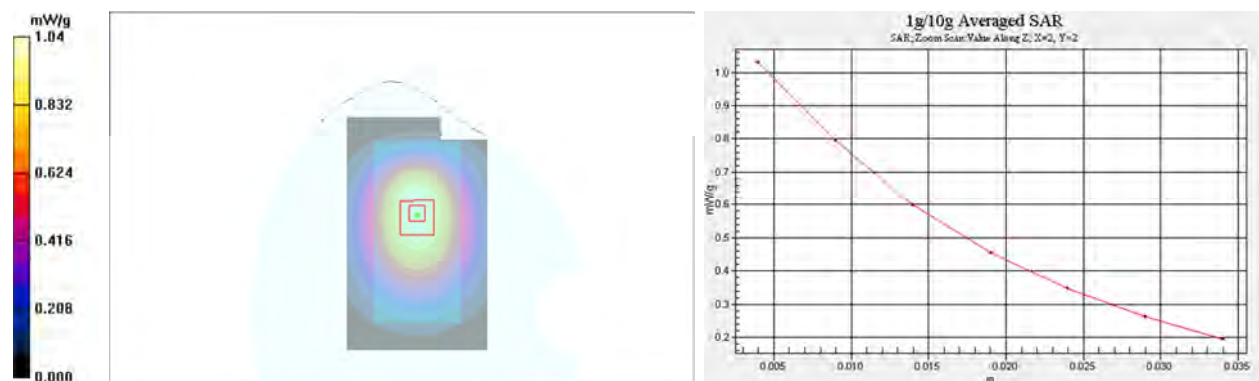
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.971 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.716 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.020 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-763_07

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-763

Copyright © 2011 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2011-09-01 20:38:48

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WCDMA850

Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 835; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.939$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 2010-09-09
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671; Calibrated: 2010-09-16
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body - Middle - No Accessory - BP-3L Sony - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid:
dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.934 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - BP-3L Sony - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.6 V/m

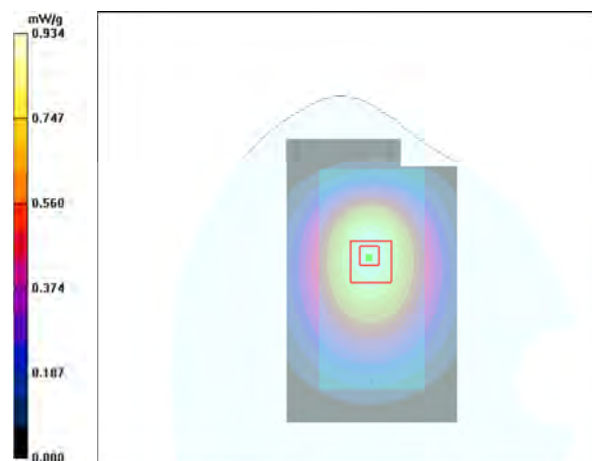
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.867 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.635 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.089 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.918 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-763_07

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-763

Copyright © 2011 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2011-09-19 16:38:14

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WCDMA1700

Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1800; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1753$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body - High - WH-102 - BP-3L Sony - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.651 mW/g

Body - High - WH-102 - BP-3L Sony - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.48 V/m

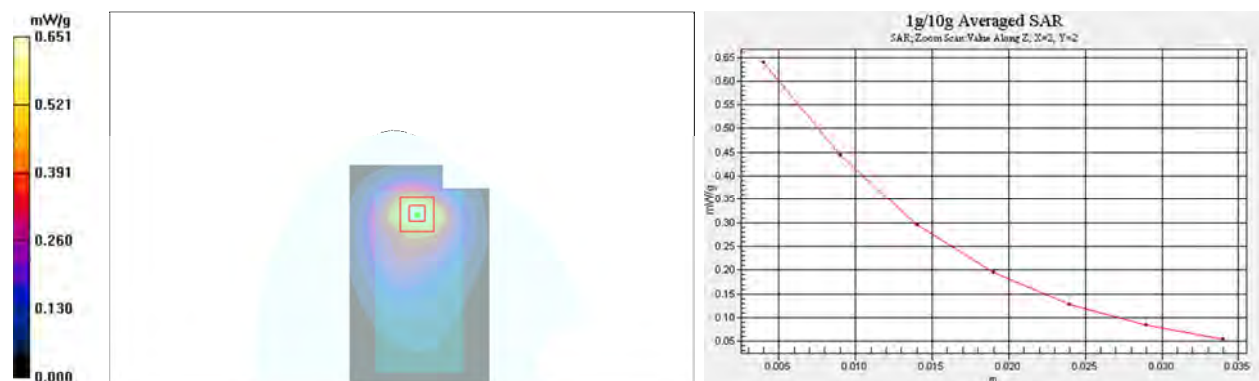
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.802 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.579 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.361 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.056 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.639 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-763_07

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-763

Copyright © 2011 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2011-09-19 17:23:21

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: 4-slot GPRS1900

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.3 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.61$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body - High - WH-102 - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.434 mW/g

