

# FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART C CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT

## **FOR**

802.11a/b/g ACCESS POINT

**MODEL NUMBER: AR5BAP-00032** 

**BRAND NAME: ATHEROS** 

FCC ID: PPD-AR5BAP-00032

REPORT NUMBER: 03U2012-1

**ISSUE DATE: JULY 1, 2003** 

Prepared for
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## DATE: JULY 1, 2003 FCC ID: PPD-AR5BAP-00032

# 1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

**COMPANY NAME:** ATHEROS COMMUNICATIONS

529 ALMANOR AVE. SUNNYVALE, CA 94085

**EUT DESCRIPTION:** 802.11A/B/G ACCESS POINT

MODEL: AR5BAP-00032

**DATE TESTED:** JUNE 1 – JUNE 30, 2003

#### APPLICABLE STANDARDS

STANDARD TEST RESULTS

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

**Note**: This document reports conditions under which testing was conducted and results of tests performed. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document.

**Note:** The 2.4 and 5.8 GHz bands are applicable to this report; another band of operation (5.2 GHz) is documented in a separate report.

Approved & Released For CCS By: Tested By:

m#

MIKE HECKROTTE CHIEF ENGINEER COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES VIEN TRAN
EMC ENGINEER
COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

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## 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

The model AR5BAP-00032 Access Point contains two radios capable of simultaneous 802.11b/g (2.4 GHz) and 802.11a (5 GHz) operation.

The AR5BAP-00032 has an output power of 28.04 dBm (637 mW) and an antenna gain of 1.5 dBi in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band.

The AR5BAP-00032 has an output power of 28.55 dBm (716 mW) and an antenna gain of 4.0 dBi in the 5750 - 5825 MHz band.

## DATE: JULY 1, 2003 FCC ID: PPD-AR5BAP-00032

# 3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4/1992, FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

# 4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

## 4.1. FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

The open area test sites and conducted measurement facilities used to collect the radiated data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

# 4.2. TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	FCC	3/10 meter Open Area Test Sites to perform	
		FCC Part 15/18 measurements	1300
Japan	VCCI	CISPR 22 Two OATS and one conducted Site	VCCI
			R-1014, R-619, C-640
Norway	NEMKO	EN50081-1, EN50081-2, EN50082-1,	
		EN50082-2, IEC61000-6-1, IEC61000-6-2,	<b>W</b> FLA 117
		EN50083-2, EN50091-2, EN50130-4,	C ELA II/
		EN55011, EN55013, EN55014-1, EN55104, EN55015, EN61547, EN55022, EN55024,	
		EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3, EN60945,	
		EN61326-1	
Norway	NEMKO	EN60601-1-2 and IEC 60601-1-2, the	
		Collateral Standards for Electro-Medical	$ \langle N \rangle $
		Products. MDD, 93/42/EEC, AIMD	ELA-171
- ·	Бали	90/385/EEC	
Taiwan	BSMI	CNS 13438	(a)
			SL2-IN-E-1012
Canada	Industry	RSS210 Low Power Transmitter and Receiver	Canada
	Canada		IC2324 A,B,C, and F

# 5. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

## 5.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measurement instruments utilized to perform the tests documented in this report have been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and are traceable to national standards.

## 5.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Radiated Emission, 30 to 200 MHz	+/- 3.3 dB
Radiated Emission, 200 to 1000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Radiated Emission, 1000 to 2000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.9 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

# 5.3. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT LIST					
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due Date	
Quasi-Peak Adapter	HP	85650A	2521A01038	7/16/04	
SA Display Section	HP	85662A	2314A04793	7/16/04	
SA RF Section	HP	85680A	2314A02604	7/16/04	
Horn Antenna (1 - 18GHz)	EMCO	3115	6739	2/4/04	
Antenna, Biconical	Eaton	94455-1	1214	3/6/04	
Antenna, Log Periodic 200- 1000MHz	EMCO	3146	9107-3163	3/06/04	
Preamplifier	Miteq	NSP10023988	646456	4/26/04	
Spectrum Analyzer	HP	8564E	3943A01643	7/22/03	
High Pass Filter (4.57GHz)	FSY Microwave	FM-4570-9SS	003	N.C.R.	
High Pass Filter (7.6 GHz)	FSY Microwave	FM-7600-9SS	002	N.C.R.	
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US42070220	03/01/04	
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde &Schwarz	FSP	100112	06/28/03	
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40440755	08/09/03	

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# 6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

#### **SETUP INFORMATION FOR TRANSMITTER TESTS**

#### SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST				
Device Type Manufacturer Model Serial Number FCC				
Laptop	Toshiba	NA	J291200E8019	Doc
Power Adapter	Toshiba	PA3083U-1ACA	0536906G	Doc
5V DC power adapter	Switching Adapter	RHC-060200-1	0319	DOC

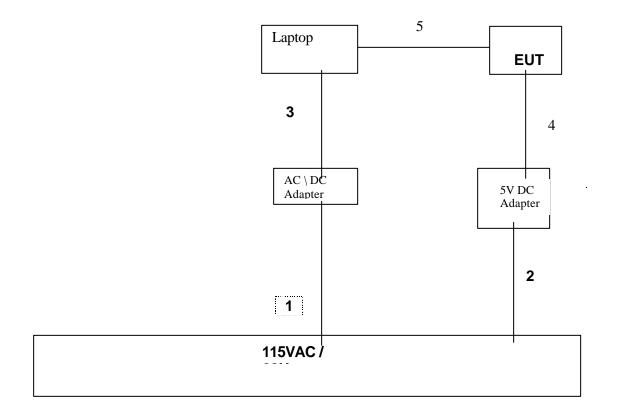
#### **I/O CABLES**

Cable	Port	# of	Connector	Cable	Cable	Remarks
No.		Identical	Type	Type	Length	
		Ports				
1	AC	2	US115V	Un-Shielded	2m	NA
2	AC	2	US115V	Un-Shielded	2m	NA
3	DC	2	DC	Un-Shielded	2m	Integral with adapter
4	DC	2	DC	Un-Shielded	2m	Integral with adapter
5	RJ45	1	RJ45	Un-Shielded	2m	NA

#### **TEST SETUP**

The EUT was controlled by the laptop via Ethernet cable.

#### **SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TRANSMITTER TESTS**



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## SETUP INFORMATION FOR DIGITAL DEVICE TESTS

#### **SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

	PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST					
Device Type	Device Type Manufacturer Model Serial Number					
Laptop	Toshiba	NA	J291200E8019	Doc		
Power Adapter	Toshiba	PA3083U-1ACA	0536906G	Doc		
MOUSE	HP	M-S34	LZB75062022	DZL211029		
PRINTER	HP	2225C	2541S41679	BS46XU2225C		
5V DC power adapter	Switching Adapter	RHC-060200-1	0319	DOC		

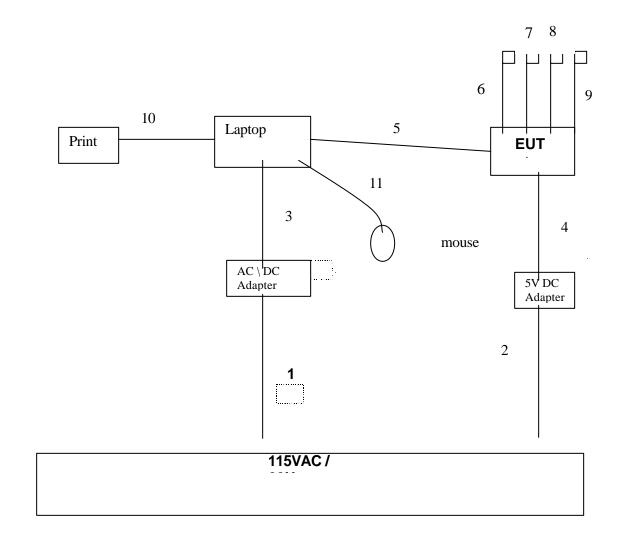
#### **I/O CABLES**

Cable	Port	# of	Connector	Cable	Cable	Remarks
No.		Identical	Type	Type	Length	
		Ports				
1	AC	2	US115V	Un-Shielded	2m	NA
2	AC	2	US115V	Un-Shielded	2m	NA
3	DC	2	DC	Un-Shielded	2m	Integral with adapter
4	DC	2	DC	Un-Shielded	2m	Integral with adapter
5	RJ45	1	RJ45	Un-Shielded	2m	NA
6	RJ45	1	RJ45	Un-Shielded	2m	NA
7	RJ45	1	RJ45	Un-Shielded	2m	NA
8	RJ45	1	RJ45	Un-Shielded	2m	NA
9	RJ45	1	RJ45	Un-Shielded	2m	NA
10	Parallel	1	DB25	Un-Shielded	2m	NA
11	Mouse	1	Mini	Shielded	1m	Integral with mouse

#### **TEST SETUP**

The EUT was controlled by the laptop via Ethernet cable.

## SETUP DIAGRAM FOR DIGITAL DEVICE TESTS



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# 7. APPLICABLE RULES AND TEST RESULTS

## 7.1. 6 dB BANDWIDTH

## **LIMIT**

§15.247 (a) (2) For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 100 kHz and the VBW is set to 100 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

#### 2.4 GHz BAND RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

#### 802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2412	12160	500	11660
Middle	2437	12000	500	11500
High	2462	12000	500	11500

## 802.11g Normal Mode

Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2412	16480	500	15980
Middle	2437	16280	500	15780
High	2462	16240	500	15740

# 802.11g Turbo Mode

002.116 16.100 1.1060					
Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin	
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	
Middle	2437	32600	500	32100	

#### **5.8 GHz BAND RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

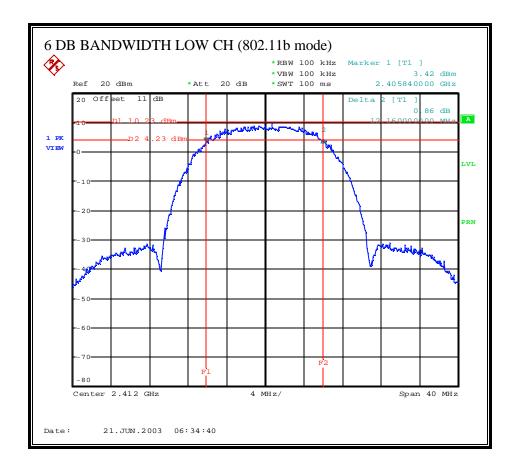
## 802.11a Normal Mode

Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	5745	16560	500	16060
Middle	5785	16480	500	15980
High	5825	16480	500	15980

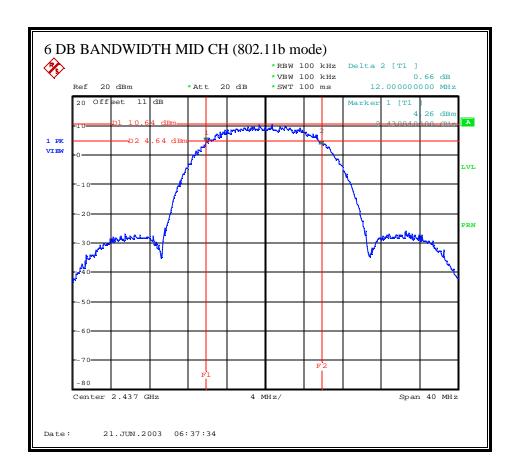
## 802.11a Turbo Mode

Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	5760	32600	500	32100
High	5805	32600	500	32100

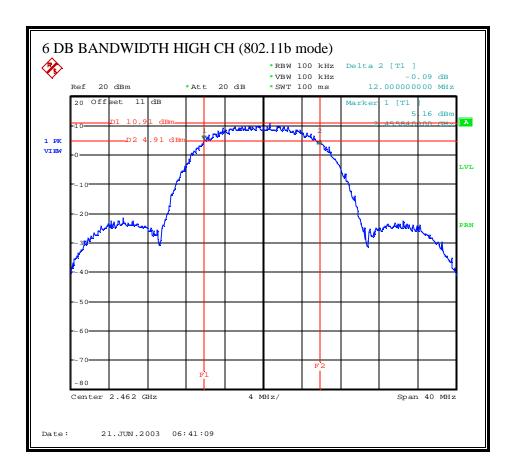
## 6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11b MODE)



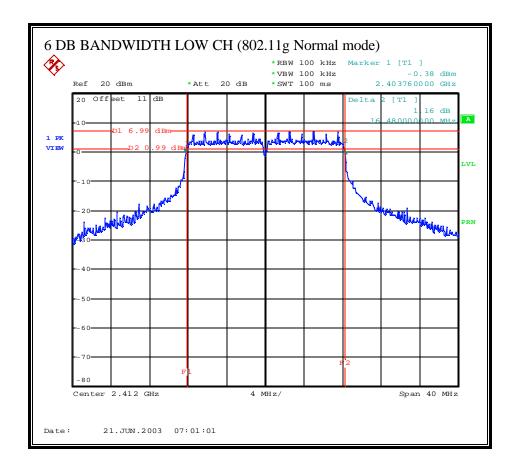
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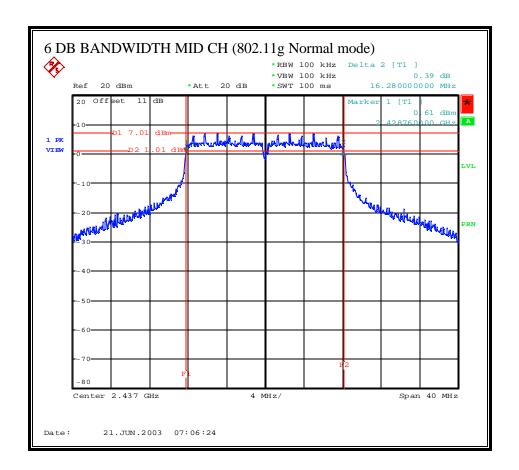
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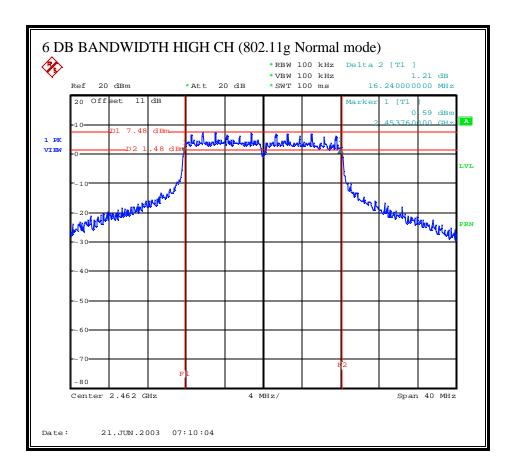


