



**FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C &
INDUSTRY CANADA RSS-210
(Class II Permissive Change)**

TEST REPORT

For

AR5B197 2x2 802.11n - BT Combo Card

Trade Name: Atheros

Model: AR5B197

Issued to

**Qualcomm Atheros, Inc.
1700 Technology Dr San Jose California United States 95110**

Issued by

**Compliance Certification Services Inc.
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Issued Date: February 15, 2012



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Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Effect Page	Revised By
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1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant: Qualcomm Atheros, Inc.
 1700 Technology Dr San Jose California United States 95110

Manufacturer: Qualcomm Atheros, Inc.
 1700 Technology Dr San Jose California United States 95110

Equipment Under Test: AR5B197 2x2 802.11n - BT Combo Card

Trade Name: Atheros

Model Number: AR5B197

Date of Test: January 17 ~ February 15, 2012

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULT
FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C & Industry Canada RSS-210 Issue 8 December, 2010	No non-compliance noted

We hereby certify that:

The above equipment was tested by Compliance Certification Services Inc. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in **ANSI C63.4: 2003** and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 15.207, 15.209, 15.247.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample EUT identified in this report.

Approved by:

Reviewed by:

Jason Lin
 Section Manager
 Compliance Certification Services Inc.

Gina Lo
 Section Manager
 Compliance Certification Services Inc.



2. EUT DESCRIPTION

Product	AR5B197 2x2 802.11n - BT Combo Card
Trade Name	Atheros
Model Number	AR5B197
Model Discrepancy	N/A
Module Trade Name	Atheros
Module Model Number	AR5B197
Received Date	January 12, 2012
Power Supply	Power from host device.
Frequency Range	2402 ~ 2480 MHz
Transmit Power (Based on original grant)	0.002 W
Modulation Technique	GFSK for 1Mbps; $\pi/4$ -DQPSK for 2Mbps; 8DPSK for 3Mbps
Number of Channels	79 Channels
Antenna Specification	Main: 0.8 dBi, Aux.: -0.38 dBi
Antenna Designation	PIFA Antenna
Class II Permissive Change	<p>The product will be installed in the following models of notebooks/laptops: Model: IdeaPad Y480xxxx;20131xxxx;2093xxxx(x can be 0-9, a-z, A-Z, “-“or blank)</p> <p>All the specification and layout are identical except they come with different model numbers for marketing purpose.</p> <p>The product was installed in Notebook for model 20131 during the test.</p>

Remark: The sample selected for test was production product and was provided by manufacturer.



3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4: 2003 and FCC CFR 47 FCC CFR 47 Part 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247, RSS-GEN Issue 3, and RSS-210 Issue 8.

3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

3.2 EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with IC RSS-210, IC RSS-Gen, IC RSS-102, and ANSI C63.4: 2003.

3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4: 2003.



3.4 FCC PART 15.205 RESTRICTED BANDS OF OPERATIONS

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 -	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.52525	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	156.7 - 156.9	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.0125 - 167.17	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	167.72 - 173.2	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	240 - 285	3600 - 4400	(²)
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.



3.5 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT (model: AR5B197) had been tested under operating condition.

Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode was programmed.

Software used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode was programmed.

Output power setting under test are based on original grant.

After verification, all tests were carried out with the worst case test modes as shown below except radiated spurious emission below 1GHz and power line conducted emissions below 30MHz, which worst case was in normal link mode only.

BT 2.1 + EDR

Following channels were selected for the radiated emission testing only as listed below:

Tested Channel	Modulation Type	Packet Type	Date Rate
Low, Mid, High	GFSK	DH 5	1
Low, Mid, High	8DPSK	DH 5	3



4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

4.1 MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Equipment Used for Emissions Measurement

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year and Loop Antenna is scheduled for calibration once three years.

Conducted Emissions Test Site				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1012009	04/27/2012
Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0917072	04/27/2012

Wugu 966 Chamber A				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4446A	US42510252	11/02/2012
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100064	02/16/2013
Pre-Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZFL-1000LN	SF350700823	01/12/2013
Pre-Amplifier	MITEQ	AFS44-00102650-42-10P-44	1415367	11/19/2012
Bilog Antenna	Sunol Sciences	JB3	A030105	10/03/2012
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3117	00055165	01/11/2013
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3116	00026370	10/12/2012
Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	8905/2356	06/10/2013
Turn Table	CCS	CC-T-1F	N/A	N.C.R
Antenna Tower	CCS	CC-A-1F	N/A	N.C.R
Controller	CCS	CC-C-1F	N/A	N.C.R
Site NSA	CCS	N/A	N/A	12/25/2012
Test S/W	EZ-EMC (CCS-3A1RE)			

Conducted Emission room # A				
Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	101203	07/26/2012
LISN	R&S	ESH3-Z5	848773/014	12/07/2012
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-541	12/14/2012
Coaxial Cable	Commate	CFD300-NL	NA	12/07/2012
Test S/W	CCS-3A1-CE			



4.3 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Powerline Conducted Emission	+/- 1.2159
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 30M~200M	+/- 4.0138
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 200M~1000M	+/- 3.9483
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 1G~8G	+/- 2.5975
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 8G~18G	+/- 2.6112
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 18G~26G	+/- 2.7389
3M Semi Anechoic Chamber / 26G~40G	+/- 2.9683

Remark: This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.



5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at

No.11, Wu-Gong 6th Rd., Wugu Industrial Park, New Taipei City 248, Taiwan (R.O.C.)
Tel: 886-2-2299-9720 / Fax: 886-2-2298-4045

No.139, Wugong Rd., Wugu Industrial Park, New Taipei City 248, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.




Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."



5.3 TABLE OF ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Country	Agency	Scope of Accreditation	Logo
USA	FCC	3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (FCC MRA: TW1039) to perform FCC Part 15 measurements	 FCC MRA: TW1039
Taiwan	TAF	LP0002, RTTE01, FCC Method-47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C, D, E, RSS-210, RSS-310 IDA TS SRD, AS/NZS 4268, AS/NZS 4771, TS 12.1 & 12.2, ETSI EN 300 440-1, ETSI EN 300 440-2, ETSI EN 300 328, ETSI EN 300 220-1, ETSI EN 300 220-2, ETSI EN 301 893, ETSI EN 301 489-1/3/7/17 FCC OET Bulletin 65 + Supplement C, EN 50360, EN 50361, EN 50371, RSS 102, EN 50383, EN 50385, EN 50392, IEC 62209, CNS 14958-1, CNS 14959 FCC Method -47 CFR Part 15 Subpart B IEC / EN 61000-3-2, IEC / EN 61000-3-3, IEC / EN 61000-4-2/3/4/5/6/8/11	
Canada	Industry Canada	3M Semi Anechoic Chamber (IC 2324G-1 / IC 2324G-2) to perform	 IC 2324G-1 IC 2324G-2

* No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by A2LA or any agency of the US Government.



6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

6.1 SETUP CONFIGURATION OF EUT

See test photographs attached in Appendix II for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

6.2 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

No.	Equipment	Trade Name	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	LCD Monitor	DELL	2408WFPb	CN-OG293H-7426 1-95M-1KGS	FCC DoC	Shielded, 1.8m with 2 cores	Unshielded, 1.8m
2.	LCD Monitor	DELL	3008WFP	CN-0XK290-71618 -846-169L	FCC DoC	Unshielded, 1.8m	Shielded, 1.8m
3.	1TB 3.5" HDD	Buffalo	HD-HX1.0TU3-AP	15564891207204	FCC DoC	Shielded, 1m	N/A
4.	1TB 3.5" HDD	Buffalo	HD-HX1.0TU3-AP	15564891208089	FCC DoC	Shielded, 1m	N/A
5.	1TB 3.5" HDD	Buffalo	HD-HX1.0TU3-AP	15564891207167	FCC DoC	Shielded, 1m	N/A
6.	Multimedia Earphone	Ergotech	ET-E220	N/A	FCC DoC	Unshielded, 1.8m*2	N/A
7.	USB Mouse	DELL	MO56UO	408031121	FCC DoC	Shielded, 1.8m	N/A
8.	Notebook PC (Remote)	HP	dv6-1332TX	CNF9491GPS	PD9112BNHU	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core
9.	Notebook PC (Remote)	HP	dv6-1332TX	CNF9491GM9	PD9112BNHU	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.8m DC O/P: Unshielded, 1.8m with a core

Remark:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.



7. APPLICABLE RULES

RSS-210 §2 General Certification Requirements and Specifications

RSS-210 §2.1 RSS-Gen Compliance

In addition to RSS-210, the requirements in RSS-Gen, *General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus*, must be met.

RSS-210 §2.2 Emissions Falling Within Restricted Frequency Bands

Category I licence-exempt equipment is required to comply with the provisions in RSS-Gen with respect to emissions falling within restricted frequency bands. These restricted frequency bands are listed in RSS-Gen.

RSS-210 §2.3 Receivers

Category I equipment receivers for use with transmitters subject to RSS-210 must comply with the applicable requirements set out in RSS-Gen and be certified under RSS-210. Category II equipment receivers for use with transmitters subject to RSS-210 are exempt from certification, but are subject to compliance with RSS-Gen and RSS-310.

RSS-210 §2.5 General Field Strength Limits

RSS-Gen includes the general field strength limits of unwanted emissions, where applicable, for transmitters and receivers operating in accordance with the provisions specified in this standard. Unwanted emissions of transmitters and receivers are permitted to fall within the restricted bands listed in RSS-Gen, and including the TV bands, but fundamental emissions are prohibited in the restricted bands.

RSS-210 §2.5.1 Transmitters with Wanted Emissions that are Within the General Field Strength Limits

Whether or not their operation is addressed by published RSS standards, transmitters whose wanted and unwanted emissions are within the general field strength limits shown in RSS-Gen, they may operate in any of the frequency bands, other than the restricted bands listed in RSS-Gen and including the TV bands, and shall be certified under RSS-210. Under no conditions may the level of any unwanted emissions exceed the level of the fundamental emission.

Note: Devices operating below 490 kHz in which all emissions are at least 40 dB below the limit listed in RSS-Gen (*General Field Strength Limits for Transmitters at Frequencies below 30 MHz*) are Category II devices and are subject to RSS-310.



RSS-210 §2.7 Tables

RSS-210 §Annex 8: Frequency Hopping and Digital Modulation Systems Operating in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz Bands

This section applies to systems that employ frequency hopping (FH) and digital modulation technology in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. Systems in these bands may employ frequency hopping, digital modulation and or a combination (hybrid) of both techniques.

A frequency hopping system that synchronizes with another or several other systems (to avoid frequency collision among them) via off-air sensing or via connecting cables is not hopping randomly and therefore is not in compliance with RSS-210.

