## **APPENDIX C CALIBRATION DOCUMENTS**

- 1. SN1380: ET3DV6 Probe Calibration Certificate
- 2. SN724: DV2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate





#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client EMC Technologies Certificate No: ET3-1380\_Dec09

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE ET3DV6 - SN:1380 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-12.v6, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes December 11, 2009 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter E4419B GB41293874 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) Apr-10 Power sensor E4412A MY41495277 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) Apr-10 Power sensor E4412A MY41498087 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) Apr-10 Reference 3 dB Attenuator SN: S5054 (3c) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) Mar-10 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: S5086 (20b) 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) Mar-10 SN: S5129 (30b) Reference 30 dB Attenuator 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) Mar-10 Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3013 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013 Jan09) Jan-10 DAE4 SN: 660 29-Sep-09 (No. DAE4-660\_Sep09) Sep-10 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check US3642U01700 RF generator HP 8648C 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct-11 US37390585 Network Analyzer HP 8753E 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09) In house check: Oct10 Function Signature Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by: Issued: December 11, 2009 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\phi$   $\phi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- Techniques", December 2003

  b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
  power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
  maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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ilac MRA



December 11, 2009

# Probe ET3DV6

SN:1380

Manufactured: August 16, 1999 Last calibrated: December 18, 2008 Recalibrated: December 11, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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December 11, 2009

## DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1380

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	1.68	1.63	1.73	± 10.1%
OCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	88.6	88.4	89.0	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	С	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
10000	cw	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	± 1.5%
			Υ	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	300	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm A}$  The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E $^{\rm 2}$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying recatangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

December 11, 2009

## DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1380

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X C	onvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	43.5 ± 5%	$0.87 \pm 5\%$	6.80	6.80	6.80	0.31	1.99 ± 13.3%
900	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	41.5 ± 5%	$0.97 \pm 5\%$	6.08	6.08	6.08	0.59	2.01 ± 11.0%
1640	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	40.3 ± 5%	1.29 ± 5%	5.33	5.33	5.33	0.54	2.66 ± 11.0%
1810	$\pm$ 50 / $\pm$ 100	$40.0 \pm 5\%$	1.40 ± 5%	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.65	2.38 ± 11.0%
1950	$\pm 50 / \pm 100$	40.0 ± 5%	$1.40 \pm 5\%$	4.79	4.79	4.79	0.85	2.02 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	4.44	4.44	4.44	0.99	1.70 ± 11.0%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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## DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1380

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X Co	nvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	$56.7 \pm 5\%$	$0.94 \pm 5\%$	7.35	7.35	7.35	0.21	2.02 ± 13.3%
900	± 50 / ± 100	$55.0 \pm 5\%$	1.05 ± 5%	5.78	5.78	5.78	0.39	2.76 ± 11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	1.52 ± 5%	4.64	4.64	4.64	0.80	2.47 ± 11.0%
1950	± 50 / ± 100	$53.3 \pm 5\%$	1.52 ± 5%	4.61	4.61	4.61	0.99	2.11 ± 11.0%
2450	±50/±100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	4.11	4.11	4.11	0.99	1.65 ± 11.0%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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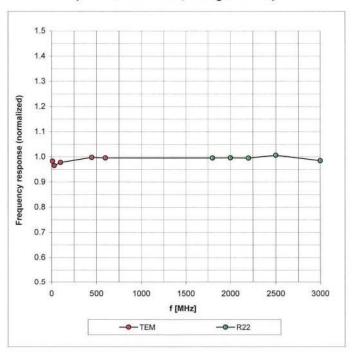




ET3DV6 SN:1380 December 11, 2009

## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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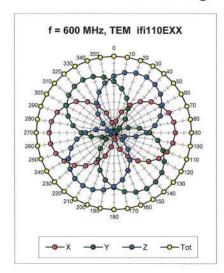
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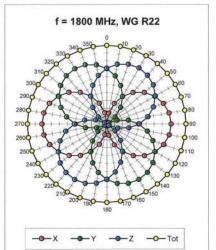