## 6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11g NORMAL MODE)

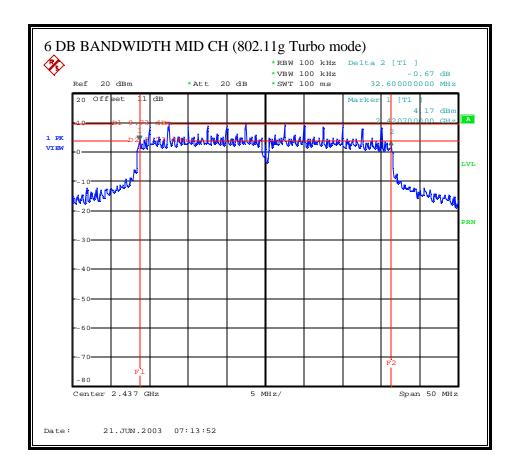


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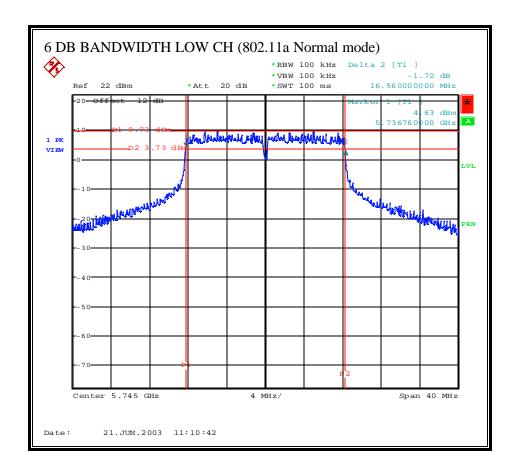


## 6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11g TURBO MODE)



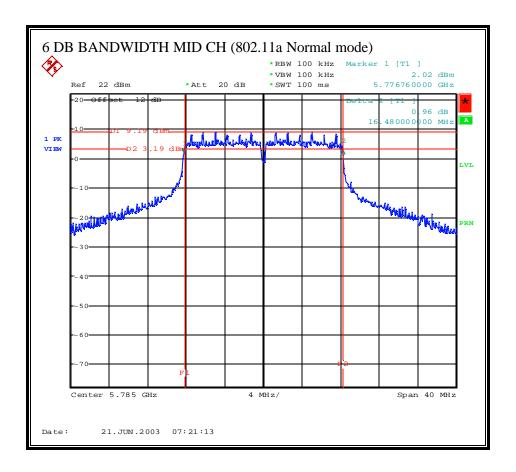
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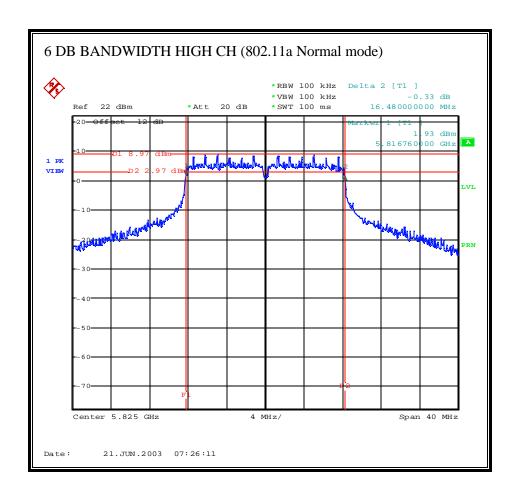
## 6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11a MODE)



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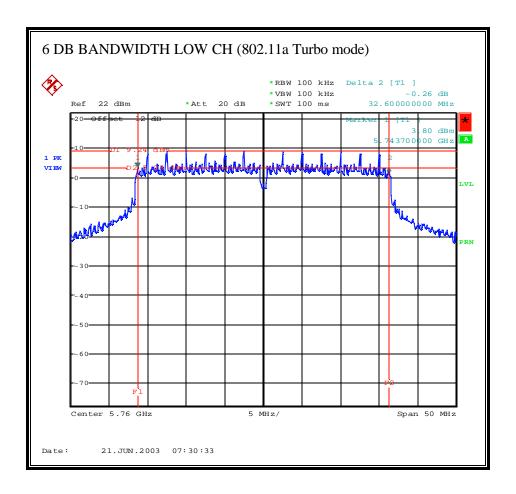
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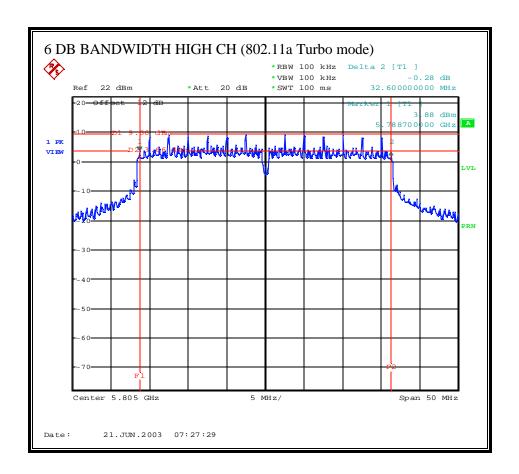




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## 6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11a TURBO MODE)





# 7.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

#### LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 99 % bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal 99% bandwidth function is utilized.

#### **2.4 GHz BAND RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	2412	15.5
Middle	2437	15.4
High	2462	15.4

# 802.11g Normal Mode

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	2412	17.05
Middle	2437	17.05
High	2462	17.05

## 802.11g Turbo Mode

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Middle	2437	35.8

#### **5.8 GHz BAND RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

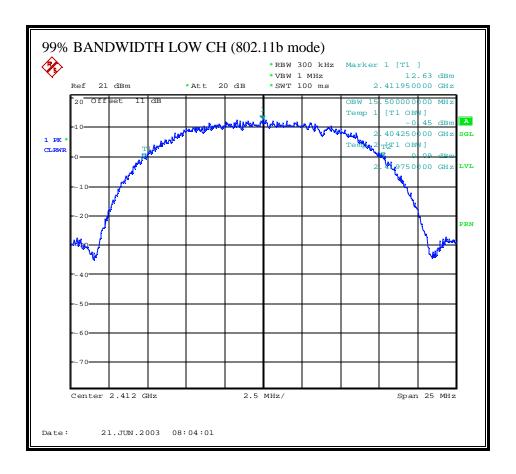
#### 802.11a Normal Mode

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	5745	17.1
Middle	5785	17.3
High	5825	17.35

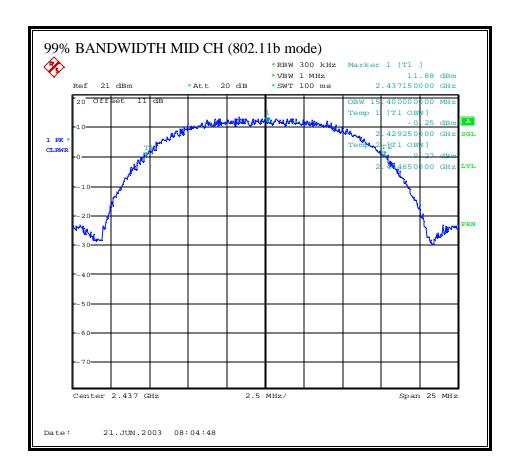
#### 802.11a Turbo Mode

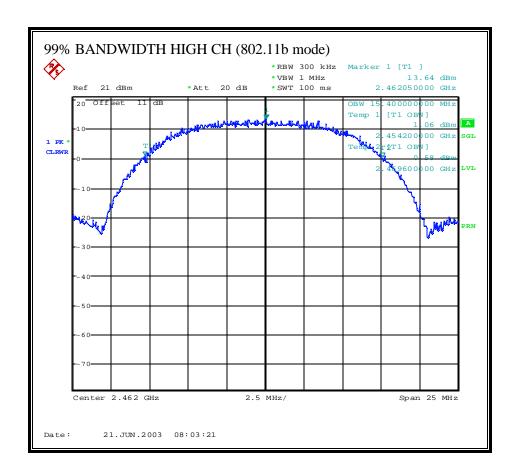
Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	5760	36.1
High	5805	36.4

## 99% BANDWIDTH (802.11b MODE)



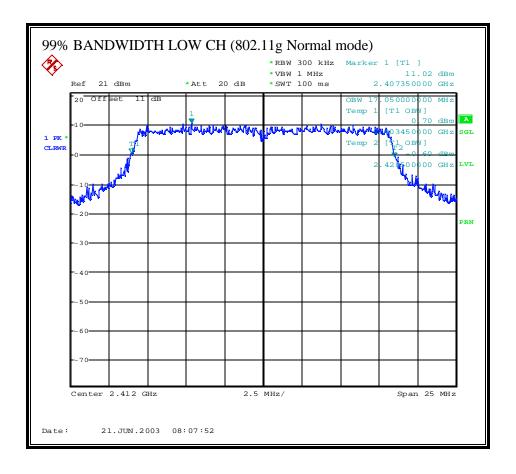
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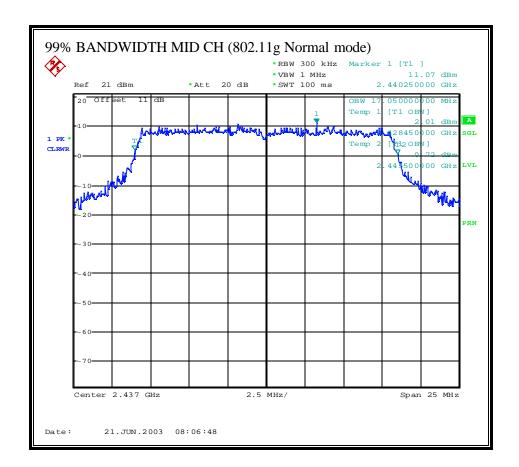




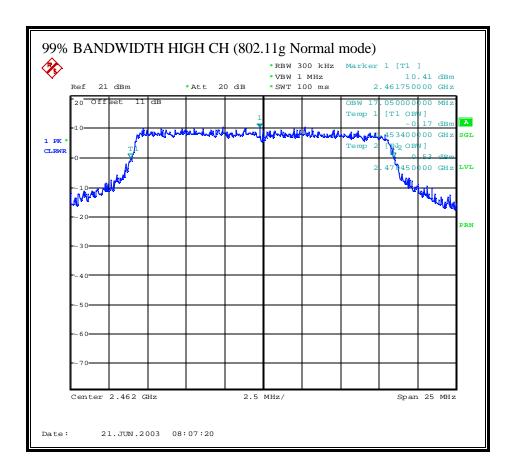
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## 99% BANDWIDTH (802.11g NORMAL MODE)

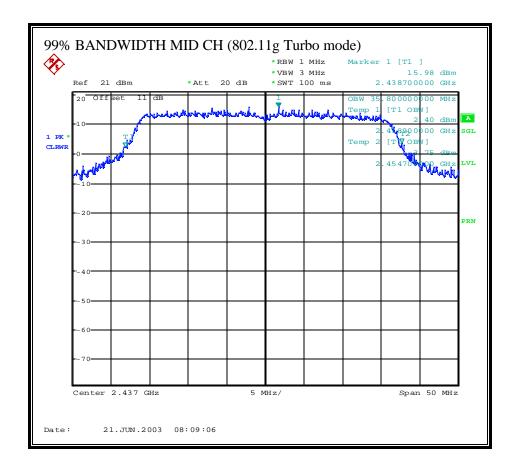


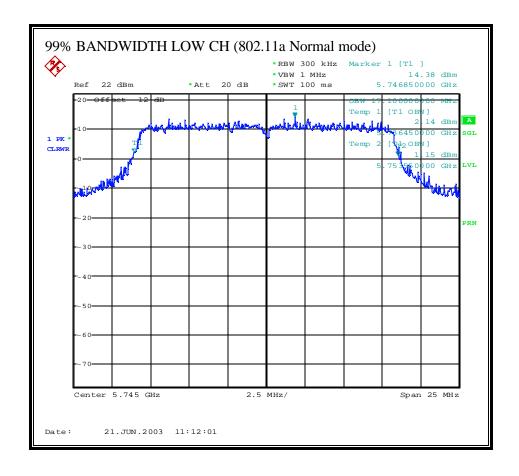


revision section of the document.

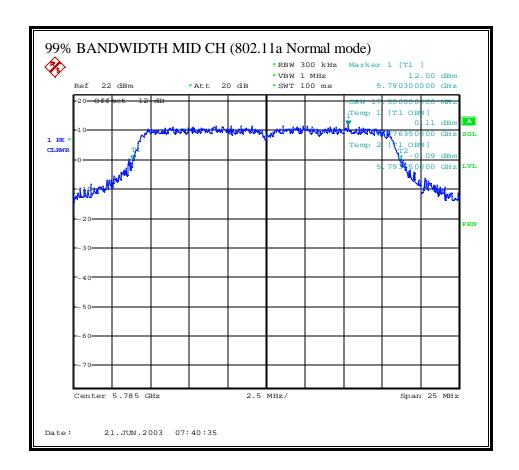


# 99% BANDWIDTH (802.11g TURBO MODE)

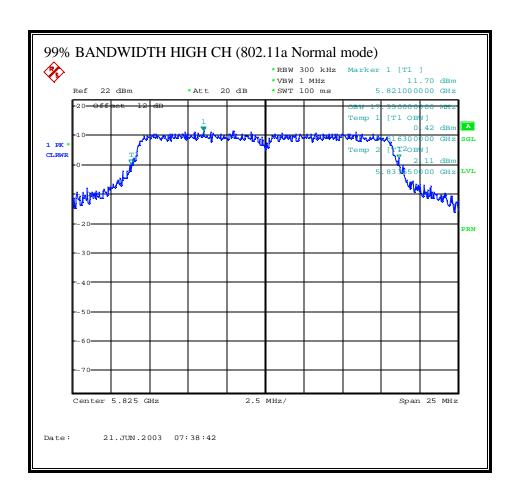




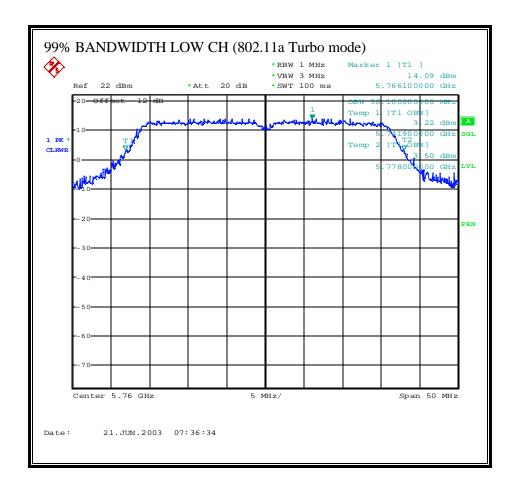
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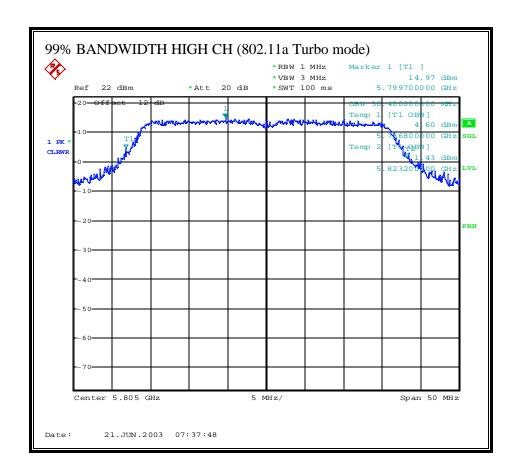
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# 99% BANDWIDTH (802.11a TURBO MODE)



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# 7.3. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

#### **PEAK POWER LIMIT**

§15.247 (b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

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\$15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz , and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

§15.247 (b) (4) Except as shown in paragraphs (b)(3) (i), (ii) and (iii) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum antenna gain is 4 dBi, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer and the analyzer's internal channel power integration function is used to integrate the power.

