RF Exposure Lab

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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE SAR EVALUATION

Novatel Wireless 9645 Scranton Road, Suite 205 San Diego, CA 92121

April 10 – 15, 2015 Dates of Test: SAR.20150402 Test Report Number: **Revision A**

FCC ID:	PKRNVWMC620
IC Certificate:	3229A-MC620
Model(s):	USB620L
Test Sample:	Engineering Unit Same as Production
FID Number:	SP0703159000047
Equipment Type:	Wireless USB Modem
Classification:	Portable Transmitter Next to Body
TX Frequency Range:	777 – 787 MHz, 824 – 848 MHz; 1850 – 1910 MHz; 1710 – 1755 MHz
Frequency Tolerance:	± 2.5 ppm
Maximum RF Output:	750 MHz (LTE) – 24.0 dBm, 850 MHz (GSM) – 33.0 dBm, 850 MHz (WCDMA) – 24.0 dBm,
	850 MHz (CDMA) – 24.5 dBm, 850 MHz (LTE) – 24.0 dBm, 1900 MHz (GSM) – 30.0 dBm,
	1900 MHz (WCDMA) – 23.0 dBm, 1900 MHz (CDMA) – 24.0 dBm 1900 MHz (LTE) – 24.0 dBm,
	1735 MHz (LTE) – 23.0 dBm Conducted
Signal Modulation:	WCDMA, GMSK, 8-PSK, CDMA, QPSK, 16QAM
Antenna Type:	WWAN – Novatel Wireless, P/N NVTL 12023208 (Main)
Application Type:	Certification
FCC Rule Parts:	Part 2, 22, 24, 27
KDB Test Methodology:	KDB 447498, KDB 941225 D01, D02, D03 & D05
Industry Canada:	RSS-102, Safety Code 6
Max. Stand Alone SAR Value:	1.40 W/kg Reported
Separation Distance:	5 mm

This wireless mobile and/or portable device has been shown to be compliant for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-2:2010 (See test report).

I attest to the accuracy of the data. All measurements were performed by myself or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

RF Exposure Lab, LLC certifies that no party to this application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 853(a).

Jay M. Moulton Vice President





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1. Introduction

This measurement report shows compliance of the Novatel Wireless Model USB620L FCC ID: PKRNVWMC620 with FCC Part 2, 1093, ET Docket 93-62 Rules for mobile and portable devices and IC Certificate: 3229A-MC620 with RSS102 & Safety Code 6. The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on August 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC regulated portable devices. [1], [6]

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Novatel Wireless Model USB620L and therefore apply only to the tested sample.

The test procedures, as described in ANSI C95.1 – 1999 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [2], ANSI C95.3 – 2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields [3], IEEE Std.1528 – 2013 Recommended Practice [5], and Industry Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz were employed.

The following table indicates all the wireless technologies operating in the USB620L wireless modem. The table also shows the tolerance for the power level for each mode.

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Calibrated Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 13 – 750 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band Class 0 – 835 MHz	CDMA	3	24.0	24.0	+0.5/-1.0	23.0	24.5
Band Class 1 – 1900 MHz	CDMA	3	23.5	24.0	+0.5/-1.0	22.5	24.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	GPRS	4	32.0	32.0	±1.0	31.0	33.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	EDGE	E2	26.0	26.0	±1.0	25.0	27.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	GPRS	1	29.0	29.0	±1.0	28.0	30.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	EDGE	E2	25.0	25.0	±1.0	24.0	26.0



SAR Definition [5]

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)

2. SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

These measurements are performed using the DASY52 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY52 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY52, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

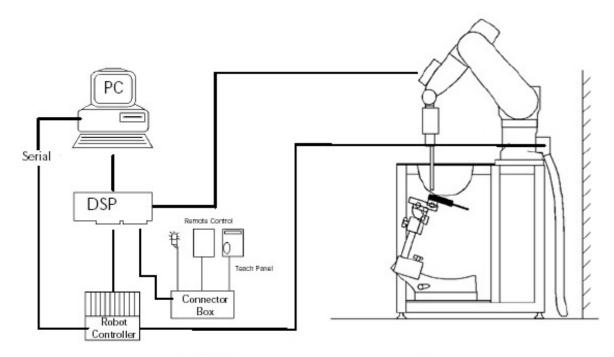


Figure 2.1 SAR Measurement System Setup



System Electronics

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

Probe Measurement System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig. 2.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. (see Fig. 2.3) It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY52 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



DAE System



Probe Specifications

Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 6.0 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of 450 MHz, 835 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz, 3500 MHz, 5200 MHz, 5300 MHz, 5600 MHz, 5800 MHz

- Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz
- Linearity: ±0.2dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
- Dynamic: 10 mW/kg to 100 W/kg

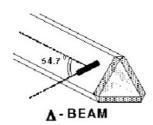


Figure 2.2 Triangular Probe Configurations

Range: Linearity: ±0.2dB

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm

- Tip length: 20 mm
- Body diameter: 12 mm
- Tip diameter: 2.5 mm

Distance from probe tip to sensor center: 1 mm

Application: SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of wireless device



Figure 2.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique



Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$
 $SAR = \frac{|E|}{\Delta t}$

where:

where:

$$t = \exp(30 \operatorname{seconds})$$

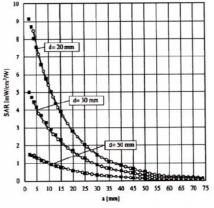
 $\cdot \sigma$

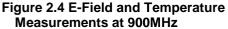
σ simulated tissue conductivity, Δt exposure time (30 seconds), Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue) С ρ = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 ΛT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place.

Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;





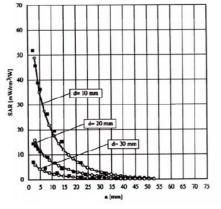


Figure 2.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz



Data Extrapolation

The DASY52 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

$$V_{i} = U_{i} + U_{i}^{2} \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_{i}}$$
with V_{i} = compensated signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 U_{i} = input signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
 Cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_{i} = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

with	V _i Norm _i	= compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z	
	ConvF	μV/(V/m) ² for E-field probes = sensitivity of enhancement in solution = electric field strength of channel i in V/m	
	with	Norm	

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^{2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$
 with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{prov} = \frac{E_{tot}^{2}}{3770}$$
 with $P_{prov} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm2} = total electric field strength in V/m$



Scanning procedure

- The DASY installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and system check. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.
- The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. +/- 5 %.
- The highest integrated SAR value is the main concern in compliance test applications. These values can mostly be found at the inner surface of the phantom and cannot be measured directly due to the sensor offset in the probe. To extrapolate the surface values, the measurement distances to the surface must be known accurately. A distance error of 0.5mm could produce SAR errors of 6% at 1800 MHz. Using predefined locations for measurements is not accurate enough. Any shift of the phantom (e.g., slight deformations after filling it with liquid) would produce high uncertainties. For an automatic and accurate detection of the phantom surface, the DASY5 system uses the mechanical surface detection. The detection is always at touch, but the probe will move backward from the surface the indicated distance before starting the measurement.
- The "area scan" measures the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The scan uses different grid spacings for different frequency measurements. Standard grid spacing for head measurements in frequency ranges 2GHz is 15 mm in x and y-dimension. For higher frequencies a finer resolution is needed, thus for the grid spacing is reduced according the following table:

Area scan grid spacing for different frequency ranges				
Frequency range Grid spacing				
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15 mm			
2 – 4 GHz	≤ 12 mm			
4 – 6 GHz	≤ 10 mm			

Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation. Results of this coarse scan are shown in annex B.

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• A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. It uses a fine meshed grid where the robot moves the probe in steps along all the 3 axis (x,y and z-axis) starting at the bottom of the Phantom. The grid spacing for the cube measurement is varied according to the measured frequency range, the dimensions are given in the following table:

Zoom scan grid spacing and volume for different frequency ranges						
Frequency range	Grid spacing	Grid spacing	Minimum zoom			
r requericy range	for x, y axis	for z axis	scan volume			
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 8 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 30 mm			
2 – 3 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 5 mm	≥ 28 mm			
3 – 4 GHz	≤ 5 mm	≤ 4 mm	≥ 28 mm			
4 – 5 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 3 mm	≥ 25 mm			
5 – 6 GHz	≤ 4 mm	≤ 2 mm	≥ 22 mm			

DASY is also able to perform repeated zoom scans if more than 1 peak is found during area scan. In this document, the evaluated peak 1g and 10g averaged SAR values are shown in the 2D-graphics in annex B. Test results relevant for the specified standard (see section 3) are shown in table form in section 7.



Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The spatial peak SAR - value for 1 and 10 g is evaluated after the Cube measurements have been done. The basis of the evaluation are the SAR values measured at the points of the fine cube grid consisting of all points in the three directions x, y and z. The algorithm that finds the maximal averaged volume is separated into three different stages.

- The data between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom are extrapolated. This data cannot be measured since the center of the dipole is 1 to 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is about 1 mm (see probe calibration sheet). The extrapolated data from a cube measurement can be visualized by selecting 'Graph Evaluated'.
- The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10 g) are computed using the 3d-spline interpolation algorithm. If the volume cannot be evaluated (i.e., if a part of the grid was cut off by the boundary of the measurement area) the evaluation will be started on the corners of the bottom plane of the cube.
- All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.

Extrapolation

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.168-180]. Through the points in the first 3 cm along the z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. These polynomials are then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from each other.

Interpolation

The interpolation of the points is done with a 3d-Spline. The 3d-Spline is composed of three onedimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition [W. Gander, Computermathematik, p.141-150] (x, y and z -direction) [Numerical Recipes in C, Second Edition, p.123ff].

Volume Averaging

At First the size of the cube is calculated. Then the volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. 8000 points (20x20x20) are interpolated to calculate the average.

Advanced Extrapolation

DASY uses the advanced extrapolation option which is able to compensate boundary effects on E-field probes.



SAM PHANTOM

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 2.6)

Phantom Specification

Phantom:	SAM
Shell Material:	Viv
Thickness:	2.0 :

SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0) Vivac Composite 2.0 ± 0.2 mm



Figure 2.6 SAM Twin Phantom

Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 the Mounting Device (see Fig. 2.7), enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeat ably be positioned according to the FCC, CENELEC, IEC and IEEE specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Figure 2.7 Mounting Device

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worstcase condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



3. Probe and Dipole Calibration

See Appendix D and E.

4. Phantom & Simulating Tissue Specifications

Head & Body Simulating Mixture Characterization

The head and body mixtures consist of the material based on the table listed below. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. Body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE1528 – 2013 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations.

Ingredients		Simulating Tissue					
		750 MHz Body	835 MHz Body	1900 MHz Body	1750 MHz Body		
Mixing Percentage							
Water			52.50	69.91			
Sugar	jar		45.00	0.00	Proprietary Purchased From		
Salt HEC Bactericide		Proprietary Purchased From Speag	1.40	0.13			
			1.00	0.00	Speag		
			0.10	0.00			
DGBE			0.00	29.96			
Dielectric Constant	Target	55.50	55.20	53.30	53.4		
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	0.96	0.97	1.52	1.49		

Table 4.1 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Tissue

5. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF Exposure Limits [2]

Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIROMENT Professional Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Head	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

Table 5.1 Human Exposure Limits

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



6. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty table is not required per KDB 865664 D01 v01 section 2.8.2 page 12. SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in the SAR report only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is \geq 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) should be applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions. The highest reported value is less than 1.5 W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required.



7. System Validation

Tissue Verification

Table 7.1 Measured Tissue Parameters

		750 MHz Body		835 MHz Body		1750 MHz Body	
Date(s)		Apr.	Apr. 15, 2015		Apr. 13, 2015		12, 2014
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		55.35	55.57	55.20	54.37	53.43	52.68
Conductivity: σ	Conductivity: o		0.99	0.97	0.98	1.49	1.56
		1900	MHz Body				
Date(s)		Apr.	10, 2015				
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.0	Target	Measured				
Dielectric Constant: ε	53.30 53.		53.17				
Conductivity: σ		1.52 1.54					

See Appendix A for data printout.

Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at the test frequency by using the system kit. Power is normalized to 1 watt. (Graphic Plots Attached)

 Table 7.2 System Dipole Validation Target & Measured

	Test Frequency	Targeted SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measure SAR₁g (W/kg)	Tissue Used for Verification	Deviation (%)	Plot Number
15-Apr-2015	750 MHz	8.74	8.65	Body	- 1.03	1
13-Apr-2015	835 MHz	9.51	9.48	Body	- 0.32	2
12-Apr-2015	1750 MHz	37.30	38.50	Body	+ 3.22	3
10-Apr-2015	1900 MHz	40.20	40.70	Body	+ 1.24	4

See Appendix A for data plots.

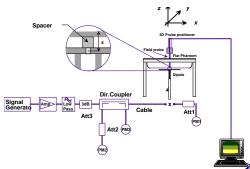


Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup



8. LTE Document Checklist

1) Identify the operating frequency range of each LTE transmission band used by the device

LTE Operating	Uplink (transmit)	Downlink (Receive)	Duplex mode
Band	Low - high	Low - high	(FDD/TDD)
2	1850-1910	1930-1990	FDD
4	1710-1755	2110-2155	FDD
5	824-849	869-894	FDD
13	777-787	746-756	FDD

2) Identify the channel bandwidths used in each frequency band; 1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20 MHz etc

LTE Band Class	Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency or Freq. Band (MHz)
2	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1850-1910 MHz
4	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1710-1755 MHz
5	1.4, 3, 5, 10	824-849 MHz
13	5, 10	777-787 MHz

3) Identify the high, middle and low (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE frequency band

LTE Band	Bandwidth		Free	quency (M	Hz)/Chanr	nel #	
Class	(MHz)	Low		Mid		High	
2	1.4	1850.7	18607	1880.0	18900	1909.3	19193
2	3	1851.5	18615	1880.0	18900	1908.5	19185
2	5	1852.5	18625	1880.0	18900	1907.5	19175
2	10	1855.0	18650	1880.0	18900	1905.0	19150
2	15	1857.5	18675	1880.0	18900	1902.5	19125
2	20	1860.0	18700	1880.0	18900	1900.0	19100
4	1.4	1710.7	19957	1732.5	20175	1754.3	20393
4	3	1711.5	19965	1732.5	20175	1753.5	20385
4	5	1712.5	19975	1732.5	20175	1752.5	20375
4	10	1715.0	20000	1732.5	20175	1750.0	20350
4	15	1717.5	20025	1732.5	20175	1747.5	20325
4	20	1720.0	20050	1732.5	20175	1745.0	20300
5	1.4	824.7	20407	836.5	20525	848.3	20643
5	3	825.5	20415	836.5	20525	847.5	20635
5	5	826.5	20425	836.5	20525	846.5	20625
5	10	829.0	10450	836.5	20525	844.0	20600
13	5	779.5	23205	-	-	784.5	23255
13	10	-	-	782.0	23230	-	-

- 4) Specify the UE category and uplink modulations used:
 - UE Category: 3
 - Uplink modulations: QPSK and 16QAM



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5) Include descriptions of the LTE transmitter and antenna implementation; and also identify whether it is a standalone transmitter operating independently of other wireless transmitters in the device or sharing hardware components and/or antenna(s) with other transmitters etc

The USB620L has 2 antennas:

- WWAN Main (Transmit and Receive) Antenna
- Diversity (Receive Only) Antenna with GPS (Receive Only) capabilities

Transmission relationship

#2 (Diversity/GPS)

- All transmission (TX) is limited to the WWAN (Main) antenna only
- The device is <u>unable</u> to transmit CDMA/EDGE/GPRS/WCDMA/HSPA and LTE simultaneously.
- The Diversity antenna is receive only antenna which is reserved for the WWAN operation.
- CDMA/EDGE/GPRS/ LTE **GPS** Antenna port WCDMA/HSPA TX ΤX RX RX RX #1 WWAN Main Yes Yes Yes Yes No
- Rx is simultaneous on Main and Diversity

No

6) Identify the LTE voice/data requirements in each operating mode and exposure condition with respect to head and body test configurations, antenna locations, handset flip-cover or slide positions, antenna diversity conditions etc

No

No

No

Yes

The USB620L is a data only USB device. Data mode was tested in each operating mode and exposure condition in the body configuration. See test setup photos to see all configurations tested.

- 7) Identify if Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) is optional or mandatory, i.e. built-in by design:
 - a) Only mandatory MPR may be considered during SAR testing, when the maximum output power is permanently limited by the MPR implemented within the UE; and only for the applicable RB (resource block) configurations specified in LTE standards

Modulation	Ch	Channel Bandwidth/transmission Bandwidth Configuration								
			()	RB)			(dB)			
	1.4	3.0	5	10	15	20				
	MHz	MHZ	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz				
QPSK	> 5	>5 >4 >8 >12 >16 >18								
16QAM	≤ 5	$\leq 5 \qquad \leq 4 \qquad \leq 8 \qquad \leq 12 \qquad \leq 16 \qquad \leq 18$								
16QAM	> 5	>4	> 8	> 12	>16	> 18	≤ 2			

MPR is mandatory, built-in by design on all production units. It was enabled during testing.

b) A-MPR (additional MPR) must be disabled

c) A-MPR was disabled during testing.