RSS-210 §A8.1 Frequency Hopping Systems

Frequency hopping systems are spread spectrum systems in which the carrier is modulated with coded information in a conventional manner causing a conventional spreading of the RF energy about the carrier frequency. The frequency of the carrier is not fixed but changes at fixed intervals under the direction of a coded sequence.

Frequency hopping systems are not required to employ all available hopping frequencies during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream.

Incorporation of intelligence into a frequency hopping system that enables it to recognize other users of the band and to avoid occupied frequencies is permitted, provided that the frequency hopping system does it individually, and independently chooses or adapts its hopset. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

The following applies to frequency hopping systems in each of the three bands.

(a) The bandwidth of a frequency hopping channel is the 20 dB emission bandwidth, measured with the hopping stopped. The system RF bandwidth is equal to the channel bandwidth multiplied by the number of channels in the hopset. The hopset shall be such that the near term distribution of frequencies appears random, with sequential hops randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change in the hopset while the long term distribution appears evenly distributed.



(b) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125 W. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(d) Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 hopping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Transmissions on particular hopping frequencies may be avoided or suppressed provided that a minimum of 15 hopping channels are used.

RSS-210 §A8.2 Digital Modulation Systems

These include systems employing digital modulation techniques resulting in spectral characteristics similar to direct sequence systems. The following applies to all three bands.

RSS-210 §A8.4 Transmitter Output Power and e.i.r.p. Requirements

(4) For systems employing digital modulation techniques operating in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands, the maximum peak conducted power shall not exceed 1 W. Except as provided in Section A8.4(5), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power (see RSS-Gen)

(5) Point-to-point systems in the bands 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz are permitted to have an e.i.r.p. higher than 4 W, provided that the higher e.i.r.p. is achieved by employing higher gain directional antennas and not higher transmitter output powers. Point-to-multipoint systems, omni-directional applications and multiple co-located transmitters transmitting the same information are prohibited from exceeding 4 W e.i.r.p. However, remote stations of point-to-multipoint systems shall be allowed to operate at greater than 4 W e.i.r.p. under the same conditions as for point-to-point systems.

Note: "Fixed, point-to-point operation", excludes point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications and multiple co-located transmitters transmitting the same information.



RSS-210 §A8.5 Out-of-band Emissions

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section A8.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Tables 2 and 3 is not required.

RSS-Gen §2 General Information

RSS-Gen §2.1.2 Category II Equipment

Category II equipment comprises radio devices where a standard has been prescribed but for which a TAC is not required, that is, equipment certification by Industry Canada or a Certification Body (CB) is not required (certification exempt), pursuant to subsection 4(3) of the Radiocommunication Act. The manufacturer or importer shall nevertheless ensure that the standards are complied with. A test report shall be available on request and the device shall be properly labelled.

RSS-Gen §2.2 Receivers

Receivers that are used for radiocommunication other than broadcasting are defined as Category I equipment or Category II equipment, subject to compliance with applicable Industry Canada standards.

Receivers shall be capable of operation only with transmitters for which RSSs are published. Receivers are classified as described in sections 2.2.1 and 2.2.2.

RSS-Gen §2.2.1 Category I Equipment Receivers

A receiver is classified as Category I equipment if it meets one of the following conditions:

- (a) a stand-alone receiver (see Note 1, below), which operates on any frequency in the band 30-960 MHz, and is used for the reception of signals in that frequency band from a transmitter classified as Category I equipment;
- (b) a Citizen's Band (CB) receiver (26.96-27.410 MHz);
- (c) a scanner receiver.

Note 1: A *stand-alone receiver* is defined as any receiver that is not permanently combined together with a transmitter in a single case (transceiver), in which it functions as the receiver component of the transceiver.

Receivers classified as Category I equipment shall comply with the limits for receiver spurious emissions set out in RSS-Gen; however, equipment certification is granted under the applicable RSS standard along with the associated transmitter classified as Category I equipment. Scanner receivers are covered under their own specific RSS.

RSS-Gen §2.2.2 Category II Equipment Receivers

A receiver is classified as Category II equipment if it does not meet any of the conditions of Section 2.2.1.

Category II receivers shall comply with the applicable testing, labelling and user manual requirements in RSS-310.



RSS-Gen §2.2.3 Licence-exempt Receivers

Certain types of radio apparatus are permitted to operate without licensing from Industry Canada. These are typically low output power devices that are intended primarily for consumer or commercial applications; however, some are intended for applications in law enforcement, medical and other specialized applications.

Licence-exempt radio apparatus shares spectrum with licensed radio services and must operate on a no-interference, no-protection basis. Licence-exempt radio apparatus may not cause radio interference to, and cannot claim protection from interference caused by, licensed radio services.

General requirements for licence-exempt radio apparatus are contained in Section 7.

RSS-Gen §5.6 Exposure of Humans to RF Fields

Category I and Category II equipment shall comply with the applicable requirements of RSS-102.

RSS-Gen §6 Receiver Spurious Emission Standard

Receivers shall comply with the limits of spurious emissions set out in this section, measured over the frequency range determined in accordance with Section 4.10.

RSS-Gen §6.1 Radiated Limits

Radiated spurious emission measurements shall be performed with the receiver antenna connected to the receiver antenna terminals.

Spurious emissions from receivers shall not exceed the radiated limits shown in the table below:

RSS-Gen Table 2 - Spurious Emission Limits for Receivers

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength microvolts/m at 3 metres
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960	500

*Measurements for compliance with limits in the above table may be performed at distances other than 3 metres, in accordance with Section 7.2.7.



RSS- Gen Table 3: Restricted Frequency Bands ^(Note)

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	8.37625-8.38675	--	1718.8-1722.2	9.0-9.2
--	8.41425-8.41475	156.52475-156.52525	2200-2300	9.3-9.5
2.1735-2.1905	12.29-12.293	156.7-156.9	2310-2390	10.6-12.7
3.020-3.026	12.51975-12.52025	--	--	13.25-13.4
4.125-4.128	12.57675-12.57725	--	2655-2900	14.47-14.5
4.17725-4.17775	13.36-13.41	240-285	3260-3267	15.35-16.2
4.20725-4.20775	16.42-16.423	322-335.4	3332-3339	17.7-21.4
5.677-5.683	16.69475-16.69525	399.9-410	3345.8-3358	22.01-23.12
6.215-6.218	16.80425-16.80475	608-614	3500-4400	23.6-24.0
6.26775-6.26825	25.5-25.67	960-1427	4500-5150	31.2-31.8
6.31175-6.31225	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	5350-5460	36.43-36.5
8.291-8.294	73-74.6; 74.8-75.2	1645.5-1646.5	7250-7750	Above 38.6
8.362-8.366	108-138	1660-1710	8025-8500	

Note: Certain frequency bands listed in Table 2 and above 38.6 GHz are designated for low-power licence-exempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to the devices are set out in this Standard as well as RSS-310.

RSS- Gen Table 5: General Field Strength Limits for Transmitters at Frequencies Above 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolt/m at 3 metres)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960	500

Note: Transmitting devices are not permitted in Table 1 bands or, unless stated otherwise, in TV bands(54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz, 470-608 MHz and 614-806 MHz).



RSS- Gen Table 6: General Field Strength Limits for Transmitters at Frequencies Below 30 MHz (Transmit)

Frequency (fundamental or spurious)	Field Strength (microvolts/m)	Magnetic H-Field (microamperes/m)	Measurement Distance (metres)
9-490 kHz	2,400/F (F in kHz)	2,400/377F (F in Hz)	300
490-1.705 kHz	24,000/F (F in kHz)	24,000/377F (F in kHz)	30
1.705-30 MHz	30	N/A	30

Note: The emission limits for the bands 9-90 kHz and 110-490 kHz are based on measurements employing an average detector.



RSS-Gen §7.1.2 Transmitter Antenna

A transmitter can only be sold or operated with antennas with which it was approved. Transmitter may be approved with multiple antenna types. An antenna type comprises antennas having similar in-band and out-of-band radiation patterns. Testing shall be performed using the highest gain antenna of each combination of transmitter and antenna type for which approval is being sought, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. Any antenna of the same type having equal or lesser gain as an antenna that had been successfully tested with the transmitter, will also be considered approved with the transmitter, and may be used and marketed with the transmitter. For Category I transmitters, the manufacturer shall include with the application for certification a list of acceptable antenna types to be used with the transmitter.

When a measurement at the antenna connector is used to determine RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on measurement or on data from the antenna manufacturer.

For transmitters of RF output power of 10 milliwatts or less, only the portion of the antenna gain that is in excess of 6 dBi (6 dB above isotropic gain) shall be added to the measured RF output power to demonstrate compliance with the radiated power limits specified in the applicable standard. For transmitters of output power greater than 10 milliwatts, the total antenna gain shall be added to the measured RF output power to demonstrate compliance to the specified radiated power limits. User manuals for transmitters shall display the following notice in a conspicuous location:

Under Industry Canada regulations, this radio transmitter may only operate using an antenna of a type and maximum (or lesser) gain approved for the transmitter by Industry Canada. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that necessary for successful communication.

The above notice may be affixed to the device instead of displayed in the user manual.

User manuals for transmitters equipped with detachable antennas shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter (identify the device by certification number, or model number if Category II) has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types approved for use with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and required impedance for each.



RSS-Gen §7.2.4 Transmitter and Receiver AC Power Lines Conducted Emission Limits

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply, either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in the table below. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.

The conducted emissions shall be measured with a 50 ohm/50 microhenry line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

RSS-Gen Table 4 – AC Power Line Conducted Emission Limits

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

**Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.*



8. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS & RSS 210 REQUIREMENTS

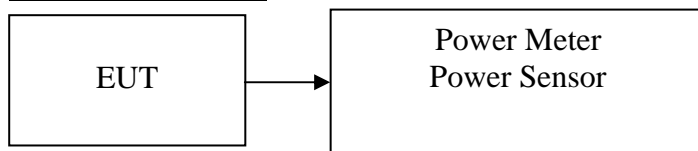
8.1 PEAK POWER

LIMIT

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. According to §15.247(a)(1) & RSS-210 §A8.4(2) , Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
2. According to §15.247(b)(3) & RSS 210 §A8.4(4),, for systems using digital modulation in the bands of 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz: 1 Watt.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Power Meter. The Power Meter is set to the peak power detection.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.



