

FCC OET BULLETIN 65 SUPPLEMENT C IC RSS-102 ISSUE 2

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

FOR

802.11N 2X2 PCIE MINICARD (INSTALLED IN DELL LAPTOP, MODEL NUMBER: PP24L)

> MODEL: AR5BHB92 FCC ID: PPD-AR5BHB92-D IC ID: 4104A-ARBHB92D

REPORT NUMBER: 08U11860-3B

ISSUE DATE: JULY 29, 2008

Prepared for

ATHEROS COMMUNICATIONS, INC. 5480 GREAT AMERICA PARKWAY SANTA CLARA, CA 95054 Prepared by

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NVLAP LAB CODE 200065-0

Revision History

Rev.	Issued date	Revisions	Revised By
	June 19, 2008	Initial issue	Sunny Shih
A	June 30, 2008	Revised host device description	Sunny Shih
В	July 29, 2008	Revised report based on TCB reviewer's comments.	Sunny Shih
		 Updated system check result with correct conversion factor 	
		 Re-evaluated SAR results with correct frequency at 5755 MHz. 	
		3. Corrected some typos on page 4	

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1 ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

COMPANY NAME:	ATHEROS COMMUNICATIONS, INC.
	5480 GREAT AMERICA PARKWAY
	SANTA CLARA, CA 95054
EUT DESCRIPTION:	802.11N 2X2 PCIE MINICARD INSTALLED IN DELL LAPTOP, MODEL NUMBER: PP24L
MODEL:	AR5BHB92
DEVICE CATEGORY:	Portable
EXPOSURE CATEGORY:	General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure
DATE TESTED:	June 13 th and 16 th , 2008
THE HIGHEST SAR	Os e Table balanc
VALUES:	See Table below

VALUEU.			
FCC / IC Rule Parts	Frequency Range [MHz]	The Highest SAR Values (1g_mW/g)	Limit (mW/g)
15.247/RSS-102	2400 – 2483.5 5725 – 5850	0.201 0.557	1.6
15.407/RSS-102	5150 – 5250 5250 – 5350 5470 – 5725	0.154 0.523 0.776	1.6

APPLICABLE STANDARDS						
STANDARD	TEST RESULTS					
FCC OET BULLETIN 65 SUPPLEMENT C	Pass					
RSS-102 ISSUE 2	Pass					

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. (CCS) tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by CCS based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by CCS and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by CCS will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

Approved & Released For CCS By:

Seenay Shih

SUNNY SHIH EMC SUPERVISOR COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

Tested By:

Jonathan King

JONATHAN KING EMC ENGINEER COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

2 TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C and IC RSS 102 Issue 2: NOVERMBER 2005.

3 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA.

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <u>http://www.ccsemc.com</u>.

4 CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

4.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz – 3000 MHz

Uncertainty component	Tol. (±%)	Probe	Div.	C : (4 m)	Ci (10g)	Std. Unc.(±%)		
Uncertainty component	101. (±%)	Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	CI (TUG)	Ui (1g)	Ui(10g)	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	4.80	Ν	1	1	1	4.80	4.80	
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	1.92	1.92	
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	3.92	3.92	
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58	
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.71	2.71	
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58	
Readout Electronics	1.00	N	1	1	1	1.00	1.00	
Response Time	0.80	R	1.732	1	1	0.46	0.46	
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.50	1.50	
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	1.59	R	1.732	1	1	0.92	0.92	
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	0.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.00	0.00	
Probe Positioner Mechnical Tolerance	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.23	0.23	
Probe Positioning With Respect to Phantom Shell	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.67	1.67	
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for								
max. SAR evaluation	3.90	R	1.732	1	1	2.25	2.25	
Test sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	1.10	N	1	1	1	1.10	1.10	
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60	N	1	1	1	3.60	3.60	
Power and SAR Drift Measurement	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.89	2.89	
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.31	2.31	
Liquid Conductivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	
Liquid Conductivity - Meas.	8.60	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	5.50	3.70	
Liquid Permittivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41	
Liquid Permittivity - Meas.	3.30	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.98	1.62	
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			11.44	10.49	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)			K=2			22.87	20.98	
Notesfor table								
1. Tol tolerance in influence quaitity								
2. N - Nomal								