## **2.4 GHZ BAND RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

## 802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	Peak Power	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2412	25.51	30	-4.49
Middle	2437	26.22	30	-3.78
High	2462	26.28	30	-3.72

802.11g Normal Mode

Channel	Frequency	Peak Power	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2412	23.07	30	-6.93
Middle	2437	25.94	30	-4.06
High	2462	23.09	30	-6.91

802.11g Turbo Mode

Channel	Frequency	Peak Power	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Middle	2437	28.04	30	-1.96

## **5.8 GHZ BAND RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

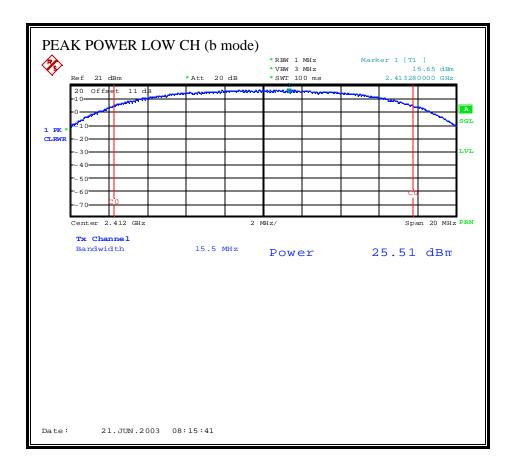
## 802.11a Normal Mode

Channel	Frequency	Peak Power	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5745	28.55	30	-1.45
Middle	575	28.42	30	-1.58
High	5825	28.26	30	-1.74

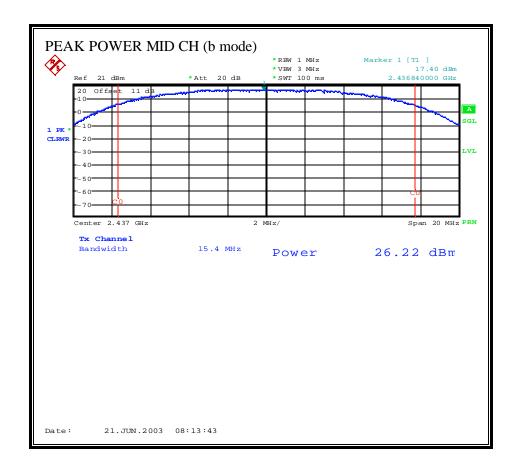
# 802.11a Turbo Mode

Channel	Frequency	Peak Power	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5760	28.44	30	-1.56
High	5805	28.52	30	-1.48

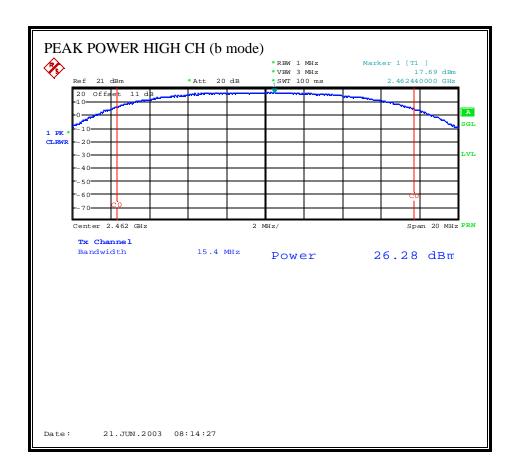
# **OUTPUT POWER (802.11b MODE)**



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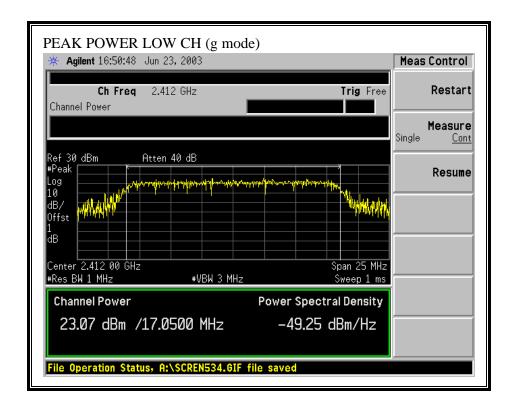


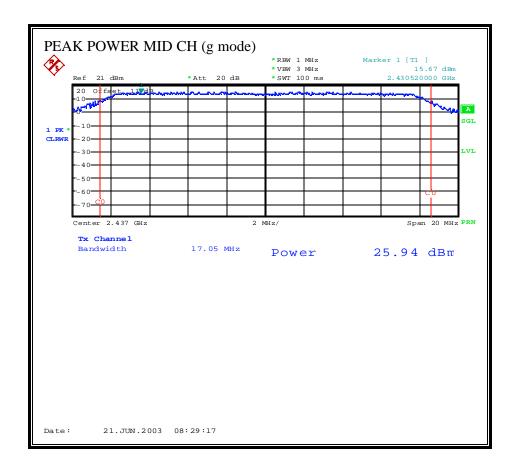
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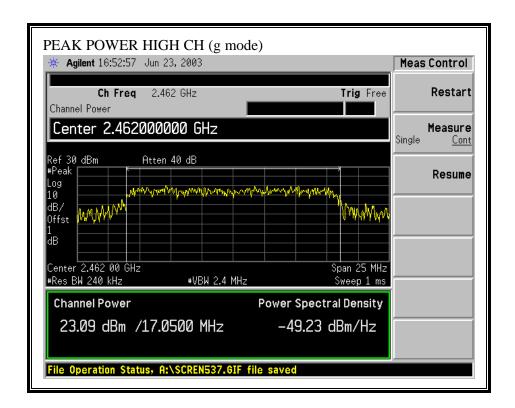


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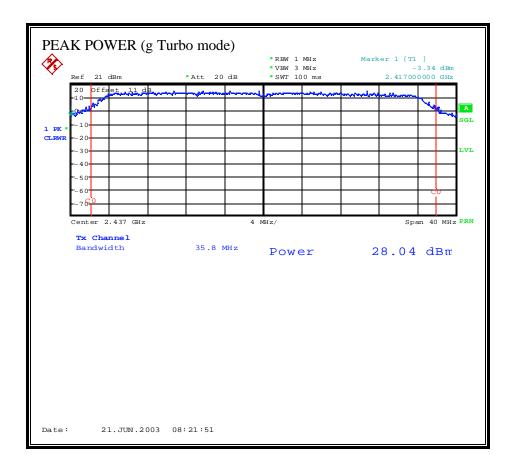
## **OUTPUT POWER (802.11g NORMAL MODE)**



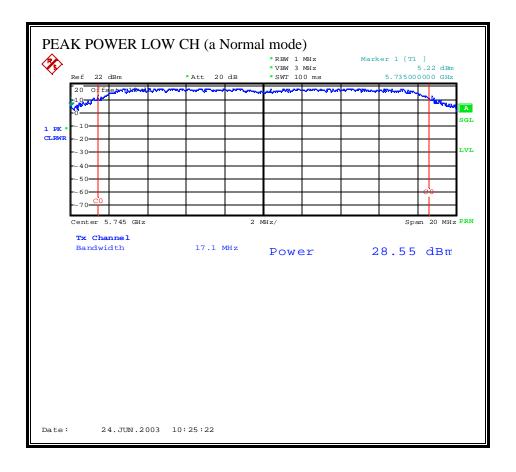




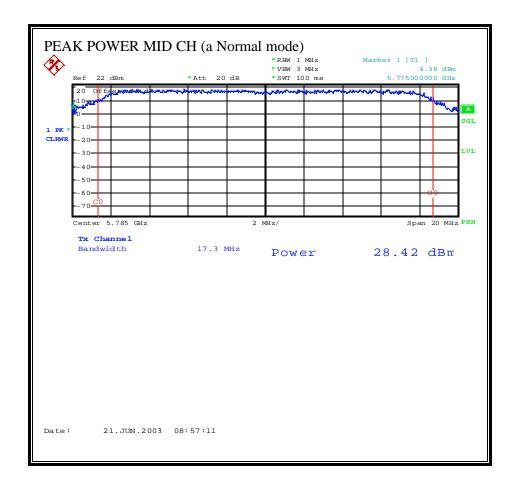
# **OUTPUT POWER (802.11g TURBO MODE)**



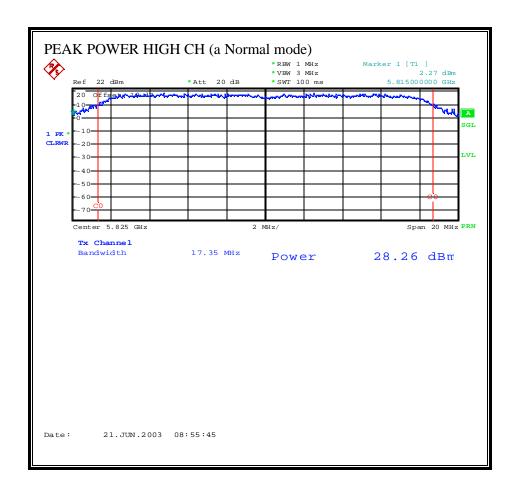
# **OUTPUT POWER (802.11a NORMAL MODE)**



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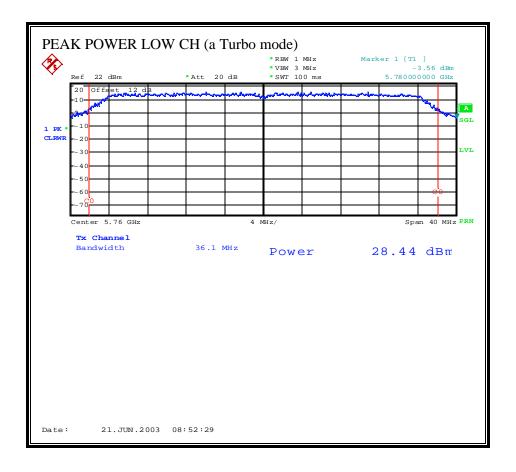


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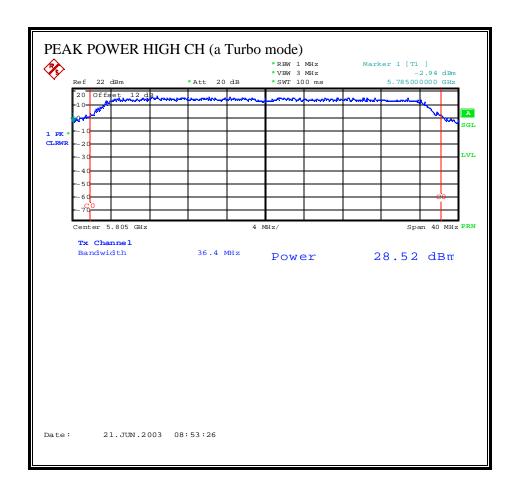


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# **OUTPUT POWER (802.11a TURBO MODE)**



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# 7.4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

## **LIMITS**

§15.247 (b) (5) Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See §1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

#### **CALCULATIONS**

Given

 $E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)} / d$ 

and

 $S = E ^2 / 3770$ 

where

E = Field Strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / (3770 * S)}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P (mW) = P (W) / 1000$$
 and  $d (cm) = 100 * d (m)$ 

yields

$$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$$
  
 $d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$ 

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW / cm^2$ 

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Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

 $P(mW) = 10 \land (P(dBm) / 10)$  and  $G(numeric) = 10 \land (G(dBi) / 10)$ 

yields

$$d = 0.282 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$$

Equation (1)

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

 $S = Power Density Limit in mW / cm^2$ 

Equation (1) and the measured peak power is used to calculate the MPE distance.

#### **LIMITS**

 $S = 1.0 \text{ mW} / \text{cm}^2 \text{ from } 1.1310 \text{ Table } 1$ 

#### **2.4 GHz BAND RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

Mode	Power Density Limit	Output Power	Antenna Gain	MPE Distance
	(mW/cm^2)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(cm)
802.11b	1.0	26.28	1.50	6.91
802.11g Normal	1.0	25.94	1.50	6.64
802.11g Turbo	1.0	28.04	1.50	8.46

#### **5.8 GHz BAND RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

Mode	Power Density Limit	Output Power	Antenna Gain	MPE Distance
	(mW/cm^2)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(cm)
802.11a Normal	1.0	28.55	4.00	11.96
802.11a Turbo	1.0	28.52	4.00	11.92

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

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#### 7.5. **AVERAGE POWER**

#### **AVERAGE POWER LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

## **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

## **2.4 GHZ BAND RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

The cable assembly insertion loss of 1 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	Average Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	2412	19.90
Middle	2437	20.50
High	2462	20.38

802.11g Normal Mode

Channel	Frequency	Average Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	2412	16.45
Middle	2437	20.45
High	2462	17.24

802 11g Turbo Mode

Channel		Average Power
Chamier	(MHz)	(dBm)
Middle	2437	18.94

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5.8 GHZ BAND Result is in the next page.

#### **5.8 GHZ BAND RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

The cable assembly insertion loss of 2 dB (including 10 dB pad and 2 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

802.11a Normal Mode

Channel	Frequency	Average Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5745	20.79
Middle	5785	20.64
High	5825	20.40

## 802.11a Turbo Mode

Channel	Frequency	Average Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5760	20.80
High	5805	20.74

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# 7.6. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

#### LIMIT

§15.247 (d) For direct sequence systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

#### TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer, the maximum level in a 3 kHz bandwidth is measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 3 kHz and VBW > 3 KHz, sweep time = span / 3 kHz, and video averaging is turned off. The PPSD is the highest level found across the emission in any 3 kHz band.

