



FCC RADIO TEST REPORT

FCC ID : PKRISGFX31001
Equipment : Indoor Router
Brand Name : Inseego
Model Name : FX3100-1
Marketing Name : FX3100
Applicant : Inseego Corp.
9710 Scranton Road Suite 200, San Diego, CA 92121
Manufacturer : Inseego Corp.
9710 Scranton Road Suite 200, San Diego, CA 92121
Standard : FCC Part 15 Subpart E §15.407

The product was received on Mar. 03, 2023 and testing was performed from Mar. 08, 2023 to Apr. 01, 2023. We, Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory, would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval from Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Louis Wu

Approved by: Louis Wu

Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory

No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan (R.O.C.)



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History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issue Date
FR290606C	01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 13, 2023
FR290606C	02	Revise Power Spectral Density Measurement This report is an updated version, replacing the report issued on Apr. 13, 2023.	Apr. 21, 2023
FR290606C	03	Make the data plots clear This report is an updated version, replacing the report issued on Apr. 21, 2023.	Apr. 24, 2023



Summary of Test Result

Report Clause	Ref Std. Clause	Test Items	Result (PASS/FAIL)	Remark
3.1	15.403(i)	6dB & 26dB Bandwidth	Pass	-
3.1	2.1049	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Reporting only	-
3.2	15.407(a)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Pass	-
3.3	15.407(a)	Power Spectral Density	Pass	-
3.4	15.407(b)	Unwanted Emissions	Pass	0.65 dB under the limit at 17235.000 MHz
3.5	15.207	AC Conducted Emission	Pass	14.89 dB under the limit at 0.152 MHz
3.6	15.203	Antenna Requirement	Pass	-

Conformity Assessment Condition:

1. The test results (PASS/FAIL) with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented against the regulation limits or in accordance with the requirements stipulated by the applicant/manufacturer who shall bear all the risks of non-compliance that may potentially occur if measurement uncertainty is taken into account.
2. Please refer to the section " Uncertainty of Evaluation " for measurement uncertainty.

Disclaimer:

The product specifications of the EUT presented in the test report that may affect the test assessments are declared by the manufacturer who shall take full responsibility for the authenticity.

Reviewed by: Lewis Ho
Report Producer: Doris Chen



1 General Description

1.1 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
General Specs 4G-LTE, 5G-FR1, Wi-Fi 2.4GHz 802.11 b/g/n/ax, Wi-Fi 5GHz 802.11 a/n/ac/ax, and GNSS	
Antenna Type WWAN: Fixed Internal Antenna WLAN: Fixed Internal Antennass GNSS: Fixed Internal Antenna	

Antenna information		
5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz	Peak Gain (dBi)	Ant. 0: 3.5 Ant. 1: 6.8

Remark: The EUT's information above is declared by manufacturer. Please refer to Disclaimer in report summary.

1.1.1 Antenna Directional Gain

<For CDD Mode>

Follows FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01 F2)f)ii)

Directional gain = G_{ANT} + Array Gain, where Array Gain is as follows:

For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices,

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for $N_{ANT} \leq 4$.

G_{ANT} is set equal to the gain of the antenna having the highest gain.

For PSD measurements, the directional gain calculation.

$$DirectionalGain = 10 \cdot \log \left[\frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{SS}} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ANT}} g_{j,k} \right\}^2}{N_{ANT}} \right]$$

where

Each antenna is driven by no more than one spatial stream;

N_{SS} = the number of independent spatial streams of data;

N_{ANT} = the total number of antennas

$g_{j,k} = 10^{G_k / 20}$ if the k th antenna is being fed by spatial stream j , or zero if it is not;
 G_k is the gain in dBi of the k th antenna.

As minimum $N_{SS}=1$ is supported by EUT, the formula can be simplified as:

$$Directional\ gain = 10 \cdot \log \left[\left(10^{G_1 / 20} + 10^{G_2 / 20} + \dots + 10^{G_N / 20} \right)^2 / N_{ANT} \right] \text{ dBi}$$

Where G_1, G_2, \dots, G_N denote single antenna gain.

The directional gain “DG” is calculated as following table.

			DG	DG	Power	PSD
			for	for	Limit	Limit
	Ant 0	Ant 1	Power	PSD	Reduction	Reduction
	(dBi)	(dBi)	(dBi)	(dBi)	(dB)	(dB)
Band IV	3.50	6.80	6.80	8.32	0.80	2.32

Calculation example:

If a device has two antenna, $G_{ANT1}= 3.5\text{dBi}$; $G_{ANT2}=6.8\text{dBi}$

Directional gain of power measurement = $\max(3.5, 6.8) + 0 = 6.8 \text{ dBi}$

Directional gain of PSD derived from formula which is

$$10 \times \log \left\{ \left[10^{(3.50 \text{ dBi} / 20)} + 10^{(6.80 \text{ dBi} / 20)} \right]^2 / 2 \right\}$$

= 8.32 dBi

Power and PSD limit reduction = Composite gain – 6dBi, (min = 0)



1.2 Modification of EUT

No modifications made to the EUT during the testing.

