

FCC Measurement/Technical Report on

D2210-VE Radar

FCC ID: PNB-AXISD2210-VE
IC: 3919A-D2210VE

Test Report Reference: MDE_AXIS_2301_FCC_02_REV03

Test Laboratory:

7layers GmbH
Borsigstrasse 11
40880 Ratingen
Germany



Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12140-01-01
D-PL-12140-01-02
D-PL-12140-01-03

Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this document. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the test laboratory.

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Table of Contents

1	Applied Standards and Test Summary	4
1.1	Applied Standards	4
1.2	FCC-IC Correlation Table	5
1.3	Measurement Summary / Signatures	6
2	Revision History	8
3	Administrative Data	9
3.1	Testing Laboratory	9
3.2	Project Data	9
3.3	Applicant Data	9
3.4	Manufacturer Data	9
4	Test object Data	10
4.1	General EUT Description	10
4.2	EUT Main components	10
4.3	Ancillary Equipment	11
4.4	Auxiliary Equipment	11
4.5	EUT Setups	11
4.6	Operating Modes	12
4.7	Product labelling	12
5	Test Results	13
5.1	AC Power line conducted emissions	13
5.2	Emission Bandwidth	18
5.3	Peak Output Power	23
5.4	Unwanted Emissions	29
5.5	Frequency Stability	45
6	Test Equipment	51
1.1	Test Equipment Hardware	51
1.2	Test Equipment Software	54
7	Antenna Factors, Cable Loss and Sample Calculations	55
7.1	LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 kHz – 30 MHz)	55
7.2	Antenna R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 kHz – 30 MHz)	56
7.3	Antenna R&S HL562 (30 MHz – 1 GHz)	57
7.4	Antenna R&S HF907 (1 GHz – 18 GHz)	58
7.5	Antenna EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHz – 26.5 GHz)	59
7.6	Antenna EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHz – 40 GHz)	60
7.7	Antenna SGH-19 (40 GHz – 60 GHz)	61
7.8	Antenna SGH-12 (60 GHz – 90 GHz)	62
7.9	Antenna SGH-08 (90 GHz – 140 GHz)	63

7.10 Antenna SGH-05 (140 GHz – 200 GHz)	64
8 Measurement Uncertainties	65
9 Photo Report	66

1 APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY

1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

Type of Authorization

Certification for an Intentional Radiator.

Applicable FCC Rules

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 and 15 (10-1-21 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

Part 2, Subpart J - Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification

Part 15, Subpart C – Intentional Radiators

§ 15.201 Equipment authorization requirement

§ 15.209 Radiated emission limits; general requirements

§ 15.255 Operation within the band 57–71 GHz.

Summary Test Results:

The EUT complied with all performed tests as listed in chapter 1.3 Measurement Summary / Signatures.

1.2 FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE

Correlation of measurement requirements for Radar equipment within the band 57-71 GHz FCC and IC

Measurement	FCC reference	IC reference
AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	§ 15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 8.8
Emission Bandwidth	§ 15.215 (c)	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.7 RSS210 Issue 10: Annex J, J.2.1
Peak Output Power	§ 15.255 (c)(1-3) & (e)	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.12 RSS210 Issue 10: Annex J, J.2.1, J.4
Unwanted Emissions	§ 15.209 & 15.255 (d)	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.13 RSS210 Issue 10: Annex J, J.3
Frequency Stability	§ 15.255 (f)	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.11 RSS210 Issue 10: Annex J, J.6

1.3 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY / SIGNATURES

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 § 15.207

Subpart C §15.207

AC Power Line Conducted Emissions

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013)
Chapter 6.2

Final Result

OP-Mode	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Channel, Measurement range				
FMCW Radar, CH0 & CH1 (toggle), 150 kHz - 30 MHz	S01_AB01	2023-06-20	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, CH0 & CH1 (toggle), 150 kHz - 30 MHz	S02_AB01	2023-06-28	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 § 15.215 (c)

Subpart C §15.215

Emission Bandwidth

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013)
Chapter 6.9

Final Result

OP-Mode	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range				
FMCW Radar, 61.25 – 61.5 GHz, 61.1 GHz – 61.6 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-06-30	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.0 – 61.25 GHz, 60.9 GHz – 61.4 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-07-05	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 § 15.255 (c) (1-3) & (e)

Subpart C §15.255

Peak Output Power

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013)

Final Result

OP-Mode: outside tank enclosure	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range				
FMCW Radar, 61.25 – 61.5 GHz, 61.1 GHz – 61.6 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-06-30	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.0 – 61.25 GHz, 60.9 GHz – 61.4 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-06-30	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 § 15.209 & 15.255 (d)

Subpart C §15.255

Unwanted Emissions

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013)
Chapter 6.4, 6.5, 6.6

Final Result

OP-Mode	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range				
FMCW Radar, 61.25 – 61.5 GHz, 9 kHz – 30 MHz	S01_AA01	2023-09-26	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.25 – 61.5 GHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-07-09	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.25 – 61.5 GHz, 1 GHz – 26 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-05-23	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.25 – 61.5 GHz, 26 GHz – 40 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-07-04	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.25 – 61.5 GHz, 40 GHz – 60 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-07-04	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.25 – 61.5 GHz, 60 GHz – 90 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-06-27	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.25 – 61.5 GHz, 90 GHz – 140 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-07-03	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15
§ 15.209 & 15.255 (d)
Subpart C §15.255

Unwanted Emissions

 The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013)
 Chapter 6.4, 6.5, 6.6

Final Result

OP-Mode	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range				
FMCW Radar, 61.25 – 61.5 GHz, 140 GHz – 200 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-06-28	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.0 – 61.25 GHz, 9 kHz – 30 MHz	S01_AA01	2023-09-26	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.0 – 61.25 GHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-07-09	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.0 – 61.25 GHz, 1 GHz – 26 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-07-05	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.0 – 61.25 GHz, 26 GHz – 40 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-07-04	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.0 – 61.25 GHz, 40 GHz – 60 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-07-04	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.0 – 61.25 GHz, 60 GHz – 90 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-06-30	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.0 – 61.25 GHz, 90 GHz – 140 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-07-03	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.0 – 61.25 GHz, 140 GHz – 200 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-07-04	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15
§ 15.255 (f)
Subpart C §15.255

Frequency Stability

 The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013)
 Chapter 6.8

Final Result

OP-Mode	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range				
FMCW Radar, 61.25 – 61.5 GHz, 61.1 GHz – 61.6 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-09-28	Passed	Passed
FMCW Radar, 61.0 – 61.25 GHz, 60.9 GHz – 61.4 GHz	S01_AA01	2023-09-28	Passed	Passed

N/A: Not applicable

N/P: Not performed

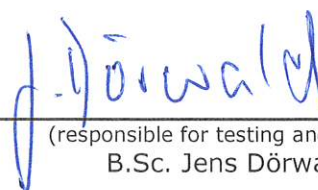
2 REVISION HISTORY

Report version control			
Version	Release date	Change Description	Version validity
initial	2023-10-12	--	invalid
REV01	2023-11-27	- added version and chapter of ANSI C63.10 in "measurement summary" - added 99 % Bandwidth - added limit description for ISED	invalid
REV02	2023-12-11	- HW-Version of EUT A changed - HW- & SW-Version of EUT B changed	invalid
REV03	2024-01-18	- HW-Version of the EUT changed - chapter 5.3 desensitization factor and plots for average power added	valid

COMMENT: --



(responsible for accreditation scope)
Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik



(responsible for testing and report)
B.Sc. Jens Dörwald



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3 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

3.1 TESTING LABORATORY

Company Name: 7layers GmbH
Address: Borsigstr. 11
40880 Ratingen
Germany

The test facility is accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

Laboratory accreditation no: DAKKS D-PL-12140-01-01| -02 | -03
FCC Designation Number: DE0015
FCC Test Firm Registration: 929146
ISED CAB Identifier: DE0007; ISED#: 3699A
Responsible for accreditation scope: Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik
Report Template Version: 2019-06-18

3.2 PROJECT DATA

Responsible for testing and report: B.Sc. Jens Dörwald
Employees who performed the tests: documented internally at 7Layers
Date of Report: 2024-01-18
Testing Period: 2023-05-23 to 2023-11-22

3.3 APPLICANT DATA

Company Name: Axis Communications AB
Address: Gränden 1
SE-223 69 Lund
Sweden
Contact Person: Mr. Martin Alumets

3.4 MANUFACTURER DATA

Company Name: please see Applicant Data
Address:
Contact Person:

4 TEST OBJECT DATA

4.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

Kind of Device product description	Surveillance Radar
Product name	D2110-VE Radar
Type	D2110-VE Radar
Declared EUT data by the supplier	
Voltage Type	12 V DC
Voltage Level	INPUT: 120 V / 60 HZ OUTPUT: 12 V DC
Tested Modulation Type	61.5 GHz FMCW
Antenna Gain	6 dBi
General product description	The EUT is a network-radar intended for a continuous surveillance operation.
The EUT provides the following ports:	Ethernet/PoE $\geq$ 30 m (max. length) DC power $<$ 3 m (max. length) Separate Ground $<$ 3 m (max. length) I/O cable $\geq$ 30 m (max. length)
Special software used for testing	Putty + Web-Browser

The main components of the EUT are listed and described in chapter 3.2 EUT Main components.

4.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
EUT A	DE1476001 aa01	
Sample Parameter	Value	
Serial No.	B8A44F8B41D1	
HW Version	D2210-VE	
SW Version	SW: 11.6	
Comment	-	

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
EUT B	DE1476001 ab01	
Sample Parameter	Value	
Serial No.	B8A44F91F701	
HW Version	D2210-VE	
SW Version	SW: 11.6	
Comment	-	

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

4.3 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)	Description
-	-	-

4.4 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, HW, SW, S/N)	Description
AUX01	Axis, POE60S-1BT, REV B, -, -, -	PoE Adapter
AUX02	Axis, switching Power Adapter T8006 PS12, -, -, -	AC/DC-Adapter

4.5 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

Setup	Combination of EUTs	Description and Rationale
S01_AA01	EUT A + AUX01	Radiated Setup
S01_AB01	EUT B + AUX02	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Setup
S02_AB01	EUT B + AUX01	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Setup

4.6 OPERATING MODES

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUTs used for testing.

4.6.1 TEST CHANNELS

FMCW Radar Signal with an operational frequency range from

Channel 0: 61.25 GHz to 61.50 GHz

Channel 1: 61.00 GHz to 61.25 GHz

4.7 PRODUCT LABELLING

4.7.1 FCC ID LABEL

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

4.7.2 LOCATION OF THE LABEL ON THE EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

5 TEST RESULTS

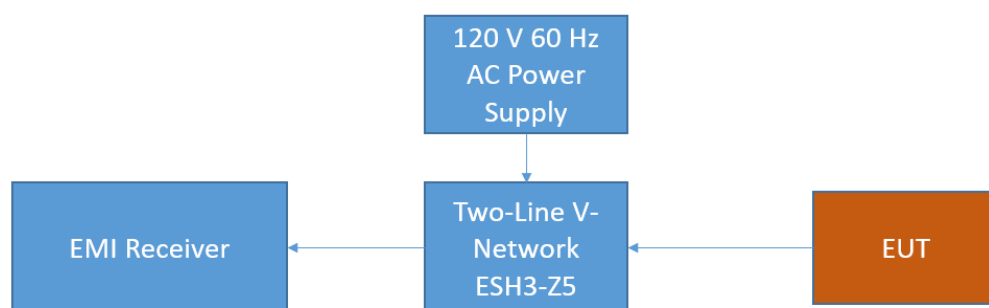
5.1 AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
 ANSI C63.10

5.1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The test set-up was made in accordance with the general provisions of ANSI C 63.10. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was setup in a shielded room to perform the conducted emissions measurements in a typical installation configuration. The EUT was powered from 50 μ H || 50 Ohm Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The LISN's unused connections were terminated with 50 Ohm loads.



FCC Conducted Emissions on AC

The measurement procedure consists of two steps. It is implemented into the EMI test software EMC-32 from R&S.

Step 1: Preliminary scan

Intention of this step is, to determine the conducted EMI-profile of the EUT.

EMI receiver settings:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak & Average, trace Max-hold
- Frequency range: 150 kHz – 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: 2.5 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 9 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)
- Measurement combinations:
 - 1) Neutral lead - reference ground (PE grounded)
 - 2) Phase lead - reference ground (PE grounded)
 - 3) Neutral lead - reference ground (PE floating)
 - 4) Phase lead - reference ground (PE floating)

On basis of this preliminary scan the highest amplitudes and the corresponding frequencies relative to the limit are identified. Emissions above the limit and emissions which are in the 10 dB range below the limit are considered.

Step 2: Final measurement

Intention of this step is, to determine the highest emissions with the settings defined in the test specification for the frequencies and leads identified in step 1.

EMI receiver settings:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak & CISPR-Average
- IF Bandwidth: 9 kHz
- Measuring time: 15 x 1 s / frequency

The highest value is reported in the table.

5.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart B, §15.207

Frequency (MHz)	QP Limits (dBμV)	AV Limits (dBμV)
0.15 – 0.5	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

RSS GEN Issue 5 (April 2018), Clause 8.8

AC power-line conducted emissions limits

Unless stated otherwise in the applicable RSS, for radio apparatus that are designed to be connected to the public utility AC power network, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the range 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in table, as measured using a 50 μH / 50 Ω line impedance stabilization network. This requirement applies for the radio frequency voltage measured between each power line and the ground terminal of each AC power-line mains cable of the EUT.

For an EUT that connects to the AC power lines indirectly, through another device, the requirement for compliance with the limits in table shall apply at the terminals of the AC power-line mains cable of a representative support device, while it provides power to the EUT. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges. The device used to power the EUT shall be representative of typical applications.

Frequency (MHz)	QP Limits (dBμV)	AV Limits (dBμV)
0.15 – 0.5	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

5.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 27 °C

Air Pressure: 1005 hPa

Humidity: 44 %

S01_AB01

Power line	PE	Frequency [MHz]	Level [dBμV]	Detector	Limit [dBμV]	Margin [dB]
N	GND	0.15	48.3	QP	65.9	17.5
N	GND	0.43	29.2	AV	47.2	18.0
N	GND	0.43	29.7	AV	47.2	17.5

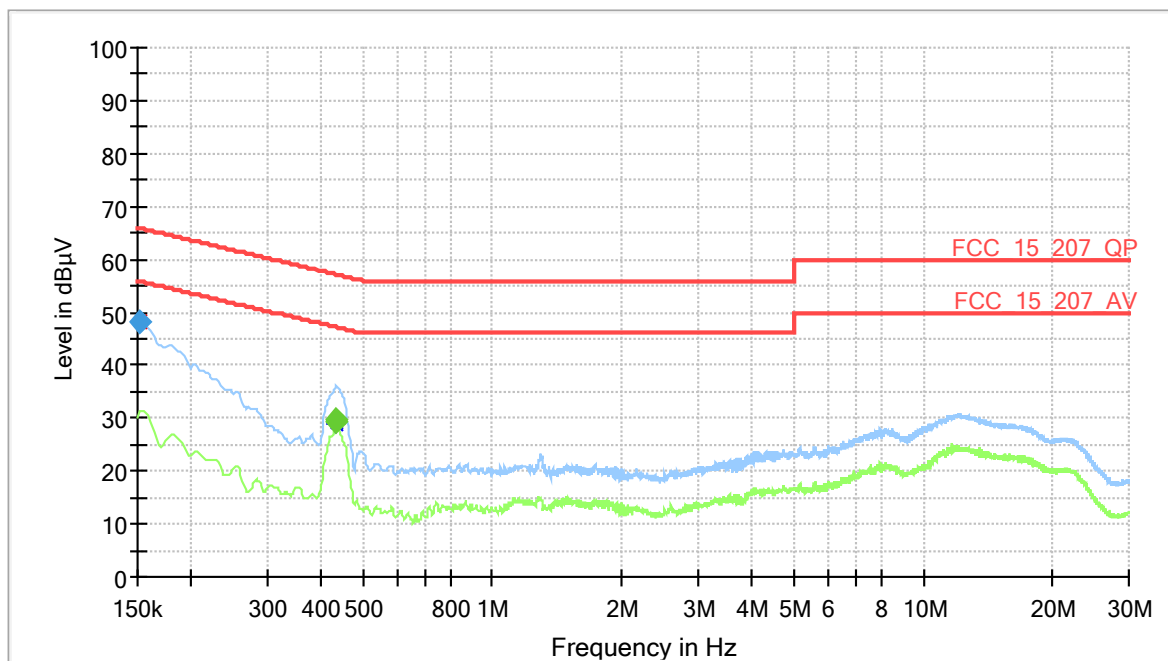
S02_AB01

Power line	PE	Frequency [MHz]	Level [dBμV]	Detector	Limit [dBμV]	Margin [dB]
L1	GND	0.17	48.1	QP	65.1	16.95
N	FLO	2.28	35.0	AV	46.0	11.03
N	FLO	2.28	37.8	QP	56.0	18.19
N	FLO	2.60	37.9	QP	56.0	18.11
N	FLO	2.60	35.8	AV	46.0	10.17
N	FLO	3.58	38.6	QP	56.0	17.44
N	FLO	17.69	21.6	AV	50.0	28.44
L1	GND	17.88	40.2	QP	60.0	19.83
N	FLO	17.94	34.3	AV	50.0	15.66
N	FLO	18.24	41.5	AV	50.0	8.55
N	FLO	18.24	42.7	QP	60.0	17.31
N	FLO	18.31	36.9	AV	50.0	13.07