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8) Include the maximum average conducted output power measured on the required test channels for each channel bandwidth and UL modulation used in each frequency band:

The maximum average conducted output power measured for the testing is listed on pages 34-45 of this report. The below table shows the factory set point with the allowable tolerance.

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Calibrated Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 4 – 1750 MHz	LTE	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 13 – 750 MHz	LTE	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0

9) Identify all other U.S. wireless operating modes (3G, Wi-Fi, WiMax, Bluetooth etc), device/exposure configurations (head and body, antenna and handset flip-cover or slide positions, antenna diversity conditions etc.) and frequency bands used for these modes

Other wireless modes:

Band	Technology	Class	3GPP Nominal Power dBm	Calibrated Nominal Power dBm	Tolerance dBm	Lower Tolerance dBm	Upper Tolerance dBm
Band Class 0 – 835 MHz	CDMA	3	24.0	24.0	+0.5/-1.0	23.0	24.5
Band Class 1 – 1900 MHz	CDMA	3	23.5	23.5	+0.5/-1.0	22.5	24.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	22.0	22.0	±1.0	21.0	23.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	WCDMA/HSPA	3	23.0	23.0	±1.0	22.0	24.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	GPRS	4	32.0	32.0	±1.0	31.0	33.0
Band 5 – 850 MHz	EDGE	E2	26.0	26.0	±1.0	25.0	27.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	GPRS	1	29.0	29.0	±1.0	28.0	30.0
Band 2 – 1900 MHz	EDGE	E2	25.0	25.0	±1.0	24.0	26.0

10) Include the maximum average conducted output power measured for the other wireless modes and frequency bands.

The maximum average conducted output power measured for the testing is listed on pages 27-30 of this report. The table in item 9 shows the factory set point with the allowable tolerance.



11) Identify the <u>simultaneous transmission conditions</u> for the voice and data configurations supported by all wireless modes, device configurations and frequency bands, for the head and body exposure conditions and device operating configurations (handset flip or cover positions, antenna diversity conditions etc.)

The device is <u>unable</u> to transmit WCDMA/GPRS/EDGE/CDMA and LTE simultaneously.

12) When power reduction is applied to certain wireless modes to satisfy SAR compliance for simultaneous transmission conditions, other equipment certification or operating requirements, include the maximum average conducted output power measured in each power reduction mode applicable to the simultaneous voice/data transmission configurations for such wireless configurations and frequency bands; and also include details of the power reduction implementation and measurement setup

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

13) Include descriptions of the test equipment, test software, built-in test firmware etc. required to support testing the device when power reduction is applied to one or more transmitters/antennas for simultaneous voice/data transmission

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

14) When appropriate, include a SAR test plan proposal with respect to the above

Power reduction is not required to satisfy SAR compliance.

15) If applicable, include preliminary SAR test data and/or supporting information in laboratory testing inquiries to address specific issues and concerns or for requesting further test reduction considerations appropriate for the device; for example, simultaneous transmission configurations.

Not applicable.



9. SAR Test Data Summary

See Measurement Result Data Pages

See Appendix B for SAR Test Data Plots. See Appendix C for SAR Test Setup Photos.

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The device was either placed into simulated transmit mode using the manufacturer's test codes or the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

Device Test Condition

In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power unless otherwise noted. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. The power drift of each test is measured at the start of the test and again at the end of the test. The drift percentage is calculated by the formula ((end/start)-1)*100 and rounded to three decimal places. The drift percentage is calculated into the resultant SAR value on the data sheet for each test.

The testing was conducted on all edges closest to each antenna. Side A, Side B, Side C, Side D and Side E testing was conducted for the WWAN antenna. All further test reductions are shown on pages 31-32 for CDMA/GSM/WCDMA bands and pages 46-55 for LTE bands. All testing was conducted per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02. See the photo in Appendix C for a pictorial of the setups, labeling of the sides tested and antenna locations.

This device is capable of operating in 850/1900 GPRS/EDGE frequency bands. In GPRS mode, the device is in Class 4 for 850 MHz and Class 1 for 1900 MHz. In EDGE mode, the device is in Class E2 for 850/1900 MHz. The testing was conducted in the GPRS mode. The GPRS mode has 1-slot, 2-slot, 3-slot and 4-slot configurations. The power measured is peak power. The average power in all GPRS Slots calculated and the 1-slot had the highest average power. Therefore, the testing was conducted in 1-Slot. The EDGE mode is >5 dB lower than its equivalent slot configuration for GPRS. Therefore, the device was only tested in the highest power configuration which was 1-slot GPRS.

The WCDMA testing was conducted using 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1. The HSPA testing was conducted with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH all enabled and a 12.2 kbps RMC. FRC was configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-Test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK.

The 1xRTT testing was conducted in RC3 with the device configured using TDSO/SO32 with FCH transmitting at full rate. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." 1xRTT did not require SAR testing due to the measured power being less than ¼ dB higher than Rev. 0.



The Rev. 0 testing was conducted with the Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps. The Forward Traffic Channel data rate is set to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." Other rates were not tested due to the conducted power measured was less than ¼ dB higher than 153.6 kbps.

The Rev. A Subtype 2 testing was conducted with the Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots. The Forward Traffic Channel data rate is set to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. The power control was set to "All Bits Up." Rev. A did not require SAR testing due to the measured power being less than ¼ dB higher than Rev. 0.



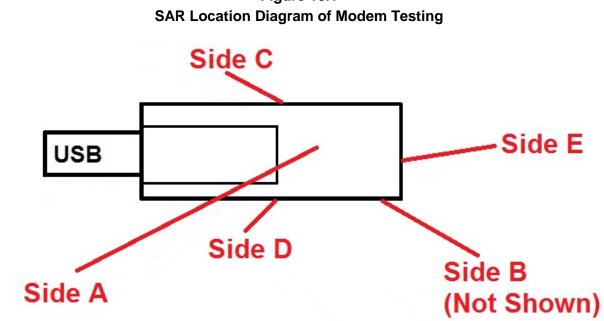


Figure 10.1



10. FCC 3G Measurement Procedures

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under average power.

10.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a screen room. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The SAR measurement software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to check for power drifts. If conducted power deviations of more than 5% occurred, the tests were repeated.

10.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA2000, 1xEV-DO

10.2.1 Output Power Verification 1xRTT

Use CDMA2000 Rev 6 protocol in the call box.

- 1) Test for RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH0 and demodulation of RC 3, 4 and 5.
 - a. Set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3, SO 32) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH0 data rate.
 - b. As per C.S0011 or TIA/EIA-98-F Table 4.4.5.2-2, set the test parameters.
 - c. Send alternating '0' and '1' power control bit to the device
 - d. Determine the active channel configuration. If the desired channel configuration is not the active channel configuration, increase lor by 1 dB and repeat the verification. Repeat this step until the desired channel configuration becomes active.
 - e. Measure the output power at the device antenna connector.
 - f. Decrease lor by 0.5 dB.
 - g. Determine the active channel configuration. If the active channel configuration is the desired channel configuration, measure the output power at the device antenna connector.
 - h. Repeat step f and g until the output power no longer increases or the desired channel configuration is no longer active. Record the highest output power achieved with the desired channel configuration active.
 - i. Repeat step a through h ten times and average the result.

10.2.2 Output Power Verification 1xEvDo

- 1) Use 1xEV-DO Rel 0 protocol in the call box 8960.
 - a. FTAP
 - Select Test Application Protocol to FTAP
 - Set FTAP Rate to 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
 - Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
 - Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
 - Send continuously '0' power control bits
 - Measure the power at device antenna connector
 - b. RTAP
 - Select Test Application Protocol to RTAP
 - Set RTAP Rate to 9.6 kbps



- Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
- Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
- Send continuously '0' power control bits
- Measure the power at device antenna connector
- Repeat above steps for RTAP Rate = 19.2 kbps, 38.4 kbps, 76.8 kbps and
- 153.6 kbps respectively
- 2) Use 1xEV-DO Rev A protocol in the call box 8960
 - a. FETAP
 - Select Test Application Protocol to FETAP
 - Set FETAP Rate to 307.2 kbps (2 Slot, QPSK)
 - Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots
 - Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
 - Send continuously '0' power control bits
 - Measure the power at device antenna connector
 - b. RETAP
 - Select Test Application Protocol to RETAP
 - F-Traffic Format -> 4 (1024, 2, 128) Canonical (307.2k, QPSK) Set R-Data Pkt Size to 128
 - Protocol Subtype Config -> Release A Physical Layer Subtype -> Subtype 2 ->PL Subtype 2 Access Channel MAC Subtype -> Default (Subtype 0)
 - Generator Info -> Termination Parameters -> Max Forward Packet Duration -> 16 Slots ->ACK R-Data After -> Subpacket 0 (All ACK)
 - Set Îor to -60 dBm/1.23 MHz
 - Send continuously '0' power control bits
 - Measure the power at device antenna connector
 - Repeat above steps for R-Data Pkt Size = 256, 512, 768, 1024, 1536, 2048, 3072, 4096, 6144, 8192, 12288 respectively.

		IS-2000	1Xev-Do Rev. 0	1Xev-Do Rev. A Subtype 0/1
	Channel	TDSO SO32 RC3	RTAP [dBm]	RTAP [dBm]
	1013	24.40	24.36	24.40
Cellular	384	24.41	24.37	24.41
	777	24.40	24.39	24.42
	25	23.92	23.94	23.46
PCS	600	23.97	23.95	23.45
	1175	23.96	23.93	23.47

CDMA Power Measurements Power Control was set in "All Bits Up" for all measurements.



10.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA

Configure the call box 8960 to support all WCDMA tests in respect to the 3GPP 34.121 (listed in Table below). Measure the power at Ch4132, 4182 and 4233 for US cell; Ch9262, 9400 and 9538 for US PCS band.

For Rel99

- Set a Test Mode 1 loop back with a 12.2kbps Reference Measurement Channel (RMC).
- Set and send continuously Up power control commands to the device
- Measure the power at the device antenna connector using the power meter with average detector.

For HSDPA Rel 6

• Establish a Test Mode 1 look back with both 1 12.2kbps RMC channel and a H-Set1 Fixed Reference Channel (FRC). With the 8960 this is accomplished by setting the signal Channel Coding to "Fixed Reference Channel" and configuring for HSET-1 QKSP.

• Set beta values and HSDPA settings for HSDPA Subtest1 according to Table below.

- Send continuously Up power control commands to the device
- Measure the power at the device antenna connector using the power meter with modulated average detector.

• Repeat the measurement for the HSDPA Subtest2, 3 and 4 as given in Table below.

For HSUPA Rel 6

- Use UL RMC 12.2kbps and FRC H-Set1 QPSK, Test Mode 1 loop back. With the 8960 this is accomplished by setting the signal Channel Coding to "E-DCH Test Channel" and configuring the equipment category to Cat5_10ms.
- Set the Absolute Grant for HSUPA Subtest1 according to Table below.
- Set the device power to be at least 5dB lower than the Maximum output power
- Send power control bits to give one TPC_cmd = +1 command to the device. If device doesn't send any E-DPCH data with decreased E-TFCI within 500ms, then repeat this process until the decreased E-TFCI is reported.

• Confirm that the E-TFCI transmitted by the device is equal to the target E-TFCI in Table below. If the E-TFCI transmitted by the device is not equal to the target E-TFCI, then send power control bits to give one TPC_cmd = -1 command to the UE. If UE sends any E-DPCH data with decreased E-TFCI within 500 ms, send new power control bits to give one TPC_cmd = -1 command to the UE. Then confirm that the E-TFCI transmitted by the UE is equal to the target E-TFCI in Table below.

- Measure the power using the power meter with modulated average detector.
- Repeat the measurement for the HSUPA Subtest2, 3, 4 and 5 as given in Table below.

10.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for GSM

Configure the 8960 box to support GMSK and 8PSK call respectively, and set one timeslot and two timeslot transmission for GMSK GSM/GPRS and 8PSK EDGE. Measure and record power outputs for both modulations.

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3GPP Release	Mode	Mode Cellular Band [dBm]		Sub-Test (See Table	MPR	
Version		4132	4183	4233	`Below)	
99	WCDMA	23.97	23.78	23.89	-	-
6		23.92	23.73	23.82	1	0
6	HSDPA	23.94	23.70	23.84	2	0
6	NSUFA	23.45	23.31	23.56	3	0.5
6		23.48	23.29	23.51	4	0.5
6		23.90	23.71	23.86	1	0
6		22.01	21.79	21.96	2	2
6	HSUPA	22.98	22.68	22.84	3	1
6		21.96	21.64	21.88	4	2
6		23.88	23.69	23.82	5	0

3GPP Release	ease Mode PCS Band [dBm]		Sub-Test (See Table	MPR		
Version		9262	9400	9538	Below)	
99	WCDMA	22.95	22.98	22.96	-	-
6		22.89	22.91	22.93	1	0
6	HSDPA	22.92	22.81	22.89	2	0
6	NSUFA	22.51	22.56	22.51	3	0.5
6		22.49	22.47	22.49	4	0.5
6		22.90	22.92	22.94	1	0
6		20.97	20.85	20.89	2	2
6	HSUPA	21.88	21.93	21.87	3	1
6		20.91	20.82	20.95	4	2
6		22.87	22.91	22.93	5	0

Sub-Test Setup for Release 6 HSDPA

Sub-Test	βc	βd	B _c / β _d	β _{hs}			
1	2/15	15/15	2/15	4/15			
2	12/15	15/15	15/15	24/15			
3	15/15	8/15	15/8	30/15			
4 15/15 4/15 15/4 30/15							
$\Delta_{ack}, \Delta_{nack} a$	and $\Delta_{cqi} =$	8					

Sub-Test Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-Test	βc	βd	B _c / β _d	β_{hs}	Bec	B_{ed}	MPR	AG Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15	15/15	11/15	22/15	209/225	1039/225	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	15/9	30/15	30/15	47/15	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/15	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	15/15	15/15	30/15	24/15	134/15	0.0	21	81
$\Delta_{ack}, \Delta_{nack} a$	Δ_{ack} , Δ_{nack} and $\Delta_{cqi} = 8$								

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GPRS-GMSK/1 slot								
Band Channel Peak Frame Power Average								
Cellular	128	32.83	23.80					
Cellular	190	32.75	23.72					
	251	32.74	23.71					
	512	29.63	20.60					
PCS	661	29.66	20.63					
	810	29.67	20.64					

GPRS-GMSK/2 slot							
Band	Band Channel Peak Frame Power Average						
	128	29.76	23.74				
Cellular	190	29.65	23.63				
	251	29.66	23.64				
	512	26.52	20.50				
PCS	661	26.58	20.56				
	810	26.57	20.55				

GPRS-GMSK/3 slot						
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average			
	128	27.89	23.63			
Cellular	190	27.93	23.67			
	251	27.95	23.69			
	512	24.66	20.40			
PCS	661	24.62	20.36			
	810	24.63	20.37			

GPRS-GMSK/4 slot						
Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average				
128	26.63	23.62				
190	26.62	23.61				
251	26.61	23.60				
512	23.46	20.45				
661	23.49	20.48				
810	26.51	23.50				
	Channel 128 190 251 512 661	ChannelPeak Power12826.6319026.6225126.6151223.4666123.49				

EDGE-8PSK/1 slot						
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average			
Cellular	128	26.96	17.93			
	190	27.00	17.97			
	251	27.00	17.97			
	512	25.94	16.91			
PCS	661	25.97	16.94			
	810	26.00	16.97			

EDGE-8PSK/2 slot						
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average			
	128	23.88	17.86			
Cellular	190	23.96	17.94			
	251	23.94	17.92			
	512	22.91	16.89			
PCS	661	22.95	16.93			
	810	22.96	16.94			

EDGE-8PSK/3 slot						
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average			
Cellular	128	21.79	17.53			
	190	21.83	17.57			
	251	21.80	17.54			
	512	20.95	16.69			
PCS	661	20.92	16.66			
	810	20.89	16.63			

EDGE-8PSK/4 slot						
Band	Channel	Peak Power	Frame Average			
	128	20.85	17.84			
Cellular	190	20.92	17.91			
	251	20.90	17.89			
	512	19.85	16.84			
PCS	661	19.87	16.86			
	810	19.89	16.88			

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Band/	Technology	Side	Required	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)			Channel	Reduced
· _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ ·			1013	Tested
		Side A	384	Tested
			777	Tested
			1013	Tested
		Side B	384	Tested
			777	Tested
			1013	Reduced ¹
	CDMA	Side C	384	Tested
			777	Reduced ¹
			1013	Tested
		Side D	384	Tested
			777	Tested
			1013	Reduced ¹
		Side E	384	Tested
		-	777	Reduced ¹
			128	Reduced ¹
		Side A	190	Tested
			251	Reduced ¹
	•		128	Tested
		Side B	190	Tested
			251	Tested
		GSM Side C	128	Reduced ¹
Band 5	GSM		190	Tested
824-849 MHz	00111	0140 0	251	Reduced ¹
	•		128	Reduced ¹
		Side D	190	Tested
			251	Reduced ¹
	•		128	Reduced ¹
		Side E	120	Tested
		Oldo E	251	Reduced ¹
			4132	Tested
		Side A	4183	Tested
		Cido / (4233	Tested
	•		4132	Tested
		Side B	4183	Tested
		Olde D	4233	Tested
			4132	Reduced ¹
	WCDMA	Side C	4183	Tested
		Side C	4233	Reduced ¹
			4233	
		Side D	4132	Tested Tested
		Side D	4183	
	•			Tested
		Cide F	4132	Reduced ¹
		Side E	4183	Tested

Figure 10.1 Test Poduction Table 2C 950 MU-

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.