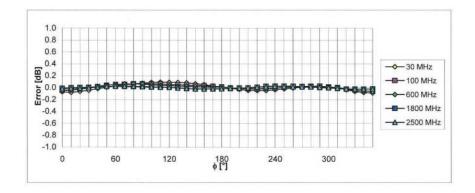


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# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$







Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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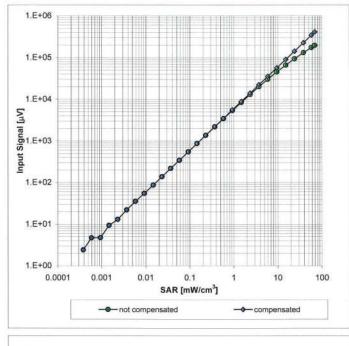


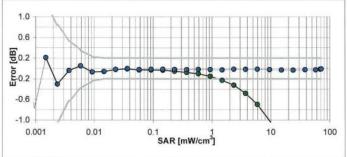


ET3DV6 SN:1380 December 11, 2009

# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>)

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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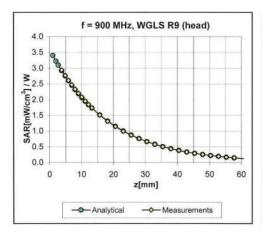
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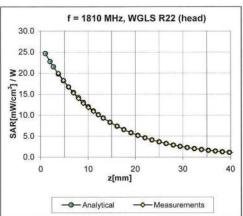




ET3DV6 SN:1380 December 11, 2009

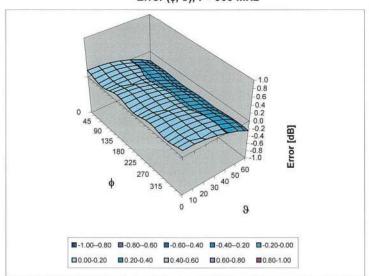
#### **Conversion Factor Assessment**





## **Deviation from Isotropy in HSL**

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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## **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm

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Client

**EMC Technologies** 

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D2450V2-724\_Dec08

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 724

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v7

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

December 10, 2008

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898)	Oct-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20g)	01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00864)	Jul-09
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00867)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3025	28-Apr-08 (No. ES3-3025_Apr08)	Apr-09
DAE4	SN: 601	14-Mar-08 (No. DAE4-601_Mar08)	Mar-09
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	to le
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	20 100

Issued: December 10, 2008

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#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### **Additional Documentation:**

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.9 ± 6 %	1.79 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1	normalized to 1W	52.0 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.17 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	24.7 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	24.4 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

#### **Appendix**

#### **Antenna Parameters with Head TSL**

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.8 $\Omega$ + 3.4 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 27.3 dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.151 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 16, 2002

Certificate No: D2450V2-724\_Dec08

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## **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

WLAN - FCC ID: PPD-AR5B97-F IC: 4104A-AR5B97

Date/Time: 10.12.2008 11:10:54

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN724

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.79$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 28.04.2008

Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

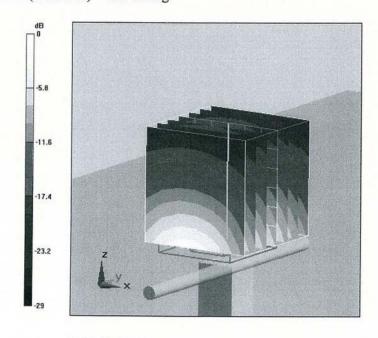
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.17 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 mW/g



0 dB = 15.7 mW/g

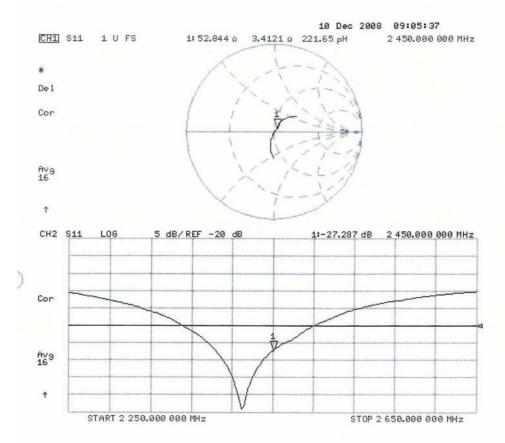
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## Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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