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

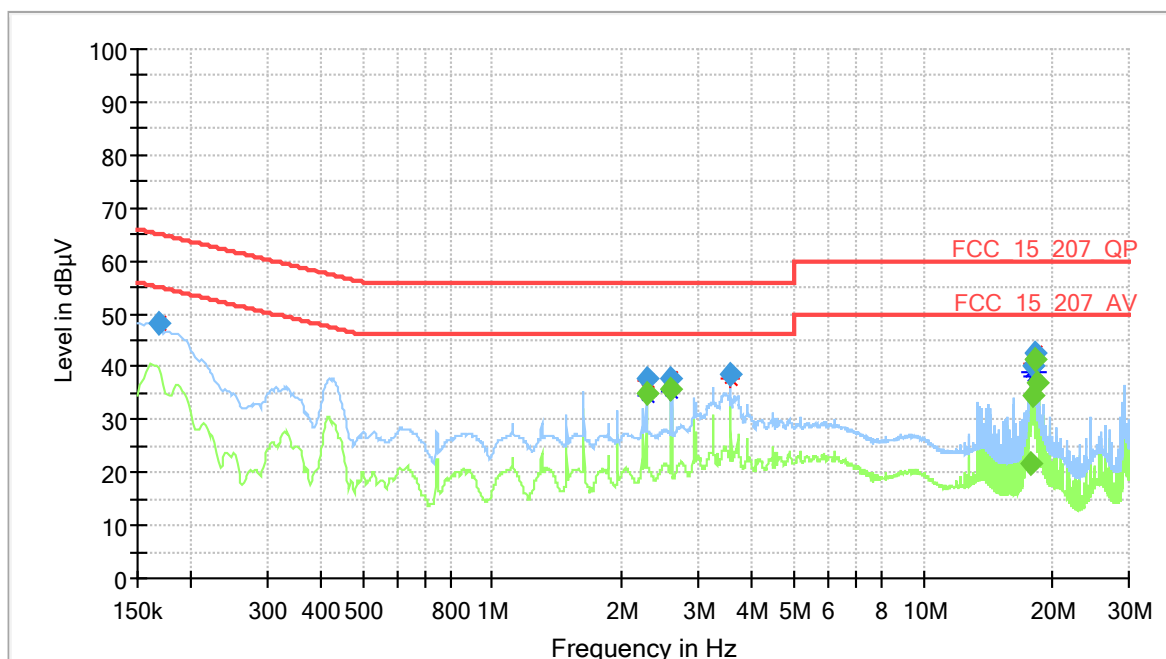
5.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Setup: S01_AB01



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV)	CAverage (dBμV)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	PE	Corr. (dB)
0.152250	48.34	---	65.88	17.54	1000.0	9.000	N	GND	10.0
0.431250	---	29.21	47.23	18.02	1000.0	9.000	N	GND	10.1
0.433500	---	29.68	47.19	17.51	1000.0	9.000	N	GND	10.1

Setup: S02_AB01



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV)	CAverage (dBμV)	Limit (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	PE	Corr. (dB)
0.168000	48.11	---	65.06	16.95	1000.0	9.000	L1	GND	10.0
2.276250	---	34.97	46.00	11.03	1000.0	9.000	N	FLO	10.2
2.276250	37.81	---	56.00	18.19	1000.0	9.000	N	FLO	10.2
2.600250	37.89	---	56.00	18.11	1000.0	9.000	N	FLO	10.2
2.600250	---	35.83	46.00	10.17	1000.0	9.000	N	FLO	10.2
3.576750	38.56	---	56.00	17.44	1000.0	9.000	N	FLO	10.3
17.693250	---	21.56	50.00	28.44	1000.0	9.000	N	FLO	11.0
17.884500	40.17	---	60.00	19.83	1000.0	9.000	L1	GND	11.0
17.938500	---	34.34	50.00	15.66	1000.0	9.000	N	FLO	11.0
18.242250	---	41.45	50.00	8.55	1000.0	9.000	N	FLO	11.0
18.242250	42.69	---	60.00	17.31	1000.0	9.000	N	FLO	11.0
18.305250	---	36.93	50.00	13.07	1000.0	9.000	N	FLO	11.0

5.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted Emissions FCC

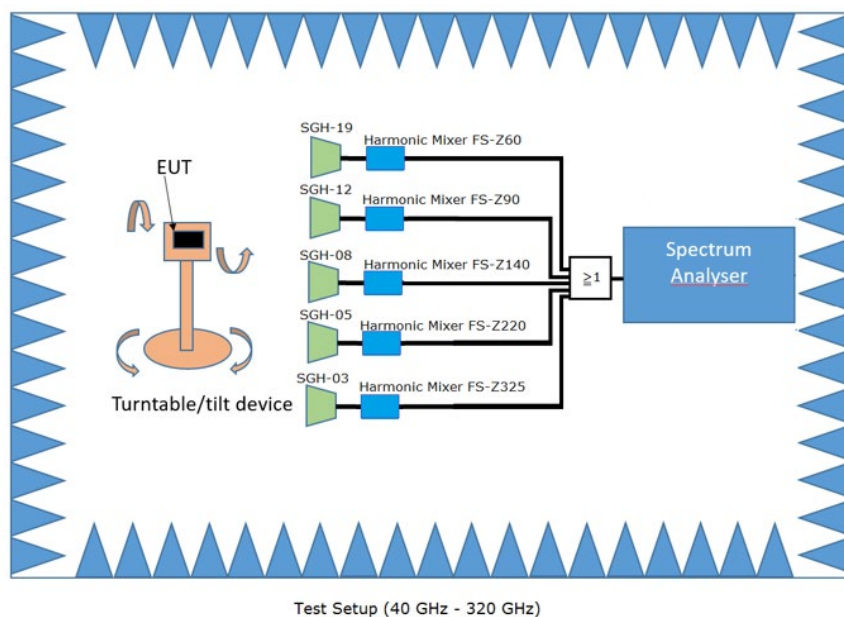
5.2 EMISSION BANDWIDTH

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
 ANSI C63.10

5.2.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber. All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.



Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Span: 500 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: allow the trace to stabilize
- Sweptime: 100 ms
- Detector: Peak

5.2.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.215 (c)

Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§ 15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. In

the case of intentional radiators operating under the provisions of subpart E, the emission bandwidth may span across multiple contiguous frequency bands identified in that subpart. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

§15.255 (e)(1)

[...] For the purposes of this paragraph, emission bandwidth is defined as the instantaneous frequency range occupied by a steady state radiated signal with modulation, outside which the radiated power spectral density never exceeds 6 dB below the maximum radiated power spectral density in the band, as measured with a 100 kHz resolution bandwidth spectrum analyzer. The center frequency must be stationary during the measurement interval, even if not stationary during normal operation (e.g., for frequency hopping devices).

RSS GEN Issue 5 (April 2018), Clause 6.7

The occupied bandwidth or the "99% emission bandwidth" is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs. [...]

5.2.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 25 °C

Air Pressure: 1004 hPa

Humidity: 34 %

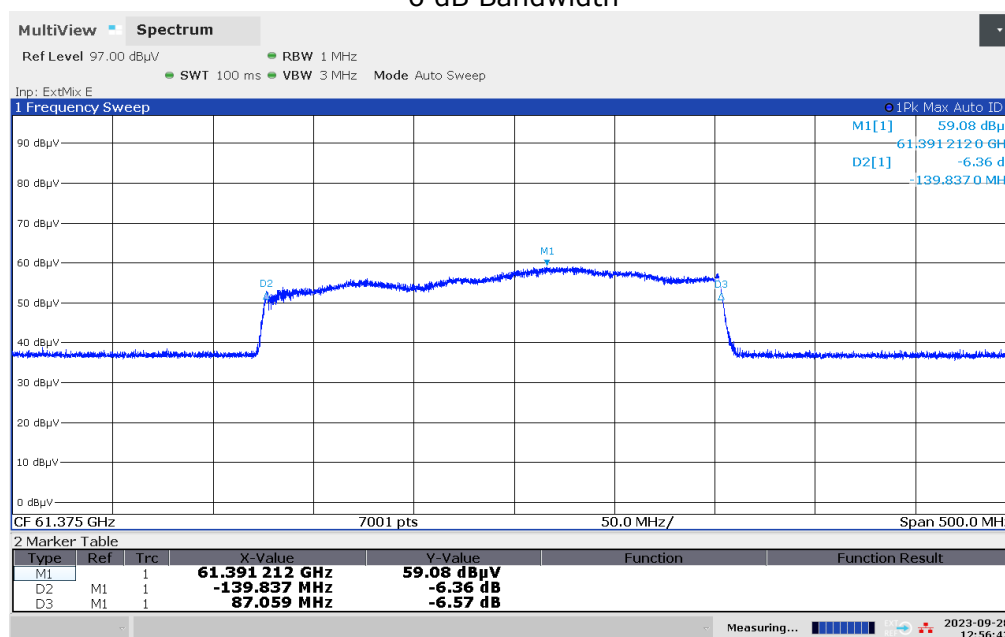
Channel	6 dB flow [MHz]	6 dB fhigh [MHz]	Emission-Bandwidth [MHz]	lower Bandedge [MHz]	upper Bandedge [MHz]	lower Margin [MHz]	upper Margin [MHz]
0	61251.38	61478.27	226.89	61000	61500	251.38	21.73
1	61021.40	61251.78	230.41	61000	61500	21.37	248.22

Channel	flow T1 [MHz]	fhigh T2 [MHz]	center frequency [MHz]	99 % BW [MHz]	lower Bandedge [MHz]	upper Bandedge [MHz]	lower Margin [MHz]	upper Margin [MHz]
0	61249.0	61481.4	61365.2	232.4	61000	61500	249.0	18.6
1	61020.7	61250.7	61135.7	230.0	61000	61500	20.7	249.3

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

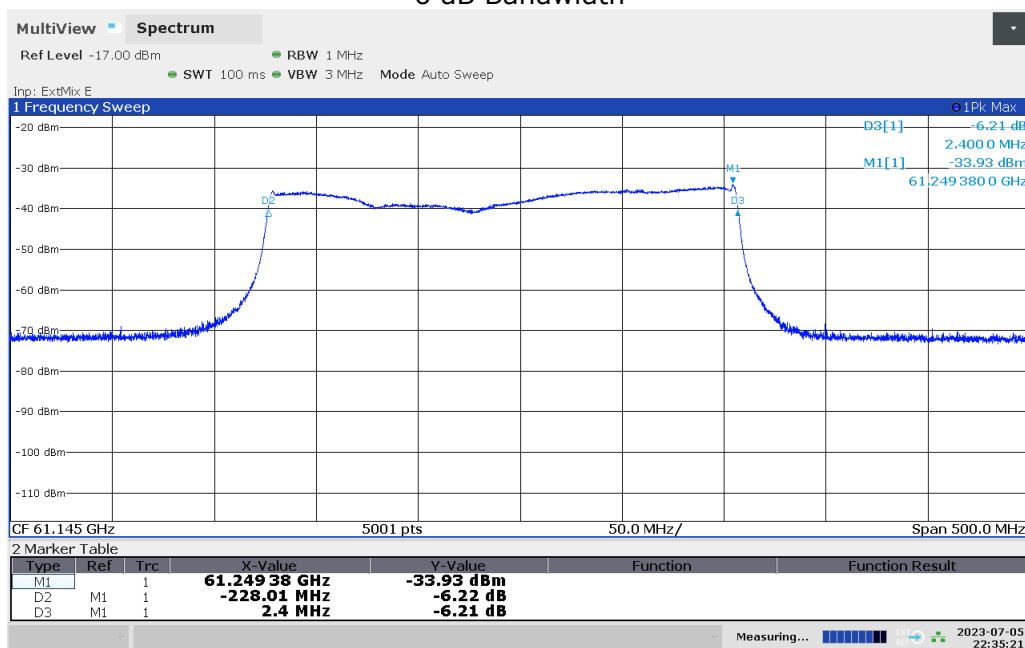
5.2.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Channel 0
6 dB Bandwidth



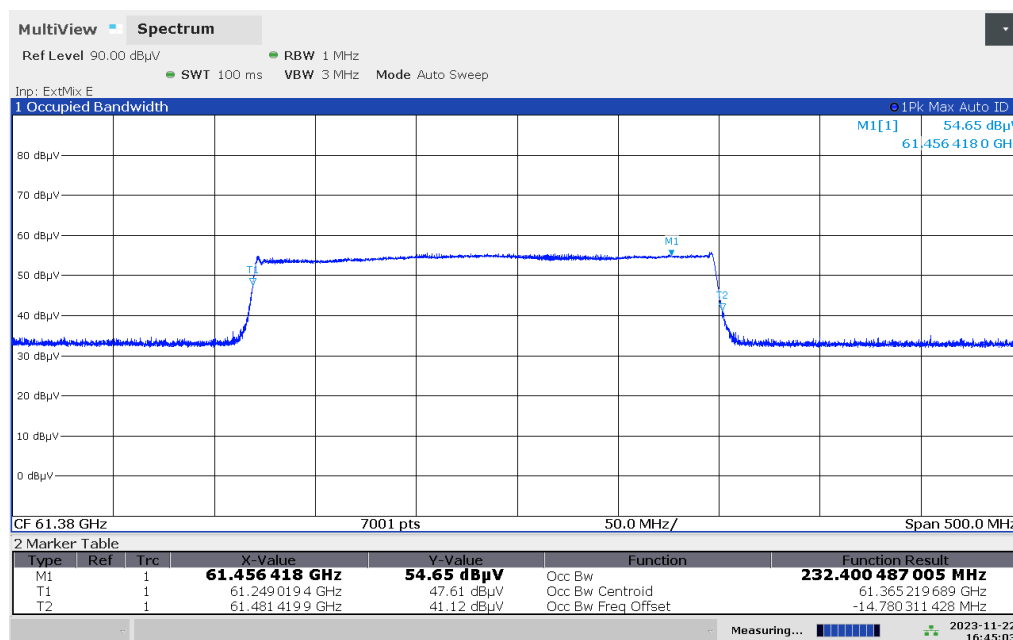
12:56:43 PM 09/28/2023

Channel 1 6 dB Bandwidth



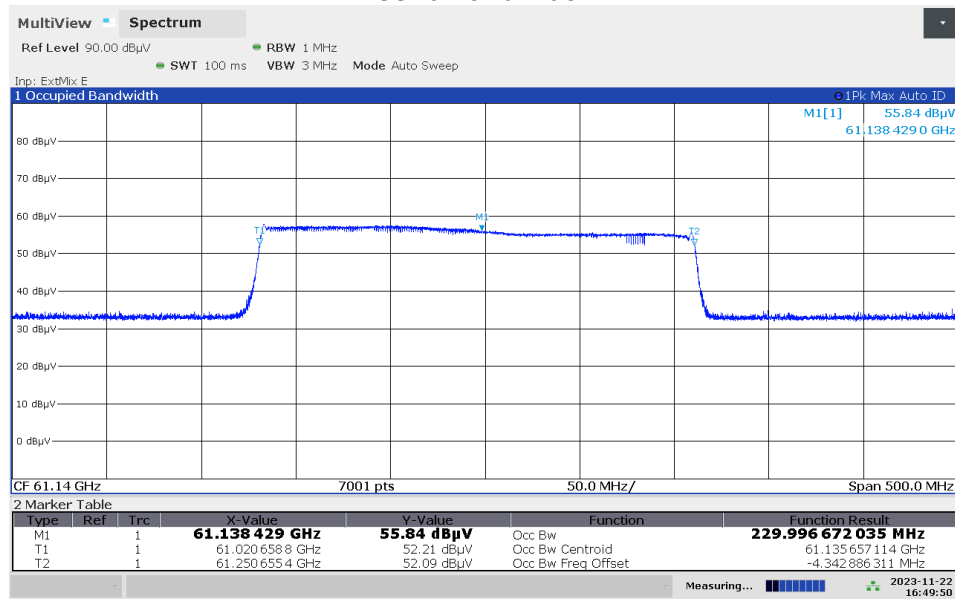
10:35:21 PM 07/05/2023

Channel 0 99% Bandwidth



04:45:04 PM 11/22/2023

Channel 1 99% Bandwidth



04:49:50 PM 11/22/2023

5.2.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions FAR FCC

5.3 PEAK OUTPUT POWER

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

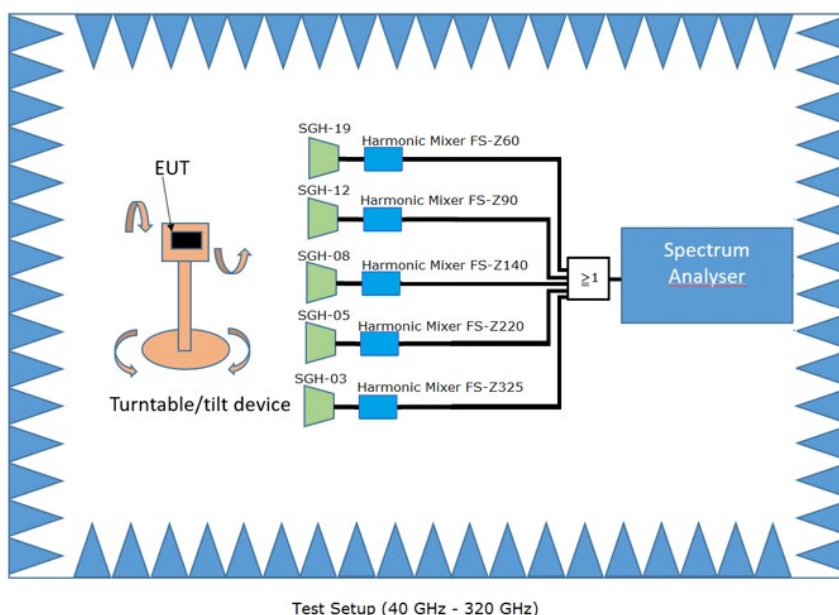
The test was performed according to:
 ANSI C63.10

5.3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the pre-measurement to find the direction where the highest output power is emitted by the EUT, the turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the measurement is 1°, the Turntable angle range: -180° to +180°. When the position of the highest radiation is detected, the output power is measured in this position.