#### 2.4 GHz BAND RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

## 802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	PPSD	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2412	-1.01	8	-9.01
Middle	2437	-0.12	8	-8.12
High	2462	-0.19	8	-8.19

## 802.11g Normal Mode

Channel	Frequency	PPSD	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2412	-3.04	8	-11.04
Middle	2437	-2.51	8	-10.51
High	2462	-2.42	8	-10.42

# 802.11g Turbo Mode

Channel	Frequency	PPSD	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Middle	2437	-2.68	8	-10.68

## **5.8 GHz BAND RESULTS**

## 802.11a Normal Mode

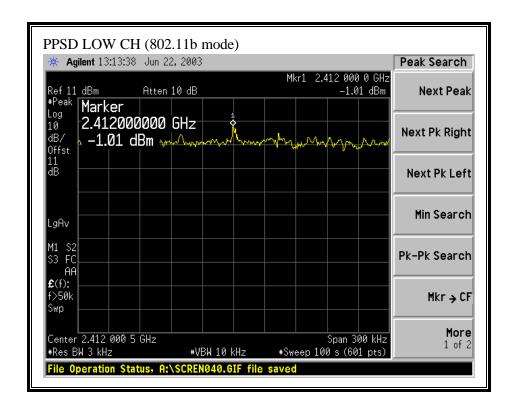
Channel	Frequency	PPSD	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5745	-3.53	8	-11.53
Middle	5785	-4.53	8	-12.53
High	5825	-6.49	8	-14.49

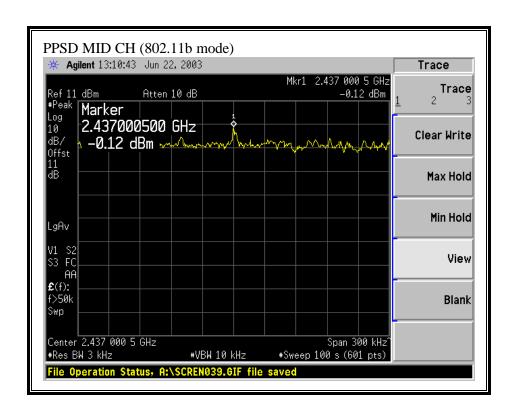
# 802.11a Turbo Mode

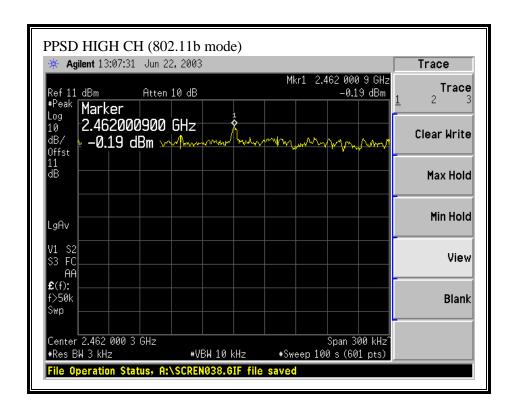
Channel	Frequency	PPSD	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5760	-4.43	8	-12.43
High	5805	-4.76	8	-12.76

No non-compliance noted:

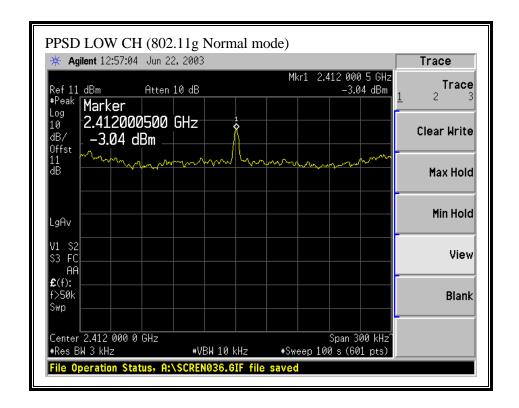
## PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11b MODE)

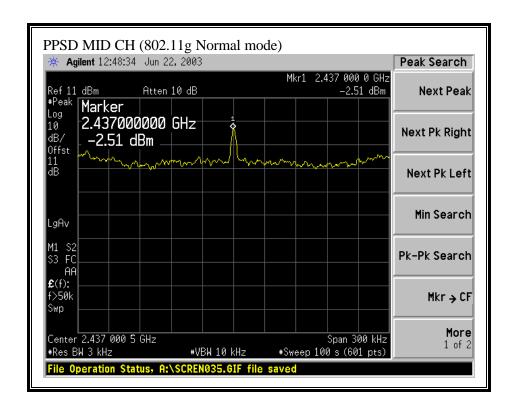


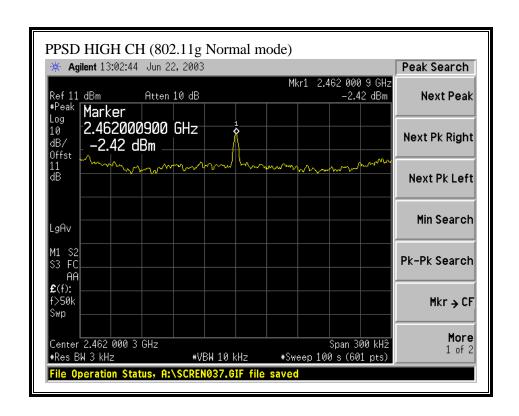




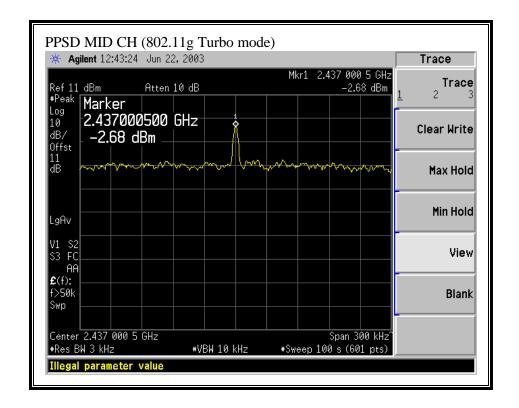
## PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11g NORMAL MODE)



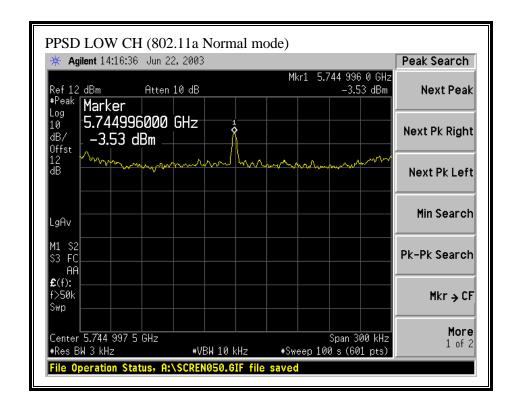


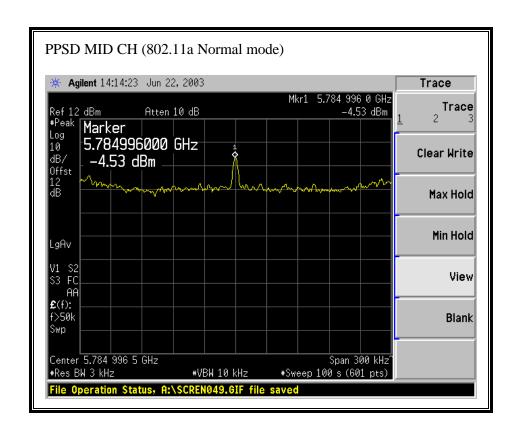


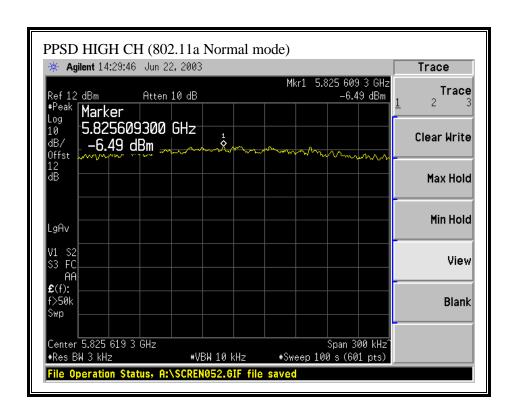
## PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11g TURBO MODE)



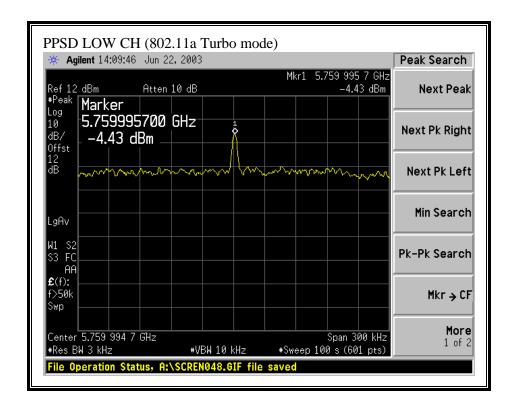
## PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11a NORMAL MODE)

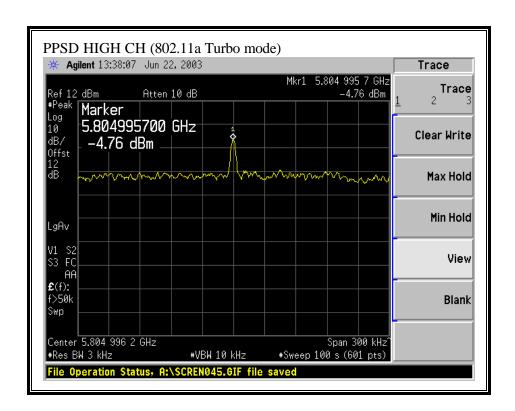






#### PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11a TURBO MODE)





# 7.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### **LIMITS**

§15.247 (c) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

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#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 100 kHz.

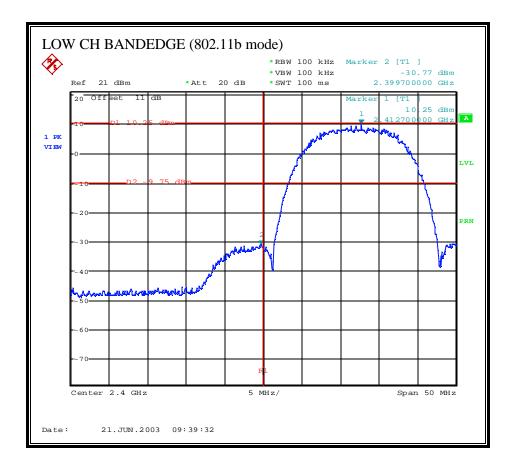
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

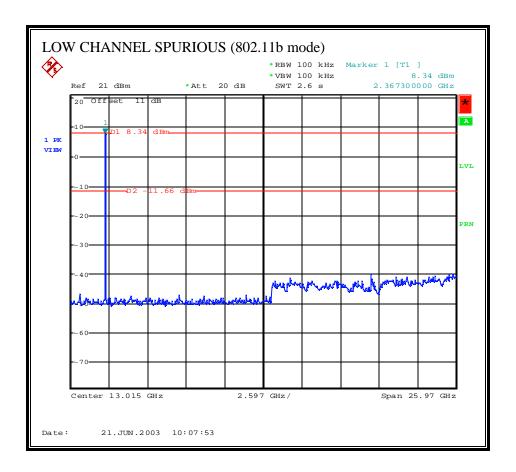
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 5.8 GHz band.

#### **RESULTS**

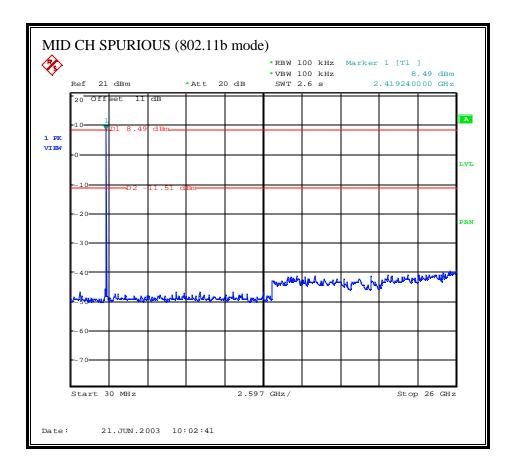
No non-compliance noted:

## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)

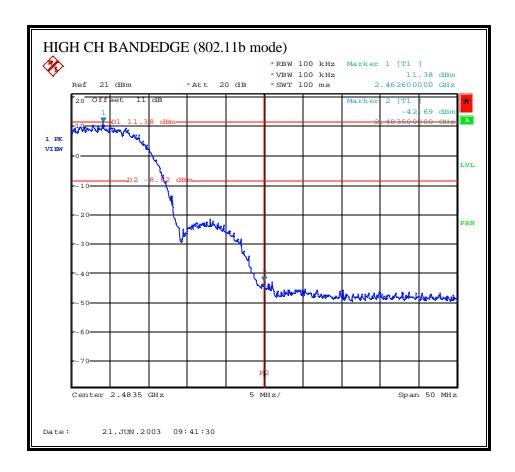


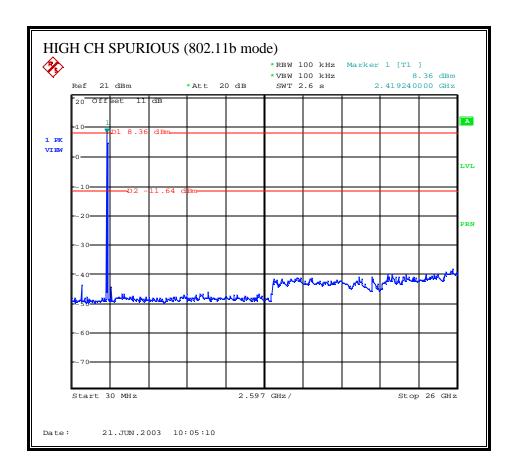


## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)

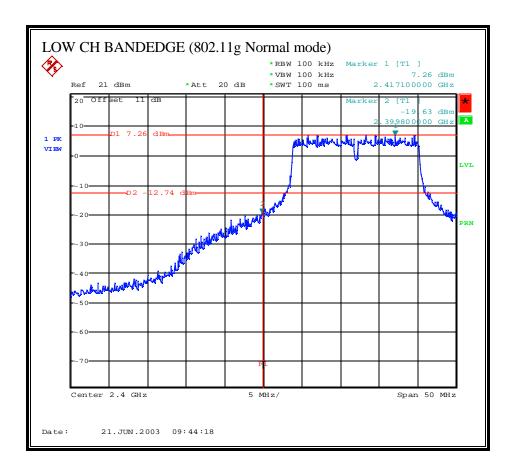


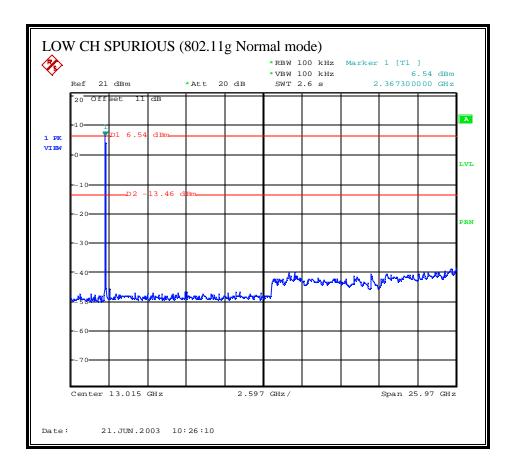
## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)



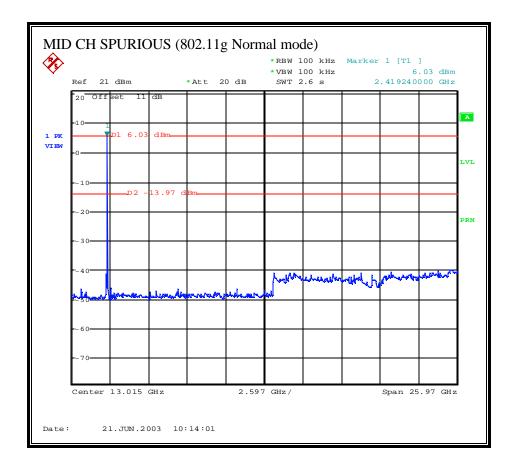


# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11g NORMAL MODE)

