

FCC SAR Test Report (Class II Permissive Change)

Product Name	:	PCIE 802.11a/b/g/n 2.4GHz/5GHz + USB BT 4.0 card
Model No.	:	QCNFA222

Applicant	:	Qualcomm Atheros, Inc.	
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Address : 1700 Technology Drive, San Jose, CA 95110

Date of Receipt	: 2015/09/26
Issued Date	: 2015/11/20
Report No.	: 15A0002R-SAUSP02V00
Report Version	: V1.0
MULTUR.	



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.

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Test Report

Issued Date: 2015/11/20 Report No.: 15A0002R-SAUSP02V00



a DEKRA company

Product Name	:	PCIE 802.11a/b/g/n 2.4GHz/5GHz + USB BT 4.0 card
Applicant	:	Qualcomm Atheros, Inc.
Address	:	1700 Technology Drive, San Jose, CA95110
Manufacturer	:	Qualcomm Atheros, Inc.
Model No.	:	QCNFA222
Trade Name	:	Qualcomm Atheros
FCC ID	:	PPD-QCNFA222
Applicable Standard	:	47CFR § 2.1093
		KDB 447498 D01 v06
Measurement	:	KDB 248227 D01 v02r02
procedures		KDB 616217 D04 V01r02
-		KDB 865664 D01 V01r04
Test Result	:	Max. SAR Measurement (1g)
		802.11b/g/n(2.4GHz): 1.13 W/kg
Application Type	:	Certification

The above equipment has been tested by QuieTek-a DEKRA, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

: Anny Chou Documented By (Adm. Specialist / Anny Chou) wentee Tested By : (Senior Engineer / Wen Lee) Approved By : (Director / Vincent Lin)



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1. General Information

1.1 EUT Description

Product Name	PCIE 802.11a/b/g/n 2.4GH	z/5GHz + USB BT 4.0 card							
Trade Name	Qualcomm Atheros								
Model No.	QCNFA222								
FCC ID	PPD-QCNFA222								
TX Frequency	802.11b/g/n-20MHz:2412-2	2462MHz,802.11n-40MHz:2	422-2452MHz						
	BT: 2402 – 2480MHz								
Channel separation	802.11b/g/n-20/n-40MHz:	5 MHz,							
	Bluetooth: V3.0+HS, V2.1+	EDR: 79CH, V4.0: 40CH							
Number of Channels	802.11b/g/n-20MHz: 11, n-	40MHz: 7							
	Bluetooth: V3.0+HS, V2	Bluetooth: V3.0+HS, V2.1+EDR: GFSK(1Mbps) / π /4DQPSK(2Mbps) /							
	8DPSK(3Mbps), V4.0: GFS	SK(1Mbps)							
Data Rate	802.11b: 1-11Mbps, 802.11	la/g: 6-54Mbps, 802.11n: up	o to 300Mbps						
	Bluetooth: 1-3Mbps								
Type of Modulation	DSSS/OFDM/BPSK/QPSK	(/16QAM/64QAM/							
	FHSS: GFSK(1Mbps) / π /4DQPSK(2Mbps) / 8DPSK(3Mbps)								
Antenna Type	PIFA								
Device Category	Portable								
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled								
Summary of test result –Report	ed 1g SAR (W/Kg)								
Test configuration	DTS(WLAN-Main)	DTS(BT)							
Body-Standalone	1.13	0.91	0.17						
Body-Simultaneous									

* Note: (1) This is to request a Class II permissive change for FCC ID: PPD-QCNFA222, originally granted on 08/11/2015.

The major change filed under this application is:

Change #1: Additional Chassis added, ASUSTeK, model number : TP501U, J501U, R518U notebook/tablet. All models are lised as below

Brand	Model	Difference					
	TP501U (Main test model)	All models are electrically identical,					
ASUS	J501U	different model names are for marketing					
	R518U	purpose.					

#2: When in PAD mode, Reduce the Output Power through firmware (only reduce Wi-Fi Power, Bluetooth power haven't changes).

- #3: Addition two new antennas, the antenna type is the same, the antenna gain is lower than the original application.
- (2) In Notebook Mode, the antenna-to-user separation distance is 9.7 mm, which is greater than the Modular SAR requirement for this module (5 mm), therefore additional test is exempted.



1.2 Antenna List

Mode	No.	Manufacturer	Part No.	Peak Gain
PAD	1	INPAQ	WA-P-LB-02-300 (Main)	-0.13dBi for 2.4GHz
			WA-P-LB-01-141 (Aux)	
	2	Luxshare	LA05RF873-2H (Main)	-0.16dBi for 2.4GHz
			LA05RF873-1H (Aux)	

Note : (1) Only the higher gain antenna was tested and recorded in this report.

(2) There are the same only difference in Manufacture.