Body - High - WH-102 - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.90 V/m

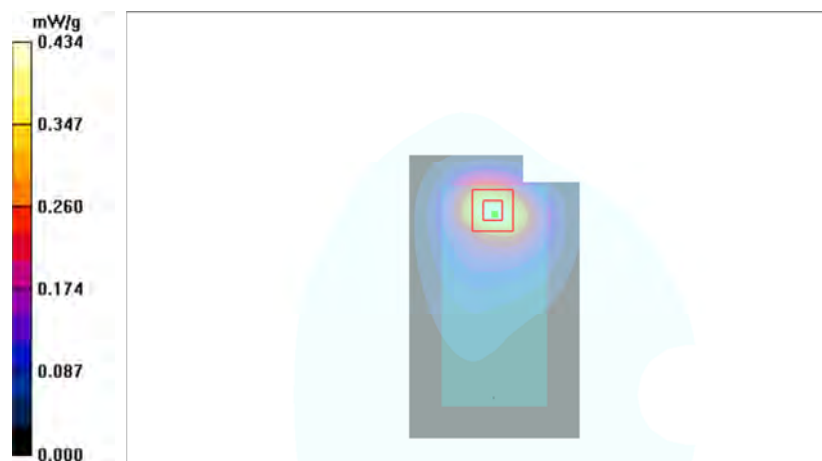
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.615 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.390 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.229 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.103 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.426 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-07 10:38:50

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WCDMA1900

Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1900; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body - High - WH-102 - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.626 mW/g

Body - High - WH-102 - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.55 V/m

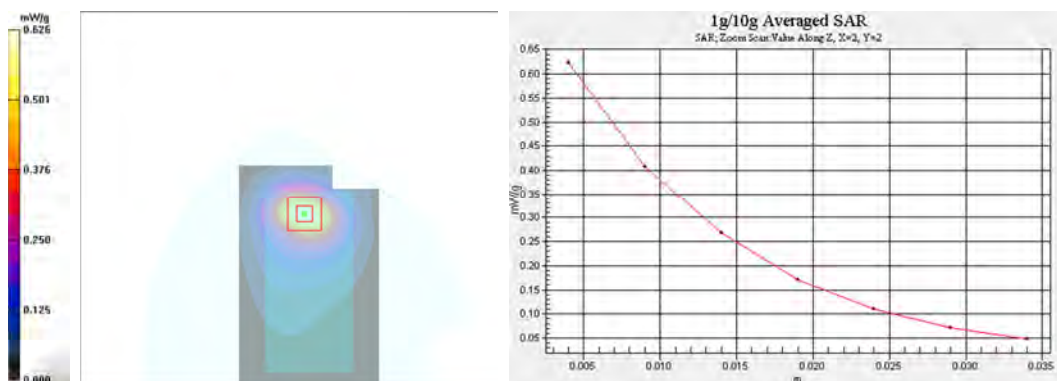
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.881 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.560 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.332 mW/g

Power Drift = -0.063 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.621 mW/g



SAR Report

FCC_RM-763_07

Applicant: Nokia Corporation

Type: RM-763

Copyright © 2011 TCC Nokia

Date/Time: 2011-09-13 12:24:46

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 22.0 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.09, 4.09, 4.09); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body - Middle - No Accessory - BP-3L LG - Display Facing Phantom/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.124 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - BP-3L LG - Display Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.69 V/m

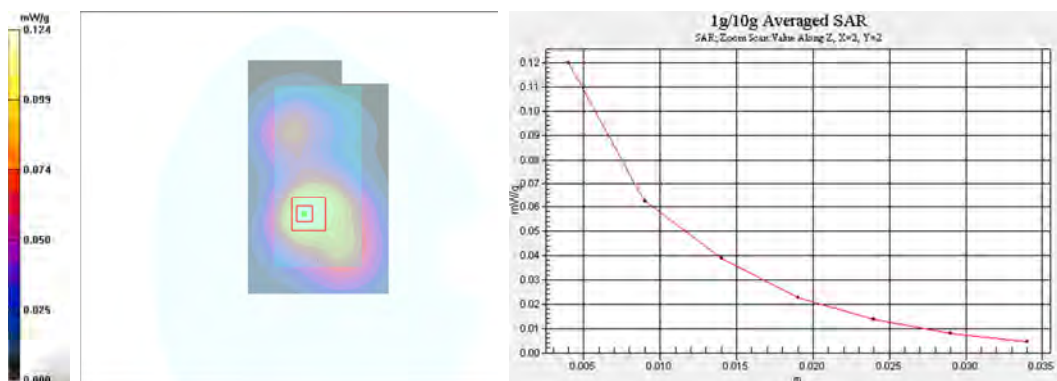
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.250 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.116 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.067 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.183 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-15 15:05:58

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.09, 4.09, 4.09); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body - Middle - No Accessory - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.123 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.25 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.265 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.108 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.058 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.107 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.112 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-15 15:37:10

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.09, 4.09, 4.09); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Body - Middle - WH-102 - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.101 mW/g