Test Data

For GFSK / DH5

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2402	0.58	0.001143	0.125	PASS
Mid	2441	0.94	0.001242		PASS
High	2480	0.87	0.001222		PASS

For 8DPSK / DH5

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Limit (W)	Result
Low	2402	2.22	0.001667	0.125	PASS
Mid	2441	2.66	0.001845		PASS
High	2480	2.73	0.001875		PASS



8.2 BAND EDGES MEASUREMENT

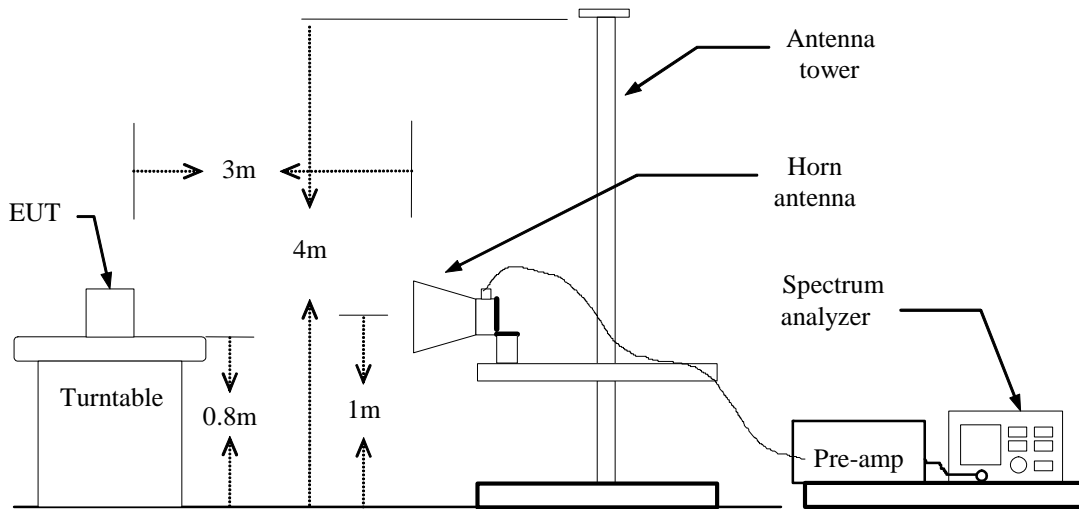
LIMIT

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to RSS-210 §A8.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section A8.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Tables 2 and 3 is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands of Table 1 must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Tables 2 and 3.



Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above the ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting in order to capture the lower and upper band-edges of the emission:
 - (a) PEAK: RBW =1MHz, VBW =3MHz / Sweep=AUTO
 - (b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
5. Repeat the procedures until all the PEAK and AVERAGE versus POLARIZATION are measured.

TEST RESULTS

Refer to attach spectrum analyzer data chart.

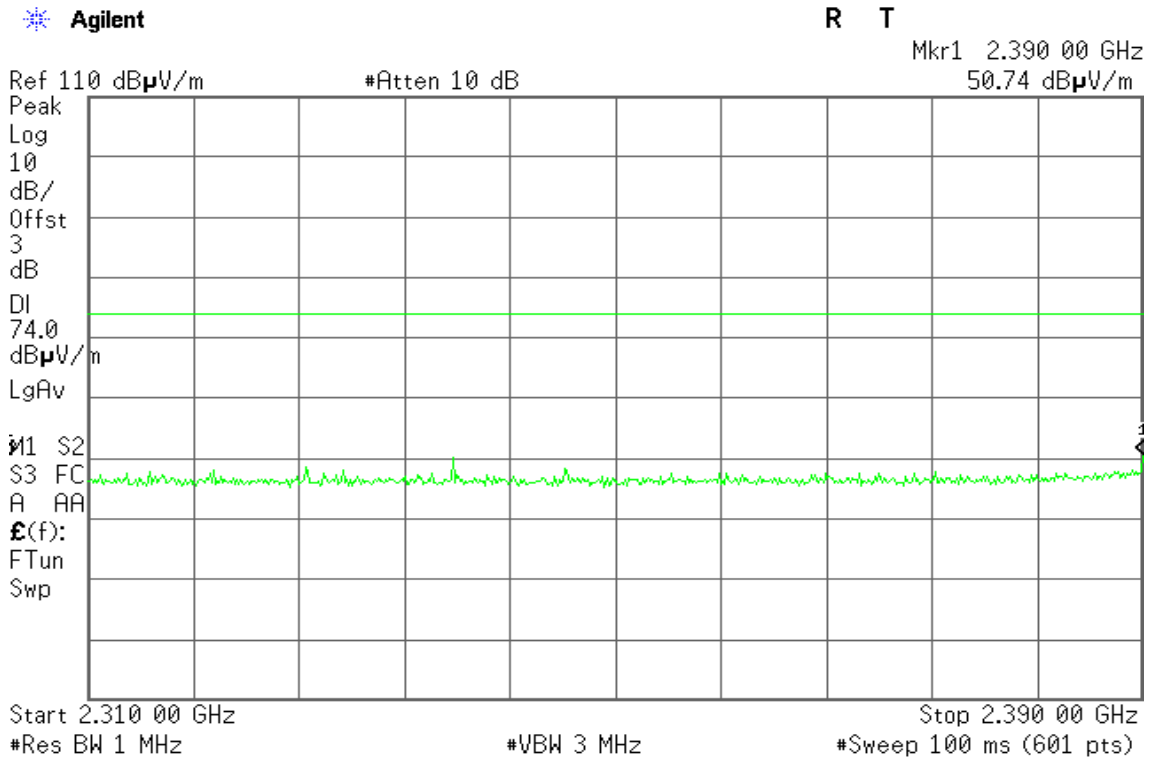


For GFSK / DH5

Band Edges (CH Low)

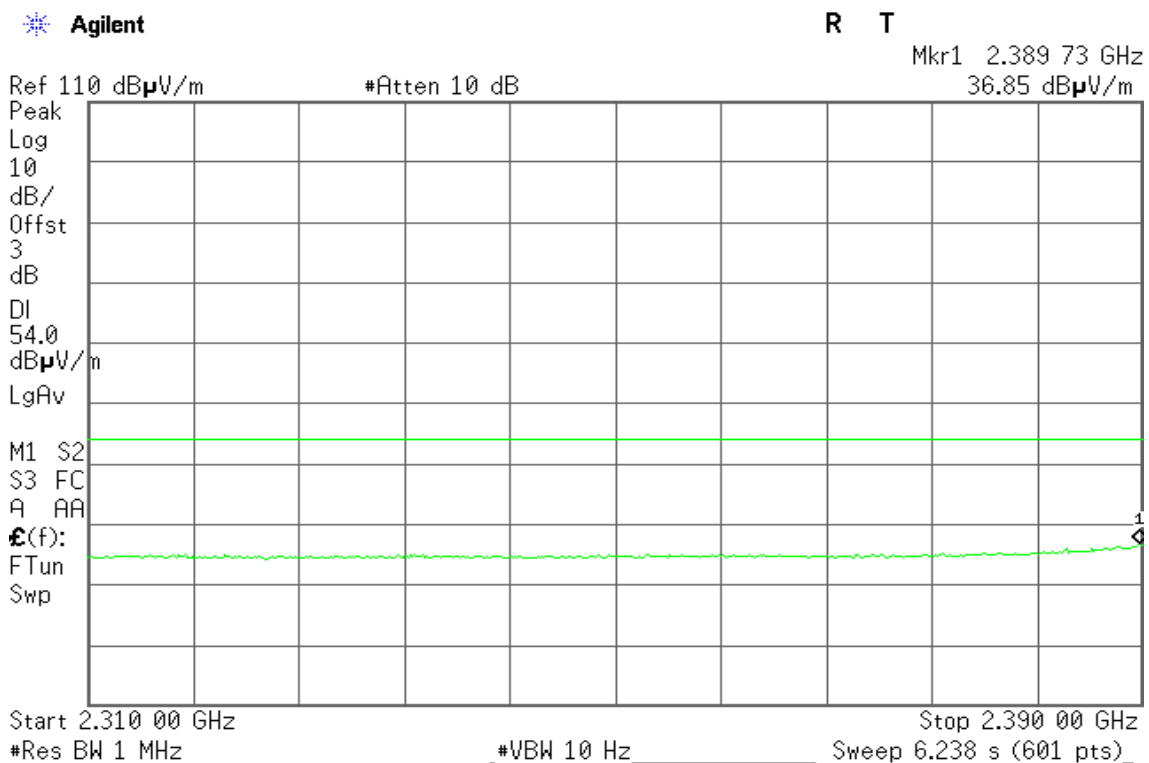
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Vertical





Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal

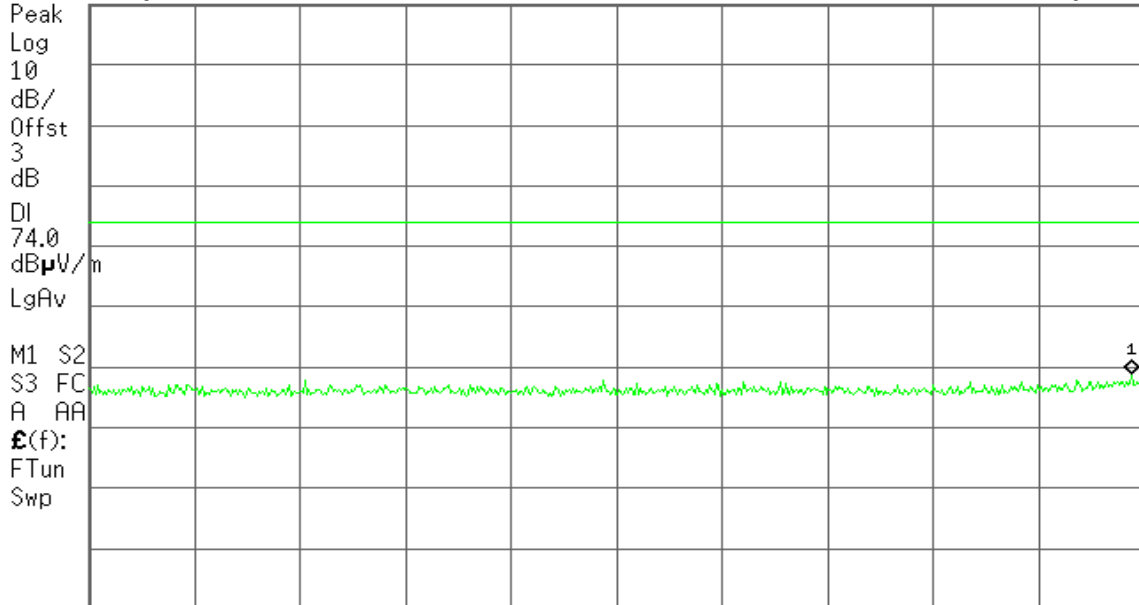
Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.389 07 GHz
48.95 dBµV/m

Ref 110 dBµV/m

#Atten 10 dB



Start 2.310 00 GHz

Stop 2.390 00 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 3 MHz

#Sweep 100 ms (601 pts)