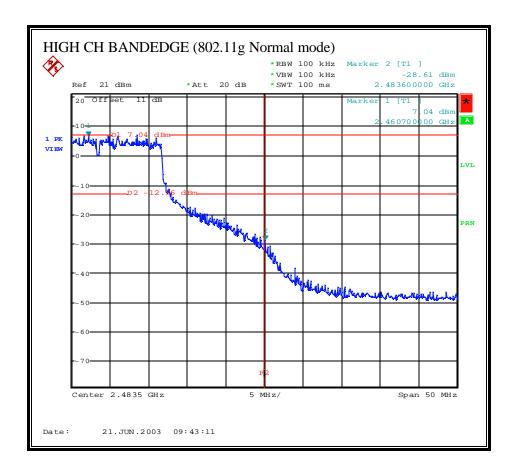




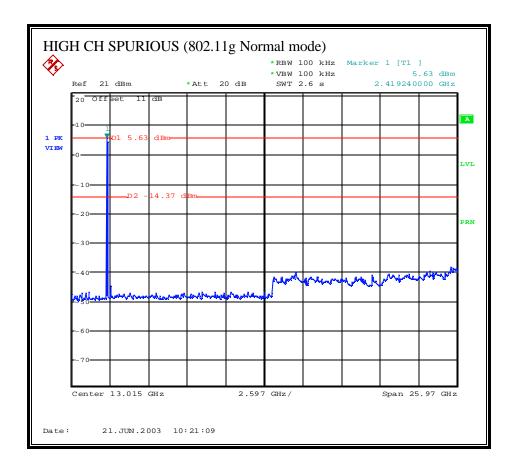
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11g NORMAL MODE)



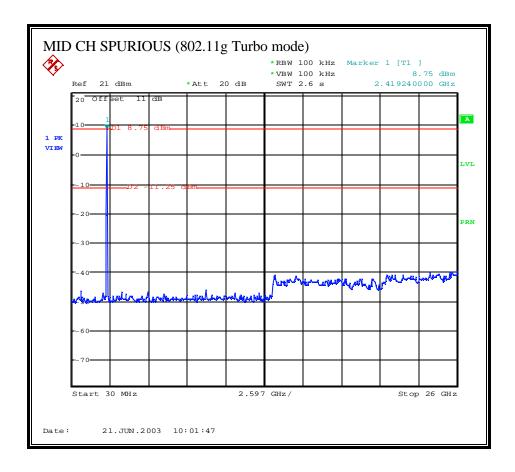
## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11g NORMAL MODE)



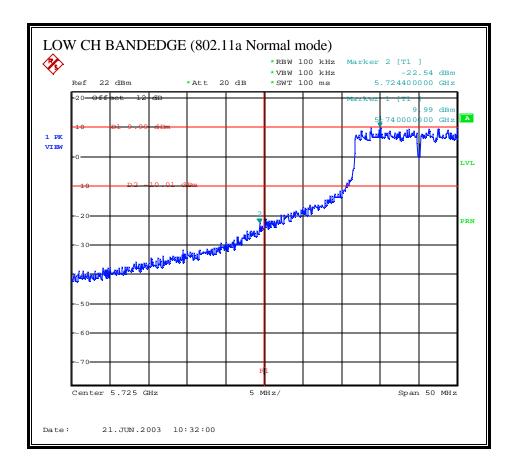
be altered or revised by Compliance Certification Services personnel only, and shall be noted in the revision section of the document.

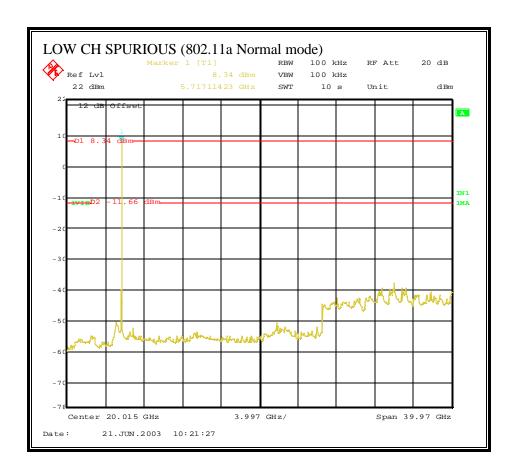


# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11g TURBO MODE)

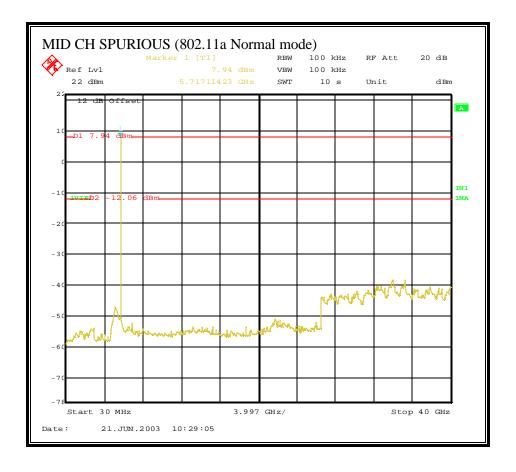


## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11a NORMAL MODE)

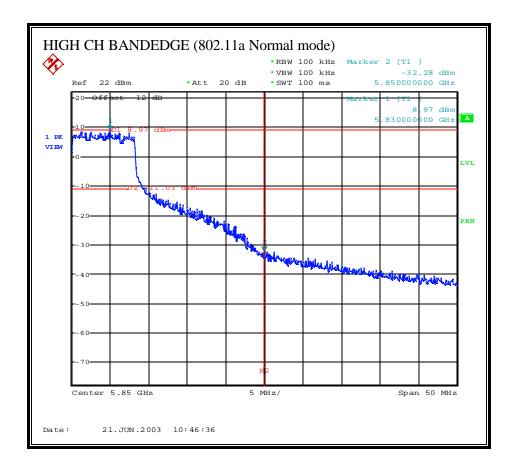


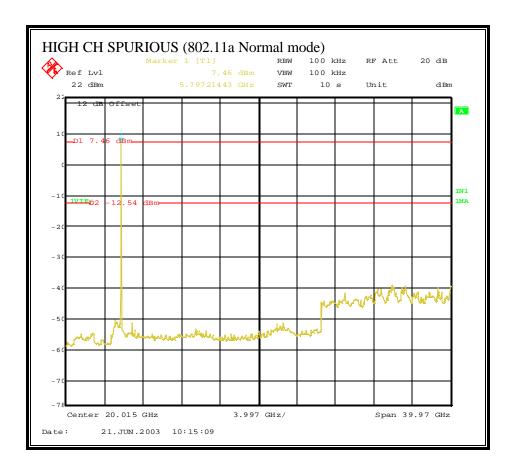


## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11a NORMAL MODE)

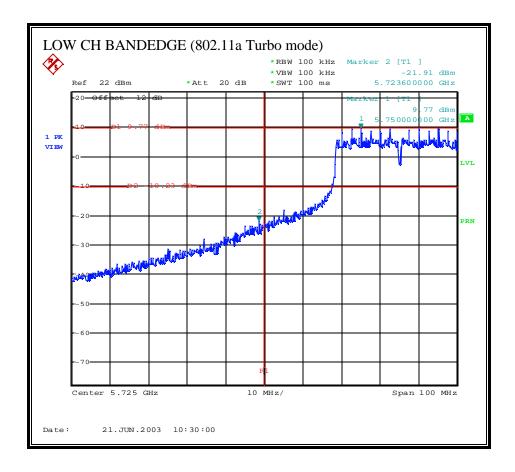


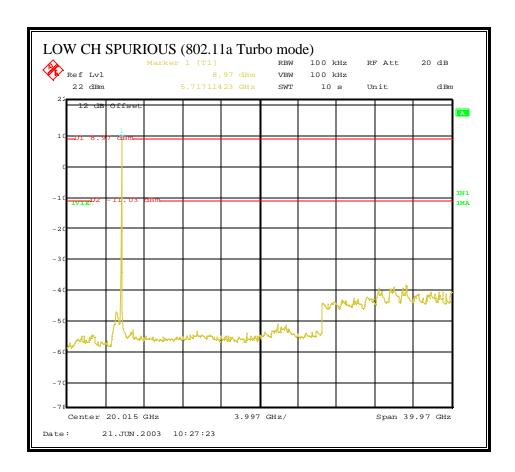
## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11a NORMAL MODE)



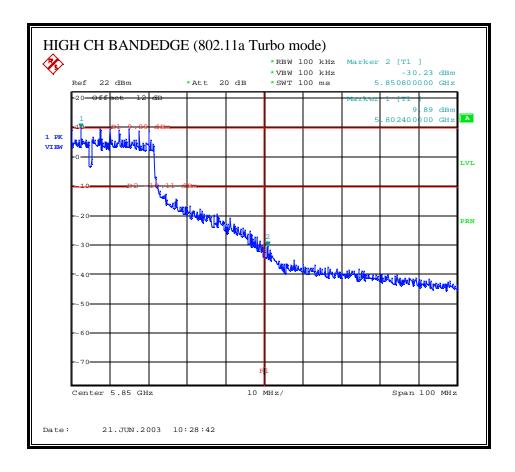


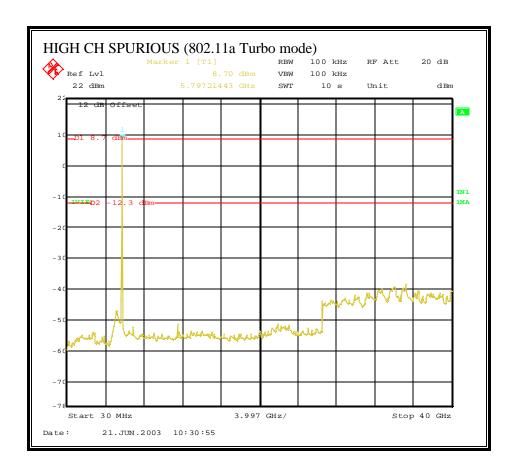
## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11a TURBO MODE)





## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11a TURBO MODE)





## 7.8. RADIATED EMISSIONS

## **LIMITS**

§15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	$\binom{2}{}$
13.36 - 13.41			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

§15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

§15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30 - 88	100 **	3
88 - 216	150 **	3
216 - 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

<sup>\*\*</sup> Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

<sup>§15.209 (</sup>b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels of the 2.4 GHz band.

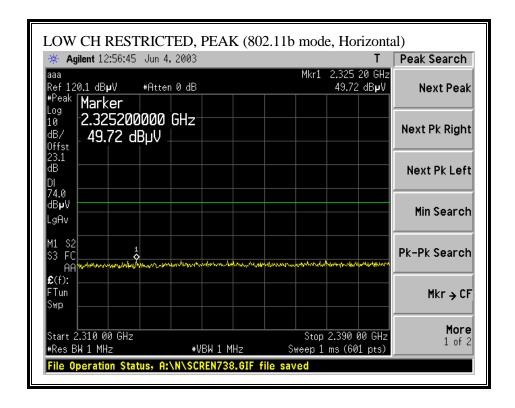
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels of the 5.8 GHz band.

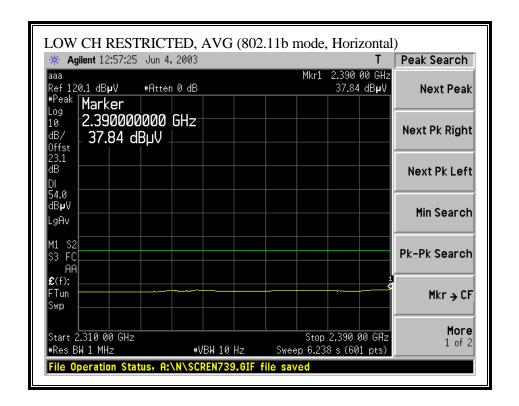
The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

#### **RESULTS**

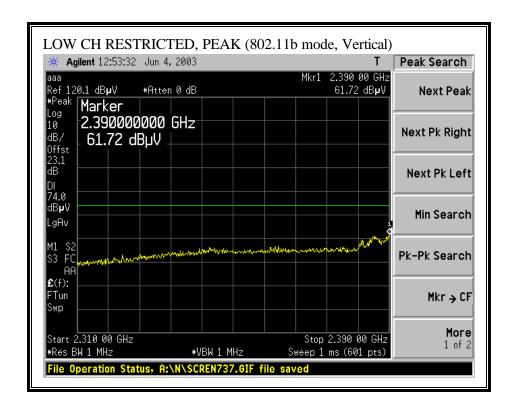
No non-compliance noted:

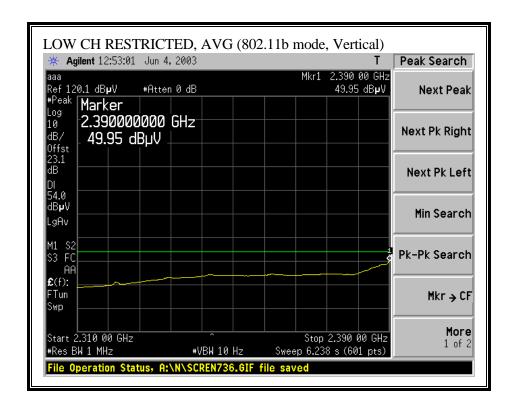
## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



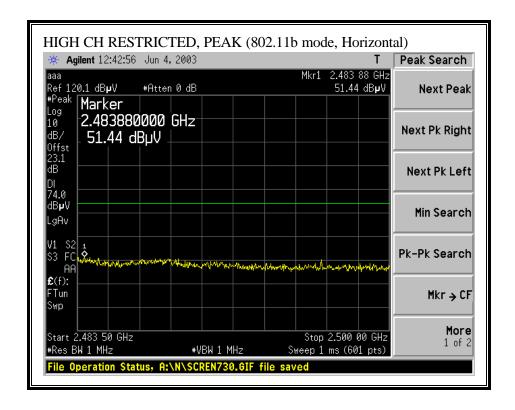


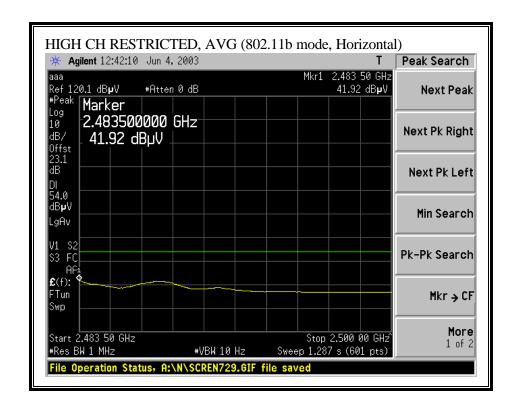
## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