2. N - Nomal

4. Div. - Divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty

5. Ci - is te sensitivity coefficient

R - Rectangular

Measurement uncertainty for 3 GHz - 6 GHz

Uncertainty component	Tol. (±%)	Probe	Div.	Ci(1c)	Ci (10g)	Std. Ur	nc.(±%)
Uncertainty component	10I. (±%)	Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	CI (10g)	Ui (1g)	Ui(10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	4.80	Ν	1	1	1	4.80	4.80
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	1.92	1.92
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.732	0.707	0.707	3.92	3.92
Boundary Effects	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Linearity	4.70	R	1.732	1	1	2.71	2.71
System Detection Limits	1.00	R	1.732	1	1	0.58	0.58
Readout Electronics	1.00	Ν	1	1	1	1.00	1.00
Response Time	0.80	R	1.732	1	1	0.46	0.46
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.732	1	1	1.50	1.50
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.73	1.73
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.00	R	1.732	1	1	1.73	1.73
Probe Positioner Mechnical Tolerance	0.40	R	1.732	1	1	0.23	0.23
Probe Positioning With Respect to Phantom Shell	2.90	R	1.732	1	1	1.67	1.67
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for							
max. SAR evaluation	3.90	R	1.732	1	1	2.25	2.25
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	1.10	Ν	1	1	1	1.10	1.10
Device Holder Uncertainty	3.60	Ν	1	1	1	3.60	3.60
Power and SAR Drift Measurement	5.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.89	2.89
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	R	1.732	1	1	2.31	2.31
Liquid Conductivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24
Liquid Conductivity - Meas.	8.60	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	5.50	3.70
Liquid Permittivity - Target	5.00	R	1.732	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41
Liquid Permittivity - Meas.	3.30	Ν	1	0.6	0.49	1.98	1.62
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			11.66	10.73
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)			K=2			23.32	21.46
Notesfor table							
1. Tol tolerance in influence quaitity							
2. N - Nomal							

3. R - Rectangular

4. Div. - Divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty

5. Ci - is te sensitivity coefficient

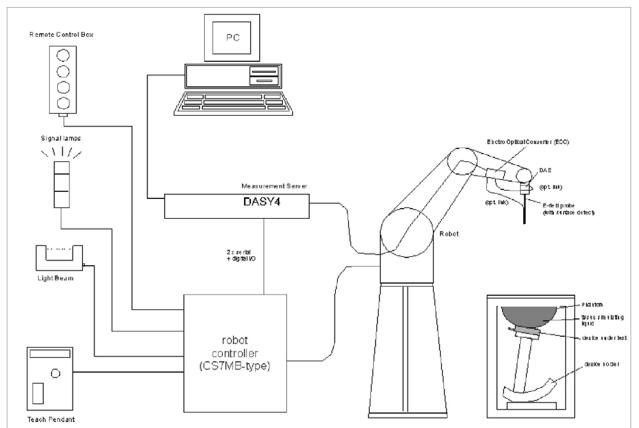
6 DEVICE UNDER TEST (DUT) DESCRIPTION

802.11N 2X2 PCIE MINICARD INSTALLED IN DELL LAPTOP, MODEL NUMBER: PP24L						
Normal operation: Lap-held only						
Duty cycle:	802.11abg/Draft 802.11n mode: 100%					
Host Device	DELL LAPTOP, MODEL NUMBER: PP24L					
Antenna(s)	See table below					
Power supply:	Power supplied through laptop computer (host device)					

AVAILABLE ANTENNAS

Antenna tested	Manufacture	Model
	Advance-Connectek, Inc (ACON)	APP8P-700049
	Тусо	C-2023816-1

7 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
- DASY4 software.
- Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

7.1 COMPOSITION OF INGREDIENTS FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients		Frequency (MHz)								
(% by weight)	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

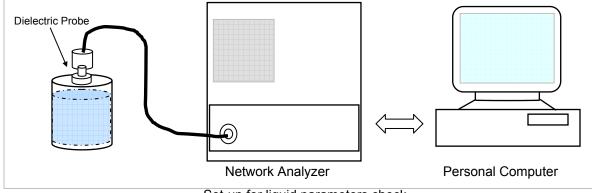
Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ+ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

8 Simulating Liquid Parameters Check

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within \pm 5% of the values given in the table below.