Deviation from standard:

The device under test is a FMCW Radar device. In this mode a narrow transmission is swept rapidly across the range of frequencies over a short time. Each narrow transmission during a single chirp has a Bandwidth less than 1 MHz.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1 MHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3 MHz
- Span: 500 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: allow the trace to stabilize
- Sweep time: 1 s
- Detector: Peak
- Measurement distance: 1 m

5.3.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

§15.255 (c)

Within the 57–71 GHz band, emission levels shall not exceed the following equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP):

(1) Products other than fixed field disturbance sensors and short-range devices for interactive motion sensing shall comply with one of the following emission limits, as measured during the transmit interval:

(i) The average power of any emission shall not exceed 40 dBm and the peak power of any emission shall not exceed 43 dBm; or

(ii) For fixed point-to-point transmitters located outdoors, the average power of any emission shall not exceed 82 dBm, and shall be reduced by 2 dB for every dB that the antenna gain is less than 51 dBi. The peak power of any emission shall not exceed 85 dBm, and shall be reduced by 2 dB for every dB that the antenna gain is less than 51 dBi.

(A) The provisions in this paragraph (c) for reducing transmit power based on antenna gain shall not require that the power levels be reduced below the limits specified in paragraph (c)(1)(i) of this section.

(B) The provisions of § 15.204(c)(2) and (4) that permit the use of different antennas of the same type and of equal or less directional gain do not apply to intentional radiator systems operating under this provision. In lieu thereof, intentional radiator systems shall be certified using the specific antenna(s) with which the system will be marketed and operated. Compliance testing shall be performed using the highest gain and the lowest gain antennas for which certification is sought and with the intentional radiator operated at its maximum available output power level. The responsible party, as defined in § 2.909 of this chapter, shall supply a list of acceptable antennas with the application for certification.

(2) For fixed field disturbance sensors that occupy 500 MHz or less of bandwidth and that are contained wholly within the frequency band 61.0–61.5 GHz, the average power of any emission, measured during the transmit interval, shall not exceed 40 dBm, and the peak power of any emission shall not exceed 43 dBm. In addition, the average power of any emission outside of the 61.0–61.5 GHz band, measured during the transmit interval, but still within the 57–71 GHz band, shall not exceed 10 dBm, and the peak power of any emission shall not exceed 13 dBm.

(3) For fixed field disturbance sensors other than those operating under the provisions of paragraph (c)(2) of this section, and short-range devices for interactive motion sensing, the peak transmitter conducted output power shall not exceed –10 dBm and the peak EIRP level shall not exceed 10 dBm.

(4) The peak power shall be measured with an RF detector that has a detection bandwidth that encompasses the 57–71 GHz band and has a video bandwidth of at least 10 MHz. The average emission levels shall be measured over the actual time period during which transmission occurs.

§15.255 (e)

Except as specified paragraph (e)(1) of this section, the peak transmitter conducted output power shall not exceed 500 mW. Depending on the gain of the antenna, it may be necessary to operate the intentional radiator using a lower peak transmitter output power in order to comply with the EIRP limits specified in paragraph (b) of this section.

(e)(1)

Transmitters with an emission bandwidth of less than 100 MHz must limit their peak transmitter conducted output power to the product of 500 mW times their emission bandwidth divided by 100 MHz. For the purposes of this paragraph, emission bandwidth is defined as the instantaneous frequency range occupied by a steady state radiated signal with modulation, outside which the radiated power spectral density never exceeds 6 dB below the maximum radiated power spectral density in the band, as measured with a 100 kHz resolution bandwidth spectrum analyzer. The center frequency must be stationary during the measurement interval, even if not stationary during normal operation (e.g., for frequency hopping devices).

(e)(2)

Peak transmitter conducted output power shall be measured with an RF detector that has a detection bandwidth that encompasses the 57–71 GHz band and that has a video bandwidth of at least 10 MHz.

(e)(3)

For purposes of demonstrating compliance with this paragraph, corrections to the transmitter conducted output power may be made due to the antenna and circuit loss.

§15.255 (i)

Measurement procedures that have been found to be acceptable to the Commission in accordance with § 2.947 of this chapter may be used to demonstrate compliance.

RSS210 Issue 10: Annex J, J.2.1, J.4

J.2.1:

Following are the conditions for fixed field disturbance sensors and interactive motion sensors:

- a. For fixed field disturbance sensors that occupy a bandwidth of 500 MHz or less and for which the bandwidth is contained wholly within the frequency band 61.0-61.5 GHz, the equipment's average and peak e.i.r.p. in the channel bandwidth shall not exceed 40 dBm and 43 dBm respectively. In addition, the average and peak e.i.r.p. of any emission outside of the band 61.0-61.5 GHz, but still within the band 57-71 GHz, shall not exceed 10 dBm and 13 dBm respectively.
- b. For fixed field disturbance sensors other than those operating under the provisions of (a) above and for interactive motion sensors, the peak transmitter output power shall not exceed -10 dBm, and the peak e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 10 dBm.

J.4:

Following are the conditions for peak transmitter output power:

- a. For devices with an emission bandwidth greater than or equal to 100 MHz, the peak transmitter output power shall not exceed 500 mW. For devices with an emission bandwidth less than 100 MHz, the peak transmitter output power shall be less than the product of 500 mW and their emission bandwidth divided by 100 MHz.

5.3.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 25 °C

Air Pressure: 1004 hPa

Humidity: 34 %

Channel	Measured Peak Power E.I.R.P. [dBm]	FMCW desensitization factor [dB]	Peak Power E.I.R.P (incl. desensitization factor) [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Verdict
0	6.1	6.5	12.6	43	30.4	Passed
1	4.7	6.5	11.2	43	31.8	Passed

Desensitization Factor:

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \left[\left(\frac{2 \times \ln(2)}{\pi}\right)^2 \times \left(\frac{BW_{\text{Chirp}}}{T_{\text{Chirp}} \times RBW^2}\right)^2\right]\right)^{0.25}}$$

$$BW_{\text{Chirp}} = 230 \text{ MHz}$$

$$T_{\text{Chirp}} = 23.3237 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$$

Channel	Average Power E.I.R.P. [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Verdict
0	4.3	40	35.7	Passed
1	2.9	40	37.1	Passed

Channel	Calculated Conducted Power [mW]	Limit [mW]	Margin to Limit [mW]	Verdict
0	4.6	500	495.4	Passed
1	3.3	500	496.7	Passed

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

Comment: the conducted output power is by the radiated measurement result and the antenna gain

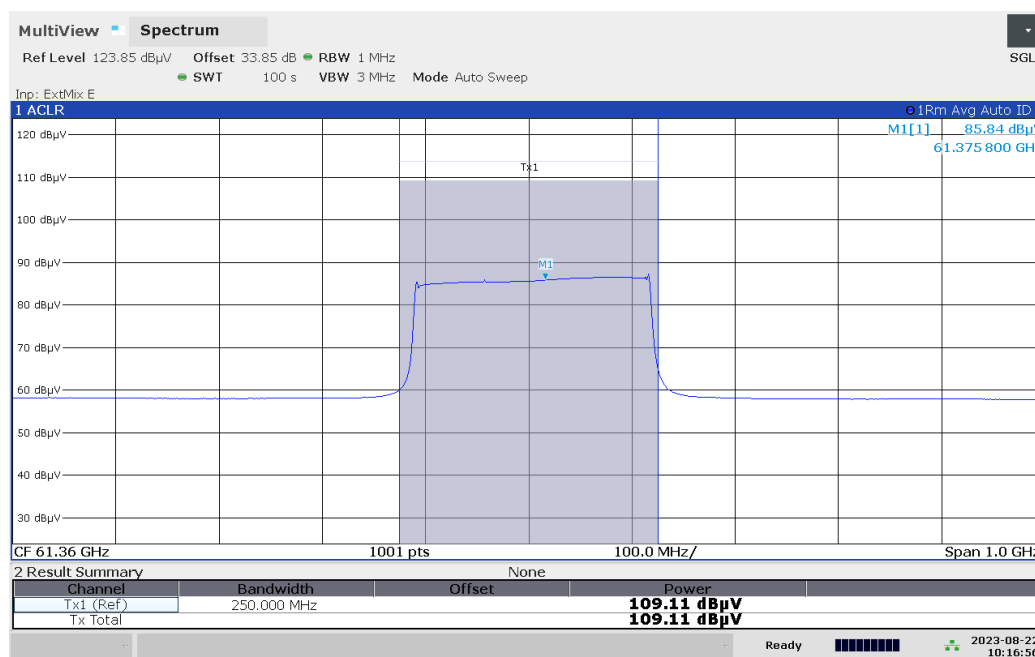
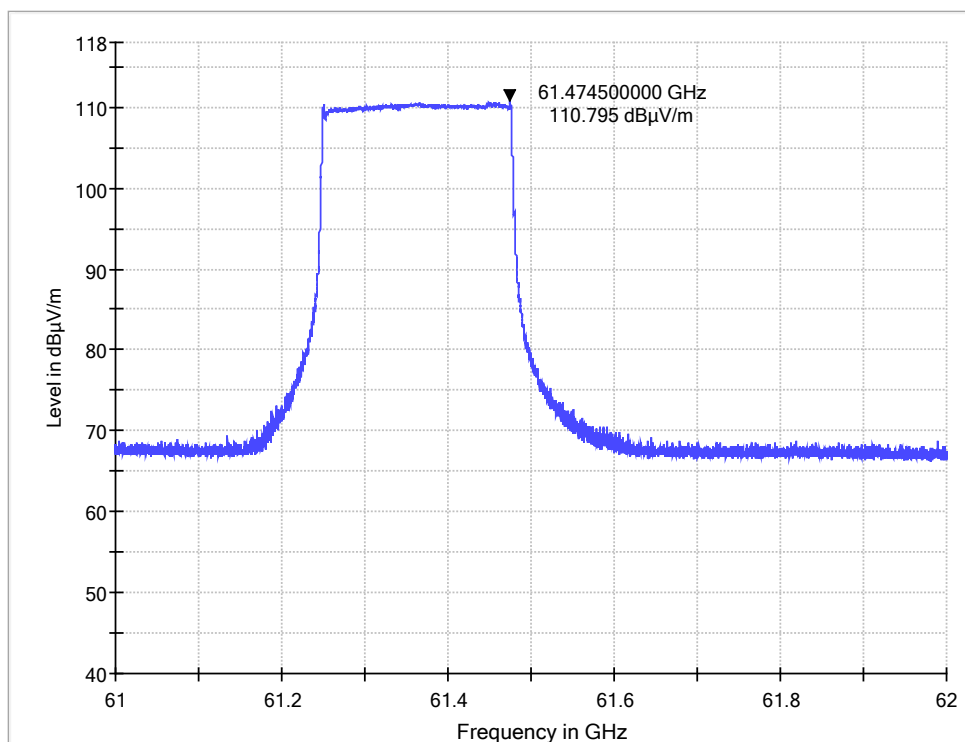
Equation from ANSI C63.10:

$$EIRP = E_{\text{Meas}} + 20 \log(d_{\text{Meas}}) - 104.7$$

$$d_{\text{Meas}} = 1 \text{ m}$$

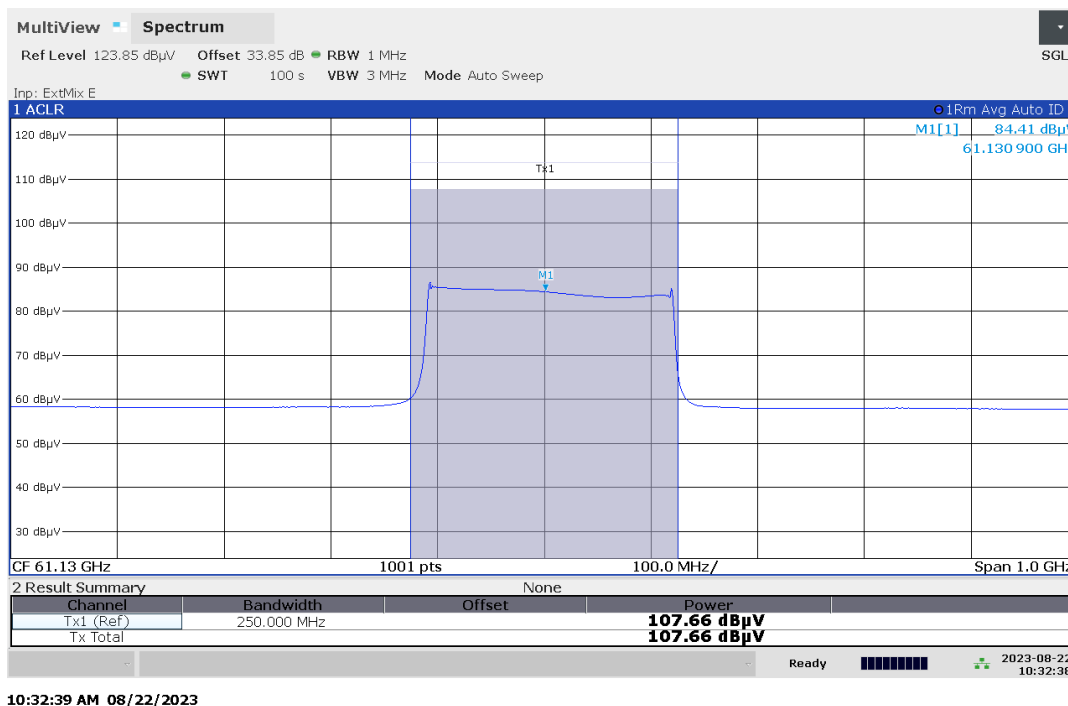
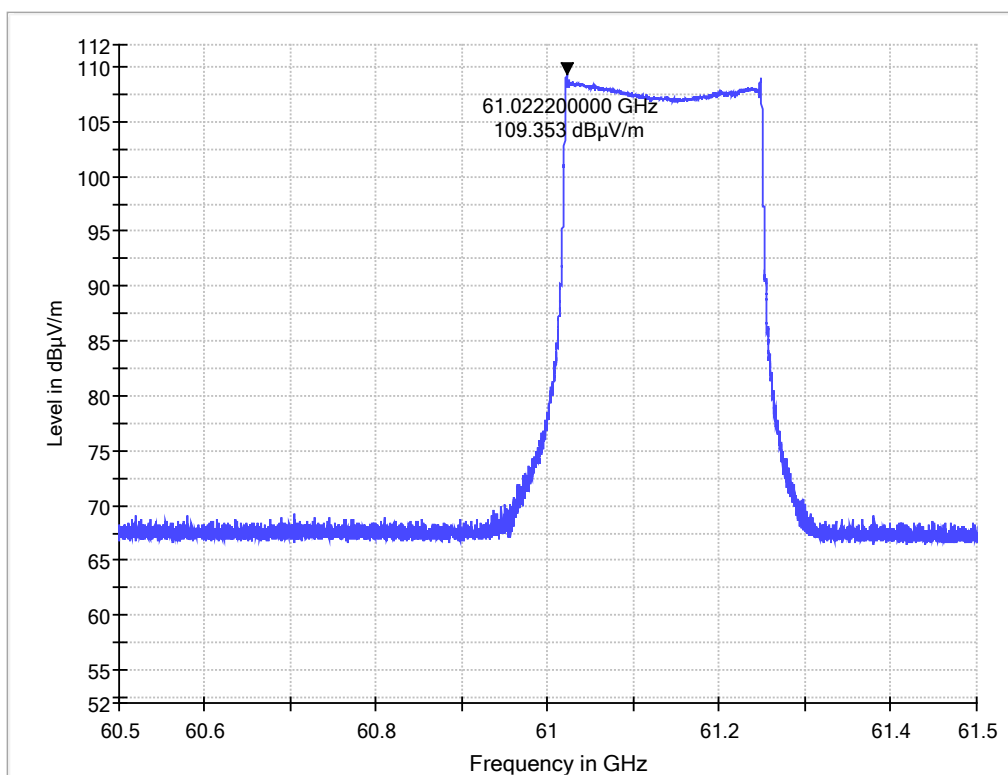
5.3.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Channel 0



10:16:57 AM 08/22/2023

Channel 1



5.3.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions FAR FCC

5.4 UNWANTED EMISSIONS

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

5.4.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

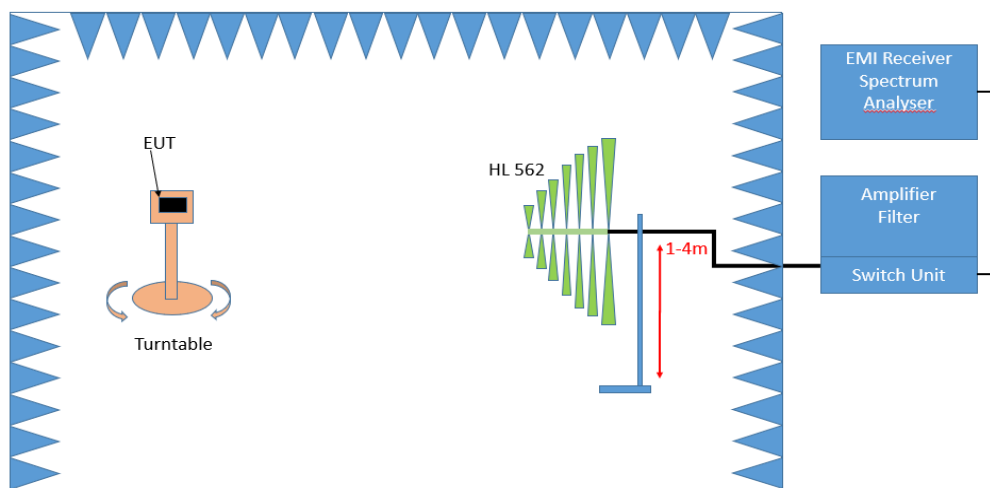
The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10 in a typical installation configuration.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered.