1.3 SAR Test Exclusion Calculation

According to KDB Publication 447498 D01, section 4.3.1, per the calculations of item 1 (Power(mW)/separation (mm)*sqrt(f(GHz) \leq 3.0), SAR is required as shown in the table below where calculated values are greater than 3.0 :

PAD Mode SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna < 50mm from the user :

Antenna	Тх	Frequency (MHz)	Output P	ower		Separati	ion dist	ances (n	nm)	Calculated Threshold Value (≦3.0 SAR is not required)				
			dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom
Main	WiFi	2462	15.50	35	4.4	34	303	9	233	11.1	1.6	>50mm	6.2	>50mm
Main	ВT	2480	6.00	4	4.4	34	303	9	233	1.3	0.2	>50mm	0.7	>50mm

PAD Mode SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna > 50mm

from the user :

		Fraguanay	Output P	Owor		Soparat	tion dist	ances (m	nm)	Calculated Threshold Value				
Antenna	Тх	Frequency (MHz)	Output P	Ower		Separa		ances (n		(SAR test exclusion power,mW)				
			dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom
Main	WiFi	2462	15.50	35	4.4	34	303	9	233	<50mm	<50mm	2625.6	<50mm	1925.6
Main	вт	2480	6.00	4	4.4	34	303	9	233	<50mm	<50mm	2625.3	<50mm	1925.3

PAD Mode SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna < 50mm from the user :

Antenna	Тх	Frequency (MHz)	Output P	owor		Soporati	ion diat	ances (n	2000)	Calculated Threshold Value					
				ower		Separat		ances (n		(\leq 3.0 SAR is not required)					
			dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	
Aux	WiFi	2437	15.50	35	4.4	290	47	8	234	11.1	>50mm	1.2	6.9	>50mm	
Aux	BT	2480	6.00	4	4.4	290	47	8	234	1.3	>50mm	0.1	0.8	>50mm	

PAD Mode SAR exclusion calculations for WiFi-SISO and Bluetooth for antenna > 50mm

from the user :

Antenna T		Frequency	Output P	ower		Sonarat	ion dist	ances (m	m)	Calculated Threshold Value				
	Тх	(MHz)	Output Power Separation distances (mm)							(SAR test exclusion power,mW)				
			dBm	mW	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom	Back	Right	Left	Тор	Bottom
Aux	WiFi	2437	15.50	35	4.4	290	47	8	234	<50mm	2496.1	<50mm	<50mm	1936.1
Aux	ΒT	2480	6.00	4	4.4	290	47	8	234	<50mm	2495.3	<50mm	<50mm	1935.3



1.4 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual				
Temperature (°C)	18-25	24.1± 2				
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	55				

Site Description:

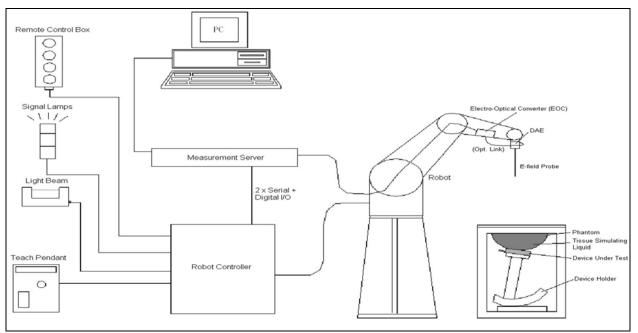
Accredited by TAF Accredited Number: 3023 Effective through: December 12, 2017

- Site Name: Quietek Corporation
- Site Address: No.5-22, Ruishukeng, Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 24451, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: 886-2-8601-3788 / FAX: 886-2-8601-3789 E-Mail: <u>service@quietek.com</u>



2. SAR Measurement System

2.1 DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- > A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



2.1.1 Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2 Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2013, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3 Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4 Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat





distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}} \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$
$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}}\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2} \left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$
$$f_3(x, y, z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

2.2 DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

2.2.1 Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	Ex3DV4
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

2.3 Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.

2.4 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.











2.5 Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

2.6 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions.

During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.







2.7 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



2.8 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT	2450MHz	2450MHz	5200MHz	5800MHz
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Body	Body
Water		73.2	2	
Salt		0.04		
Sugar		0.00		
HEC		0.00		
Preventol		0.00		
DGBE		26.7		

3.2 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using APREL Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent E5071C Vector Network Analyzer.

Body Tissue Simulate Measurement											
Frequency	Description	Dielectric P	Tissue Temp.								
[MHz]	Description	٤r	σ [s/m]	[°C]							
	Reference result	52.7	1.95	N/A							
2450 MHz	± 5% window	50.065 to 55.335	1.8525 to 2.0475								
	27-Oct-15	52.03	1.97	22.8							
2412 MHz	Low channel	52.38	1.92	22.8							
2437 MHz	Mid channel	52.15	1.95	22.8							
2462 MHz	High channel	51.88	1.98	22.8							

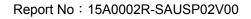


3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency	Не	ad	Body			
(MHz)	٤r	σ (S/m)	٤r	σ (S/m)		
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80		
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92		
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94		
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97		
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05		
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06		
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30		
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40		
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52		
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95		
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73		
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00		

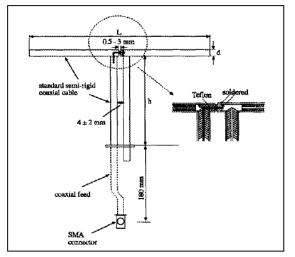
(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)





4. SAR Measurement Procedure

- 4.1 SAR System Check
- 4.1.1 Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
2450MHz	53.5	30.4	3.6

4.1.2 System Check Result

System Performance Check at 2450MHz Dipole Kit: D2450V2										
Frequency [MHz]DescriptionSAR [w/kg]SAR [w/kg]Tissue Temp.1g10g[°C]										
2450 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	51.80 46.62 to 56.98	24.00 21.6 to 26.4	N/A						
	27-Oct-15	55.2	25.44	22.8						
Note: (1) The power level is used 250mW (2) All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. (3) The reference result is from Appendix E.										