Set-up for liquid parameters check

Reference Values of Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantom (for 150 – 3000 MHz and 5800 MHz)

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in IEEE Standard 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE Standard 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	He	ad	Bo	dy
raiget requency (Miriz)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	ε _r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)

8.1 SIMULATING LIQUID PARAMETER CHECK RESULT

Simulating Liquid Dielectric Parameter Check Result @ Muscle 2450 MHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 24°C; Relative humidity = 30%

Simulating Liquid					Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)		
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)			Falameters	Ineasureu		Deviation (78)	Linni (70)		
2450	23	15	e'	50.6764	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	50.6764	52.7	-3.84	± 5		
2400	2450 25 15		e"	14.8127	Conductivity (o):	2.01892	1.95	3.53	± 5		
Liquid Ch	neck										
	Ambient temperature: 22 deg. C; Liquid temperature: 21 deg. C										
June 11,											
Frequence		e'			e"						
2400000				702	14.5879						
2405000		50	.93	369	14.6086						
2410000		50	.89	931	14.6385						
2415000	000.	50	.87	757	14.6626						
2420000	000.	50	.84	144	14.6779						
2425000	000.	50	.82	269	14.7134						
2430000	000.	50	.80)77	14.7290						
2435000	000.	50	.78	323	14.7452						
2440000	000.	50	.74	181	14.7539						
2445000	000.	50	.71	176	14.7803						
2450000	000.	50	.67	764	14.8127						
2455000	000.	50	.64	190	14.8321						
2460000	000.	50	.63	343	14.8435						
2465000	000.	50	.59	950	14.8706						
2470000	000.	50	.56	.5648 14.886							
2475000	000.	50	.54	127	14.9152						
2480000	000.	50	.52	275	14.9280						
2485000	000.	50	.50)33	14.9631						
2490000				658	14.9781						
2495000				108	14.9999						
2500000				297	15.0268						
The cond	luctivity (σ) can be	giv	en as:							
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta}$	e"=2πj	fε₀e"									
where f	0 0										
EO	= 8.854 *	* 10 ⁻¹²									

Simulating Liquid Parameter Check Result @ Muscle 5GHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 25°C; Relative humidity = 35%

Sir	nulating Lic	quid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz) ⊺	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)			T didificities	Measurea		Deviation (70)	Linin (70)
5200	24	15	e'	47.4869	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	47.4869	49.0	-3.09	± 10
			e"	18.9334	Conductivity (o):	5.47710	5.30	3.34	± 5
Liquid Che	eck								
Ambient te	emperat	ure: 25 de	g. (C; Liquid	temperature: 24 deg.	С			
June 13, 2	2008 08:	42 AM							
Frequency		e'			e"				
46000000	00.	48	.72	85	18.0163				
46500000	00.	48	.61	83	18.1014				
47000000		48	.54	35	18.1873				
47500000				24	18.2656				
48000000				570	18.3511				
48500000				29	18.4118				
49000000				38	18.5257				
49500000				293	18.5873				
50000000				82	18.6651				
50500000				24	18.7173				
51000000				324	18.7895				
51500000				83	18.8789				
52000000				69	18.9334				
52500000			.37		19.0012				
53000000				'08 '20	19.0687				
53500000 54000000				39 '03	19.1298 19.1808				
54500000 54500000				652	19.1608				
55000000 55000000				37	19.2039				
55500000 55500000				288	19.3651				
56000000				23	19.5051				
56500000			.56		19.4753				
57000000				376	19.5530				
57500000				345	19.5858				
58000000				63	19.6728				
58500000				89	19.7250				
59000000				76	19.7843				
59500000			.95		19.8189				
60000000				18	19.9171				
		ס) can be							
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta}$ e									
where f =									
E 0 3	= 8.854 *	· 10 ⁻¹²							

Simulating Liquid Parameter Check Result @ Muscle 5GHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 24°C; Relative humidity = 35%