Below 1 GHz:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30–1000 MHz was evaluated.

1. Measurement 30 MHz up to 1 GHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (SAC), 30 MHz- 1GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:

- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold / Quasipeak (FFT-based)
- Frequency range: 30 – 1000 MHz
- Frequency steps: 30 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°
- Turntable step size: 90°

- Height variation range: 1 – 4 m
- Height variation step size: 1.5 m
- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by 360°. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary between 1 – 4 meter. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak – Maxhold
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: 360 °
- Height variation range: 1 – 4 m
- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector

With the settings determined in step 2, the final measurement will be performed:

EMI receiver settings for step 3:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak (< 1 GHz)
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

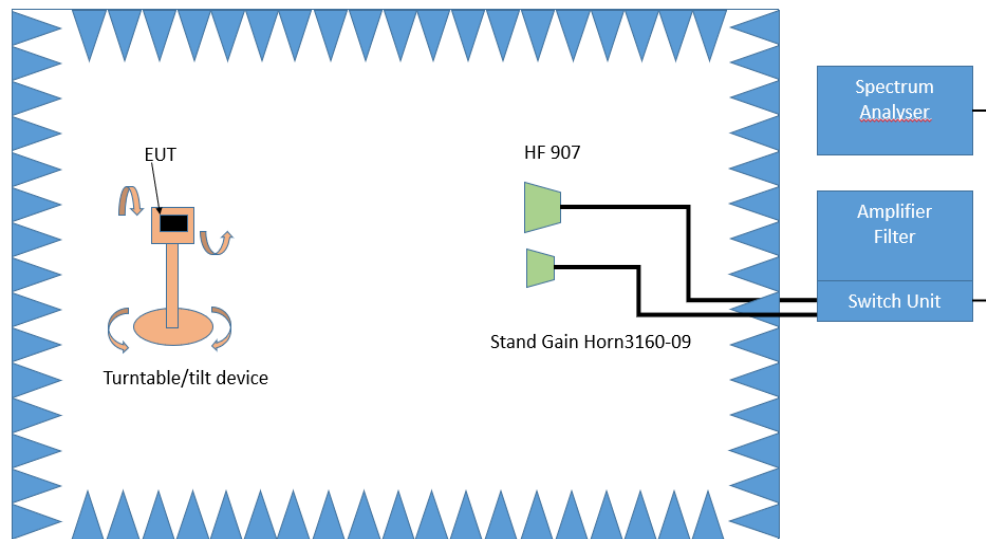
After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

Above 1 GHz:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

2. Measurement 1 up to 26 GHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (FAC), 1 GHz-26.5 GHz

Step 1:

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 °.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °.

Spectrum analyser settings:

- Detector: Peak, Average
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW = 3 MHz

Step 2:

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by $\pm 22.5^\circ$.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by $\pm 45^\circ$

Spectrum analyser settings:

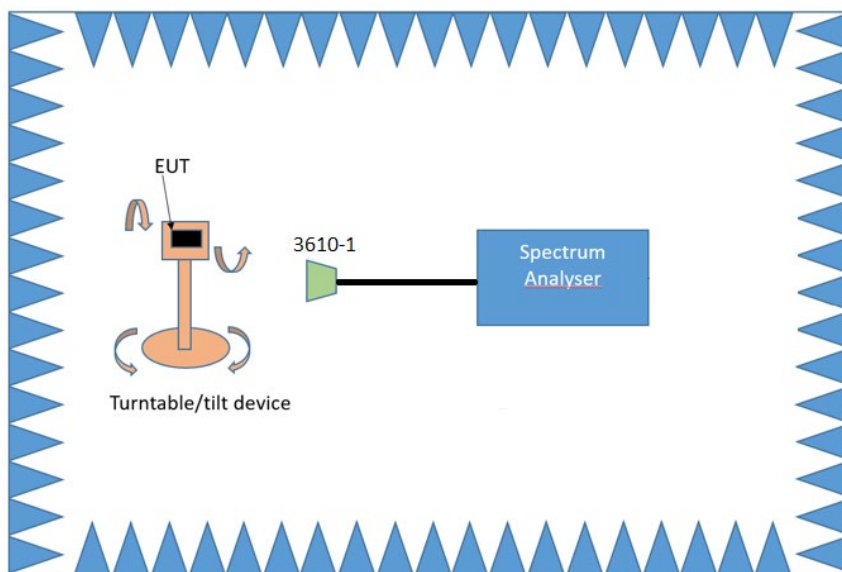
- Detector: Peak

Step 3:

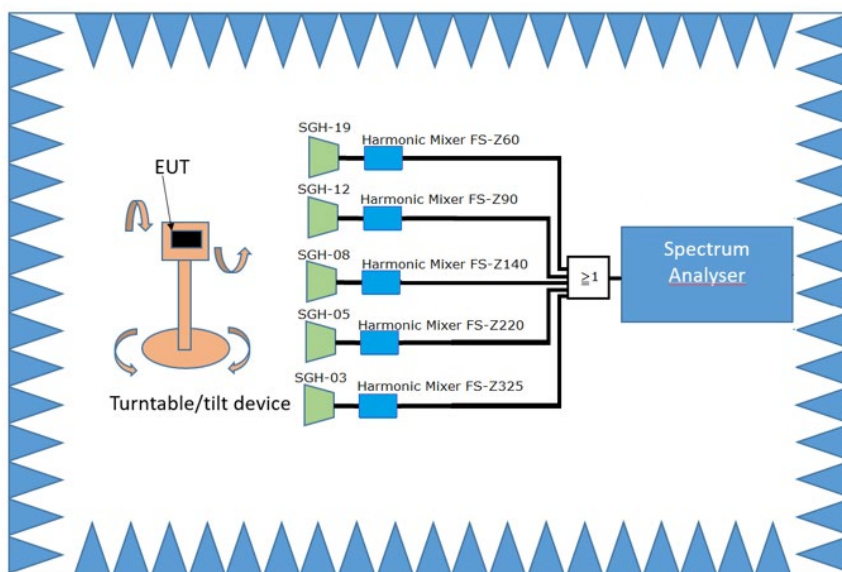
Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak / CISPR Average
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW = 3 MHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

3. Measurement above 26 GHz



Test Setup (26 - 40 GHz)



Test Setup (40 GHz - 320 GHz)

Step 1:

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 °.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °.

Spectrum analyser settings:

- Detector: Peak, Average
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW = 3 MHz
- Measurement distance:
 - 26 – 40 GHz: 1 m
 - 40 – 60 GHz: 1 m
 - 60 – 90 GHz: 1 m

- 90 – 140 GHz: 0.5 m
- 140 – 200 GHz: 0.5 m

Step 2:

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by $\pm 22.5^\circ$.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by $\pm 45^\circ$

Spectrum analyser settings:

- Detector: Peak

Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak / CISPR Average
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW = 3 MHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

5.4.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.255 (d)

Limits on spurious emissions:

- (1) The power density of any emissions outside the 57–71 GHz band shall consist solely of spurious emissions.
- (2) Radiated emissions below 40 GHz shall not exceed the general limits in § 15.209.
- (3) Between 40 GHz and 200 GHz, the level of these emissions shall not exceed 90 pW/cm² at a distance of 3 meters.
- (4) The levels of the spurious emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission.

Used limit conversion calculation:

- $PD = EIRP / (4\pi d^2)$
- $\text{Limit (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = EIRP [\text{dBm}] - 20 \log (d [\text{m}]) + 104.8$
- Distance-Correction Factor is: $20 \log (d [\text{m}])$

RSS 210 Annex J, J.3

The power of any emissions outside the band 57-71 GHz shall consist solely of spurious emissions and shall not exceed:

- a. the fundamental emission levels
- b. the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen for emissions below 40 GHz
- c. 90 pW/cm² at a distance of 3 m for emissions between 40 GHz and 200 GHz

5.4.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 23 °C
 Air Pressure: 997 hPa
 Humidity: 18 %

S01_AA01

Channel	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Verdict
0	30.0	36.47	QP	120	40	3.5	Passed
0	437.5	32.76	QP	120	46	13.2	Passed
0	500.0	39.76	QP	120	46	6.2	Passed
0	650.0	37.37	QP	120	46	8.6	Passed
0	750.0	37.76	QP	120	46	8.2	Passed
0	850.0	35.56	QP	120	46	10.4	Passed
0	14400.0	54.7	PK	1000	74	19.3	Passed
0	14400.0	47.3	AV	1000	54	6.7	Passed
0	28799.5	46.92	AV	1000	54	7.1	Passed

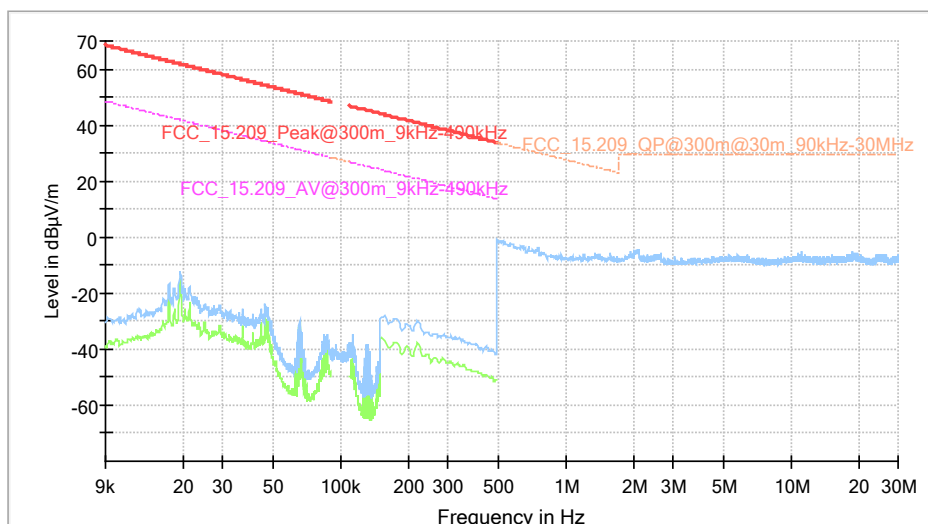
S01_AA01

Channel	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBμV/m]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Verdict
1	30.0	34.43	QP	120	40	5.6	Passed
1	437.5	37.97	QP	120	46	8.0	Passed
1	500.0	39.32	QP	120	46	6.7	Passed
1	650.0	34.82	QP	120	46	11.2	Passed
1	750.0	37.51	QP	120	46	8.5	Passed
1	850.0	35.85	QP	120	46	10.2	Passed
1	14400.0	43.487	AV	1000	54	10.5	Passed
1	28799.5	44.157	AV	1000	54	9.8	Passed

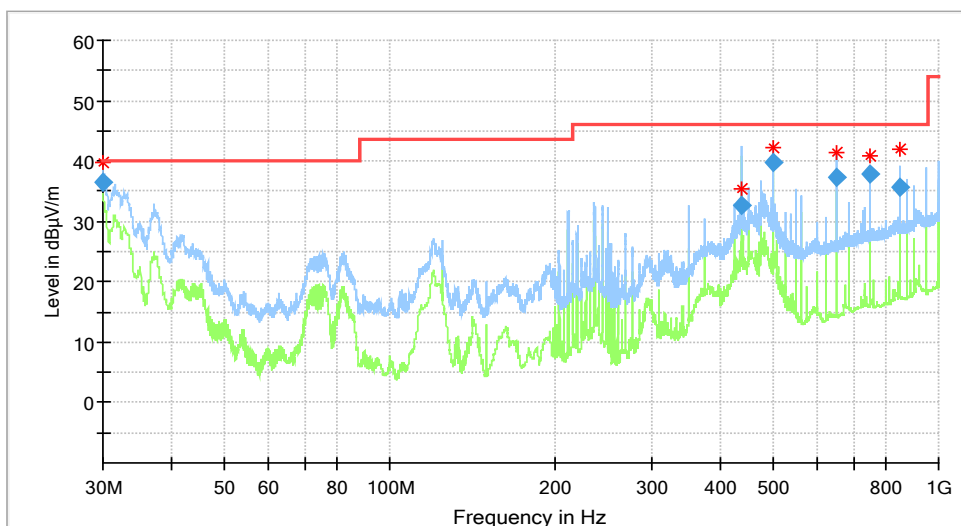
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

5.4.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

S01_AA01
Channel 0
9 kHz – 30 MHz

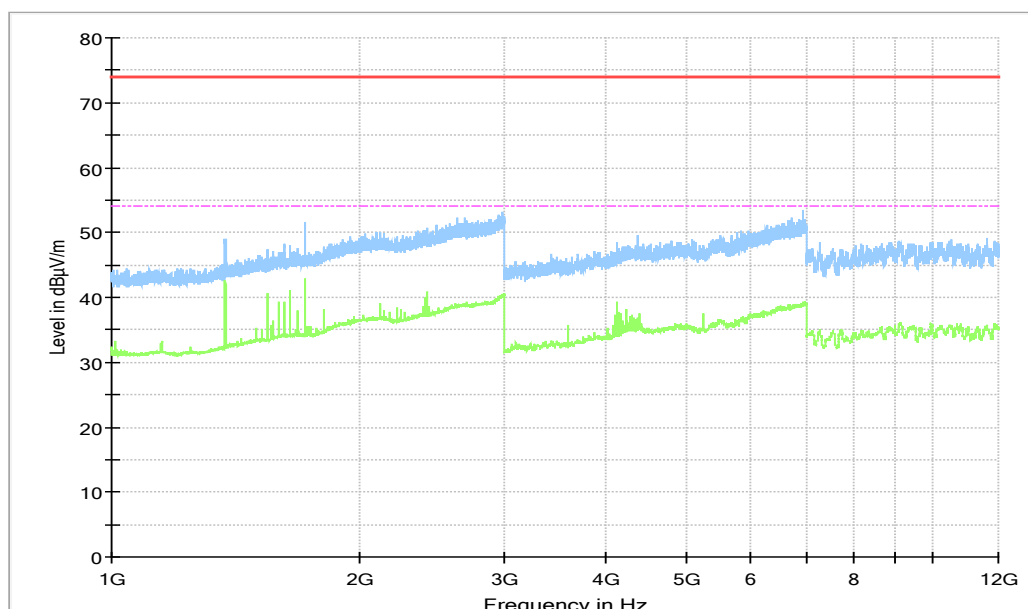


S01_AA01
Channel 0
30 MHz – 1 GHz

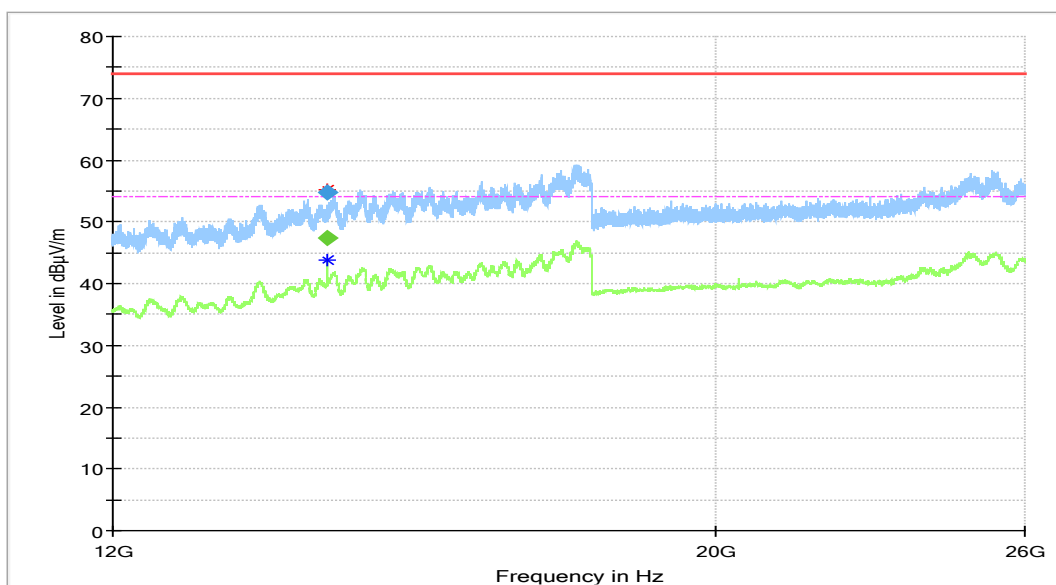


Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
30.000000	36.47	40.00	3.53	1000.0	120.000	111.0	V	314.0	19.0
437.490000	32.76	46.00	13.24	1000.0	120.000	100.0	H	108.0	17.7
500.010000	39.76	46.00	6.24	1000.0	120.000	129.0	V	353.0	19.1
650.010000	37.37	46.00	8.63	1000.0	120.000	180.0	V	358.0	21.7
750.000000	37.76	46.00	8.24	1000.0	120.000	100.0	H	253.0	23.2
849.990000	35.56	46.00	10.44	1000.0	120.000	104.0	H	0.0	24.3