4.2 SAR Measurement Procedure

The Dasy5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |\mathbf{E}|^2}{\rho}$$

 σ : represents the simulated tissue conductivity

 $\boldsymbol{\rho}:$ represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm²) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm³).

5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)



6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last	Next
				Calibration	Calibration
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F09/5BL1A1/A06	2009/05/18	only once
Controller	Speag	CS8c	N/A	2009/05/18	only once
Speag Reference Dipole 2450MHz	Speag	D2450V2	930	2014/11/19	2016/11/18
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	QD000 P40 CA	Tp 1515	N/A	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronic	Speag	DAE4	1425	2014/11/13	2015/11/12
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3979	2014/11/21	2015/11/20
SAR Software	Speag	DASY52	V52.8 (8)	N/A	N/A
Aprel Dipole Spaccer	Aprel	ALS-DS-U	QTK-295	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-42	D051404-20	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D-012	50550	N/A	N/A
Universal Radio Communication	R&S	CMU200	104846	2015/06/11	2016/06/09
Tester					
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY46108013	2015/03/30	2016/03/28
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3694A	041902	2015/08/14	2016/08/12
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00001447	2015/09/17	2016/09/16
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	1339194	2015/09/17	2016/09/16



7. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 L Measu	Incertain rement u							
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(Vi)
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	Veff
Measurement System		·	•			·		
Probe Calibration	±6%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	8
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	8
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Test Sample Related			-					
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	8
Power Scaling	±0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	√3	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±11.2%	±11.1%	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±22.3%	±22.2%	



8. Conducted Power Measurement (Including tolerance allowed for production unit)

								SI	SO-Ma	in(T	X1)							
		Mode	BW		15.24	7		U-NII	-1		U-NII-2	2A		U-NII-2	2C		U-NII	-3
		Mode	BW	СН	Target	Power	СН	Target	Power	СН	Target	Power	СН	Target	Power	СН	Target	Power
	ort			1	15.5	15.5												
_	na p	q	20	6		15.19												
ified	nten			11	15	14.85												
spec	an al		20	1		13.78												
ode	r at a	D	20	6		15.23												
ŭ V	owe			11	13	12.5												
PDN	nt b			1	13	12.92												
DSSS/OFDM mode specified	outp		20	6 11	<u>15.5</u> 12	<u>15.22</u> 12												
DS	maximum output power at an antenna port	Ê			12	12												
	laxin	n(HT)		3	12.5	12.5												
	F	_	10	6		15.29												
			40	9	12	11.69												
							1	SI	SO-Au	x(T)	(2)					r		
		Mode	BW		15.24			U-NII		U-NII-2A			U-NII-2C			U-NII-3		
				СН	Target	Power	СН	Target	Power	СН	Target	Power	СН	Target	Power	СН	Target	Power
	ort			1		15.33												
_	na p	q	20	6		15.38												
ified	nten			11	15	14.78												
spec	an ai		20	1	14	14												
ode	r at	D	20	6		15.41												
ы Б	owe			11	13	12.35												
DFD	out p			1 6	13 15.5	13 15.34												
DSSS/OFDM mode specified	out		20	11	15.5	15.54												
DS	naximum output power at an antenna port	Ê			12	12												
	Jaxir	n(HT)		3	12.5	12.44												
	C	_	40	6		15.28												
			40	9	12	11.87												



								CDD/	MIMO-	Mai	n(TX1)							
		Mode	R\//		15.24	17	U-NII-1				U-NII-	2A		U-NII-2	2C		U-NII	-3
		Mode	Dvv	СН	Target	Power	СН	Target	Power	СН	Target	Power	СН	Target	Power	СН	Target	Power
	ц			1	15.5	15.24												
	maximum output power at an antenna port	م	20	6	15.5	15.48												
DSSS/OFDM mode specified	Itenr			11	15	14.78												
bec	n ar			1	14	14												
de s	at a	D	20	6		15.19												
om	wer			11	13	12.33												
DN	ıt po			1	13	13												
s/0	utpu		20	6	15.5	15.13												
SSC	o Er			11	12	12												
	ximu	n(HT)																
	ma	Ĕ		3	12.5	12.5												
			40	6		15.09												
				9	12	12					,							
							<u> </u>	CDD	/MIMO-	.Δ.ι.ν	/TY2)							
					15.24	17		U-NII		U-NII-2A U-NII-2C U-NII-3							-3	
		Mode	BW	СН			СН			СН			СН			СН		Power
	ť			1	-	13.81												
	lod B	٩	20	6		14.71												
ied	enná			11	15	14.48												
becif	l ant			1	14	12.78												
le sp	at ar	ຉ	20	6	15.5	14.88												
moc	ver å			11	13	11.58												
Δ	t pov			1	13	12.16												
S/OF	5		20	6	15.5	14.88												
	ਊ		20															
SSG	m outp		20	11	12	11.63	ļ											
DSSS/OFDM mode specified	iimum outp	(LT	20	11	12	11.63												
DSSG	maximum output power at an antenna port	n(HT)	20	11 3	12 12.5	11.63 11.8												
DSSG	maximum outp	n(HT)			12.5													
DSSS	maximum outp	n(HT)	40	3	12.5	11.8												