S	Simulating Lic	quid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Depth (cm)				modourou		201144011 (70)	(///
5500	23	15	e'	45.2904	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	45.2904	48.6	-6.81	± 10
			e"	19.0016	Conductivity (o):	5.81396	5.65	2.90	± 5
Liquid Ch	neck								
Ambient	temperat	ure: 24 de	g. (C; Liquid	temperature: 23 deg.	С			
June 16,	2008 09:	10 AM							
Frequence	•	e'			e"				
4600000	000.	47	.08	349	17.7950				
4650000				995	17.8515				
4700000				109	17.9508				
4750000				164	17.9998				
4800000				134	18.0883				
4850000)54	18.1530				
4900000				254	18.2497				
4950000				189	18.3007				
5000000				152	18.3877				
5050000				271	18.4466				
5100000)95	18.5090				
5150000				176	18.6050				
5200000				106	18.6269				
5250000				398	18.7170				
5300000)78	18.7683				
5350000				941	18.8201				
5400000				103	18.8740				
5450000				300	18.9260				
5500000				904	19.0016				
5550000				935	19.0250				
5600000				920	19.0852				
5650000				374	19.1610				
5700000				005	19.2215				
5750000				726	19.2547				
5800000				355	19.3133				
5850000				929	19.3616				
5900000				250	19.4282				
5950000 600000				983	19.4633				
6000000	000.	44	.29	986	19.5301				
The cond	ductivity (ס) can be (giv	en as:					
	e"=2πj								
	f = target f								
<u> </u>	= 8.854 *	10.2							

Simulating Liquid Parameter Check Result @ Muscle 5GHz

Room Ambient Temperature = 24°C; Relative humidity = 35%

Simu	lating Lic	quid			Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
f (MHz) Ter	mp. (°C)	Depth (cm)			T arameters	Measurea		Deviation (70)	Linit (70)
5800	23	15	e'	44.6855	Relative Permittivity (ε_r):	44.6855	48.2	-7.29	± 10
			e"	19.3133	Conductivity (σ):	6.23166	6.00	3.86	± 5
Liquid Chec	:k								
Ambient ten	nperat	ure: 24 de	g. (C; Liquid	temperature: 23 deg.	C			
June 16, 20	08 09:	10 AM	-	-					
Frequency		e'			e"				
460000000	Э.	47	30.	349	17.7950				
4650000000	Э.	46	.99	95	17.8515				
470000000	Э.	46	.91	09	17.9508				
475000000	Э.	46	.81	64	17.9998				
480000000	Э.	46	.71	34	18.0883				
4850000000	Э.	46	6.60	54	18.1530				
490000000	Э.	46	52	254	18.2497				
495000000	Э.	46	.34	89	18.3007				
5000000000	Э.	46	.31	52	18.3877				
505000000	Э.	46	.22	271	18.4466				
5100000000	Э.	46	5.10	95	18.5090				
5150000000	Э.	46	.01	76	18.6050				
5200000000	Э.	45	.91	06	18.6269				
5250000000	Э.	45	5.78	98	18.7170				
5300000000	Э.	45	5.70	78	18.7683				
5350000000	Э.	45	5.59	941	18.8201				
540000000	Э.	45	5.51	03	18.8740				
545000000	Э.	45	.38	800	18.9260				
5500000000	Э.	45	.29	04	19.0016				
5550000000	Э.	45	5.19	35	19.0250				
5600000000	Э.	45	0.09	20	19.0852				
565000000	Э.	44	.98	374	19.1610				
5700000000	Э.	44	.90	05	19.2215				
5750000000	Э.	44	.77	'26	19.2547				
580000000	0.	44	.68	55	19.3133				
5850000000	Э.	44	.59	29	19.3616				
5900000000		44	.52	250	19.4282				
595000000	Э.	44	.39	83	19.4633				
600000000	Э.	44	.29	86	19.5301				
The conduc	tivity (o	ס) can be	giv	en as:					
$\sigma = \omega \varepsilon_{\theta} e'' =$	=2πj	fε₀ e ″							
where $f = i$									
$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{E}}_{\boldsymbol{\theta}} = \boldsymbol{\partial}$	8.854 *	· 10 ⁻¹²							

9 System Performance Check

The system performance check is performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with Body simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The DASY4 system with an Isotropic E-Field Probe EX3DV3-SN: 3531 was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole. For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7 x 7 x 7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration(dx=dy=5mm; dz=5mm). For 5 GHz band - Special 7 x 7 x 7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration (dx=dy=4.3mm; dz=3mm)
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 4 mm.
 For 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.0mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 250 mW±3%.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Reference SAR Values for body-tissue

In the table below, the numerical reference SAR values of a SPEAG validation dipoles placed below the flat phantom filled with body-tissue simulating liquid are given. The reference SAR values were calculated using the finite-difference time-domain method and the geometry parameters.