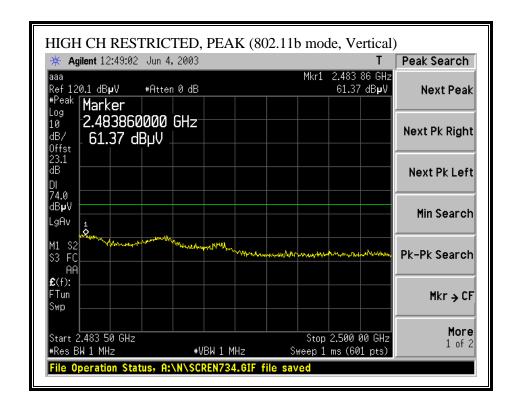


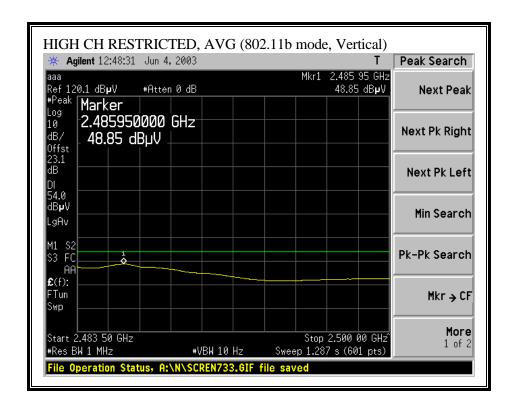
## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



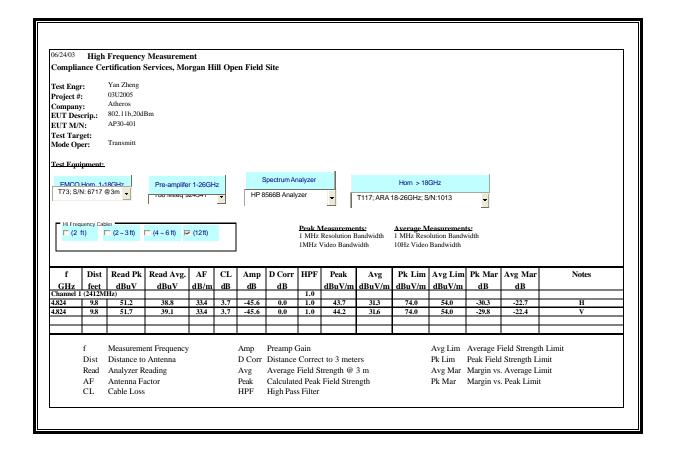


## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)

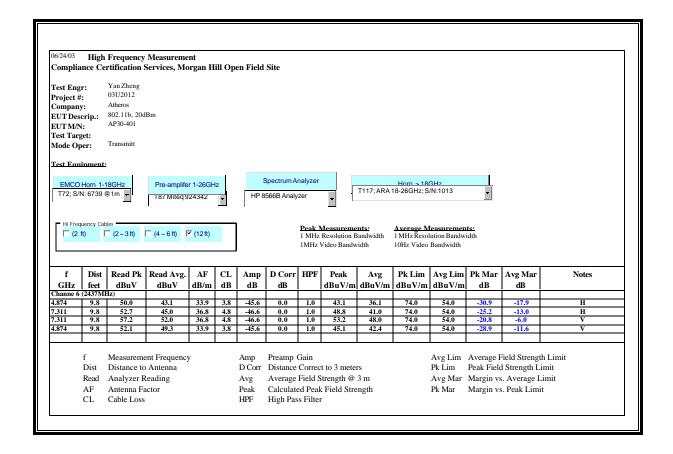




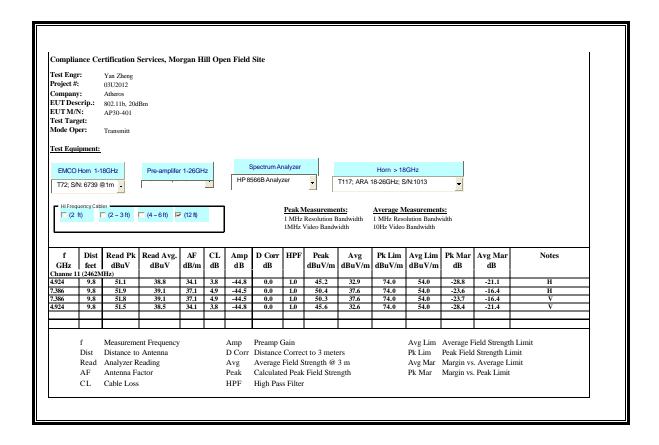
#### HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (b MODE, LOW CHANNEL)



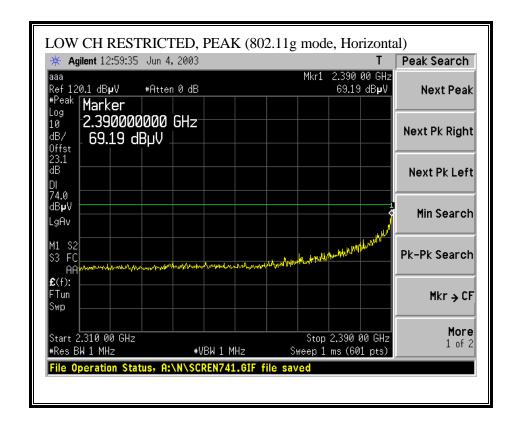
#### HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (b MODE, MID CHANNEL)



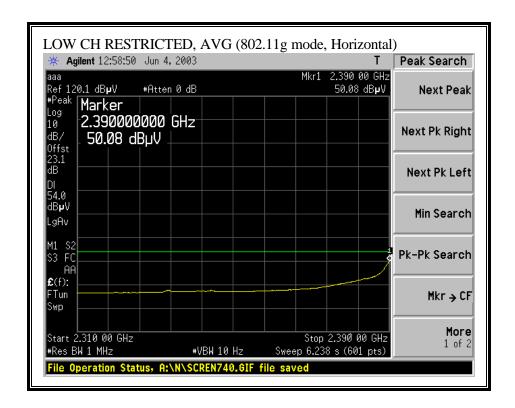
#### HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (b MODE, HIGH CHANNEL)



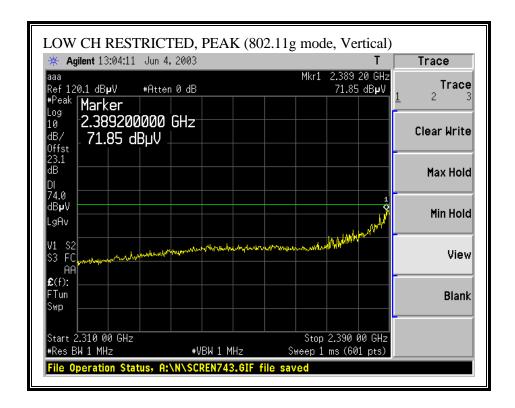
#### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g MODE, LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)

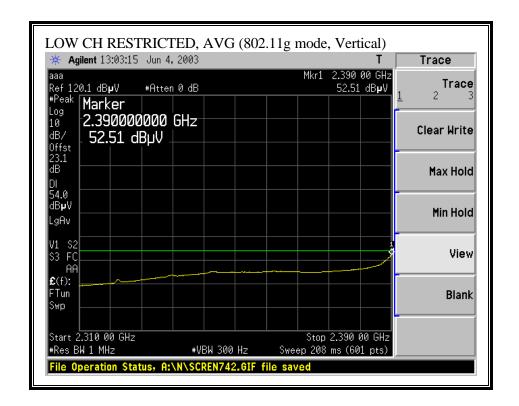


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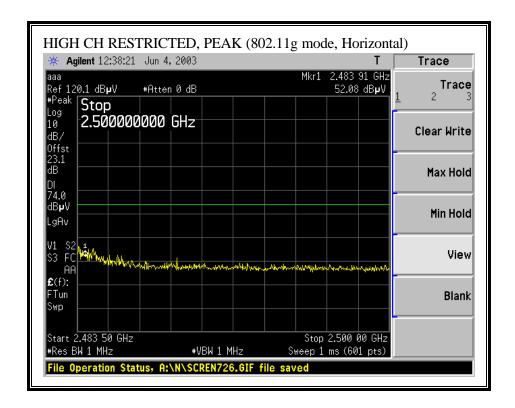


## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g MODE, LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)

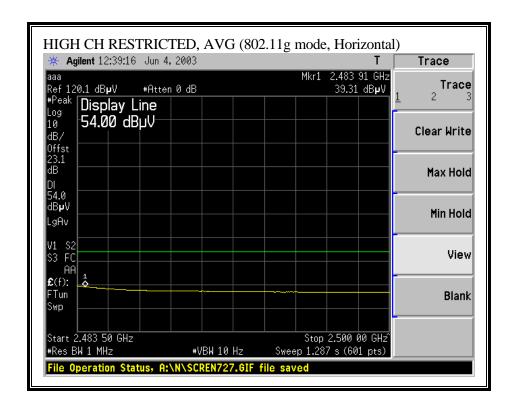




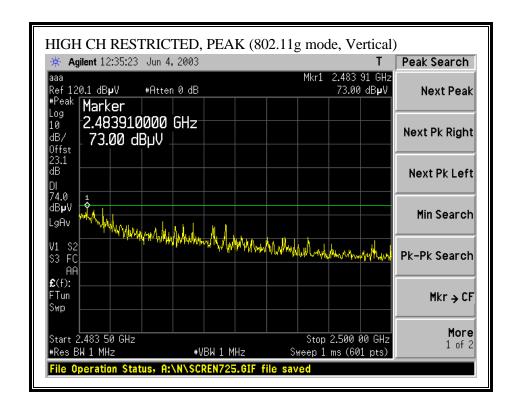
#### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



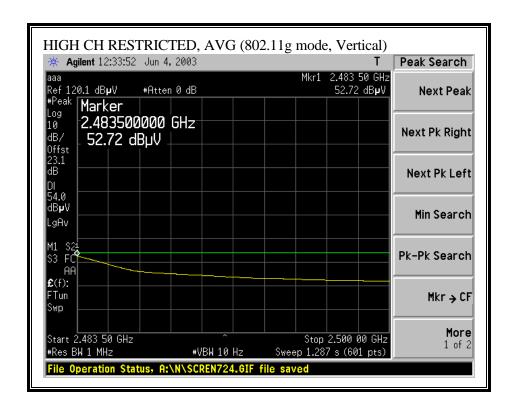
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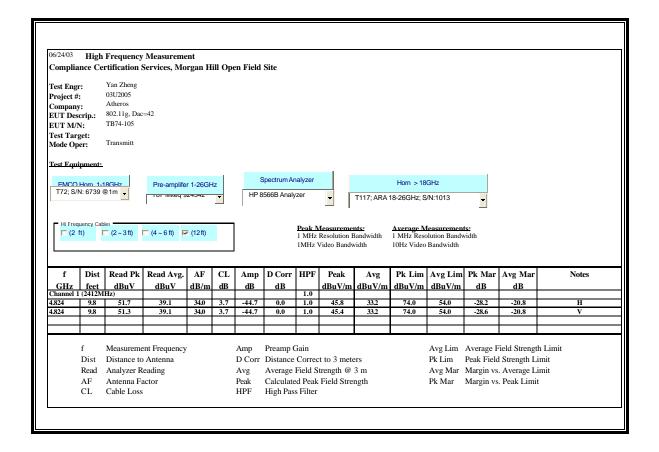
#### RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



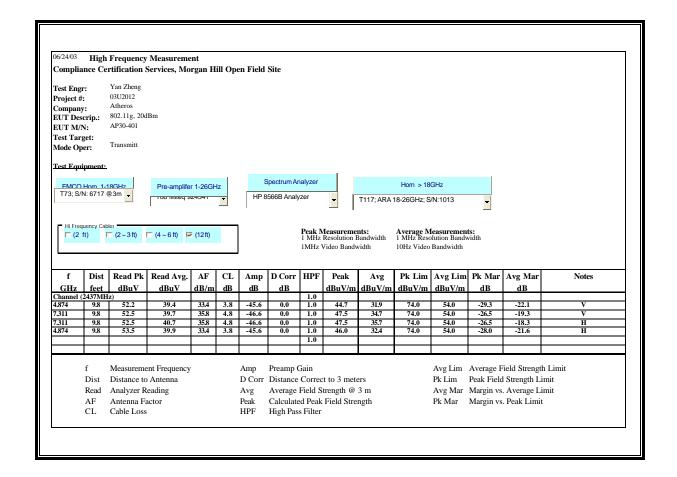
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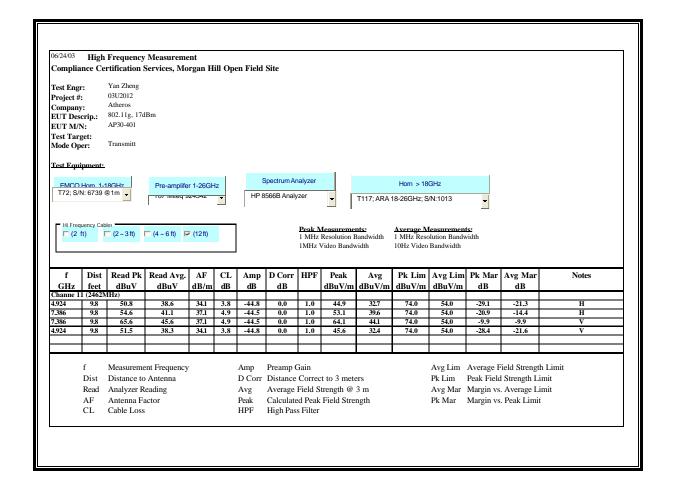
#### HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (g NORMAL MODE, LOW CHANNEL)



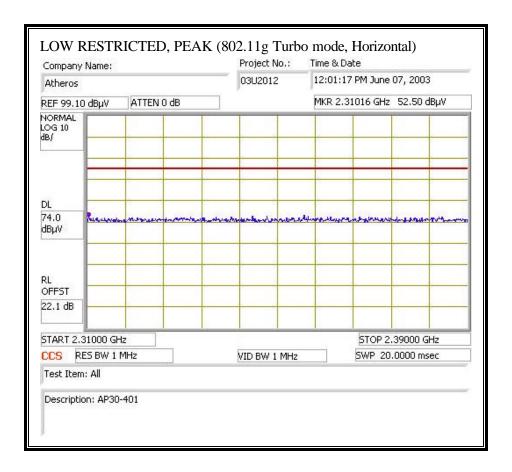
## HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (g NORMAL MODE, MID CHANNEL)