Body - Middle - WH-102 - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.76 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.233 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.094 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.052 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.089 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.096 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-19 11:47:40, Date/Time: 2011-09-12 19:14:30

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: GSM850, Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 848.8 MHz, Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 835, Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.3 C, Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.883 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.66, 6.66, 6.66), ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 2, Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1188, Serial: TP-1420
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

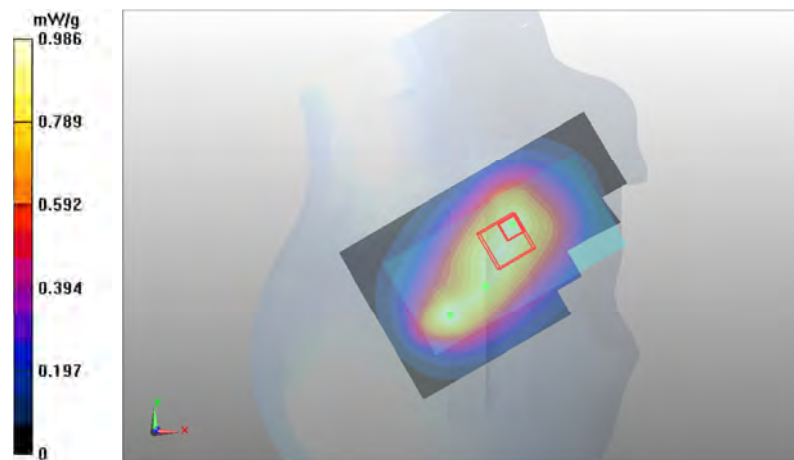
Configuration/Cheek - High - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Configuration/Cheek - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.874 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.601 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.986 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-08-18 15:33:46, Date/Time: 2011-09-12 19:14:30

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WCDMA850, Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 846.6 MHz, Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 835, Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.0 C, Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.9 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 847 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675, Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06), ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 2010-09-09, Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671, Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2010-09-16, Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM LB, Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom, Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1188, Serial: TP-1420
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

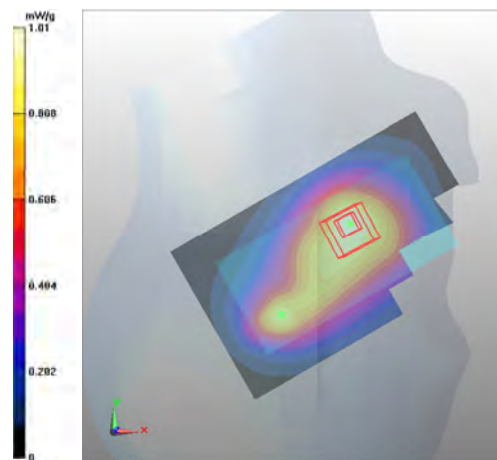
Configuration/Cheek - High - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Configuration/Cheek - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.931 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.629 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-08-22 15:22:10, Date/Time: 2011-09-15 10:42:47

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WCDMA1700/2100, Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 1752.6 MHz, Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1800, Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.8 C, Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1753 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.32 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.85 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675, Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21), ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 2010-09-09, Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671, Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2010-09-16, Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM HB, Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom, Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1421, Serial: TP-1420
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

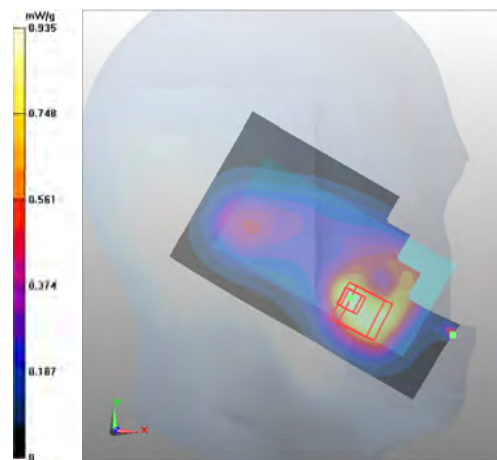
Configuration/Cheek - High - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Configuration/Cheek - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.810 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.490 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.935 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-08-31 14:45:01, Date/Time: 2011-09-15 10:42:47

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: 4-slot GPRS1900, Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 1850.2 MHz, Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900, Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.8 C, Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1850 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.36 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.85 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675, Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76), ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 2010-09-09, Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671, Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2010-09-16, Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 1, Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1421, Serial: TP-1420
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

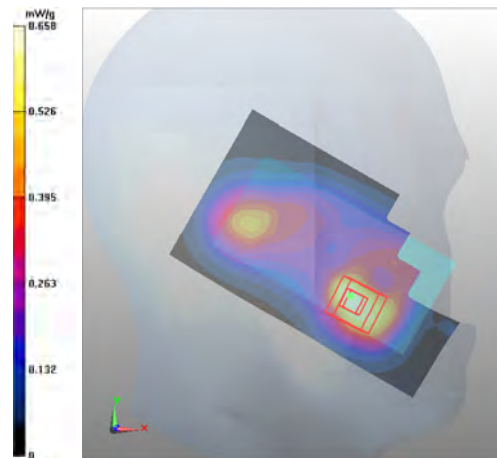
Configuration/Cheek - Low - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Configuration/Cheek - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.580 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.336 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.658 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-08-22 14:00:00, Date/Time: 2011-09-15 10:42:47