S01_AA01
Channel 0
1 GHz – 12 GHz

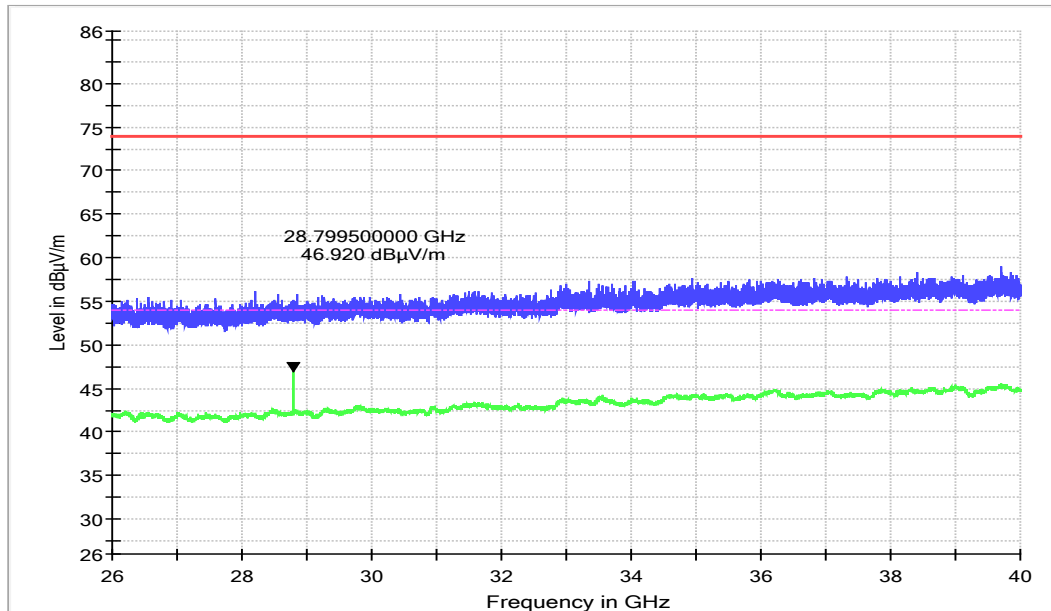


S01_AA01
Channel 0
12 GHz – 26 GHz

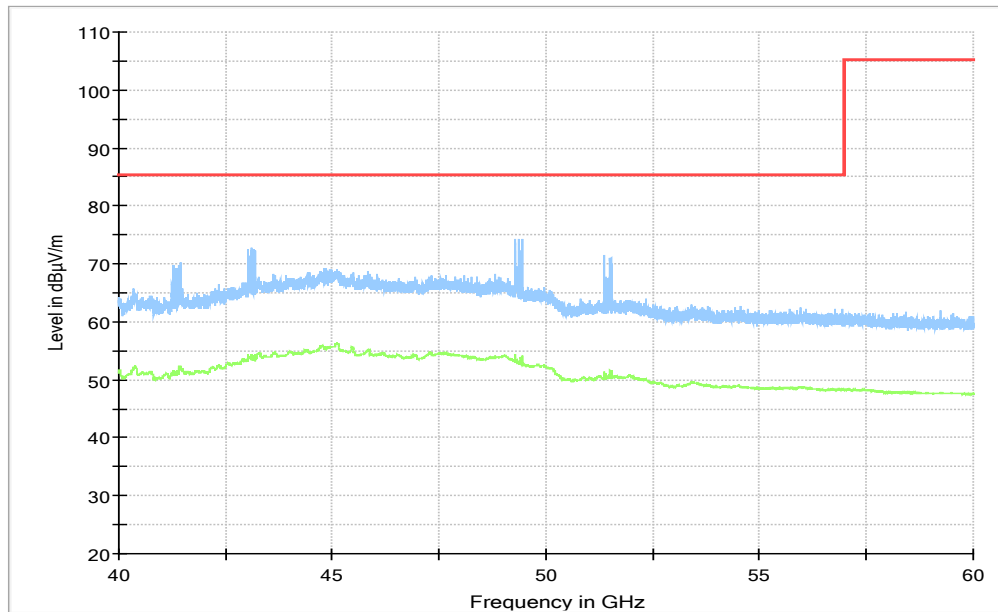


Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	CAverage (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Elevation (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
14400.000	54.7	---	74.00	19.27	1000.	1000.000	150.0	H	41.0	15.0	-3.3
14400.000	---	47.3	54.00	6.66	1000.	1000.000	150.0	H	41.0	15.0	-3.3

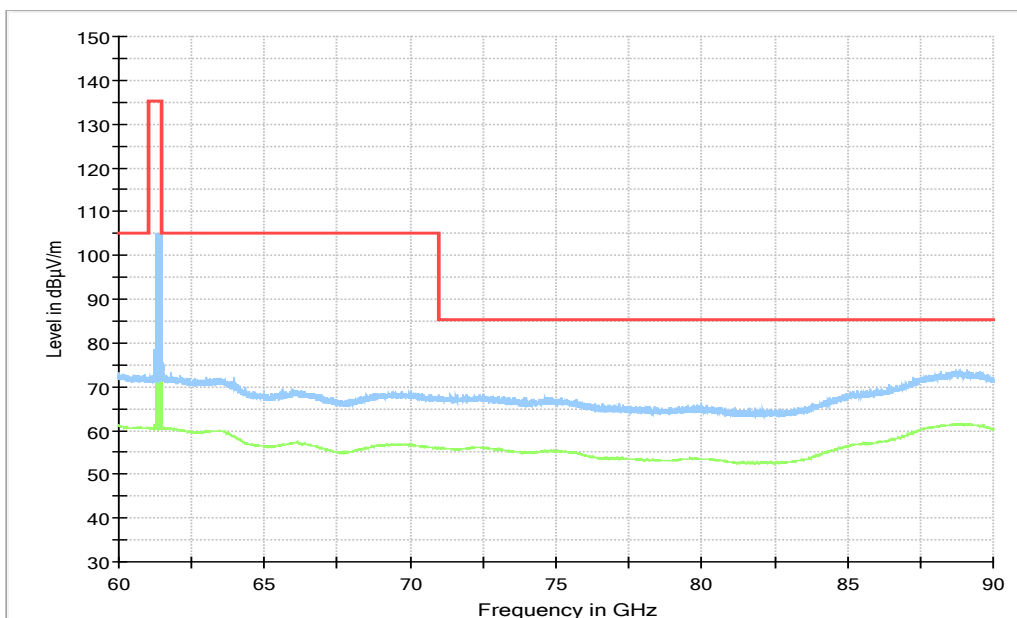
S01_AA01
Channel 0
26 GHz – 40 GHz



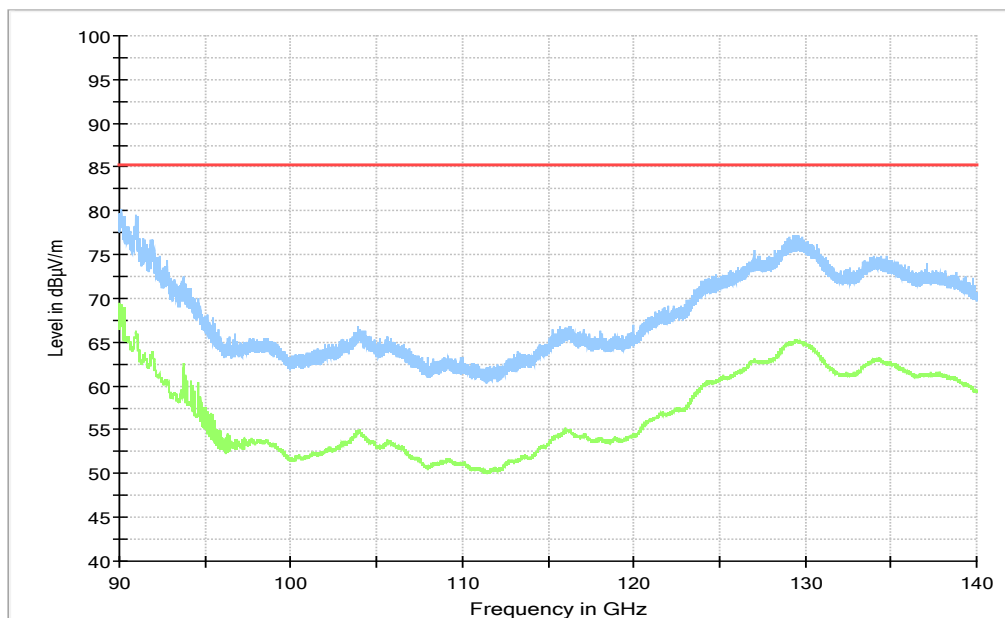
S01_AA01
Channel 0
40 GHz – 60 GHz



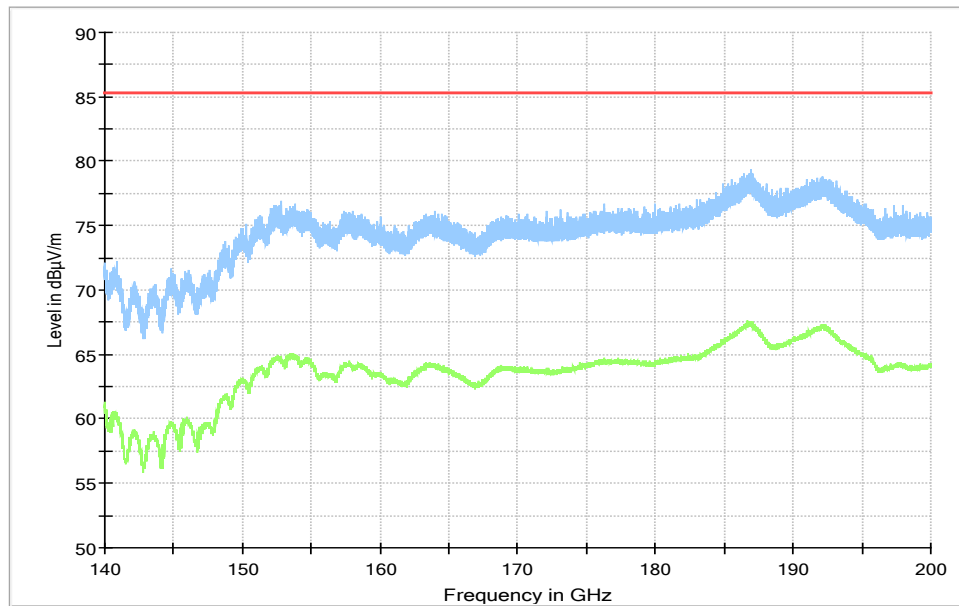
S01_AA01
Channel 0
60 GHz – 90 GHz



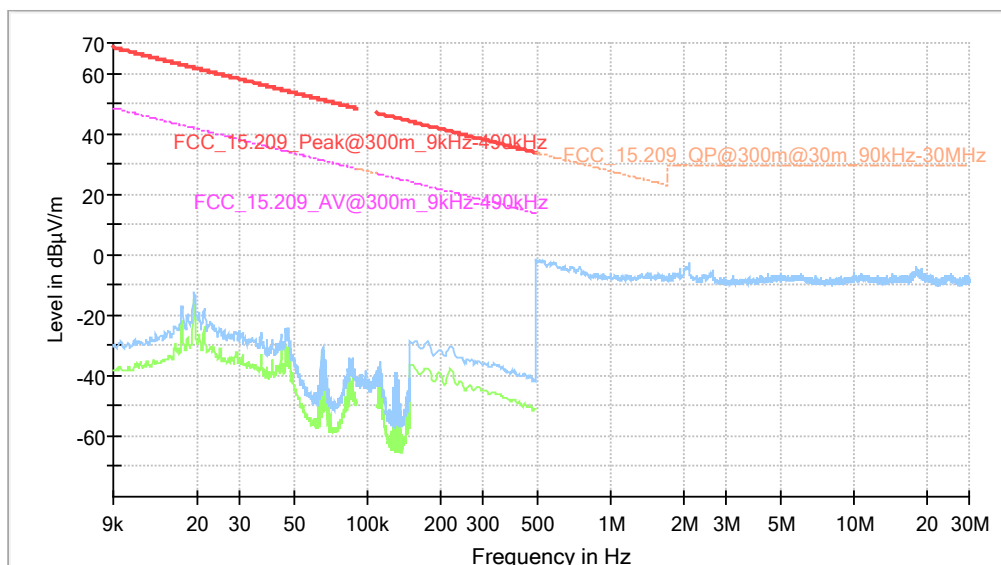
S01_AA01
Channel 0
90 GHz – 140 GHz



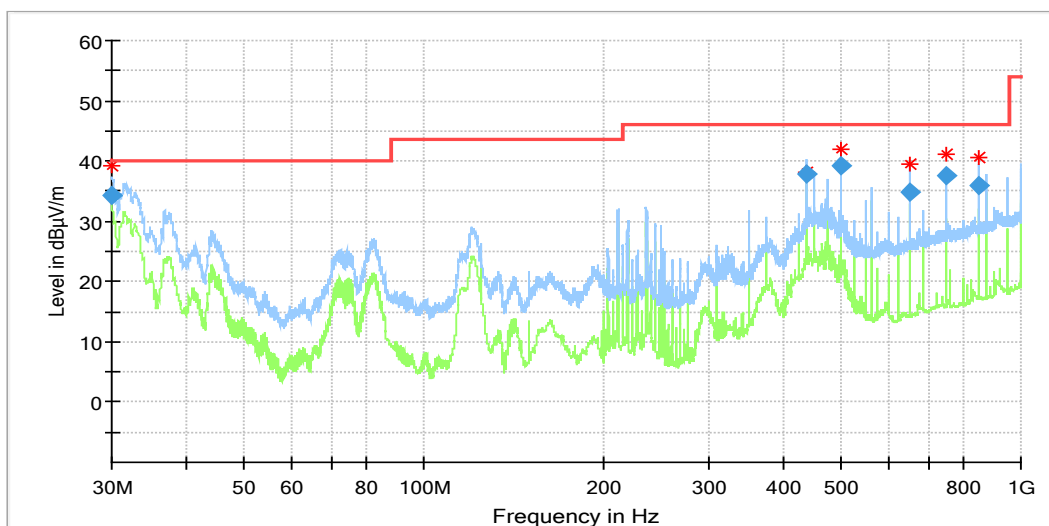
S01_AA01
Channel 0
90 GHz - 200 GHz



S01_AA01
 Channel 1
 9 kHz – 30 MHz

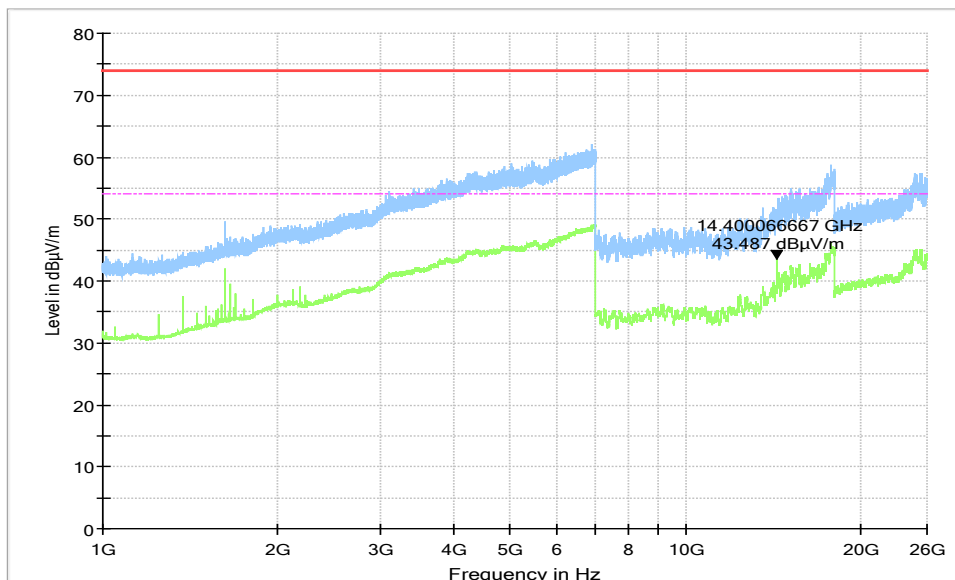


S01_AA01
 Channel 1
 30 MHz – 1 GHz

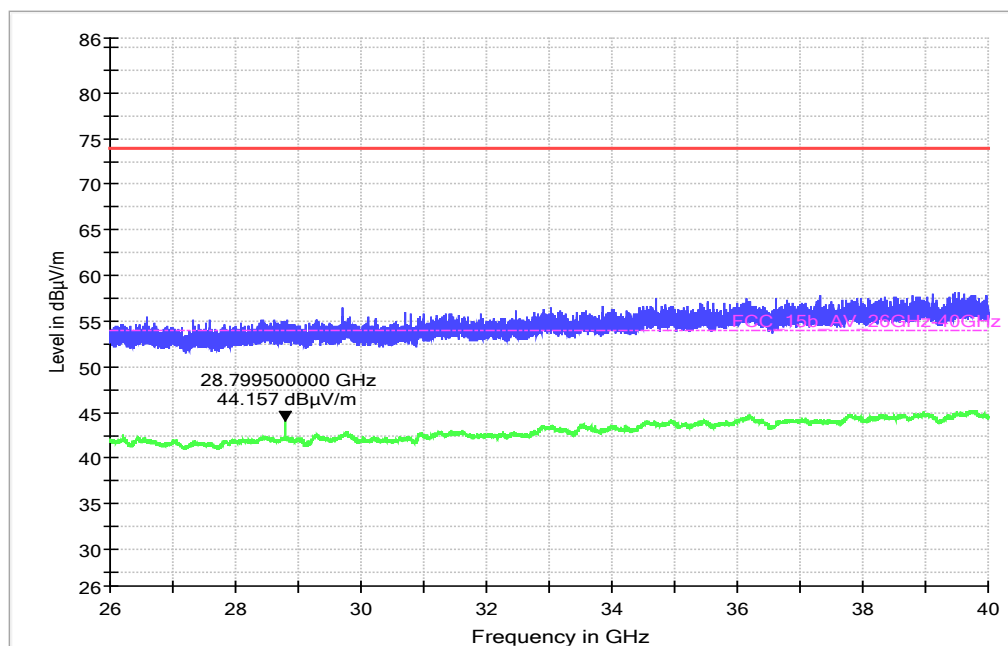


Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
30.000000	34.43	40.00	5.57	1000.0	120.000	109.0	V	316.0	19.0
437.490000	37.97	46.00	8.03	1000.0	120.000	100.0	H	292.0	17.7
500.010000	39.32	46.00	6.68	1000.0	120.000	111.0	V	20.0	19.1
650.010000	34.82	46.00	11.18	1000.0	120.000	191.0	V	349.0	21.7
750.000000	37.51	46.00	8.49	1000.0	120.000	110.0	H	56.0	23.2
849.990000	35.85	46.00	10.15	1000.0	120.000	168.0	H	150.0	24.3