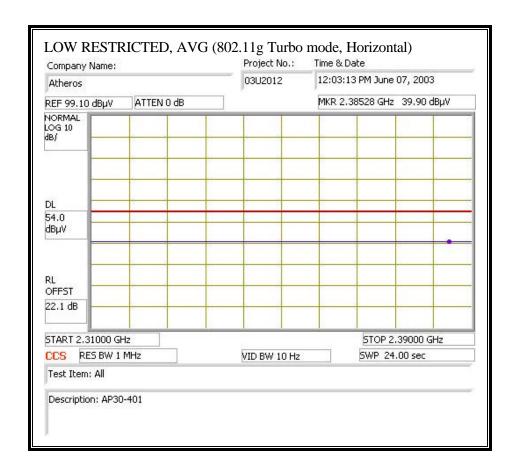


## HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (g NORMAL MODE, HIGH CHANNEL)

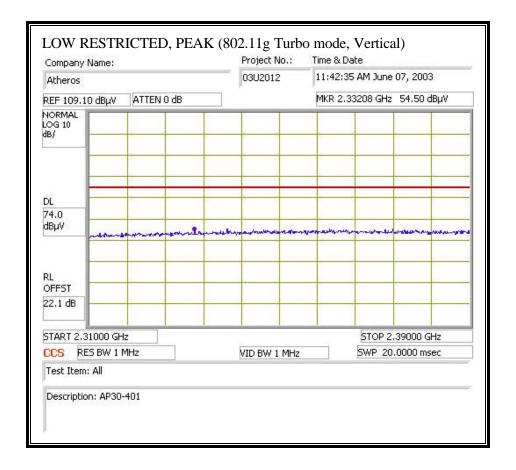


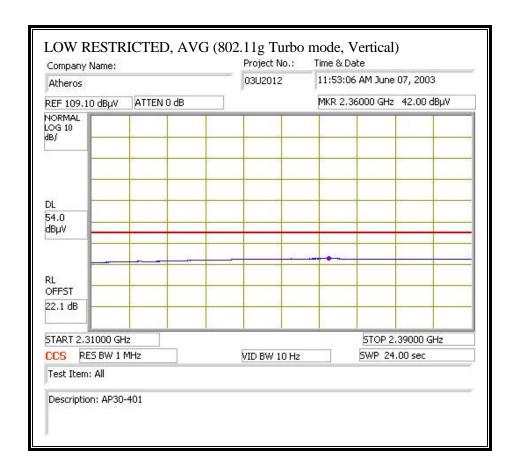
## LOW RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g TURBO MODE, HORIZONTAL)



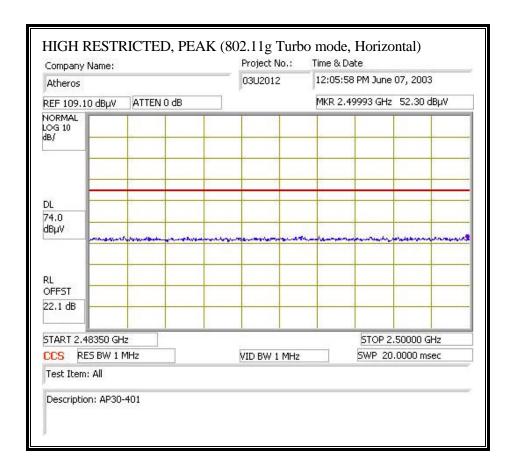


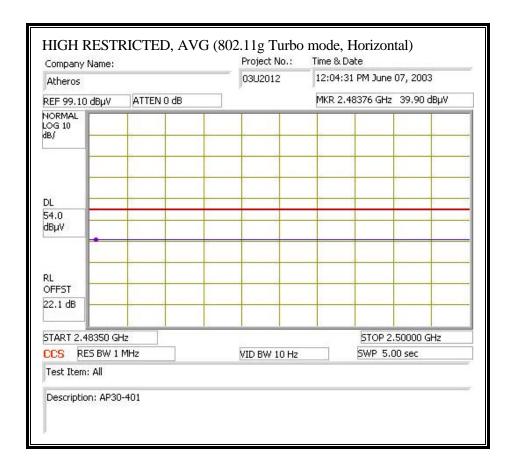
## LOW RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g TURBO MODE, VERTICAL)



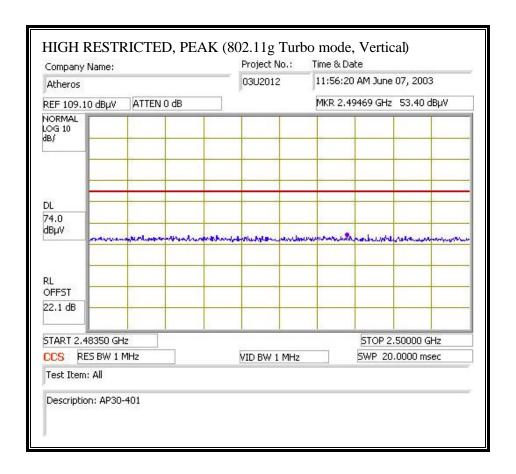


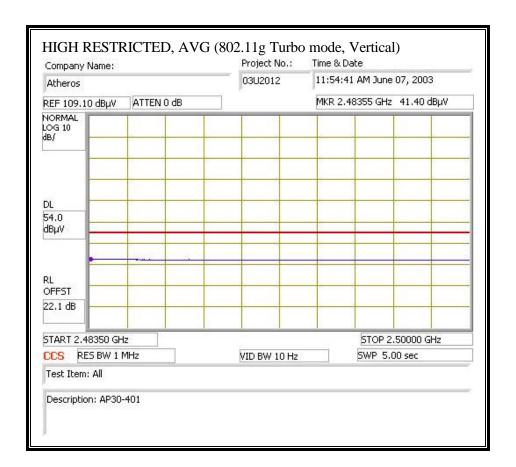
## HIGH RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g TURBO MODE, HORIZONTAL)



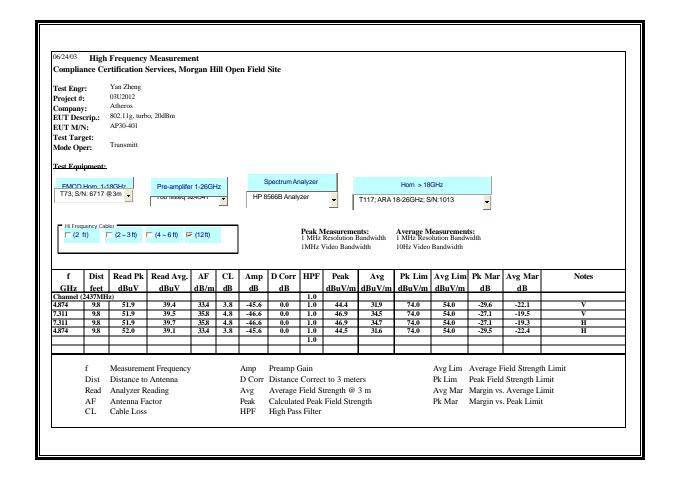


## RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g TURBO MODE, VERTICAL)

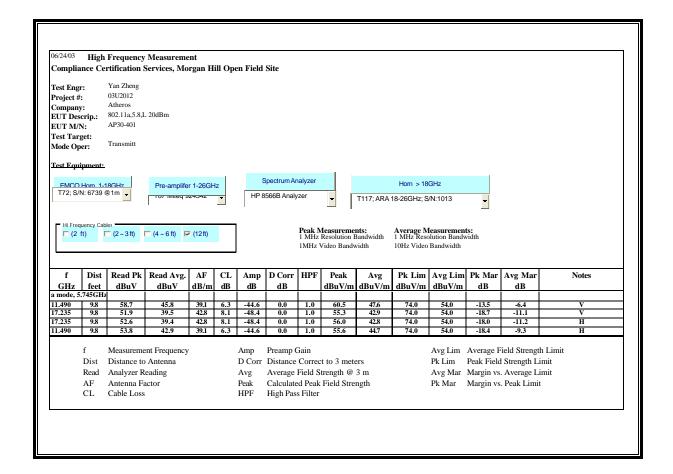




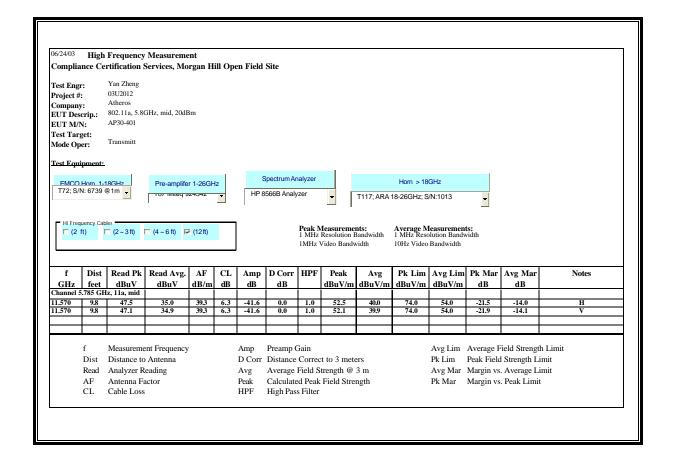
#### HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (g TURBO MODE)



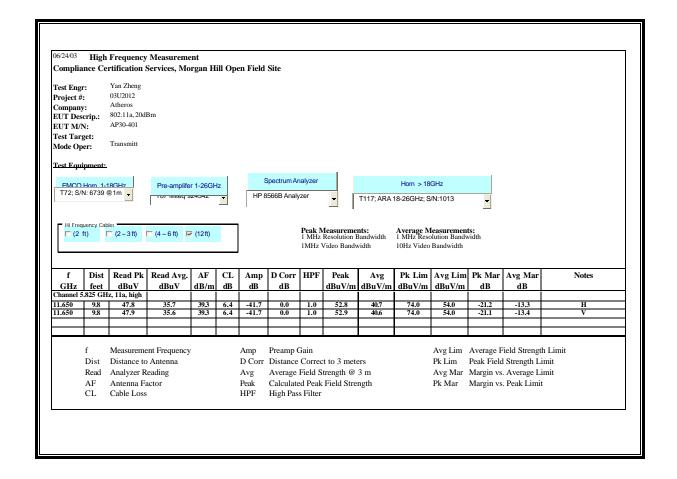
## HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (a NORMAL MODE, LOW CHANNEL)



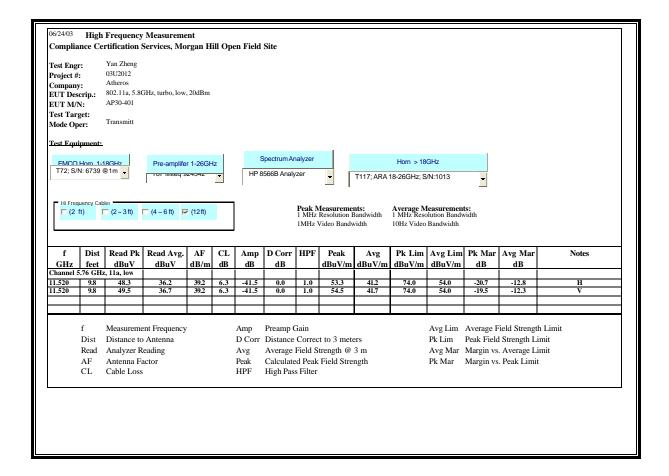
## HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (a NORMAL MODE, MID CHANNEL)



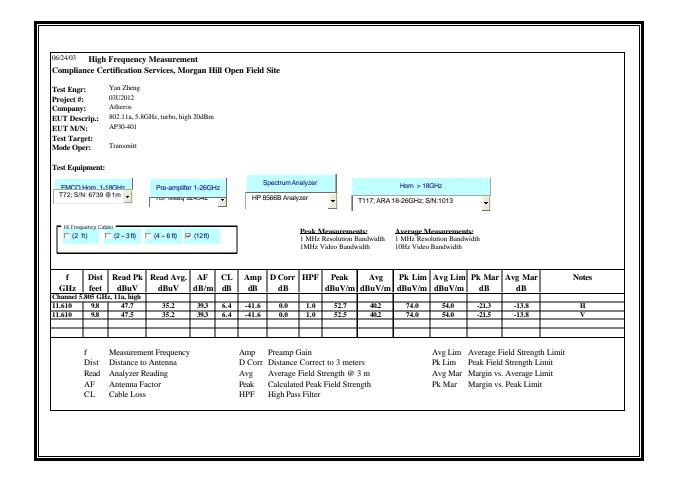
## HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (a NORMAL MODE, HIGH CHANNEL)



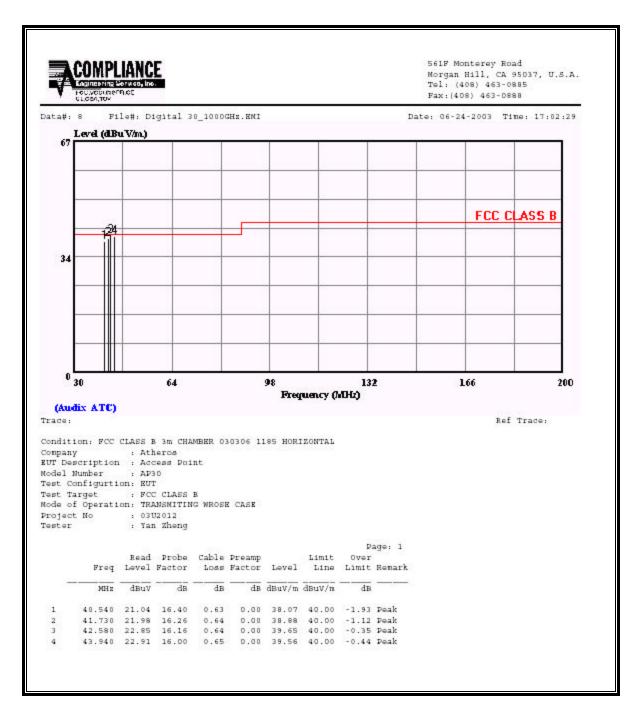
#### HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (a TURBO MODE, LOW CHANNEL)



#### HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (a TURBO MODE, HIGH CHANNEL)

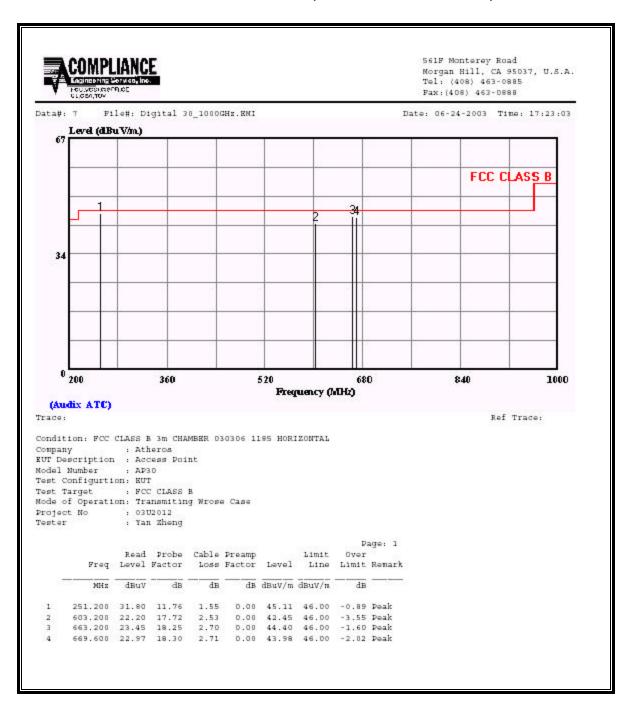


#### **DIGITAL DEVICE EMISSIONS 30 TO 200 MHz (WORST-CASE HORIZONTAL)**



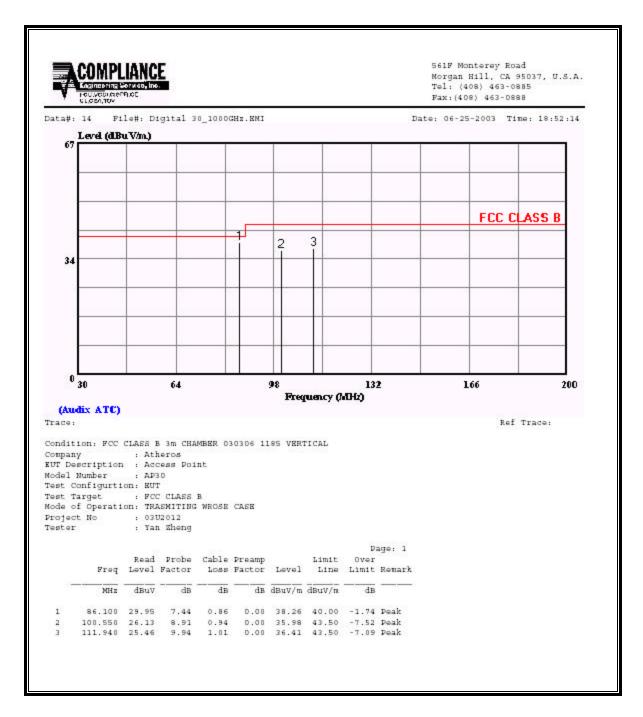
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#### DIGITAL DEVICE EMISSIONS 200 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE HORIZONTAL)