Figure 10.2 Test Reduction Table – 3G 1900 MHz					
Band/	Technology	Side	Required	Tested/	
Frequency (MHz)			Channel	Reduced	
			25	Tested	
		Side A	600	Tested	
		0.0071	1175	Tested	
			25	Tested	
		Side B	600	Tested	
			1175	Tested	
			25	Tested	
	CDMA	Side C	600	Tested	
	-		1175	Tested	
			25	Tested	
		Side D	600	Tested	
			1175	Tested	
			25	Reduced ¹	
		Side E	600	Tested	
			1175	Reduced ¹	
			512	Reduced ¹	
		Side A	661	Tested	
			810	Reduced ¹	
		Side B	512	Reduced ¹	
	GSM		661	Tested	
Band 2			810	Reduced ¹	
		Side C	512	Tested	
			661	Tested	
1850-1910 MHz			810	Tested	
			512	Reduced ¹	
		Side D	661	Tested	
			810	Reduced ¹	
			512	Reduced ¹	
		Side E	661	Tested	
			810	Reduced ¹	
		-	9262	Tested	
		Side A	9400	Tested	
			9538	Tested	
			9262	Tested	
		Side B	9400	Tested	
			9538	Tested	
			9262	Tested	
	WCDMA	Side C	9400	Tested	
			9538	Tested	
		-	9262	Tested	
		Side D	9400	Tested	
			9538	Tested	
			9262	Reduced ¹	
		Side E	9400	Tested	
			9538	Reduced ¹	

Figure 10.2 Test Reduction Table – 3G 1900 MHz

Reduced¹ – When the mid channel is 3 dB below the limit, the remaining channels are not required per KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 section 4.3.3 page 14.



10.5 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE Bands

10.5.1 LTE Functionality

The follow table identifies all the channel bandwidths in each frequency band supported by this device.

LTE Band Class	Bandwidth (MHz)	Frequency or Freq. Band (MHz)
2	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1850-1910 MHz
4	1.4, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20	1710-1755 MHz
5	1.4, 3, 5, 10	824-849 MHz
13	5, 10	777-787 MHz

10.5.2 Test Conditions

All SAR measurements for LTE were performed using the Anritsu MT8820C. A closed loop power control setting allowed the UE to transmit at the maximum output power during the SAR measurements. The Figure 11.1 table indicates all the test reduction utilized for this report.

MPR was enabled for this device. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR test measurements.



Table 10.5.1 LTE Power Measurements								
Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power	
					18607	1850.7	22.7	
			6	0	18900	1880	22.7	
					19193	1909.3	22.1	
					18607	1850.7	23.6	
			3	1	18900	1880	23.6	
		1.4 MHz			19193	1909.3	22.9	
		1.4 IVITIZ			18607	1850.7	24.0	
			1	0	18900	1880	24.0	
					19193	1909.3	23.4	
					18607	1850.7	23.9	
	2 QPSK	3 MHz	1	3	18900	1880	23.9	
					19193	1909.3	22.8	
				0	18615	1851.5	22.7	
			15		18900	1880	22.7	
					19185	1908.5	22.1	
			8	3	18615	1851.5	22.6	
					18900	1880	22.6	
2					19185	1908.5	22.1	
2	QISK			0	18615	1851.5	24.0	
			1		18900	1880	24.0	
					19185	1908.5	23.6	
			1	7	18615	1851.5	24.0	
					18900	1880	24.0	
					19185	1908.5	22.2	
					18625	1852.5	22.4	
			25	0	18900	1880	22.5	
					19175	1907.5	22.0	
					18625	1852.5	22.3	
			12	6	18900	1880	22.3	
		5 MHz			19175	1907.5	21.9	
					18625	1852.5	23.3	
			1	0	18900	1880	23.5	
					19175	1907.5	22.8	
					18625	1852.5	23.4	
			1	12	18900	1880	23.6	
					19175	1907.5	23.3	

Table 10.5.1 LTE Power Measurements



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					18650	1855	22.3
			50	0	18900	1880	22.4
					19150	1905	21.9
					18650	1855	22.3
			25	13	18900	1880	22.5
		40.041			19150	1905	21.9
		10 MHz			18650	1855	23.4
			1	0	18900	1880	23.5
					19150	1905	23.0
	ODSK				18650	1855	23.4
			1	24	18900	1880	23.5
					19150	1905	22.9
					18675	1857.5	22.5
			75	0	18900	1880	22.6
					19125	1902.5	22.0
			36	19	18675	1857.5	22.4
					18900	1880	22.5
2					19125	1902.5	22.0
2	QPSK	15 MHz		0	18675	1857.5	23.6
			1		18900	1880	23.7
					19125	1902.5	23.3
					18675	1857.5	23.5
			1	36	18900	1880	23.6
					19125	1902.5	23.1
					18625	1852.5	22.6
			100	0	18900	1880	22.7
					19175	1907.5	22.4
					18700	1860	22.8
			50	25	18900	1880	22.8
		20 1411-			19100	1900	22.4
		20 MHz			18700	1860	23.9
			1	0	18900	1880	23.9
					19100	1900	23.7
					18700	1860	23.8
			1	49	18900	1880	23.9
					19100	1900	23.4



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
	-	-				-	
					18607	1850.7	22.0
	2 16QAM		6	0	18900	1880	22.0
					19193	1909.3	21.4
					18607	1850.7	22.8
			3	1	18900	1880	22.9
		1 4 5411-			19193	1909.3	22.3
		1.4 MHz			18607	1850.7	23.1
			1	0	18900	1880	23.3
					19193	1909.3	23.6
					18607	1850.7	23.2
			1	3	18900	1880	23.3
					19193	1909.3	22.6
		16QAM 3 MHz		0	18615	1851.5	21.9
			15		18900	1880	22.0
					19185	1908.5	21.4
			8	3	18615	1851.5	21.9
					18900	1880	21.9
2					19185	1908.5	21.4
2	IOQAIVI	5 IVITIZ		0	18615	1851.5	23.2
			1		18900	1880	23.3
					19185	1908.5	22.7
			1	7	18615	1851.5	23.1
					18900	1880	23.3
					19185	1908.5	22.6
					18625	1852.5	21.7
			25	0	18900	1880	21.7
					19175	1907.5	21.7
					18625	1852.5	21.8
			12	6	18900	1880	21.8
		5 MHz			19175	1907.5	21.3
					18625	1852.5	22.7
			1	0	18900	1880	22.8
					19175	1907.5	22.4
					18625	1852.5	22.8
			1	12	18900	1880	22.9
					19175	1907.5	22.2



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power	
					18650	1855	21.7	
			50	0	18900	1880	21.7	
					19150	1905	21.2	
					18650	1855	21.5	
			25	12	18900	1880	21.6	
		40.041			19150	1905	21.1	
		10 MHz			18650	1855	22.7	
			1	0	18900	1880	22.8	
					19150	1905	22.4	
					18650	1855	22.8	
			1	25	18900	1880	22.8	
				25	19150	1905	22.2	
		AM 15 MHz			18675	1857.5	21.7	
			75	0	18900	1880	21.7	
					19125	1902.5	21.3	
			36		18675	1857.5	21.5	
				19	18900	1880	21.7	
2	100414				19125	1902.5	21.2	
2	16QAM		1			18675	1857.5	22.9
				0	18900	1880	22.9	
					19125	1902.5	22.6	
					18675	1857.5	22.9	
			1	37	18900	1880	23.0	
					19125	1902.5	22.5	
					18625	1852.5	21.8	
			100	0	18900	1880	22.0	
					19175	1907.5	21.5	
					18700	1860	22.1	
			50	25	18900	1880	22.0	
		20 1411-			19100	1900	21.6	
		20 MHz			18700	1860	23.2	
			1	0	18900	1880	23.0	
					19100	1900	23.0	
					18700	1860	23.1	
			1	49	18900	1880	23.1	
					19100	1900	22.8	



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					19957	1710.7	21.9
			6	0	20175	1732.5	21.7
					20393	1754.3	21.8
					19957	1710.7	22.9
			3	1	20175	1732.5	22.7
					20393	1754.3	22.8
		1.4 MHz			19957	1710.7	22.9
			1	0	20175	1732.5	22.8
					20393	1754.3	22.8
					19957	1710.7	22.9
			1	3	20175	1732.5	22.8
					20393	1754.3	22.8
					19965	1711.5	22.0
			15	0	20175	1732.5	21.8
		3 MHz			20385	1753.5	21.9
			8	3	19965	1711.5	21.9
					20175	1732.5	21.7
4	ODCK				20385	1753.5	21.9
4	QPSK		1		19965	1711.5	22.9
				0	20175	1732.5	22.7
					20385	1753.5	22.9
					19965	1711.5	23.0
			1	7	20175	1732.5	22.8
					20385	1753.5	22.8
					19975	1712.5	21.9
			25	0	20175	1732.5	21.8
					20375	1752.5	21.9
					19975	1712.5	22.0
			12	6	20175	1732.5	21.7
					20375	1752.5	21.9
		5 MHz			19975	1712.5	23.0
			1	0	20175	1732.5	22.8
					20375	1752.5	22.9
					19975	1712.5	23.0
			1	12	20175	1732.5	22.9
					20375	1752.5	22.9



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					20000	1715	22.0
			50	0	20175	1732.5	21.9
					20350	1750	22.0
					20000	1715	21.9
			25	12	20175	1732.5	21.7
		40.041			20350	1750	21.9
		10 MHz			20000	1715	23.0
			1	0	20175	1732.5	22.8
					20350	1750	22.9
					20000	1715	22.9
			1	25	20175	1732.5	22.8
					20350	1750	22.9
		15 MHz			20025	1717.5	22.0
			75	0	20175	1732.5	21.8
					20325	1747.5	21.9
			36		20025	1717.5	22.0
				19	20175	1732.5	21.8
	ODCK				20325	1747.5	21.9
4	QPSK		1		20025	1717.5	22.9
				0	20175	1732.5	22.7
					20325	1747.5	22.8
					20025	1717.5	22.9
			1	37	20175	1732.5	22.8
					20325	1747.5	22.9
					20050	1720	21.9
			100	0	20175	1732.5	21.8
					20300	1745	22.0
					20050	1720	21.8
			50	25	20175	1732.5	21.8
		20 141			20300	1745	21.9
		20 MHz			20050	1720	22.9
			1	0	20175	1732.5	22.7
					20300	1745	22.8
					20050	1720	22.9
			1	49	20175	1732.5	22.7
					20300	1745	22.8



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power	
					19957	1710.7	20.1	
			6	0	20175	1732.5	19.9	
					20393	1754.3	20.0	
					19957	1710.7	21.0	
			3	1	20175	1732.5	20.8	
					20393	1754.3	20.9	
		1.4 MHz			19957	1710.7	21.2	
			1	0	20175	1732.5	21.1	
					20393	1754.3	21.1	
					19957	1710.7	21.3	
			1	3	20175	1732.5	21.1	
				5	20393	1754.3	21.1	
		5QAM 3 MHz			19965	1711.5	20.0	
			15	0	20175	1732.5	19.8	
					20385	1753.5	19.9	
			8		19965	1711.5	20.0	
				3	20175	1732.5	19.8	
4	100004				20385	1753.5	19.9	
4	IbQAIVI		1			19965	1711.5	21.2
				0	20175	1732.5	21.0	
					20385	1753.5	21.1	
					19965	1711.5	21.2	
			1	7	20175	1732.5	21.1	
					20385	1753.5	21.0	
					19975	1712.5	20.0	
			25	0	20175	1732.5	19.8	
					20375	1752.5	19.9	
					19975	1712.5	20.1	
			12	6	20175	1732.5	19.9	
					20375	1752.5	20.0	
		5 MHz			19975	1712.5	21.2	
			1	0	20175	1732.5	21.0	
					20375	1752.5	21.1	
					19975	1712.5	21.2	
			1	12	20175	1732.5	21.0	
					20375	1752.5	21.0	



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					20000	1715	20.1
			50	0	20175	1732.5	19.9
					20350	1750	20.0
					20000	1715	19.9
			25	12	20175	1732.5	19.8
		10 141			20350	1750	19.9
		10 MHz			20000	1715	21.2
			1	0	20175	1732.5	21.0
					20350	1750	21.1
					20000	1715	21.1
			1	25	20175	1732.5	21.1
				25	20350	1750	21.1
					20025	1717.5	20.0
			75	0	20175	1732.5	19.9
					20325	1747.5	20.0
			36		20025	1717.5	19.9
				19	20175	1732.5	19.8
4	10000				20325	1747.5	19.8
4	16QAM	15 MHz	1		20025	1717.5	21.1
				0	20175	1732.5	21.0
					20325	1747.5	21.0
					20025	1717.5	21.1
			1	37	20175	1732.5	21.1
					20325	1747.5	21.1
					20050	1720	20.0
			100	0	20175	1732.5	19.9
					20300	1745	20.0
					20050	1720	20.0
			50	25	20175	1732.5	19.9
		20 1411-			20300	1745	20.0
		20 MHz			20050	1720	21.2
			1	0	20175	1732.5	21.0
					20300	1745	21.1
					20050	1720	21.1
			1	49	20175	1732.5	21.0
					20300	1745	21.0



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power	
					20407	824.7	22.8	
			6	0	20525	836.5	22.7	
					20643	848.3	22.8	
					20407	824.7	23.8	
			3	1	20525	836.5	23.7	
					20643	848.3	23.8	
		1.4 MHz			20407	824.7	23.8	
			1	0	20525	836.5	23.8	
					20643	848.3	23.8	
					20407	824.7	23.8	
			1	3	20525	836.5	23.8	
					20643	848.3	23.8	
		3 MHz			20415	825.5	22.7	
			15	0	20525	836.5	22.7	
					20635	847.5	22.6	
					20415	825.5	22.6	
			8	3	20525	836.5	22.6	
5	ODCK				20635	847.5	22.7	
5	QPSK		1			20415	825.5	23.8
				0	20525	836.5	23.8	
					20635	847.5	23.6	
					20415	825.5	23.7	
			1	7	20525	836.5	23.7	
					20635	847.5	23.7	
					20425	826.5	22.6	
			25	0	20525	836.5	22.6	
					20625	846.5	22.6	
					20425	826.5	22.6	
			12	6	20525	836.5	22.6	
	5	5 MHz			20625	846.5	22.5	
					20425	826.5	23.9	
			1	0	20525	836.5	23.7	
					20625	846.5	23.6	
					20425	826.5	23.7	
			1	12	20525	836.5	23.8	
					20625	846.5	23.6	



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					20450	829.0	22.9
			50	0	20525	836.5	22.7
					20600	844.0	22.7
					20450	829.0	22.7
			25	12	20525	836.5	22.6
	ODCK	40.041			20600	844.0	22.5
	QPSK	10 MHz			20450	829.0	23.8
			1	0	20525	836.5	23.8
					20600	844.0	23.7
					20450	829.0	23.8
			1	25	20525	836.5	23.8
					20600	844.0	23.7
		1.4 MHz			20407	824.7	21.9
			6	0	20525	836.5	21.9
					20643	848.3	21.9
					20407	824.7	22.7
			3	1	20525	836.5	22.7
_					20643	848.3	22.7
5			1		20407	824.7	23.0
				0	20525	836.5	22.9
					20643	848.3	23.0
					20407	824.7	23.0
			1	3	20525	836.5	22.9
	160414				20643	848.3	23.0
	16QAM				20415	825.5	21.8
			15	0	20525	836.5	21.8
					20635	847.5	21.7
					20415	825.5	21.7
			8	3	20525	836.5	21.8
		2 1411-			20635	847.5	21.8
		3 MHz			20415	825.5	23.0
			1	0	20525	836.5	22.9
					20635	847.5	22.8
					20415	825.5	22.9
			1	7	20525	836.5	22.9
					20635	847.5	22.9