1.3 Testing Location

Test Site	Sporton International Inc. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory
Test Site Location	No.52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No. CO05-HY (TAF Code: 1190)
Remark	The Conducted Emission test item subcontracted to Sporton International Inc. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory.

Test Site	Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory
Test Site Location	No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-0868 FAX: +886-3-327-0855
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No. TH05-HY, 03CH11-HY

Note: The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2014 requirement.

FCC designation No.: TW1190 and TW3786



1.4 Applicable Standards

According to the specifications declared by the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- ♦ FCC Part 15 Subpart E
- ♦ FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01.
- ♦ FCC KDB 414788 D01 Radiated Test Site v01r01.
- ♦ FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01.
- ♦ ANSI C63.10-2013

Remark:

1. All the test items were validated and recorded in accordance with the standards without any modification during the testing.
2. The TAF code is not including all the FCC KDB listed without accreditation.
3. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.



2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

- a. The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application. Frequency range investigated: conduction emission (150 kHz to 30 MHz), radiation emission (9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower). For radiated measurement, the measured emission level of the EUT was maximized by rotating the EUT on a turntable, adjusting the orientation of the EUT and EUT antenna in three orthogonal axis (X: flat, Y: portrait, Z: landscape), and adjusting the measurement antenna orientation, following C63.10 exploratory test procedures and only the worst case emissions were reported in this report.
- b. AC power line Conducted Emission was tested under maximum output power.

2.1 Carrier Frequency and Channel

Frequency Band	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Freq. (MHz)
5725-5850 MHz Band 4 (U-NII-3)	149	5745	157	5785
	151*	5755	159*	5795
	153	5765	161	5805
	155#	5775	165	5825

Note:

1. The above Frequency and Channel with "*" are 802.11n HT40 and 802.11ac VHT40 and 802.11ax HE40.
2. The above Frequency and Channel with "#" are 802.11ac VHT80 and 802.11ax HE80.



2.2 Test Mode

This device support 26/52/106/242/484/996-tone RU

The 242-tone RU is covered by 20MHz channel, 484-tone RU is covered by 40MHz channel and 996-tone RU is covered by 80MHz channel.

The SISO mode conducted power is covered by MIMO mode per chain, so only the MIMO mode is tested.

The power for 802.11n and 802.11ac mode is smaller than 802.11ax mode, so all other conducted and radiated test is covered by 802.11ax mode.

The final test modes include the worst data rates for each modulation shown in the table below.

MIMO Mode

Modulation	Data Rate
802.11a	6 Mbps
802.11n HT20 (Covered by HE20)	MCS0
802.11n HT40 (Covered by HE40)	MCS0
802.11ac VHT20 (Covered by HE20)	MCS0
802.11ac VHT40 (Covered by HE40)	MCS0
802.11ac VHT80 (Covered by HE80)	MCS0
802.11ax HE20	MCS0
802.11ax HE40	MCS0
802.11ax HE80	MCS0

Remark: The conducted power level of each chain in MIMO mode is equal or higher than SISO mode.

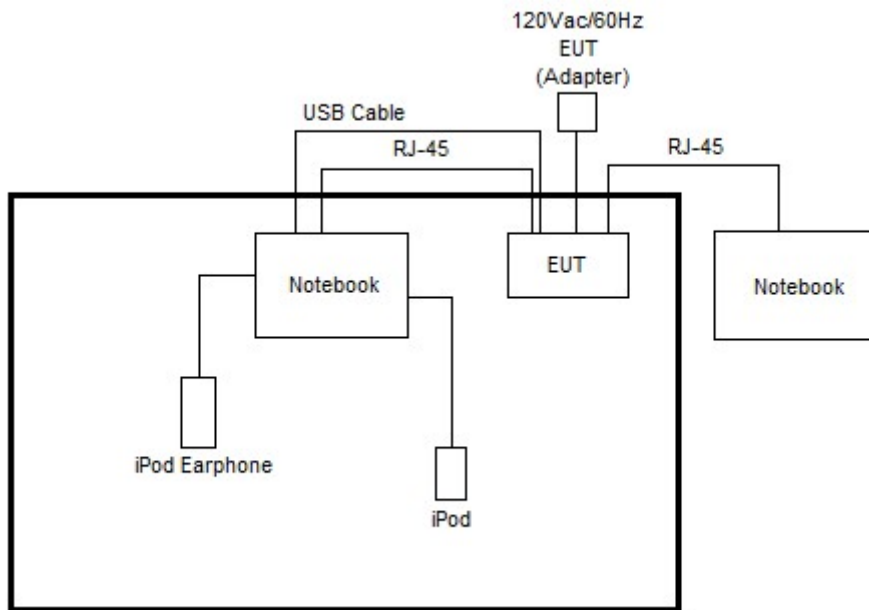
Test Cases	
AC Conducted Emission	Mode 1 : WLAN (5GHz) Link + LAN1 Link + LAN2 Link + USB Link + Adapter

Ch. #	Band IV : 5725-5850 MHz			
	802.11a	802.11ax HE20	802.11ax HE40	802.11ax HE80
L Low	149	149	151	-
M Middle	157	157	-	155
H High	165	165	159	-