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

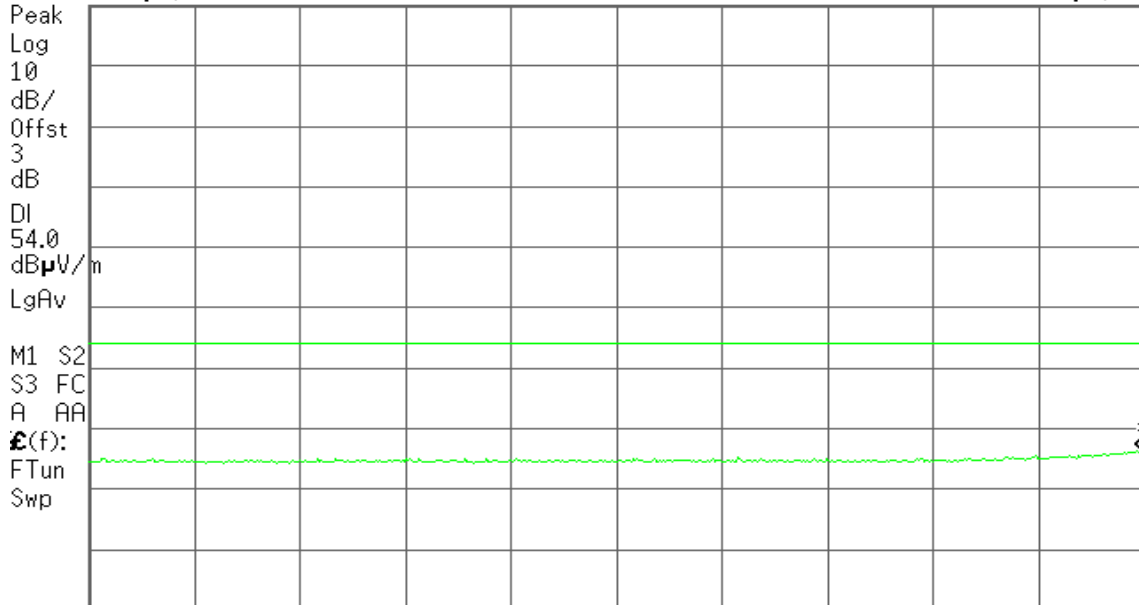
Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.389 87 GHz
36.24 dBµV/m

Ref 110 dBµV/m

#Atten 10 dB



Start 2.310 00 GHz

Stop 2.390 00 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 10 Hz

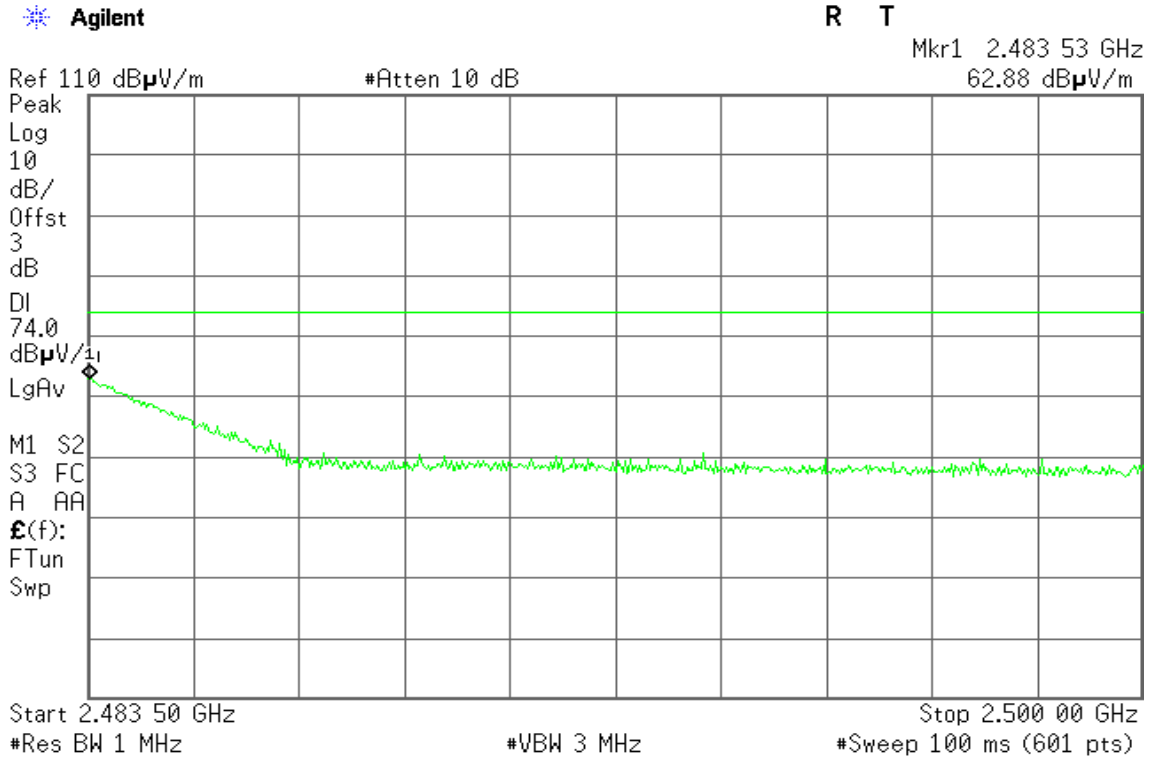
Sweep 6.238 s (601 pts)



Band Edges (CH High)

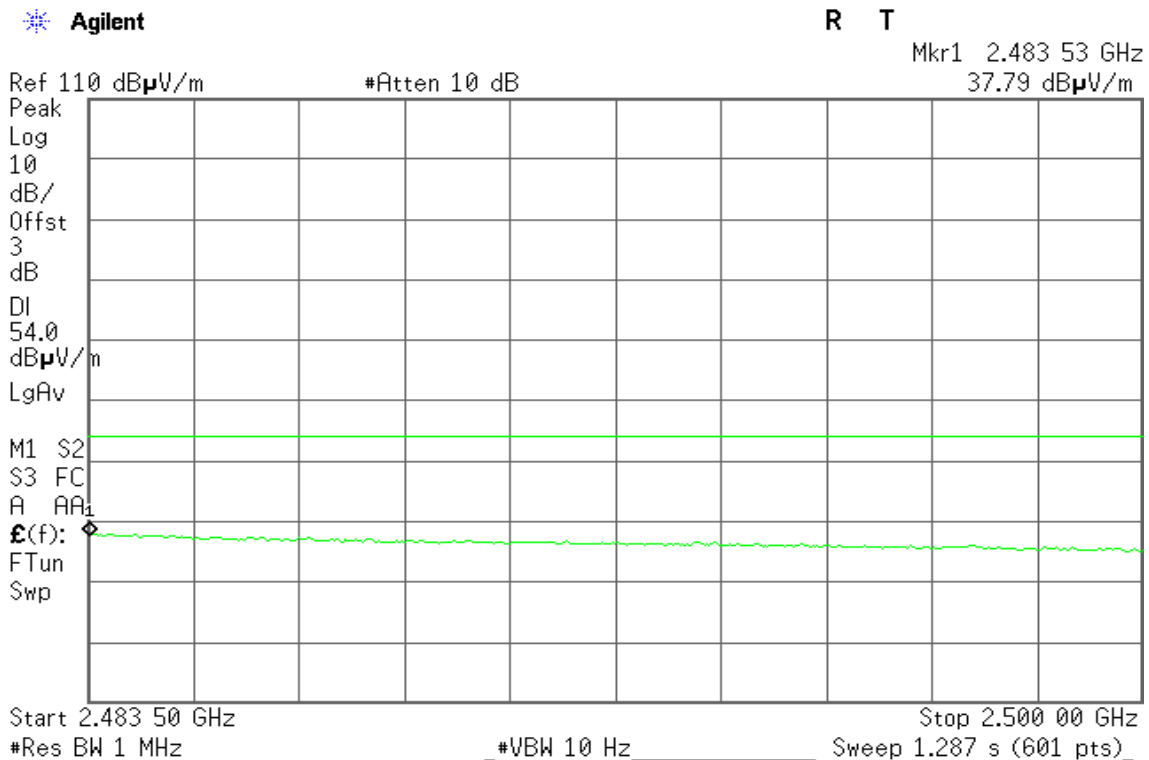
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Vertical





Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal

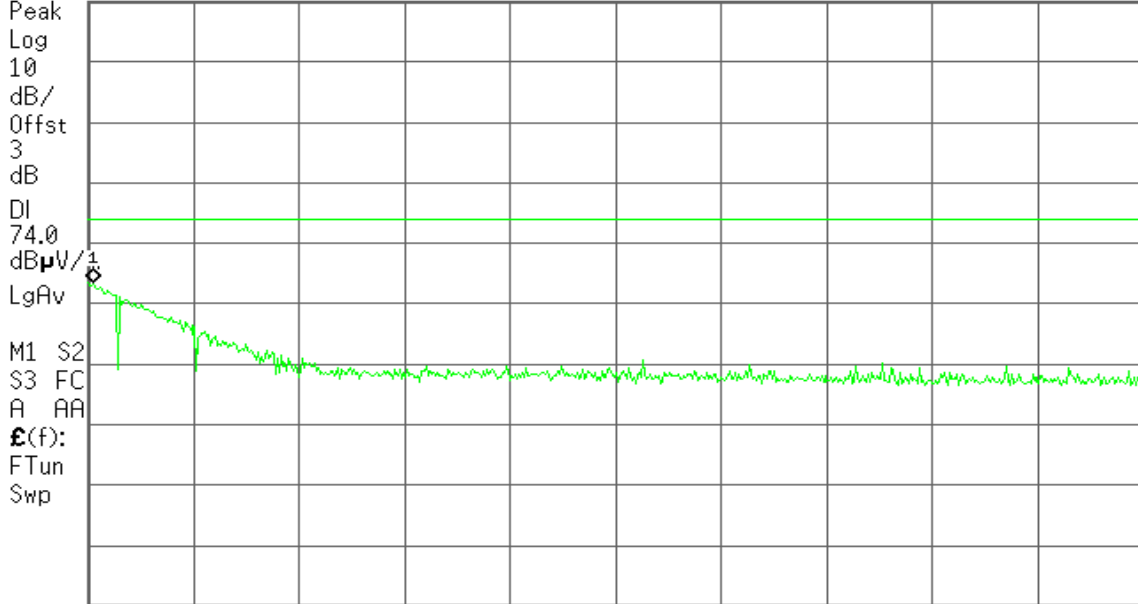
Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.483 58 GHz
63.43 dBµV/m

Ref 110 dBµV/m

#Atten 10 dB



Start 2.483 50 GHz

Stop 2.500 00 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 3 MHz

#Sweep 100 ms (601 pts)