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
					20425	826.5	21.7
			25	0	20525	836.5	21.6
					20625	846.5	21.7
					20425	826.5	21.8
			12	6	20525	836.5	21.9
		5 MHz			20625	846.5	21.7
					20425	826.5	23.0
			1	0	20525	836.5	22.8
					20625	846.5	22.8
			1	12	20425	826.5	22.8
					20525	836.5	22.9
5	16QAM				20625	846.5	22.8
5	IOQAW		50	0	20450	829.0	21.9
					20525	836.5	21.8
					20600	844.0	21.8
					20450	829.0	21.8
			25	12	20525	836.5	21.7
		10 MHz			20600	844.0	21.6
					20450	829.0	22.9
			1	0	20525	836.5	22.9
					20600	844.0	22.7
					20450	829.0	22.8
			1	24	20525	836.5	22.9
					20600	844.0	22.7



Band	Modulation	Bandwidth	RB Size	RB Offset	Channel	Frequency	Power
			25	0	23205	779.5	23.0
			23	0	23255	784.5	23.0
			12	6	23205	779.5	22.9
		5 MHz	12	0	23255	784.5	22.9
			1	0	23205	779.5	24.0
	QPSK			0	23255	784.5	24.0
			1	12	23205	779.5	24.0
		Ŧ	12	23255	784.5	24.0	
		10 MHz	50	0	23230	782	23.1
			25	12	23230	782	23.0
			1	0	23230	782	24.0
13			1	25	23230	782	24.0
12			25	0	23205	779.5	22.1
			25	0	23255	784.5	22.1
			12	6	23205	779.5	22.2
		5 MHz	12	0	23255	784.5	22.2
			1	0	23205	779.5	23.3
	16QAM		T	0	23255	784.5	23.3
	IOQAIVI		1	12	23205	779.5	23.2
			L	12	23255	784.5	23.2
			50	0	23230	782	22.2
		10 MHz	25	12	23230	782	22.1
			1	0	23230	782	23.3
			1	25	23230	782	22.2



Der d/	•		100111001				Testall
Band/	Side	Required	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	U IUU	Test Channel	Dununun		Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		18700					Tested
		18900			50	25	Tested
		19100					Tested
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		QPSK			Reduced ¹
		18700		QFON			Reduced ²
		18900				0	Reduced ²
	А	19100			1		Reduced ²
		18700			I	49	Tested
		18900					Tested
		19100	20 MHz				Tested
		18700	20 MHZ				Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100					Reduced ³
		18700		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100					Reduced ¹
		18700					Reduced ⁴
		18900			1	0	Reduced ⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
		18700					Reduced ⁴
		18900				49	Reduced ⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
Band 2			bandwidths (15 N	Hz, 10 MHz, 5 MH	z, 3 MHz, 1.4 MH	z)	Reduced⁵
1850-1910 MHz		18700			50	25	Tested
		18900					Tested
		19100					Tested
		18700			100	0	Reduced ¹
		18900					Reduced ¹
		19100		0.001/			Reduced ¹
		18700		QPSK			Reduced ²
		18900				0	Reduced ²
		19100					Reduced ²
		18700			1		Tested
		18900				49	Tested
		19100	00.041				Tested
	В	18700	20 MHz				Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100					Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100			100	°,	Reduced ¹
		18700	1	16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		18900	1			0	Reduced ⁴
		19100	1			, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Reduced ⁴
		18700			1		Reduced ⁴
		18900	1			49	Reduced ⁴
		19100	wer bandwidths (15 MH			10	Reduced ⁴
				/Hz. 10 MHz .5 MH	z. 3 MHz 1 4 MH	<i>z</i>)	Reduced ⁵
Poducod ¹ If the S	AR value i	n the 50% RB testing					

Table 10.5.2 Test Reduction Table – LTE

Reduced¹ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4.

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁶- If the SAR value measured on the middle channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 page 4 footnote 2.

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Band/	Ciala	Required	Den der beleft	Medulation	RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
,		18700					Tested
		18900			50	25	Tested
		19100					Tested
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100				-	Reduced ¹
		18700		QPSK			Reduced ²
		18900				0	Reduced ²
		19100				-	Reduced ²
		18700			1		Tested
		18900				49	Tested
		19100					Tested
	С	18700	20 MHz				Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100				-	Reduced ³
		18700	\neg	16QAM -			Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100				-	Reduced ¹
		18700					Reduced ⁴
		18900			1	0	Reduced ⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
		18700					Reduced ⁴
		18900				49	Reduced ⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
Band 2		All lower	bandwidths (15 M	/Hz, 10 MHz, 5 MH	lz, 3 MHz, 1.4 MH	z)	Reduced ⁵
1850-1910 MHz		18700			50	25	Tested
		18900					Tested
		19100					Tested
		18700			100		Reduced ¹
		18900				0	Reduced ¹
		19100		ODCK			Reduced ¹
		18700		QPSK			Reduced ²
		18900				0	Reduced ²
		19100			1		Reduced ²
		18700			1		Tested
		18900				49	Tested
		19100	20 MHz				Tested
	D	18700					Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100					Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		18700		IOQAIVI			Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
		19100			1		Reduced ⁴
		18700			1		Reduced ⁴
		18900				49	Reduced ⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
				/Hz, 10 MHz, 5 MH W/kg, the 100% RF			Reduced ⁵

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.



Band/ Frequency (MHz)	Side	Required Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Allocation	RB Offset	Tested/ Reduced
		18700					Reduced ⁶
		18900			50	25	Tested
		19100					Reduced ⁶
		18700		QPSK		0	Reduced ¹
		18900			100		Reduced ¹
		19100					Reduced ¹
		18700	20 MHz				Reduced ²
		18900				0	Reduced ²
		19100			1		Reduced ²
		18700				49	Reduced ⁶
		18900					Tested
Band 2	Е	19100					Reduced ⁶
1850-1910 MHz		18700	20 MHz		50		Reduced ³
1650-1910 MHZ		18900				25	Reduced ³
		19100					Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		18700		INQAM			Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
		19100			1		Reduced ⁴
		18700			I		Reduced ⁴
		18900				49	Reduced ⁴
		19100	-				Reduced ⁴
		All lower	Reduced⁵				

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 (4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.



Band/		Required			RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		18700			Anobation	Onset	Tested
		18900			50	25	Tested
		19100			50	25	Tested
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100			100	0	Reduced ¹
		18700		QPSK			Reduced ²
		18900	•			0	Reduced ²
		19100				Ũ	Reduced ²
		18700			1		Tested
		18900				49	Tested
		19100				10	Tested
	А	18700	20 MHz				Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100				_0	Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100				-	Reduced ¹
		18700		16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
		19100				-	Reduced ⁴
		18700			1		Reduced ⁴
		18900				49	Reduced ⁴
		19100				-	Reduced ⁴
Band 4			bandwidths (15 N	Hz, 10 MHz, 5 MH	Iz, 3 MHz, 1.4 MH	z)	Reduced ⁵
1710-1755 MHz		18700	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	QPSK	, ,	/	Tested
		18900	_		50 100	25 0	Tested
		19100					Tested
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900					Reduced ¹
		19100					Reduced ¹
		18700				0	Reduced ²
		18900					Reduced ²
		19100			4		Reduced ²
		18700			1		Reduced ⁶
		18900				49	Tested
		19100	20 MHz				Reduced ⁶
	В	18700					Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100					Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		160414			Reduced ¹
		18700]	16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		18900]			0	Reduced ⁴
		19100			1		Reduced ⁴
		18700			1		Reduced ⁴
		18900]			49	Reduced ⁴
		19100]				Reduced ⁴
	-		bandwidths (15 M	/Hz, 10 MHz, 5 MH		7)	Reduced ⁵

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.



Band/		Required	_		RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		18700			Anooation	Onset	Reduced ⁶
		18900			50	25	Tested
		19100			00	20	Reduced ⁶
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100			100	Ũ	Reduced ¹
		18700		QPSK			Reduced ²
		18900				0	Reduced ²
		19100				-	Reduced ²
		18700			1		Reduced ⁶
		18900				49	Tested
		19100	00.04			-	Reduced ⁶
	С	18700	20 MHz				Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100					Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		18700					Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
		18700			1		Reduced ⁴
		18900				49	Reduced ⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
Band 4		All lower	bandwidths (15 M	/Hz, 10 MHz, 5 MH	Iz, 3 MHz, 1.4 MH	z)	Reduced ⁵
1710-1755 MHz		18700		QPSK			Tested
		18900	-		50 100	25 0	Tested
		19100					Tested
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900					Reduced ¹
		19100					Reduced ¹
		18700					Reduced ²
		18900				0	Reduced ²
		19100			1		Reduced ²
		18700			I		Tested
		18900				49	Tested
		19100	20 MHz				Tested
	D	18700	20 1011 12				Reduced ³
		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100					Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		18700					Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
		19100			1		Reduced ⁴
		18700			1		Reduced ⁴
		18900				49	Reduced ⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
		All lower n the 50% RB testing		/Hz, 10 MHz, 5 MH			Reduced ⁵

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.



Band/ Frequency (MHz)	Side	Required Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Allocation	RB Offset	Tested/ Reduced
		18700					Reduced ⁶
		18900			50	25	Tested
		19100					Reduced ⁶
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900		QPSK	100	0	Reduced ¹
		19100					Reduced ¹
		18700	20 MHz				Reduced ²
		18900				0	Reduced ²
		19100			1		Reduced ²
		18700					Reduced ⁶
		18900				49	Tested
Band 4		19100					Reduced ⁶
1710-1755 MHz	E	18700					Reduced ³
1710-1755 10112		18900			50	25	Reduced ³
		19100				0	Reduced ³
		18700					Reduced ¹
		18900			100		Reduced ¹
		19100		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		18700		TOQAIN			Reduced ⁴
		18900				0	Reduced ⁴
		19100			1		Reduced ⁴
		18700			I		Reduced ⁴
		18900				49	Reduced ⁴
		19100					Reduced ⁴
		All lower	bandwidths (15 M	/Hz, 10 MHz, 5 MH	lz, 3 MHz, 1.4 MH	z)	Reduced ⁵

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.



Band/		Required	_		RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		20450			Anobation	Onset	Reduced ⁶
		20525			25	13	Tested
		20600	-		20	10	Reduced ⁶
		20450	-				Reduced ¹
		20525	-		50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600	-		00	0	Reduced ¹
		20450	-	QPSK			Reduced ²
		20525	-			0	Reduced ²
		20600	-				Reduced ²
		20450	-		1		Tested
		20525	-			25	Tested
		20600	-			20	Tested
	А	20450	10 MHz				Reduced ³
	~	20525	-		25	13	Reduced ³
		20600			20	10	Reduced ³
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600				0	Reduced ¹
		20450		16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		20525				0	Reduced ⁴
		20600				0	Reduced ⁴
		20450			1		Reduced ⁴
		20525				25	Reduced ⁴
		20600					Reduced ⁴
Band 5			All lower bandwid	ths (5 MHz, 3 MHz	, 1.4 MHz)		Reduced ⁵
824-849 MHz	-	20450			, ,		Tested
		20525	_	QPSK -	25 50	13 0	Tested
		20600					Tested
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525					Reduced ¹
		20600					Reduced ¹
		20450				0	Tested
		20525					Tested
		20600					Tested
		20450			1		Reduced ²
		20525				25	Reduced ²
		20600	10 MHz				Reduced ²
	В	20450					Reduced ³
		20525			25	13	Reduced ³
		20600					Reduced ³
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600		160AM			Reduced ¹
		20450		16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		20525				0	Reduced ⁴
		20600			4		Reduced ⁴
		20450			1		Reduced ⁴
		20525	1			25	Reduced ⁴
		20600					Reduced ⁴
	1	All lower bandwidths (5 MHz, 3 MHz, 1.4 MHz)					

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.



Band/	0.1	Required			RB	RB	Tested/
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced
		20450			/	0	Reduced ⁶
		20525	-		25	13	Tested
		20600	-		20	10	Reduced ⁶
		20450	-				Reduced ¹
		20525	-		50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600			00	Ũ	Reduced ¹
		20450		QPSK			Reduced ⁶
		20525				0	Tested
		20600			1	-	Reduced ⁶
		20450			1		Reduced ²
		20525				25	Reduced ²
		20600					Reduced ²
	С	20450	10 MHz				Reduced ³
	-	20525			25	13	Reduced ³
		20600					Reduced ³
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600		400.004			Reduced ¹
		20450		16QAM			Reduced ⁴
		20525				0	Reduced ⁴
		20600				-	Reduced ⁴
		20450			1		Reduced ⁴
		20525				25	Reduced ⁴
		20600					Reduced ⁴
Band 5			All lower bandwid	ths (5 MHz, 3 MHz	:, 1.4 MHz)		Reduced⁵
824-849 MHz		20450			,		Reduced ⁶
		20525		QPSK -	25 50	13 0	Tested
		20600					Reduced ⁶
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525					Reduced ¹
		20600					Reduced ¹
		20450					Reduced ²
		20525				0	Reduced ²
		20600			1		Reduced ²
		20450			I		Tested
		20525				25	Tested
		20600	10 MHz				Tested
	D	20450					Reduced ³
		20525			25	13	Reduced ³
		20600					Reduced ³
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		20450		IUQAIN			Reduced ⁴
		20525				0	Reduced ⁴
		20600			1		Reduced ⁴
		20450			I		Reduced ⁴
		20525				25	Reduced ⁴
		20600					Reduced ⁴
	1		All lower bandwid	ths (5 MHz, 3 MHz	. 1.4 MHz)		Reduced ⁵

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.



Band/ Frequency (MHz)	Side	Required Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Allocation	RB Offset	Tested/ Reduced
		20450					Reduced ⁶
		20525			25	13	Tested
		20600					Reduced ⁶
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600	 10 MHz	QPSK			Reduced ¹
		20450		QFON			Reduced ⁶
		20525				0	Tested
		20600			1		Reduced ⁶
		20450					Reduced ²
		20525				25	Reduced ²
Band 5		20600					Reduced ²
824-849 MHz	E	20450					Reduced ³
024 045 101 12		20525			25	13	Reduced ³
		20600					Reduced ³
		20450					Reduced ¹
		20525			50	0	Reduced ¹
		20600		16QAM			Reduced ¹
		20450		IUQAIN			Reduced ⁴
		20525				0	Reduced ⁴
		20600			1		Reduced ⁴
		20450			I		Reduced ⁴
		20525				25	Reduced ⁴
		20600					Reduced ⁴
				ths (5 MHz, 3 MHz			Reduced ⁵

Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) B) I) page 4.

Reduced³ - If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) A) I) page 4.

Reduced⁴- If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 4) B) I) page 5.

Reduced⁵- If the conducted power is within ±0.5 dB, all testing where the SAR value is less than 1.45 W/kg is reduced per KDB941225 D05 5) B) I) page 5.



Band/	Side	Required	Bondwidth	Modulation	RB	RB	Tested/	
Frequency (MHz)	Side	Test Channel	Bandwidth	Modulation	Allocation	Offset	Reduced	
		23230			25	13	Tested	
		23230		ODCK	50	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230		QPSK	1	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230	10 MHz		1	49	Tested	
	А	23230			25	13	Reduced ¹	
		23230		16QAM	50	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230		IOQAIVI	1	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230			1	49	Reduced ¹	
			All lower	⁻ bandwidths (5 MH			Reduced ²	
		23230			25	13	Tested	
		23230		QPSK	50	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230		QLOK	1	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230	10 MHz		1	49	Tested	
	В	23230	10 10112		25	13	Reduced ¹	
		23230		16QAM	50	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230		TOQAM	1	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230			1	49	Reduced ¹	
			All lower	bandwidths (5 MH			Reduced ²	
		23230			25	13	Tested	
		23230		QPSK	50	0	Reduced ¹	
Band 13		23230		QI OIT	1	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230	10 MHz		1	49	Tested	
777-787 MHz	С	23230			25	13	Reduced ¹	
		23230	_	16QAM	50	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230			1	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230			1	49	Reduced ¹ Reduced ²	
		All lower bandwidths (5 MHz)						
		23230		QPSK	25	13	Tested	
		23230			50	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230			1	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230	10 MHz		1	49	Tested	
	D	23230	{		25	13	Reduced ¹	
		23230	{	16QAM	50	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230			1	0 49	Reduced ¹	
		23230	All Ia	handuriskha (CNAL	-	49	Reduced ¹	
		22220	All IOWEI	bandwidths (5 MH	/	10	Reduced ²	
		23230 23230	4		25 50	<u>13</u> 0	Tested Reduced ¹	
			4	QPSK	50	0		
		23230 23230	{		1	49	Reduced ¹ Tested	
	Е	23230	10 MHz	<u> </u>	25	49 13	Reduced ¹	
			{			0		
		23230	{	16QAM	50 1	0	Reduced ¹	
		23230	1		1		Reduced ¹ Reduced ¹	
	1	All lower bandwidths (5 MHz)					Reduced ²	

Reduced¹ – If the SAR value in the 50% RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the 100% RB testing is reduced per KDB941225 D05 3) A) I) page 4. Reduced² - If the SAR value in the 1 RB testing is less than 1.45 W/kg, the remaining channels are reduced per KDB941225 D05 3)

B) I) page 4.

SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body - CDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Freque	ency	Modulation	Position I	End Power	Reverse	Forward Channel	Measured SAR	Reported SAR	
-		MHz	Ch.			(dBm)	Channel	Channel	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
		824.70	1013	CDMA		24.36	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.15	1.19	
		836.52	384	CDMA	Side A	24.37	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.14	1.18	
		848.31	777	CDMA		24.39	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.15	1.18	
		824.70	1013	CDMA		24.36	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.29	1.33	
		836.52	384	CDMA	Side B	24.37	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.27	1.31	
5	1	848.31	777	CDMA		24.39	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.33	1.36	
mm		836.52	384	CDMA	Side C	24.37	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.464	0.48	
		824.70	1013	CDMA		24.36	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.12	1.16	
		836.52	384	CDMA	Side D	24.37	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.15	1.18	
		848.31	777	CDMA		24.39	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.10	1.13	
		836.52	384	CDMA	Side E	24.37	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.117	0.12	
		848.31	777	CDMA	Repeat	24.39	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.29	1.32	
						Body					

- 1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Power Measured
- 2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
- Left Head
- ___Head ___Test Code
- With Belt Clip
- Eli4 Right Head Body Base Station Simulator Without Belt Clip N/A

ERP

1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

EIRP

- 3. Test Signal Call Mode
- 4. Test Configuration
- 5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body - WCDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequ	iency	Modulation	Position	End Power	RMC	Test Set Up	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
_		MHz	Ch.			(dBm)		_	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		826.4	4132	WCDMA		23.97	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.928	0.93
		836.6	4183	WCDMA	Side A	23.78	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.891	0.94
		846.6	4233	WCDMA		23.89	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.910	0.93
		826.4	4132	WCDMA		23.97	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.20	1.21
		836.6	4183	WCDMA	Side B	23.78	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.28	1.35
5	2	846.6	4233	WCDMA		23.89	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.36	1.40
mm		836.6	4183	WCDMA	Side C	23.78	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.704	0.74
		826.4	4132	WCDMA		23.97	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.865	0.87
		836.6	4183	WCDMA	Side D	23.78	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.844	0.89
		846.6	4233	WCDMA		23.89	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.878	0.90
		836.6	4183	WCDMA	Side E	23.78	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.0996	0.10
		846.6	4233	WCDMA	Repeat	23.89	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.25	1.28

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)	
averaged over 1 gram	

- 1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Conducted Power Measured
- 2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration

Left Head

Head Test Code

With Belt Clip

- SAR Configuration 3. Test Signal Call Mode
- 4. Test Configuration
- 5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

 \boxtimes Eli4 \boxtimes Body

ERP

Right Head

EIRP

Base Station Simulator

Without Belt Clip $\square N/A$



SAR Data Summary – 835 MHz Body - GPRS

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequ	-	Rev Level/ Modulation	Position	End Power	TX Level	Multislot Configuration	Measured SAR	Reported SAR	
		MHz	Ch.	Wouldton		(dBm)		configuration	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
		836.6	190	GMSK	Side A	32.75	5	1 Slot	0.631	0.67	
[824.2	128	GMSK		32.80	5	1 Slot	0.871	0.91	
[836.6	190	GMSK	Side B	32.75	5	1 Slot	1.05	1.11	
5	3	848.8	251	GMSK		32.74	5	1 Slot	1.13	1.20	
mm		836.6	190	GMSK	Side C	32.75	5	1 Slot	0.402	0.43	
[836.6	190	GMSK	Side D	32.75	5	1 Slot	0.620	0.66	
[836.6	190	GMSK	Side E	32.75	5	1 Slot	0.0786	0.08	
		848.8	251	GMSK	Repeat	32.74	5	1 Slot	1.08	1.15	
		-						averaged over 1 gr	ram		
	1		•	ully charged fo			_		_		
		Powe	er Mea	sured	⊠Con	ducted		ERP	EIRP		
	2	. SAR	Measu	irement							
		Phan	tom Co	onfiguration	Left	Head	\square	Eli4	Right I	Head	
		SAR	Config	guration	Hea	d	$\overline{\boxtimes}$	Body			
	3		•	Call Mode		t Code Base Station Simulator					
	5		0	uration		h Belt Cli		Without Belt Cli			
	4	I ASI I						THURDER DOIL OF			
	4 5		0	th is at least 15			r 🗆				



Jay M. Moulton Vice President

SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body - CDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Freque	ency	Modulation	Position	End Power	Reverse Channel	Forward Channel	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
-		MHz	Ch.			(dBm)	Channel	Channel	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		1851.25	25	CDMA		23.94	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.26	1.28
	4	1880.00	600	CDMA	Side A	23.95	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.36	1.37
		1909.75	1175	CDMA		23.93	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.19	1.20
		1851.25	25	CDMA		23.94	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.03	1.04
		1880.00	600	CDMA	Side B	23.95	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.806	0.81
		1909.75	1175	CDMA		23.93	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.23	1.24
5		1851.25	25	CDMA		23.94	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.05	1.06
mm		1880.00	600	CDMA	Side C	23.95	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.803	0.81
		1909.75	1175	CDMA		23.93	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.886	0.89
		1851.25	25	CDMA		23.94	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.857	0.87
		1880.00	600	CDMA	Side D	23.95	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.867	0.87
		1909.75	1175	CDMA		23.93	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.13	1.14
		1851.25	25	CDMA	Side E	23.95	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	0.685	0.69
		1880.00	600	CDMA	Repeat	23.95	153.6 kbps	2 Slot 307.2 kbps	1.31	1.32
								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram		

1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Conducted Power Measured ERP EIRP 2. SAR Measurement \boxtimes Eli4 Phantom Configuration Left Head Right Head

SAR Configuration 3. Test Signal Call Mode

4. Test Configuration

Head

Test Code

With Belt Clip

5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President

 \boxtimes Body

Base Station Simulator Without Belt Clip $\square N/A$

SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body - WCDMA

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Frequency		Rev Level/	Position	End Power	RMC	Test Set Up	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
		MHz	Ch.	Modulation		(dBm)		-	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
		1852.4	9262	WCDMA		22.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.29	1.31
		1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Side A	22.98	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.24	1.25
		1907.6	9538	WCDMA		22.96	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.02	1.03
		1852.4	9262	WCDMA		22.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.29	1.31
	5	1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Side B	22.98	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.36	1.37
		1907.6	9538	WCDMA		22.96	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.962	0.97
5		1852.4	9262	WCDMA		22.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.892	0.90
mm		1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Side C	22.98	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.06	1.07
		1907.6	9538	WCDMA		22.96	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.06	1.07
		1852.4	9262	WCDMA		22.95	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.20	1.21
		1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Side D	22.98	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.942	0.95
		1907.6	9538	WCDMA		22.96	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.726	0.73
		1852.4	9262	WCDMA	Side E	22.98	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	0.319	0.32
		1880.0	9400	WCDMA	Repeat	22.98	12.2 kbps	Test Loop 1	1.29	1.30

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Power Measured Conducted ERP EIRP 2. SAR Measurement \boxtimes Eli4 Left Head Right Head

Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration

3. Test Signal Call Mode

4. Test Configuration

- Head

Test Code

- With Belt Clip
- 5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

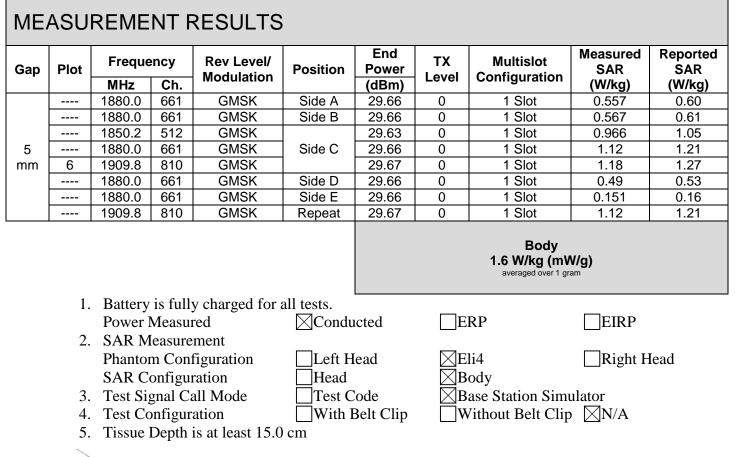
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Base Station Simulator Without Belt Clip $\square N/A$

 \boxtimes Body



SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body - GPRS



ZZ

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – 1900 MHz Body – LTE Band 2

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		BW/	RB	RB	MPR	End Power	Measured SAR	Reported SAR
			MHz	Ch.	Modulation	Size	Offset	Target	(dBm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
			1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.8	1.08	1.13
			1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.9	0.939	0.96
		Side A	1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.4	0.913	1.05
		Side A	1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	22.8	0.936	0.98
			1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	22.8	0.853	0.89
			1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	22.8	0.739	0.77
			1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.8	1.03	1.08
			1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.9	1.02	1.04
		Cide D	1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.4	0.961	1.10
		- Side B	1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	22.8	0.893	0.94
			1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	22.8	0.917	0.96
			1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	22.8	0.790	0.83
-	7	- Side C	1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.8	1.32	1.38
5			1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.9	0.93	0.95
mm			1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.4	0.372	0.43
			1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	22.8	1.07	1.12
			1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	22.8	0.724	0.76
			1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	22.8	0.303	0.32
			1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.8	1.28	1.34
			1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.9	0.904	0.93
		Cide D	1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.4	0.435	0.50
		Side D	1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	22.8	1.13	1.18
		1	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	22.8	0.718	0.75
			1900.0	19100	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	22.8	0.352	0.37
		Side E	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.9	0.466	0.48
		Side E	1880.0	18900	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	22.8	0.369	0.39
		Repeat	1860.0	18700	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	23.8	1.27	1.33

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)

averaged over 1 gram

- 1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Power Measured Conducted
- ERP

EIRP

Eli4 Body Right Head

- Base Station Simulator
- Without Belt Clip N/A
- 2. SAR Measurement
- Phantom Configuration Left Head SAR Configuration Head Test Code
- 3. Test Signal Call Mode
- 4. Test Configuration With Belt Clip
- 5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm

Jay M. Moulton Vice President



SAR Data Summary – 1735 MHz Body – LTE Band 4

MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		BW/ Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MPR Target	End Power	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
			MHz	Ch.		0120		Target	(dBm)	ů,	
			1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	22.9	1.27	1.30
			1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	22.7	1.26	1.35
		Side A	1745.0	20300	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	22.8	1.28	1.34
		Side A	1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	21.8	1.02	1.07
			1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	21.8	1.05	1.10
			1745.0	20300	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	21.9	1.06	1.09
		– Side B	1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	22.9	0.833	0.85
			1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	22.7	0.822	0.88
			1745.0	20300	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	22.8	0.860	0.90
5			1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	21.8	0.679	0.71
-		Side C	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	22.7	0.569	0.61
mm			1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	0	1	21.8	0.466	0.49
			1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	22.9	1.25	1.28
	8		1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	22.7	1.28	1.37
		Side D	1745.0	20300	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	22.8	1.24	1.30
		Side D	1720.0	20050	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	21.8	1.00	1.05
]	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	21.8	1.18	1.24
			1745.0	20300	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	21.9	1.21	1.24
		Cido F	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	0	0	22.7	0.346	0.37
		Side E	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	50	25	1	21.8	0.295	0.31
		Repeat	1732.5	20175	20 MHz/QPSK	1	49	0	22.7	1.23	1.32

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Power Measured Conducted

- 2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration
- Left Head
- SAR Configuration
 - Head Test Code
- 3. Test Signal Call Mode 4. Test Configuration
 - With Belt Clip Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



Jay M. Moulton Vice President

5.

ERP

EIRP

⊠Eli4

Right Head

Body Base Station Simulator Without Belt Clip N/A



SAR Data Summary – 850 MHz Body – LTE Band 5

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Position	Frequ MHz	uency Ch.	BW/ Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MPR Target	End Power (dBm)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Reported SAR (W/kg)
			829.0	20450	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	23.8	0.937	0.98
			836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	23.8	0.993	1.04
		Side A	844.0	20600	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	23.7	0.956	1.02
			836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	13	1	22.6	0.750	0.82
	9		829.0	20450	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	23.8	1.15	1.20
			836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	23.8	1.07	1.12
		Side B	844.0	20600	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	23.7	1.08	1.16
			829.0	20450	10 MHz/QPSK	25	13	1	22.7	0.986	1.06
5			836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	13	1	22.6	0.926	1.02
mm			844.0	20600	10 MHz/QPSK	25	13	1	22.5	0.883	0.99
		Side C	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	23.8	0.395	0.41
		Side C	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	13	1	22.6	0.308	0.34
			829.0	20450	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	23.8	0.910	0.95
		Side D	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	23.8	0.971	1.02
		Side D	844.0	20600	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	23.7	0.933	1.00
			836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	13	1	22.6	0.743	0.82
		Side E	836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	23.8	0.0998	0.11
			836.5	20525	10 MHz/QPSK	25	13	1	22.6	0.0772	0.09
		Repeat	829.0	20450	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	23.8	1.10	1.15

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)

averaged over 1 gram

- 1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Power Measured Conducted
- 2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration Left Head SAR Configuration 3. Test Signal Call Mode
 - Head
 - Test Code
- 4. Test Configuration With Belt Clip
- 5. Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



Jay M. Moulton Vice President

\boxtimes	Eli4
\boxtimes	Body
\boxtimes	Base Station Simulato
	Without Bolt Clip

ERP

Right Head

EIRP

r $\square N/A$ Without Belt Clip



SAR Data Summary – 750 MHz Body – LTE Band 13

MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Gap	Plot	Position	Frequency		BW/ Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	MPR	End Power	Measured	Reported
			MHz	Ch.	Modulation	Size	Onset	Target	(dBm)	SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)
	10	Side A	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	24.0	0.922	0.92
		Side A	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	13	1	23.0	0.743	0.74
		Side B	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	24.0	0.740	0.74
			782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	13	1	23.0	0.595	0.60
5		Side C	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	24.0	0.825	0.83
-			782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	13	1	23.0	0.649	0.65
mm		Side D	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	24.0	0.865	0.87
		Side D	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	13	1	23.0	0.694	0.69
		Side E	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	24.0	0.147	0.15
		Side E	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	25	13	1	23.0	0.112	0.11
		Repeat	782	23230	10 MHz/QPSK	1	25	0	24.0	0.887	0.89

Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

- 1. Battery is fully charged for all tests. Power Measured ⊠Conducted
- 2. SAR Measurement Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration
 - Head Test Code

Left Head

- Test Signal Call Mode
 Test Configuration
- Test Configuration With Belt Clip
 Tissue Depth is at least 15.0 cm



Jay M. Moulton Vice President

ERP

EIRP

⊠Eli4 ⊠Body Right Head

Body Base Station Simulator

Without Belt Clip

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11. Test Equipment List

Table 11.1 Equipment Specifications										
Туре	Calibration Due Date	Calibration Done Date	Serial Number							
Staubli Robot TX60L	N/A	N/A	F07/55M6A1/A/01							
Measurement Controller CS8c	N/A	N/A	1012							
ELI4 Flat Phantom	N/A	N/A	1065							
Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A							
Data Acquisition Electronics 4	08/12/2015	08/12/2014	759							
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	01/23/2016	01/23/2014	3833							
Speag Validation Dipole D750V2	12/04/2015	12/03/2012	1016							
Speag Validation Dipole D835V2	12/04/2015	12/03/2012	4d089							
Speag Validation Dipole D1750V2	12/05/2015	12/05/2012	1018							
Speag Validation Dipole D1900V2	12/06/2015	12/06/2012	5d116							
Agilent N1911A Power Meter	03/24/2016	03/24/2015	GB45100254							
Agilent N1922A Power Sensor	06/25/2015	06/25/2014	MY45240464							
Advantest R3261A Spectrum Analyzer	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	31720068							
Agilent (HP) 8350B Signal Generator	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	2749A10226							
Agilent (HP) 83525A RF Plug-In	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	2647A01172							
Agilent (HP) 8753C Vector Network Analyzer	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	3135A01724							
Agilent (HP) 85047A S-Parameter Test Set	03/26/2017	03/26/2015	2904A00595							
Agilent (HP) 8960 Base Station Sim.	03/31/2017	03/31/2015	MY48360364							
Anritsu MT8820C	07/29/2015	07/29/2014	6201176199							
Aprel Dielectric Probe Assembly	N/A	N/A	0011							
Body Equivalent Matter (750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A							
Body Equivalent Matter (835 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A							
Body Equivalent Matter (1750 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A							
Body Equivalent Matter (1900 MHz)	N/A	N/A	N/A							

Table 11.1 Equipment Specifications



12. Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC/IC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body is a very complex phenomena that depends on the mass, shape, and size of the body; the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors; and, the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.



13. References

[1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio Frequency Radiation, August 1996

[2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992, American National Standard Safety Levels with respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, 1992.

[3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 – 1992, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 1992.

[4] International Electrotechnical Commission, IEC 62209-2 (Edition 1.0), Human Exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), March 2010.

[5] IEEE Standard 1528 – 2013, IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak-Spatial Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques, June 2013.