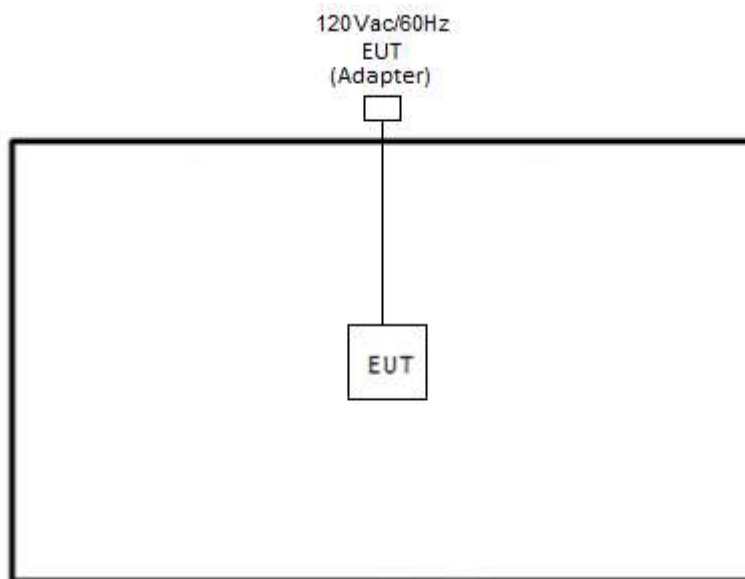
Remark: For radiation spurious emission, the modulation and the data rate picked for testing are determined by the Max. RF conducted power.

2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System

<AC Conducted Emission Mode>



<WLAN Tx Mode>





2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Brand Name	Model Name	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	Notebook	DELL	Latitude 3400	FCC DoC	N/A	AC I/P: Unshielded, 1.2 m DC O/P: Shielded, 1.8 m
2.	iPod	Apple	A1285	FCC DoC	Shielded, 1.0 m	N/A
3.	iPod Earphone	Apple	N/A	Verification	Unshielded, 1.0 m	N/A
4.	USB Cable	Awesome Smart Link	INSGUSB3.0	N/A	Shielded, 1.0 m	N/A

2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup

The RF test items, utility "QRCT4.0.00206.0" was installed in EUT which was programmed in order to make the EUT get into the engineering modes to provide channel selection, power level, data rate and the application type and for continuous transmitting signals.



2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Example :

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 4.2 dB and 10 dB attenuator.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Offset(dB)} &= \text{RF cable loss(dB)} + \text{attenuator factor(dB)}. \\ &= 4.2 + 10 = 14.2 \text{ (dB)} \end{aligned}$$

3 Test Result

3.1 6dB and 26dB and 99% Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

3.1.1 Description of 6dB and 26dB and 99% Occupied Bandwidth

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

26dB and 99% Occupied bandwidth are reporting only.

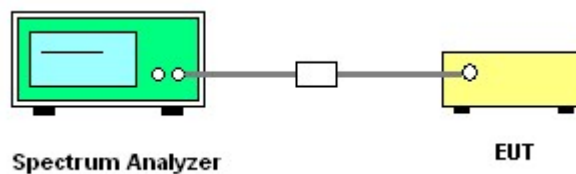
3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

Please refer to the measuring equipment list in this test report.

3.1.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01. Section C) Emission bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz
2. Set RBW = 100 kHz.
3. Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
4. Detector = Peak.
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 6 dB down from the peak of the emission.
7. Measure and record the results in the test report.