9. Test Results

9.1 SAR Test Results Summary

SAR MEASU	REMENT							
Ambient Temp	erature (°C)	: 24.1 ±2			Relativ	e Humidity (%):	55	
Liquid Tempera	ature (°C) : 2	22.8 ±2			Depth	of Liquid (cm):>	·15	
Test Mode: 802	2.11b - 2450	MHz – Ma	ain					
Test Desition	Automa	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)		SAR 1g (W/kg)		
Test Position Body	Antenna Position	Channel	MHz	Measurement	Tune-up Limit	Measurement	Tune-up Scaled	Limit (W/kg)
Тор	Fixed	6	2437	15.19	15.5	0.473	0.508	1.6
Back	Fixed	1	2412	15.50	15.5	1.120	1.120	1.6
Back	Fixed	6	2437	15.19	15.5	1.050	1.128	1.6
Back	Fixed	11	2462	14.85	15	1.090	1.128	1.6
Test Mode: 802	2.11b - 2450) MHz – Au	IX					
Тор	Fixed	6	2437	15.38	15.5	0.420	0.432	1.6
Back	Fixed	1	2412	15.33	15.5	0.859	0.893	1.6
Back	Fixed	6	2437	15.38	15.5	0.880	0.905	1.6
Back	Fixed	11	2462	14.78	15	0.812	0.854	1.6
Test Mode: BT-	-1M							
Back	Fixed	39	2441	5.31	6	0.144	0.169	1.6



9.2 Simultaneous Transmission

9.2.1 Simultaneous transmission of MIMO in 802.11 Wi-Fi configurations

Frequency (GHz)	Test Position (Body)	WLAN Main SAR (W/Kg)	WLAN Aux SAR W/Kg)	Simultaneous Transmission (W/Kg)	Antenna pair in mm	Peak location separation ratio
2.4	Тор	0.508	0.432	0.94	N/A	N/A
2.4	Back	1.128	0.905	2.033	218	0.013

Note : The sum of value is less than 1.6W/Kg or the ratio is determined by (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5}/Ri, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be ≤ 0.04 for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for SAR test exclusion.



9.2.2 simultaneous transmission of Wi-Fi and other wireless technologies

According the KDB 447498 D01 Section 4.3.2, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion

(max. power of channel, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)}/7.5$]

Mode	Frequency	Max. power (mW)	Test separation distance ,(mm)	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)	
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Note : A test separation distance of 5 mm must be applied to determine test exclusion according to the SAR Test Exclusion Threshold requirements

When the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, The ratio is determined by (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5/Ri, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be ≤ 0.04 for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion. The estimation result as below :

For DTS Band :

Mode	WLAN BT		Simultaneous	Antenna pair	Peak location	
	SAR (W/Kg)	SAR (W/Kg)	Transmission (W/Kg)	in mm	separation ratio	
2.4G	1.128	0.169	1.297	N/A	N/A	

The sum of value is less than 1.6W/Kg, thus simultaneous SAR testing is not needed.



10. SAR measurement variability

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5
 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Frequency		SAR 1g (W/kg)								
Channel MHz	N 41 I	Original	First Repeated		Second Repeated		Third Repeated			
	MHZ		Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio		
1	2412	1.12	1.06	1.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		



Appendix

Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs

Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data



Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

Test Laboratory: QuieTek-a DEKRA

Date/Time: 2015/10/27

System Performance Check_2450MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2 Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.97 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.03; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.1, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

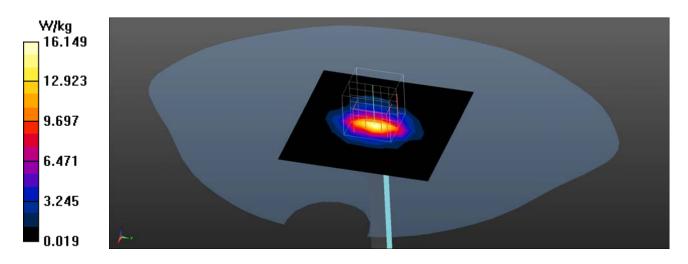
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 11/21/2014; •
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) •
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2014/11/13 •
- •
- Phantom: SAM left tablet; Type: SAM Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331) •

Configuration/2450MHz Body/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dv=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.1 W/kg

Configuration/2450MHz Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 90.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.36 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 W/kg





Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Test Laboratory: QuieTek-a DEKRA

Date/Time: 2015/10/27

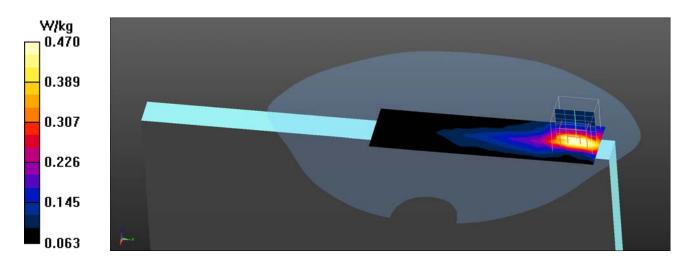
802.11b_6-Top Main DUT: Notebook PC; Type: TP501U, J501U, R518U Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.95 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.15; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.1, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 11/21/2014; •
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) •
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2014/11/13 •
- •
- Phantom: SAM left tablet; Type: SAM Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (5x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.470 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.420 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.473 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.570 W/kg