[6] Industry Canada, RSS – 102e, Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), March 2010.

[7] Health Canada, Safety Code 6, Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3kHz to 300 GHz, 2009.



Appendix A – System Validation Plots and Data

```
*****
 Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
 Wed 15/Apr/2015
 Freq Frequency(GHz)
 FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
 FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
 FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
 FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
 Test_s Sigma of UIM
 FreqFCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_0.700055.730.9655.720.970.710055.690.9655.690.980.720055.650.9655.660.980.730055.610.9655.630.980.740055.570.9655.600.990.750055.530.9655.570.990.760055.490.9655.501.000.780055.410.9755.4521.000.782055.4040.9755.4521.000.790055.380.9755.421.000.800055.340.9755.381.01
 Freq FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s
 * value interpolated
 Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
 Mon 13/Apr/2015
 Freq Frequency(GHz)
 FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon
 FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma
 FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon
 FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
 Test_s Sigma of UIM
 FreqFCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s0.805055.320.9754.240.940.815055.280.9754.280.950.824255.2430.9754.3260.959*0.824755.2410.9754.3290.96*0.825055.240.9754.3360.963*0.826455.2240.9754.3460.968*0.835055.200.9754.370.980.8355255.1980.97154.3720.83650.836655.1950.97254.3750.982*0.846055.1730.97954.3970.989*0.845055.170.9854.400.990.846655.1590.98454.4151.001*0.855055.140.9954.441.020.865055.111.0154.481.04
Freq FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s
                            55.198 0.971 54.372 0.981*
                    55.16 0.983 54.413 1.00*
```

* value interpolated



***** Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Sun 12/Apr/2015 Freq Frequency(GHz) FCC_eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM FCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s 53.59 1.45 52.89 1.51 Freq 1.6900 53.56 1.46 52.85 1.52 1.7000 53.54 1.46 52.81 1.53 1.7100 * value interpolated ***** Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter Fri 10/Apr/2015 Freq Frequency(GHz) FCC eH Limits for Head Epsilon FCC_sH Limits for Head Sigma FCC_eB Limits for Body Epsilon FCC_sB Limits for Body Sigma Test_e Epsilon of UIM Test_s Sigma of UIM FreqFCC_eB FCC_sB Test_e Test_s1.850053.301.5253.271.491.850253.301.5253.271.49*1.851353.301.5253.2671.491*1.852453.301.5253.2651.492*1.860053.301.5253.231.511.870053.301.5253.211.521.890053.301.5253.211.521.890053.301.5253.191.531.900053.301.5253.171.541.907653.301.5253.1551.548*1.908853.301.5253.151.55*1.910053.301.5253.151.55*1.920053.301.5253.141.571.930053.301.5253.121.58

* value interpolated



RF Exposure Lab

Plot 1

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:1016

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.99 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.57; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

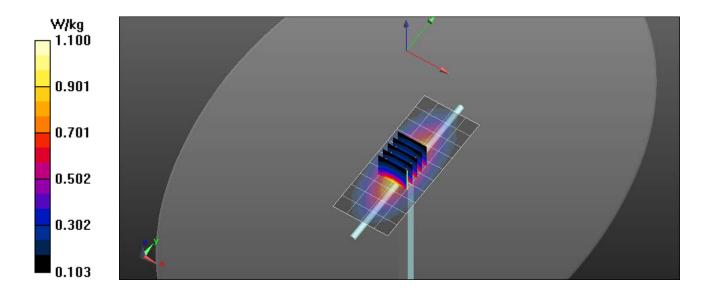
Test Date: Date: 4/15/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.75, 8.75, 8.75); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

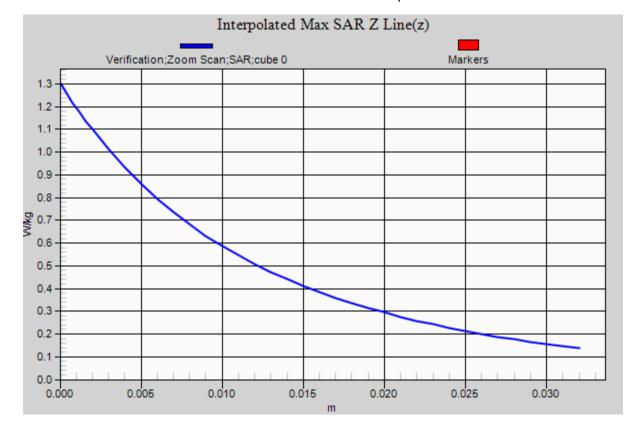
750 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg

750 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.865 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.569 W/kg PIN=100 mW Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20150402





Plot 2

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d089

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.98 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.37; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 4/13/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

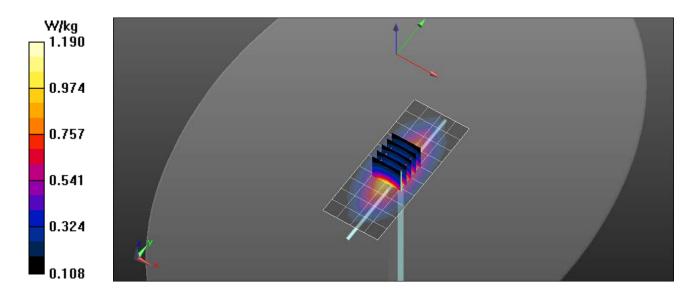
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

835 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg

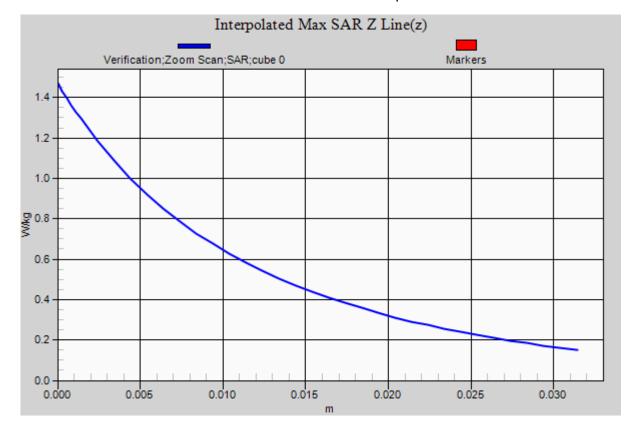
835 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.164 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.948 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.616 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20150402





Plot 3

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz D1750V2; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN:1018

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.56 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.68; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

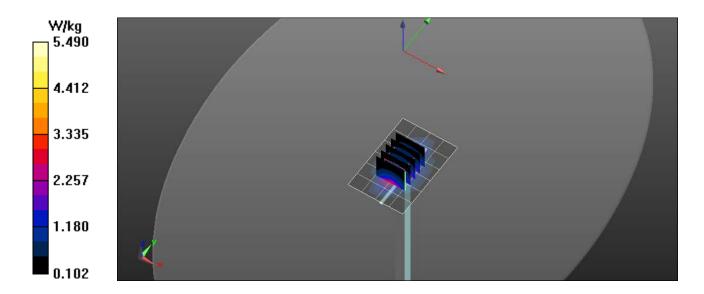
Test Date: Date: 4/12/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.18, 7.18, 7.18); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

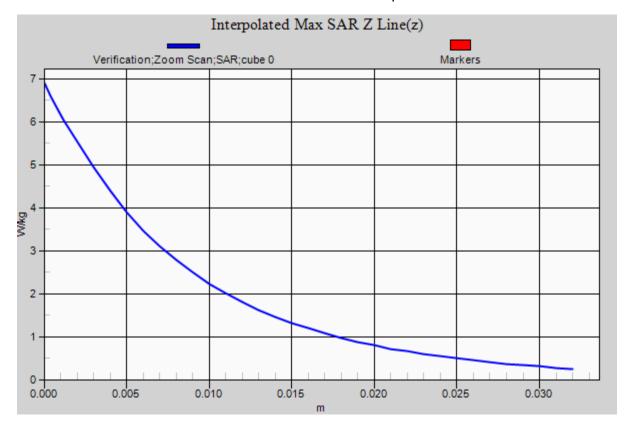
Procedure Notes:

1750 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.33 W/kg

1750 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.227 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.89 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.03 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.49 W/kg









Plot 4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d116

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.54 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.17; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

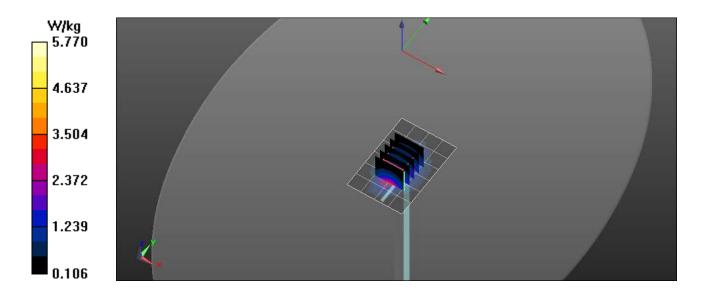
Test Date: Date: 4/10/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

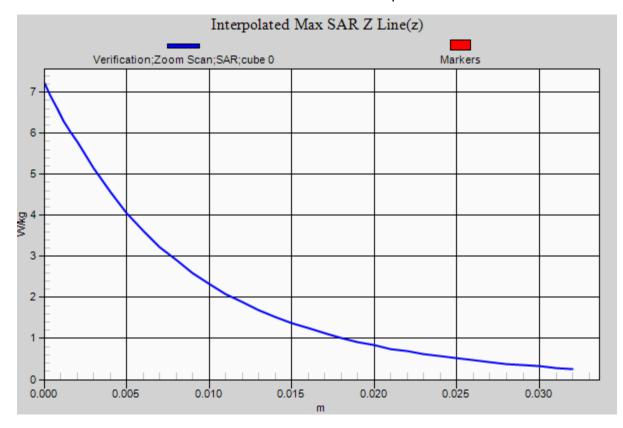
1900 MHz/Verification/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.52 W/kg

1900 MHz/Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.453 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.23 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 4.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.76 W/kg





Report Number: SAR.20150402





Appendix B – SAR Test Data Plots



Plot 1

DUT: USB620L; Type: USB Modem; Serial: SP0703159000047

Communication System: CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO); Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.31 MHz; σ = 1 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.413; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 4/13/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

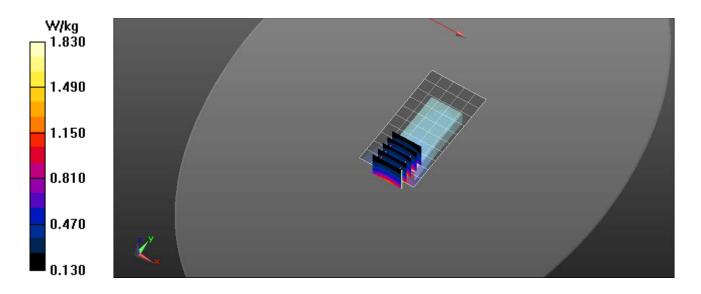
Procedure Notes:

850 MHz CDMA/Side B High/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.75 W/kg

850 MHz CDMA/Side B High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 15.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.10 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.833 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.83 W/kg





Plot 2

DUT: USB620L; Type: USB Modem; Serial: SP0703159000047

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 846.6 MHz; σ = 0.995 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.406; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 4/13/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

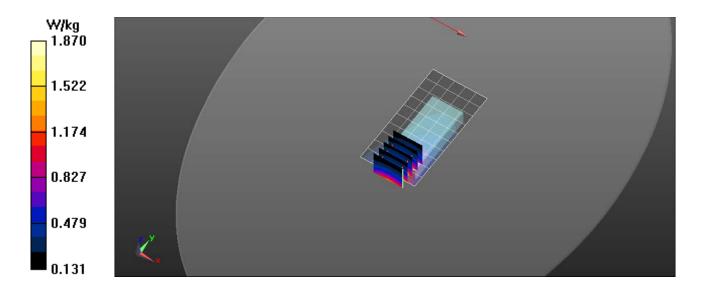
Procedure Notes:

850 MHz UMTS/Side B High/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.81 W/kg

850 MHz UMTS/Side B High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.16 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.852 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.87 W/kg





Plot 3

DUT: USB620L; Type: USB Modem; Serial: SP0703159000047

Communication System: GPRS 1-Slot (GMSK); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 1.001 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.415; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 4/13/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

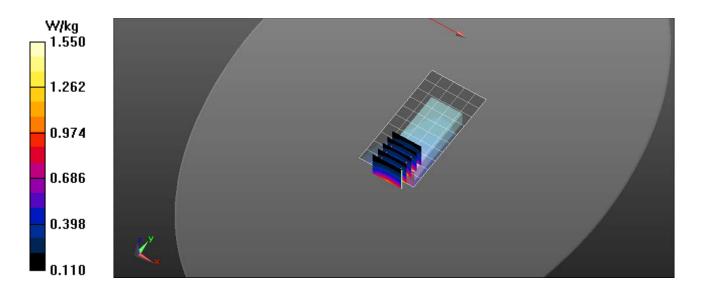
Procedure Notes:

850 MHz GPRS/Side B High/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.53 W/kg

850 MHz GPRS/Side B High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.79 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.713 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.55 W/kg





Plot 4

DUT: USB620L; Type: USB Modem; Serial: SP0703159000047

Communication System: CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.52 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.21; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

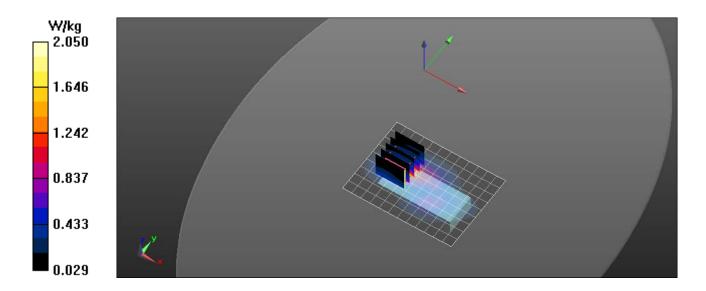
Test Date: Date: 4/10/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

1900 MHz CDMA/Side A Mid/Area Scan (13x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.89 W/kg

1900 MHz CDMA/Side A Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.42 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.729 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.05 W/kg





Plot 5

DUT: USB620L; Type: USB Modem; Serial: SP0703159000047

Communication System: UMTS (WCDMA); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.52 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.21; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

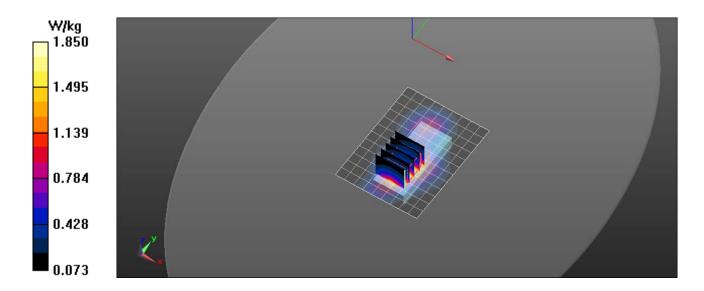
Test Date: Date: 4/11/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

1900 MHz UMTS/Side B Mid/Area Scan (10x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.88 W/kg

1900 MHz UMTS/Side B Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 23.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.14 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 1.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.840 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.85 W/kg





Plot 6

DUT: USB620L; Type: USB Modem; Serial: SP0703159000047

Communication System: GPRS 1-Slot (GMSK); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.55 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.15; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

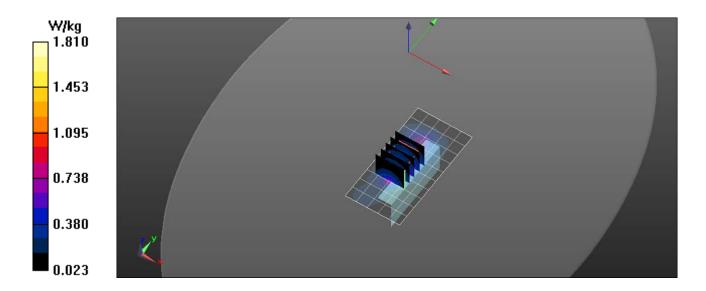
Test Date: Date: 4/10/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

1900 MHz GPRS/Side C High/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.69 W/kg

1900 MHz GPRS/Side C High/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 26.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.09 W/kg **SAR(1 g) = 1.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.607 W/kg** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.81 W/kg





Plot 7

DUT: USB620L; Type: USB Modem; Serial: SP0703159000047

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: f = 1860 MHz; σ = 1.5 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.25; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 4/12/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

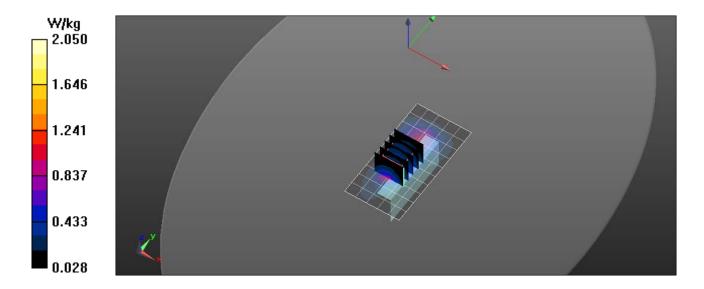
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