3.1.4 Test Setup



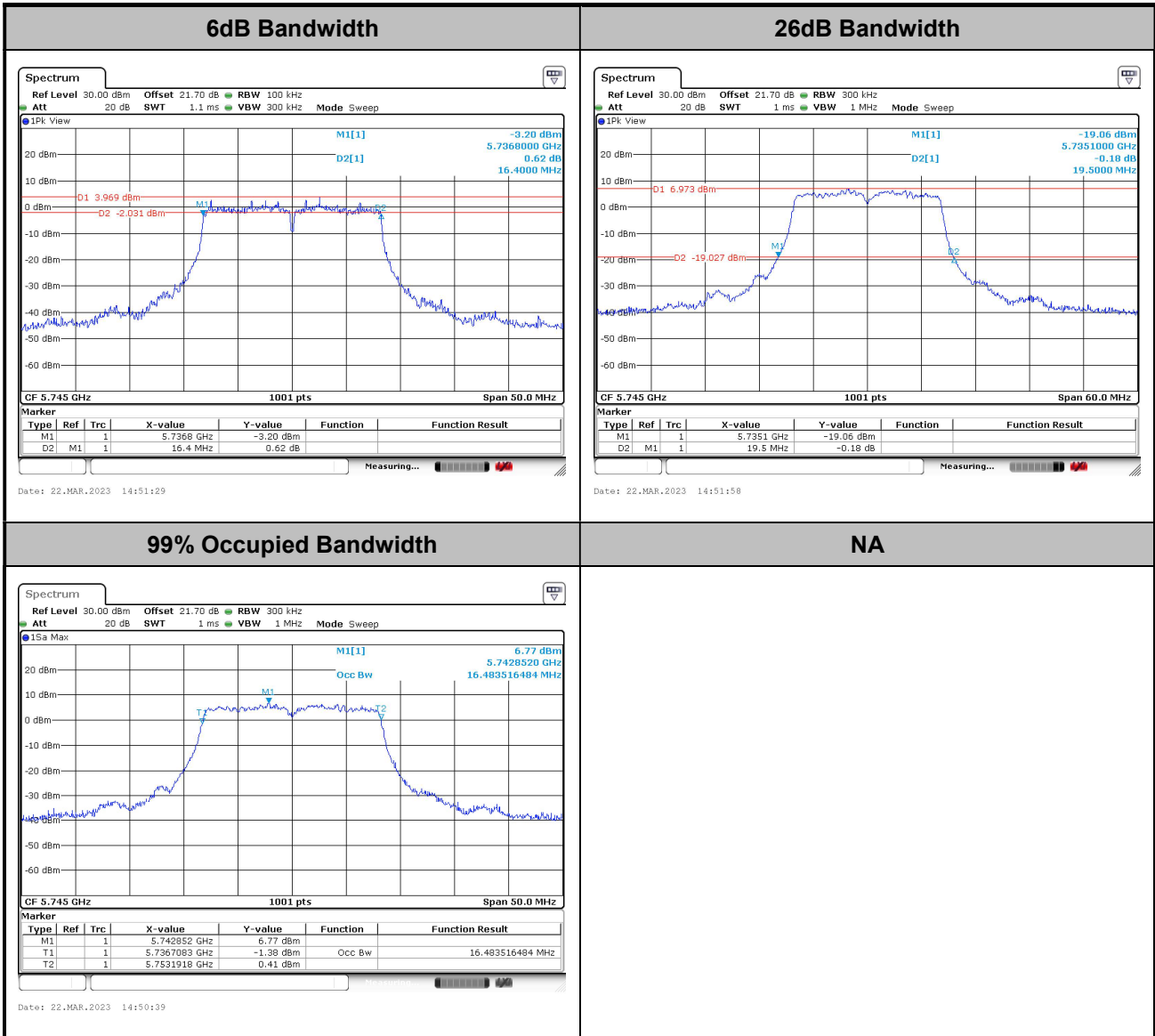
3.1.5 Test Result of 6dB and 26dB and 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix A.