Dipole Type	Distance (mm)	Frequency (MHz)	SAR (1g) [W/kg]	SAR (10g) [W/kg]	SAR (peak) [W/kg]
D450V2	15	450	5.01	3.36	7.22
D835V2	15	835	9.71	6.38	14.1
D900V2	15	900	11.1	7.17	16.3
D1450V2	10	1450	29.6	16.6	49.8
D1800V2	10	1800	38.5	20.3	67.5
D1900V2	10	1900	39.8	20.8	69.6
D2000V2	10	2000	40.9	21.2	71.5
D2450V2	10	2450	51.2	23.7	97.6

Note: All SAR values normalized to 1 W forward power.

9.1 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK RESULTS

System Validation Dipole: D2450V2 SN: 706

Date: June 11, 2008

Ambient Temperature = 24°C; Relative humidity = 30%

Measured by: Jonathan King

Bod	y Simulating	g Liquid	SAR (mW/g)		Normalize	Target	Deviation	Lim it
f(MHz)	Temp.(°C)	Depth (cm)			to 1 W		(%)	(%)
2450	23	15	1 g	12.50	50	51.2	-2.34	± 10
2450	23	10	10g	5.8	23.2	23.7	-2.11	± 10

System Validation Dipole: D5GHzV2 SN 1003

Date: June 13, 2008

Ambient Temperature = 25°C; Relative humidity = 35%

Measured by: Jonathan King

Bod	y Simulating	g Liquid	SAR (mW/g)		Normalize	Target	Deviation (%)	L im it
f(MHz)	Temp.(°C)	Depth (cm)			to 1 W			(%)
5200	24	15	1 g	19.40	77.6	71.8	8.08	± 10
5200	24	15	10g	5.49	21.96	20.1	9.25	± 10

System Validation Dipole: D5GHzV2 SN 1003

Date: June 16, 2008

Ambient Temperature = 24°C; Relative humidity = 35%

Measured by: Jonathan King

Bod	y Simulating	g Liquid	SAR (mW/g)		Normalize	Target	Deviation	L im it
f(MHz)	Temp.(°C)	Depth (cm)			a to 1 W	Taryet	(%)	(%)
5500	23	15	1 g	20.20	80.8	79.1	2.15	± 10
5500	25	15	10g	5.75	23	22.0	4.55	± 10

System Validation Dipole: D5GHzV2 SN 1003

Date: June 16, 2008

Ambient Temperature = 24°C; Relative humidity = 35%

Bod	y Sim ulating	g Liquid	SAR (mW/g)		Normalize	Target	Deviation	L im it
f(MHz)	Temp.(°C)	Depth (cm)			to 1 W	(%)	(%)	
5800	23	15	1 g	19.60	78.4	74.1	5.80	± 10
5600	25	15	10g	5.62	22.48	20.5	9.66	± 10

10 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE

A summary of the procedure follows:

- a) A measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location is used as a reference value for assessing the power drop of the DUT. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test, and then again at the end of the test.
- b) The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 3 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the DUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 15 mm x 15 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the DUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

For 5 GHz band - The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 2.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the DUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the DUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

c) Around this point, a volume of X=Y= 30 and Z=21 mm is assessed by measuring 7 x 7 x 9 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

For 5 GHz band - Around this point, a volume of X=Y=24 and Z=20 mm is assessed by measuring 7 x 7 x 9 mm points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:

- (i) The data at the surface are extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order is calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- (ii) The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g and 10 g) are computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"- condition (in x, y and z-direction). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) are interpolated to calculate the averages.
- (iii) All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.
- (iv) The SAR value at the same location as in Step (a) is again measured to evaluate the actual power drift.