Band 2 LTE/Side C, 1 RB 49 Offset, Low/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.96 W/kg

Band 2 LTE/Side C, 1 RB 49 Offset, Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 26.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.32 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.651 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.05 W/kg





Plot 8

DUT: USB620L; Type: USB Modem; Serial: SP0703159000047

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.55 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.73; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 4/12/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(7.18, 7.18, 7.18); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

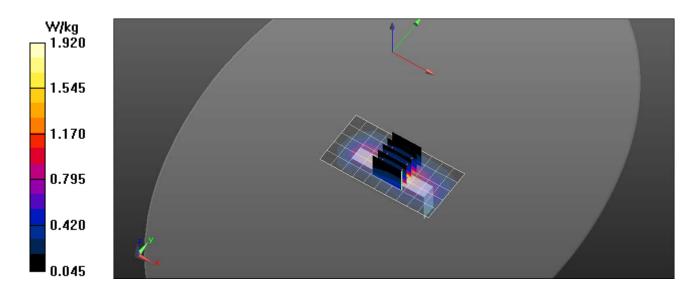
Band 4 LTE/Side D, 1 RB 49 Offset, Mid/Area Scan (11x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.52 W/kg

Band 4 LTE/Side D, 1 RB 49 Offset, Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.25 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.28 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.706 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.92 W/kg





Plot 9

DUT: USB620L; Type: USB Modem; Serial: SP0703159000047

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 829 MHz; σ = 0.968 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.346; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 4/14/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.51, 8.51, 8.51); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

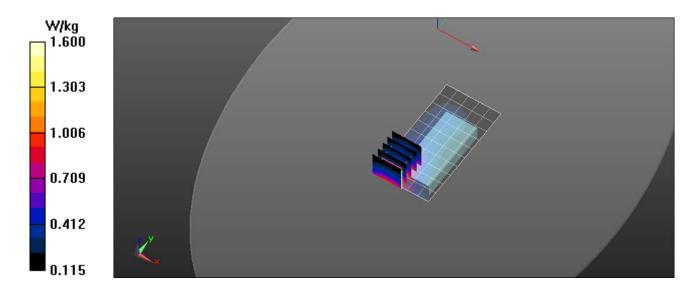
Band 5 LTE/Side B, 1 RB 25 Offset, Low/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 W/kg

Band 5 LTE/Side B, 1 RB 25 Offset, Low/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.83 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.724 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.60 W/kg





Plot 10

DUT: USB620L; Type: USB Modem; Serial: SP0703159000047

Communication System: LTE (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK); Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 782 MHz; σ = 1 S/m; ϵ_r = 55.452; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: Date: 4/15/2015; Ambient Temp: 23 °C; Tissue Temp: 21 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3833; ConvF(8.98, 8.98, 8.98); Calibrated: 1/23/2015; Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn759; Calibrated: 8/12/2014 Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1251 Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Procedure Notes:

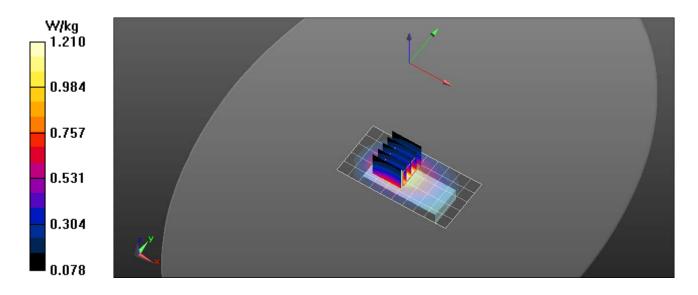
Band 13 LTE/Side A, 1 RB 25 Offset, Mid/Area Scan (11x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg

Band 13 LTE/Side A, 1 RB 25 Offset, Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 30.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.922 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.620 W/kg

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg





Appendix C – SAR Test Setup Photos



Test Position Side A 5 mm Gap

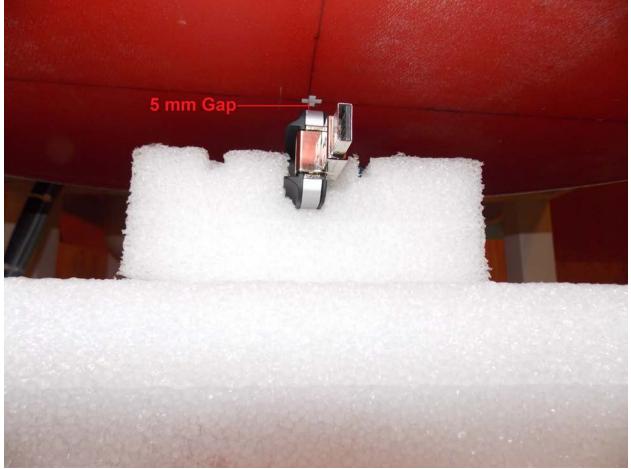


Test Position Side B 5 mm Gap



Test Position Side C 5 mm Gap





Test Position Side D 5 mm Gap





Test Position Side E 5 mm Gap





Test and Antenna Locations





Front of Device





Back of Device



Appendix D – Probe Calibration Data Sheets

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Client RF Exposure I	Lab	Certificate No:	Certificate No: EX3-3833_Jan15			
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE	\$2. *				
Object	EX3DV4 - SN:383	13				
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-25.v6	A CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA dure for dosimetric E-field probes	CAL-23.v5,			
Calibration date:	January 23, 2015					
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence pro	nal standards, which realize the physical units obability are given on the following pages and	are part of the certificate.			
All calibrations have been condu		/ facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a	and humidity < 70%.			
Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration			
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15			
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15			
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15			
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15			
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15			
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15			
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16			
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check			
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16			
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15			
	Name	Function	Signature			
Calibrated by:	Cluadio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	UKA .			
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Job 14			
	santanan santanan tana santanan	no on o summer un conduzione comunication co	Issued: January 26, 2015			

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:	
TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),
	i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3833

Calibrated:

Manufactured: November 7, 2011 January 23, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3833

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)	
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.47	0.49	0.35	± 10.1 %	
DCP (mV) ^B	101.8	100.3	103.5		

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc [⊏] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	131.5	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		133.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		131.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

 ^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
 ^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 ^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3833

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
150	52.3	0.76	11.02	11.02	11.02	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
220	49.0	0.81	10.50	10.50	10.50	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
300	45.3	0.87	10.41	10.41	10.41	0.10	1.25	<u>± 13.3 %</u>
450	43.5	0.87	9.34	9.34	9.34	0.16	1.40	± 13.3 %
600	42.7	0.88	9.41	9.41	9.41	0.10	1.10	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	8.98	8.98	8.98	0.35	0.98	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	8.51	8.51	8.51	0.34	0.99	± 12.0 %
1640	40.3	1.29	7.50	7.50	7.50	0.23	1.08	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.42	7.42	7.42	0.49	0.70	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.29	7.29	7.29	0.57	0.62	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.58	6.58	6.58	0.41	0.76	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.62	4.62	4.62	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.44	4.44	4.44	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.18	4.18	4.18	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.03	4.03	4.03	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3833

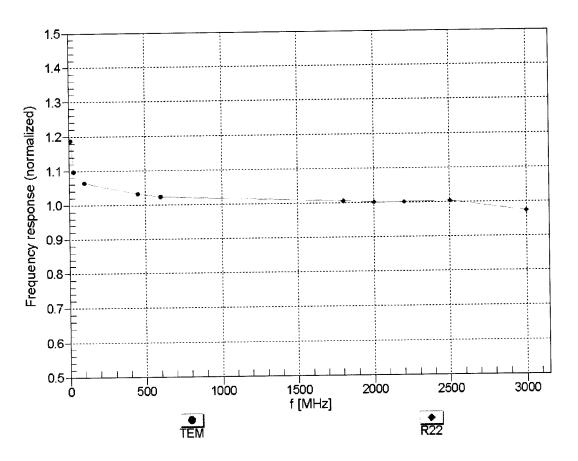
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
150	61.9	0.80	11.21	11.21	11.21	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
220	60.2	0.86	10.20	10.20	10.20	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
300	58.2	0.92	10.29	10.29	10.29	0.06	1.15	± 13.3 %
450	56.7	0.94	10.02	10.02	10.02	0.08	1.12	± 13.3 %
600	56.1	0.95	9.37	9.37	9.37	0.10	1.10	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	8.75	8.75	8.75	0.24	1.32	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	8.51	8.51	8.51	0.41	0.88	± 12.0 %
1640	53.8	1.40	7.64	7.64	7.64	0.31	0.95	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.18	7.18	7.18	0.34	0.93	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.04	7.04	7.04	0.60	0.67	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.69	6.69	6.69	0.80	0.57	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	3.92	3.92	3.92	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	3.81	3.81	3.81	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.52	3.52	3.52	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.47	3.47	3.47	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.57	3.57	3.57	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

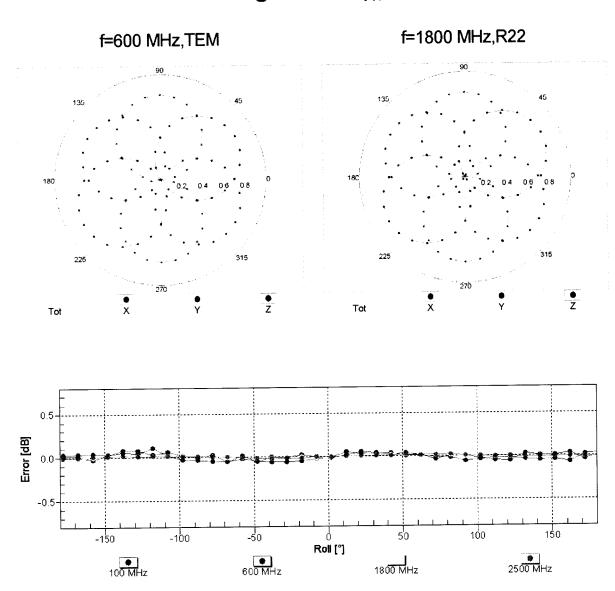
validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz. ^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvE uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



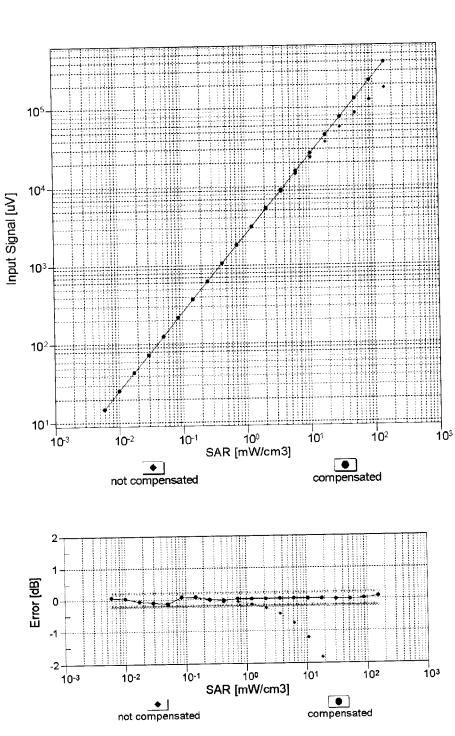
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



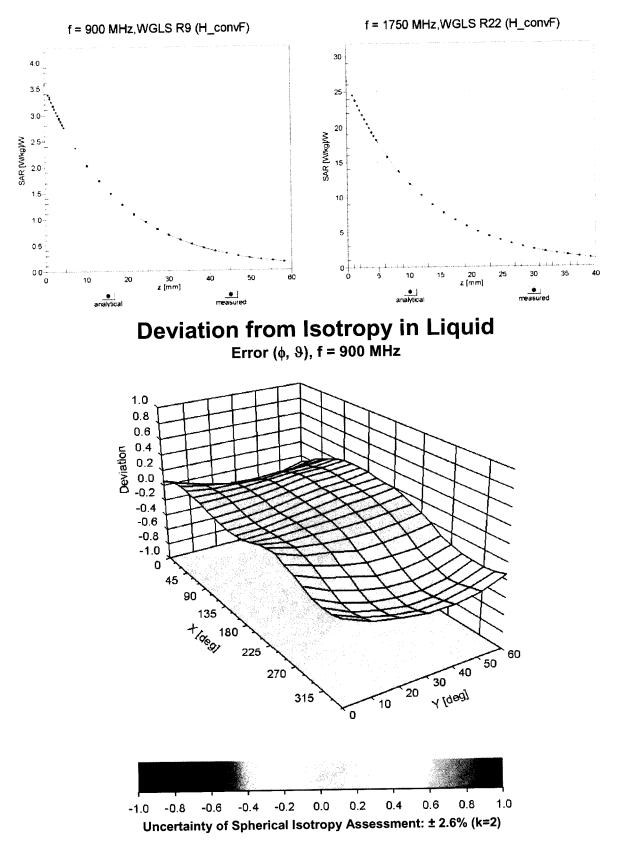
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



Conversion Factor Assessment

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3833

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	12.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm



Appendix E – Dipole Calibration Data Sheets

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: D750V3-1016_Dec12

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Client RF Exposure Lab

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE D750V3 - SN: 1016 Object Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz December 03, 2012 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Scheduled Calibration Primary Standards ID # Cal Date (Certificate No.) GB37480704 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) Oct-13 Power meter EPM-442A Oct-13 US37292783 01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640) Power sensor HP 8481A Apr-13 SN: 5058 (20k) 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530) Reference 20 dB Attenuator Apr-13 27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533) SN: 5047.3 / 06327 Type-N mismatch combination Dec-12 30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11) Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3205 Jun-13 SN: 601 27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12) DAE4 Scheduled Check Check Date (in house) ID # Secondary Standards In house check: Oct-13 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 In house check: Oct-13 100005 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) RF generator R&S SMT-06 In house check: Oct-13 US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12) Network Analyzer HP 8753E Signature Function Name Laboratory Technician Israe El-Naouq Calibrated by: Israe El Daney Katja Pokovic **Technical Manager** Approved by:

Issued: December 3, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.6 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.39 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	1.37 W/kg

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.6 ± 6 %	0.97 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.74 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.46 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.79 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.2 Ω + 0.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0 Ω - 1.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 38.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.037 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 22, 2010

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 03.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1016

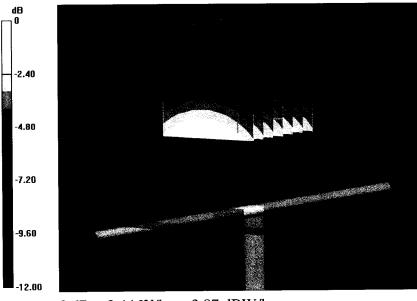
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.89 mho/m; ϵ_r = 41.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

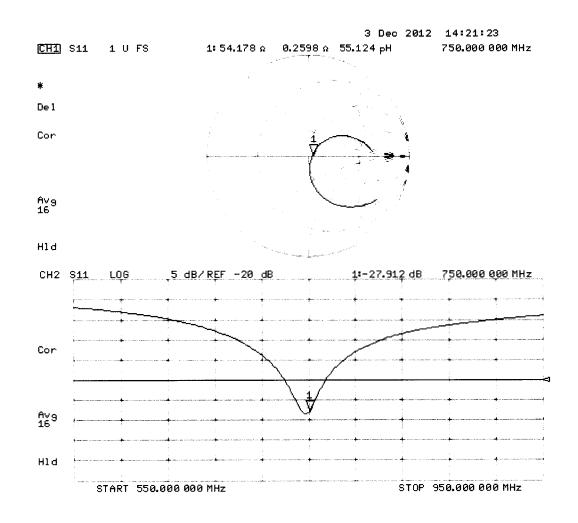
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.33, 6.33, 6.33); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 52.855 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.37 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.44 W/kg



0 dB = 2.44 W/kg = 3.87 dBW/kg



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 03.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1016

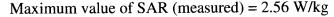
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.97 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

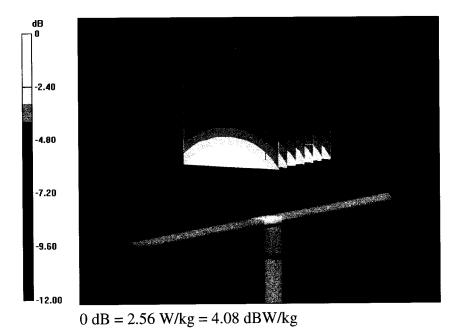
DASY52 Configuration:

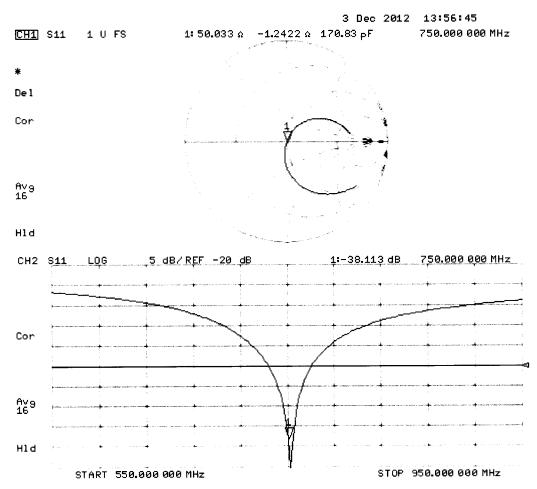
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 52.855 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.31 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.46 W/kg







Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r03.