MIMO <Ant. 0+1>

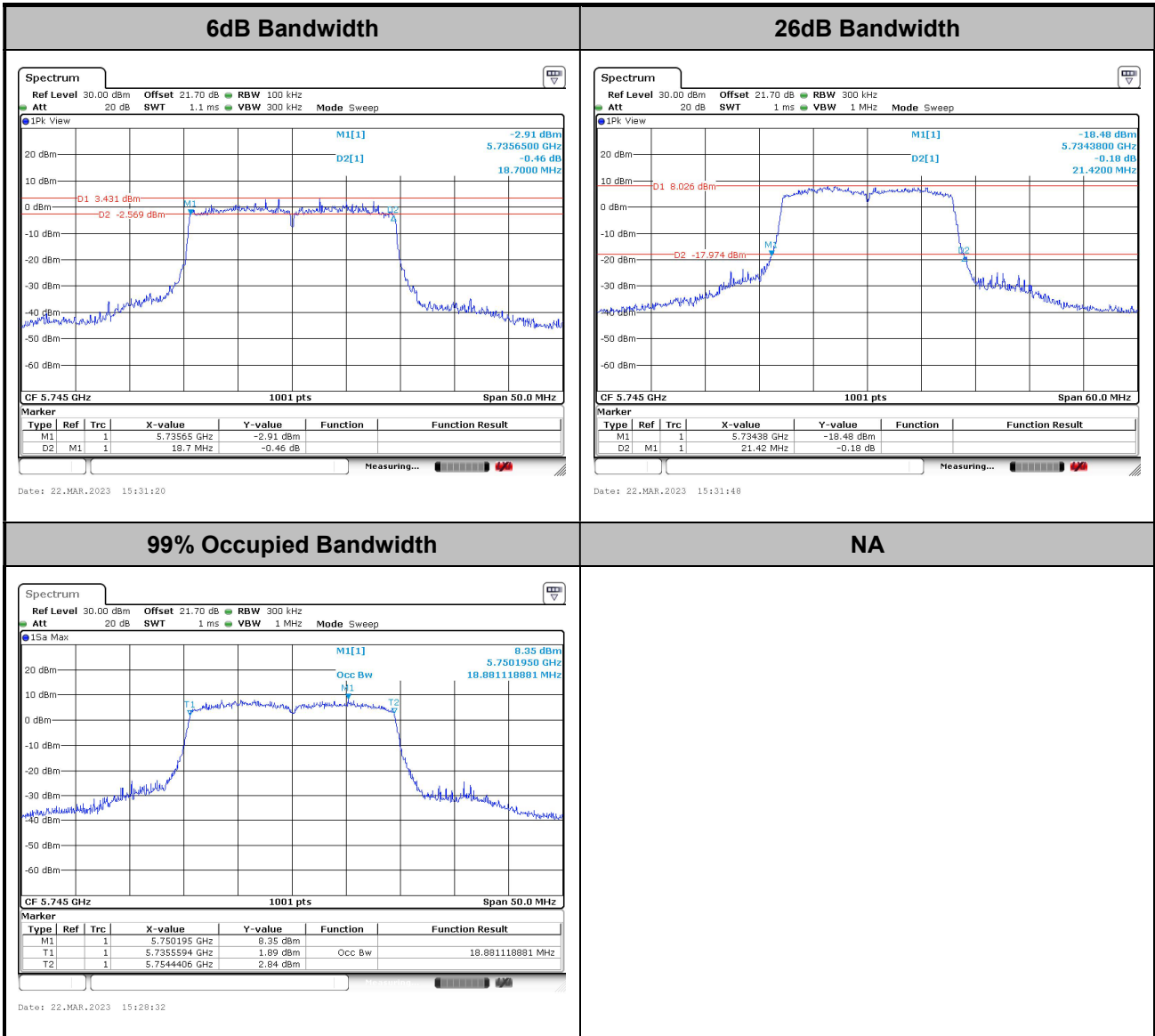
<802.11a>



Note: The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.



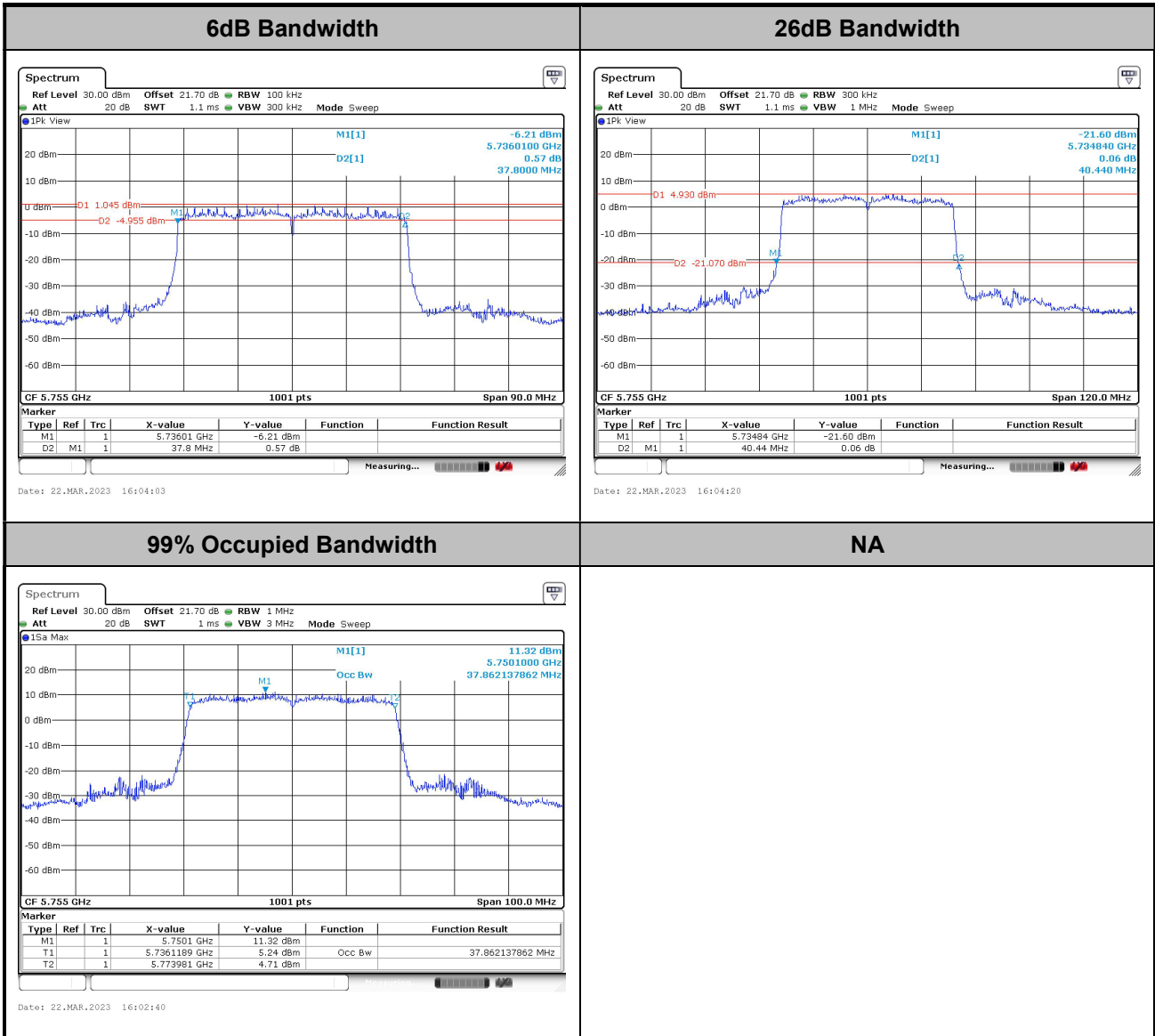
<802.11ax HE20>



Note: The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.