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WCDMA1900, Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 1880 MHz, Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900, Medium: Head 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.8 C, Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.85$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675, Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76), ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 2010-09-09, Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671, Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2010-09-16, Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM HB, Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom, Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1421, Serial: TP-1420
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

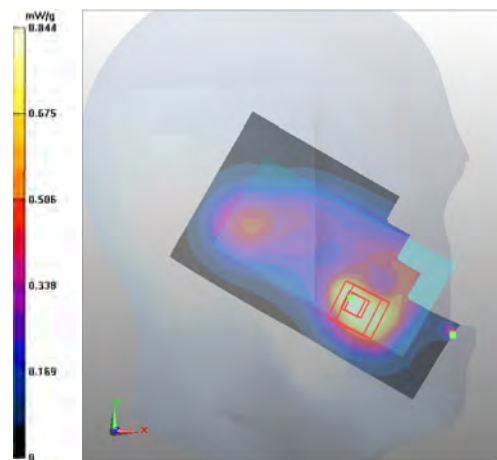
Configuration/Cheek – Middle - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Configuration/Cheek - Middle - BP-3L Sony/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.744 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.434 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.844 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-19 18:43:55, Date/Time: 2011-09-15 15:05:58

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: GSM850, Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 848.8 MHz, Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 835, Medium: Body 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 849 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used:
 $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42), ConvF(4.09, 4.09, 4.09); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used)), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Configuration/Body - High - No Accessory - BP-3L Sony - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (7x11x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

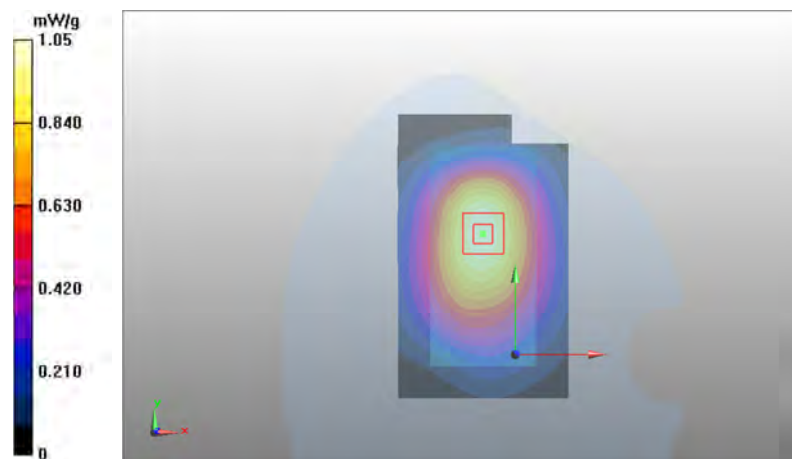
Configuration/Body - Middle - No Accessory - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (7x11x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.985 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.693 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-01 20:38:48, Date/Time: 2011-09-15 15:05:58

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WCDMA850, Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 835 MHz, Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 835, Medium: Body 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 20.9 C, Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 22.0 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.939 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1675, Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02), ConvF(4.09, 4.09, 4.09); Calibrated: 2010-09-09, Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn671, Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2010-09-16, Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Configuration/Body - Middle - No Accessory - BP-3L Sony - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (7x11x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

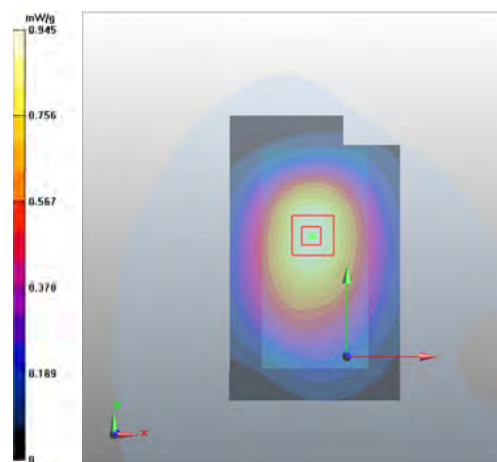
Configuration/Body - Middle - No Accessory - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (7x11x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.891 mW/g

SAR(10 g) = 0.627 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.945 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-19 16:38:14, Date/Time: 2011-09-15 15:37:10

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WCDMA1700, Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 1752.6 MHz, Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1800, Medium: Body 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.3 C, Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1753 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83), ConvF(4.09, 4.09, 4.09); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Configuration/Body - High - WH-102 - BP-3L Sony - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Configuration/Body - Middle - WH-102 - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.601 mW/g
SAR(10 g) = 0.347 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.673 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-19 17:23:21, Date/Time: 2011-09-15 15:37:10