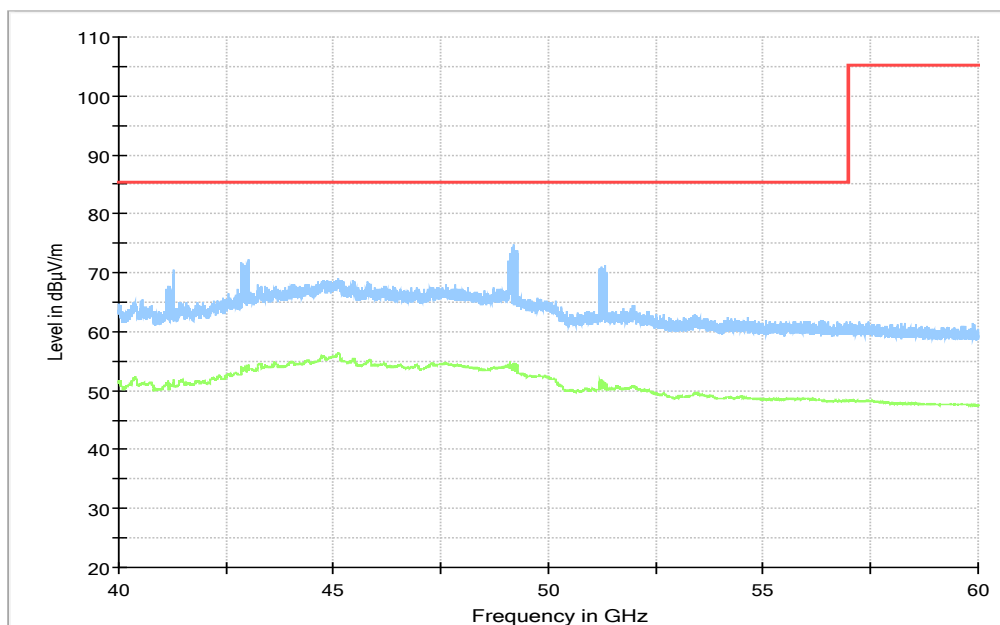
S01_AA01
Channel 1
1 GHz – 26 GHz



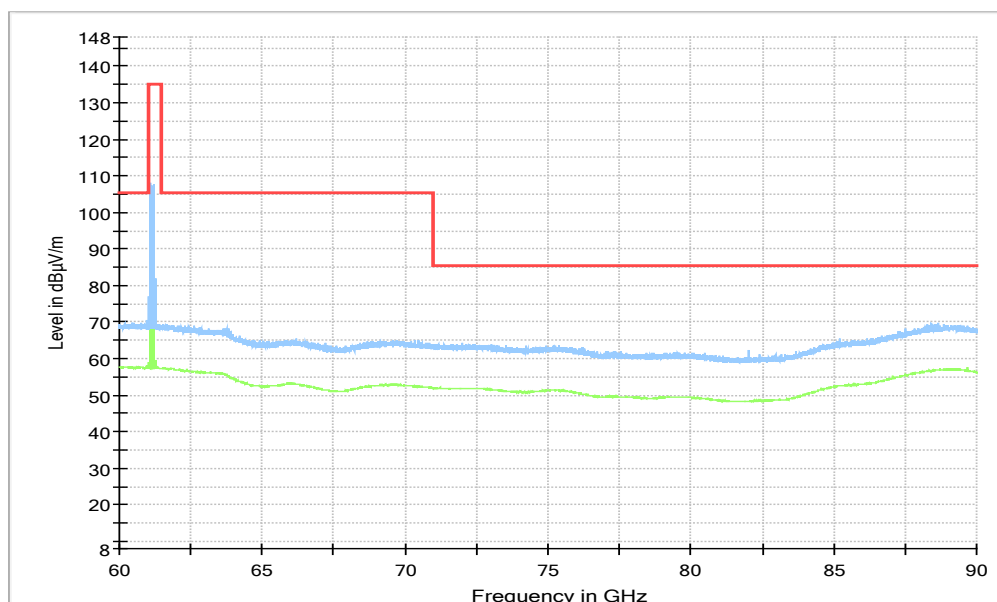
S01_AA01
Channel 1
26 GHz – 40 GHz



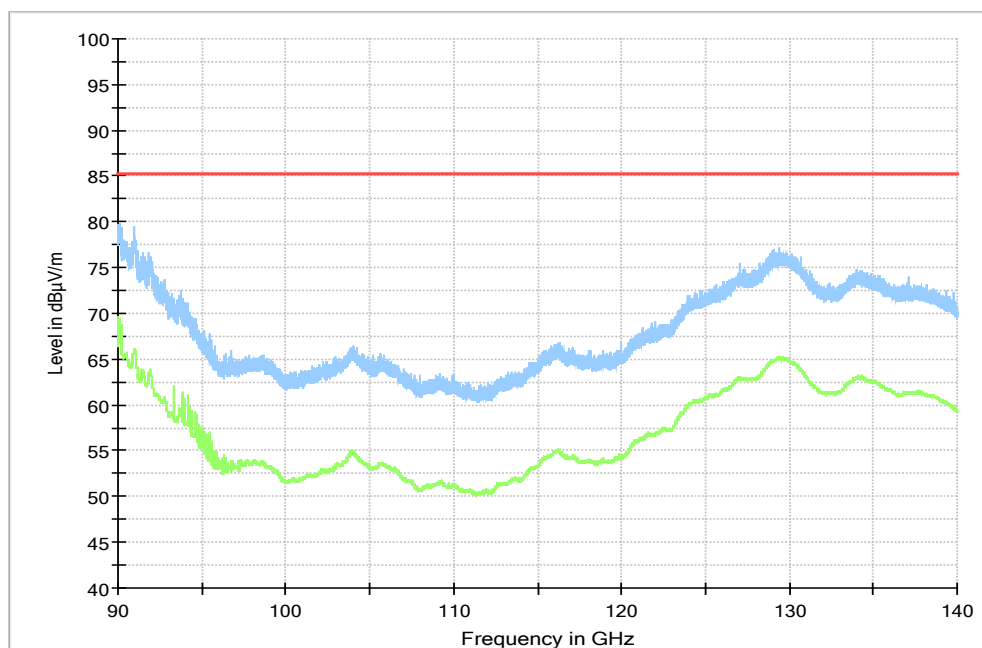
S01_AA01
Channel 1
40 GHz – 60 GHz



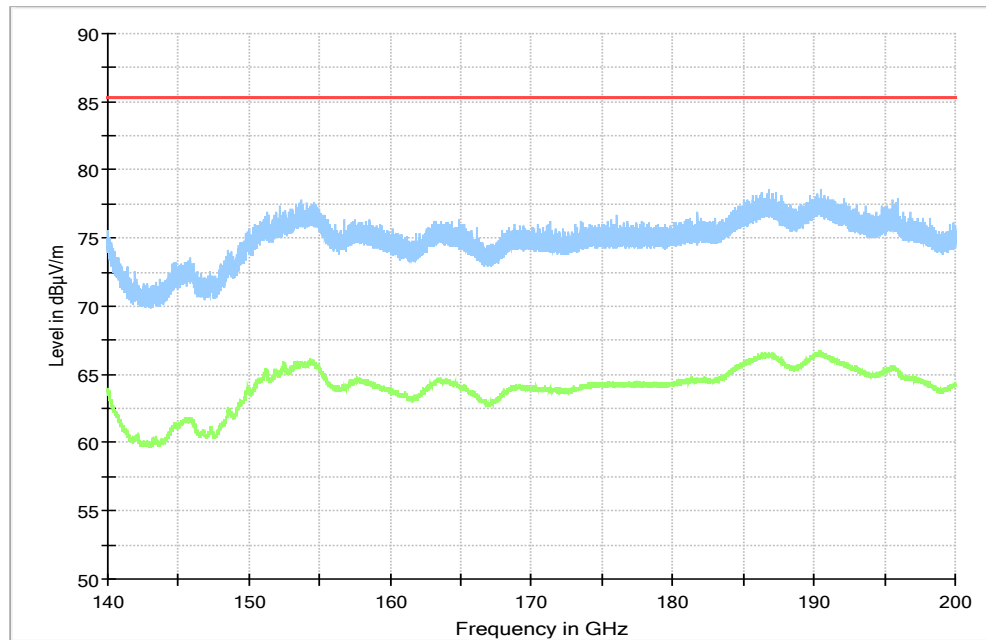
S01_AA01
Channel 1
60 GHz – 90 GHz



S01_AA01
Channel 1
90 GHz – 140 GHz



S01_AA01
Channel 1
140 GHz – 200 GHz



5.4.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions SAC
- Radiated Emissions FAR FCC

5.5 FREQUENCY STABILITY

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

5.5.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

As specified in Section 15.215(c), the bandwidth of the fundamental emission must be contained within the frequency band over the temperature range -20 to +50 degrees Celsius with an input voltage variation of 85% to 115% of rated input voltage. Frequency stability is to be measured according to Section 2.1055 at the highest and lowest frequency of operation and with the modulation that produces the widest emission bandwidth.

5.5.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.215 (c)

Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §15.217 through §15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated. In the case of intentional radiators operating under the provisions of subpart E, the emission bandwidth may span across multiple contiguous frequency bands identified in that subpart. The requirement to contain the designated bandwidth of the emission within the specified frequency band includes the effects from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping and other modulation techniques that may be employed as well as the frequency stability of the transmitter over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage. If a frequency stability is not specified in the regulations, it is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

RSS 210 Annex J, J.6

Fundamental emissions shall be contained within the 57-71 GHz frequency band during all conditions of operation when tested at the temperature and voltage variations specified for the frequency stability measurement in RSS-Gen.

5.5.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 24 °C
 Air Pressure: 1002 hPa
 Humidity: 44 %

S01_AA01

Channel	Temperature [°C]	Minutes	Voltage	6 dB flow [MHz]	6 dB fhigh [MHz]	Emission Bandwidth [MHz]	lower Bandedge [MHz]	upper Bandedge [MHz]	lower Margin [MHz]	upper Margin [MHz]
0	-20	0	normal	61250.02	61478.63	228.61	61000	61500	250.02	21.37
0	-20	2	normal	61250.92	61478.78	227.86	61000	61500	250.92	21.22
0	-20	5	normal	61250.72	61478.88	228.16	61000	61500	250.72	21.12
0	-20	10	normal	61250.92	61479.08	228.16	61000	61500	250.92	20.92
0	-10	0	normal	61250.02	61478.57	228.55	61000	61500	250.02	21.43
0	-10	2	normal	61251.73	61478.52	226.79	61000	61500	251.73	21.48
0	-10	5	normal	61251.45	61478.88	227.43	61000	61500	251.45	21.12
0	-10	10	normal	61251.52	61478.88	227.36	61000	61500	251.52	21.12
0	0	0	normal	61249.92	61478.23	228.31	61000	61500	249.92	21.77
0	0	2	normal	61251.52	61478.94	227.43	61000	61500	251.52	21.06
0	0	5	normal	61251.02	61479.16	228.14	61000	61500	251.02	20.84
0	0	10	normal	61251.30	61479.16	227.86	61000	61500	251.30	20.84
0	10	0	normal	61249.72	61477.93	228.21	61000	61500	249.72	22.07
0	10	2	normal	61251.95	61478.87	226.93	61000	61500	251.95	21.13
0	10	5	normal	61252.16	61478.87	226.71	61000	61500	252.16	21.13
0	10	10	normal	61251.73	61478.87	227.14	61000	61500	251.73	21.13
0	20	10	low	61249.62	61477.93	228.31	61000	61500	249.62	22.07
0	20	0	normal	61249.52	61477.93	228.41	61000	61500	249.52	22.07
0	20	2	normal	61252.01	61478.73	226.72	61000	61500	252.01	21.27
0	20	5	normal	61251.87	61478.51	226.64	61000	61500	251.87	21.49
0	20	10	normal	61251.38	61478.27	226.90	61000	61500	251.38	21.73
0	20	10	high	61249.52	61477.93	228.41	61000	61500	249.52	22.07
0	30	0	normal	61249.32	61477.53	228.21	61000	61500	249.32	22.47
0	30	2	normal	61252.23	61477.81	225.58	61000	61500	252.23	22.19
0	30	5	normal	61250.23	61478.60	228.36	61000	61500	250.23	21.41
0	30	10	normal	61250.23	61478.60	228.36	61000	61500	250.23	21.41
0	40	0	normal	61249.12	61477.57	228.45	61000	61500	249.12	22.43
0	40	2	normal	61249.88	61478.45	228.57	61000	61500	249.88	21.55
0	40	5	normal	61249.66	61478.45	228.79	61000	61500	249.66	21.55
0	40	10	normal	61249.59	61478.45	228.86	61000	61500	249.59	21.55
0	50	0	normal	61249.02	61477.27	228.25	61000	61500	249.02	22.73
0	50	2	normal	61249.34	61477.95	228.61	61000	61500	249.34	22.05

0	50	5	normal	61249.27	61478.02	228.75	61000	61500	249.27	21.98
0	50	10	normal	61249.48	61477.95	228.47	61000	61500	249.48	22.05

S01_AA01

Channel	Temperature [°C]	Minutes	Voltage	6 dB flow [MHz]	6 dB fhigh [MHz]	Emission Bandwidth [MHz]	lower Bandedge [MHz]	upper Bandedge [MHz]	lower Margin [MHz]	upper Margin [MHz]
1	-20	0	normal	61022.25	61252.38	230.13	61000	61500	22.25	247.62
1	-20	2	normal	61040.66	61251.77	211.11	61000	61500	40.66	248.23
1	-20	5	normal	61023.57	61251.87	228.30	61000	61500	23.57	248.13
1	-20	10	normal	61023.67	61251.87	228.20	61000	61500	23.67	248.13
1	-10	0	normal	61021.59	61252.00	230.41	61000	61500	21.59	248.00
1	-10	2	normal	61021.29	61250.76	229.48	61000	61500	21.29	249.24
1	-10	5	normal	61021.29	61250.83	229.55	61000	61500	21.29	249.17
1	-10	10	normal	61021.36	61250.91	229.55	61000	61500	21.36	249.10
1	0	0	normal	61022.07	61252.18	230.11	61000	61500	22.07	247.82
1	0	2	normal	61021.66	61250.19	228.53	61000	61500	21.66	249.81
1	0	5	normal	61021.45	61251.41	229.96	61000	61500	21.45	248.60
1	0	10	normal	61021.37	61251.41	230.03	61000	61500	21.37	248.60
1	10	0	normal	61021.67	61251.98	230.31	61000	61500	21.67	248.02
1	10	2	normal	61021.84	61251.32	229.49	61000	61500	21.83	248.68
1	10	5	normal	61021.91	61251.82	229.91	61000	61500	21.91	248.18
1	10	10	normal	61021.41	61251.82	230.41	61000	61500	21.41	248.18
1	20	0	low	61021.37	61251.78	230.41	61000	61500	21.37	248.22
1	20	0	normal	61021.37	61251.78	230.41	61000	61500	21.37	248.22
1	20	2	normal	61020.69	61250.41	229.72	61000	61500	20.69	249.59
1	20	5	normal	61020.91	61250.84	229.93	61000	61500	20.91	249.16
1	20	10	normal	61023.18	61250.84	227.66	61000	61500	23.18	249.16
1	20	10	high	61021.37	61251.78	230.41	61000	61500	21.37	248.22
1	30	0	normal	61021.17	61251.68	230.51	61000	61500	21.17	248.32
1	30	2	normal	61020.55	61250.63	230.08	61000	61500	20.55	249.38
1	30	5	normal	61020.55	61250.63	230.08	61000	61500	20.55	249.38
1	30	10	normal	61020.62	61250.41	229.79	61000	61500	20.62	249.59
1	40	0	normal	61021.07	61251.28	230.21	61000	61500	21.07	248.72
1	40	2	normal	61020.27	61250.56	230.29	61000	61500	20.27	249.44
1	40	5	normal	61020.27	61250.49	230.22	61000	61500	20.27	249.51
1	40	10	normal	61020.27	61250.56	230.29	61000	61500	20.27	249.44
1	50	0	normal	61021.17	61251.18	230.01	61000	61500	21.17	248.82
1	50	2	normal	61020.44	61250.56	230.11	61000	61500	20.44	249.44
1	50	5	normal	61020.52	61250.49	229.97	61000	61500	20.52	249.51
1	50	10	normal	61020.37	61250.41	230.04	61000	61500	20.37	249.59