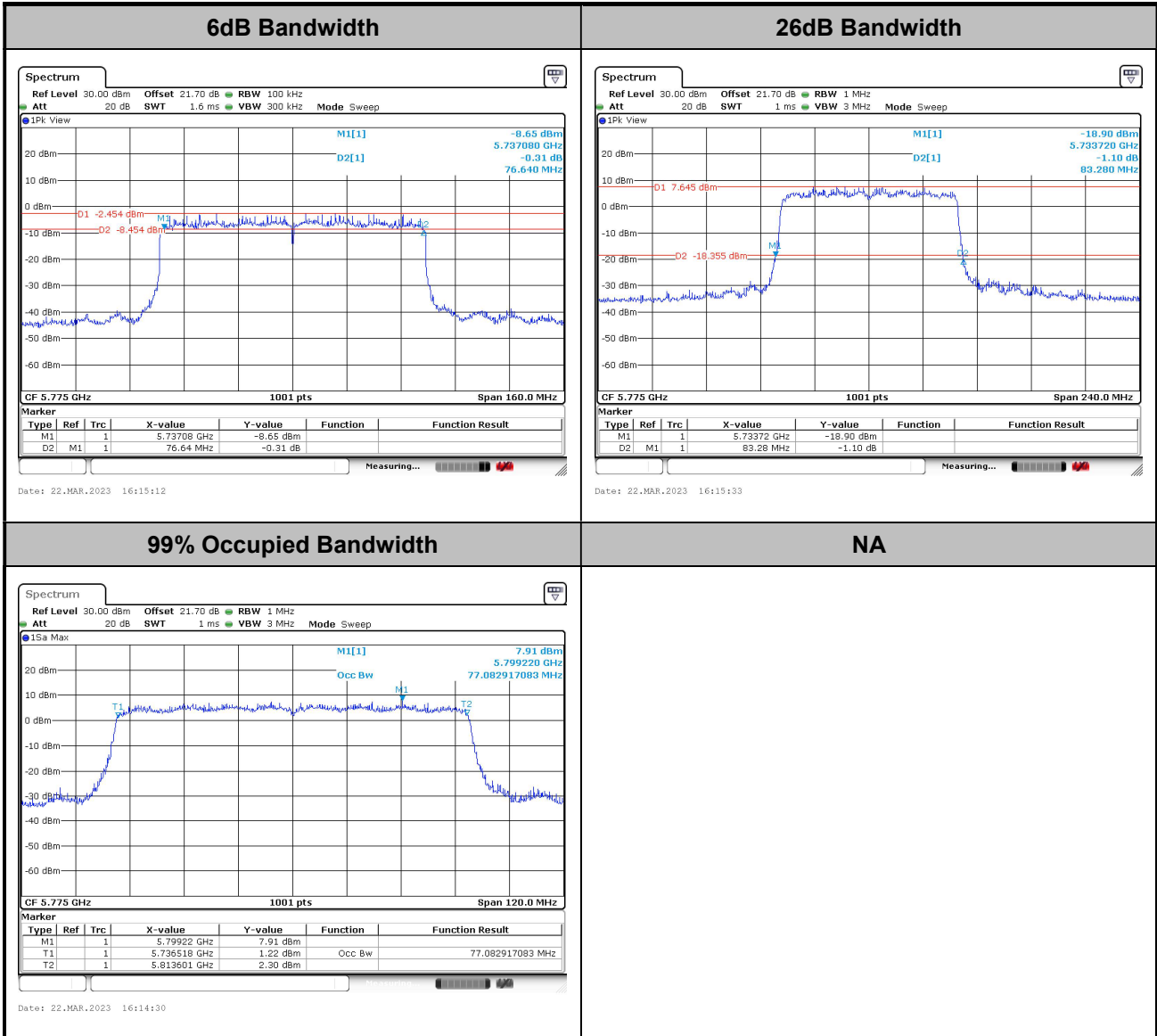
<802.11ax HE40>



Note: The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.



<802.11ax HE80>



Note: The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.

3.2 Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

3.2.1 Limit of Maximum Conducted Output Power

For the band 5.725–5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

Please refer to the measuring equipment list in this test report.

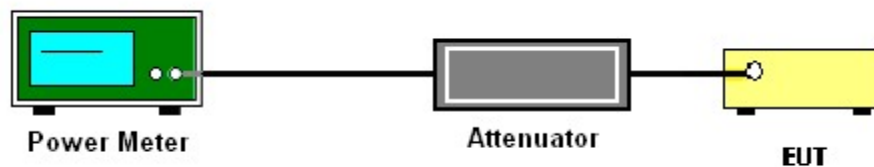
3.2.3 Test Procedures

The testing follows Method PM-G of FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01.

Method PM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average power meter):

1. Measurement is performed using a wideband RF power meter.
2. The EUT is configured to transmit at its maximum power control level.
3. Measure the average power of the transmitter.
4. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.
5. For MIMO mode, calculation method follows FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01

3.2.4 Test Setup



3.2.5 Test Result of Maximum Conducted Output Power

Please refer to Appendix A.



3.3 Power Spectral Density Measurement

3.3.1 Limit of Power Spectral Density

For the band 5.725–5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band.

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

Please refer to the measuring equipment list in this test report.