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: 4-slot GPRS1900, Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 1909.8 MHz, Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1900, Medium: Body 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.3 C, Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1910 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.61 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7), ConvF(4.09, 4.09, 4.09); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Configuration/Body - High - WH-102 - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Configuration/Body - Middle - WH-102 - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.409 mW/g
SAR(10 g) = 0.228 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.456 mW/g



Date/Time: 2011-09-07 10:38:50, Date/Time: 2011-09-15 15:37:10

Test Laboratory: TCC Nokia

Type: RM-763; Serial: 004402/13/622463/5

Communication System: WCDMA1900, Communication System: WLAN2450 b-mode

Frequency: 1907.6 MHz, Frequency: 2442 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1900, Medium: Body 2450; Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 21.6 C, Medium Notes: Liquid Temperature: 22.0 C

Medium parameters used: $f = 1908 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.48 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$, Medium parameters used: $f = 2442 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

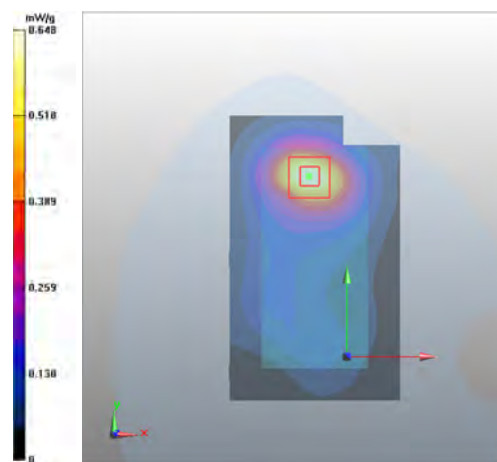
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1676; Probe Notes:
- ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7), ConvF(4.09, 4.09, 4.09); Calibrated: 2011-07-14
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2011-04-08
- Phantom: SAM 3; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1420
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 61

Configuration/Body - High - WH-102 - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Configuration/Body - Middle - WH-102 - BP-3L LG - Back Facing Phantom/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Motorola Fast SAR of Combined Scans: SAR(1 g) = 0.574 mW/g
SAR(10 g) = 0.318 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.648 mW/g



APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)

See the following pages.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia GmbH (Ulm)**

Certificate No: **ET3-1675_Sep10**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1675**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **September 9, 2010**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159)	Mar-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161)	Mar-11
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09)	Dec-10
DAE4	SN: 660	20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10)	Apr-11

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct10

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: September 9, 2010

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1675

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	6.06	6.06	6.06	0.38	2.39 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	5.21	5.21	5.21	0.51	2.69 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.72	2.17 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	4.24	4.24	4.24	0.99	1.70 ± 11.0%

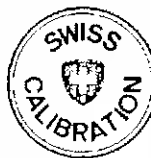
^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1675

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	6.02	6.02	6.02	0.29	3.06 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	4.58	4.58	4.58	0.61	3.05 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	4.45	4.45	4.45	0.99	2.17 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	3.88	3.88	3.88	0.99	1.63 ± 11.0%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia GmbH (Ulm)**

Certificate No: **ET3-1676_Jul11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1676**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **July 14, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name Claudio Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature

Issued: July 15, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1676

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	41.5	0.97	6.21	6.21	6.21	0.68	1.91	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.31	5.31	5.31	0.56	2.33	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	4.93	4.93	4.93	0.55	2.34	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.38	4.38	4.38	0.78	1.75	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6- SN:1676

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	55.0	1.05	6.19	6.19	6.19	0.76	1.83	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.83	4.83	4.83	0.59	2.87	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.62	2.54	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.09	4.09	4.09	0.99	1.22	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)

See the following pages.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia GmbH (Ulm)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-474_Jun11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 474**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **June 14, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	8-Jun-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jun11)	Jun-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 14, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 14.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 474

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium: HSL900V2

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

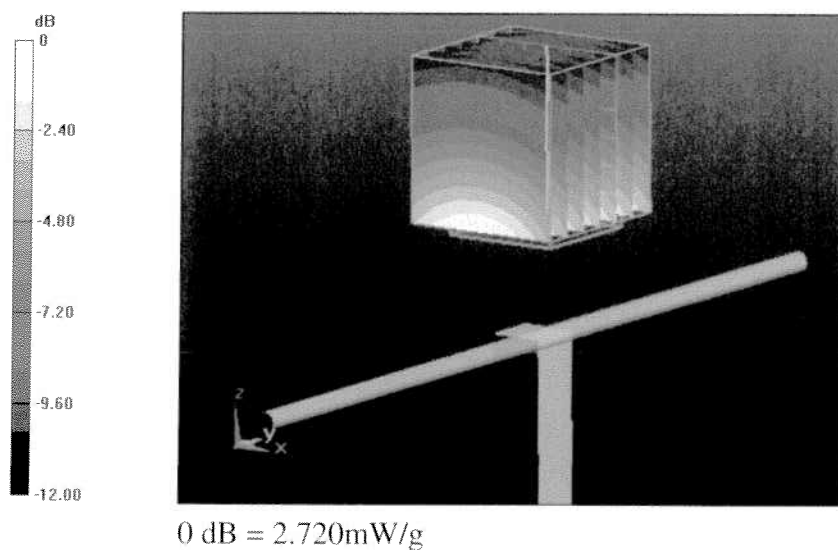
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.048 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.439 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.33 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.718 mW/g