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

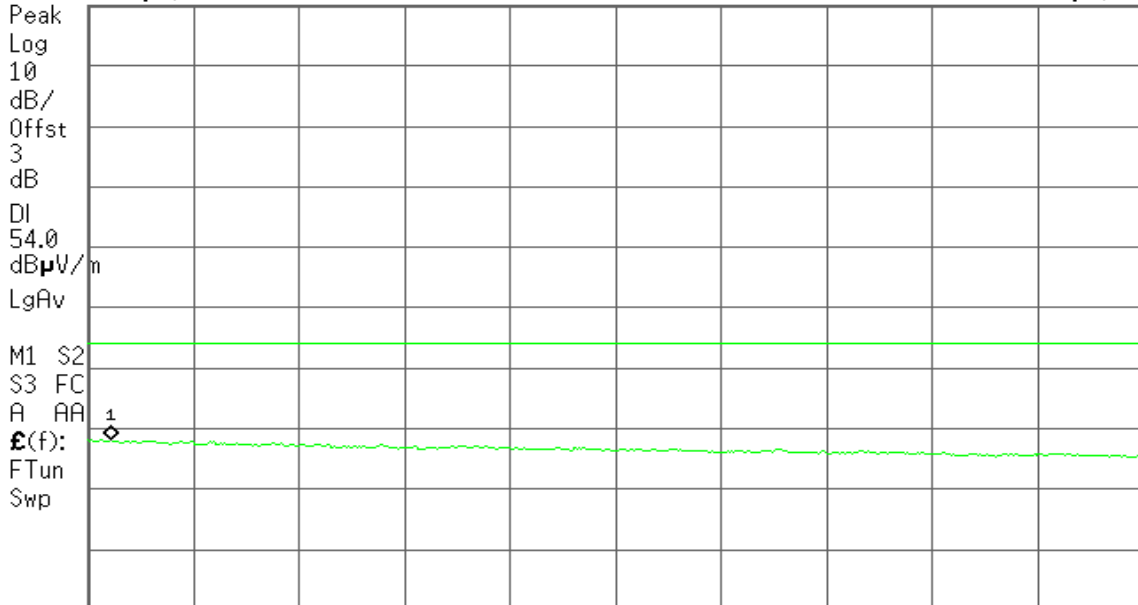
Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.483 86 GHz
38.11 dBµV/m

Ref 110 dBµV/m

#Atten 10 dB



Start 2.483 50 GHz

Stop 2.500 00 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 10 Hz

Sweep 1.287 s (601 pts)

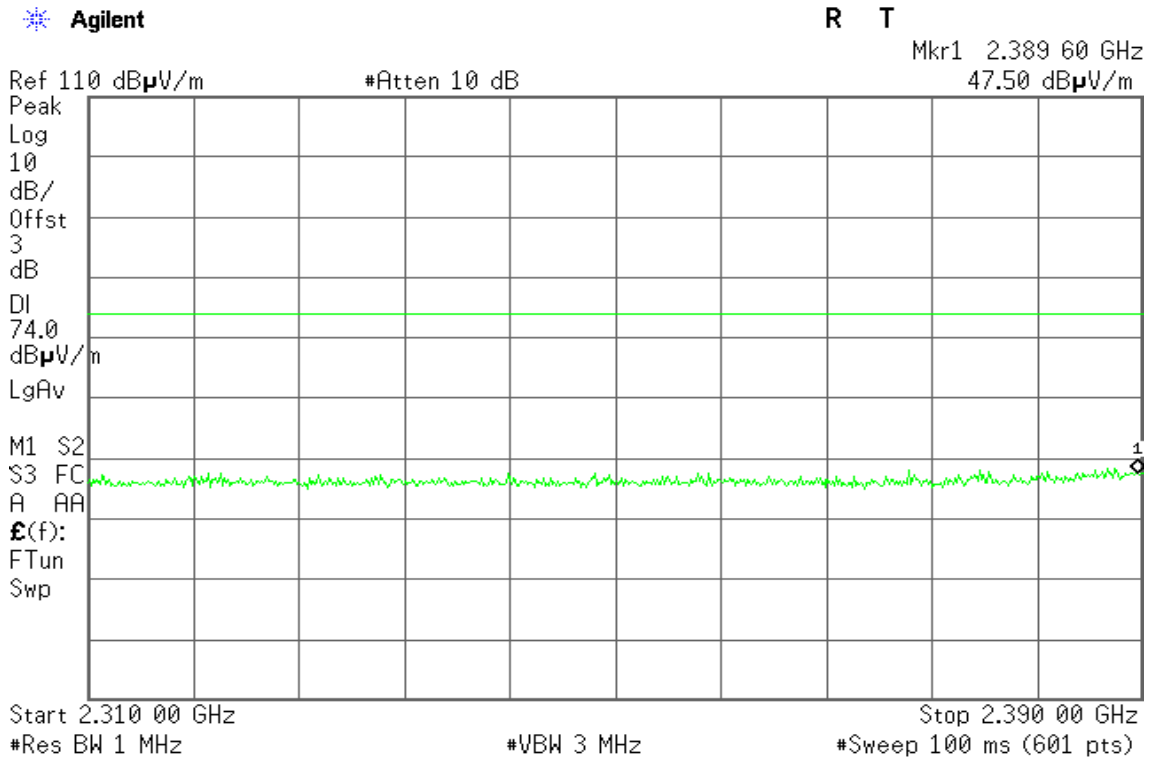


For 8DPSK / DH5

Band Edges (CH Low)

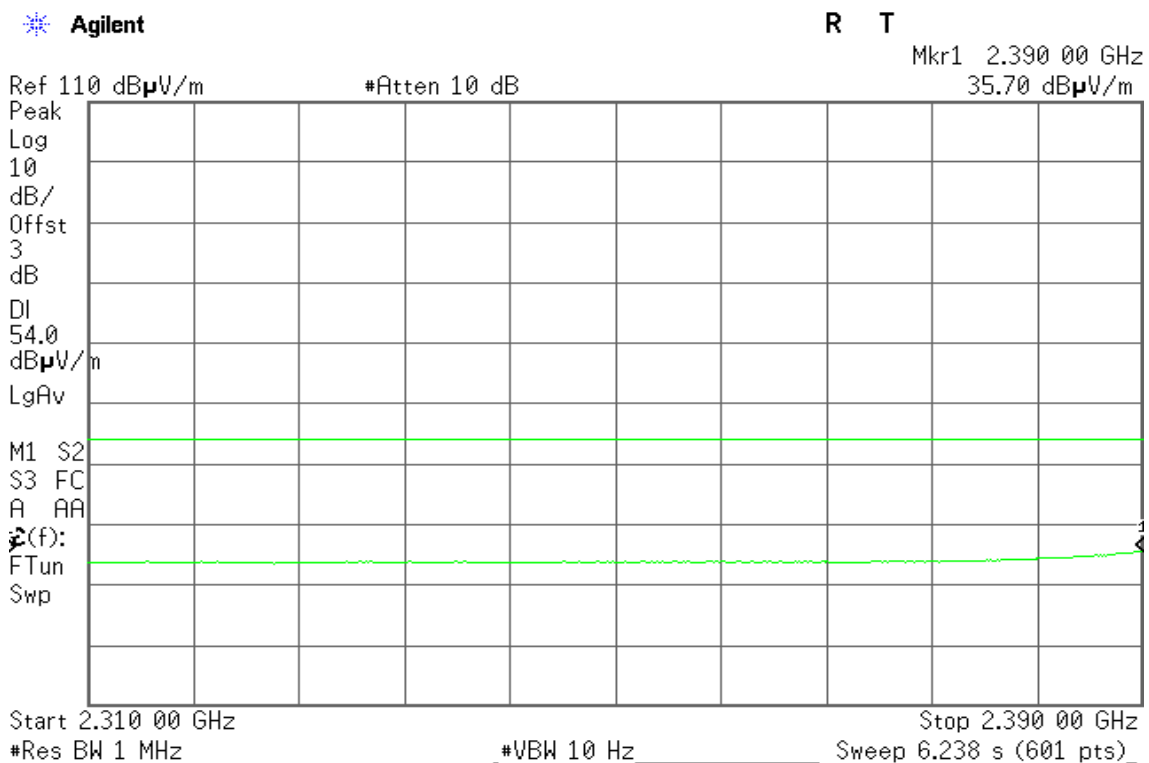
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Vertical





Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal

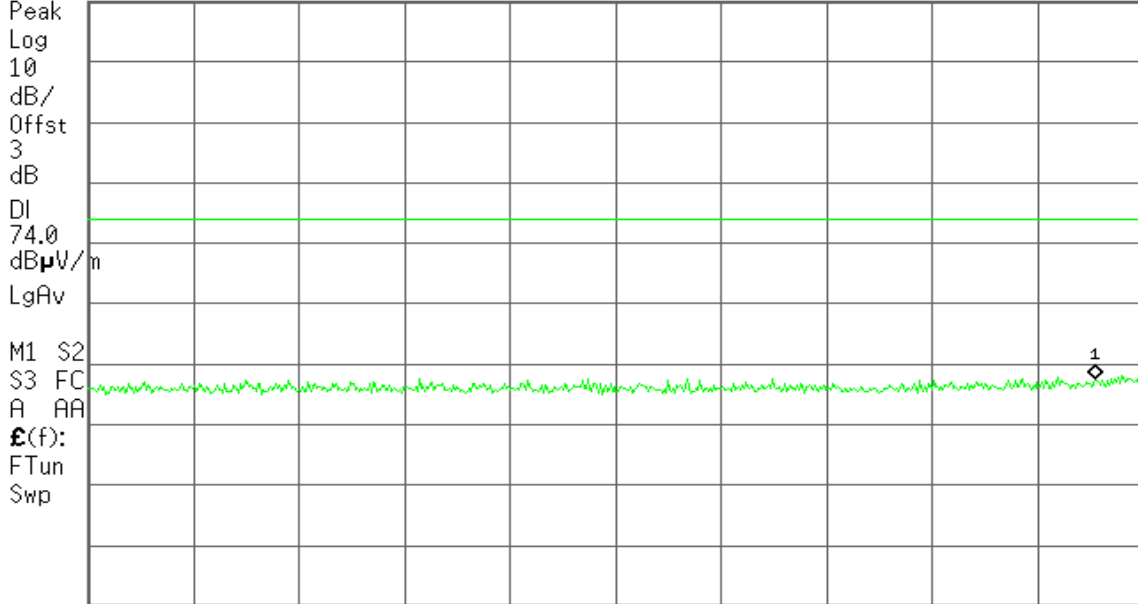
Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.386 40 GHz
47.68 dBµV/m

Ref 110 dBµV/m

#Atten 10 dB



Start 2.310 00 GHz

Stop 2.390 00 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 3 MHz

#Sweep 100 ms (601 pts)