3.3.3 Test Procedures

The testing follows FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01.
Section F) Maximum power spectral density.

Method SA-3

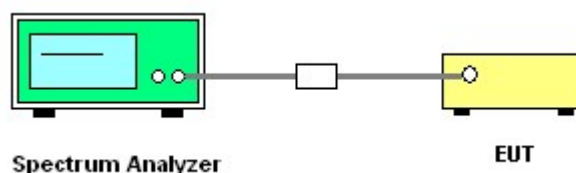
(power averaging (rms) detection with max hold):

- Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) of the signal.
 - Set RBW = 300 kHz.
 - Set VBW \geq 1 MHz.
 - Number of points in sweep \geq 2 Span / RBW.
 - Add $10 \log(500 \text{ kHz/RBW})$ to the measured result, whereas RBW (<500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement
 - Sweep time \leq (number of points in sweep) \times T, when duty cycle is less than 98 percent where T is the minimum transmission duration over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation.
Detector = power averaging (rms).
 - Trace mode = max hold.
 - Allow max hold to run for at least 60 seconds, or longer as needed to allow the trace to stabilize.
1. The RF output of EUT is connected to the spectrum analyzer by a low loss cable.
 2. Each plot has already offset with cable loss, and attenuator loss. Measure the PPSD and record it.
 3. For MIMO mode, calculation method follows FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01.

Method (c): Measure and add $10 \log(N_{\text{ANT}})$ dB.

With this technique, spectrum measurements are performed at each output of the device, but rather than summing the spectra or the spectral peaks across the outputs, the quantity $10 \log(N_{\text{ANT}})$ dB is added to each spectrum value before comparing to the emission limit. The addition of $10 \log(N_{\text{ANT}})$ dB serves to apportion the emission limit among the N_{ANT} outputs so that each output is permitted to contribute no more than $1/N_{\text{ANT}}$ th of the PSD limit.