D750V3 SN: 1016 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
12/3/2012	-27.9		54.2		0.3	
12/4/2013	-28.9	3.6	53.9	-0.3	0.1	-0.2
12/4/2014	-26.5	-5.0	55.6	1.4	0.4	0.1
D750V3 SN: 1016 - Body						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
12/3/2012	-38.1		50.0		-1.2	

48.7

49.8

-36.7

-37.5

-3.7

-1.6

12/4/2013

12/4/2014

-1.3

-0.2

-0.6

-0.9

0.6

0.3

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Client RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D835V2-4d089_Dec12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d	089		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz			
Calibration date: December 03, 2012				
The measurements and the uncer	tainties with confidence p ted in the closed laborator	onal standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	and are part of the certificate.	
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13	
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13	
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13	
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12	
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13	
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13	
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13	
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13	
Calibrated by:	Name Israe El-Naouq	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature Isran andarene	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Isran anacong	
This calibration certificate shall no	ot be reproduced except ir	n full without written approval of the laborato	Issued: December 3, 2012	

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Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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- S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.4 ± 6 %	0.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.38 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.36 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition		
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	1.55 W/kg	

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.5 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.51 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition		
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.59 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.27 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)	

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.7 Ω - 2.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 30.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.4 Ω - 4.8 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.391 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 17, 2008

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 03.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d089

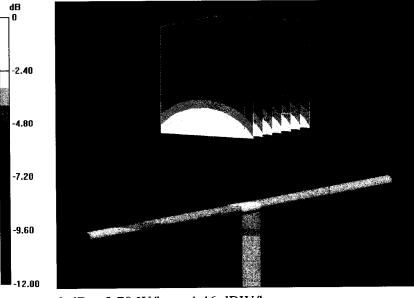
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.92 mho/m; ϵ_r = 41.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

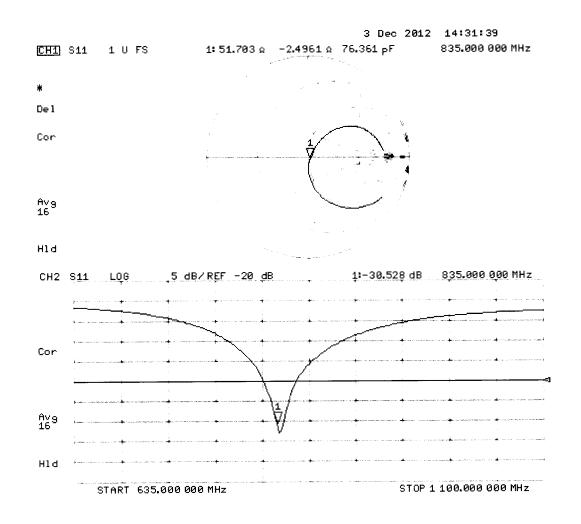
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.782 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.58 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.79 W/kg



0 dB = 2.79 W/kg = 4.46 dBW/kg



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 03.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d089

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.99 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

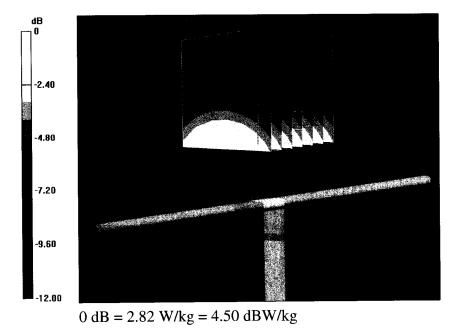
DASY52 Configuration:

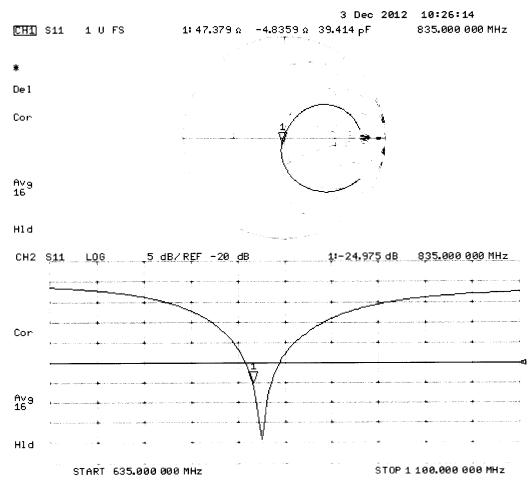
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 55.384 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.82 W/kg





Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r03.

D835V2 SN: 4d089 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
12/3/2012	-30.5		51.7		-2.5	
12/4/2013	-28.7	-5.9	52.4	0.7	-1.5	1.0
12/4/2014	-29.2	-4.3	50.7	-1.0	-1.2	1.3
D835V2 SN: 4d089 - Body						
		D835V2	SN: 4d089	- Body		
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	D835V2 Δ%	SN: 4d089	- Body ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
Measurement			Impedance	<u></u>		ΔΩ
	(dB)		Impedance (Ω)	<u></u>	Imaginary (jΩ)	<u>ΔΩ</u> -0.4

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Client RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D1750V2-1018_Dec12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Calibration date:	December 05, 20 the traceability to nation inties with confidence pro-	dure for dipole validation kits abo 12 onal standards, which realize the physical un obability are given on the following pages an y facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$	its of measurements (SI). Ind are part of the certificate.
	s the traceability to natic inties with confidence pre	onal standards, which realize the physical un obability are given on the following pages an	nd are part of the certificate.
This collibration partificate documents	inties with confidence pro	obability are given on the following pages an	nd are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the uncertain	critical for calibration)		
		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
1	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	-
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Araa El-Daeen ig
		full without written approval of the laborator	Issued: December 5, 2012

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end • of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed • point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole • positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power. ٠
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.3 ± 6 %	1.34 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.02 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	36.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	4.82 W/kg

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.8 ± 6 %	1.47 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.2 Ω + 0.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 42.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.2 Ω + 0.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.221 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	February 11, 2009

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 05.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1018

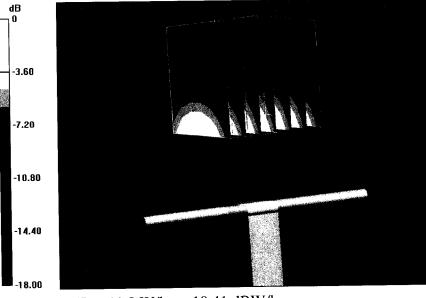
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.34$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

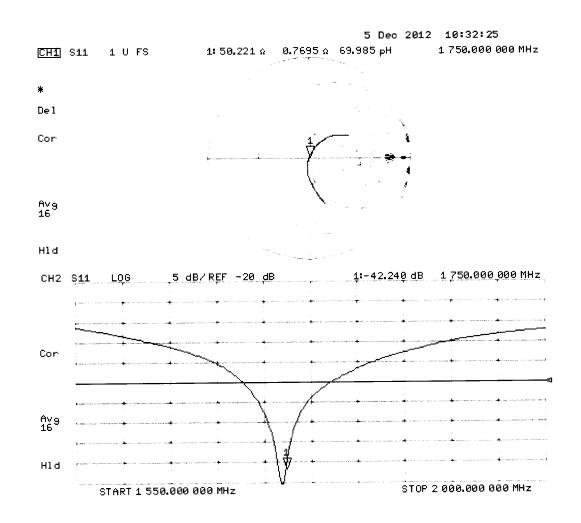
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.22, 5.22, 5.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 92.822 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.82 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.0 W/kg



0 dB = 11.0 W/kg = 10.41 dBW/kg



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 05.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1018

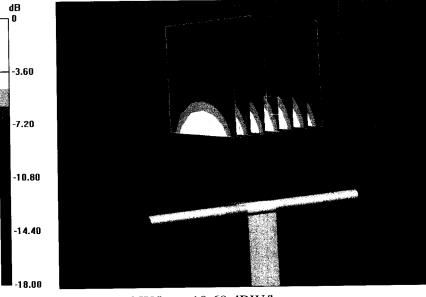
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.47 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

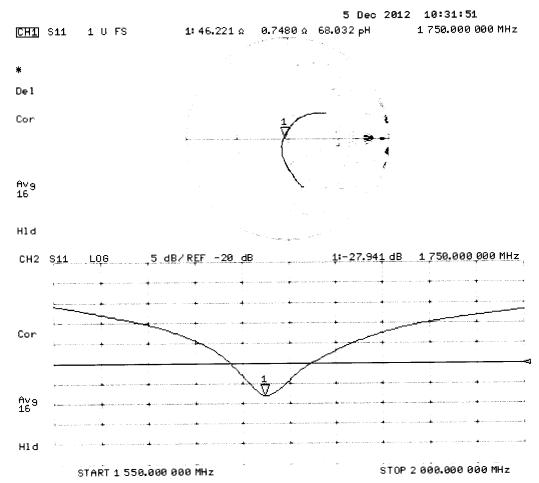
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 92.822 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.99 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 W/kg



0 dB = 11.7 W/kg = 10.68 dBW/kg



Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r03.

D1750V2 SN: 1018 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
12/5/2012	-42.2		50.2		0.8	
12/5/2013	-41.8	-0.9	52.1	1.9	0.6	-0.2
12/5/2014	-40.5	-4.0	51.6	1.4	0.2	-0.6
,-,			11			
			2 SN: 1018	- Body		
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)			- Body ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
Date of	Return Loss	D1750V	2 SN: 1018	******	· · ·	ΔΩ
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	D1750V	2 SN: 1018 Impedance (Ω)	******	Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ -0.3





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Client RF Exposure Lab

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d116_Dec12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1900V2 - SN: 50	d116	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procee	dure for dipole validation kits abo	ove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	December 06, 20	12	
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence pr	onal standards, which realize the physical ur robability are given on the following pages ar y facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°	nd are part of the certificate.
		Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Name Israe El-Naouq	Function Laboratory Technician	
Calibrated by: Approved by:			Signature Noran El-Dacong

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

C Service suisse d'étalonnage

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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

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DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.97 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.2 ± 6 %	1.52 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.2 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.2 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.4 Ω + 6.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.4 Ω + 6.7 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 22.7 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.202 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 21, 2009

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 06.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d116

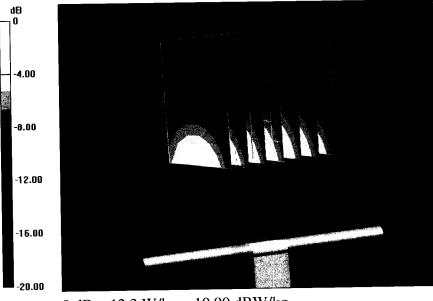
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.38 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

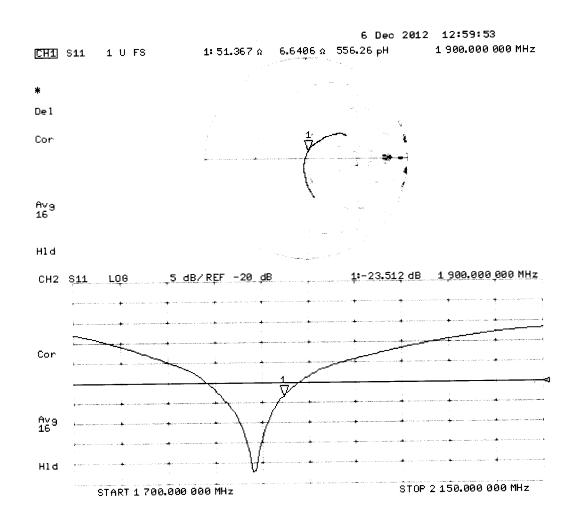
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 97.363 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.97 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.24 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg



0 dB = 12.3 W/kg = 10.90 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 06.12.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d116

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.52 mho/m; ϵ_r = 52.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

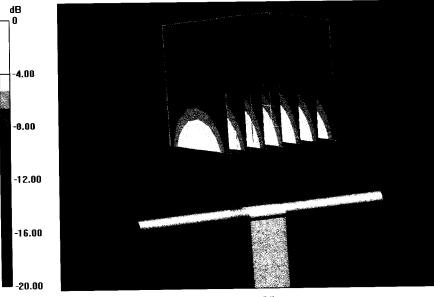
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.62, 4.62, 4.62); Calibrated: 30.12.2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.3(988); SEMCAD X 14.6.7(6848)

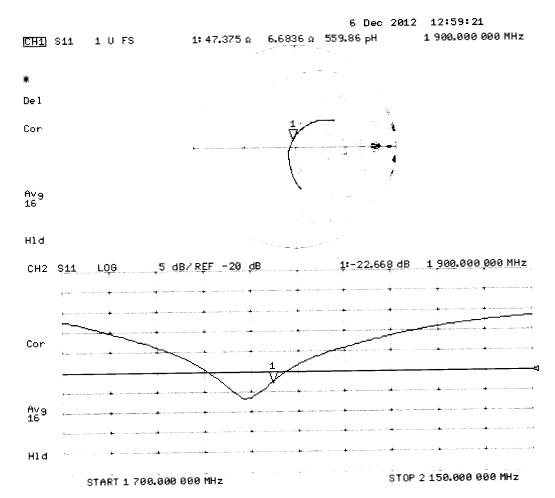
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 95.415 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg SAP(1 c) = 10.1 W/kg; SAP(10 c) = 5.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.31 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg



0 dB = 12.7 W/kg = 11.04 dBW/kg



Extended Calibration

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB Publication 865664 D01 v01r03.

D1900V2 SN: 5d116 - Head						
Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Δ%	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ	Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
12/6/2012	-23.5		51.4		6.6	
12/6/2013	-23.6	0.4	51.0	-0.4	6.1	-0.5
12/6/2014	-22.7	-3.4	50.5	-0.9	6.7	0.1
		_	2 SN: 5d116			
Date of Measurement		_			Impedance Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ
Date of Measurement	Return Loss	D1900V2	SN: 5d116	- Body	-	ΔΩ
Date of	Return Loss (dB)	D1900V2	2 SN: 5d116 Impedance (Ω)	- Body	Imaginary (jΩ)	ΔΩ -0.9



Appendix F – Phantom Calibration Data Sheets

S

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

ltem	Oval Flat Phantom ELI 4.0	
Type No	QD OVA 001 B	
Series No	1003 and higher	
Manufacturer	Untersee Composites	
	Knebelstrasse 8	
	CH-8268 Mannenbach, Switzerland	

Tests

Complete tests were made on the prototype units QD OVA 001 AA 1001, QD OVA 001 AB 1002, pre-series units QD OVA 001 BA 1003-1005 as well as on the series units QD OVA 001 BB, 1006 ff.

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Material	Compliant with the standard	Bottom plate:	all
thickness	requirements	2.0mm +/- 0.2mm	
Material	Dielectric parameters for required	< 6 GHz: Rel. permittivity = 4	Material
parameters	frequencies	+/-1, Loss tangent ≤ 0.05	sample
Material	The material has been tested to be	DGBE based simulating	Equivalent
resistivity	compatible with the liquids defined in	liquids.	phantoms,
-	the standards if handled and cleaned	Observe Technical Note for	Material
	according to the instructions.	material compatibility.	sample
Shape	Thickness of bottom material,	Bottom elliptical 600 x 400 mm	Prototypes,
	Internal dimensions,	Depth 190 mm,	Sample
	Sagging	Shape is within tolerance for	testing
	compatible with standards from	filling height up to 155 mm,	_
	minimum frequency	Eventual sagging is reduced or	[
		eliminated by support via DUT	

Standards

- CENELEC EN 50361-2001, « Basic standard for the measurement of the Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz – 3 GHz) », July 2001
- [2] IEEE 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques, December 2003
- [3] IEC 62209 1, "Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz Measurement Procedure, Part 1: Hand-held mobile wireless communication devices", February 2005
- [4] IEC 62209 2, Draft, "Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices – Human models, Instrumentation and Procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the head and body for 30 MHz to 6 GHz Handheld and Body-Mounted Devices used in close proximity to the Body.", February 2005
- [5] OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields", Edition January 2001

Based on the tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the standards [1] to [5] if operated according to the specific requirements and considering the thickness. The dimensions are fully compliant with [4] from 30 MHz to 6 GHz. For the other standards, the minimum lower frequency limit is limited due to the dimensional requirements ([1]: 450 MHz, [2]: 300 MHz, [3]: 800 MHz, [5]: 375 MHz) and possibly further by the dimensions of the DUT. **S P G a G**

Date	28.4.2008	Signature / Stamp	Schmid_& Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41,44,245 9779 info@speag.com; http://www.speag.com
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Doc No 881 - QD OVA 001 B - D

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