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

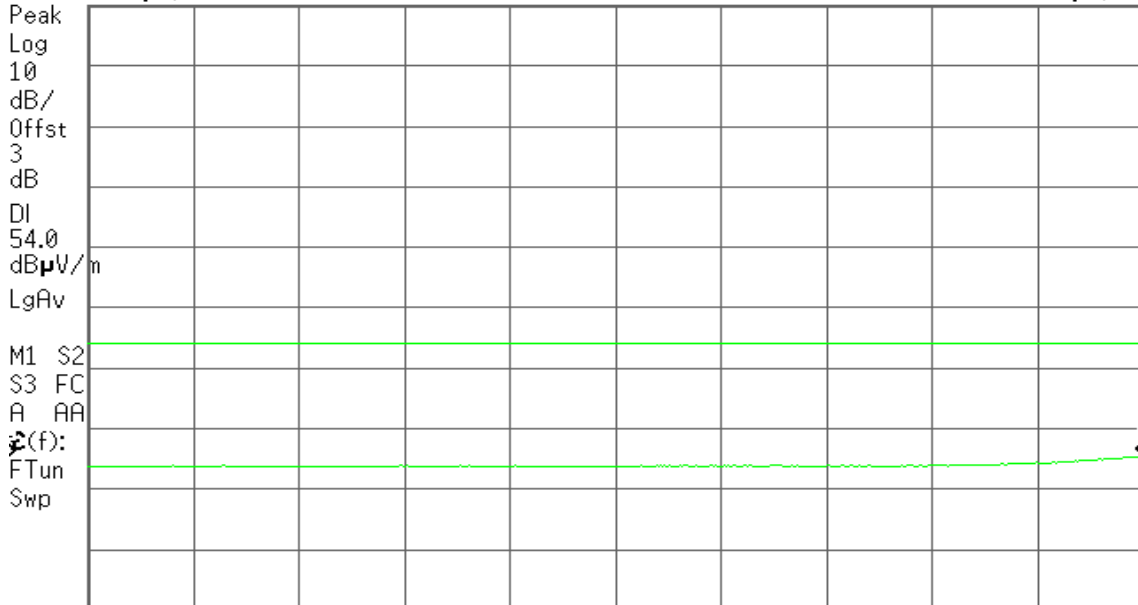
Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.390 00 GHz
35.59 dBµV/m

Ref 110 dBµV/m

#Atten 10 dB



Start 2.310 00 GHz

Stop 2.390 00 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 10 Hz

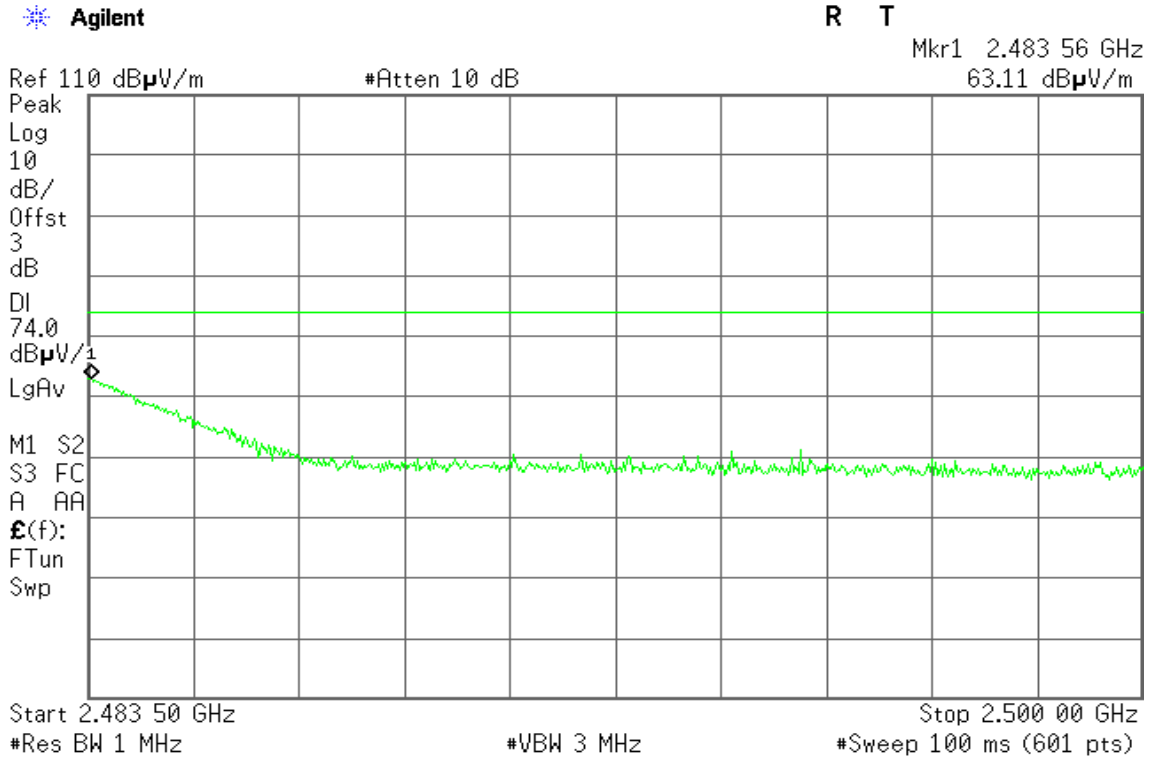
Sweep 6.238 s (601 pts)



Band Edges (CH High)

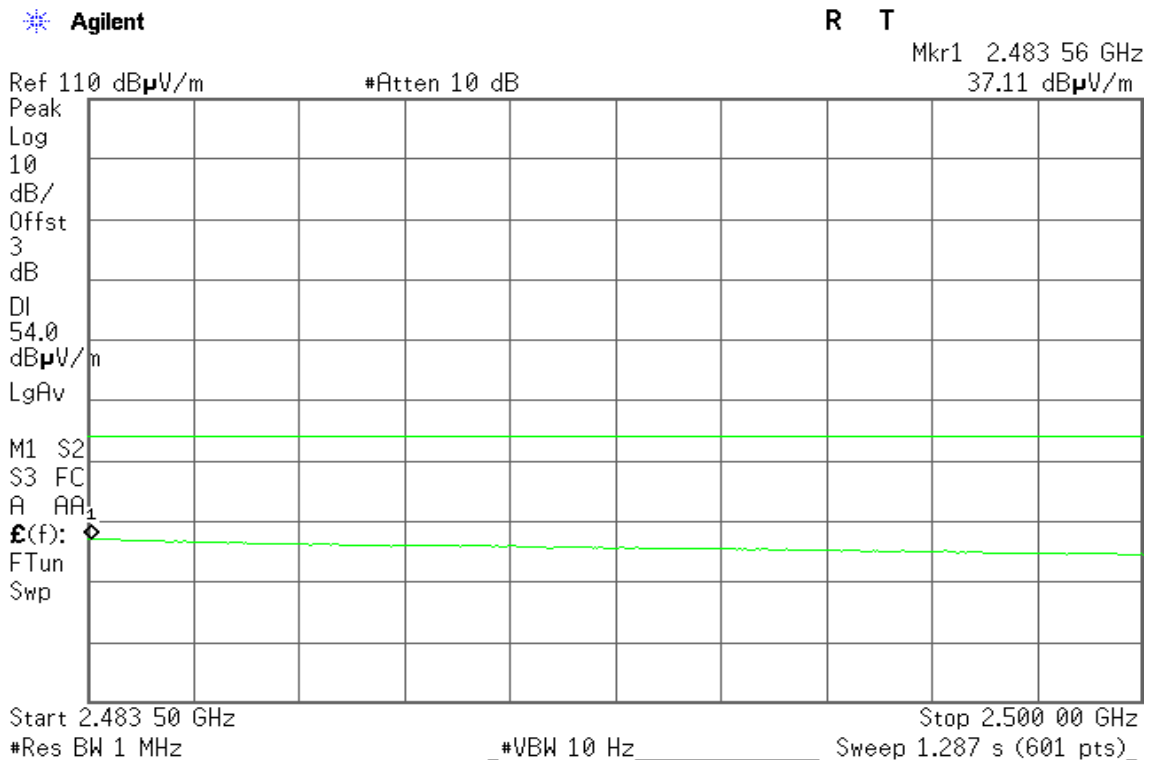
Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Vertical



Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Vertical





Detector mode: Peak

Polarity: Horizontal

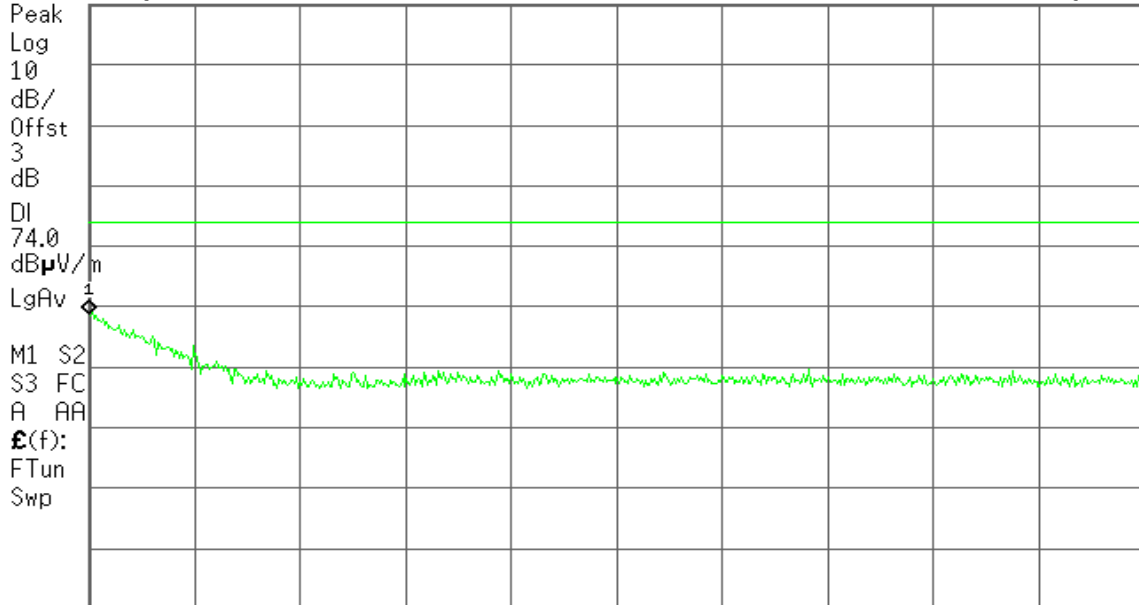
Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.483 50 GHz
58.86 dBµV/m