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 14.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 474

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium: MSL900V2

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

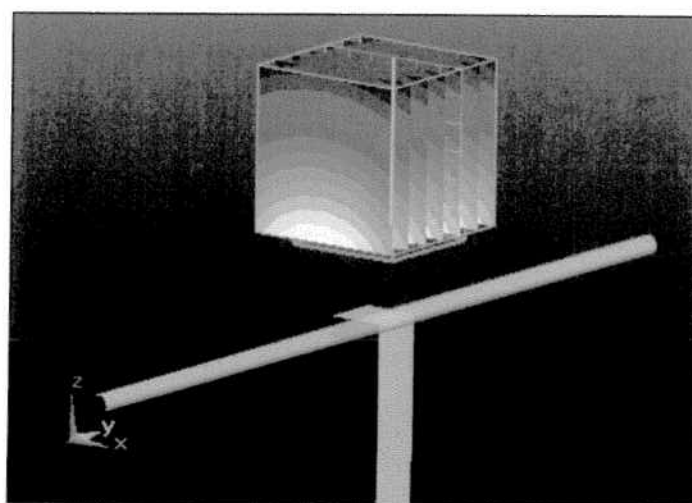
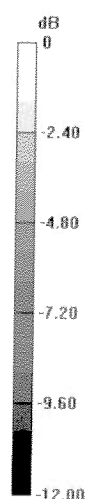
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.624 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.578 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.859 mW/g



0 dB = 2.860mW/g



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia GmbH (Ulm)**

Certificate No: **D1800V2-2d037_Jun11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1800V2 - SN: 2d037**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **June 16, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	8-Jun-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jun11)	Jun-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 16, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 15.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 2d037

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

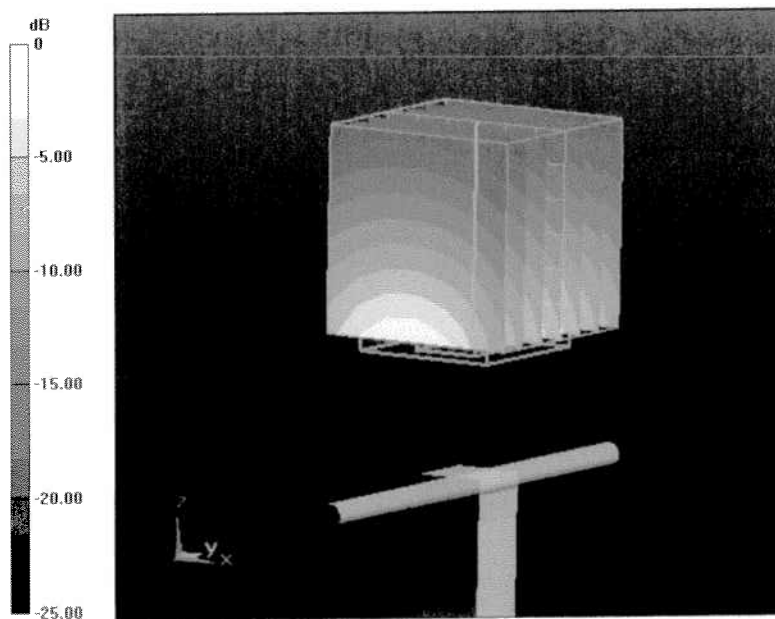
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.707 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.412 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.22 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.87 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.439 mW/g



0 dB = 11.440mW/g

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 16.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 2d037

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz

Medium: MSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

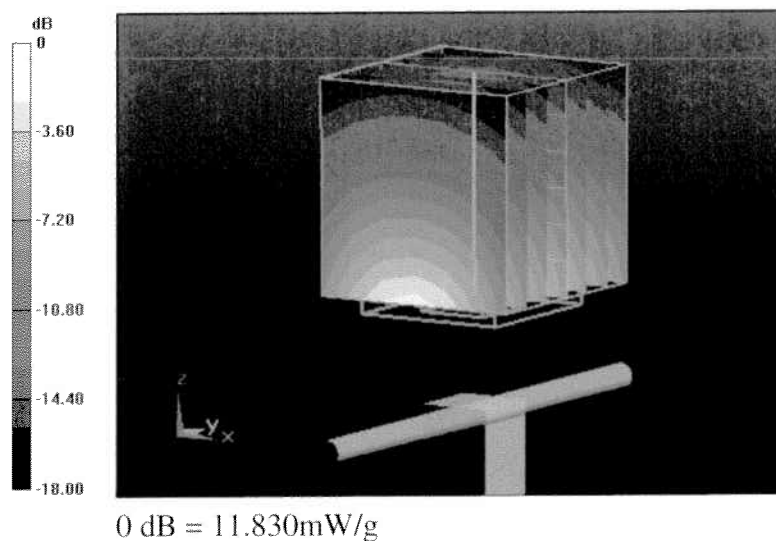
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.479 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.459 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.96 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.834 mW/g