Channel	Temperature [°C]	Voltage	6 dB flow [MHz]	6 dB fhigh [MHz]	Emission Bandwidth [MHz]	lower Bandedge [MHz]	upper Bandedge [MHz]	lower Margin [MHz]	upper Margin [MHz]
1	-20	low	61022.45	61252.38	229.93	61000	61500	22.45	247.62
1	-10	low	61021.87	61252.28	230.41	61000	61500	21.87	247.72
1	0	low	61021.87	61252.28	230.41	61000	61500	21.87	247.72
1	10	low	61021.77	61251.98	230.21	61000	61500	21.77	248.02
1	20	low	61021.37	61251.78	230.41	61000	61500	21.37	248.22
1	30	low	61021.17	61251.48	230.31	61000	61500	21.17	248.52
1	40	low	61021.17	61251.28	230.11	61000	61500	21.17	248.72
1	50	low	61020.97	61251.28	230.31	61000	61500	20.97	248.72
1	-20	high	61022.25	61252.38	230.13	61000	61500	22.25	247.62
1	-10	high	61021.87	61252.28	230.41	61000	61500	21.87	247.72
1	0	high	61022.07	61252.18	230.11	61000	61500	22.07	247.82
1	10	high	61021.67	61251.98	230.31	61000	61500	21.67	248.02
1	20	high	61021.37	61251.78	230.41	61000	61500	21.37	248.22
1	30	high	61021.17	61251.68	230.51	61000	61500	21.17	248.32
1	40	high	61021.07	61251.28	230.21	61000	61500	21.07	248.72
1	50	high	61021.17	61251.18	230.01	61000	61500	21.17	248.82

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

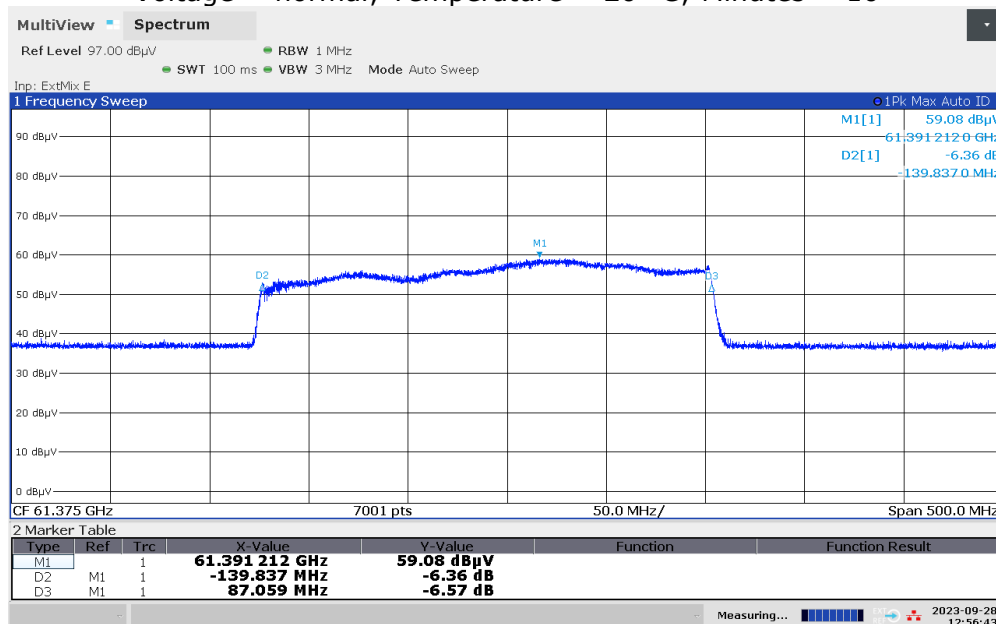
5.5.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Example Plot

S01_AA01

Channel 0

Voltage = normal; Temperature = 20 °C; Minutes = 10



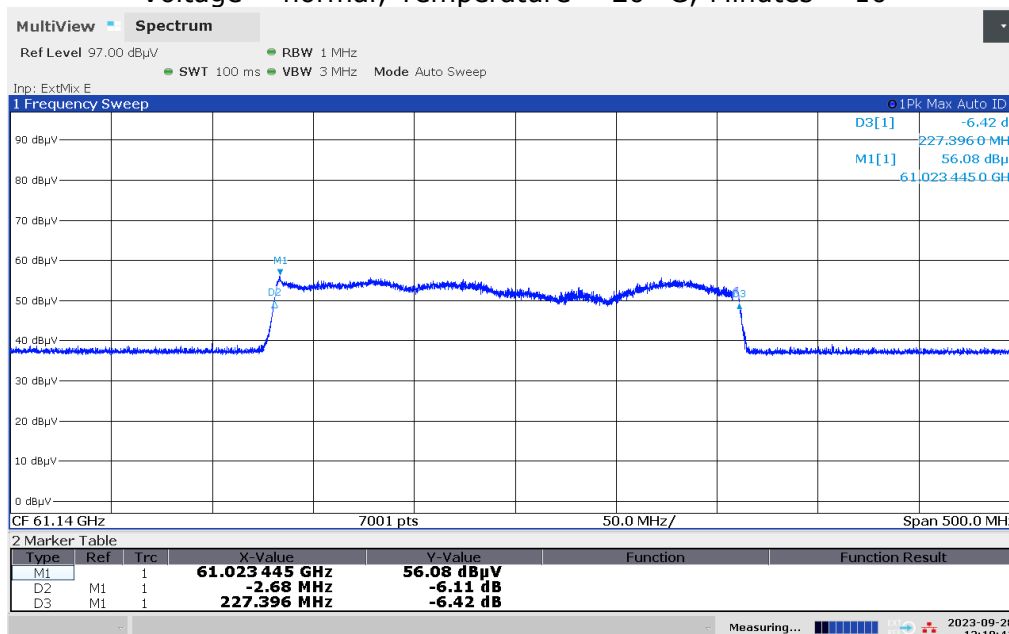
12:56:43 PM 09/28/2023

Example Plot

S01_AA01

Channel 1

Voltage = normal; Temperature = 20 °C; Minutes = 10



01:10:42 PM 09/28/2023

5.5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions FAR FCC

6 TEST EQUIPMENT

1.1 TEST EQUIPMENT HARDWARE

- 1 Conducted Emissions FCC
Conducted Emissions AC Mains for FCC standards

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.1	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	T/P Logger 13	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2021-10	2023-10
1.2	SMBV100A	Vector Signal Generator 9 kHz - 3.2 GHz (GNSS / Broadcast Signalling Unit)	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	260001	2021-02	2024-02
1.3	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2022-06	2024-06
1.4	ESH3-Z5	Two-Line V-Network (AUX)	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	828304/029	2021-08 2023-09	2023-08 2025-09
1.5	EP 1200/B, NA/B1	AC Source, Amplifier with integrated variable Oscillator	Spitzenberger & Spies GmbH & Co. KG	B6278		
1.6	Chroma 6404	AC Source	Chroma ATE INC.	64040001304		
1.7	Shielded Room 02	Shielded Room 4m x 3m	Frankonia Germany EMC Solution GmbH	-		
1.8	ESH3-Z5	Two-Line V-Network (EUT)	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	829996/002	2021-08	2023-08
1.9	ESR 7	EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	101424	2023-01	2025-01
1.10	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	T/H Logger 02	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	7489	2021-10	2023-10
1.11	CS-RUB6	Rubidium Frequency Standard	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	100321	2022-10	2023-10

- 2 Radiated Emissions SAC
Radiated emission tests in a semi anechoic room

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
2.1	N5000/NP	Filter for EUT, 2 Lines, 250 V, 16 A	ETS-LINDGREN	241515		
2.2	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	T/P Logger 13	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2021-10	2023-10
2.3	ESW44	EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	101603	2022-01	2024-01

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
2.4	Anechoic Chamber 01	SAC/FAR, 10.58 m x 6.38 m x 6.00 m	Frankonia	none		
2.5	HL 562 ULTRALOG	Biconical-log-per antenna (30 MHz - 3 GHz) with HL 562E biconicals	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	830547/003	2021-09	2024-09
2.6	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2022-06	2024-06
2.7	EP 1200/B, NA/B1	AC Source, Amplifier with integrated variable Oscillator	Spitzenberger & Spies GmbH & Co. KG	B6278		
2.8	DS 420S	Turn Table 2 m diameter	HD GmbH	420/573/99		
2.9	AM 4.0	Antenna Mast 4 m	Maturo GmbH	AM4.0/180/1192 0513		

3 Radiated Emissions FAR FCC

Radiated emission tests in a fully anechoic room

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.1	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	T/P Logger 13	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2021-10	2023-10
1.2	Innco Systems CO3000	Controller for bore sight mast FAC	-	CO3000/1460/54 740522/P	-	-
1.3	AMF-7D00101800-30-10P-R	Broadband Amplifier 100 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq	-	-	-
1.4	Anechoic Chamber 03	FAR, 8.80m x 4.60m x 4.05m (l x w x h)	Albatross Projects	P26971-647-001-PRB	2023-05	2025-05
1.5	Fluke 177	Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter)	Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2022-06	2024-06
1.6	JS4-18002600-32-5P	Broadband Amplifier 18 GHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	849785	-	-
1.7	FSW43	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	103779	2023-04	2025-04
1.8	EP 1200/B, NA/B1	AC Source, Amplifier with integrated variable Oscillator	Spitzenberger & Spies GmbH & Co. KG	B6278	-	-
1.9	3160-09	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 26.5 GHz	EMCO Elektronik GmbH	00083069	-	-

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.10	WHKX 7.0/18G-8SS	High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments GmbH	09	-	-
1.11	MA3000/0800-XP-ET-compact	Bore Sight Antenna Mast	-	-	-	-
1.12	TT 1.5 WI	Turn Table	Maturo GmbH	-	-	-
1.13	5HC3500/18000-1.2-KK	High Pass Filter	Trilithic	200035008	-	-
1.14	Opus 20 THI (8120.00)	ThermoHygro Datalogger	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	115.0318.0802.033	-	-
1.15	TD1.5-10kg	EUT Tilt Device (Rohacell)	Maturo GmbH	TD1.5-10kg/024/3790709	-	-
1.16	AFS42-00101800-25-S-42	Broadband Amplifier 25 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq	2035324	-	-
1.17	HF 907	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	102444	2021-09	2024-09
1.18	FS-Z60	Harmonic Mixer 40 - 60 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	100178	2023-06	2026-06
1.19	FS-Z220	Harmonic Mixer 140 - 220 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	101005	2023-05	2026-05
1.20	SGH-05	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (140 - 220 GHz)	RPG-Radiometer Physics GmbH	075	-	-
1.21	SGH-19	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (40 - 60 GHz)	RPG-Radiometer Physics GmbH	093	-	-
1.22	FS-Z325	Harmonic Mixer 220 - 325 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	101006	2023-06	2026-06
1.23	3160-10	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 40 GHz	EMCO Elektronik GmbH	00086675	-	-
1.24	MA4985-XP-ET	Bore Sight Antenna Mast	innco systems GmbH	none	-	-
1.25	SGH-08	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (90 - 140 GHz)	RPG-Radiometer Physics GmbH	064	-	-
1.26	SGH-12	Standard Gain / Pyramidal HornAntenna (60 - 90 GHz)	RPG-Radiometer Physics GmbH	326		
1.27	FS-Z140	Harmonic Mixer 90 -140 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	101007	2023-05	2026-05
1.28	SGH-03	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (220 - 325 GHz)	RPG-Radiometer Physics GmbH	060		

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.29	FS-Z90	Harmonic Mixer 60 - 90 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH	101686	2023-06	2026-06
1.30	Temperature Chamber KWP 120/70	Temperature Chamber KWP 120/70	Weiss	59226012190010	2022-05	2024-05

The calibration interval is the time interval between "Last Calibration" and "Calibration Due"

1.2 TEST EQUIPMENT SOFTWARE

Semi-Anechoic Chamber:	
Software	Version
EMC32 Measurement Software	10.60.10
INNCO Mast Controller	1.02.62
MATURO Mast Controller	12.19
MATURO Turn-Table Controller	30.10
Fully-Anechoic Chamber:	
Software	Version
EMC32 Measurement Software	10.60.10
MATURO Turn-Unit Controller	11.10
MATURO Mast Controller	12.10
INNCO Mast Controller	1.02.62
MATURO Turntable Controller	12.11
Conducted AC Emissions:	
Software	Version
EMC32 Measurement Software	10.60.20

7 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas as well as the insertion loss of the LISN.

7.1 LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

Frequency		Corr.	LISN insertion loss ESH3- Z5	cable loss (incl. 10 dB atten- uator)
MHz		dB	dB	dB
0.15		10.1	0.1	10.0
5		10.3	0.1	10.2
7		10.5	0.2	10.3
10		10.5	0.2	10.3
12		10.7	0.3	10.4
14		10.7	0.3	10.4
16		10.8	0.4	10.4
18		10.9	0.4	10.5
20		10.9	0.4	10.5
22		11.1	0.5	10.6
24		11.1	0.5	10.6
26		11.2	0.5	10.7
28		11.2	0.5	10.7
30		11.3	0.5	10.8

Sample calculation

$$U_{\text{LISN}} (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) = U (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

LISN Insertion loss = Voltage Division Factor of LISN

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used LISN, cables, switch units (if used)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

7.2 ANTENNA R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

Frequency MHz	AF HFH-Z2) dB (1/m)	Corr. dB	cable loss 1 (inside chamber) dB	cable loss 2 (outside chamber) dB	cable loss 3 (switch unit) dB	cable loss 4 (to receiver) dB	distance corr. (-40 dB/ decade) dB	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit) m	d _{used} (meas. distance (used) m
0.009	20.50	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.01	20.45	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.015	20.37	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.02	20.36	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.025	20.38	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.03	20.32	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.05	20.35	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.08	20.30	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	20.20	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.2	20.17	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.3	20.14	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.49	20.12	-79.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.490001	20.12	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.5	20.11	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.8	20.10	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
1	20.09	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
2	20.08	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
3	20.06	-39.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
4	20.05	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
5	20.05	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
6	20.02	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
8	19.95	-39.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
10	19.83	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
12	19.71	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
14	19.54	-39.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
16	19.53	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
18	19.50	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
20	19.57	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
22	19.61	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
24	19.61	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
26	19.54	-39.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
28	19.46	-39.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3
30	19.73	-39.1	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

distance correction = $-40 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values

7.3 ANTENNA R&S HL562 (30 MHz – 1 GHz)

($d_{\text{Limit}} = 3 \text{ m}$)

Frequency	AF R&S HL562	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
30	18.6	0.6
50	6.0	0.9
100	9.7	1.2
150	7.9	1.6
200	7.6	1.9
250	9.5	2.1
300	11.0	2.3
350	12.4	2.6
400	13.6	2.9
450	14.7	3.1
500	15.6	3.2
550	16.3	3.5
600	17.2	3.5
650	18.1	3.6
700	18.5	3.6
750	19.1	4.1
800	19.6	4.1
850	20.1	4.4
900	20.8	4.7
950	21.1	4.8
1000	21.6	4.9

cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade)	d_{Limit} (meas. distance (limit))	d_{used} (meas. distance (used))
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	0.0	3	3
0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	0.0	3	3
0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	0.0	3	3
0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	0.0	3	3
2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	0.0	3	3
2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	0.0	3	3
2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	0.0	3	3

($d_{\text{Limit}} = 10 \text{ m}$)

30	18.6	-9.9
50	6.0	-9.6
100	9.7	-9.2
150	7.9	-8.8
200	7.6	-8.6
250	9.5	-8.3
300	11.0	-8.1
350	12.4	-7.9
400	13.6	-7.6
450	14.7	-7.4
500	15.6	-7.2
550	16.3	-7.0
600	17.2	-6.9
650	18.1	-6.9
700	18.5	-6.8
750	19.1	-6.3
800	19.6	-6.3
850	20.1	-6.0
900	20.8	-5.8
950	21.1	-5.6
1000	21.6	-5.6

0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	-10.5	10	3
0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	-10.5	10	3
0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	-10.5	10	3
0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	-10.5	10	3
0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	-10.5	10	3
0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	-10.5	10	3
1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	-10.5	10	3
1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	-10.5	10	3
1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	-10.5	10	3
1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	-10.5	10	3
1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	-10.5	10	3
1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	-10.5	10	3
1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	-10.5	10	3
1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	-10.5	10	3
1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	-10.5	10	3
1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	-10.5	10	3
1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	-10.5	10	3
1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	-10.5	10	3
2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	-10.5	10	3
2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	-10.5	10	3
2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	-10.5	10	3

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + \text{AF (dB 1/m)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$
 U = Receiver reading
 AF = Antenna factor
 Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)
 $\text{distance correction} = -20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$
 Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.
 Tables show an extract of values.