Ref 110 dBµV/m

#Atten 10 dB



Start 2.483 50 GHz

Stop 2.500 00 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 3 MHz

#Sweep 100 ms (601 pts)

Detector mode: Average

Polarity: Horizontal

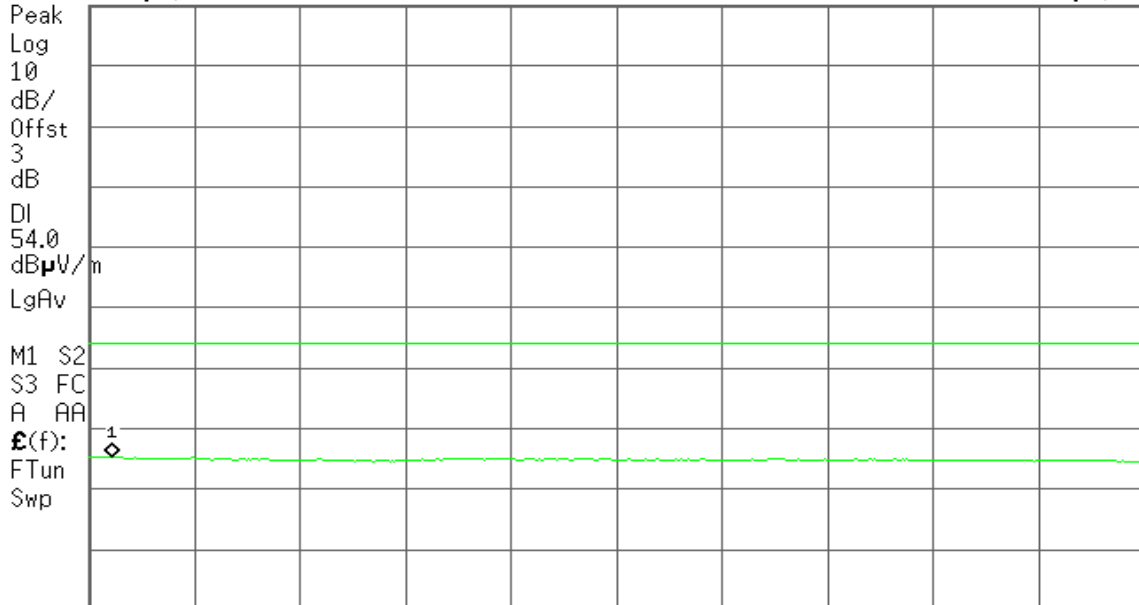
Agilent

R T

Mkr1 2.483 86 GHz
35.44 dBµV/m

Ref 110 dBµV/m

#Atten 10 dB



Start 2.483 50 GHz

Stop 2.500 00 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 10 Hz

Sweep 1.287 s (601 pts)_



8.3 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

8.3.1 Radiated Emissions

LIMIT

All spurious emissions shall comply with the limits of §15.209(a) and RSS-Gen Table 2 & Table 5.

RSS-Gen Table 2 & Table 5: General Field Strength Limits for Transmitters and Receivers at Frequencies Above 30 MHz ^(Note)

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength microvolts/m at 3 metres (watts, e.i.r.p.)	
	Transmitters	Receivers
30-88	100 (3 nW)	100 (3 nW)
88-216	150 (6.8 nW)	150 (6.8 nW)
216-960	200 (12 nW)	200 (12 nW)
Above 960	500 (75 nW)	500 (75 nW)

Note: *Measurements for compliance with limits in the above table may be performed at distances other than 3 metres, in accordance with Section 7.2.7.

Transmitting devices are not permitted in Table 1 bands or, unless stated otherwise, in TV bands (54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz, 470-608 MHz and 614-806 MHz).

RSS-Gen Table 6: General Field Strength Limits for Transmitters at Frequencies Below 30 MHz (Transmit)

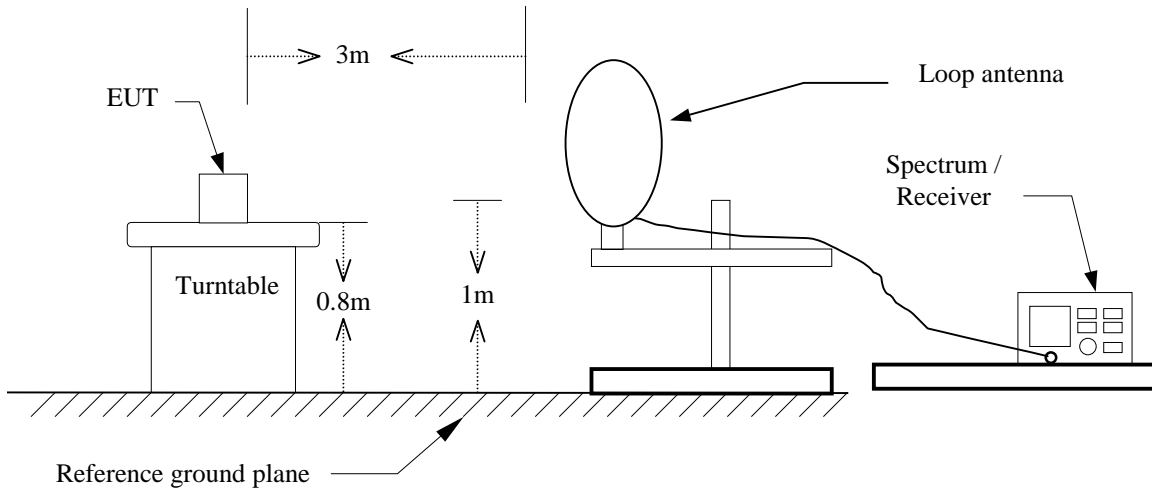
Frequency	Field Strength (microvolts/m)	Magnetic H-Field (microamperes/m)	Measurement Distance (metres)
9-490 kHz	2,400/F (F in kHz)	2,400/377F (F in kHz)	3000
490-1,705 kHz	24,000/F (F in kHz)	24,000/377F (F in kHz)	30
1.705-30 MHz	30	N/A	30

Note: The emission limits for the bands 9-90 kHz and 110-490 kHz are based on measurements employing an average detector.

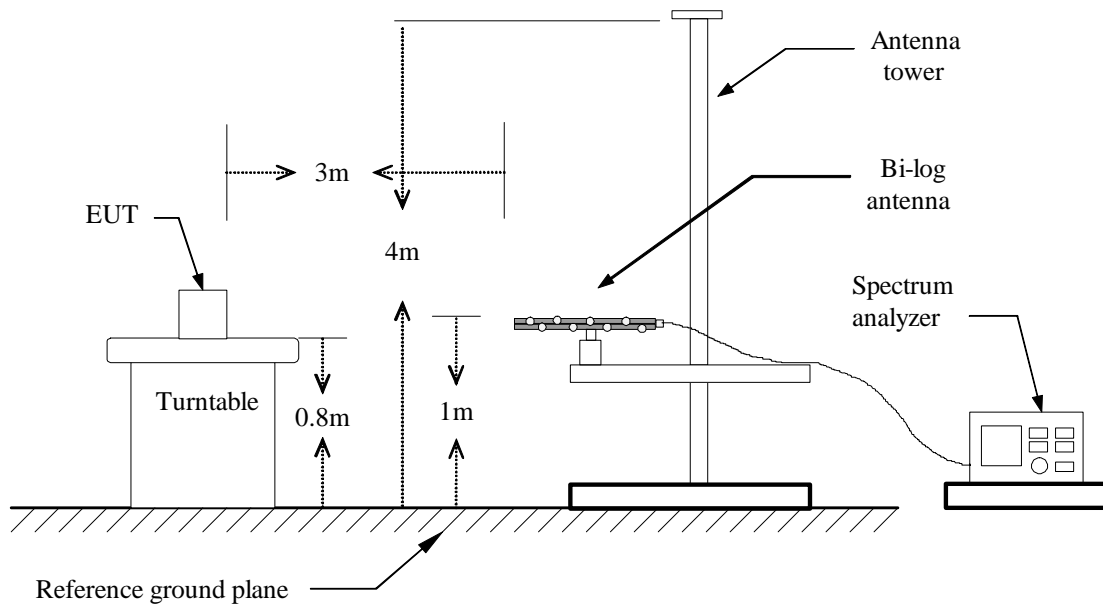


Test Configuration

9kHz ~ 30MHz

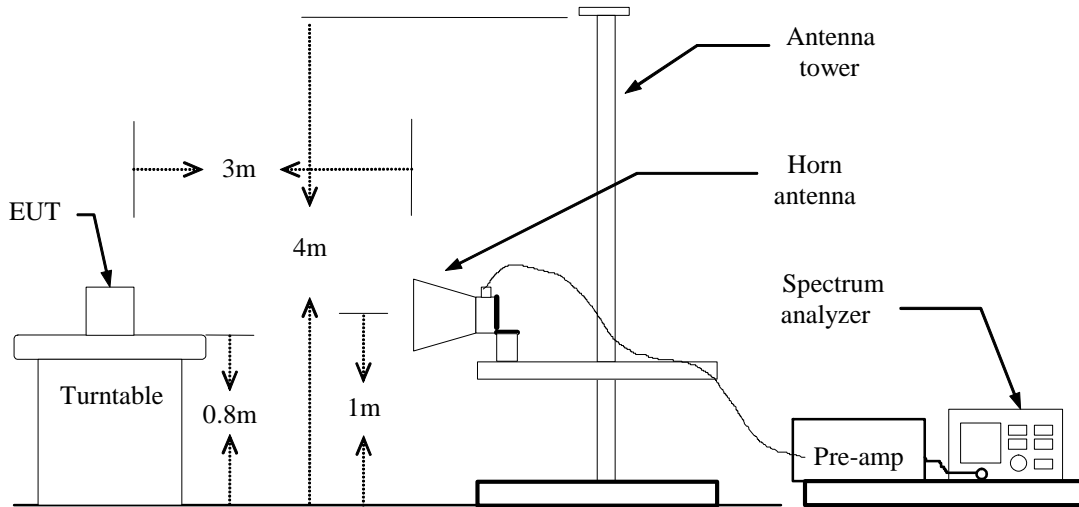


30MHz ~ 1GHz





Above 1 GHz





TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Set the spectrum analyzer in the following setting as:
Below 1GHz:
RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO
Above 1GHz:
(a) PEAK: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz/ Sweep=AUTO
(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10Hz / Sweep=AUTO
7. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