10.1 DASY4 SAR MEASURMENT PROCEDURE

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties (for example, 1.2 mm for an EX3DV3 probe type).

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY4 software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures 7 x 7 x 9 points within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

For 5 GHz band – Same as above except the Zoom Scan measures 7 x 7 x 9 points.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a onedimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

11 PROCEDURE USED TO ESTABLISH TEST SIGNAL

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

The client provided a special driver and program, art, which enables a user to control the frequency and output power of the module.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 20.3dB was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

802.11b			
Channel	Frequency	Average	Average
	(MHz)	Power	Power
		Chain 0	Chain 2
		(dBm)	(dBm)
Low	2412	17.73	17.62
Middle	2437	16.81	17.05
High	2462	17.91	17.88

802.11g

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Average Power Chain 2 (dBm)
Low	2412	16.27	15.23
Middle	2437	21.29	21.35
High	2462	15.83	15.91

802.11n HT20

Channel	Frequency	Average	Average
	(MHz)	Power	Power
		Chain 0	Chain 2
		(dBm)	(dBm)
Low	2412	15.99	15.47
Middle	2437	21.96	22.01
High	2462	14.09	14.11

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Average Power Chain 2 (dBm)
Low	2422	12.49	12.23
Middle	2437	21.23	21.22
High	2452	12.76	12.80

The cable assembly insertion loss of 10.3 dB (including attenuator and connectors) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

5.2 GHz Band

802.11a			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Average Power Chain 2 (dBm)
Low	5180	12.54	12.32
Middle	5220	12.16	12.13
High	5240	12.47	12.58

802.11n HT20

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Average Power Chain 2 (dBm)
Low	5180	13.71	13.24
Middle	5220	13.40	13.31
High	5240	13.60	13.67

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Average Power Chain 2 (dBm)
Low	5190	12.81	12.52
High	5230	13.61	13.77

5.3 GHz Band

802.11a			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Average Power Chain 2 (dBm)
Low	5260	18.07	17.71
Middle	5300	18.14	17.69
High	5320	16.63	16.85

802.11n HT20

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Average Power Chain 2 (dBm)
Low	5260	19.99	20.01
Middle	5300	19.53	19.72
High	5320	16.01	15.59

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Average Power Chain 2 (dBm)
Low	5270	20.13	20.41
High	5310	13.52	13.85

5.5 GHz Band

802.11a

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Average Power Chain 2 (dBm)
Low	5500	17.60	17.37
Middle	5600	17.74	17.79
High	5700	17.93	17.67

802.11n HT20

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Average Power Chain 2 (dBm)
Low	5500	17.61	17.41
Middle	5600	19.63	19.83
High	5700	17.96	17.72

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Average Power Chain 2 (dBm)
Low	5510	14.92	15.36
Middle	5590	20.01	20.22
High	5670	18.21	18.24

5.8 GHz Band

802.11a

Channel	Frequency	Average	Average
	(MHz)	Power	Power
		Chain 0	Chain 2
		(dBm)	(dBm)
Low	5745	19.58	19.71
Middle	5785	19.20	19.57
High	5825	19.03	19.21

802.11n HT20

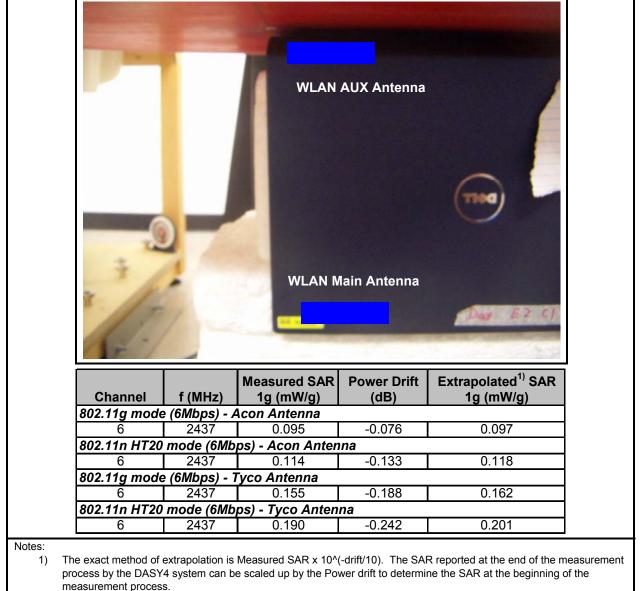
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Average Power Chain 2 (dBm)
Low	5745	19.73	19.72
Middle	5785	19.35	19.54
High	5825	18.99	19.39