7.4 ANTENNA R&S HF907 (1 GHZ – 18 GHZ)

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
1000	24.4	-19.4
2000	28.5	-17.4
3000	31.0	-16.1
4000	33.1	-14.7
5000	34.4	-13.7
6000	34.7	-12.7
7000	35.6	-11.0

cable loss 1 (relay + cable inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit, atten- uator & pre-amp)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)		
dB	dB	dB	dB		
0.99	0.31	-21.51	0.79		
1.44	0.44	-20.63	1.38		
1.87	0.53	-19.85	1.33		
2.41	0.67	-19.13	1.31		
2.78	0.86	-18.71	1.40		
2.74	0.90	-17.83	1.47		
2.82	0.86	-16.19	1.46		

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
3000	31.0	-23.4
4000	33.1	-23.3
5000	34.4	-21.7
6000	34.7	-21.2
7000	35.6	-19.8

cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (inside chamber)	cable loss 3 (outside chamber)	cable loss 4 (switch unit, atten- uator & pre-amp)	cable loss 5 (to receiver)	used for FCC 15.247
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	
0.47	1.87	0.53	-27.58	1.33	
0.56	2.41	0.67	-28.23	1.31	
0.61	2.78	0.86	-27.35	1.40	
0.58	2.74	0.90	-26.89	1.47	
0.66	2.82	0.86	-25.58	1.46	

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
7000	35.6	-57.3
8000	36.3	-56.3
9000	37.1	-55.3
10000	37.5	-56.2
11000	37.5	-55.3
12000	37.6	-53.7
13000	38.2	-53.5
14000	39.9	-56.3
15000	40.9	-54.1
16000	41.3	-54.1
17000	42.8	-54.4
18000	44.2	-54.7

cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (High Pass)	cable loss 3 (pre- amp)	cable loss 4 (inside chamber)	cable loss 5 (outside chamber)	cable loss 6 (to receiver)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
0.56	1.28	-62.72	2.66	0.94	1.46
0.69	0.71	-61.49	2.84	1.00	1.53
0.68	0.65	-60.80	3.06	1.09	1.60
0.70	0.54	-61.91	3.28	1.20	1.67
0.80	0.61	-61.40	3.43	1.27	1.70
0.84	0.42	-59.70	3.53	1.26	1.73
0.83	0.44	-59.81	3.75	1.32	1.83
0.91	0.53	-63.03	3.91	1.40	1.77
0.98	0.54	-61.05	4.02	1.44	1.83
1.23	0.49	-61.51	4.17	1.51	1.85
1.36	0.76	-62.36	4.34	1.53	2.00
1.70	0.53	-62.88	4.41	1.55	1.91

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.

7.5 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHZ – 26.5 GHZ)

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-09	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (pre- amp)	cable loss 3 (inside chamber)	cable loss 4 (switch unit)	cable loss 5 (to receiver)
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
18000	40.2	-23.5	0.72	-35.85	6.20	2.81	2.65
18500	40.2	-23.2	0.69	-35.71	6.46	2.76	2.59
19000	40.2	-22.0	0.76	-35.44	6.69	3.15	2.79
19500	40.3	-21.3	0.74	-35.07	7.04	3.11	2.91
20000	40.3	-20.3	0.72	-34.49	7.30	3.07	3.05
20500	40.3	-19.9	0.78	-34.46	7.48	3.12	3.15
21000	40.3	-19.1	0.87	-34.07	7.61	3.20	3.33
21500	40.3	-19.1	0.90	-33.96	7.47	3.28	3.19
22000	40.3	-18.7	0.89	-33.57	7.34	3.35	3.28
22500	40.4	-19.0	0.87	-33.66	7.06	3.75	2.94
23000	40.4	-19.5	0.88	-33.75	6.92	3.77	2.70
23500	40.4	-19.3	0.90	-33.35	6.99	3.52	2.66
24000	40.4	-19.8	0.88	-33.99	6.88	3.88	2.58
24500	40.4	-19.5	0.91	-33.89	7.01	3.93	2.51
25000	40.4	-19.3	0.88	-33.00	6.72	3.96	2.14
25500	40.5	-20.4	0.89	-34.07	6.90	3.66	2.22
26000	40.5	-21.3	0.86	-35.11	7.02	3.69	2.28
26500	40.5	-21.1	0.90	-35.20	7.15	3.91	2.36

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

7.6 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHZ – 40 GHZ)

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160-10	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade)	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit))	d _{used} (meas. distance (used))
GHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
26.5	43.4	-11.2	4.4				-9.5	3	1.0
27.0	43.4	-11.2	4.4				-9.5	3	1.0
28.0	43.4	-11.1	4.5				-9.5	3	1.0
29.0	43.5	-11.0	4.6				-9.5	3	1.0
30.0	43.5	-10.9	4.7				-9.5	3	1.0
31.0	43.5	-10.8	4.7				-9.5	3	1.0
32.0	43.5	-10.7	4.8				-9.5	3	1.0
33.0	43.6	-10.7	4.9				-9.5	3	1.0
34.0	43.6	-10.6	5.0				-9.5	3	1.0
35.0	43.6	-10.5	5.1				-9.5	3	1.0
36.0	43.6	-10.4	5.1				-9.5	3	1.0
37.0	43.7	-10.3	5.2				-9.5	3	1.0
38.0	43.7	-10.2	5.3				-9.5	3	1.0
39.0	43.7	-10.2	5.4				-9.5	3	1.0
40.0	43.8	-10.1	5.5				-9.5	3	1.0

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction = $-20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

7.7 ANTENNA SGH-19 (40 GHZ – 60 GHZ)

Frequency	AF	Corr.	cable	cable	cable	Harmonic	distance	d _{Limit}	d _{used}
GHz	SGH-19		loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	Mixer	corr.	(meas.	(meas.
	dB (1/m)	dB	(inside	(outside	(switch	FS-Z60	(-20 dB/	distance	distance
			chamber)	chamber)	unit)		decade)	(limit)	(used)
			dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
40.0	39.6	3.8				19.4	-15.6	3	0.5
41.0	39.7	2.7				18.3	-15.6	3	0.5
42.0	39.8	3.3				18.9	-15.6	3	0.5
43.0	39.9	2.7				18.3	-15.6	3	0.5
44.0	40.1	4.0				19.6	-15.6	3	0.5
45.0	40.2	3.8				19.4	-15.6	3	0.5
46.0	40.3	4.0				19.6	-15.6	3	0.5
47.0	40.4	4.3				19.9	-15.6	3	0.5
48.0	40.5	3.5				19.1	-15.6	3	0.5
49.0	40.6	3.2				18.8	-15.6	3	0.5
50.0	40.8	3.6				19.2	-15.6	3	0.5
51.0	40.9	2.6				18.2	-15.6	3	0.5
52.0	41.1	1.5				17.1	-15.6	3	0.5
53.0	41.1	0.1				15.7	-15.6	3	0.5
54.0	41.3	-1.0				14.6	-15.6	3	0.5
55.0	41.4	-0.8				14.8	-15.6	3	0.5
56.0	41.5	-1.2				14.4	-15.6	3	0.5
57.0	41.6	-0.8				14.8	-15.6	3	0.5
58.0	41.8	-0.9				14.7	-15.6	3	0.5
59.0	41.9	0.0				15.6	-15.6	3	0.5
60.0	42.1	1.3				16.9	-15.6	3	0.5

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction = $-20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

7.8 ANTENNA SGH-12 (60 GHZ – 90 GHZ)

Frequency GHz	AF SGH-12 dB (1/m)	Corr. dB	cable loss 1 (inside chamber) dB	cable loss 2 (outside chamber) dB	cable loss 3 (switch unit) dB	Harmonic Mixer FS-Z90 dB	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade) dB	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit) m	d _{used} (meas. distance (used) m
60.0	43.3	8.2				24.4	-15.6	3	0.5
61.5	43.4	7.3				23.8	-15.6	3	0.5
63.0	43.5	4.2				22.9	-15.6	3	0.5
64.5	43.6	4.2				19.8	-15.6	3	0.5
66.0	43.7	2.0				19.8	-15.6	3	0.5
67.5	43.8	3.4				17.6	-15.6	3	0.5
69.0	43.9	3.2				19.0	-15.6	3	0.5
70.5	44.0	2.4				18.8	-15.6	3	0.5
72.0	44.1	1.6				18.0	-15.6	3	0.5
73.5	44.2	1.7				17.2	-15.6	3	0.5
75.0	44.4	0.1				17.3	-15.6	3	0.5
76.5	44.5	-0.5				15.7	-15.6	3	0.5
78.0	44.6	-0.5				15.1	-15.6	3	0.5
79.5	44.7	-1.6				15.1	-15.6	3	0.5
81.0	44.8	-1.7				14.0	-15.6	3	0.5
82.5	45.0	-0.3				13.9	-15.6	3	0.5
84.0	45.1	2.2				15.3	-15.6	3	0.5
85.5	45.2	3.7				17.8	-15.6	3	0.5
87.0	45.4	5.9				19.3	-15.6	3	0.5
88.5	45.5	5.2				21.5	-15.6	3	0.5
90.0	45.6	8.2				20.8	-15.6	3	0.5

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction = $-20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

7.9 ANTENNA SGH-08 (90 GHZ – 140 GHZ)

Frequency GHz	AF SGH-19 dB (1/m)	Corr. dB	cable loss 1 (inside chamber) dB	cable loss 2 (outside chamber) dB	cable loss 3 (switch unit) dB	Harmonic Mixer FS-Z140 dB	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade) dB	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit) m	d _{used} (meas. distance (used) m
90.0	46.9	12.2				27.8	-15.6	3	0.5
92.5	47.0	10.8				26.4	-15.6	3	0.5
95.0	47.1	9.2				24.8	-15.6	3	0.5
97.5	47.2	7.5				23.1	-15.6	3	0.5
100.0	47.3	5.8				21.4	-15.6	3	0.5
102.5	47.4	6.0				21.6	-15.6	3	0.5
105.0	47.6	7.0				22.6	-15.6	3	0.5
107.5	47.7	5.8				21.4	-15.6	3	0.5
110.0	47.8	4.7				20.3	-15.6	3	0.5
112.5	47.9	4.1				19.7	-15.6	3	0.5
115.0	48.0	6.8				22.4	-15.6	3	0.5
117.5	48.2	7.3				22.9	-15.6	3	0.5
120.0	48.3	7.5				23.1	-15.6	3	0.5
122.5	48.4	10.4				26.0	-15.6	3	0.5
125.0	48.6	13.6				29.2	-15.6	3	0.5
127.5	48.7	15.5				31.1	-15.6	3	0.5
130.0	48.9	18.1				33.7	-15.6	3	0.5
132.5	49.0	13.5				29.1	-15.6	3	0.5
135.0	49.2	14.6				30.2	-15.6	3	0.5
137.5	49.3	14.1				29.7	-15.6	3	0.5
140.0	49.4	11.5				27.1	-15.6	3	0.5

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction = $-20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

7.10 ANTENNA SGH-05 (140 GHZ – 200 GHZ)

Frequency	AF	Corr.	cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	Harmonic Mixer FS-Z140	distance corr. (-20 dB/decade)	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit))	d _{used} (meas. distance (used))
GHz	dB (1/m)	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
140.0	50.8	15.1				30.7	-15.6	3	0.5
142.0	50.8	11.0				26.6	-15.6	3	0.5
144.0	50.9	11.1				26.7	-15.6	3	0.5
146.0	50.9	12.1				27.7	-15.6	3	0.5
148.0	51.0	13.1				28.7	-15.6	3	0.5
150.0	51.0	15.4				31.0	-15.6	3	0.5
152.0	51.1	15.0				30.6	-15.6	3	0.5
154.0	51.1	16.9				32.5	-15.6	3	0.5
156.0	51.2	15.1				30.7	-15.6	3	0.5
158.0	51.3	15.3				30.9	-15.6	3	0.5
160.0	51.3	14.5				30.1	-15.6	3	0.5
162.0	51.4	14.2				29.8	-15.6	3	0.5
164.0	51.4	15.4				31.0	-15.6	3	0.5
166.0	51.5	13.5				29.1	-15.6	3	0.5
168.0	51.6	14.0				29.6	-15.6	3	0.5
170.0	51.6	15.1				30.7	-15.6	3	0.5
172.0	51.7	14.3				29.9	-15.6	3	0.5
174.0	51.8	14.7				30.3	-15.6	3	0.5
176.0	51.8	14.8				30.4	-15.6	3	0.5
178.0	51.9	14.6				30.2	-15.6	3	0.5
180.0	51.9	14.9				30.5	-15.6	3	0.5
182.0	52.0	14.7				30.3	-15.6	3	0.5
184.0	52.1	15.6				31.2	-15.6	3	0.5
186.0	52.1	16.8				32.4	-15.6	3	0.5
188.0	52.2	15.2				30.8	-15.6	3	0.5
190.0	52.3	16.8				32.4	-15.6	3	0.5
192.0	52.3	16.1				31.7	-15.6	3	0.5
194.0	52.4	14.8				30.4	-15.6	3	0.5
196.0	52.5	15.1				30.7	-15.6	3	0.5
198.0	52.6	13.8				29.4	-15.6	3	0.5
200.0	52.6	13.7				29.3	-15.6	3	0.5
202.0	52.7	14.0				29.6	-15.6	3	0.5
204.0	52.8	13.7				29.3	-15.6	3	0.5
206.0	52.8	13.4				29.0	-15.6	3	0.5
208.0	52.9	13.4				29.0	-15.6	3	0.5
210.0	53.0	13.9				29.5	-15.6	3	0.5
212.0	53.1	12.9				28.5	-15.6	3	0.5
214.0	53.2	13.1				28.7	-15.6	3	0.5
216.0	53.2	13.5				29.1	-15.6	3	0.5
218.0	53.3	14.5				30.1	-15.6	3	0.5
220.0	53.4	14.0				29.6	-15.6	3	0.5

Sample calculation

$$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction = $-20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

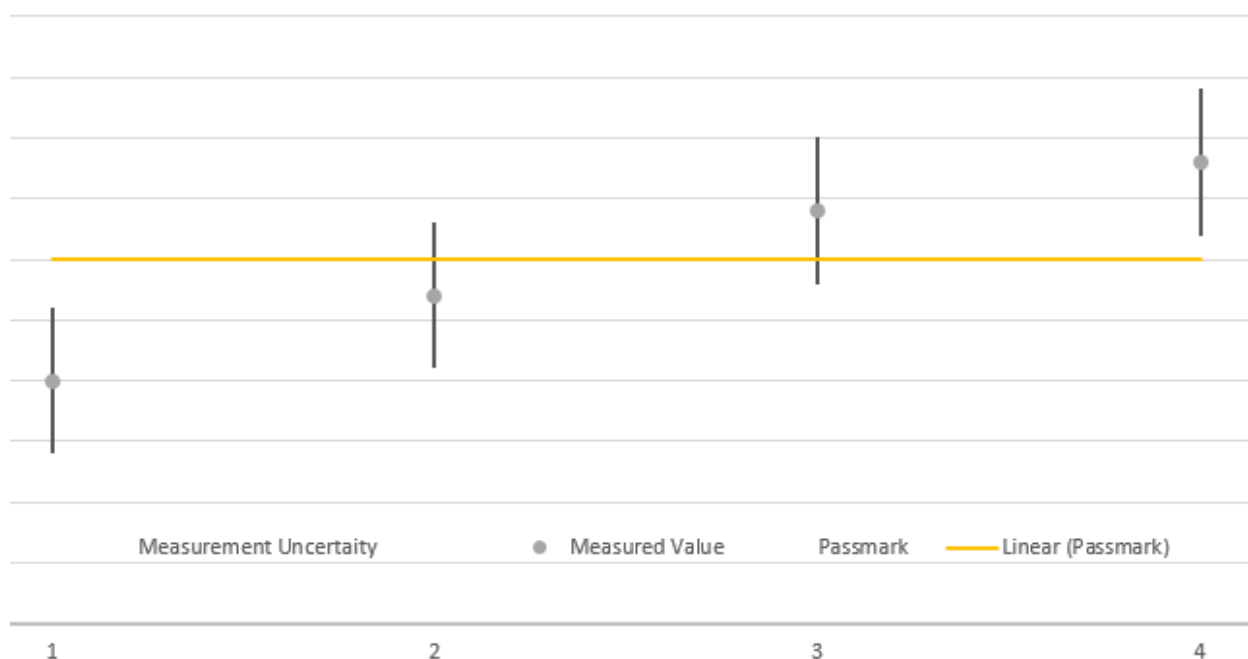
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

8 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Test Case	Parameter	Maximum expanded Measurement uncertainty
Radio frequency	Frequency	$\pm 1 \times 10^{-7}$
AC Power Line	Power	± 3.4 dB
Field Strength of spurious radiation (up to 40 GHz)	Power	± 5.5 dB
Field Strength of spurious radiation (40 to 66 GHz)	Power	± 8 dB
Field Strength of spurious radiation (66 to 100 GHz)	Power	± 10 dB
Field Strength of spurious radiation (above 100 GHz)	Power	± 10 dB
Temperature	Temperature	± 1 °C
Humidity	Humidity	± 5 %
DC and low voltages	Voltage	± 3 %

The measurement uncertainties for all parameters are calculated with an expansion factor (coverage factor) $k = 1.96$. This means, that the true value is in the corresponding interval with a probability of 95 %.



The verdicts in this test report are given according the above diagram:

Case	Measured Value	Uncertainty Range	Verdict
1	below pass mark	below pass mark	Passed
2	below pass mark	within pass mark	Passed
3	above pass mark	within pass mark	Failed
4	above pass mark	above pass mark	Failed

That means, the laboratory applies, as decision rule (see ISO/IEC 17025:2017), the so called shared risk principle.

9 PHOTO REPORT

Please see separate photo report.

END OF REPORT