Date/Time: 2015/10/27

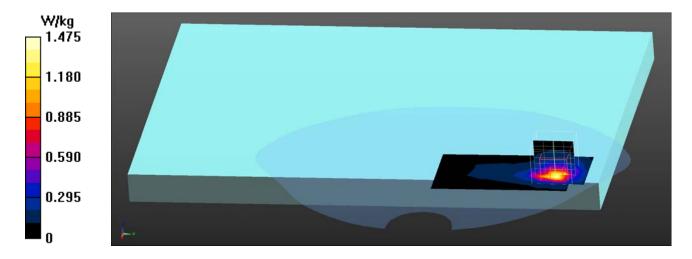
802.11b_1-Back Main DUT: Notebook PC; Type: TP501U, J501U, R518U Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.92 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.38; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.1, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 11/21/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2014/11/13
- Phantom: SAM left tablet; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.953 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.69 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.493 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.39 W/kg





Date/Time: 2015/10/27

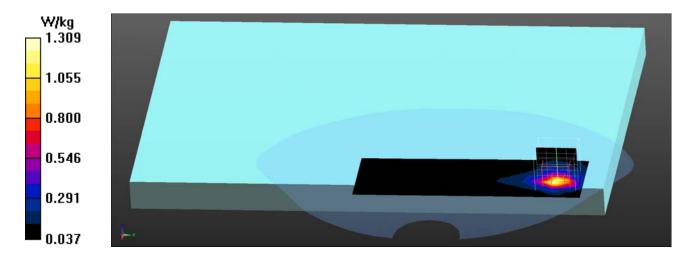
802.11b_6-Back Main DUT: Notebook PC; Type: TP501U, J501U, R518U Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.95 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.15; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.1, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 11/21/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2014/11/13
- Phantom: SAM left tablet; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.648 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.56 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.450 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.36 W/kg





Date/Time: 2015/10/27

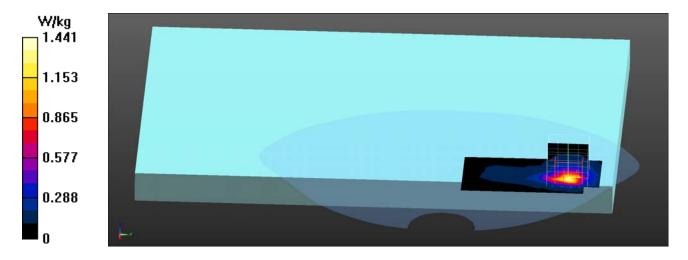
802.11b_11-Back Main DUT: Notebook PC; Type: TP501U, J501U, R518U Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.98 S/m; ϵ_r = 51.88; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.1, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 11/21/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2014/11/13
- Phantom: SAM left tablet; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.44 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.167 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.66 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.468 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 W/kg





Date/Time: 2015/10/27

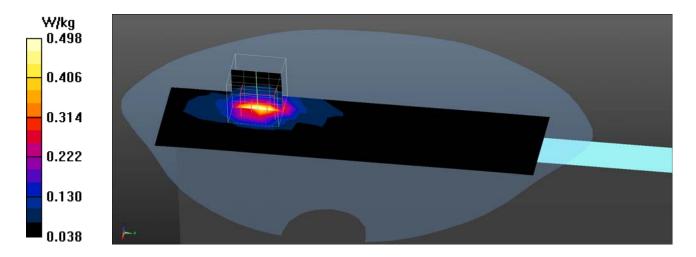
802.11b_6-Top TX2 DUT: Notebook PC; Type: TP501U, J501U, R518U Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.95 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.15; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.1, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 11/21/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2014/11/13
- Phantom: SAM left tablet; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.498 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.476 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.947 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.420 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.194 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.583 W/kg





Date/Time: 2015/10/27

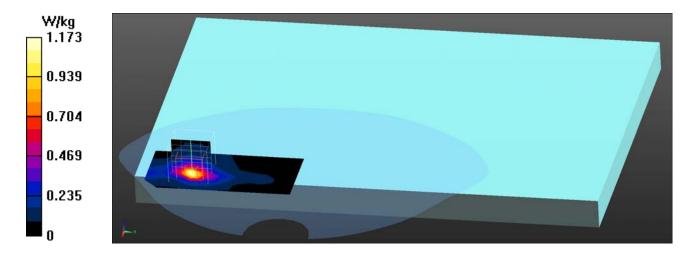
802.11b_1-Back TX2 DUT: Notebook PC; Type: TP501U, J501U, R518U Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.92 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.38; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.1, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 11/21/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2014/11/13
- Phantom: SAM left tablet; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.690 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.98 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.859 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.384 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 W/kg