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power Chain 0 (dBm)	Average Power Chain 2 (dBm)
Low	5755	19.93	20.11
High	5795	19.48	20.03

12 SAR MEASURMENT RESULTS

12.1 2.4 GHZ BANDS

Note: The channels with the highest output power were chosen for the testing below.



The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.

3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

12.2 5 GHZ BANDS

Note: Main antenna was not tested due to the large distance between the antenna and the phantom.

			I AUX Antenna	(TRO)
15 - 1	-			
Channel	f (MHz)	Measured SAR		Extrapolated ¹⁾ SAR
	. ,	1g (mW/g)	(dB)	1g (mW/g)
	11n HT40 n	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps)	(dB) - Acon Antenr	1g (mW/g) na
5.2 GHz - 802 46	.11n HT40 n 5230	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps) 0.135	(dB) - Acon Antenr -0.567	1g (mW/g) na 0.154
5.2 GHz - 802 46	.11n HT40 n 5230	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps)	(dB) - Acon Antenr -0.567	1g (mW/g) na 0.154
5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.2 GHz - 802 46	.11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5230	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps) 0.135 node (13.5 Mbps)	(dB) - Acon Antenr -0.567 - Tyco Antenn 0.000	1g (mW/g) na 0.154 na 0.097
5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.3 GHz - 802 54	.11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5270	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps) 0.135 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.097 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.463	(dB) - Acon Antenr -0.567 - Tyco Antenn 0.000 - Acon Antenr -0.530	1g (mW/g) na 0.154 na 0.097 na 0.523
5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.3 GHz - 802	.11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps) 0.135 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.097 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.463 node (13.5 Mbps)	(dB) - Acon Antenr -0.567 - Tyco Antenr 0.000 - Acon Antenr -0.530 - Tyco Antenr	1g (mW/g) na 0.154 na 0.097 na 0.523 na
5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.3 GHz - 802 54	.11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5270	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps) 0.135 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.097 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.463 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.371	(dB) - Acon Antenn -0.567 - Tyco Antenn 0.000 - Acon Antenn -0.530 - Tyco Antenn -0.392	1g (mW/g) na 0.154 na 0.097 na 0.523 na 0.406
5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.5 GHz - 802	.11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps) 0.135 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.097 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.463 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.371 node (13.5 Mbps)	(dB) - Acon Antenn -0.567 - Tyco Antenn 0.000 - Acon Antenn -0.530 - Tyco Antenn -0.392 - Acon Antenn	1g (mW/g) na 0.154 na 0.097 na 0.523 na 0.406 na
5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.5 GHz - 802 118	.11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5270	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps) 0.135 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.097 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.463 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.371 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.512	(dB) - Acon Antenr -0.567 - Tyco Antenn 0.000 - Acon Antenr -0.530 - Tyco Antenn -0.392 - Acon Antenr -0.069	1g (mW/g) na 0.154 a a 0.097 na 0.523 a a 0.406 na 0.520
5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.5 GHz - 802 118 5.5 GHz - 802	.11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5590 .11n HT40 n	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps) 0.135 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.097 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.463 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.371 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.512 node (13.5 Mbps)	(dB) - Acon Antenn -0.567 - Tyco Antenn 0.000 - Acon Antenn -0.530 - Tyco Antenn -0.392 - Acon Antenn -0.069 - Tyco Antenn	1g (mW/g) na 0.154 a 0.097 na 0.523 a a 0.406 na 0.520 a
5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.5 GHz - 802 118 5.5 GHz - 802 118	.11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5590 .11n HT40 n 5590	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps) 0.135 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.097 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.463 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.371 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.512 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.512 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.512 node (13.5 Mbps)	(dB) - Acon Antenn -0.567 - Tyco Antenn 0.000 - Acon Antenn -0.530 - Tyco Antenn -0.392 - Acon Antenn -0.069 - Tyco Antenn -0.137	1g (mW/g) na 0.154 a 0.097 na 0.523 a 0.406 na 0.520 na 0.520 na 0.520 na
5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.5 GHz - 802 118 5.5 GHz - 802 118 5.8 GHz - 802	.11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5590 .11n HT40 n 5590 .11n HT40 n	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps) 0.135 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.097 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.463 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.371 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.512 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.752 node (13.5 Mbps)	(dB) - Acon Antenr -0.567 - Tyco Antenn 0.000 - Acon Antenr -0.530 - Tyco Antenn -0.392 - Acon Antenr -0.069 - Tyco Antenn -0.137 - Acon Antenr	1g (mW/g) na 0.154 na 0.097 na 0.523 na 0.406 na 0.520 na 0.776 na
5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.5 GHz - 802 118 5.5 GHz - 802 118 5.8 GHz - 802 151	.11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5590 .11n HT40 n 5590 .11n HT40 n 5755	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps) 0.135 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.097 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.463 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.371 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.512 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.512 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.557	(dB) - Acon Antenr -0.567 - Tyco Antenn 0.000 - Acon Antenr -0.530 - Tyco Antenn -0.392 - Acon Antenr -0.069 - Tyco Antenn -0.137 - Acon Antenr 0.000	1g (mW/g) na 0.154 na 0.097 na 0.523 na 0.406 na 0.520 na 0.776 na 0.557
5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.2 GHz - 802 46 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.3 GHz - 802 54 5.5 GHz - 802 118 5.5 GHz - 802 118 5.8 GHz - 802 151	.11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5230 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5270 .11n HT40 n 5590 .11n HT40 n 5590 .11n HT40 n 5755	1g (mW/g) node (13.5 Mbps) 0.135 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.097 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.463 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.371 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.512 node (13.5 Mbps) 0.752 node (13.5 Mbps)	(dB) - Acon Antenr -0.567 - Tyco Antenn 0.000 - Acon Antenr -0.530 - Tyco Antenn -0.392 - Acon Antenr -0.069 - Tyco Antenn -0.137 - Acon Antenr 0.000	1g (mW/g) na 0.154 na 0.097 na 0.523 na 0.406 na 0.520 na 0.776 na 0.557