**Below 1 GHz**

Operation Mode: Normal Link **Test Date:** January 17, 2012
Temperature: 25°C **Tested by:** Sehni Hu
Humidity: 50 % RH **Polarity:** Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
44.55	55.22	-30.28	24.94	40.00	-15.06	QP	V
80.12	69.01	-33.41	35.60	40.00	-4.40	Peak	V
157.72	63.72	-28.60	35.12	43.50	-8.38	Peak	V
277.35	64.64	-26.76	37.88	46.00	-8.12	Peak	V
413.15	57.50	-23.58	33.92	46.00	-12.08	Peak	V
891.68	51.73	-16.14	35.58	46.00	-10.42	Peak	V
42.93	57.98	-29.24	28.74	40.00	-11.26	Peak	H
159.33	59.55	-28.66	30.89	43.50	-12.61	Peak	H
207.83	65.84	-28.63	37.20	43.50	-6.30	Peak	H
241.78	66.38	-28.73	37.65	46.00	-8.35	Peak	H
275.73	67.28	-26.79	40.49	46.00	-5.51	Peak	H
413.15	53.26	-23.58	29.68	46.00	-16.32	Peak	H

Remark:

1. No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30MHz (9kHz~30MHz)
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/quasi-peak detector mode.
3. Quasi-peak test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the quasi-peak limit or as required by the applicant.
4. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
5. $Margin (dB) = Remark\ result (dBuV/m) - Quasi-peak\ limit (dBuV/m).$



Above 1 GHz

Operation Mode: TX / GFSK / DH5 / CH Low

Test Date: January 17, 2012

Temperature: 25°C

Tested by: Sehni Hu

Humidity: 50 % RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2236.67	54.14	---	-4.85	49.29	---	74.00	54.00	-4.71	Peak	V
N/A										
2243.33	52.38	---	-4.84	47.55	---	74.00	54.00	-6.45	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit .
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ --- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with “ N/A ” remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / GFSK / DH5 / CH Mid

Test Date: January 17, 2012

Temperature: 25°C

Tested by: Sehni Hu

Humidity: 50 % RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2286.67	55.42	---	-4.72	50.69	---	74.00	54.00	-3.31	Peak	V
4883.33	50.39	45.87	2.73	53.11	48.60	74.00	54.00	-5.40	AVG	V
N/A										
1986.67	51.52	---	-5.61	45.92	---	74.00	54.00	-8.08	Peak	H
4883.33	50.90	47.49	2.73	53.63	50.22	74.00	54.00	-3.78	AVG	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / GFSK / DH5 / CH High

Test Date: January 17, 2012

Temperature: 25°C

Tested by: Sehni Hu

Humidity: 50 % RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2236.67	52.89	---	-4.85	48.03	---	74.00	54.00	-5.97	Peak	V
4958.33	50.06	46.09	2.88	52.94	48.97	74.00	54.00	-1.06	AVG	V
N/A										
1960.00	52.46	---	-5.88	46.59	---	74.00	54.00	-7.41	Peak	H
4958.33	49.68	47.59	2.88	52.56	50.47	74.00	54.00	-1.44	AVG	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / 8DPSK / DH5 / CH Low

Test Date: January 17, 2012

Temperature: 25°C

Tested by: Sehni Hu

Humidity: 50 % RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2490.00	55.16	---	-3.91	51.25	---	74.00	54.00	-2.75	Peak	V
4800.00	48.64	---	2.56	51.20	---	74.00	54.00	-2.80	Peak	V
N/A										
1970.00	53.09	---	-5.77	47.32	---	74.00	54.00	-6.68	Peak	H
3175.00	48.75	---	-1.71	47.04	---	74.00	54.00	-6.96	Peak	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / 8DPSK / DH5 / CH Mid

Test Date: January 17, 2012

Temperature: 25°C

Tested by: Sehni Hu

Humidity: 50 % RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant.Pol. (H/V)
2330.00	54.20	---	-4.57	49.63	---	74.00	54.00	-4.37	Peak	V
4883.33	49.95	42.37	2.73	52.67	45.10	74.00	54.00	-8.90	AVG	V
N/A										
2493.33	51.95	---	-3.90	48.05	---	74.00	54.00	-5.95	Peak	H
4883.33	49.94	45.56	2.73	52.66	48.29	74.00	54.00	-5.71	AVG	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



Operation Mode: TX / 8DPSK / DH5 / CH High

Test Date: January 17, 2012

Temperature: 25°C

Tested by: Sehni Hu

Humidity: 50 % RH

Polarity: Ver. / Hor.

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (Peak) (dBuV)	Reading (Average) (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Result (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Result (Average) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Peak) (dBuV/m)	Limit (Average) (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Ant. Pol. (H/V)
2393.33	54.90	---	-4.31	50.59	---	74.00	54.00	-3.41	Peak	V
4958.33	51.61	50.60	2.88	54.49	53.48	74.00	54.00	-0.52	AVG	V
N/A										
2230.00	52.02	---	-4.87	47.15	---	74.00	54.00	-6.85	Peak	H
4958.33	49.14	44.65	2.88	52.01	47.53	74.00	54.00	-6.47	AVG	H
N/A										

Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
3. Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
4. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown " --- " in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
5. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser, with " N/A " remark, if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin>20dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
6. Margin (dB) = Remark result (dBuV/m) – Average limit (dBuV/m).



8.4 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

LIMIT

According to §15.207(a) & RSS-Gen §7.2.2, except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Appendix II for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on a table, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
2. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
3. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured were complete.



TEST RESULTS

The initial step in collecting conducted data is a spectrum analyzer peak scan of the measurement range. Significant peaks are then marked as shown on the following data page, and these signals are then quasi-peaked.

Test Data

Operation Mode: Normal Link **Test Date:** February 15, 2012
Temperature: 26°C **Tested by:** Chester Tsai
Humidity: 60% RH

Freq. (MHz)	QP Reading (dBuV)	AV Reading (dBuV)	Corr. factor (dB)	QP Result (dBuV)	AV Result (dBuV)	QP Limit (dBuV)	AV Limit (dBuV)	QP Margin (dB)	AV Margin (dB)	Note
0.1504	32.76	18.50	0.09	32.85	18.59	65.98	55.98	-33.13	-37.39	L1
0.4853	35.38	31.40	0.10	35.48	31.50	56.25	46.25	-20.77	-14.75	L1
3.3651	30.69	24.30	0.18	30.87	24.48	56.00	46.00	-25.13	-21.52	L1
5.3747	36.23	23.40	0.25	36.48	23.65	60.00	50.00	-23.52	-26.35	L1
7.9987	25.60	21.77	0.34	25.94	22.11	60.00	50.00	-34.06	-27.89	L1
27.6973	27.26	17.09	1.00	28.26	18.09	60.00	50.00	-31.74	-31.91	L1
0.1509	32.56	22.18	0.09	32.65	22.27	65.95	55.95	-33.30	-33.68	L2
0.4956	35.86	30.59	0.09	35.95	30.68	56.07	46.07	-20.12	-15.39	L2
2.2119	32.41	27.72	0.13	32.54	27.85	56.00	46.00	-23.46	-18.15	L2
4.7419	32.16	26.18	0.19	32.35	26.37	56.00	46.00	-23.65	-19.63	L2
5.2542	29.09	23.41	0.20	29.29	23.61	60.00	50.00	-30.71	-26.39	L2
29.1942	27.54	15.16	0.70	28.24	15.86	60.00	50.00	-31.76	-34.14	L2

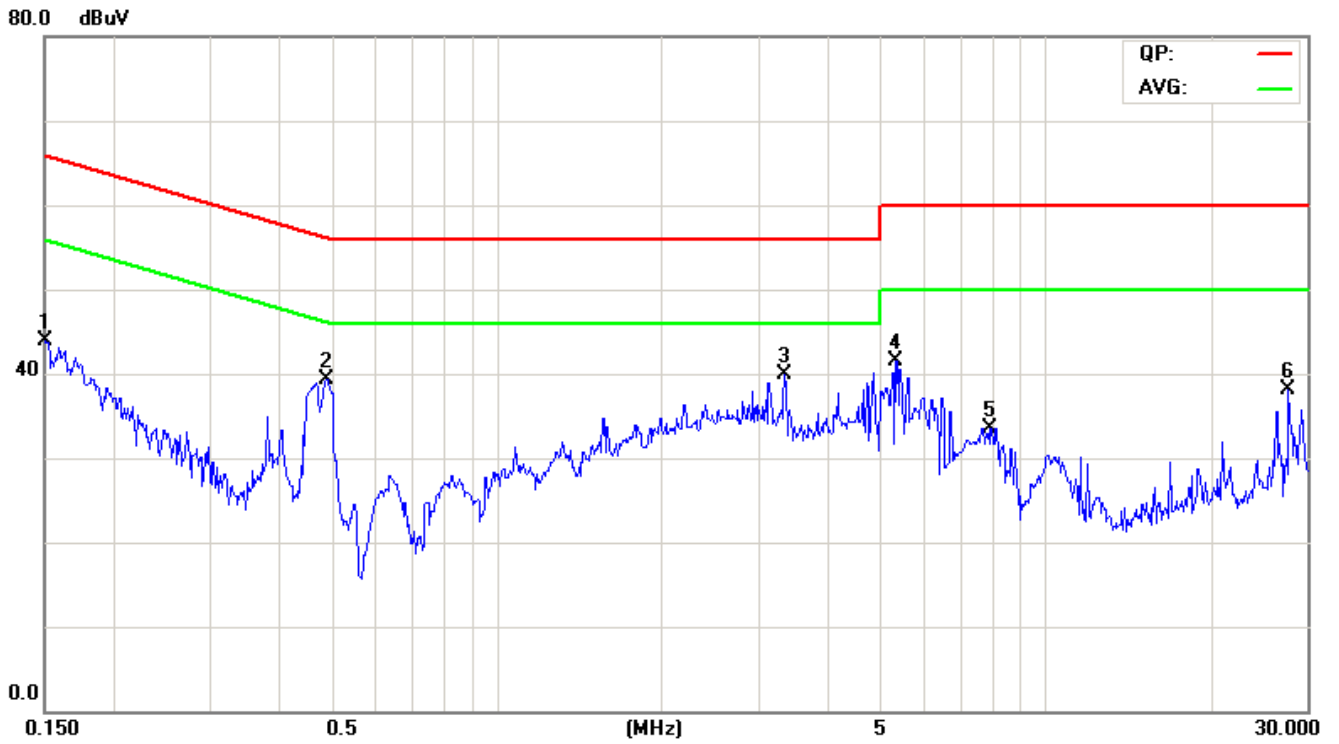
Remark:

1. Measuring frequencies from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz.
2. The emissions measured in frequency range from 0.15 MHz to 30MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi-peak detector and average detector.
3. The IF bandwidth of SPA between 0.15MHz and 30MHz was 10kHz; the IF bandwidth of Test Receiver between 0.15MHz and 30MHz was 9kHz;
4. L1 = Line One (Live Line) / L2 = Line Two (Neutral Line)



Test Plots

Conducted emissions (Line 1)



Conducted emissions (Line 2)