Date/Time: 2015/10/27

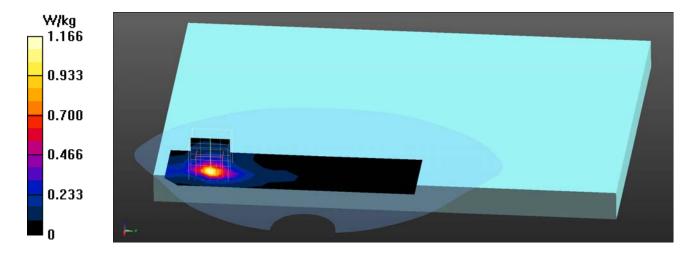
802.11b_6-Back TX2 DUT: Notebook PC; Type: TP501U, J501U, R518U Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.95 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.15; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.1, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 11/21/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2014/11/13
- Phantom: SAM left tablet; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.302 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.89 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.880 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.393 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg





Date/Time: 2015/10/27

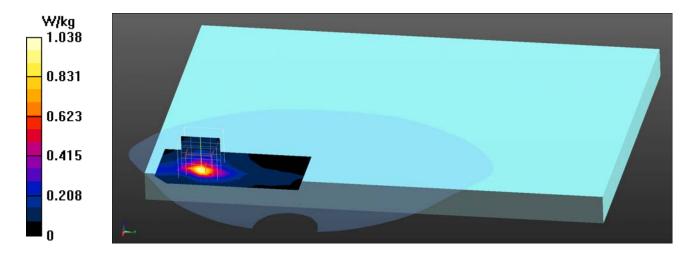
802.11b_11-Back TX2 DUT: Notebook PC; Type: TP501U, J501U, R518U Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.98 S/m; ϵ_r = 51.88; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.1, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 11/21/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2014/11/13
- Phantom: SAM left tablet; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.113 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.94 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.812 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.362 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg





Test Laboratory: QuieTek-a DEKRA

Date/Time: 2015/10/27

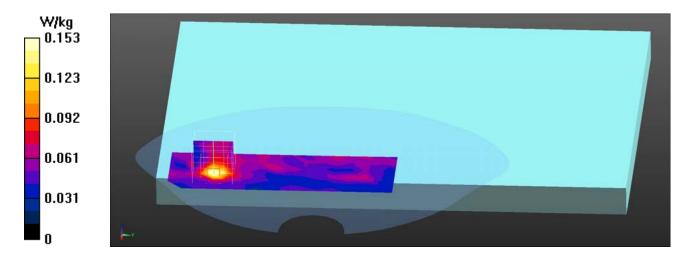
BT 1M 39 DUT: Notebook PC; Type: TP501U, J501U, R518U Communication System: UID 0, BT 1M&3M&BLE; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz; σ = 1.96 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.11; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.1, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 11/21/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2014/11/13
- Phantom: SAM left tablet; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.153 W/kg

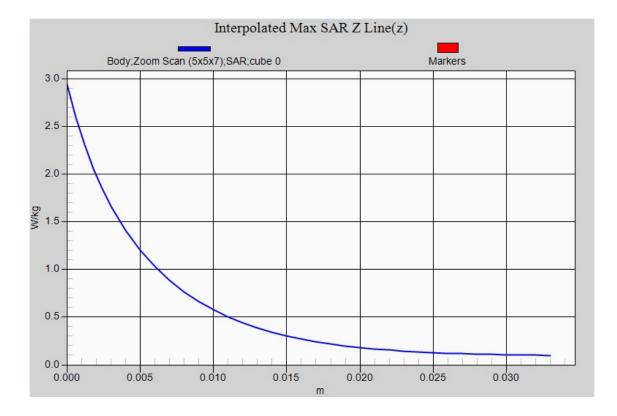
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.373 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.247 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.144 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.084 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.190 W/kg





802.11b EUT Back (Aux) Z-Axis plot Channel: 11





Test Laboratory: QuieTek-a DEKRA

Date/Time: 2015/10/27

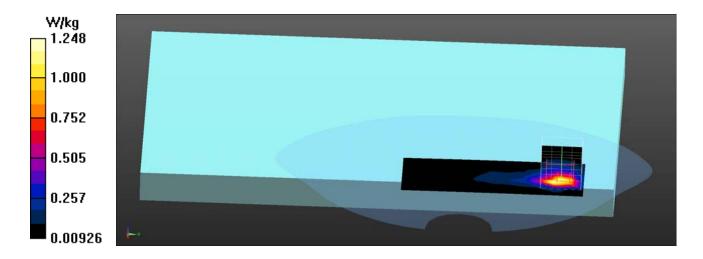
802.11b_1-Back TX1-Verify DUT: Notebook PC; Type: TP501U, J501U, R518U Communication System: UID 0, WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.92 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.38; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 24.1, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.8 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3979; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 11/21/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2014/11/13
- Phantom: SAM left tablet; Type: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.020 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.41 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.442 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 W/kg





Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

Object: EX3DV4- SN: 3979

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client Quietek-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3979_Nov14

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Ob	ject

EX3DV4 - SN:3979

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

November 21, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	+ Q
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	lette
This calibration certificate shall	not be reproduced except in full	without written approval of the laboratory.	Issued: November 24, 2014

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- Service suisse d'étalonnage
- Servizio svizzero di taratura
- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:	
TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
	i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system
_	

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3979

Calibrated:

Manufactured: November 5, 2013 November 21, 2014

.