3.3.4 Test Setup

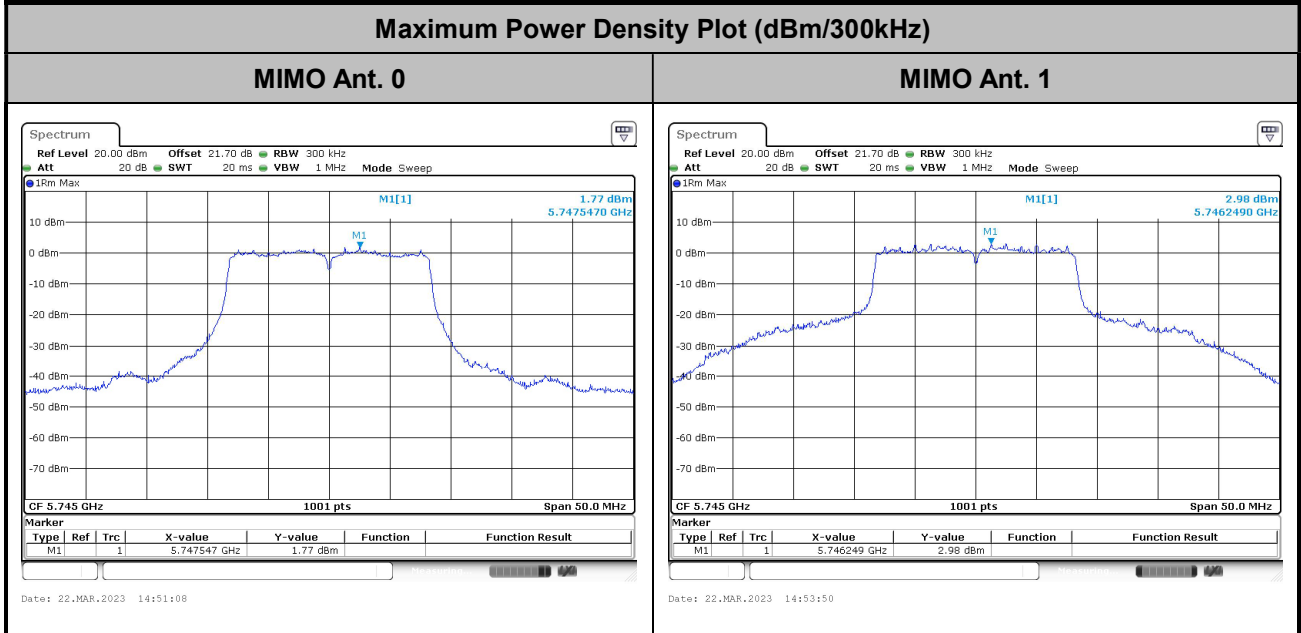




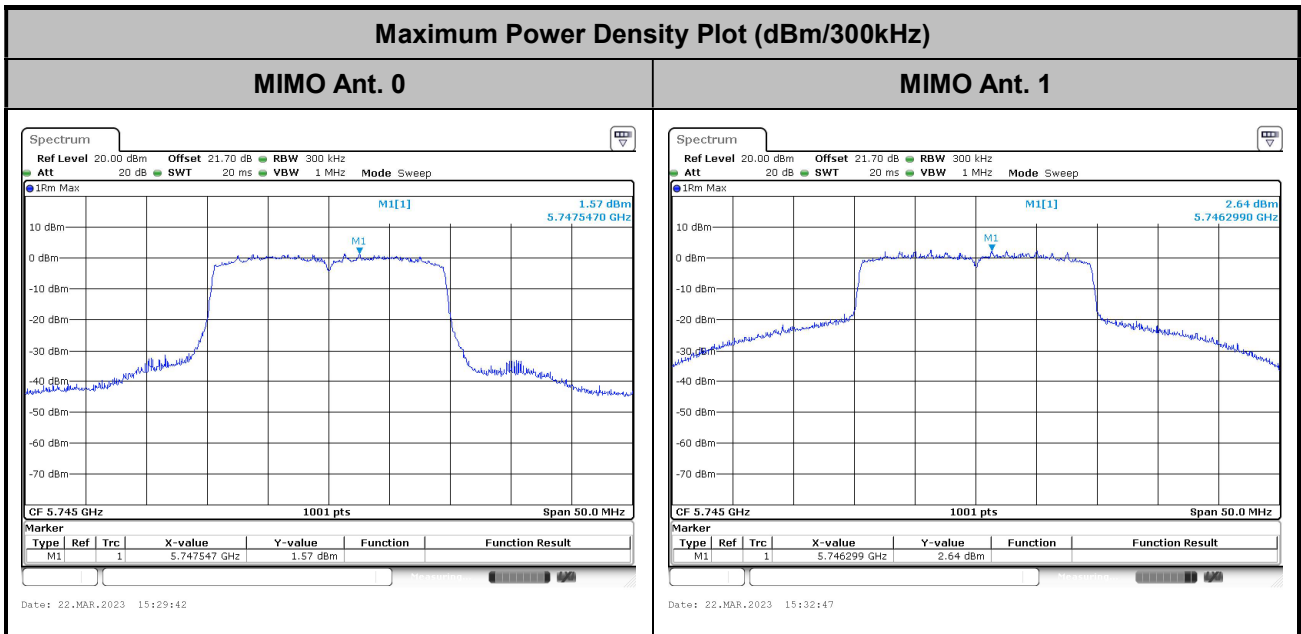
3.3.5 Test Result of Power Spectral Density

Please refer to Appendix A.

<802.11a>

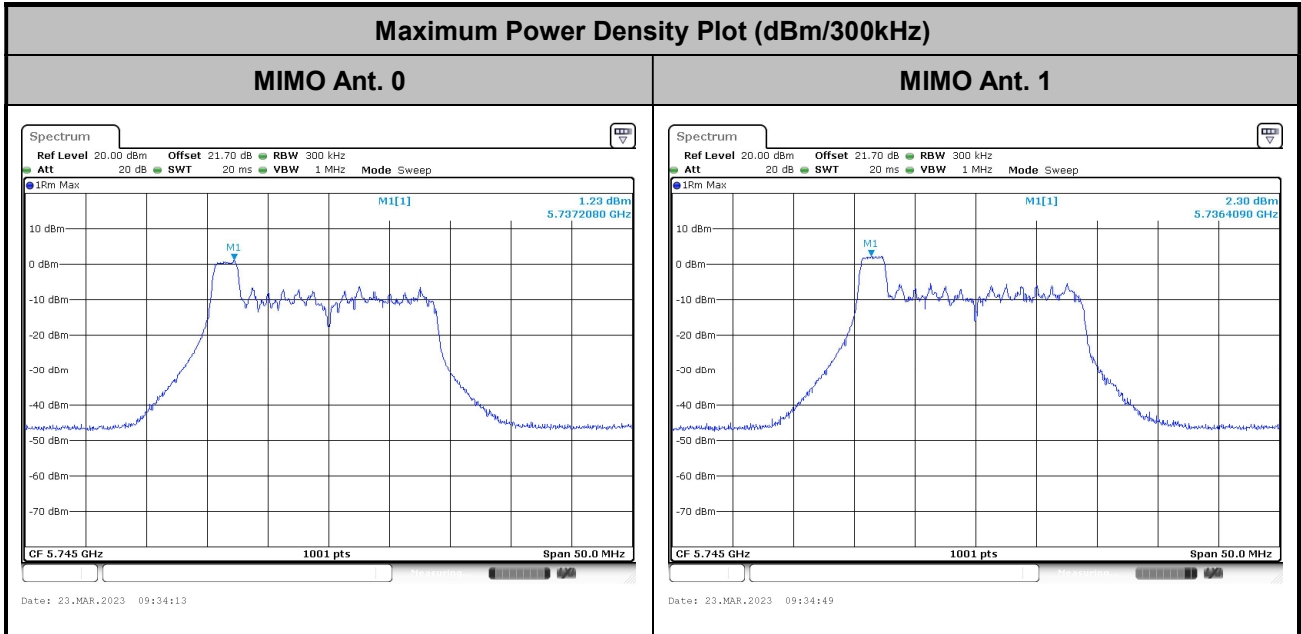


<802.11ax HE20>





<802.11ax HE20 26RU>



<802.11ax HE20 52RU>