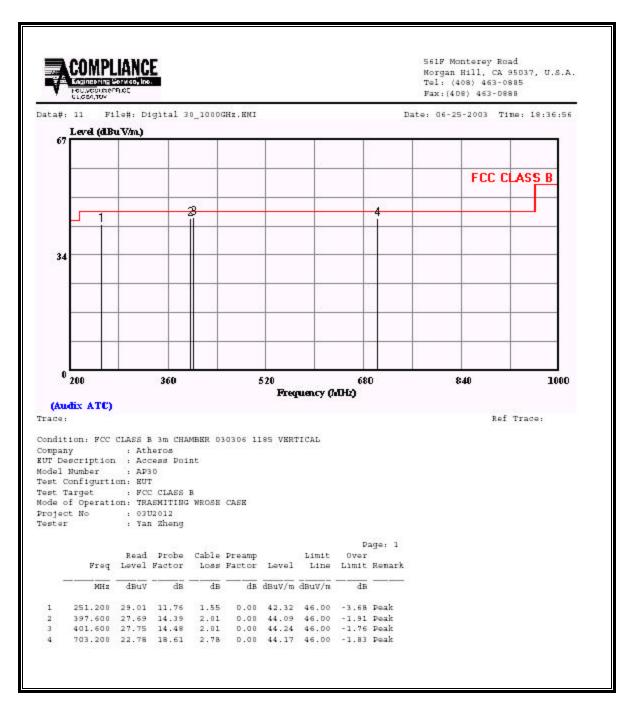
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#### **DIGITAL DEVICE EMISSIONS 30 TO 200 MHz (WORST-CASE VERTICAL)**



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#### **DIGITAL DEVICE EMISSIONS 200 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE VERTICAL)**



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## DATE: JULY 1, 2003 FCC ID: PPD-AR5BAP-00032

## 7.9. CO-LOCATED RADIATED EMISSIONS

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

The EUT can transmit simultaneously in the 802.11a mode and the 802.11b/g mode.

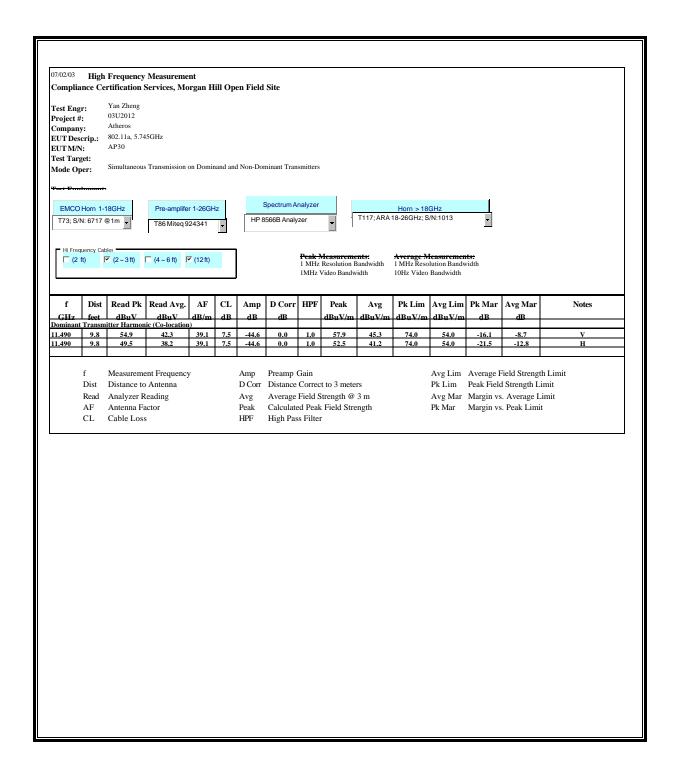
The dominant transmitter (802.11a) is set to the worst case channel. The spurious emissions performance of the dominant transmitter is investigated as the settings of the non-dominant transmitter (802.11b/g) are varied. Worst case results are reported.

The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

## **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

#### **WORST-CASE HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**



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## 7.10. CO-LOCATED MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

#### **LIMITS**

§15.247 (b) (5) Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See §1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

### **CALCULATIONS**

Given

 $E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)} / d$ 

and

 $S = E ^2 / 3770$ 

where

E = Field Strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / (3770 * S)}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

P (mW) = P (W) / 1000 and d (cm) = 100 \* d (m)

a (cm) =100 \* a (m

yields

 $d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$ 

 $d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$ 

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW / cm^2$ 

This equation is kept in the linear form to enable the proper summation of the power densities for each of the two radios:

 $d = 0.282 * \sqrt{\{ [(P1 * G1) + (P2 * G2)] / S \}}$  Equation (1)

where

d = distance in cm

P1 = Power of Radio 1 in mW

G1 = Numeric antenna gain of Radio 1

P2 = Power of Radio 2 in mW

G2 = Numeric antenna gain of Radio 2

 $S = Power Density in mW / cm^2$ 

Equation (1) and the measured peak power of each radio is used to calculate the MPE distance.

## **LIMITS**

 $S = 1.0 \text{ mW} / \text{cm}^2 \text{ from } 1.1310 \text{ Table } 1$ 

## **CO-LOCATED RADIO RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

The dominant transmitter is the 802.11a mode:

P1 = 0.716 W

G1 = 2.51

The non-dominant transmitter is the 802.11g mode:

P2 = 0.637 W

G2 = 1.41

Substituting actual values into Equation (1) yields:

D = 14.6 cm

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

## DATE: JULY 1, 2003 FCC ID: PPD-AR5BAP-00032

## 7.11. POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

#### LIMIT

\$15.207 (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu H/50$  ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)			
	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15-0.5	66 to 56	56 to 46		
0.5-5	56	46		
5-30	60	50		

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4.

The resolution bandwidth is set to 9 kHz for both peak detection and quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and HOT lines.

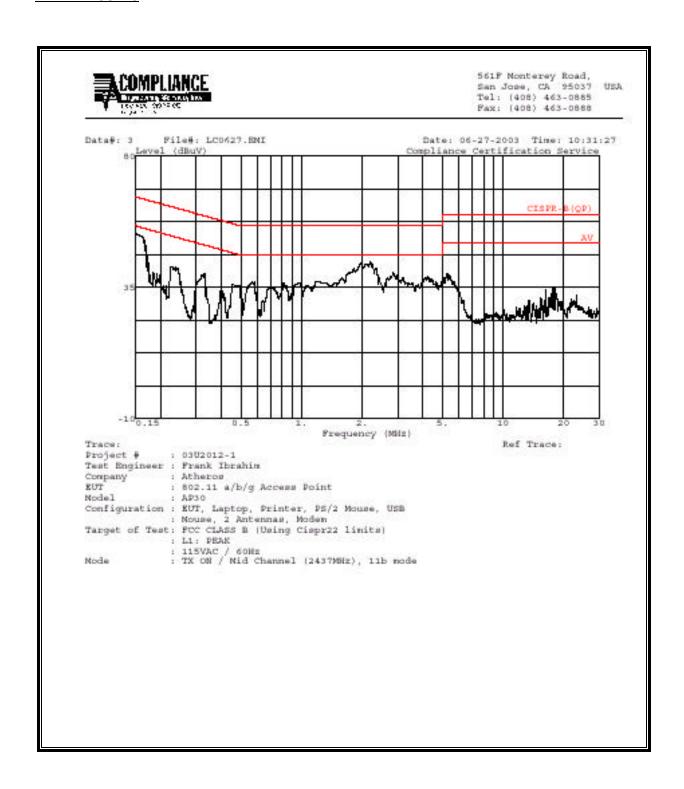
#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

#### **6 WORST EMISSIONS**

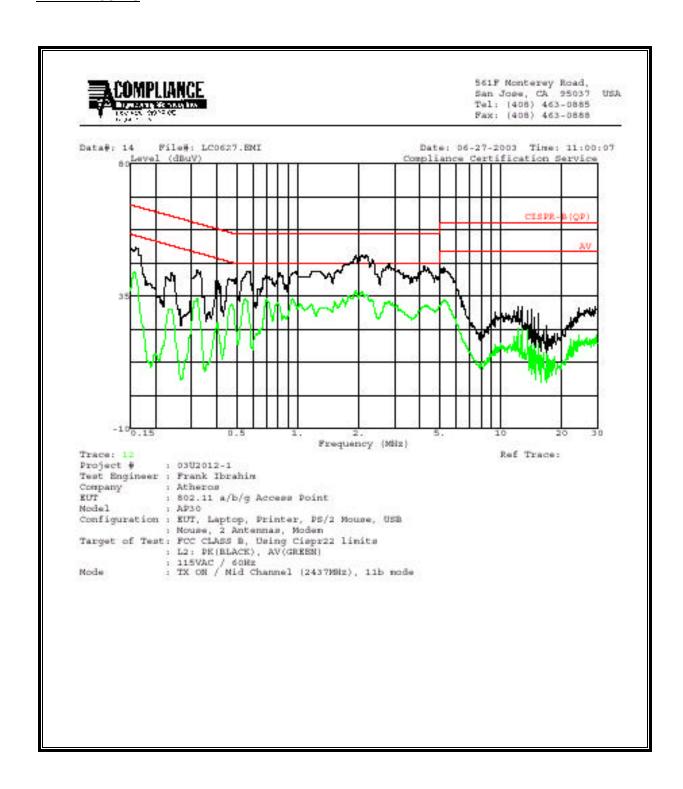
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS DATA (115VAC 60Hz)										
Freq.	Reading		Closs	Limit	EN_B	Margin		Remark		
(MHz)	PK (dBuV)	QP (dBuV)	AV (dBuV)	(dB)	QP	AV	$\mathbf{QP}\left(\mathbf{dB}\right)$	AV(dB)	L1 / L2	
0.15	53.44			0.00	65.97	55.97	-12.53	-2.53	L1	
0.24	41.80			0.00	63.51	53.51	-21.71	-11.71	L1	
2.20	43.62			0.00	56.00	46.00	-12.38	-2.38	L1	
1.93	48.92		36.74	0.00	56.00	46.00	-7.08	-9.26	L2	
2.08	48.92		36.30	0.00	56.00	46.00	-7.08	-9.70	L2	
2.18	48.82		35.51	0.00	56.00	46.00	-7.18	-10.49	L2	
6 Worst Data										

#### **LINE 1 RESULTS**



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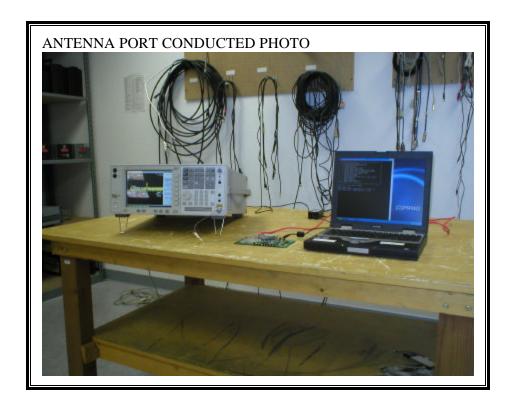
#### **LINE 2 RESULTS**



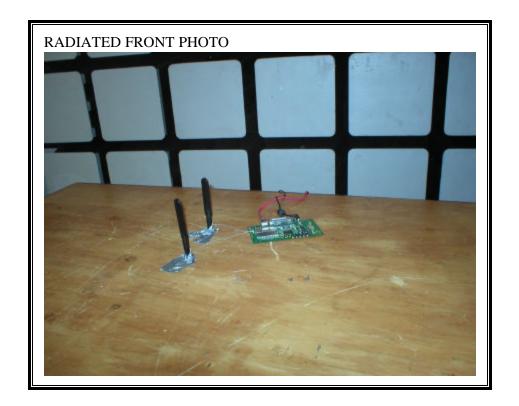
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# 8. SETUP PHOTOS

## ANTENNA PORT CONDUCTED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP



## RADIATED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP



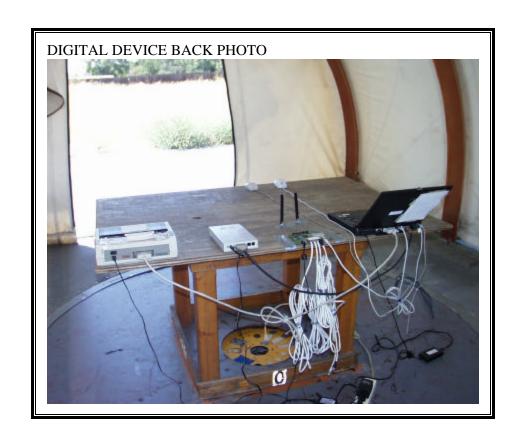
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## **DIGITAL DEVICE RADIATED EMISSIONS SETUP**

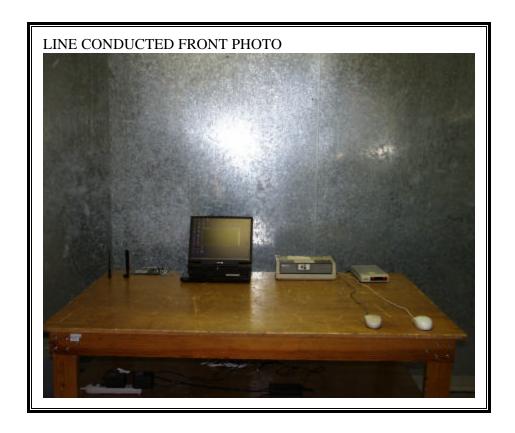


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## POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT SETUP



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**END OF REPORT**