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.48	0.50	0.48	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	99.8	99.9	100.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc [⊨] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	193.1	±3.8 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		190.4	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		184.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6). ^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^e Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.94	9.94	9.94	0.64	0.70	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.50	9.50	9.50	0.27	1.16	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.29	9.29	9.29	0.26	1.19	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.36	8.36	8.36	0.80	0.58	± 12.0 %
<u>1</u> 640	40.3	1.29	8.08	8.08	8.08	0.68	0.78	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.02	8.02	8.02	0.71	0.73	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.81	7.81	7.81	0.67	0.74	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.76	7.76	7.76	0.56	0.83	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	7.78	7.78	7.78	0.62	0.76	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.38	7.38	7.38	0.44	0.87	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.09	7.09	7.09	0.43	0.88	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.90	6.90	6.90	0.42	0.97	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.19	7.19	7.19	0.77	0.66	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.88	4.88	<u>4</u> .88	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.69	4.69	<u>4.6</u> 9	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.57	4.57	4.57	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.45	4.45	4.45	0.40	1.80	_± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.40	4.40	4.40	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

Validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz. ^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

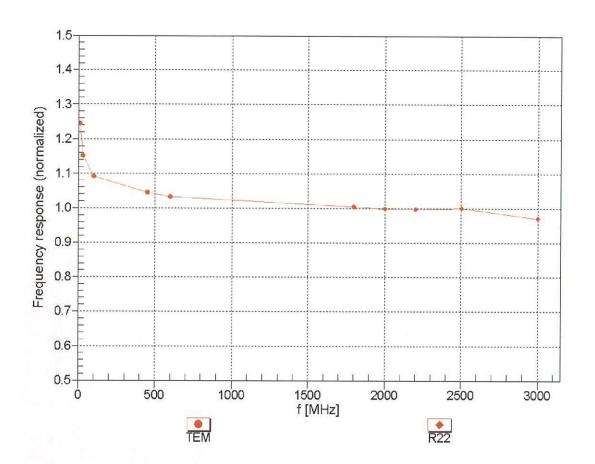
f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.79	9.79	9.79	0.44	0.85	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.68	9.68	9.68	0.66	0.69	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.43	9.43	9.43	0.35	0.99	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.11	8.11	8.11	0.74	0.62	± 12.0 %
1640	53.8	1.40	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.60	0.71	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.77	7.77	7.77	0.65	0.69	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.52	0.77	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.51	7.51	7.51	0.63	0.70	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	7.61	7.61	7.61	0.45	0.79	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.30	7.30	7.30	0.67	0.64	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.08	7.08	7.08	0.80	0.61	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.81	6.81	6.81	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.40	6.40	6.40	0.57	0.85	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.60	4.60	4.60	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.42	4.42	4.42	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.04	4.04	4.04	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.01	4.01	4.01	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.18	4.18	4.18	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

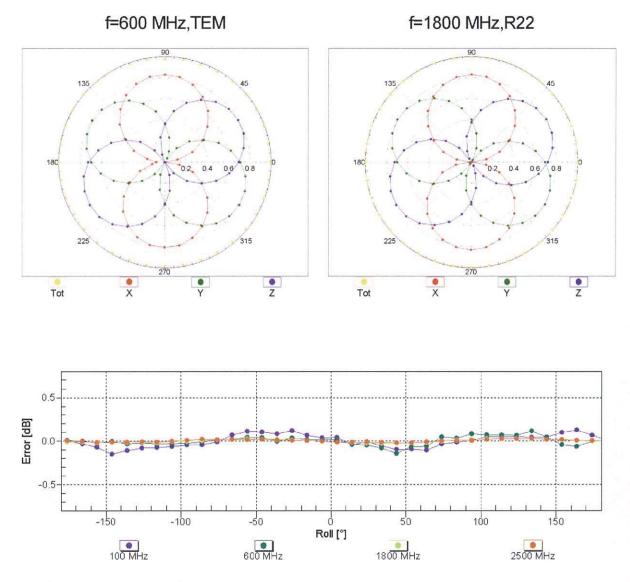
validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz. ^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



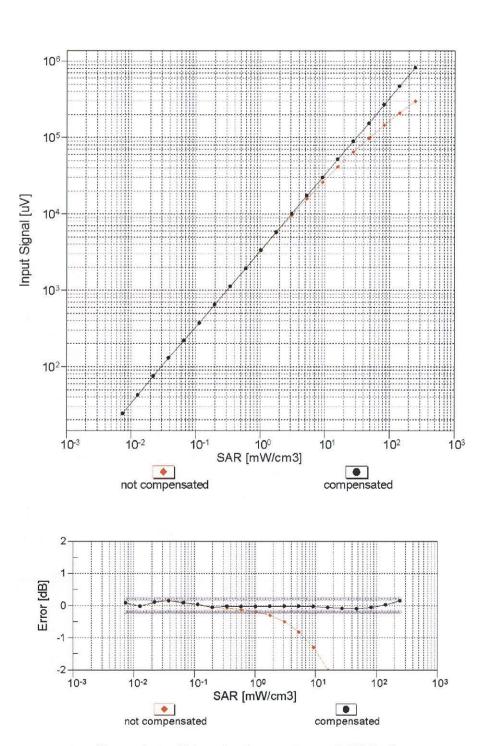
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)





Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

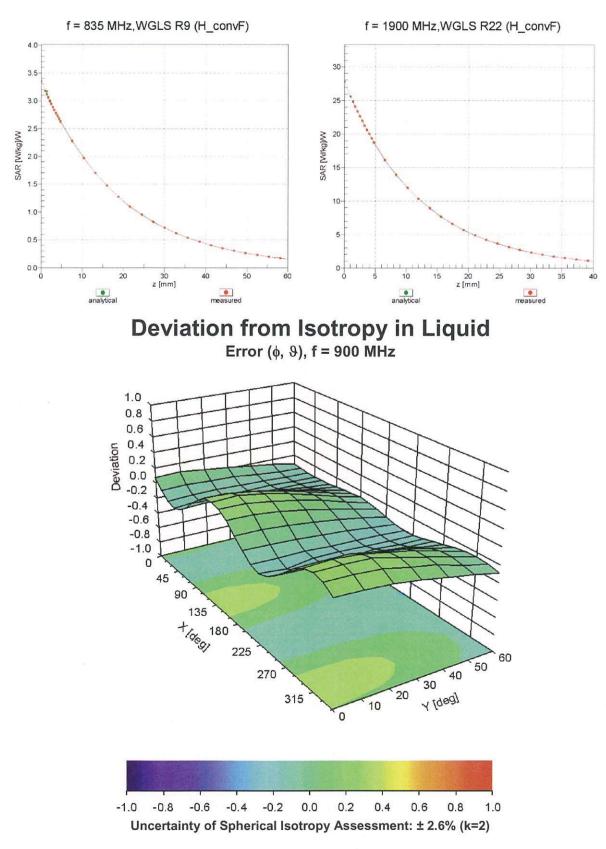
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Page 9 of 11



Conversion Factor Assessment

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-46.1
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm



Appendix E. Dipole Calibration

Validation Dipole 2450 MHz M/N: D2450V2 S/N: 930

1398 MP

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client Quietek-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: D2450V2-930_Nov14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2450V2 - SN: 9	930	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	edure for dipole validation kits abo	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	November 19, 20	014	
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence p	ional standards, which realize the physical un probability are given on the following pages ar ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°(nd are part of the certificate.
Calibration Equipment used (M&T			
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
ype-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	Ĭ/m.
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	M. Nebes
			Issued: November 20, 2014

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S **Swiss Calibration Service**

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.9 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.5 Ω + 1.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0 Ω + 3.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.156 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 26, 2013

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 18.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 930

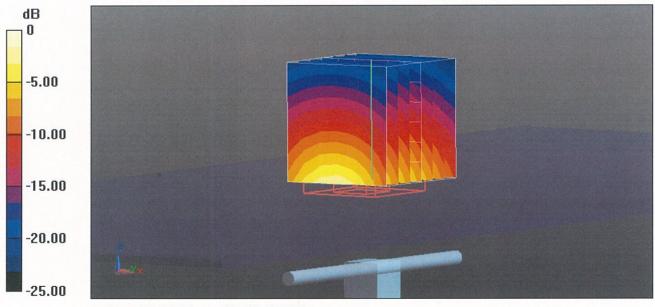
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.86 S/m; ϵ_r = 39; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

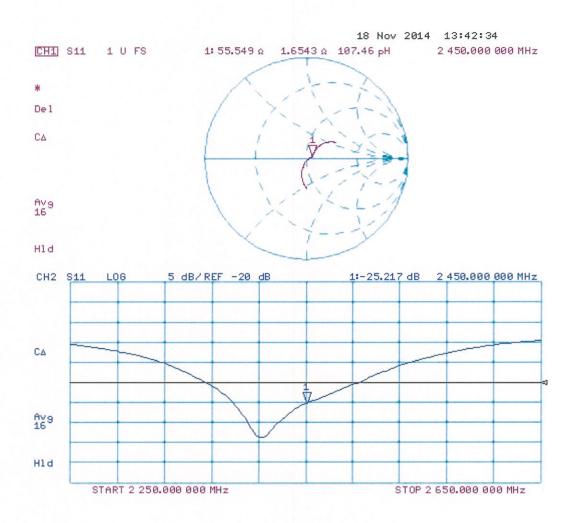
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 99.79 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg



0 dB = 17.3 W/kg = 12.38 dBW/kg



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 19.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 930

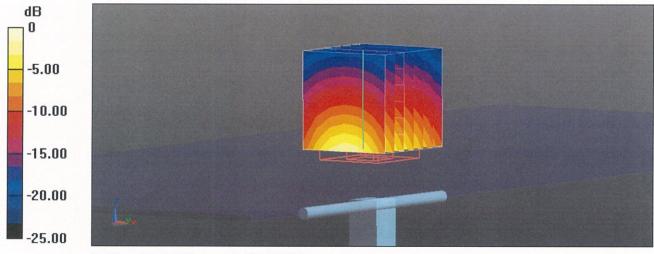
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.03 S/m; ϵ_r = 50.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 95.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.0 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg



0 dB = 17.3 W/kg = 12.38 dBW/kg