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia GmbH (Ulm)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d007_Jun11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d007**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **June 16, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	8-Jun-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jun11)	Jun-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by: **Dimce Iliev** **Laboratory Technician** 

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager** 

Issued: June 16, 2011

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 15.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d007

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

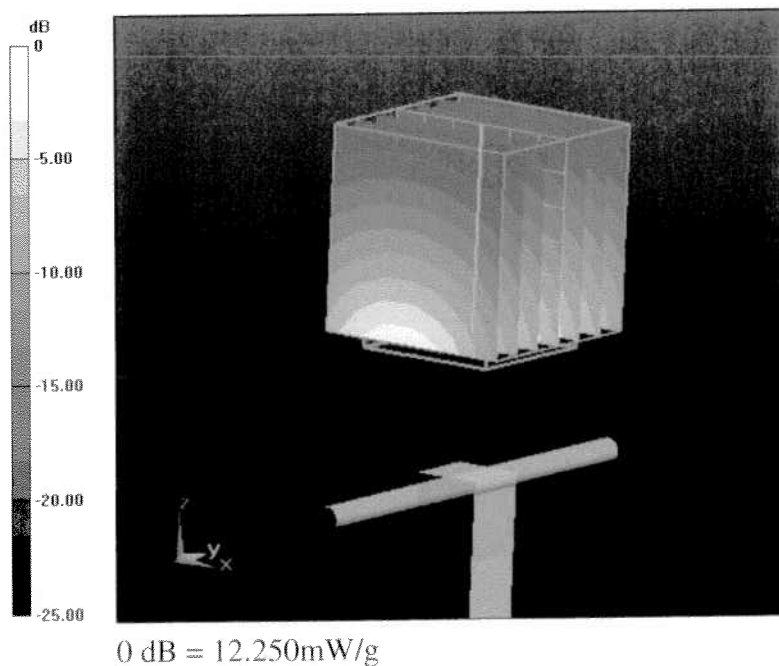
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.068 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.126 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.95 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.19 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.246 mW/g



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 16.06.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d007

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium: MSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 08.06.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

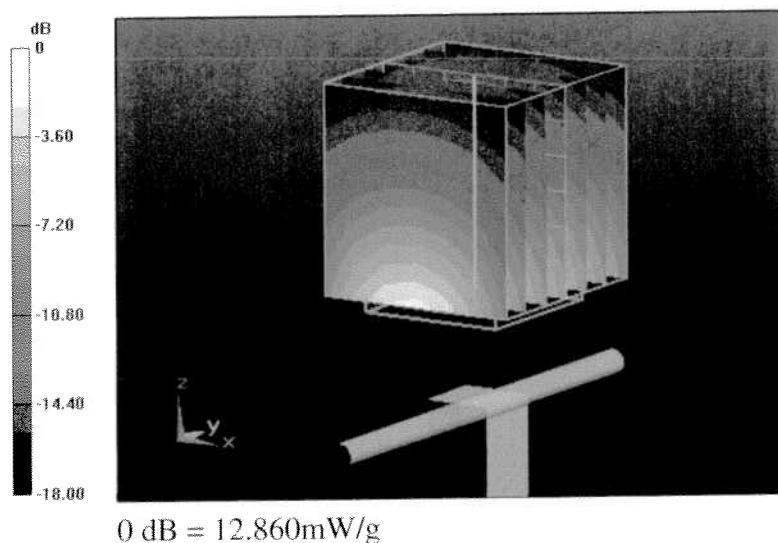
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.029 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.022 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.3 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.863 mW/g





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Nokia GmbH (Ulm)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2- 792_Apr11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 792**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **April 6, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Mike Meili	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: April 7, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 05.04.2011 15:23:00

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:792

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.74$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

Head / d=10mm, Pin=250 mW / Cube 0:

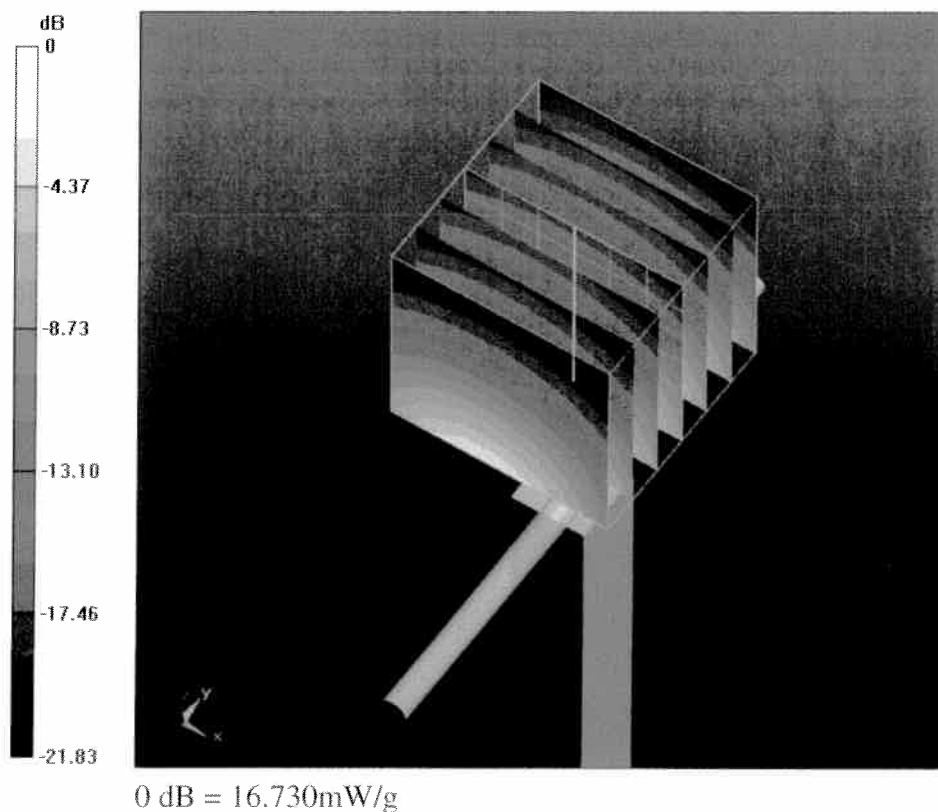
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.049 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.19 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.730 mW/g



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 06.04.2011 15:17:35

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:792

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

Body / d=10mm, Pin=250 mW / Cube 0:

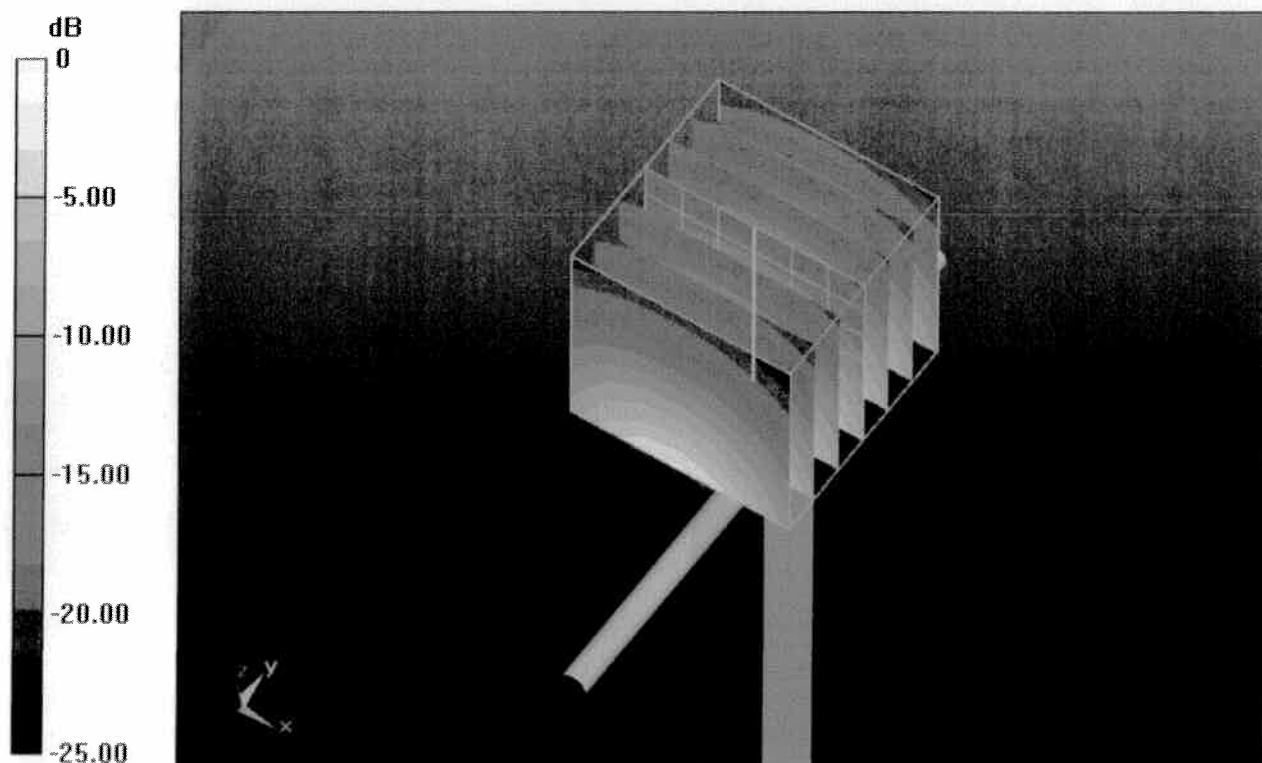
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.347 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0071 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.543 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.04 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.145 mW/g



0 dB = 17.150mW/g