2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower (0.8 mW/g) than SAR limit (1.6 mW/g), thus testing at low & high channel is optional.

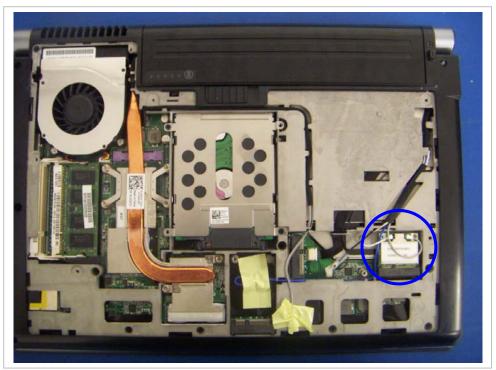
3) Please see attachments for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

13 ATTACHMENTS

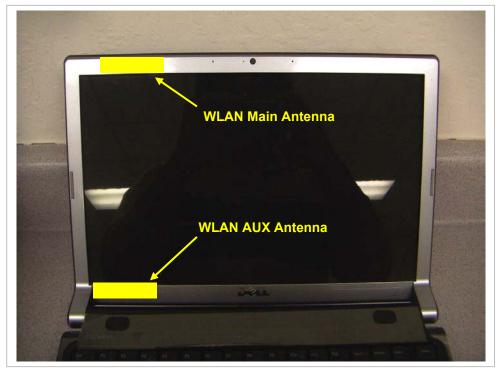
No.	Contents	No. Of Pages
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2	SAR Test Plots	13
3	Certificate of E-Field Probe - EX3DV3SN3531	10
4	Certificate of System Validation Dipole - D2450V2 SN:748	6
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14 PHOTOS

EUT Location



Antenna Location



END OF REPORT